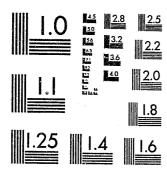
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Survey of Jail

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California, Michigan, Texas

Mark Peterson, Jan Chaiken and Patricia Ebener

ICPSR 8169

SURVEY OF JAIL AND PRISON INMATES, 1978: CALIFORNIA, MICHIGAN AND TEXAS

(ICPSR 8169)

Principal Investigators:

Mark Peterson, Jan Chaiken, Patricia Ebener Rand Corporation

NCJRS

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ACQUISITIONS

First ICPSR Edition Winter 1984

Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research
P.O. Box 1248
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

Acknowledgement of Assistance

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STUDY DESCRIPTION

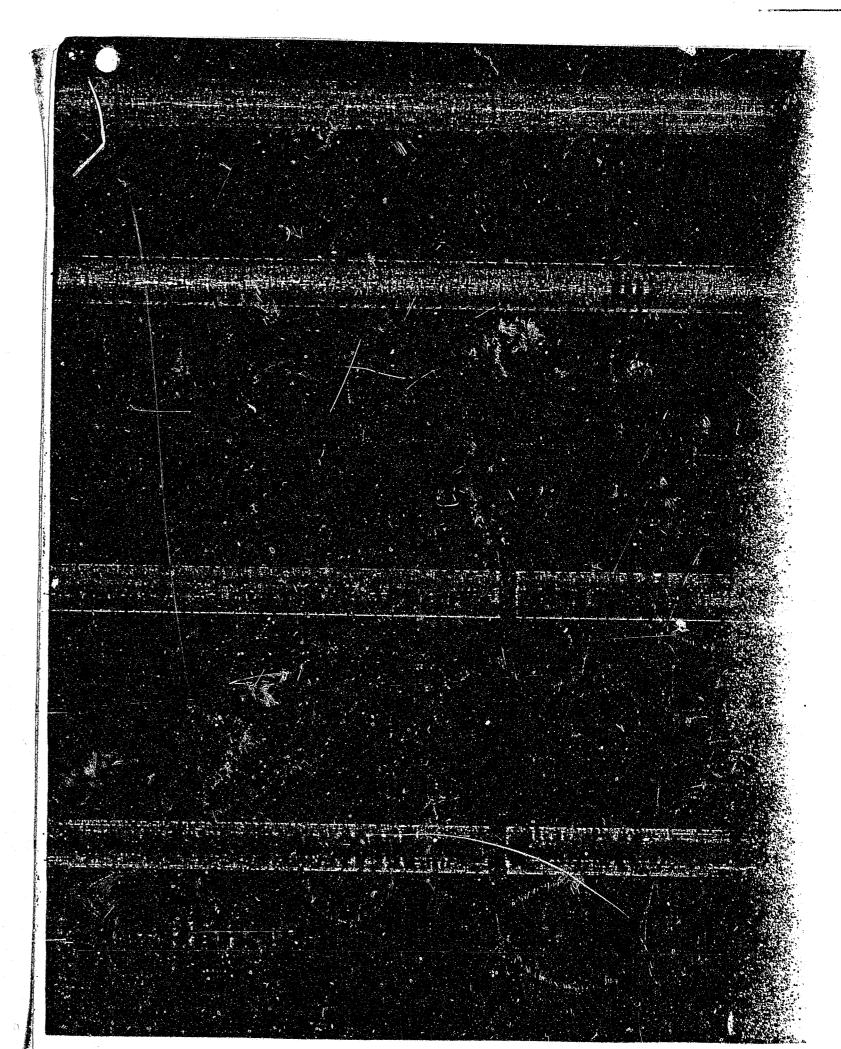
This survey was funded by the National Institute of Justice and was conducted as part of the Rand Corporation's research program on career criminals. Rand's Second Inmate Survey was administered in late 1978 and early 1979 to convicted male irmates at 12 prisons and 14 county jails in California, Michigan and Texas.

The purpose of the study was to provide detailed information about the criminal behavior of offenders and their associated characteristics. Emphasis was placed on investigating other major areas of interest such as the quality of prisoner self-reports, varieties of criminal behavior, selective incapacitation, and prison treatment programs.

There are 11 files in this data collection; the number of records in the files ranges from 204 to 21,900, and the number of variables from 62 to 455.

PROCESSING INFORMATION

These data and documentation are distributed in the form received by the ICPSR from the original collectors. Thus, the ICPSR can take no responsibility for the technical condition of the data nor for the accuracy of the codebook.



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A RAND NOTE

DESCRIPTION OF OFFICIAL RECORD DATA FROM THE 1978 RAND INMATE SURVEY

Paul Honig

June 1983

N-2017-NIJ

Prepared for

The National Institute of Justice





PREFACE

This Note documents the official record data obtained in conjunction with Rand's Second Inmate Survey, a multi-site, self-administered survey of prison and jail inmates. The survey was conducted as part of the Rand research program on career criminals, funded by the National Institute of Justice.

The data described in this Note are on a computer tape that has been placed with the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research, P.O. Box 1248, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106, and that is available through that organization for research purposes. The text of the present documentation is included in computer-readable form on the tape. Preparation of the computer tape and publication of the documentation were funded by grant 83-IJ-CX-0006 from the National Institute of Justice.

Users of the computer files should familiarize themselves with the design and administration of the Second Inmate Survey, as described in

Mark Peterson, Jan Chaiken, Patricia Ebener, and Paul Honig, Survey of Prison and Jail Inmates: Background and Method, N-1635-NIJ, November 1982.

In addition to official record data, the computer files include selfreport data obtained from survey respondents. These self-report data are described separately in

Patricia Ebener, Codebook for Self-Report Data from the 1978 Rand Survey of Prison and Jail Inmates, N-2016-NIJ, June 1983.

(N-2016 is available only in printed form. It is not included on the public use data tape.)

Other Rand publications documenting the analysis of the Second Inmate Survey are:

Kent Marquis with Patricia Ebener, Quality of Prisoner Self-Reports: Arrest and Conviction Response Errors, R-2637-DOJ, March 1981.

Analyzes the reliability of the survey's self-reported arrest and conviction data, using both the retest method and a comparison with official records.

Joan Petersilia and Paul Honig, with Charles Hubay, Jr., The Prison Experience of Career Criminals, R-2511-DOJ, May 1980.

Determines the proportion of prison inmates who have demonstrated a need for specific treatments while incarcerated, the proportion who actually receive such treatment, and the differences in these two figures (controlling for inmate characteristics). Also describes inmates' assessments of various programs and analyzes which inmates are disproportionately involved in prison violence.

Jan Chaiken and Marcia Chaiken, with Joyce Peterson, Varieties of Criminal Behavior: Summary and Policy Implications, R-2814/1-NIJ, August 1982.

Gives conclusions from analysis of the survey and official record data concerning identification of serious criminal offenders and the implications of their characteristics for public policy.

Jan Chaiken and Marcia Chaiken, Varieties of Criminal Behavior, R-2814-NIJ, August 1982.

Identifies ten subgroups of offenders and describes their characteristics, with special reference to the most serious offenders. Shows how, and the extent to which, serious offenders and high-crime-rate offenders can be identified from their characteristics and criminal records. Appendixes describe (a) an analysis of internal consistency of survey responses and their correspondence with official record data, and (b) the construction of scaled predictor variables.

Peter W. Greenwood, with Allan Abrahamse, Selective Incapacitation, R-2815-NIJ, August 1982.

Uses the predictor and outcome variables constructed by Chaiken and Chaiken to produce a 7-item scale and draw conclusions about selective incapacitation. Also summarizes the entire research effort under Rand's Research Agreements Program.

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1. FILES ON THE DATA TAPE

Rand's Second Inmate Survey was administered in late 1978 and early 1979 to convicted male inmates at 12 prisons and 14 county jails in California, Michigan, and Texas. The design and administration of the survey are described in

Mark Peterson et al., Survey of Prison and Jail Inmates: Background and Method, N-1635-NIJ, November 1982,

which is cited in this publication as N-1635.

Extensive amounts of self-report data were obtained from a self-administered survey divided into six modules labeled A, B, C, D, E, and F. These data and their interpretation are described in a separate document,

Patricia Ebener, Codebook for Self-Report Data from the 1978 Rand Survey of Prison and Jail Inmates, N-2016-NIJ, June 1983,

which is cited in this publication as N-2016. In addition, for prison inmate respondents (but not jail inmates), we obtained selected official record data. This information was provided to us by the three state departments of corrections in computer-readable form prior to survey administration or was collected from hard copy records ("inmate folders") maintained by the departments. Three Rand employees coded the inmate folder information immediately after completion of the survey administration in each state, as described in N-1635.

The data tape for which this documentation is a companion contains self-report data and official record data in separate files. A unique identifier for each respondent, which is called RANDID in the documentation, allows data to be merged across files. For example, the data from survey modules A-E for the respondent with RANDID 864 can be

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joined with the official record data for respondent 864, yielding matched self-report and official record data for this respondent.

The contents of the data files on the computer tape are described below. In these descriptions the term "primary" means "not retest." In other words, if a respondent who was chosen to be retested took the survey twice, his answers from the first administration of the survey constitute his primary survey data. Data from respondents who took the survey only once are also called "primary."

- File 1. Primary survey data from modules A-E for all prison and jail inmates who were used in the Rand analyses. See N-2016 for a description of these data. This file also includes the weighting variable RESPWGT, which accounts for differential response rates among prison institutions in Texas (see N-1635, pp. 72-83). Weighting respondents by this variable yields the study group used in the Rand analyses. 1
- File 2. Retest survey data from modules A-E. These correspond to a subset of the prisoner respondents in File 1.
- File 3. Primary survey data from module F for the same respondents who are included in File 1.
- File 4. Retest survey data from module F for the same respondents who are included in File 2.
- File 5. Official record data for California prisoners. These are described in Secs. 2 and 3 of this document.
- File 6. Official record data for Michigan prisoners. See Secs. 2 and 4 for a description.
- File 7. Official record deta for Texas prisoners who are included in File 1. (See also File 10.) See Secs. 2 and 5 for a description.

File 8. Primary survey data from modules A-E for Texas prisoner replacement respondents. These data were not used by Rand analysts (see N-1635, pp. 72-83) and are included on the data tape only for completeness.

File 9. Primary survey data from module F for Texas prisoner replacement respondents.

File 10. Official record data for Texas prisoner replacement respondents. These data were not used by Rand analysts and are included on the tape only for completeness.

File 11. Survey data from modules A-E for Texas jail respondents. These data were not used by Rand analysts because inmates in jail in Texas are predominantly offenders sentenced to prison and awaiting transportation or additional court action.

Files 12 through 22 are print files containing frequency counts for the data in Files 1-11 respectively. File 23 is a print file containing the text of the present Note. File 24 consists of five sets of computer readable instructions which will help users "input" any one of the eleven data files and produce frequency counts like those found in the corresponding print files. One set of instructions is for survey data modules A-E, one is for survey data module F, and there is one set for each of the three official record data files. These instructions can be read directly in the SAS processing language² or modified for other processing languages.

Additional information about the public use data tape is in Appendix C of N-2016, which was prepared in the format specified by the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research.

¹ Jan Chaiken and Marcia Chaiken, Varieties of Criminal Behavior, R-2814-NIJ, August 1982. Cited in the text as R-2814.

² For more information regarding SAS data formats, and the SAS language in general, see SAS User's Guide, 1979 Edition, SAS Institute Inc.

2. STUDY-WIDE DESCRIPTION OF OFFICIAL RECORD DATA

OVERVIEW

This section focuses on issues relevant to all four official record data files. The discussion includes brief descriptions of: the data sources in the three states; the data formats used to write the public use files; the missing data values that appear in the data files and in the frequency print files; and the naming conventions and placement of the unique identifiers and other variables. Variables common to all four files, or comparable across the files, receive closer attention.

Sections 3, 4, and 5 provide descriptive variable and value labels for the official record data for Califonia (file 5), Michigan (file 6), and Texas (files 7 and 10), respectively. Interpretive comments appear with some variables to assist the user. Finally, the Appendices provide information to facilitate the use of these data files.

GENERAL TOPICS

1. Data sources

The official record data for each of the three states consist of information taken from magnetic tapes obtained from the respective Departments of Correction and from individual inmates' prison folders. The type and amount of information contained in prison inmate folders differed greatly across the three states. Therefore, we designed separate codesheets for each of the states to expedite the collection of inmate folder data.

Michigan's computer tape contained many variables also found in the inmate folders. We designed duplication into the Michigan codesheet by including many of the variables and their values from the computer tape on pre-printed codesheets. We produced one pre-printed codesheet for each inmate sampled. Thus, we were able to obtain updated and/or corrected values "in the field." The computer tapes from California and Texas did not contain as much information overlap with their respective inmate folders to necessitate this codesheet design and field work strategy.

For several crucial variables, e.g., prison sentence begin date and minimum sentence expiration date, we had information from both sources of data in all three states. In cases where the inmate folder information was missing we chose to use the tape data. Although these "time served" parameters are not included in the public use files, they were used to calculate C21, M25 and T20, "ESTIMATED SENTENCE (MONTHS)".

2. Data formats for official record data

In Appendices A, B and C we provide card, column, variable name, data format, and variable labels for all the variables. The data formats are those used in the SAS programs used to output the public use data files. They are Sw. and w.d. The Sw. format is used for character data of length w, e.g. STATE: SI. means the STATE variable is a single letter. The w.d format is used for writing numeric data one digit per byte, w positions long with d positions to the right of the decimal point, e.g., SAMPLWT: 5.3 means the variable SAMPLWT occupies five columns and includes three decimal places after the decimal point.

3. Missing data values

All prison inmates included in this study have a completed survey and department of corrections information. However, not all prison inmates have inmate folder data. Some folders were being used by corrections staff during our field work and therefore were unavailable to the coders.

A value of "-88" is used on the official record data files to indicate the absence of an inmate folder. We recoded "-88" to ".", a missing value designation in SAS, on the frequency print files so that inmates without a particular record type are not included in the frequency statistics for the variables coded from the inmate folder.

Two other missing values appear in the data as well; "-99=BLANK" and "-93=UNKNOWN". The former means that no information was available for a specific variable, the latter means that the department of corrections acknowledges that the true value was unknown to them. We do not recommend interpreting these values differently; we make the distinction to provide the user with a full and accurate representation of the data.

4. Location of inmate identifiers on the data files

Users should note the positional relationship of RANDID to the card number on the official record data files. The card number appears immediately before RANDID on the official record data files (and occupies only one position), whereas on the self-report data files card number follows RANDID (and occupies two positions). Card number values are not considered variables in our discussion; they are constant values inserted in the data for the users' benefit.

5. Official record data variable naming conventions

The first seven variables on all official record data files have the following variable names: STATE, RANDID, COUNTY, RETEST, SAMPLWT, REPLACE and BIRTHYR. All other variables on the official record files are numbered consecutively. The variable names consist of the first letter of the state (in upper case) concatenated with a two digit number: California, CO1--C55; Michigan, MO1--M82; Texas, TO1--T62. Users can provide their own "meaningful" variable names when processing the files. Value labels are provided except where values are "counts." Because the value labels we provide have field length restrictions, we included more detailed descriptions of several variables in sections III, IV and V below.

6. Common variables in all the official record data files

STATE: Coded "C=CALIFORNIA", "M=MICHIGAN", and "T=TEXAS".

RANDID: A unique identifier for each respondent which allows data to be merged across files.

COUNTY: The counties from which the prisoners were sampled are listed below for each state.

CALIFORNIA	MICHIGAN	TEXAS
10=SAN FRANCISCO 31=KERN 35=SAN DIEGO 38=VENTURA 60=FRESNO 64=SAN JOAQUIN	1=DETROIT Recorder's Court (part of Wayne County) 2=WAYNE 3=GENESEE 4=INGHAM 5=JACKSON 6=KENT 7=WASHTENAW	1=DALLAS 2=JEFFERSON 3=NUECES 4=TRAVIS

RETEST: A dummy variable (0=NO, 1=YES) identifying a small subset of the original sample of prisoners who were selected to fill out a questionnaire a second time. Analyses of survey response reliability were conducted using both the retest method and a comparison of official records.¹

SAMPLWT: The sample of prisoners in this study was intended to represent an incoming incarceration cohort from the selected counties. The prison sample however, actually consisted of inmates at all stages of their prison terms. Sampling weights were chosen to correct for the overrepresentation of inmates serving a longer term in an "in-prison" group. Briefly, each inmate was given a sampling weight proportional to the inverse of the estimated length of his prison term. The length of term estimated prior to sampling is not as accurate as the length of term shown in the data after data collection. SAMPLWT uses the earlier, less accurate measure.

REPLACE: A dummy variable (0=NO, 1=YES) identifying inmates who completed a survey if the sampled prisoner he matched failed to respond. To correct for nonresponse bias each originally sampled prisoner was matched with a replacement inmate with similar age, race, prior prison terms, and current conviction offense data.²

See Kent Marquis with Patricia Ebener, Quality of Prisoner
Self-Reports: Arrest and Conviction Response Errors, R-2637-DOJ, March

 $^{^2}$ For a detailed discussion of sampling weights, sampling attrition, replacement sample response rates, and response biases, see N-1635, Section V.

BIRTHYR: The last two digits of an inmate's year of birth, e.g., 1940 is coded as 40.

7. Comparable variable groupings across official record files

Variables concerning current conviction (CO4--C20, MO4--M24, TO4--T19), rap sheet convictions (C29--C40, M44--M57, T35--T47), and measurement period³ arrests (C41--C55, M58--M82, T48--T62) were coded in a similar fashion in all three states.⁴

The set of current conviction variables identify the conviction offense(s) for which the inmate was serving prison time when the survey was administered. At least one of these variables will have a "1=YES". We obtained this information from the inmates' folders in California and Michigan, and from the computer tape in Texas.

We used rap sheets from the inmates' folders to collect conviction and arrest information for specific sets of offense types. For any single conviction or arrest, the rap sheet may show several counts of one crime type, several different types of crimes, or just one count of one crime type. Regardless of the event complexity, the crime incident variables count each as one single incident. The crime count variables record each relevant charge where multiple counts or multiple crime types are included. Thus, for any inmate, the sum of the crime count variables will be equal to or greater than the associated number of incidents.

3. DESCRIPTION OF OFFICIAL RECORD DATA: CALIFORNIA1

```
C01
          RACE
               1=MEXICAN
               2=OTHER WHITE
               3=BLACK
               4=OTHER
          AGE LEFT SCHOOL
C02
               INTEGER: self-explanatory.
C03
          GRADE COMPLETED
               INTEGER: interpret values > 12 as post high-school years.
          Current Conviction for: HOMICIDE?
C04
          Current Conviction for: KIDNAP?
C05
          Current Conviction for: RAPE?
C06
          Current Conviction for: ROBBERY?
C07
          Current Conviction for: ASSAULT?
C08
          Current Conviction for: BURGLARY?
C09
          Current Conviction for: THEFT?
C10
          Current Conviction for: AUTO THEFT?
C11
          Current Conviction for: FORGERY?
C12
          Current Conviction for: FRAUD?
C13
          Current Conviction for: Possession/Receiving STOLEN Property?
C14
           Current Conviction for: DRUG Possession?
C15
          Current Conviction for: DRUG SALES?
C16
          Current Conviction for: SEX OFFENSE?
C17
          Current Conviction for: ESCAPE?
C18
           Current Conviction for: WEAPONS?
C19
           Current Conviction for: OTHER?
C20
               0=N0
               1=YES
               See Sec. 2.7 for coding details.
           ESTIMATED SENTENCE (MONTHS)
C21
               Estimated months in prison for current sentence. This
               variable was created by Rand by calculating the difference
                in months between date received by the department (month and
               year) and the adjusted minimum release date (month and year)
```

VAR NAME VAR LABEL

VALUE LABELS (as appear in the frequency print files or more detailed if necessary), and/or explanatory comments. Those labels not in upper case have been enhanced for user comprehension.

³ Called WINDOW3 in variable labels. See R-2814, pp. 5, 7 and 8 for a description of WINDOW3.

For a detailed discussion of the official record data collection operations, policies and procedures, and specific statute numbers for offenses coded, see N-1635, Section VI.

The relevant offense types varied slightly across the three states for both conviction offenses and arrest offenses.

For California, C40 and C55; for Michigan, M57 and M82; and for Texas, T47 and T62:

For California, C29--C39 and C41--C54; for Michigan, M44--M56 and M58--M81; and for Texas, T35--T46 and T48--T61;

For example, for any given prison inmate in Texas, the sum of T35--T46 will be equal to or greater than T47.

We use the following format for describing the data in this and the next two sections:

as recorded in the inmate folder. The release date is an estimate and can be revised periodically based on inmate institutional behavior. The release date we coded was the most current estimate at the time we were coding data. If any component of these parameters of time served has a missing value, so does C21.

C22 TYPE OF ADMISSION to prison on current charge 1=Original Commitment 4=1ST Parole violation, new commitment 6=2ND Parole violation, new commitment 8=3+ Parole violation, new commitment 9=Part of sentence served other than prison

PROBATION or PAROLE REVOKED?

C23

- 0=N0 1=YES If we noticed any evidence that the inmate had a probation or parole revocation in the inmate folder we coded this "1". Most typically, reference was made to such revocations in the rap sheet, but certain variables imply that a revocation occurred, e.g. C22=4, 6 or 8. Note that no distinction is made between adult and juvenile revocations, as is the case with its corresponding self-report variable, A19.
- TOTAL TERM IN YEARS C24 INTEGER: Minimum number of years sentenced to prison prior to "good time" adjustments.
- C25 JUVENILE COMMITMENTS 0=Current Youth Authority (Y. A.) Commitment 1=Discharged from Y, A. within 1 year of current admission 2=Discharged from Y. A. within 1-3 years of current admission 3=Discharged from Y. A. 3+ years since current admission 4=Prior commitments, not in California 5=Commitment to a forestry camp only 11=No Juvenile Commitment
- C26 AGE 1ST ARREST INTEGER: Any reference made in the inmate folder to the inmate's age at time of his first arrest.
- C27 AGE 1ST COMMITMENT INTEGER: Any reference made in the inmate folder to the inmate's age at time of his first involuntary confinement to an institution.

PRIOR COMMITMENTS C28 O=NONE 1=1-2 jail or juvenile commitments 2=3+ jail or juvenile commitments 3=1 PRISON 4=1 prison and a misdemeanor sentence 5=2 PRISONS 7=3 PRISONS 9=4+ PRISONS # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ARSON C29 # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ASSAULT C30 # RAP SHEET Convictions for: BURGLARY C31 # RAP SHEET Convictions for: DRUG SALES C32 # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ESCAPE C33 # RAP SHEET Convictions for: habitual offender statute C34 # RAP SHEET Convictions for: HOMICIDE C35 # RAP SHEET Convictions for: KIDNAP C36 # RAP SHEET Convictions for: RAPE C37 # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ROBBERY C38 # RAP SHEET Convictions for: WEAPONS C39 # RAP SHEET Conviction INCIDENTS C40 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: ARSON C41 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: ASSAULT C42 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: AUTO THEFT C43 WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: BURGLARY C44 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: DRUG SALES C45 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: FORGERY C46 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: FRAUD C47 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: HOMICIDE C48 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: KIDNAP C49 WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: Possession/Receiving STOLEN Property C50 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: RAPE C51 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: ROBBERY C52 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: THEFT C53 WINDOWS ARRESTS for: WEAPONS C54 # WINDOW3 ARREST INCIDENTS C55 INTEGER: See Sec. 2.7 for coding details.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFICIAL RECORD DATA: MICHIGAN

```
M01
          RACE
               1=WHITE HISPANIC
               2=OTHER WHITE
               3=BLACK
               4=OTHER
M02
          EDUCATION
               1=<6 GRADE
               6=GRADE 6
               7=GRADE 7
               8=GRADE 8
               9=GRADE 9
              10=GRADE 10
              11=GRADE 11
              12=High School Graduate or General Education Diploma
              13=ANY COLLEGE
M03
          READING LEVEL
               1=GRADE 1
               2=GRADE 2
               3=GRADE 3
               4=GRADE 4
               5=GRADE 5
               6=GRADE 6
               7=GRADE 7
               8=GRADE 8
               9=GRADE 9
              10=GRADE 10
              11=GRADE 11
              12=GRADE 12
M04
          Current Conviction for: MURDER?
M05
          Current Conviction for: KIDNAPPING?
M06
          Current Conviction for: RAPE?
M07
          Current Conviction for: ROBBERY?
M08
          Current Conviction for: ASSAULT?
M09
          Current Conviction for: Burglary?
M10
          Current Conviction for: THEFT?
M11
          Current Conviction for: AUTO THEFT?
M12
          Current Conviction for: FORGERY?
M13
          Current Conviction for: FRAUD?
M14
          Current Conviction for: Possession/Receiving STOLEN Property?
M15
          Current Conviction for: DRUG Possession?
M16
          Current Conviction for: DRUG SALE?
M17
          Current Conviction for: SEX OFFENSE?
M18
          Current Conviction for: ESCAPE?
M19
          Current Conviction for: WEAPONS?
M20
          Current Conviction for: ARSON?
```

```
M21
          Current Conviction for: PANDERING?
M22
          Current Conviction for: KEEPING HOUSE?
M23
          Current Conviction for: DRUNK DRIVING?
M24
          Current Conviction for: Absconding BOND?
               0=N0
               1=YES
               See Sec. 2.7 for coding details.
```

M25 ESTIMATED SENTENCE (MONTHS)

Estimated months in prison for current sentence. This variable was created by Rand by caluclating the difference in months between date received by the department (month and year) and the "revised special good time" date. Both dates are recorded in the inmate folder. If either set of dates (month and year) have missing values we used comparable dates from the computer tape. If either inmate folder date is missing as well as the comparable tape date then M25 is also. We assigned imates sentenced to live in prison a value of "999".

M26 NATURE OF COMMITMENT 3=Probation Revocation - Technical Violation 4=Probation Revocation - New Sentence 5=NEW COMMITMENT 6=Parole Revocation- NEW Sentence 7=ESCAPE FELONY 8=Additional SENTENCE

M27 Current Conviction IS ATTEMPTED CRIME? M28 Current SENTENCE including FIREARM POSSESSION? -99=BLANK-->NO 1=YES 2=INVALID CODE

These two variables provide refinements to the current conviction offense. For example, if MO7=1 and M27=1, then the current conviction is for attempted robbery. Alternately, if MO7=1 and M28=1, then the current conviction is for robbery involving the use of a firearm. Finally, there is no distinct code for "NO"; interpret "-99" to mean "NO".

M29 AGE 1ST ATTENTION OF AUTHORITIES 1=<13 2=13-14

> 3=15-16 4=17+

A variable coded in the inmate folder during reception center intake processing. This variable records the age at which the inmate first had contact with any law enforcement agency.

```
M30
          AGE 1ST ARREST
               INTEGER: Any reference made in the inmate folder to the
               inmate's age at time of his first arrest.
M31
          Juvenile CORRECTIONS HISTORY
               1=NONE
               3=Juvenile Institution
               5=PROBATION
M32
          Juvenile RECORD < AGE 15?
M33
          Juvenile COMMITMENT?
M34
          Juvenile PROBATION?
               0=N0
               1=YES
               These variables are coded in the inmate folder by reception
               center personnel. The first indicates whether there is
               evidence pointing to the inmate having a juvenile record
               (any brush with the law) prior to age 15. The second
               and third measures indicate whether the inmate had ever
               been incarcerated or sentenced to probation while a
               juvenile.
M35
          NUMBER OF PRIOR PRISON TERMS
                INTEGER: self-explanatory.
M36
          Revocation of PROBATION OR PAROLE
               0=N0
               1=YES
               If we noticed any evidence that the inmate had a probation.
               or parole revocation in the inmate folder we coded this "1."
               Most typically, reference was made to such revocations in the
               rap sheet, but certain variables imply that a revocation
               occurred, e.g. M26=3, 4 or 6. Note that no distinction is
               made between adult and juvenile revocations, as is the case
               with its corresponding survey variable, A19.
M37
          USE OF Habitual or Addicting DRUGS
M38
          USE OF ALCOHOL
               0=UNKNOWN
               1=NO USE
               2=EXPERIMENTAL
               3=SUSTAINED
               4=EPISODIC
               5=ADDICTED
               The department has on tape measures for the inmate's use
               of habit forming or addicting drugs and alcohol. These
               ratings are based on inmate interviews and written
               reports gathered during reception center processing.
```

```
M39
          PSYCHIATRIC HISTORY
               1=YES
               2=N0
               This inmate folder variable indicates whether reception
               center personnel discover, either by interview or
               records review, any evidence of psychiatric problems or
               treatment. Note the values for "YES" and "NO" differ
               from the values for most other "dummy" variables.
          DEGREE OF ALCOHOL ABUSE
M40
          DEGREE OF OPIATE USE
M41
          DEGREE OF OTHER SUBSTANCE ABUSE
M42
               O=NO KNOWN USE
               1=ADDICTED
               2=EXCESSIVE
               9=DEGREE UNKNOWN
               These measures are taken directly from the inmate's folder;
               they are quite similar to M37 and M38.
M43
          DENIES SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM?
               0 = N0
               1=YES
               This variable indicates whether the inmate denies his
               alleged problem.
M44
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ASSAULT
M45
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: BURGLARY
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: DRUGS
M46
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: HOMICIDE
M47
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: KIDNAPPING
M48
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: RAPE
M49
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ROBBERY
M50
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: Possession OF FIREARMS
M51
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: Carrying a Concealed Weapon
M52
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ESCAPE
M53
M54
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ARSON
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: LARCENY
M55
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: Habitual Offender STATUTE
M56
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: INCIDENTS
M57
M58
           WINDOWS ARRESTS for: ASSAULT
          WINDOWS ARRESTS for: AUTO THEFT
M59
           WINDOWS ARRESTS for: BURGLARY
M60
           WINDOWS ARRESTS for: DRUGS
M61
           WINDOWS ARRESTS for: FORGERY
M62
           WINDOWS ARRESTS for: FRAUD
M63
M64
           WINDOWS ARRESTS for: HOMICIDE
M65
           WINDOWS ARRESTS for: LARCENY
           WINDOWS ARRESTS for: ROBBERY
M66
           WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: Possession of Stolen GOODS
M67
           WINDOWS ARRESTS for: Possession of FIREARMS
M68
           WINDOWS ARRESTS for: Carrying a Concealed Weapon
M69
```

WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: ESCAPE

M70

--

```
M71
         WINDOWS ARRESTS for: RAPE
M72
         WINDOWS ARRESTS for: KIDNAP
M73
         WINDOWS ARRESTS for: ARSON
M74
         WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: Possession of Stolen MAIL
M75
         WINDOWS ARRESTS for: BOMB THREAT
M76
         WINDOWS ARRESTS for: PANDERING
M77
         WINDOWS ARRESTS for: EXTORTION
         WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: Habitual Offender Statute
M78
M79
         WINDOWS ARRESTS for: DRUNK DRIVING
M80
         WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: Malicious Destruction of Property
M81
         WINDOWS ARRESTS for: GROSS INDECENCY
M82
          # WINDOW3 ARREST INCIDENTS
               INTEGER: See Sec. 2.7 for coding details.
```

5. DESCRIPTION OF OFFICIAL RECORD DATA: TEXAS

```
T01
          RACE
               1=MEXICAN
               2=WHITE
               3=BLACK
T02
          ACADENICS OUTSIDE Texas Department of Corrections
              INTEGER: Interpret values 13-17 as post high-school years;
              20=PASSED General Education Diploma Test.
T03
          MARITAL STATUS
               1=MARRIED
               2=COMMON LAW
               3=SINGLE
               4=DIVORCED
               5=SEPARATED
               6=WIDOWED
               7=DESERTED
               8=ANNULLED
T04
          Current Conviction for: HOMICIDE?
T05
          Current Conviction for: KIDNAP?
T06
          Current Conviction for: SEX ASSAULT?
T07
          Current Conviction for: ROBBERY?
T08
          Current Conviction for: ASSAULT?
T09
          Current Conviction for: BURGLARY?
T10
          Current Conviction for: LARCENY?
T11
          Current Conviction for: STOLEN VEHICLE?
T12
          Current Conviction for: FORGERY?
          Current Conviction for: FRAUD?
T13
T14
          Current Conviction for: STOLEN PROPERTY?
T15
          Current Conviction for: DRUGS?
T16
          Current Conviction for: SEX OFFENSE?
T17
          Current Conviction for: FLIGHT or ESCAPE?
T18
          Current Conviction for: WEAPON?
T19
          Current Conviction for: OTHER CRIME?
               0=N0
               1=YES
```

See Sec. 2.7 for coding details.

T20 ESTIMATED SENTENCE (MONTHS)

Estimated months in prison for current sentence. This variable was created by Rand by calculating the difference in months between date received by the department (month and year) and the "corrected out" date (adjusted for earned or lost good time) from the inmate folder. If the corrected out date has missing values we used comparable dates from the computer tape. If the inmate folder date and the tape date are missing then T20 is also. We assigned inmates sentenced to life in prison a value of "999".

```
T21
           Probation OR PAROLE REVOKED?
                0=N0
                1=YES
                If we noticed any evidence that the inmate had a probation
                or parole revocation in the inmate folder we coded this "1."
                Most typically, reference was made to such revocations in the
                rap sheet, but certain variables imply that a revocation
                occurred, e.g. T24>0 or T30=1. Note that no distinction
                is made between adult and juvenile revocations, as is the case
                with its corresponding survey variable, A19.
T22
           JUVENILE STATE PROBATION?
           JUVENILE ESCAPES INCLUDING ATTEMPTS?
T23
                0=N0
                1=YES
T24
           # PAROLE VIOLATION JUVENILE
T25
           # REFORM SCHOOL commitments
T26
          # DETENTION HOME commitments
               INTEGER: For number of reform school commitments, 3=3 or
               more, for number of detention home commitments, 6=6 or more.
T27
          YEAR OF 1ST ARREST
               INTEGER: There was no information in the inmate folder
               regarding his age at first arrest. This variable records
               the year of first arrest as noted in his rap sheet, e.g. "70"
               means 1970.
T28
          # PROBATION STATE ADULT
               INTEGER: 2=2 OR MORE
T29
          ADULT ESCAPES INCLUDING ATTEMPTS?
T30
          ADULT PAROLE VIOLATIONS?
               0=N0
               1=YES
T31
          # JAIL SENTENCES
          # SENTENCES TO Texas Department of Corrections PRISONS
T32
T33
          # OTHER PRISONS INCLUDING MILITARY
T34
          # OTHER ADULT SENTENCES
               INTEGER: For number of TDC sentences, 4=4 or more;
               for number of other prison sentences, 2=2 or more.
               T34 refers to suspended sentences and federal probation.
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ARSON
T35
T36
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ASSAULT
T37
         # RAP SHEET Convictions for: BURGLARY
T38
         # RAP SHEET Convictions for: DRUG SALES
T39
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ESCAPES
T40
         # RAP SHEET Convictions for: Habitual OFFENDER Statute
```

```
# RAP SHEET Convictions for: HOMICIDE
T41
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: KIDNAP
T42
T43
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: RAPE
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: ROBBERY
T44
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: WEAPONS
T45
          # RAP SHEET Convictions for: OTHER
T46
          # RAP SHEET Conviction INCIDENTS
T47
T48
          WINDOWS ARRESTS for: ARSON
          WINDOWS ARRESTS for: ASSAULT
T49
          WINDOWS ARRESTS for: AUTO THEFT
T50
          WINDOWS ARRESTS for: BURGLARY
T51
          WINDOWS ARRESTS for: DRUG SALES
T52
          WINDOWS ARRESTS for: FORGERY
T53
          WINDOWS ARRESTS for: FRAUD
T54
          WINDOWS ARRESTS for: HOMICIDE
T55
          WINDOWS ARRESTS for: KIDNAP
T56
          WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: STOLEN Property
T57
          WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: RAPE
T58
          WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: ROBBERY
T59
          WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: THEFTS
T60
          WINDOW3 ARRESTS for: WEAPONS
T61
          # WINDOW3 ARREST INCIDENTS
T62
                INTEGER: See Sec. 2.7 for coding details.
```

APPENDIX A

List of Variables, Formats and Labels: California

Card #1	Begin Column	Variable	Format	Variable Label
	@ 1	STATE	\$1.	STATE PRISON SYSTEM
	@ 2	"1"		Card Number
	@ 3	RANDID	4.	RAND IDENTIFIER FOR THIS INMATE
	@ 7	COUNTY	3,	COUNTY OF COMMITMENT
	@10	RETEST	3.	SELECTED FOR RETEST
	@14	SAMPLWT	5.3	SAMPLE WEIGHT
	@19	REPLACE	3.	REPLACEMENT RESPONDENT?
	@22	BIRTHYR	3.	YEAR OF BIRTH
	@25	C01	3.	RACE
	@28	C02	3.	AGE LEFT SCHOOL
	@31	C03	3.	GRADE COMPLETED
	@34	C04	3.	CURR CONVICN HOMICIDE?
	@37	C05	3.	CURR CONVICN KIDNAP?
	@40	C06	3.	CURR CONVICN RAPE?
	@43	C07	3.	CURR CONVICN ROBBERY?
	@46	C08	3.	CURR CONVICN ASSAULT?
	@49	C09	3.	CURR CONVICN BURGLARY?
	@52	C10	_. 3.	CURR CONVICN THEFT?
	@ 55	C11	3.	CURR CONVICN AUTO THEFT?
	@58	C12	3.	CURR CONVICN FORGERY?
	@61	C13	3.	CURR CONVICN FRAUD?
	@64	C14	3.	CURR CONVICN POSS STOLEN PROP?
	@67	C15	3.	CURR CONVICN DRUG POSS?
	@70	C16	3.	CURR CONVICN DRUG SALES?
	@73	C17	3.	CURR CONVICN SEX OFFENSE?
	@76	C18	3.	CURR CONVICT ESCAPE?

Card #2	Begin Column	Variable	Format	Variable Label
	@ 1	STATE	\$1.	STATE PRISON SYSTEM
	@ 2	121		Card Number
	@ 3	RANDID	4.	RAND IDENTIFIER FOR THIS INMATE
	@ 7	C19	3.	CURR CONVICH WEAPONS?
	@10	C20	3.	CURR CONVICN OTHER?
	@13	C21	3.	ESTIMATED SENTENCE (MONTHS)
	@16	C22	3.	TYPE OF ADMISSION
	@19	C23	3.	PROBATION PAROLE REVOKED?
	@22	C24	3.	TOTAL TERM IN YEARS
	@25	C25	3.	JUVENILE COMMITMENTS
	@28	C26	3.	AGE 1ST ARREST
	@31	C27	3.	AGE 1ST COMMITMENT
	@34	C28	3.	PRIOR COMMITMENTS
	@37	C29	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS ARSON
	@40	C30	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS ASSAULT
	@43	C31	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS BURGLARY
	@46	C32	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS DRUG SALES
	@49	C33	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS ESCAPE
	@52	C34	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS HABIT OFFENDER
	@ 55	C35	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS HOMICIDE
	@58	C36	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS KIDNAP
	@61	C37	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS RAPE
	@64	C38	3.	
	@67	C39	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS WEAPONS
	@70	C40	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICN INCIDENTS
	@73	C41	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS ARSON
	@76	C42	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS ASSAULT

Card #3	Begin Column	Variable	Format	Variable Label
	@ 1	STATE	\$1.	STATE PRISON SYSTEM
	@ 2	'3'		Card Number
	@ 3	RANDID	4.	RAND IDENTIFIER FOR THIS INMATE
	@ 7	C43	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS AUTO THEFT
	@10	C44	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS BURGLARY
	@13	C45	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS DRUG SALES
	@16	C46	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS FORGERY
	@19	C47	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS FRAUD
	@22	C48	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS HOMICIDE
	@25	C49	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS KIDNAP
	@28	C50	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS RECV STOLEN PROP
	@31	C51	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS RAPE
	@3 4	C52	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS ROBBERY
	@37	C53	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS THEFT
	@40	C54	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS WEAPONS
	@43	C55	3.	# WINDOW3 ARREST INCIDENTS

APPENDIX B

List of Variables, Formats and Labels: Michigan

Card #1	Begin Column	Variable F	Cormat	Variable Label
	@ 1	STATE	\$1.	STATE PRISON SYSTEM
	@ 2	11'		Card Number
	@ 3	RANDID	4.	RAND IDENTIFIER FOR THIS INMATE
	@ 7	COUNTY	3.	COUNTY OF COMMITMENT
	@10	RETEST	3.	SELECTED FOR RETEST
	@14	SAMPLWT	5.3	SAMPLE WEIGHT
	@19	REPLACE	3.	REPLACEMENT RESPONDENT?
	@22	BIRTHYR	3.	YEAR OF BIRTH
	@25	M01	3.	RACE
	@28	M02	3.	EDUCATION
	@31	M03	3.	READING LEVEL
	@34	M04	3.	CURR CONVICN MURDER?
	@37	M05	3.	CURR CONVICN KIDNAPPING?
	@40	M06	3.	CURR CONVICN RAPE?
	@43	M07	3.	CURR CONVICN ROBBERY?
	@46	M08	3.	CURR CONVICN ASSAULT?
	@49	M09	3.	CURR CONVICN BURG?
	@52	M10	3.	CURR CONVICN THEFT?
	@55	M11	3.	CURR CONVICN AUTO THEFT?
	@58	M12	3.	CURR CONVICN FORGERY?
	@61	M13	3.	CURR CONVICN FRAUD?
	@64	M14	3.	CURR CONVICN POSS STOLEN PROP?
	@67	M15	3.	CURR CONVICE DRUG POSS?
	@70	M16	3.	CURR CONVICN DRUG SALE?
	@73	M17	3.	CURR CONVICT SEX OFFENSE?
47	@76	M18	3.	CURR CONVICN ESCAPE?

Card	Column	Variable	Format	Variable Label
#2	@ 1	STATE	\$1.	STATE PRISON SYSTEM
	@ 2	121		Card Number
	@ 2	RANDID	4.	RAND IDENTIFIER FOR THIS INMATE
	e 7	M19	3.	CURR CONVICT WEAPONS?
	@ <i>7</i> @10	M20	3.	CURR CONVICT ARSON?
•	@13	M21	3.	CURR CONVICT PANDERING?
	@16	M22	3.	CURR CONVICH KEEPING HOUSE?
	@19	M23	3.	CURR CONVICE DRUNK DRIVING?
	-	M24	3.	CURR CONVICT ABSCOND BOND?
	@22		3.	ESTIMATED SENTENCE (MONTHS)
	@25 @28		3.	NATURE OF COMMITMENT
	@28 @31		3.	CURR CONVICT IS ATTEMPTED CRIME?
	e34		3.	CURR CONVICT TO THE ARM POSSESSION? CURR SENTENCE INCL FIREARM POSSESSION?
	_		3.	AGE 1ST ATTENTION OF AUTHORITIES
	@31 @4		3.	AGE 1ST ARREST
	_		3.	JUV CORRECTIONS HISTORY
	@4 @4		3.	JUV RECORD < AGE 15?
	@ 4		3.	
	@ <i>t</i>		3.	JUV PROBATION?
	<u> </u>		3	NUMBER OF PRIOR PRISON TERMS
	_		3	REVOC PROBATION OR PAROLE
			3	USE OF HABIT-ADDICT DRUGS
	_		2	. USE OF ALCOHOL
	•		3	B. PSYCHIATRIC HISTORY
		20,		DEGREE OF ALCOHOL ABUSE
		<u> </u>		DEGREE OF OPIATE USE
		@73 M41 @76 M42		3. DEGREE OF OTHER SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Card #3	Begin Column	Variable Fo	rmat	Variable Label
	@ 1	STATE \$	1.	STATE PRISON SYSTEM
	@ 2	131		Card Number
	@ 3	RANDID	4.	RAND IDENTIFIER FOR THIS INMATE
	@ 7	M43	3.	DENIES SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM?
	@10	M44	3. `	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS ASSAULT
	@13	M45	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS BURGLARY
	@16	M46	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS DRUGS
	@19	M47	3,	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS HOMICIDE
	@22	M48	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS KIDNAPPING
	@25	M49	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS RAPE
	@28	M50	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS ROBBERY
	@31	M51	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS POSS OF FIREARMS
	@34	M52	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS CCW
	@37	M53	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS ESCAPE
	@40	M54	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS ARSON
	@43	M55	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS LARCENY
	@46	M56	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS HAB OFFNDR STATUTE
	@49	M57	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICN INCIDENTS
	@52	M58	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS ASSAULT
	@55	M59	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS AUTO THEFT
	@58	M60	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS BURGLARY
	@61	M61	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS DRUGS
	@64	M62	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS FORGERY
	@67	M63	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS FRAUD
	@70	M64	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS HOMICIDE
	@73	M65	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS LARCENY
	@76	M66	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS ROBBERY

23

ard #4	Begin Column	Variable F	ormat	Variable Label
	@ 1	STATE	\$1.	STATE PRISON SYSTEM
	@ 2	141		Card Number
	@ 3	RANDID	4.	RAND IDENTIFIER FOR THIS INMATE
	@ 7	M67	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS POSS STLN GOODS
	@10	M68	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS POSS FIREARMS
	@13	M69	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS CCW
	@16	M70	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS ESCAPE
	@19	M71	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS RAPE
	@22	M72	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS KIDNAP
	@25	M73	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS ARSON
	@28	M74	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS POSS STLN MAIL
	@31	M75	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS BOMB THREAT
	@34	M76	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS PANDERING
	@37	M77	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS EXTORTION
	@40	M78	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS HAB OFFENDER
	@43	M79	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS DRUNK DRIVING
	@46	M80	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS MALIC DESTRUCTN PROP
	@49	M81	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS GROSS INDECENCY
	@52	M82	3.	# WINDOWS ARREST INCIDENTS

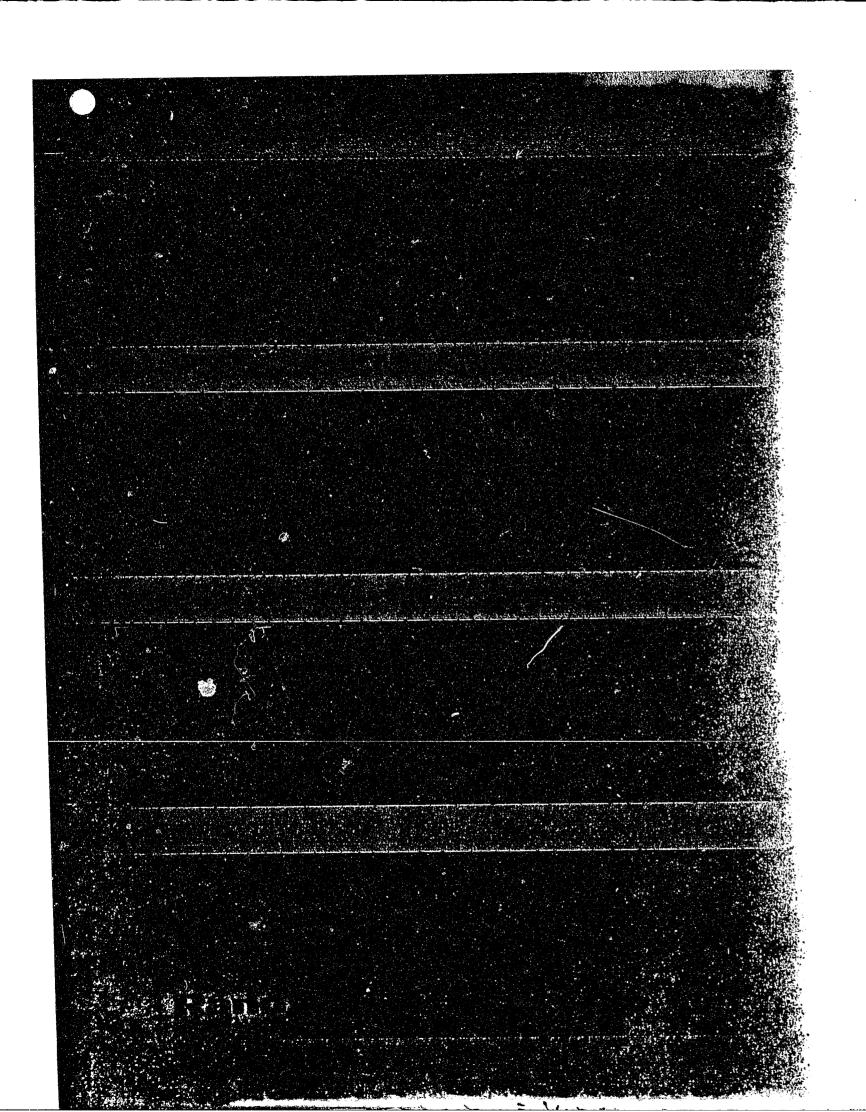
APPENDIX C

List of Variables, Formats and Labels: Texas

Card #1	Begin Column	Variable :	Format	Variable Label
	@ 1	STATE	\$1.	STATE PRISON SYSTEM
	@ 2	111		Card Number
	@ 3	RANDID	4.	RAND IDENTIFIER FOR THIS INMATE
	@ 7	COUNTY	3.	COUNTY OF COMMITMENT
	@10	RETEST	3.	SELECTED FOR RETEST
	@14	SAMPLWT	5.3	SAMPLE WEIGHT
	@19	REPLACE	3.	REPLACEMENT RESPONDENT?
	@22	BIRTHYR	3.	YEAR OF BIRTH
	@25	T01	3.	RACE
	@28	T02	3.	ACADEMICS OUTSIDE TDC
	@31	T03	3.	MARITAL STATUS
	@34	T04	3.	CURR CONVICN HOMICIDE?
	@37	T05	3.	CURR CONVICN KIDNAP?
	@40	T06	3.	CURR CONVICN SEX ASSAULT?
	@43	T07	3.	CURR CONVICN ROBBERY?
	@4 6	T08	3.	CURR CONVICN ASSAULT?
	@49	T09	3.	CURR CONVICN BURGLARY?
	@52	T10	3.	CURR CONVICN LARCENY?
	@55	T11	3.	CURR CONVICE STOLEN VEHICLE?
	@58	T12	3.	CURR CONVICN FORGERY?
	@61	T13	3.	CURR CONVICN FRAUD?
	@64	T14	3.	CURR CONVICE STOLEN PROPERTY?
	@67	T15	3.	CURR CONVICN DRUGS?
	@70	T16	3.	CURR CONVICH SEX OFFENSE?
	@73	T17	3.	CURR CONVICN FLIGHT ESCAPE?
	@76	T18	3.	CURR CONVICH WEAPON?

Card #2	Begin Column	Variable F	ormat	Variable Label
	@ 1	STATE	\$1.	STATE PRISON SYSTEM
	@ 2	121		Card Number
	@ 3	RANDID	4.	RAND IDENTIFIER FOR THIS INMATE
	@ 7	T19	3.	CURR CONVICN OTHER CRIME?
	@10	T20	3.	ESTIMATED SENTENCE (MONTHS)
	@13	T21	3.	PROB OR PAROLE REVOKED?
	@16	T22	3.	JUVENILE STATE PROBATION?
	@19	T23	3.	JUVENILE ESCAPES INCLUDING ATTEMPTS?
	@22	T24	3.	# PAROLE VIOLATION JUVENILE
	@25	T25	3.	# REFORM SCHOOL
	@28	T26	3.	# DETENTION HOME
	@31	T27	3.	YEAR OF 1ST ARREST
	@34	T28	3.	# PROBATION STATE ADULT
	@37	T29	3.	ADULT ESCAPES INCLUDING ATTEMPTS?
	@40	T30	3.	ADULT PAROLE VIOLATIONS?
	@43	T31	3.	# JAIL SENTENCES
	@46	T32	3.	# SENTENCES TO TDC PRISONS
	@49	T33	3.	# OTHER PRISONS INCLUDING MILITARY
	@ 52	T34	3.	# OTHER ADULT SENTENCES
	@ 55	T35	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS ARSON
	@ 58	T36	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS ASSAULT
	@61	T37	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS BURGLARY
	@64	T38	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS DRUG SALES
	@67	T39	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS ESCAPES
	@70	T40	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS HAB OFFENDER
	@73	T41	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS HOMICIDE
	@76	T42	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS KIDNAP

	Begin			
Card #3	Column	Variable For	rmat	Variable Label
	@ 1	STATE \$1	l.	STATE PRISON SYSTEM
	@ 2	131		Card Number
	@ 3	RANDID	4.	RAND IDENTIFIER FOR THIS INMATE
	@ 7	T43	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS RAPE
	@10	T44	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS ROBBERY
	@13	T45	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS WEAPONS
	@16	T46	3.	# RAP SHEET CONVICNS OTHER
	@19	T47	3,	# RAP SHEET CONVICN INCIDENTS
	@22	T48	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS ARSON
	@25	T49	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS ASSAULT
	@28	T50	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS AUTO THEFT
	@31	T51	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS BURGLARY
	@34	T52	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS DRUG SALES
	@37	T53	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS FORGERY
	@40	T54	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS FRAUD
	@43	T55	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS HOMICIDE
	@46	T56	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS KIDNAP
	@49	T57	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS STOLEN PROP
	@52	T58	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS RAPE
	@ 55	T59	3.	WINDOWS ARRESTS ROBBERY
	@58	T60	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS THEFTS
	@61	T61	3.	WINDOW3 ARRESTS WEAPONS
	@64	T62	3.	# WINDOW3 ARREST INCIDENTS



A RAND NOTE

CODEBOOK FOR SELF-REPORT DATA FROM THE 1978 RAND SURVEY OF PRISON AND JAIL INMATES

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PREFACE

This codebook documents the self-report materials used in Rand's Second Inmate Survey, a multi-site, self-administered survey of prison and jail inmates. The survey was conducted in 1978-1979 as part of the Rand research program on career criminals, funded by the National Institute of Justice, U.S. Department of Justice.

The codebook is a companion to a computer tape containing data from the survey. This computer tape has been placed with the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research, P.O. Box 1248, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106, and is available through that organization for research purposes.

The survey was conducted by survey administrators who were hired, trained, and supervised by The Rand Corporation. Data collection took place from October 1978 to February 1979 in a total of 26 correctional institutions.

For each question in the survey instrument, the codebook reproduces the exact text and specifies all permissible responses and their codes. Where applicable, individual questions are annotated with respect to the intended interpretation of the question and the experience gained while administering and processing the survey.

The survey instrument was designed by Mark Peterson, project director, and by Jan Chaiken and Patricia Ebener. Deborah Wesley assisted in compiling the codebook and Nomi Roth assisted with revisions. Preparation of the computer tape and publication of this codebook were funded by Grant 83-IJ-CX-0006 from the National Institute of Justice.

Users of the codebook and the computer files should familiarize themselves with the design and administration of the Second Inmate Survey, as described in

Mark Peterson, Jan Chaiken, Patricia Ebener, and Paul Honig, Survey of Prison and Jail Inmates: Background and Method, N-1635-NIJ, November 1982.

In addition to self-report data, the computer files include official record data that were provided by State Departments of Correction or collected by Rand staff from the inmate folders of survey respondents. These official record data are described separately in

Paul Honig, Description of Official Record Data from the 1978 Rand Inmate Survey, N-2017-NIJ, June 1983.

Other Rand publications documenting the analysis of the Second Inmate Survey are:

Kent Marquis with Patricia Ebener, Quality of Prisoner
Self-Reports: Arrest and Conviction Response Errors, R-2637-DOJ,
March 1981.

Analyzes the reliability of the survey's self-reported arrest and conviction data, using both the retest method and a comparison with official records.

Joan Petersilia and Paul Honig, with Charles Hubay, Jr., The Prison Experience of Career Criminals, R-2511-DOJ, May 1980.

Determines the proportion of prison inmates who have demonstrated a need for specific treatments while incarcerated, the proportion who actually receive such treatment, and the differences in these two figures (controlling for inmate characteristics). Also describes inmates' assessments of various programs and analyzes which inmates are disproportionately involved in prison violence.

Jan Chaiken and Marcia Chaiken, with Joyce Peterson, Varieties of Criminal Behavior: Summary and Policy Implications, R-2814/1-NIJ, August 1982.

Gives conclusions from an analysis of the survey and official record data concerning the identification of serious criminal offenders and the implications of their characteristics for public policy.

Jan Chaiken and Marcia Chaiken, Varieties of Criminal Behavior, R-2814-NIJ, August 1982.

Identifies ten subgroups of offenders and describes their characteristics, with special reference to the most serious offenders. Shows how, and the extent to which, serious offenders and high-crime-rate offenders can be identified from their characteristics and criminal records. Appendixes describe (a) an analysis of the internal consistency of survey responses and their correspondence with official record data, and (b) the construction of scaled predictor variables.

Peter W. Greenwood, with Allan Abrahamse, Selective Incapacitation, R-2815-NIJ, August 1982.

Uses the predictor and outcome variables constructed by Chaiken and Chaiken to produce a 7-item scale and draw conclusions about selective incapacitation. Also summarizes the entire research effort under Rand's Research Agreements Program.

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1. INTRODUCTION

OVERVIEW OF THE SURVEY'

Rand's Second Inmate Survey contributes basic, descriptive data for the analysis of criminal characteristics and behavior. Self-report data were collected about juvenile and adult criminal background, psychological correlates of criminal behavior, arrests, and crimes committed during three specific reference periods. Basic demographic data were also collected and (for prisoners but not jail inmates) information about participation in prison treatment programs.

The survey was administered in late 1978 and early 1979 to convicted male inmates at 12 prisons and 14 county jails in California, Michigan, and Texas. The institutions were selected to yield a broad sample of offenders active in both urban areas and smaller cities within each state. The prisons included all custody levels within each prison system. The jails were located in counties that included one or two major metropolitan areas in each state and three or four other counties with moderately large cities (100,000 to 500,000 population). To permit comparisons of inmates sentenced to prison or jail, sampled prison inmates were sentenced from the same counties in which jail inmates were surveyed.

The sample was drawn to approximate the characteristics of inmates coming into prison or jail during a limited period of time—an "incoming cohort." For the prison inmate sample, the probability for selecting each inmate from the appropriate counties was proportional to the inverse of the estimated length of his sentence. For jail inmates, the sample comprised all or a random sample of all inmates serving sentences in the facility. To ameliorate potential systematic nonresponse biases among the prisoner respondents, a "replacement sample" was identified in advance of the survey. Each inmate in the original sample was matched with another inmate who was similar with regard to age, race, record,

and most serious current conviction offense. This alternative "replacement" inmate was called to take the survey if the original inmate failed to respond. The replacement procedure proved valuable for correcting biases in California and Michigan prisoners. In Texas prisons, the response rate was so high that Rand analysts concluded they did not need to use data from replacement respondents.

A small subsample of the original sample of prisoners was prechosen to be asked to fill out the survey questionnaire a second time if they responded in the first instance. The retest candidates were selected randomly, except that retest sessions were not scheduled at every prison. Retests were held approximately one week after the original survey sessions. Replacement respondents were not retested. In total, 240 retests are available for analysis.²

The survey was administered in groups containing usually between 10 and 30 inmates. Sampled inmates received a notice describing the survey sessions, but there were substantial "no-shows" in Michigan and California prisons. Prison officials did not participate in survey sessions, which were conducted by two or more temporary Rand employees selected for their experience in working with incarcerated felons. When inmates arrived at a session, the survey administrators described the study and explained that participation was voluntary but would yield a \$5.00 payment to inmate accounts. Inmates were free to leave at any time. Most of those who left did so at the beginning of the session.

The administrators read the informed consent form, general survey instructions, and instructions for completing the "calendar card" that identified the measurement period. Most inmates worked alone to complete the survey; however, administrators worked with inmates who had reading or other difficulties, conducting the questionnaire as an interview. The questionnaire and other survey documents were available in Spanish for inmates with greater literacy in that language.

¹ Portions of this overview are extracted from Mark Peterson et al., Survey of Prison and Jail Inmates: Background and Method, N-1635-NIJ, November 1982, which should be consulted for details. In the text, this publication is cited as N-1635.

N-1635 erroneously states there are 252 retests; this larger number includes retests of persons who were not chosen for retest but showed up anyway.

A copy of the Agreement to Participate form, the general instructions, which were printed at the front of the questionnaire, and the calendar card, which was inserted in the questionnaire, are reproduced in Appendix A.

SURVEY INSTRUMENT

The survey instrument used for the Second Inmate Survey was designed for self-administration (with assistance available to the respondents). A copy of the instrument is reproduced in Appendix C of N-1635. The final design was preceded by three pretests to develop format and wording of the questions. The instrument is 62 pages long and is divided into six modules, described below.

Module A--Criminal Background

The first module (pages 2-6) included questions about the age at first arrest and conviction, frequency of juvenile crime behavior, and previous incarceration.

Module B--Psychological Correlates of Criminal Behavior

The questions in Module B (pages 7-10) asked about respondents' attitudes toward criminal behavior and the criminal justice system. In addition, there was a set of questions about motivations and the probability of continuing in criminal behavior.

Module C--Self Report of Criminal Behavior

The questions in Module C (pages 11-41) asked about the respondent's criminal behavior during a specific length of time, known as the "measurement period."

The first part of this section was designed to enable the respondent to specify the begin and end dates and number of months in his measurement period. To aid the respondent in this process, a calendar printed on blue card-stock paper was included in the questionnaire at the beginning of Module C. The calendar showed two years and provided space for the respondent to fill in the dates and to mark the months when he was incarcerated during the two years. (See Appendix A.) The respondents were told to refer to the calendar as they answered the remaining questions in Module C. Many respondents required help from the survey administrators in order to fill out their calendars correctly.

After the instructions that guided the respondent through identification of his measurement period were a number of questions about employment, education, and military service designed to help him recall his activities during that period. The main part of Module C was a set of questions about 10 different crimes. For each one, the respondent was asked if he had done it, and how often. He was asked how many times he was arrested when doing the crime and also crime-specific questions about weapons use and injuries.

The last part of the module included questions about modus operandial and income from crime, arrest incidents during the measurement period, current convictions, and a different version of the frequency of criminal behavior questions (replicated from Rand's First Inmate Survey⁴). All of the self-reports in Module C were intended to be based only on activities during the measurement period.

Module D--Previous Reference Periods

Module D (pages 42-43) was included to provide a quasi-longitudinal design frame for analysis of patterns of criminal behavior. In this section respondents were asked to define two earlier reference periods and report on their age, time incarcerated, marital status, occupation, drug usage, and whether or not they had done any of the same ten crimes they had reported on for the primary measurement period.

Module E--Demographic Information

This section (page 44) included questions about current age, race, education and marital status.

Module F--Prison Experience

This section was only administered to respondents in prison (not the jail inmates) and it included questions about participation in seven prison treatment programs. In addition, it asked about work assignments, disciplinary reports, and problems some inmates have while

See Mark A. Peterson and Harriet B. Braiker, with Suzanne M. Polich, Who Commits Crimes: A Survey of Prison Inmates, Oelgeschlager, Gunn and Hain, Cambridge, Mass., 1981.

incarcerated. For a report on analyses of data in this module, see Joan Petersilia and Paul Honig, with Charles Hubay, Jr., *The Prison Experience of Career Criminals*, R-2511-DOJ, June 1980.

DATA PREPARATION

As fieldwork at a site was complete, the survey administrators shipped the completed questionnaires to the Survey Data Preparation facility at Rand. Here, trained data clerks followed detailed specifications in pre-keypunch editing the completed questionnaires. Because they were self-administered, the questionnaires required considerable editing before they could be computer processed. Whenever a problem was noted for which specifications had not been provided, it was set aside for project staff review and problem resolution. Several hundred questionnaires were individually reviewed by the project staff in developing policies for coding unusual responses. New written specifications for editors were issued as these policy decisions were made. In addition to coding respondents' answers, the editors added certain data items, for example by inspection of the respondents' filled-in calendars, which are described in Section 2 of this Codebook.

Next, the questionnaires were converted to machine-readable records and run through two passes of a data cleaning program. At this time, audit codes were automatically added where applicable for missing data, and some recoding was done, e.g., of legitimate blanks to zeros. The survey audit codes are as follows:

Code	
-006	Definition
-1	Respond
	Respondent entered an X or a check mark (in a space where a numerical response was
T	called for. called for.
1	Respondent
1	
blast	Response is illegible.
blank	No response at the
Y	No response at this item. Blank.
	have been and blank, but should
	previous and added on respective
X	50 10°
	The entire section of the questionnaire blank.
	in which this question is located is
M	
	The entire question of which this is

For some (but not all) multiple-column data items, the audit codes are repeated (e.g., TT instead of T for a two-column data item). These can be seen in the frequency counts provided on the computer tape with the data. The audit codes are not specifically mentioned at each question in Section 2. They are permissible codes at all questions which meet Cases which

Cases which failed to pass critical variable cleaning specifications were flagged and checked for errors in key punching or editing. If the actual response in the questionnaire, however, was outside the allowable range, or inconsistent with the logic check, it analysts are responsible for flagging the variables or resolving the inconsistencies.

FILES ON THE DATA TAPE

Because jail inmates responded only to modules A-E (not module F), the data from modules A-E have been placed in separate files from the data from module F. A unique identifier for each respondent, which is called RANDID in the documentation, allows data to be merged across files. For example, the data from modules A-E for the respondent with RANDID 864 can be joined with the data from module F for respondent 864, yielding all the survey answers for this respondent.

The contents of the data files on the computer tape are described below. In these descriptions the term "primary" means "not retest." In other words, if a respondent who was chosen to be retested took the survey twice, his answers from the first administration of the survey constitute his primary survey data. Data from respondents who took the survey only once are also called "primary."

- File 1. Primary survey data from modules A-E for all prison and jail inmates who were used in the Rand analyses. Using this file and weighting respondents by the variable RESPWGT, which accounts for differential response rates among prison institutions in Texas (see N-1635, pp. 72-83), yields the study group analyzed by Chaiken and Chaiken. After weighting by RESPWGT, the total number of cases in the file is unaffected, but the relative influence of different respondents changes.
- File 2. Retest survey data from modules A-E. These correspond to a subset of the prisoner respondents in File 1.
- File 3. Primary survey data from module F for the same respondents who are included in File 1.
- File 4. Retest survey data from module F for the same respondents who are included in File 2.

- File 5. Official record data for California prisoners. See Paul Honig, Description of Official Record Data from the 1978 Rand Inmate Survey, N-2017-NIJ for a description. This Rand publication is cited below as N-2017.
- File 6. Official record data for Michigan prisoners. See N-2017 for a description.
- File 7. Official record data for Texas prisoners who are included in File 1. (See also File 10.) See N-2017 for a description.
- File 8. Primary survey data from modules A-E for Texas prisoner replacement respondents. These data were not used by Rand analysts (see N-1635, pp. 72-83) and are included on the data tape only for completeness.
- File 9. Primary survey data from module F for Texas prisoner replacement respondents.
- File 10. Official record data for Texas prisoner replacement respondents. These data were not used by Rand analysts and are included on the tape only for completeness.
- File 11. Survey data from modules A-E for Texas jail respondents. These data were not used by Rand analysts because inmates in jail in Texas are predominantly offenders sentenced to prison and awaiting transportation or additional court action. We recommend strongly that these data not be used but include them on the data tape for completeness.

Files 12 through 22 are print files containing frequency counts for the data in Files 1-11 respectively. File 23 is a print file containing documentation of the official record data (i.e., the text of N-2017). File 24 consists of five sets of computer-readable instructions which will help users "input" any one of the eleven data files and produce

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Jan M. Chaiken and Marcia R. Chaiken, Varieties of Criminal Behavior, R-2814-NIJ, August 1982.

frequency counts like those found in the corresponding print files. One set of instructions is for survey data modules A-E, one is for module F, and there is one set for each of three official record data files.

These instructions can be read directly in the SAS processing language or modified for other processing languages.

Additional information about the public use data tape is in Appendix C, which is prepared in the format specified by the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research.

VARIABLE NAMES FOR SELF-REPORT DATA

The variable names used by the Rand analysts for the self-report data are, for the most part, derived directly from the survey question numbers. In establishing variable names, the module number precedes the survey question number. For example, variable A16 contains the response to question 16 in module A of the survey. Variable B1C contains the response to the third part of question 1 in module B.

The variable names for module C are slightly more complicated because the module included submodules labeled by Roman numerals I, II, ..., XI. Variables beginning CA contain data from submodule I, those beginning CB contain data from submodule II, ..., and those beginning CK contain data from submodule XI. Variables beginning C without another letter represent data from the beginning of module C.

All the survey data variables provided on the data tape are listed in Appendix B of the present Note, together with their card and column location. These same variable names are used in the codebook that follows in Section 2 and in the frequency counts that are contained in Files 12-22 of the data tape.

A small number of variables, noted in the codebook, have been suppressed on the data tape in order to protect the anonymity of the respondents. Researchers who have a legitimate need for the suppressed data and who are willing to pay for computer processing costs and

execute a confidentiality agreement with The Rand Corporation may apply to receive these data. Applications should be directed to Rand's Institutional Review Board (committee for the protection of human subjects of research) and should include a written protocol for the planned research. If the request is approved, the researcher will receive a data file containing the RANDID of each respondent and the value(s) of the requested variable(s) for the respondent.

ORGANIZATION OF THE CODEBOOK

Survey Questions and Variables Created After Fieldwork

Section 2 reproduces each question from the survey instrument as it appeared there, including any printed response choices. In addition, variables created during editing and initial file construction are included and noted as such. As a visual aid, all questions are enclosed in boxes. When applicable, two or more adjacent and related questions appear within one box. The standard variable name is printed in bold type in the upper left corner of the box. The original survey question appears as it did in the survey instrument.

It is important to note that not every question was supposed to be answered by all respondents. The applicability of some questions depended on the response to the previous question. Respondents were instructed to skip inapplicable questions by printed "GO TO" instructions next to the response choice. To aid the codebook user in identifying legitimately skipped questions, all "GO TO" instructions appear in the codebook as they did in the questionnaire.

In the case of variables created after the fieldwork, an explanation of the variable appears in the box.

Annotations

Immediately below the boxed question(s) are whatever technical annotations are required for understanding the variable(s). These include as applicable, response codes (when the choices were not precoded in the questionnaire), new codes added during the data preparation, and notes pertaining to interpretation, definition of term(s) (printed in upper case), and analysis of the data.

For more information regarding SAS data formats, and the SAS language in general, see SAS Users Guide, 1979 edition, SAS Institute, Inc.

⁷ The next section discusses variables created during editing of the survey data.

^{*} See previous section.

Sources. Codes, New Codes and Notes were abstracted from the following sources:

- 1. Training Manual. The Training Manual served as a study aid during the survey administrators' training period. It then served as a reference tool for administrators' use during fieldwork. The Training Manual mainly provided definitions of terms. The administrators were supposed to answer respondent questions using the Training Manual definitions and rules. In fact, the Training Manual was compiled based on three pretests with inmates. It must be remembered, however, that the survey was self-administered. Therefore, explanations were only provided to respondents who specifically asked for assistance.
- 2. Field Experience. This source reflects the combined experiences of survey administrators and project staff who observed survey sessions. They noted recurrent problems encountered with specific questions, such as respondent confusion over terminology. This experience is passed on to the user to assist him/her in interpreting the data.
- 3. PKE Guide. This is the guide which provided specifications for the editor to follow in pre-keypunch editing each questionnaire. It followed a question-by-question format specifying codes and new codes, rules for list-coding "Other" responses, and rules for recoding ranges and other unusual responses.
- 4. Policy Decisions. Policy Decisions were generated by the Rand research staff during data preparation. They were decisions applicable to all cases, and when they were made they were applied from that date on as part of the pre-keypunch edit.
- 5. Editing and Cleaning Experience. This source reflects observations made by staff on problems with specific variables discovered during data preparation.
- 6. Rand. These are explanatory notes for the user added by the author.

The appropriate sources for each annotation are noted in the codebook.

Codes. Sometimes response choice codes were not printed on the questionnaire because they might confuse the respondent in trying to choose his answer. The codebook lists the values assigned to such response choices during data preparation.

New Codes. These are codes added after fieldwork was completed to accommodate responses which did not fit the choices provided. Variables which included an open-ended "Other-specify" were assigned new codes based on listing and reviewing commonly repeated open-ended responses. A set of new codes was developed to capture non-specific responses on frequency of behavior, such as "a few", "a lot", "most".

Notes. Notes provided in the annotation usually consist of definitions of question terms (printed in upper case) provided in the training manual for the survey administrators to use in assisting respondents who said they did not understand the question. Other rules and practices from training are noted as well. In addition, notes are concerned with problems respondents had with interpreting and answering specific questions and problems identified during data preparation.

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2. CODEBOOK

VARIABLE STATE

States in which the survey was administerered.

CODES

California	 C
Michigan	 M
Texas	

NOTE

This variable was generated by the computer program which printed number labels that were placed on each field-complete survey instrument.

VARIABLE RANDID

Identification number for respondent, assigned by Rand.

VARIABLE PRSJAIL

Institution Types

CODES

Prison.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
Jail			•						۰						•							2

VARIABLE RESPWGT

A number assigned by Rand analysts to correct for differential response rates in Texas by Institution. See N-1635, pp.72-83.

VARIABLE AE

Individual Administration

This variable indicates whether the respondent received reading assistance.

VARIABLE AFI

This variable indicates the language in which the questionnaire was administered.

CODES	
English	1
Spanish	2
Both English and Spanish	9

6.3

V.

VARIABLE A3A-A3I

respondent gave a range.

MODULE A

The first questions are about your background. Some of the questions ask you to think back about your life and to remember things that happened. Please really think about the questions and give the most accurate answers you can.

NOTE

SOURCE

This instruction, printed on the first page of the questionnaire, was also given during the group introduction.

Training Manual.

VARIABLE A1-A2

1. How old were you when you were first arrested -- that is, officially charged by the police (an adult or juvenile arrest, other than a traffic violation)?

Years Old

2. How old were you when you were first convicted of a criminal offense (an adult or juvenile conviction, other than a traffic violation)?

Years Old

NOTES

SOURCES

(A1, A2)The lowest age was coded if respondent gave a range.

PKE Guide.

TRAFFIC VIOLATION: e.g., speeding, old plates, driving while intoxicated.

Training Manual.

ARRESTED: Officially charged not just questioned.

Training Manual.

CONVICTED: Pleaded or found guilty by a court, juvenile disposition, nolo contendere.

Training Manual.

3. What were the <u>main</u> reasons (Check all that apply)	that	you first got involved in crime?
		For excitement
		Friends got me into it
		To get money for high living - nice clothes, car, etc.
		Lost my temper
		To get money for drugs - had a habit
		To get money for day to day living - self or family support
		For the reputation
		Everyone I knew was doing crimes - just a normal way of life
		Other, what?
NOTES (A3A - A3I)		SOURCE
Blanks were recoded to zero.		PKE Guide.
NOTE (A3I)		
No additional codes were generate	d.	PKE Guide.
		•
VARIABLE A4		
4. How old were you at that tim	e?	
		Years Old
BOTE		SOURCE
The lowest age was coded if		PKE Guida

PKE Guide.

VARIABLE A5A-A6B	
5. Were you ever sent to a <u>local or county</u> juve county youth camp, a home, or a juvenile ha	enile facility such as a
NO []	How many times? Times
6. Were you ever sent to a statewide or federa	1 juvenile institution?
NO 🔲	How many times? Times
NEW CODES	SOURCES
(A5A & A6A) Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
A lot, many, often	Training Manual.
Many respondents did not know the jurisdiction of the institutions where they had been incarcerated. They were unable to distinguish local or county from statewide and federal. When they asked, they were instructed to answer Yes at A5A rather than A6A. (A5B & A6B)	Field Experience/ Training Manual.
If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.

VARIABLE A7-A9			
7. Before you were 18, did you ever do	anything on	this list?	
Broke into someplace Stole a car Stole something worth than about \$100 Used a stolen credit Forged something			
	no 📑 🌩	go on to next page	
8. How old were you when you first did any of these things?			
Years Old			
9. Before you were 18, how often did you do any of these things?			•
Once or twice			
. A few times			
Sometimes			
Often			
NEW CODES	SOI	JRCE	
(A7) Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response) Not under age 18 (i.e., answer to A8 was 18 or more)	PK1	E Guide.	
(A9) None	0 PKE	Guide.	

VAR

VARIABLE A7-A9 (cont.)

NOTES SOURCES (A7-A9) Respondents often missed "Before...18" clause. Editing & Cleaning Experience. Analyst should check response at A8 before using A7 or A9 as reflecting "before...18" activity. 'Attempts only' were not to be counted here, but things done with someone else (i.e., Training Manual. accomplice, group) were to be counted. The lowest age was coded if respondent gave PKE Guide.

VARIABLE A10-A12					
10. Before you were 18, did you ever do a	nything on this list?				
Robbed someone Threatened someone wi knife or other weap Hurt someone with a p or other weapon Beat someone badly Raped someone	on				
TES 1 11. How old were you when you first did any of these things? Years old	NO D2				
12. Before you were 18, how often did you do any of these things?					
Once or twice A few times Sometimes Often					

NEW CODES SOURCE Assume yes (Editor judgment based on PKE Guide. respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or a respondent's Not under age 10 (i.e., answer to All was 18 or more)...... 5 None..... 0 PKE Guide.

NOTES

SOURCES

(A10-A12)

Respondents often missed "Before...18" clause. Analyst should check response at A8 before using A7 or A9 as reflecting "before...18" activity.

Editing & Cleaning Experience.

(A10)

'Attempts only' were not to be counted here, but things done with someone else (i.e., accomplice, group) were to be counted.

Training Manual.

(A11)

The lowest age was coded if respondent gave a range.

PKE Guide.

VARIABLE A13A-A13D

13. Before you were 18, how often did you use each of the things on the list below? (Circle one number on each line.)

	Often	Sometimes	Just Once or Twice	Never
Marijuana	3	2	1	0
LSD/Psychedelics/Cocaine	3	2	1	0
Uppers/Downers	3	2	1 .	0
Heroin	3	: 2	1	0

NOTE

SOURCE

Prescribed drugs were not to be included.

Training Manual.

The next questions are about your whole life, juvenile.	both as an adult and as a
VARIABLE A14	
14. Altogether in your life, how many times ! (Don't count traffic violations.)	have you been arrested?
Once 2-3 times 4-6 times 7-10 times 11-15 times 16-25 times More than 25	5 times
CODES	SOURCE
Once	PKE Guide.
NEW CODES	
Never 0	PKE Guide.
NOTES	
ARRESTED: Officially charged not just questioned.	Training Manual.
Many respondents had difficulty remembering how many times they had been arrested.	Field Experience.

VARIABLE A15	
15. How many different terms have you served (If you are now in jail, include this te	in a local or county jail?
None	
1-2 terms	
3-5 terms	
6-10 terms	
11-15 terms	
16-25 terms	
More than 2:	terms
CODES	-
None	SOURCES
None	PKE Guide.
o m cermo.	
6-10 terms	
FEIM2'''	
More than 25 terms 7	
NOTES	
SERVED: Includes week-end terms, but does not include pre-trial detention.	Training Manual.
Concurrent terms were to be counted as one.	Training Manual.
his question was confusing when respondents ere in jail, but awaiting transfer to prison.	Field Experience.

C.

·		
VARIABLE A16		
16. How many times have you been on probation?		
Times OR DoNever		
NEW CODES	SOURCES	
A couple, a few, several, very little94 A lot, many, often96 All, everytime98	PKE Guide.	
NOTES		
PROBATION: Sentence included outside super- vision, and summary probation.	Training Manual.	
If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.	
17. How many different terms have you served in an adult prison? (If you are now in prison, include this term in your total count. Don't count parole revocations as a different term).		
None		
1 term		
2 terms		
3 terms 4 terms		
5 terms		
6 or more terms	-	
CODEO		
CODES	SOURCE	
None	PKE Guide.	

VARIABLE A18		
18. How many times have you been on parole (count each time you were released on parole)?		
Times OR DR Never		
NOTES		
Parotr. p	SOURCES	
PAROLE: Portion of sentence completed under supervision, not incarcerated.	Training Manual.	
If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.	
VARIABLE A19		
VANIABLE A19		
19. How many times have you had probation or parole revoked?		
Times OR		
NEW CODES	SOURCES	
A couple, a few, several, very little 94 All, everytime 98	PKE Guide.	
NOTES		
PAROLE REVOKED: In conjunction with, or independent of another crime.	Training Manual.	
If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.	

(;;)

Care

VARI	ABLE A20						***************************************	
20.	Have you ever	been	committed	to a	drug	treatment	program?	ı
		YES			NO 2			3

DRUG TREATMENT PROGRAM: Residential or outpatient, or as a condition of parole.

Training Manual.

SOURCE

21. Altogether in your life, how many times have you been convicted of a felony? Never Once 2-3 times 4-6 times 11-15 times 16 or more times

CODES	SOURCES
Never 1	PKE Guide.
Once 2	
2-3 times 3	
4-6 times 4	
7-10 times 5	
11-15 times	•
16 or more times 7	
NOTES	

NOTES

FELONY: A crime for which respondent received a sentence of more than one year.

Training Manual.

Many respondents were confused about whether their convictions were felonies or not.

Field Experience.

VARIABLE BIA-BIP

1. Here is a set of statements about the law, prisons, police and men who get involved in crime. Read each statement carefully. Think about your own experience and people you know. Then decide how much you AGREE or DISAGREE with each statement. (Circle one number next to each statement.)

•	,				
	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	
Whenever someone gets cut or shot					
there is usually a good reason	1	2	3	4	
Men with a record get a bad deal					
in court	1	2	3	4	
It is possible to get so good at					
crime that you'll never get caugh	t. 1	2	3	4	
One good thing about crime is the	fum				
of beating the system	1	2	3	4	
If a man only does one or two					
crimes a year, chances are good					
he'll never get caught	1	2	3	,	
		2	3	4	
You don't learn anything in jail					
or prison that helps you make it					
going straight	. 1	2	3	4	
No matter how careful you are, you					
won't always get away with crime	. 1	2	2	,	
, be and the dealers	• 1	2	3	4	
Alot of men would stay out of crim	ie .				
if sentences were longer	. 1	2	3	4	
liqual la general alta and				•	
Usually someone who gets cut or shot deserves it	_	_	_		
SHOL GESELVES IL	. 1	2	3	4	
Committing crime is pretty much a					
permanent way of life	. 1	2	3	4	
		•	.	-	
If you keep doing crime, you know					
you will go to prison sometime	. 1	2	3	4	
In court, no one really looks out					
for the defendant's rights	,	5			
and and and and a agriculture of	. 1	2 ·	3	4	
Men who are really good at crime					
never seriously think about going					
straight	. 1	2	3	4	
Paginage of January				•	
Because of insurance, no one is	_				
really hurt by property crimes	. 1	2	3	4	
When you've figured it out, doing					
prison time is not too hard	. 1	2	9	4.	
	•	4	3.	4	
Crime is the easiest way to get					
What you want:	. 1	2	3	4	

MODULE B

VARIABLE BIA - BIP (cont.)

NOTES (B1A - B1P)

Administrators were instructed not to interpret for respondents.

A high incidence of multiple coding occurred due to poor reading/eyesight.

Respondents commented that answer would depend on who was meant by "someone".

(B10) Respondents who had not served previous prison terms did not know how to answer. SOURCES

Training Manual.

Field Experience.

Field Experience.

Field Experience.

VARIABLE B2A-B20

2. Here is a list of things that can happen in a person's life. What are the chances each of these things would happen to you from doing crimes? (Circle one number next to each thing listed.)

	No Chance	Low Chance	Even Chance	High Chance	Certain	
Having friends	1	2	3	4	5	
Being bored	1	2	3	. 4	5	
Having money for necessities	1	2	3	4	5	
Getting arrested	1	2	3	4	5	
High living	1	2	3	4	5	
Having worries	1	2	3	4	5	
Owning expensive things	1	2	3	4	5	
Having hassles	1	2	3	4	5	
Being my own man	1	2	3	4	5	
Having people look down	•		_	·	•	
on me	1	2	3	4	5	
Having a lot of money	1	2	3	4	5	
Going to prison for years.	1	2	3	4	5	
Having a family	1	2	3	4	5	
Getting injured or killed	1	2	3	4	5	
Being happy	1	2	3	4	5	

NOTES

Respondents had difficulty predicting results from their criminal behavior.

Field Experience.

SOURCE

A high incidence of multiple coding occurred due to poor reading/eyesight.

Field Experience.

V	ARIABLE B3-84
3.	In the past, how many of the good things in the above list happened to you from doing crime?
4.	All of them Most of them Some of them A few of them None None In the past, how many of the bad things in the above list happened to you from doing crime?
	All of them Most of them Some of them A few of them None

CODES

All of them..... 1 Most of them..... 2 A few of them..... 4 None..... 5 SOURCE

PKE Guide.

VARIABLE B5A-B50

5. Here is the same like of things that can happen in a person's life.
What are the chances ch of these would happen to you if you did not do crimes? (Circle one number next to each thing listed.)

	No Chance	Low Chance	Even Chance	High Chance	Certain
Having friends	1	2	3	4	5
Being bored	1	2	3	4	5
Having money for necessities	1	2	3	4	5
Getting arrested	1	2	3	, ,	5
High living	1	2	3	4	5
Having worries	1	2	3	4	5
Owning expensive things	1	2	3	4	•
Having hassles	1	2	3	•	5
Being my own man	1	2	3	4	5
Having people look down on me	1	2	3	4	5
Having a lot of money	1	2	3	4	5
Going to prison for	•	2	3	4	5
years	1	2	3	4	5
Having a family	1	2	3	4	5
Getting injured or				~	:
killed	1	2	3	4	5
Being happy	. 1	2	3	4	5
killed	_			4	5

NOTES

SOURCE

Respondents had difficulty predicting results from their criminal behavior.

Field Experience.

A high incidence of multiple coding occurred due so poor reading/eyesight.

VARIABLE B6-B7
6. In the past, how many of the good things in the above list happened to you when you were not doing crime.
All of them Most of them Some of them A few of them None 7. In the past, how many of the bad things in the above list happened to you when you were not doing crime?
All of them Most of them Some of them A few of them None
CODES SOURCE
All of them
VARIABLE B8
8. Overall, in the past, how successful do you think you were in doing crime?
Very Successful Somewhat Successful Somewhat Unsuccessful Very Unsuccessful

(C)

VARIABLE B9-B11

9. What do you think the chances are that you will try to make it going straight when you get out? (Circle the number that is your answer.)

0Z No	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	100%
Chance	c	Low Chance		Some Chance		Good Chance		High Chance		Completely Certain

10. What do you think the chances are that you will actually make it going straight on the outside? (Circle the number that is your answer.)

	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	1000
No Chance		Low Chance		Some Chance		Good Chance		High Chance		100% Completely Certain

11. What do you think the chances are that you will end up back in prison or jail after you get out? (Circle the number that is your answer.)

0% 10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	100%
No Chance	Low Chance		Some Chance		Good Chance		High Chance		Completely Certain

NOTES

SOURCES

(B9-B11)

If more than one response was circled, the editor coded the midpoint.

PKE Guide.

(B9, B10)

Respondents had difficulty understanding distinction between B9 and B10.

Field Experience.

(811)

Respondents had difficulty understanding where the answer should appear.

Field Experience.

MODULE C

NOTES

SOURCES

These questions were designed to help the respondent identify and think about the period of time (measurement period) to be referred to in the rest of Part C.

Rand.

This section was very difficult for respondents to follow. Most of them required assistance from the session administrators who helped as many respondents as asked, and also checked calendars whenever possible. Field Experience.

During PKE, editors had detailed specifications for checking the street months data in the survey and on the calendar.

Rand.

VARIABLE C1

1. The next section will be about the time before you were arrested for your present term. There is a blue card with a calendar on it. The instructions on this page tell you how to fill it out. Raise your hand if you have any trouble filling it out.

NOTE

SOURCE

See Appendix A for copy of calendar.

Rand.

VARIABLE C2 - C2YR

2. For the sentence you are now serving, in what year were you arrested? (If you were arrested several times for this sentence, use the earliest arrest.)

Year Arrested:

Write that year where it says "Year Arrested" on the calendar.

NOTES

SOURCES

If respondent had a technical parole revocation, he was supposed to go back to his arrest for the original crime.

Training Manual.

If questionnaire was blank and the calendar was filled in, the data from the calendar was transferred to the questionnaire.

PKE Guide; Policy decision.

This variable is not included on the data tape, to help protect anonymity of respondents.

Rand.

VARIABLE C3

3. In what month of that year was that arrest?

Month Arrested:

Write "arrested" on the calendar in that month (for the "Year Arrested" line.)

NOTE

N

SOURCE

This variable is not included on the data tape, Rand. to help protect anonymity of respondents.

~ ~

Ž,

VARIABLE C4-C5

- 4. Now, draw a line through all the months after that month (to the end of the year).
- You will not be asked about anything that happened in the months you drew the line through.

NOTE

SOURCE

These questions do not produce responses.

Rand.

VARIA	BLE	C6YR
-------	-----	------

6. What was the year before you were arrested?

Year Before Arrested:

Write that year on the calendar where it says "Year Before Arrested".

NEW CODE

SOURCE

Rand.

This variable is not included on the data tape, to help protect anonymity of respondents.

VARIABLE C7	
7. During all the months on the calenda (including both years) were you ever	ar <u>before</u> you were arrested r locked up for a month or more?
NO 1 TES	Put X's in all the months when you were locked up. (If you can't remember exactly, think about the time of year it was and put X's in the number of months you were locked up around that time of year.)
NEW CODES	SOURCES
Assume No (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response.)	PKE Guide.
verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
NOTES	
LOCKED UP: Including pretrial detention, be not a non-secure hospital or half-way hous	ut Training Manual.
MONTH: Two weeks or more was counted as o month. Less than two weeks was not.	
If questionnaire was blank and the calendar was filled in, the data from the calendar was transferred to the questionnaire.	PKE Guide; Policy decision.

VARIABLE C8-C10					
8.	. Now look at the calendar. All the blank boxes (without X's or lines) are months when you were on the street before you were arrested.				
9.	Count all the blank boxes. How many months was that? Months				
10.	You will be asked about these months and also about the month you marked "Arrested". To get the total of these months, add one month and write the total here. Total Street Months				

NOTES	SOURCES
(C8 - C10) If questionnaire was blank and the calendar was filled in, the data from the calendar was transferred to the questionnaire.	Policy decision.
(C9) A few respondents were incarcerated during all these months—their answer would be 0 months.	Training Manual.
(C10) Some discrepancies occurred between calendar information and the response to C10.	Policy Decision.

VARIABLE C11

11. Write this total number in the box on the calendar where it says "STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR". You will need this number in answering the next questions.

NOTE

SCURCE

Usually if respondent had incorrectly totaled the "street months" at C10 the administrator assisting would be sure he corrected the total in the box on the calendar.

Field Experience.

VARIABLE C12

12. Underneath the month marked "Arrested," write "Include month."

This will remind you to include this month in your answers.

VARIABLE CZD

Calendar "street months" were calculated by editor.

This is a post-fieldwork created variable.

NOTE

SOURCE

The calculated correct number was entered by the editor when total in the calendar box and the total at ClO were discrepant.

PKE Guide.

VARIABLE CZE

Calendar box "Total Street Months" were calculated by editor.

This is a post-fieldwork created variable.

SOURCE

Whenever amount in calendar box differed from that at ClO the editor transferred the calendar box data to CZE.

Rand.

The next questions are about the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR (including the month you were arrested). These are the months on the calendar that do not have X's or lines in them.					
VARIABLE C13, CZA					
13. Were you in the military service at all during this time?					
NO 1 YES 2 Write "service" on the calendar months when you were in the service.					
CZA. Indication of military service from calendar. This is a post-fieldwork created variable.					
CODES (CZA)	SOURCES				
"Service" was not written on calendar 0 "Service" was written on calendar 1	PKE Guide.				
NOTE					
MILITARY SERVICE: Active duty.	Training Manual.				

त्रभावतः वर्षात्रभावतः । अध्यक्षम्भवत् । युद्धः द्वाराष्ट्रभावतः स्वरं अवर भागाः । भागाः स्वरं श्रीतः अपूर्णाः स्वरं द्वाराष्ट्रभावतः । भागाः । स्वरं स्वरं त्रभावतः । त्रभावतः वर्षात्रभावतः । स्वरं वर्षात्रभावतः । स्वरं वर्षात्रभावतः । स्वरं वर्षा

VARIABLE C14A-C14B, CZB	
14. Were you in the hospital for a month or mo	re?
NO 🔲 1 YES 🔲 2 🏓	How many months was that?
	Months
	Write "hospital" on the calendar months when you were in the hospital.
CZB. Indication of stay in hospital from cale. This is a post-fieldwork created variable	endar. e.
NEW CODE	SOURCES
(C14A) Assumed Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
CODES	
(CZB) "Hospital" was not written on calendar ("Hospital" was written on calendar	O PKE Guide. 1
NOTES	
Some respondents may have included stays in the prison hospitals.	Field Experience.
HOSPITAL: MENTAL HOSPITALS INCLUDED.	Training Manual.

£2,2

VARIABLE C15, CZC				
15. Were you going to school regularly during this time?				
NO D YES D Write Sonths school	"school" on the calendar when you were going to			
CZC. Indication of school attendance from calendary This is a post-fieldwork created variable.	ar.			
CODES	SOURCE			
(CZC) "School" was not written on calendar 0 "School" was written on calendar 1	PKE Guide.			
NOTES (C15, CZC)				
SCHOOL: Vocational and/or trade school	Training Manual.			
Some respondents answered yes even if only taking one course.	Field Experience.			
VARIABLE C16A - C16B				
16. Think about all the different places you lived during the street months on the calendar. Did you move from one city or town to another?				
NO D YES D How	many different cities or ms did you live in?			
	cities/towns			
NEW CODES	SOURCE			
(C16A) Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.			
(C16B) A couple, a few, several, very little 94 A lot, many, often 96 All, everytime 98	PKE Guide.			
NOTE				
(C16B) Many respondents indicated that they moved often within the same city. In some cases intra-city moves were probably mistakenly coded at C16B.	Field Experience.			

The state of the s

VARIABLES C17-C20				
17.	. During the street months on the calendar did you have any jobs? (Include work release jobs.)			
	YES □1 NO □2 → go on to next page →			
18.	During how many of these months did you work?			
	Months			
19.	During these months, how many different jobs dil you have?			
	Jobs			
20.	About how much did you make per month from these jobs?			
	\$Per month			

\$Per month	
NEW CODES	SOURCE
(C17) Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
(C18, C19) A couple, a few, several, very little 94 All, everytime 98	PKE Guide.
(C20) A lot	PKE Guide.
NOTES	
(C18) Many respondents indicated that they couldn't remember how many months they had worked due to sporadic employment.	Field Experience.
(C19) Respondents also included short-term and/or temporary jobs.	Field Experience.
(C20) Analysts should expect this figure to be very rough if respondent had many short-term jobs.	Rand:
Monthly earnings were based on 160 hours per month.	PKE Guide; Policy decision.

"street months on the calendar".	y for your			
ARIA BLE C21				
21. During how many of the street months on the calendar were you marrie or living with a girlfriend?				
Mor	ths			
NEW CODES	SOURCES			
A couple, a few, several, very little 94 Most	PKE Guide.			
NOTES				
Respondent assumed question meant "married and living with spouse".	Field Experience.			
Many respondents totaled number of months married not "street months married".	Field Experience.			
RIABLE C22				
ARIABLE C22 22. During these months, did you drink heavily, a drinking problem?	get drunk often, or have			
22. During these months, did you date hearts	get drunk often, or have			
22. During these months, did you drink heavily, a drinking problem?	·			
22. During these months, did you drink heavily, a drinking problem?] ₂ NO			
NEW CODE Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s)] ₂ NO			

VARIABLE C23				
23. Did you use drugs at all during the months on the street? (Don't count prescribed drugs or marijuana.)				
1 YES	□ 2 No pgo on to next page			
NEW CODES	SOURCE			
Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.			
VARIABLE C24				
24. During how many of these months did you marijuana?	use drugs other than			
Every month Most months About half the months Sometimes, but less than half the months Hardly ever				
CODES	SOURCES			
Every month	PKE Guide.			
NEW CODE				
No or none 0	PKE Guide.			
NOTES If respondents gave a range, the editor calculated the midpoint and rounded to an even number before selecting the appropriate code				
Prescription drugs were not supposed to be included.	Training Manual.			

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CONTINUED 10F3

VARIABLE C25A - C25C

25. During the months when you were using drugs, how often would you say you usually used each of the drugs listed below? (Circle one number for each drug.)

_					
	Did not use at all	A few times a month	A few times · a week	Everyday or almost everyday	More than once a day
Heroin/Methadone	0	1	•		
Barbiturates/downers/	_	•	2	3	4
"reds"	0	1	2	,	.
Amphetamines/uppers/			·	ی	4
"whites"	0	1	2	3	4
				_	7

NOTE

SOURCE

Many respondents had difficulty answering this question because their usage varied.

Field Experience.

VARIABLE C26

26. If you used heroin, about how much money did you spend on it in a typical day when you used it? (If you did not use heroin at all, write 0.)

NOTE

SOURCE

"Typical day" was difficult to calculate because usage varied so much.

Field Experience.

VARIABLE C27

27. If you used pills, (uppers or downers) about how many did you take in a typical day when you used them? (If you didn't use pills at all, write 0.)

Pills

	NEW CODES		•	SOURCES
•	A couple, a few, several, very little A lot, many, often All, everytime Ninety-nine or more	96 98		PKE Guide

NOTE

Field Experience. "Typical day" was difficult to calculate because usage varied so much.

VARIABLE C28A - C28V					
28. During the street months on the calendar, which of the following best describe the way you thought of yourself? (Check all that apply)					
Car thief	Family man				
Booster	Drug dealer				
Thief	Drug user/addict				
Working man	Alcoholic/drunk				
☐ Misfit	Forger/check passer				
Burglar	Non criminal/straight				
Fighter/street fighter	Violent person				
Conman	Robber				
Gang member	Bad tempered				
Fence	<pre>Player</pre>				
Problem drinker	Other, what?				
NEW CODES	SOURCES				
Individualistic statements, e.g., "Me," "just me," "a person enjoying himself," "Just a man trying to make it,"	PKE Guide.				
Respondents were supposed to define the terms themselves.	Training Manual.				
Blanks were recoded to zero. Code 7 at C28V is illegitimate.	PKE Guide. Rand.				

The next questions are also only about the STR Look at the calendar to help you remember what months. These are months that do not have X's VARIABLE CAL	ADD MCT CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR
I. 1. During the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALEND (Count any time that you broke into a in order to take something.)	AR did you do any burglaries? house or a car or a business
YES D ₁ NO D ₂	⇒ go on to page 18
NEW CODES	SOURCES
Assume Yes, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's	PKE Guide.
verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
NOTES	
BURGLARIES: Break-ins with intent to commit a felony.	Training Manual.
Many respondents were not clear about the distinction between burglary, robbery and theft.	Field Experience.

VARIABLE CA2, CA2A, CA3	
2. In all, how many burglaries did you	ı do?
3. Look at the total street months on the calendar. During how many of those months did you do one or more burglaries? Months	1 TO 10 How many? Burglaries go on to next page
CODES	SOURCES
(CA2) 11 or more	PKE Guide.
NEW CODES	
<pre>(CA2) Assume ll or more, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s),</pre>	PKE Guide.
or respondent's verbatim response 3 Assume 1 to 10, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response 4	PKE Guide.
(CA2A, CA3)	• Park and the second of the s
A couple, a few, several, very little. 94 All, everytime	PKE Guide.
(CA3) 5.5EE 6.5FF	PKE Guide.
NOTE	
(CA2A, CA3) If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.

VARIABLE CA4A-CA4I	
4. In the months when you did burglaries, how often did you usually do them?	
(CHECK ONE BOX)	
EVERYDAY OR How many ALMOST EVERYDAY Per day?	How many days - a week usually?
SEVERAL TIMES How many A WEEK — per week?	
EVERY WEEK OR How many ALMOST EVERY WEEK per month?	
LESS THAN How many EVERY WEEK — per month?	
CODES	SOURCES
(CA4A,D,F,H) Everyday or almost everyday	PKE Guide.
NEW CODES (CA4E,G,I) 0-1 crimes per week/month	PKE Guide.
(CA4E,E,G,I) A Couple, a few, several, very little 94 A lot, many, often 96 All, everytime 98 Ninety-nine or more 99	PKE Guide.
NOTES	
(CA4B,E,G,I) When respondent recorded a range as his answer the editor calculated the exact midpoint of the range, or, the range itself was recorded if the midpoint could not be recorded where the range appeared. If the exact midpoint was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint	PKE Guide. Policy decision.

0.43

6.27

VARIABLE CA4A-CA41 (cont.)

NOTES (cont.)

was coded using the alpha character equivalent to the number, (i.e., 1.5 = A; 2.5 = B; 3.5 = C; etc. up to 26.5 = Z). If the midpoint was greater than 26.5 the coder used special rules for coding the exact range in spare columns available after Question E6. First, the coder entered "RR" in the card/column fields where the range appeared. Then after Question E6 he used card 10, columns 39-40 (Variable XA1) for card number and columns 41-42 (Variable XB1) to enter the column numbers where the range occurred. On card 10, columns 43-45 (Variable XC1) the coder entered the low number of the range, and in columns 46-48 (Variable XD1) entered the high number of the range. This procedure could be repeated using remaining columns in card 10 (variables XA2-XD4) to record up to a maximum of 4 different ranges per Section CA-CJ.

(CA4C) If a range was given at "how many days a week usually," the exact midpoint was coded (e.g., "4-6" = 5). If the exact midpoint was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint was coded by using the alpha character equivalent to the number, i.e.,

1.5 = A; 2.5 = B; 3.5 = C; 4.5 = D; 5.5 = E;

SOURCES

PKE guide; Policy decision.

ARIABLE CAS		
5. How many of these burglaries were you arrested for? .(Include all on the times you were arrested for doing a burglary even if you were charged with something else.)		
Arrests for	burglaries	
NEW CODES	SOURCES	
A couple, a few, several, very little	PKE Guide.	
NOTES		
Coding ranges: When either number in the range was 10 or less, the editor coded the range exactly by using alpha characters equivalent to the numbers, i.e., $1 = A$, $10 - J$, (e.g., $4-7 = DG$). If either number was greater than 10, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide: Policy decision.	

	VA	RIA	BLE (CA6				V-
	6.	How	many	burglaries	were store	s or other	businesses?	
						None		
						A few		
						Most		
						All		
********	!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!		-				·	was the state of t
	COL	DES					COURTE	

None..... 1 PKE Guide. A few..... 2 Most...... 3

All..... 4

VARIABLE CAT		
X .	e into place fake) or kn	s to do a burglary, how often did ife or other weapon?
	, All t	he time
		of the time
	and the same of th	half the time
		of the time
	5 Once	
	G Never	•
VARIABLE CASA - CASE		•
8. What kind of weapon did y	ou <u>usually</u>	carry? (Check all that apply)
	, Never	carried weapon
	Hand gr	
	☐ Knife	
	Rifle/S	Shotgun
	Other,	what kind?
NEW CODES		SOURCES
(CASE)	•4'	
Blunt objects		PKE Guide.
(e.g., razor)	m.	
NOTE		1
If no response, the variable is blank.		Rand.
(CA8B)		
Code 2 is illegitimate.		Rand.

ARIABLE CA9A - CA9B				
9. While you were doing a burglary, did you ever run into someone-that is did you ever find someone inside a place or have someone find you?				
		NO 1 YES	How many times?	
NEW	CODES	****	SOURCES	
Åss T	espondent's ansubsequent quest	r judgment based on wer to previous or ion(s), or respondent's e)	PKE Guide.	
À	opb) couple, a few, lot, many, often	several, very little	94 96 PKE Guide.	
NOI (CA	TE A9B)			
lf	respondent gave	e a range, the editor cod ling to an even number.	ed PKE Guide; Policy decision.	

6:3

VARIABLE CB1	
II. 1. During the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR did That is did you hold up a store, gas station, business?	you rob any businesses? , bank, taxi or other
YES □1 NO □2 \$ GO O	n to page 20
NEW CODES	SOURCES
Assume Yes, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
verbatim response)4	PKE Guide.
NOTES	
ROB ANY BUSINESS: Taking something from someone in a business with force or threat of force.	Training Manual.
Business and personal robberies were difficult for respondents to distinguish.	Field Experience.

Water to

VARIABLE CB2, CB2A-CB3	
2. In all, how many businesses did	you rob?
3. Look at the total street months on the calendar. During how many of those months did you rob one or more businesses?	1 TO 10 How many? Business Robberies go on to next page
Months	

CODES (CB2)	SOURCE
11 or more 1 1 to 10 2	PKE Guide.
NEW CODES	
Assume 11 or more (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)4	PKE Guide.
(CB2A-CB3)	
All, everytime	PKE Guide.
(CB3) 5.5 months EE	

	VARIABLE CB4A-CB41		
	4. In the months when you did business robberies, how often did you usually do them?		
	(CHECK ONE BOX)		
	EVERYDAY OR		
	ALMOST EVERYDAY Per day?	How many days a week usually?	
	SEVIRAL TIMES A WEEK How many per week?	7	
	EVERY WEEK OR ALMOST EVERY WEEK per month?	7	
	LESS THAN EVERY WEEK How many per month?		
	CODES (CB4A,D,F,H)	SOURCES	
	Everyday or almost everyday	Dire o	
	Every week	PKE Guide.	
	Less than every week		
	Nome		
•	NOTES	SOURCES	
	(CB4B, E, G, I) When respondent many in		
	When respondent recorded a range as his answer the editor calculated the exact midpoint of the range, or, the range decads	PKE Guide,	
	if the midpoint could not be recorded where	Policy decision.	
.	was 2 digits (e.g. WE (WE CARCE Midpoint	•	
	equivalent to the		
	If the midnostre and up to 20.5 = Z).		
	coder used special and steater than 26.5 the		
	after Ouestion To Columns available		
	entered "RR" in the coder		
	where the range appeared. Then after		

VARIABLE CB4A-CB4I (cont.)

NOTES (cont.)

SOURCES

Question E6 he used card 10, columns 39-40 (Variable XA1) for card number and columns 41-42 (Variable XB1) to enter the column numbers where the range occurred. On card 10, columns 43-45 (Variable XC1) the coder entered the low number of the range, and in columns 46-48 (Variable XD1) entered the high number of the range. This procedure could be repeated using remaining columns in card 10 (variables XA2-XD4) to record up to a maximum of 4 different ranges per Section CA-CJ.

(CB4C)

If a range was given at "how many days a week usually?," the exact midpoint was coded (e.g., "4-6" = 5). If the exact midpoint was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint was coded by using the alpha character equivalent to the number, i.e., 1.5 = A;

2.5 = B; 3.5 =C; 4.5 = D; 5.5 = E; 6.5 = F.

PKE Guide, Policy decision.

VARIABLE CB5

5. How many of these robberies were you arrested for? (Include all of the times you were arrested for robbing a business even if you were charged with something else.)

Arrests for business robberies

NEW CODE

SOURCES

All, everytime...... 98

PKE Guide.

NOTES

Coding ranges: When either number in the range was 10 or less, the editor coded the range exactly by using alpha characters equivalent to the numbers, i.e., $1 \approx A$, 10 - J, (e.g., $4-7 \approx DG$). If either number was greater than 10, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.

PKE Guide, Policy decision.

A

VARIABLE CB6			
When you robbed a bu to threaten or injur	siness, how often did e someone?	you carry or use a w	eapon
!	, All the time		
	Host of the time	•	
	About half the ti	me	
	Some of the time		
	Never		
			· ·
VARIABLE CB7A-CB7E			
7. What kind of weapon	did you usually carry	or use? (Check all:	that apply)
1	Never used weapon		
	Hand gun		
	☐ Knife		
	Rifle/Shotgun		
	Other, what kind?		
NEW CODES	•		
(CB7E)		SOURCES	
Blunt objects		PKE Guide.	
Fake gun (e.g., BB gun,	Bir gun,	•	•
and Zip gum)	4		
NOTE			
If no response, the var	iahle	Rand.	
is blank.	:	Maria.	

/ARI ABLE	CC1		
111. 1.	any muggings, street robbers someone's house or car? ()	ring the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR did you rob any persons, do muggings, street robberies, purse snatches, or hold-ups in meone's house or car? (Do not include any business robberies or downward during a burglary that you already mentioned.)	
• .	YES	No □ page 22	
NEW CODES	S	SOURCES	
Assume Ye	es, (Editor judgment based or	PKE Guide.	

NOTES

Many respondents were confused between burglary and theft.

Assume No, (Editor judgment based on

Field Experience.

PKE Guide.

Business and personal robberies were difficult for respondent's to distinguish.

Field Experience.

1

VARIABLE CC2, CC2A, CC3	
2. In all, how many robberies did	you do?
3. Look at the total street months on the calendar. During how many of those months did you rob someone? Months	1 TO 10 How many? Robberies go on to next page
CODES (CC2) 11 or more	SOURCE PKE Guide.
NEW CODES	
(CC2) Assume 11 or more, (Editor judgme on respondent's answer to previsubsequent question(s), or responseim response)	ous or ondent's
respondent's answer to previous subsequent question(s), or resp verbatim response)	Or Ordentie
(CC2A, CC3) A couple, a few, several, very li All, everytime	ttle 94 PKE Guide.
NOTE	en e
(CC2A, CC3) If respondent gave a range, the entire the midpoint, rounding to an even	litar coded

	والمراب والمستون والم				
VARIA	ABLE CC4A - CC41				
- 4.	In the months when how often did you robbing businesses	you robbed someone do it (don't includ)?	:, le		
	(CHEC	K ONE BOX)			
	EVERYDAY OR ALMOST EVERYDAY	How many per day?		How many days - a week usually?	
	SEVERAL TIMES A WEEK	How many per week?		•	
	EVERY WEEK OR ALMOST EVERY WEEK	How many per month?			
	LESS THAN EVERY WEEK	How many per month?			•
60	NFC .			SOURCES	
	DES C4A,D,F,H)			•	
Se Ev	eryday or almost ev veral times a week. eryweek ess than every week.		1	PKE Guide.	
N	EW CODES				
A	CC4B,E,G,I) couple, a few, sev lot, many, often ll, every time		96	PKE Guide.	
. N	IOTES				
t t t	(CC4B,E,G,I) Then respondent recording the editor calculates the range, or, the range appeared. The range appeared. The range appeared.	ed the exact midpoin cange itself was red ld not be recorded to If the exact midpo	nt of corded where oint	PKE Guide. Policy decision.	

MOTES (cont.)

SOURCES

-68-

was coded using the alpha character equivalent to the number, (i.e., 1.5 = A; 2.5 = B; 3.5 = C; etc. up to 26.5 = Z). If the midpoint was greater than 26.5 the coder used special rules for coding the exact range in spare columns available after Question E6. First, the coder entered "RR" in the card/column fields where the range appeared. Then after Question E6 he used card 10, columns 39-40 (Variable XA1) for card number and columns 41-42 (Variable XB1) to enter the column numbers where the range occurred. On card 10, columns 43-45 (Variable XC1) the coder entered the low number of the range, and in columns 46-48 (Variable XD1) entered the high number of the range. This procedure could be repeated using remaining columns in card 10 (variables XA2-XD4) to record up to a maximum of 4 different ranges per Section CA-CJ.

(CC4C)

If a range was given at "how many days a week usually?," the exact midpoint was coded (e.g., "4-6" = 5). If the exact midpoint was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint was coded by using the alpha character equivalent to the number, i.e., 1.5 = A; 2.5 = B; 3.5 = C; 4.5 = D; 5.5 = E; 6.5 = F.

PKE Guide, Policy decision.

VARIABLE CC5

5. How many of these robberies were you arrested for? (Include-all of the times you were arrested for robbing a person even if you were charged

Arrests for robbing people

NOTES

Coding ranges: When either number in the range was 10 or less, the editor coded the range exactly by using alpha characters equivalent to the numbers, i.e., 1 = A, 10 - J, (e.g., 4-7 = DG). If either number was greater than 10, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.

SOURCES

PRE Guide, Policy decision.

PKE Guide.

VAR	I ABLE CC6
6.	When you robbed someone, how often did you carry a weapon or use a weapon to threaten or injure someone?
	All the time Most of the time About half the time Some of the time Once Never

VAR I	A BLE CC7A - CC7E
7.	What kind of weapon did you usually carry or use? (Check all that apply)
	Never used a weapon
	Hand gun
	Knife
	Rifle/Shotgun
	Other, what kind?
NEW	CODES

NOTE

(CC7E)

If no response, the variable is blank.

Rand.

() A

9777 1 10	CD1	
1v. 1. D	uring the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALEN omeone during a burglary (break-in)	DAR, did you ever hurt or kill or a robbery?
	YES 1 NO 2	▶ go on to. page 24
NEW CODES		SOURCES
responde subseque verbatin Assume No, responde subseque	ent's answer to previous or ent question(s), or respondent's response)	PKE Guide.
verbatim		
Verbatim NOTE		

VARIABLE CD2	
 Altogether during these months how many people did you hurt or kill during a burglary or robbery? 	
People	
NEW CODES	SOURCES
A couple, a few, several, very little	PKE Guide.
NOTES	
HURT: Injured seriously enough to go to hospital or doctor for treatment	Training Manual.
If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.
VARIABLE CD3A-CD3E	
3. What kind of weapon did you use to hurt or kill these people? (Check all that apply)	
No weapon/Bare hands	
Hand gun Kniře	
Rifle/Shotgun	
Other, what kind?	
NEW CODES	SOURCE
(CD3E) Blunt objects2	PKE Guide.
Sharp, cutting objects (e.g., razor)	

VARIABLE CD4 - CD4A	
4. Do you think that any of the people you injured might have died? If so, how many?	
YES 1 How many? People	
NO 2	
NEW CODE	
(CD4A)	SOURCE
(CD4A) All, everytime	SOURCE PKE Guide.
All, everytime	

NI :

NC :

The questions on this page DO NOT include things that happened during a robbery or burglary. Look at the calendar. Remember to answer for the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR. VARIABLE CEI			
1. Even if no one was hurt, during the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR did you assault someone, threaten someone with a weapon, shoot at someone, try to cut someone, or beat or strangle someone?			
YES □1 NO □2 ◆	go on to page 26		
NEW CODES	SOURCES		
Assume Yes, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.		
NOTE ASSAULT: Any actual or attempted, except during a robbery or burglary.	Training Manual.		

VARIABLE CE2-CE3

 Altogether, during those months how many times did you do these things? (Not during a burglary or robbery)

Times

 How many people did you injure or kill? (Not during a burglary or robbery)

People

*	
NEW CODES	SOURCES
A couple, a few, several, very little	PKE Gduie
If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide
(CE3) Code '9 ' (nine, blank) should be read as '09'.	Rand.

VARIABLE CE4

4. How many times were you arrested when you assaulted, threatened, shot at, tried to cut, or beat or strangled someone?

Arrests

NOTE

Coded ranges: When either number in the range was 10 or less, the editor coded the range exactly by using alpha characters equivalent to the numbers, i.e., 1=A, 10=J, (e.g., 4-7 = DG). If either number was greater than 10, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.

SOURCE

PKE Guide, Policy decision.

æ A

VARIABLE CE5	
5. When you did any of these thing	s, how often did you use a weapon?
·	\square_1 All the time
	About half the time
	Some of the time
	Once .
	Never
WARLARIE OFCA	
VARIABLE CE6A - CE6E	•
6. What kind of weapon did you use	? (Check all that apply)
	No weapon/Bare hands
	Hand gun
	Knife
	Rifle/Shotgun
	Other, what kind?
NEW CODES (CE6E)	SOURCES
Blunt objectsSharp, cutting objects	2 PKE Guide.
(e.g., razor)	3
Fake gun (e.g., BB gun, air gun, and zip gun)	in de la companya de La companya de la co

NOTE	
If no response, the variable is blank.	Rand.

7. Do you think that any person you hurt might have died? If so, it many persons?	low
YES How many? People	
NO D	
NEW CODE SOURCES (CE7)	
Assume Yes, (Editor judgment based on PKE Guide. respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	
If respondent gave a range, the editor coded PKE Guide. the midpoint rounding to an even number.	
NEW CODE (CE7A)	
A couple, a few, several, very little 94 All, everytime 98	

VARIABLE CF1	
VI. 1. During the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALEND boosting? That is, did you steal from lift, or pick pockets, or take somethic knowledge? (Do not include car theft.	a till or cash register, shown from someone without their
YES D ₁ NO D ₂	▶ go on to page 28
NEW CODES	SOURCES
Assume Yes, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
Assume No, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
NOTE	
THEFT: Taking something without breaking in or using threat or force.	Training Manual.

San Contractor

VARIABLE CF2, CF2A, CF3	
2. In all, how many thefts did you	do?
3. Look at the total street months on the calendar. During how many of those months did you do one or more thefts? Months	1 TO 10 How many? Thefts go on to next page ————
CODES	SOURCES
(CF2) 11 or more 1 to 10	
NEW CODES (CF2)	
Assume 11 or more, (Editor judgment on respondent's answer to previou subsequent question(s), or respon	s or dent's
verbatim response)	sed on PKE Guide. r dent's
(CF2A-CF3)	
A couple, a few, several, very litl A lot, many, often	96 98
NOTE	
(CF2A-CF3) If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.

VARIABLE CF4A-CF4I	
4. In the months when you did thefts, how often did you usually do them?	
(CHECK ONE BOX)	
EVERYDAY OR How many ALMOST EVERYDAY Per day?	How many days a week usually?
SEVERAL TIMES How many A WEEK per week?	
EVERY WEEK OR How many ALMOST EVERY WEEK per month?	
LESS THAN EVERY WEEK How many per month?	
CODES	SOURCES
(CF4A,D,F,H) Everyday or almost everyday	PKE Guide.
NEW CODES	
(CF4E,G,I) 0-1 crimes per week/month5	PKE Guide.
(CF4B, E, G, I)	
A couple, a few, several, very little 94 A lot, many, often 96 All, everytime 98	PKE Guide.
Ninety-nine or more	the transfer of the second
(CF4B,E,G,I)	
When respondent recorded a range as his answer the editor calculated the exact midpoint of the range, or, the range itself was recorded if the midpoint could not be recorded where the range appeared. If the exact midpoint was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint	PKE Guide, Policy decision.

VARIABLE CF4A-CF4I(cont.)

NOTES (cont.)

SOURCES

was coded using the alpha character equivalent to the number, (i.e., 1.5 = A; 2.5 = B; 3.5 = C; etc. up to 26.5 = Z). If the midpoint was greater than 26.5 the coder used special rules for coding the exact range in spare columns available after Question E6. First, the coder entered "RR" in the card/column fields where the range appeared. Then after Question E6 he used card 10, columns 39-40 (Variable XA1) for card number and columns 41-42 (Variable XB1) to enter the column numbers where the range occurred. On card 10, columns 43-45 (Variable XC1) the coder entered the low number of the range, and in columns 46-48 (Variable XD1) entered the high number of the range. This procedure could be repeated using remaining columns in card 10 (variables XA2-XD4) to record up to a maximum of 4 different ranges per Section CA-CJ.

(CF4C)

If a range was given at "how many days a week usually?," the exact midpoint was coded (e.g., "4-6" code 5). If the exact midpoint was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint was coded by using the alpha character equivalent to the number, i.e., 1.5 = A; 2.5 = B; 3.5 =C; 4.5 = D; 5.5 = E; 6.5 = F.

PKE Guide; Policy decision.

VARIABLE CF5

5. How many of these thefts were you arrested for? (Include all of the times you were arrested for doing a theft even if you were charged with something else.)

Arrests for Thefts NEW CODES SOURCES A couple, a few, several, very little..... 94 PKE Guide. NOTE Coding ranges: When either number in the range was 10 or less, the editor coded the PKE Guide, range exactly by using alpha characters Policy decision. equivalent to the numbers, i.e. 1 = A, 10 = J, (e.g., 4-7 = DG). If either number was greater than 10, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number. Code ' 2' (blank, two) should be read Rand. as '02'.

VARIABLE CG1	
VII. 1. During the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDA trucks or motorcycles?	AR did you steal any cars
YES 1 NO 2	go on to page 30
NEW CODES	SOURCES
Assume Yes, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
Assume No, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PRE Guide.
NOTE	
"Tow miding" was supposed to be included.	Training Manual.

Ç.

VARIABLE O.A.	
VARIABLE CG2, CG2A, CG3	
2. In all, how many times did you steal a motorcycle;?	vehicle (a car, truck or
3. Look at the total street months on the calendar. During how many of those months did you steal one	Vehicle Thefts In to next page
CODES	001
(CG2)	SOURCE
11 or more 1 1 to 10 2	PKE Guide.
NEW CODES (CG2)	
Assume 11 or more, (Editor judgment based On respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
Assume 1 to 10, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
(CG2A, CG3) A couple, a few several	
A couple, a few, several, very litle 94 All, everytime 98 Ninety-nine or more 99	PKE Guide.
NOTE (CG2A, CG3)	
If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
VARIABLE CG4A - CG4I	
4. In the months when you stole a vehicle, how <u>often</u> did you usually steal one?	
(CHECK ONE BOX)	
EVERYDAY OR How many ALMOST EVERYDAY Per day?	How many days a week usually?
SEVERAL TIMES How many A WEEK Per week?	
EVERY WEEK OR How many ALMOST EVERY WEEK Per month?	
LESS THAN How many EVERY WEEK Per month?	
CODES	SOURCES
(CG4A,D,F,H) Everyday or almost everyday	PKE Guide.
NEW CODES	
(CG4E,G,I) 0-1 crimes per week/month	PKE Guide.
(CG4,B,E,G,I) A couple, a few, several, very little 94 A lot, many, often 96 All, everytime 98 Ninety-nine or more 99	PKE Guide.
NOTES (CG4B,E,G,I) When respondent recorded a range as his enswer the editor calculated the exact midpoint of the range, or, the range itself was recorded if the midpoint could not be recorded where the range appeared. If the exact midpoint was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint	PKE Guide, Policy decision.

VARIABLE CG4A - CG4I (cont.)

NOTES (cont.)

was coded using the alpha character equivalent to the number, (i.e., 1.5 = A; 2.5 = B; 3.5 = C; etc. up to 26.5 = Z). If the midpoint was greater than 26.5 the coder used special rules for coding the exact range in spare columns available after Question E6. First, the coder entered "RR" in the card/column fields where the range appeared. Then after Question E6 he used card 10, columns 39-40 (Variable XA1) for card number and columns 41-42 (Variable XB1) to enter the column numbers where the range occurred. On card 10, columns 43-45 (Variable XC1) the coder entered the low number of the range, and in columns 46-48 (Variable XD1) entered the high number of the range. This procedure could be repeated using remaining columns in card 10 (variables XA2-XD4) to record up to a maximum of 4 different ranges per Section CA-CJ.

(CG4C)

. . . .

If a range was given at "how many days a week usually?," the exact midpoint was coded (e.g., "4-6" = 5). If the exact midpoint was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint was coded by using the alpha character equivalent to the number, i.e., 1.5 = A; 2.5 = B; 3.5 = C; 4.5 = D; 5.5 = E; 6.5 = F.

SOURCES

PKE Guide; Policy decision.

VARIABLE CG5

5. How many of these vehicle thefts were you arrested for? (Include all of the times you were arrested for stealing a vehicle, even if you were charged with something else.)

Arrests for vehicle thefts

NOTE

SOURCE

Coding ranges: when either number in the range was 10 or less, the editor coded the range exactly by using alpha characters equivalent to the numbers, i.e., 1=A, 10=J, (e.g. 4-7=DG). If either number was greater than 10, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.

PKE Guide; Policy decision.

V	Δ	Q	ı	Δ	R	ı	Ľ	CG6	
V	\sim	N	1,	M	D	L	L	LUC	

6.	When you	stole	vehicles	did	you	usually	sell	the	vehicle	or	its	parts

YES ,

ио 🔲 3

VARIABLE CHI	
VIII. 1. During the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDA use a stolen or bad credit card, or passes YES 1 NO [AR did you ever forge something, as a bad check? go on to page 32
NEW CODES	SOURCES
Assume Yes, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's	PKE Guide.
verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
NOTE	
Passing stolen checks was meant to be included.	Training Manual.

The first of the control of the cont

ARIABLE CH2,	CH2A, CH3		
	many times did you forge edit card, or pass a bac		
3. Look at the on the calen many of thos forge someth	OR MORE total street months dar. During how e months did you ing, use a bad or pass a bad Months	l to How m	
CODES			SOURCES
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		PKE Guide.
on responder subsequent of	more, (Editor judgment bant's answer to previous of the control of	or it's	PKE Guide.
Assume 1 to 10 respondent's subsequent 0	sponse)	lom it's	PKE Guide.
A lot, many,	ew, several, very litle often r more	••••• 96	PKE Guide.
NOTES (CH2A, CH3)			PKE Guide.
	gave a range, the editoriounding to an even number		Alm Guade:
(CH2A)		1001	D. 1

Code '3 ' (3, blank) should be read as '03'.

VARI	ABLE CH4A - CH4	11	
4.	In the months when	you did forgeries,	
	(C	HECK ONE BOX)	
	EVERYDAY OR ALMOS: EVERYDAY	How many per day?	How many days a week usually?
	SEVERAL TIMES A WEEK	How many per week?	
	EVERY WEEK OR ALMOST EVERY WELF	How many per month?	
CODES	LESS THAN EVERY WEEK	How many per month?	
Everyd Severa Every v Less th NEW COI (CH4, E, 0-1 cri (CH4B, E A couple A lot, n All, eve Ninety-r	week han every week DES G,I) mes per week/month. ,G,I) e, a few, several, many, often erytime nine or more	very little 94	
the many was 2 dig was coded equivalen 2.5 = B; If the microder use exact rangefor one	pondent recorded a or calculated the se, or, the range it idpoint could not be appeared. If the sits (e.g., "5-6" a lusing the alpha chit to the number, (i 3.5 m C; etc. up to dpoint was greater d special rules for ge in spare columns stion E6. First, the or card/columns or calculated and card/columns.	e recorded where exact midpoint 5.5), the midpoint naracter l.e., 1.5 = A; 26.5 = Z). than 26.5 the coding the available	Policy decision.

VARIABLE CH4H - CH4I (cont.)

NOTES (cont.)

SOURCES

where the range appeared. Then after Question E6 he used card 10, columns 39-40 (Variable XA1) for card number and columns 41-42 (Variable XB1) to enter the column numbers where the range occurred. On card 10, columns 43-45 (Variable XC1) the coder entered the low number of the range, and in columns 46-48 (Variable XD1) entered the high number of the range. This procedure could be repeated using remaining columns in card 10 (variables XA2-XD4) to record up to a maximum of 4 different ranges per Section CA-CJ.

(CH4C)

If a range was given at "how many days a week usually?," the exact midpoint was coded (e.g., "4-6" = 5). If the exact midpoint was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint was coded by using the alpha character equivalent to the number, i.e., 1.5 = A; 2.5 = B; 3.5 =C; 4.5 = D; 5.5 = E; 6.5 = F.

PKE Guide; Policy decision.

VARIABLE CH5

5. How many of these forgeries, bad checks or credit cards were you arrested for? (Include all of the times you were arrested for doing one of these things even if you were charged with something else.)

Arrests

NEW CODES

SOURCE

PKE Guide.

NOTE

Coding ranges: When either number in the range was 10 or less, the editor coded the range exactly by using alpha characters equivalent to the numbers, i.e., 1=A, 10=J, (e.g. 4-7=D?). If either number was greater than 10, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.

PKE Guide; Policy decision.

VARIABLE CII	
IX. 1. During the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDA swindles (illegal cons) of a person, but	AR did you do any frauds or usiness, or the government?
YES D NO D	go on to page 34
NEW CODES	SOURCE
Assume Yes, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
Assume No, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.

VARIABLE C12, C12A, C13 2. In all, how many frauds or swi	ndles did you do?
3. Look at the total street months on the calendar. During how many of those months did you do one or more frauds or swindles? Months	1 TO 10 How many? Frauds or Swindles go on to next page

CODES	SOURCES
(CI2) 11 or more	PKE Guide.
NEW CODES	
(CI2) Assume 11 or more, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's	PKE Guide.
verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
(C12A, C13) A couple, a few, several, very little 94 All, everytime 98 Ninety-nine or more 99	PKE Guide.
NOTES	
(CI2A, CI3) If respondent gave a range, the editor coded	PKE Guide.

If respondent gave a range, the editor cout the midpoint, rounding to an even number.

VARIABLE CI4A-CI4I	
4. In the months when you did a fraud or swindle, how often did you usually do them?	
(CHECK ONE BOX)	
•	
ALMOST EVERYDAY Per day?	How many days a week usually?
SEVERAL TIMES A WEEK How many per week?	
EVERY WEEK OR How many ALMOST EVERY WEEK Per month?	
LESS THAN EVERY WEEK How many per month?	
CODES	SOURCES
(CI4A,D,F,H)	0001.025
Everyday or almost everyday	PKE Guide.
NEW CODES	
(CI4B)	
Alot, many, often	
NOTES	PKE Guide.
(07/2	
(CI4B, E, G, I) When respondent manners	•
When respondent recorded a range as his answer the editor calculated the exact midpoint of the range, or, the range density	PKE Guide,
	Policy decision.
the range appeared. To all recorded where	
was coded using the midpoint	**************************************
equivalent to the number, (i.e., 1.5 = A;	
If the midnoing area up to 25.5 = 2).	,
coder used special mit an 26.5 the	
exact range in spare columns available	
entered "RR" in the coder	
where the range appeared. Then after	
Question E6 he used card 10, columns 39-40 (Variable MAI) for card number	

VARIABLE C14A - C141 (cont.)

NOTES (cont.)

and columns 41-42 (Variable XB1) to enter the column numbers where the range occurred. On card 10, columns 43-45 (Variable XC1) the coder entered the low number of the range, and in columns 46-48 (Variable XD1) entered the high number of the range. This procedure could be repeated using remaining columns in card 10 (variables XA2-XD4) to record up to a maximum of 4 different ranges per Section CA-CJ.

PKE Guide; Policy decision.

SOURCES

(CI4C)

If a range was given at "how many days a week usually?," the exact midpoint was coded (e.g., "4-6" = 5). If the exact midpoint was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint was coded by using the alpha character equivalent to the number, i.e., 1.5 = A;

2.5 = B; 3.5 = C; 4.5 = D; 5.5 = E; 6.5 = F.

VARIABLE CI5

5. How many of these frauds or swindles were you arrested for? (Include all of the times you were arrested for doing a fraud or swindle even if you were charged with something else.)

___ Arrests for frauds or swindles

NOTES (CI5)

SOURCES

Coding ranges: When either number in the range was 10 or less, the editor coded the range exactly by using alpha characters equivalent to the numbers, i.e., l=A, 10=J, (e.g. 4-7=DG). If either number was greater than 10, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.

PKE Guide; Policy decision.

VARIABLE CJ1	
X. 1. During the SIREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR That is, did you make, sell, smuggle or	did you ever deal in drugs?
YES ☐ 1 NO ☐ ∠◆	go on to page 36
NEW CODES	SOURCES
Assume Yes, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
Assume No, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.

VARIABLE CJ2 - CJ3	
2. In all, how many drug deals did you do?	
3. Look at the total street months on the calendar. During how many of those months did you do one or more drug deals? Months	
	SOURCES
(CJ2) 11 or more	PKE Guide.
NEW CODES (CJ2) Assume 11 or more, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's	PKE Guide.
verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
(CJ2A, CJ3) A couple, a few, several, very little 94 Alot, many, often 96 All, every time 98 Ninety-nine or more 99	PKE Guide.
NOTES	
(CJ2A, CJ3) If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.

VARIABLE CJ4A - CJ4I	
4. In the months when you did drug deals how often did you usually do them?	
(CHECK ONE BOX)	
•	
ALMOST EVERYDAY Per day?	How many days a week usually?
SEVERAL TIMES A WEEK How many per week?]
EVERY WEEK OR How many ALMOST EVERY WEEK per month?	7
LESS THAN EVERY WEEK How many per month?	7 .
CODES	SOURCES
(CJ4A,D,F,H) Everyday or almost everydayl Several times a weekl Every weekl Less than every weekl	PKE Guide.
NEW CODES	
(CJ4E,G,I) 0-1 crimes per week/month	PKE Guide.
(CJ4B,E,G,I)	July July 1
A couple, a few, several, very little 94 Alot, many, often 96 All. everytime	PKE Guide.
All, everytime	
NOTES	
When respective	
When respondents answered "all day" in response to "How many per day" the "exceeds range" code "99" was used.	Policy decision.
(CJ4B,E,G,I) When respondent recorded a range as his answer the editor calculated the exact midpoint of	PKE Guide, Policy decision.
if the midpoint could not be recorded where the range appeared. If the exact midpoint was 2 digits (e.g. "E.f.")	

was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint

VARIABLE CJ4A - CJ41 (cont.)

NOTES (cont.)

SOURCES

was coded using the alpha character equivalent to the number, (i.e., 1.5 = A; 2.5 = B; 3.5 = C; etc. up to 26.5 = Z). If the midpulnt was greater than 26.5 the coder used special rules for coding the exact range in spare columns available after Question E6. First, the coder entered "RR" in the card/column fields where the range appeared. Then after Question E6 he used card 10, columns 39-40 (Variable XA1) for card number and columns 41-42 (Variable XB1) to enter the column numbers where the range occurred. On card 10, columns 43-45 (Variable XC1) the coder entered the low number of the range, and in columns 46-48 (Variable XD1) entered the high number of the range. This procedure could be repeated using remaining columns in card 10 (variables XA2-XD4) to record up to a maximum of 4 different ranges per Section CA-CJ.

If a range was given at "how many days a week usually?," the exact midpoint was coded

(e.g., "4-6" = 5). If the exact midpoint

was 2 digits (e.g., "5-6" = 5.5), the midpoint

was coded by using the alpha character equivalent to the number, i.e., 1.5 = A; 2.5 = B; 3.5 = C; 4.5 = D; 5.5 = E; 6.5 = F.

PKE Guide; Policy decision.

V.	AF	31	A	BL	E	CJ	5
----	----	----	---	----	---	----	---

5. How many of these drug deals were you arrested for?

Arrests for drugs

NOTES (CJ5)

SOURCE

SOURCE

PKE Guide.

PKE Guide.

Coding ranges; when either number in the range was 10 or less, the editor coded the range exactly by using alpha characters equivalent to the numbers, i.e., 1=A, 10=J, (e.g., 4-7 = DG). If either number was greater than 10, the editor coded the midpoint rounding to an even number.

PKE Guide, Policy decision.

VAR	ABLE CJ	5A - CJ61	Н				
				ou deal?	(Check <u>al</u>	<u>l</u> that appl	y.)
				Met Upp Down Coca Mar: PCP/	oin hadone ers ners aine ijuana 'Angel Dust		

VARIABLE CKIA - CKIN

M. 1. This is a list of reasons men have given for doing crimes. Go through the whole list and show how important each reason was for the crimes you did during the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR. (Circle a number for each reason.)

	Did Not Happen/Does Not Apply	Not Important At All	Slightly Important	Somewhat Important	Very Important
Losing your job	0	1	2	3	4
Heavy debts	0	1 .	2	3	4
Good opportunity	0 i	1	2	3	4
Couldn't get a job.	0	1	2	3	4
Revenge or anger	0	1	2	3	4
Excitement and kick	s. 0	1	2	3	4
To get money for go times and high living		1	2	3	4
Friends' ideas		1	2	3 .	4
To get money for drugs	0	1	2	3	4
To get money for rent, food, self support	0	. 1	2	3	4
Just felt nervous and tense	0	1	2	. 3	4
Blew up-lost your cool	0	1	2	3	4
Because you had taken drugs	0	1	2	3	4
Because you had bee drinking		1 .	2	3	4

SOURCE

NOT IMPORTANT AT ALL: Heppened, but not the reason for the crime.

Training Manual.

brief the second of the boundary of the

If no response, the variable

Acid, mescaline, hallucinogen.... 2 Opium..... 3

"Hashish" was coded with marijuana.

NEW CODES (CJ6H)

is blank,

NOTE

VARI	AE	Œ	CK2
------	----	---	-----

4.	Again look	at the	e calendar. total income	During	the	STREET	MONTHS	ON	THE	CATENDA
	NOW MITCH O	r your	total income	came :	for (crime?		0.1	*1112	CALENDAR

Less than 10% 10% to 25% 25% to 50%
10% to 25%
25% to 50%
More than half

VARIABLE CK3

3. In a typical month during the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR, about how much money did you make from all your crimes?

per	mont

	· .
NEW CODES	SOURCES
Very little	PKE Guide; Policy decision.
NOTES	
Coded by removing zeroes after decimal point and entering lead zeroes, e.g., "\$4.60" would be coded as "0004."	PKE Guide; Policy decision.

If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.

VARIABLE CK4A - CK41

. Look at the calendar. During th many times were you arrested for an arrest even if you did not ac for. (Check NONE if not arreste	each of tually do	the follow	ring cri	mes? Count
BURGLARY		arrests	OR	NONE CO
ROBBERY OR ARMED ROBBERY		arrests	OR	NONE
ASSAULT, AGGRAVATED ASSAULT OR ASSAULT WITH A DEADLY WEAPON	49,	arrests	OR)	NONE
MURDER OR MANSLAUGHTER	***************************************	arrests	OR	NONE
AUTO THEFT, MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT		arrests	OR	NONE
THEFT, GRAND THEFT, LARCENY OR GRAND LARCENY		arrests	OR	NONE
FORGERY, USE OF A STOLEN OR BAD CREDIT CARD OR BAD CHECK PASSING	· ·	arrests	OR	NONE []
FRAUD	natain na natainn aire dheach	arrests	OR	NONE [
SELLING DRUGS, POSSESSING DRUGS FOR SALE, OR TRANSPORTING DRUGS	Section of the section of	arrests	O R	NONE [

VARIABLE CK4A - CK41 (cont.)

i.e., 1 = A, 10 = J, (e.g., 4-7 = DG). If either number was greater than 10, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding

The state of the s

to an even number.

NEW CODE SOURCES A couple, a few, several, very little... 94 PKE Guide NOTES HOW MANY TIMES WERE YOU ARRESTED: Number of times taken into custody, not the number of counts (charges) Training Manual. each time. Coding ranges: When either number in PKE Guide. the range was 10 or less, the editor coded the range exactly by using alpha characters equivalent to the numbers,

VARIABLE CK5, CK5A - CK5L

5.	The questions on this page are only for men who did a burglary (break-in robbery, theft, car theft, forgery, fraud or swindle during the STREET	1)
	MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR. Did you do any of these crimes during these months?	

YES 1	NO	□ ₂ •	go	on to	next	page	
▼ .							

When you did these crimes, how often did you do each of the following things? (Circle one number next to each line listed.)

	Never	Sometimes	<u>Usually</u>	Always
Worked out a plan for the crime before you went out to do it	0	1	2	3
Found places or persons with a lot of money	0	1	2	3
Learned about alarms, hours, or money transfers	0	1	2	3
Decided to do the crime on the spot	0	1	2	3
Worked out an escape plan before doing the crime	0	1	2	3
Got special equipment such as burglary tools	0	1	2	3
Worked with partners	0	1	2	3
Lined up a fence or buyer before the crime	0	1	2	3
Used tips to line places up	0	1	2	3
Only cased a place or person just before the crime	0	1	2	3
Stole a car or got a gun that could not be traced	- 0	1	2	3
Followed a person to a safe place to do the crime	0	1	2	3

Training Manual.

VARIABLE CK5, CK5A - CK5L (cont.)

If question did not apply to

respondent, he was supposed

to circle "never."

NEW CODES SOURCES (CK5) Assume No, (Editor judgment PKE Guide. based on respondents answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)...... 3 Assume Yes, (Editor judgment PKE Guide. based on respondents answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)..... 4 NOTE

VARIABLE CK6A - CK6P 6. These questions are only about the crime(s) for which you are now serving a sentence. What charge(s) were you convicted of that you are serving time for now? (Check all that apply.) Assault/ADW Auto Theft/Vehicle Theft Burglary Drug Possession Drug sales Forgery/Bad check/Bad credit card Fraud or Swindle Kidnapping Murder/Manslaughter Possession or receiving stolen property Rape Robbery Sex offense (other than rape) Theft/Grand theft/Larceny

> Weapons charge Other, what?

NEW CODES Escape, missing count...... 2 Probation violation..... 3 Receiving stolen property, "RCSP"..... 4 DWI (Driving While Intoxicated) and other motor vehicle violations, e.g., suspended license (except for vehicle manslaughter).....5 Parole violation..... 6 Pandering, disorderly conduct, prostitution..... 7 Vandalism, destruction..... 8 Arson..... 9 Child support..... C Trespassing (entering without breaking)... D Resisting arrest, interference..... E This question was supposed to refer to the final formal conviction after plea bar-

gaining, etc.

PKE Guide. Policy decision.

SOURCES

Training Manual.

PKE Guide.

.

Blanks were recoded to zero.

VARIABLE CK7A - CK7Q	-108-
7. For these convictions, what cri (Check all that apply.)	imes, if any, do you think you really did?
Fraud or Swing Kidnapping Murder/Mansla Possession on Rape Robbery	ion check/Bad credit card ndle aughter r receiving stolen property (other than rape) theft/Larceny
NEW CODES	SOURCES
Child support	PKE Guide; Policy decision. 5 6 7 8 9 C
NOTES This greation masses	
This question referred to respondent's acts that resulted in conviction.	Training Manual.
Respondents sometimes did not understand the difference between variables CK6A - CK6P and CK7A - CK7P.	Field Experience.
Blanks were to be recoded to zevo.	PKE Guide.

8. Do you think you could do the sa caught?	ame crime(s) again without getting
NO D	YES How many times?
	times
NEW CODES	SOURCES
(CK8)	
Assume No, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's	PKE Guide.
verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
(CK8A)	
Couple, a few, several, very little	PKE Guide.
OTE	
CK8A) f respondent gave a range the ditor coded the mfdpoint,	PKE Guide.

t and the same of	
VARIABLE CK9A - CK9E	
9. Did you have a weapon during the cr	ime(s)?
NO D1 YE	
	Hand gun Knife Rifle/shotgun Other, what?
NEW CODES	SOURCES
(CK9A) Assume Yes, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
(CK9E) Blunt objects	PKE Guide.
(CK9A) This question referred to the respondent himself and not anyone with him.	Training Manual.
If no response, variables are blank.	Rand.

10. Did you hurt or kill anyone during the cr $NO \square_1 \qquad \qquad YES \square_2^1$	ime(s)? How many? Persons
NEW CODE	SOURCES
(CK10) Assume Yes, (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
(CK10A) A couple, a few, several, very little	PKE Guide.
(CK10) This question referred only to what the respondent himself did (not an accomplice), whether or not it was intentional.	Training Manual.
(CK10A) If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.

VARIABLE CK11 11. When you described your crimes during the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR, did you include any of the crimes you are now doing time on? 11. Yes 12. No

3 Some but not all

Cin

to an dissert s

-112-

VAK	VARIABLE CK14A - CK141						
14.		ain look at the calendar. During the STREET MONTHS ON THE CALENDAR, together how many times did you do each of the following:					
	a.	Beat or physically hurt someone badly.					
		$0 \square_0 1-2 \square_1 3-5 \square_2 6-10 \square_3 More than 10 \square_4$					
	b.	Hustled or conned someone.					
		0 1-2 3-5 6-10 More than 10					
	c.	Cut someone with a knife or shot someone with a gun.					
		0					
	d.	Burglarybroke into a home or business in order to take something.					
		0 1-2 3-5 6-10 More than 10					
	e.	Threatened to hurt someone with a gun, knife or other weapon.					
		0 1-2 3-5 6-10 More than 10					
	f.	Tried to kill someone.					
		0 1-2 3-5 6-10 More than 10					
	g.	Forged a check or other paper.					
		0 1-2 3-5 6-10 More than 10					
	h.	Stole a car.					
		0 1-2 3-5 6-10 More than 10					
	i.	Sold hard drugs.					
		O Less Less Less than than More than 100 10 50 100					

NOTE

SOURCE

Respondents, if they asked, were addised not to look back to an earlier answer. They were supposed to report their best estimate only.

Training Manual.

MODULE D

The questions on this page are about a different time period, the two

VARIABLE DI

 Look at the calendar again. What was the <u>earliest</u> year you wrote on the calendar (the year before you were arrested)?

19___

NOTE

SOURCE

This variable is not included on the data tape, Rand.

VARIABLE D2A - D2B.

In the box on this page write the two years just before that year:—

From 19 to 19

NOTE

SOURCE

Many respondents were confused by this question.

Field Experience.

These variables are not included on the data tape.

Rand,

VARIABLE D3

3. The next questions are about the two years you just wrote in the box. Think about what you were doing during those two years as you answer the next questions.

Joe er euc octivititi	O OT These TWO Wests?			
4. How old were you at the beginning of these two years?				
	Years Old			
NOTES	SOURCES			
This questionnaire referred to January of year entered at D2A.	Training Manual.			
The lowest age was coded if respondent gave a range.	PKE Guide.			
VARIABLE D5				
5. Did you do any time in a prison these years?	, jail or juvenile institution du			
. Did no time	OR			
CODES	SOURCES			
Did no time 0 1-6 months 1 7-12 months 2 13-18 months 3 19-23 months 4 All 24 months 5 Less than one month 6	PKE Guide.			

detention.

Car

VARIABLE D6	
6. At any time during these years we girlfriend for more than a month?	
	L ₂ NO
VARIABLE D7	
7. During these years did you have a jo	b for more than a month?
NOTE	
This question was supposed to	SOURCE
include full or part-time jobs.	Training Manual.
VARIABLE D8	
8. Did you use drugs (other than marijuan	a)?
LI ₁ YES	□ ₂ NO
NOTE	
Prescription drugs were not coded in	SOURCE
this question.	Training Manual.

VARIABLE D9A - D9K					
9. During these years did you do any of all that apply)	the following crimes? (Check				
, Burglary	, Theft				
Robbery of businesses	Car theft				
Robbery of persons	Forgery (Credit Cards/ Checks)				
Assault during a robbery or burglary	Fraud or Swindle				
Assault/ADW	Drug deals				
	Did none of these crimes				
NOTES	SOURCES				
Definitions of crimes were the same as used in Section C.	Training Manual				
Blanks were coded to zero.	PKE Guide.				
The questions on this page are about an even earlier time period, the two years before those you described on the last page.					
VARIABLE D10					
10. Look at the BOX you filled in on the the earliest year in that box?	e page just before this. What is				

note

SOURCE

This variable is not included on the data tape, to protect anonymity of respondents.

Rand.

(LA

VARIABLE DIIA - DIIB	
11: In the box on this page write the two years just before that year:	From 19 to 19
Many respondents were confused by this question. These variables are not included on the data tape.	SOURCE Field Experience. Rand.
VARIABLE D12 12. Now think about what you were doing durants answer the next questions.	ring these two years as you
VARIABLE D13	
13. How old were you at the beginning of thes	í
NOTES	
This question referred to January of year entered at DllA.	SOURCES. Training Manual.
The lowest age was coded if respondent gave a range.	PKE Guide.

VARIABLE D14	
14. Did you do any time in a prison, jail, during these years?	or juvenile institution
□ Did no time OR	1-6 months
CODES Did no time	SOURCES PKE Guide.
7-12 months	
NOTE	•
Question included adult or juvenile institutions. Also included pre-trial detention.	Training Manual.
VARIABLE D15	
15. At any time during these years were y girlfriend for more than a month?	ou married or living with a
T YES	no
VARIABLE D16	
16. During these years did you have a job	for more than a month?
T ₁ YES	D ₂ NO

NOTE

SOURCE

This question included full or part-time

Training Manual.

VARIABLE D17	
17. Did you use drugs (other than marijua	nna)?
NOTE Prescription drugs were not supposed to be coded in this question.	SOURCE Training Manual.
VARIABLE D18A - D18K	
18. During these years did you do any of the that apply.) Burglary Robbery of businesses Robbery of persons Assault during a robbery or burglary Assault/ADW	Theft Car theft Forgery (Credit Cards/
OTES	COURCES
ame as in Section C	SOURCES Training Manual
lanks were recoded to zero. D18K) Dde 3 is illegitimate.	PKE Guide.

MODULE F

WODULE E	
VARIABLE E1	
1. How old were you on your last birth	day?
Y	ears old
NOTE	SOURCE
The lowest age was coded if respondent gave a range.	PKE Guide.

VARIABLE E2	
2. What is your race?	
	Asian Black Chicano/Latino Indian/Native American White Other

NOTE

SOURCE

If more than one response was applicable the respondent was told to check the one he most closely identified with.

Training Manual.

		_	
VARIABLE E 3			
3. What is the hig	hest grade you finishe	ed in school?	
	O No schooling		
	1 6th grade or le		
	10th - 11th grad	de duate	
	Some college College graduate		
	Post graduate st	udy	
NOTES		COLINGRA	
When respondents checke the highest educational for this question.	d more than one, level was coded	SOURCES PKE Guide.	
"Some college" was supported to the schools and schools and schools and schools and schools and schools and schools.	4	Training Manual.	
·			
VARIABLE E4			
4. At the present time,	are you:		
****	are you: (check one	e)	
	2 Widowed		
إلناز	Divorced Separated		
	and the second	de Britania de la companya de la co	1

_	
VARIABLE E5	,
5. How many times have you been ma	arried?
Never	ORTimes
NOTE	SOURCE
If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.
VARIABLE E6	
6. Are you serving a jail term or	a prison term at this time?
Jail	Prison □₂ go on to page 46
survey. Thank you for participating. Please	
put the survey in the	

200

VARIABLE E3	
3. What is the highest grade you fin	ished in school?
No schooling one of the grade	g less
High school Some college College gradu Post graduate	graduate
NOTES	
When respondents checked more than one, the highest educational level was coded for this question.	SOURCES PKE Guide.
"Some college" was supposed to be coded for vocational schools attended after high school.	Training Manual.
VARIABLE E4	
4. At the present time, are you: (check	one)
Married Widowed Divorced Separated	
D. Never married	en de la companya de La companya de la companya de

VARIABLE E5 5. How many times have you been m	arried?
Never	ORTimes
NOTE	SOURCE
If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.
<u> </u>	
VARIABLE E6	
6. Are you serving a jail term or	a prison term at this time?
Jail D	Prison □2 go on to page 46
That is the end of the survey. Thank you for participating. Please put the survey in the envelope and seal it.	

(m)

VARIABLE XA1-XA4

This is a post-fieldwork created variable. The card number where the crime frequency range appeared was entered here by the editor.

VARIABLE XB1-XB4

This is a post-fieldwork created variable. The card column number where the crime frequency appeared was entered here by the editor.

VARIABLE XC1-XC4

This is a post-fieldwork created variable. The low number in the crime frequency range was entered here by the editor.

VARIABLE XD1-XD4

This is a post-fieldwork created variable. The high number in the crime frequency range was entered here by the editor.

NOTE

These are the variables referred to in CA4-CJ4 that were used to capture exact crime frequency information when respondent gave a range.

SOURCE

Rand.

MODULE F

The next questions are about the kinds of prison programs you might have been in during your current prison term (at any prison, but only for this term).

NOTE

SOURCE

If respondent served part of this term at another prison and was transferred, we wanted to know about programs at both prisons.

Training Manual.

VARIABLE FI, FIN, FIA	- F1C4			
1. During this term, have y program (classes up to t	ou ever be he 9th grad	re rever);		ation
a. Counting this month, many months altogether you taken adult basic education classes? Months OR Less than 1 month b. How many hours a week you spend in the class Hours a week	er have			is program this prison ags about it want me to ake it to take it
Less than every we c. Here is a list of reas programs. How importa	Otto silve	me men take	adult basic e	ducation
programs. How importa (Circle one number nex	t to <u>each</u>	n of these meason.)	reasons to you	?
	Very Emportant	Somewhat Important	Somewhat Unimportant	Not Important At All
Break up boredom, see what it was like Be with friends or	. 3	2	1	0
make, friends	3	2	1	
Help make parole	3	2	- .	0
Help myself; learn or work toward a	-	•	1	•
diploma	3	2	1	o

VARIABLE F1, F1N, F1A - F1C4 (cont.)

NEW CODES	SOURCES
<pre>(F1) Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)</pre>	PKE Guide.
Assume No (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
(FIN) Waiting, e.g., "waiting to be called", "waiting list", "put in request", "applied"	PKE Guide.
(FlA, F1B) A couple, a few, several, very little 94 All, every time 98 Ninety-nine or more 99	PKE Guide, Policy decision.
NOTES	
(F1) ADULT BASIC EDUCATION PROGRAM: anything other than college or vocational training.	Training Manual.
(FIA - FIB) If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.

MADIA DI D				
VARIABLE FID - FIF2				
d. How much did staff influence you education program? (Check only	r decisio one <i>box.)</i>	n to tak	e this adul	t basic
\bigsqcup_2 St	aff made aff sugge ither; st basic edu	ested it	no effect	help
Adjust to price as	A Lot of Help	Some Help	A Little Help	No Help At All
Adjust to prison life		2	1	0
Get a better education	-	. 2	1	0
Get and keep a job	-	2	. 1	0
Stay out of crime	_	2	1	0
f. Are you still in the adult basic ed	ucation p	Togram?		
(Check the main reason be. (Check the main reason be. [] Finished the program [] Teacher was no good [] Had hassles with oth men in the program [] It was a waste of ki [] Something better cam [] Transferred to anoth prison [] Other, what?	low) n er me e along	YES	go on t next pa	o ige
				1

VARIABLE F1D - F1F2 (cont.)

NEW CODES	SOURCES
(F1F2) Restricted status, e.g., "in the hole", "solitary", "restrained", "disciplinary", "isolation"	PKE Guide.
NOTES	
(F1D) STAFF MADE ME TAKE IT: Programs which were ordered or required.	Training Manual.
(F1F1) Assume No Longer in Program (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to Question F1F2)	Policy decision.

C.J.

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 During this term, have to get your G.E.D. or 	you ever diploma?	been in a hi	gh school educ	ation progra
a. Counting this mont many months altoge have you taken high education classes? Months OR OR Less than 1 months b. How many hours a we you spend in the classes.	ther h school th ek did asses?		Why not? k the main rea Finished high Not given at Heard bad thi Staff didn't Too busy to to Not qualified Other, what?	school this prison ngs about it want me to ake it to take it
Less than every	week .			
Less than every c. Here is a list of reprograms. How important the control of th	easons why tant was e next to <u>eac</u>	h reason.)	e reasons to y	ou? Not
c. Here is a list of reprograms. How impor	easons why tant was e next to <u>eac</u>	h reason.)	ke high school reasons to y Somewhat Unimportant	ou?
c. Here is a list of reprograms. How import (Circle one number and Break up boredom; see what it was like	easons why tant was e next to <u>eac</u> Very	h reason.) Somewhat	e reasons to y Somewhat	ou? Not Important
c. Here is a list of reprograms. How import (Circle one number representation) Break up boredom; see what it was	easons why rtant was e next to <u>eac</u> Very Important	Somewhat Important	Somewhat Unimportant	Not Important At All
c. Here is a list of reprograms. How import (Circle one number and Break up boredom; see what it was like	very Important	Somewhat Important	Somewhat Unimportant	Not Important At All 0
c. Here is a list of reprograms. How import (Circle one number representation) Break up boredom; see what it was like	very Important	Somewhat Important	Somewhat Unimportant	Not Important At All

VARIABLE F2, F2N, F2A - F2C4 (cont.)

NEW CODES	SOURCES
(F2)	
Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide
Assume No (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's	PKE Guide
verbatim response)4	
(F2N)	
Waiting, e.g., "waiting to be called", "waiting list",	PKE Guide
"put in request", "applied" 8	
<pre>In other program, e.g., "college", "high school", "GED", "vocational groups", "counseling", "furlough"</pre>	
or any other program 9	
(F2B)	PKE Guide;
Ninety-nine or more 99	Policy decision.
NOTES	
(F2A - F2B)	
If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.
Was suppose to include other education programs even if it was not actually GED or diploma.	Training Manual.

VA	VARIABLE F2D - F2F2					
d.	d. How much did staff influence your decision to take this high school education program? (Check only one box.)					
Staff made me take it Staff suggested it Neither; staff had no effect						
e.	How much do you think this high a help you: (Circle one number for	school edu r <u>each</u> .)	cation pr	ogram will		
		A Lot of Help	Some Help	A Little Help	No Help At All	
	Adjust to prison life	3	2	1	0	
	Get a better education	3	2	1	0	
	Get and keep a job	3	2	1	0	
	Stay out of crime	3	2	1	0	
f.	Are you still in the high school	education	program?			
	NO D Why not? Why not? YES page					
	(Check the <u>main</u> reason [] Finished the prog					
	Teacher was no go					
Had hassles with other men in the program						
It was a waste of time						
Something better came along						
	\square_6 Transferred to an prison	other				
	Other, what?		-		·	
			-			
	,		61			

VARIABLE F2D - F2F2(cont.)

NEW CODES SOURCES PKE Guide. NOTES (F2D)
STAFF MADE ME TAKE IT:
Programs which were ordered or required. Training Manual. (F2F1) Policy decision.

VARIABLE F3, F3N,	F3A - F30	4			
3. During this term, have a counting this mo many months alto you been in a votraining program	nth, how	been in a vot a prison	work assignmen Why not? Theck the main Already have license	reason below 'e a trade or	<i>י</i>)
DR OR	week did program?	go	Heard bad t Heard bad t Staff didn' Too busy to Not qualified Other, what?	hings about t want me to take it ed to take i	it
C. Here is a list of programs. How imposent to			e vocational treasons to yo	raining u? (Circle	
Break up borodo-	Very Important	Somewhat Important	Somewhat Unimportant	Not Important: At All	
Break up boredom; see what it was like Be with friends or make friends	3	2	1	0	
make friends Help make parole	3 3	2	1	0	
Help myself; get a license or learn a trade		2	Ĩ	0	
	3	2	1	0	

VARIABLE F3, F3N, F3A - F3C4 (cont.)

NEW CODES	SOURCES
(F3) Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's	PKE Guide.
verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
(F3N) Waiting, e.g., "waiting to be called", "waiting list", "put in request", "applied"	PKE Guide.
(F3A, F3B) All, every time	PKE Guide; Policy decision.
NOTES	
(F3) Question referred only to training program, not work assignment.	Training Manual.
(F3A - F3B) If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.

63

V/

VARIABLE F3D - F3F2						
d. How much did staff influence y training program? (Check only	d. How much did staff influence your decision to take this vocational training program? (Check only one box.)					
	Staff made me take it Staff suggested it Neither; staff had no effect					
e. How much do you think this voca you: (Circle one number for ea	ational t	raining	program wi	ll help		
	A Lot of Help	Some Help		No Help At All		
Adjust to prison life	3	2	1	0		
Learn a trade/Get a license	3	2	i	0		
Get and keep a job	3	2	1	0		
Stay out of crime	. 3	2	_	0		
f. Are you still in the vocational	training	program	n?			
NO □1 ₩hy not?				go on to next page		
(Check the main reason	below)	:		next page		
Finished the pro	gram		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
Instructor was n	other		- ** *** .	•		
men in the progra	am .					
Lit was a waste of						
Something better Transferred to an prison		ng				
Other, what?			The second of th	:		
		11		1		

VARIA BLE F3D - F3F2 (cont.)

NEW CODES	SOURCES
(F3F2) Restricted status, e.g., "in the hole", "solitary", "restrained", "disciplinary", "isolation"	PKE Guide.
NOTES	•
(F3D) STAFF MADE ME TAKE IT: Programs which were ordered or required.	Training Manual.
(F3F1) Assume No Longer in Program (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to Question F3F2)	Policy decision.

VARIABLE F4, F4N, F4A - F4C4					
4. During this term, have you exemple, A.A.)?	ver been	in an alcoho	ol program (for	
a. Counting this month, how many months altogether ha you gone to alcohol program sessions? Months OR Less than 1 month b. How many hours a week di you spend in the alcohol program? Hours a week OR Less than every wee	id 1	(Check the Check	he main reas n't need thi t given at t ard bad thin aff didn't w busy to ta t qualified her, what?	s program his prison gs about it vant me to ke it to take it	
c. Here is a list of reaso important was each of to each reason.)	ns why so hese reas	ome men join	alcohol pro	ograms. How ne number next	
<u>.</u>	Very mportant	Somewhat Important	Somewhat Unimportan	Important	
Break up boredom; see what it was like	3	2	1	0	
Be with friends or make friends			-1	0	
Help make parole	3	2	1	0	
Learn about or deal with problems	3	2	1	0	

VARI VARIABLE F4, F4N, F4A - F4C4 (cont.)

NEW C

(F4) Assur re! su' ve. Assu re

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(F4: Wai' C: In

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NEW CODES	SOURCES
(F4) Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's	PKE Guide.
verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
(F4N) Waiting, e.g, "waiting to be called", "waiting list", "put in request", "applied"	PKE Guide.
(F4A, F4B) A couple, a few, several, very little 94 All, every time 98	PKE Guide; Policy decision.
NOTE	
(F4A - F4B) If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding it to an even number.	PKE Guide.

even number.

VARIABLE F4D - F4F2				
d. How much did staff influence yo (Check only one box.)	our decisio	n to take	this alcoh	ol program:
	taff made taff sugge either; st	sted it	o effect	
 e. How much do you think this alcolone number for <u>each</u>.) 	nol program	n will hel	lp you: (C	ircle
Adjust to prison life	A Lot. of Help	Some <u>Help</u>	A Little Help	No Help At All
	3	2	1	0
Control a drinking problem	3	2	1	0
Get and keep a job	3	2	1	0
Stay out of crime	3	2	1	0
f. Are you still in the alcohol pro	gram?			· ·
NO Check the main reason Check the main reason Finished the property of the counselor was no had hassles with men in the progration of the progration of the counselor was no had hassles with men in the progration of the counselor was no had had hassles with men in the progration of the counselor was no had	below) gram good other am time came along	YES	j₂•go on t next pa	to ige

VARIABLE F4D - F4F2 (cont.)

VF

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NEW CODES PKE Guide. NOTES (F4D) Training Manual. STAFF MADE ME TAKE IT: Programs which were ordered or required. Policy decision. (F4F1)

SOURCES

VARIABLE F5, F5N, F5A - F5C4	
5. During this term, have you ever been N.A.)?	n in a drug program (for example,
a. Counting this month, how many months altogether have you gone to drug program sessions? Months OR Less than 1 month b. How many hours a week did you spend in the drug program? Hours a week	(Check the main reason below) Don't need this program
OR Concluded Less than every week c. Here is a list of reasons why some important was each of these reason next to each reason.) Very Important	ne men join drug programe Ven

Break up boredom; see what it was like ...

Be with friends or make_friends..... Help make parole Learn about or deal with problems....

VARIABLE F5, F5N, F5A - F5C4 (cont.)

If respondent gave a range, the editor

coded the midpoint, rounding to an even

SOURCES NEW CODES PKE Guide. Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's PKE Guide. Assume No (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or PKE Guide. PKE Guide; Policy decision. (F5B) NOTES

PKE Guide.

number.

(F5A - F5B)

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CONTINUED 2 OF 3

VADIABLE EED				
VARIABLE F5D - F5F2				
d. How much did staff influence y (Check only one box.)	our decisio	n to take	this drug	program?
L ₂ S	taff made m taff sugges either; sta	ted it ff had no	effect	
number for <u>each</u> .)	hrogram W	ili help y	ou: (Circl	e one
Adjust to prison life	A Lot of Help	Some Help 2	A Little Help	No Help At All
Control a drug problem	3	2	1	0
Get and keep a job	3	2	1	0
Stay out of crime	.3	2	1	0
f. Are you still in the drug progra	m?			Ų.
(Check the main reason [] Finished the prog [] Counselor was no [] Had hassles with men in the program [] It was a waste of [] Something better of prison [] Other, what?	below) gram good other m time	YES]₂ → go or next	n to page

VARIABLE F5D - F5F2 (cont.)

NEW CODES	SOURCES
(F5F2) Restricted status, e.g., "in the hole", "solitary", "restrained", "disciplinary", "isolation"	PKE Guide.
NOTES (F5D) STAFF MADE ME TAKE IT: Programs which were ordered or required.	Training Manual
(F5F1) Assume No Longer in Program (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to Question F5F2)	Policy decision

VADIABLE EC. ECH. To				
VARIABLE F6, F6N, F6A - F6C	34			-
6. During this term, have you e correctional counselor, psyc		payeniatris	. ?	h a
 1	NO	2 Why		
•		(Check t)	ne <u>main</u> reason	helow)
a. Counting this month, how many months altogether have you gone to individu counseling sessions? Months			t need this given at this rd bad things	s prison about it me to
OR		[5 T00	busy to take	it
Less than 1 month	,	oth	qualified to er, what?	take it
 b. How many hours a week did you spend in individual counseling? Hours a week 		go on to page 58)	
OR	L	page 10		
Less than every week	e a company			
c. Here is a list of reasons How important was each of next to each reason.)	why some men these reason	take indiv s to you?	idual counsel: (Circle one n	ing. umber
•	Very	Somewhat	Somewhat	Not
	Important	Important	Unimportant	At All
Break up boredom; see what it was like	3			
Help make parole	_	2	1	0
Learn about or deal	3	- 2	1	0
with problems	3	2	1	0

VARIABLE F6, F6N, F6A - F6C4 (cont.)

NEW CGDES	SOURCES
(F6) Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's	PKE Guide.
verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
<pre>(F6N) Waiting, e.g., "waiting to be called", "waiting list", "put in request", "applied"</pre>	PKE Guide.
(F6A, F6B) A lot, many, often	PKE Guide; Policy decision.
NOTE	
(F6) Group counseling, alcohol or alcohol drug programs were not included in this question.	Training Manual.
(F6A - F6B) If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.

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d. How much did stai (Check only one l	f influence your	r decisio	n to tak	e individual	_counsel
•	□₁ Sta	ff made	me take i	lt	
		ff sugge:	sted it		
•		ther; sta			
e. How much do you th (Circle one number	nink this indiving for <u>each</u> .)	dual cour	seling w	ill help you	1:
Adjust to prison 1		A Lot of Help	Some <u>Help</u>	A Little Help	No Help At All
Adjust to prison 1		3	2	1	. 0
Learn about/deal w		3	2	1	0
Get and keep a job	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	3	2	1	
Stay out of crime	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	3	2	_	0
		-	4	1	0
f. Are you still in in	idividual counse:	ling?		٠	
NO \square_1 Why (Check th	not? e <u>main</u> reason be	elow)	YES [go on to next pag	
	ished the progra	ım			•
Cou	nselor was no go	od			
∐ ₃ Had men	hassles with ot in the program	her			
	was a waste of t	ime	·		
	ething better can	ne along			
∐ ₆ Tran pris	sferred to anoth	ier			
	r, what?				

VARIABLE F6D - F6F2(cont)

NEW CODES	SOURCES
(F6F2) Restricted status, e.g., "in the hole", "solitary", "restrained", "disciplinary", "isolation"	PKE Guide.
NOTES	
(F6D) STAFF MADE ME TAKE IT: Programs which were ordered or required.	Training Manual.
(F6F1) Assume No Longer in Program (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to Question F6F2)	Policy decision.
Code 6 is illegitimate.	Rand.

WARIABLE F7, F7N, F7A - F7C4

_____Less than every week

7.	During this correctional	term, have	you ever	been	ín	group	comedia.	(m	
	correctional	COURCE			-	Sroub	comisering	(With	а
	correctional	· comiseror,	, psycholog	ogist (or	psychi	atrice)?		

		NO	□2 Why not?
a.	Counting this month, how many months altogether have you gone to group counseling sessions?	Î	(Check the main reason below) Don't need this program Not given at this prison
	Months		Heard bad things about it Staff didn't want me to
	OR		Too busy to take it Not qualified to take it
	On Less than 1 month		Other, what?
ъ.	How many hours a week did you spend in		
	group counseling?		go on to
	Hours a week		page 60
	OR)		

c. Here is a list of reasons why some men take group counseling. How important was each of these reasons to you? (Circle one number next to each reason.)

	Very Important	Somewhat Important	Somewhat Unimportant	Not Important At All
Break up boredom; see what it was like	3	2	1	0
Be with friends or make friends	3	2	1	0
Help make parole	3	2	1	0
Learn about or deal with problems	3	2	1	0

VARIABLE F7, F7N, F7A - F7C4 (cont.)

NEW CODES	SOURCES
(F7) Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's yerbatim response	PKE Guide.
Assume No (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)	PKE Guide.
<pre>(F7N) Waiting, e.g., "waiting to be called", "waiting list", "put in request", "applied"</pre>	PKE Guide.
(F7A, F7B) Ninety-nine or more	PKE Guide; Policy decision.
NOTES	
(F7) Alcohol or drug programs were not included in this question.	Training Manual.
(F7A - F7B) If respondent gave a range, the editor coded the midpoint, rounding to an even number.	PKE Guide.

Czz.

*(*3*).

d. How much did staff 4-52				
d. How much did staff influence (Check only one box.)	your decis:	ion to ta	ke group c	ounseling
\square_1	Staff made	me take	it	
\bigsqcup_2	Staff sugge	sted it		
\square_3	Neither; st	aff had	no effect	
e. How much do you think this gr	oup counsel	ing will	help you:	(Circle
	A Lot of Help	Some Help	A Little Help	No Hel
Activest to prison life	3	2	1	0
Learn about/deal with problems	3	2	1	0
Get and keep a job	3	2	1	0
Stay out of crime	3	2	1	0
f. Are you still in group counsel	ing?		_	Ü
NO Why not?		YES	☐₂◆ qo o	n to
(Check the <u>main</u> reaso	n below)		-,2, uex	page
Inished the pr	ogram			
Counselor was n	bocg o			
	h other			
Had hassles wit		H		
men in the brog	ram			
It was a waste	ram of time			
It was a waste of something better	ram of time came alon	g		
It was a waste of Something better	ram of time came alon	g		
It was a waste of Something better of Transferred to a prison	ram of time came alon	B		

VARIABLE F7D - F7F2 (con't)

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MADIA DIE POA	
VARIABLE F8A - F8H	
 What other programs have you been in during all that apply.) 	your current term? (Check
No other programs	
College education program	
Outside community activity	les
Religious activities	•
<pre>Inmate self-help group(s), or activities</pre>	, clubs
Pre-release program	
Work furlough	
Other, what?	
NEW CODES (F8H)	SOURCE
Other schooling, i.e., any school attendance other than college 2 Home furlough, i.e, "furlough", "family visits"	PKE Guide.
NOTE	
(F8B) Code 2 is illegitimate.	Rand.

ARIABLE F91, F92; F9A - F9B	
9. Do you currently have a prison job? training program activities.) YES	(Do not include vocational NO
NEW CODES (F91) Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response Assume No (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response) (F92) "Waiting," "Applied"	4
(F9A) A lot, many, often Ninety-nine or more NOTES (F92) If more than one response was applicable, respondent was supposed to choose the matreason.	96 99 SOURCES Training Manual.
(F9A) If answer was a range, the editor coded midpoint, rounding to an even number.	the PKE Guide.
(F9B) Codes 7,9 are illegitimate.	Rand.

VAR

11.

VARIABLE F101 - F103	
10. Since you began this term, have you (write-ups)? YES How many? Report	
About how many of these reports were for serious charges (for example, fighting)? None OR Re fo	next page
NOTES	
(F101)	SOURCES
Only formal reports were supposed to be included.	Training Manual.
(F102) Contraband was supposed to be included.	Training Manual.
NEW CODES	
(F101) Assume Yes (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response	•
(F102, F103) A couple, a few, several, very little	

VAR	IABLE F11	
11.	Since you began this or in segregation as custody)?	term, how much time have you spent in the "hole" a result of disciplinary actions (not for protective
		<pre>None Less than 1 month 1 to 3 months 4 to 6 months 7 to 12 months More than 12 months</pre>

CODES	SOURCES
None	PKE Guide
NOTES	
Code 7 is illegitimate.	Rand.

Rand.

i	
	VARIABLE F12
	12. Since you began this term, how many times have you tried to escape?
	Never Once 2 to 3 times More than 3 times
	CODES SOURCE Never
	2 to 3 times

VAR	ABLE	F13
-----	------	-----

13. Here is a list of reasons why some men get into trouble in prison.

Since you began this term, how often did these reasons lead to trouble for you, whether or not you got a write-up? (Circle one number next to each reason below.)

-				
	Often	Sometimes	Seldom	Never
Unpaid debts	3	2	1	0
Orug use	3	2	1	0
cohal use	3	2	1	0
ust hoursing around	3	2	1	0
cial problems	3	2	1	0
rsonæll problems	3	2	1	0
roblems with staff	3	2	1	0

VARIABLE F14
14. Is this your first prison term?
No □₂ go on to next page
If yes, this is the end of your survey. Thank you for participating. Please put the calendar and the survey in the envelope and seal it.
NEW CODE
Assume No (Editor judgment based on respondent's answer to previous or subsequent question(s), or respondent's verbatim response)
VARIABLE F15
15. During your past prison terms, did you take any of the following programs for at least a month? Do not include the time you were in programs during your current term. (Check all that apply.)
Adult Basic Education
High School Education
College Education
Vocational Training
Alcohol Programs
Drug Programs
Individual Counseling
Group Counseling

This is the end of the survey. Thank you for participating. Please put the calendar and the survey in the envelope and seal it.

Appendix A

SUPPLEMENTARY FORMS

DESCRIPTION OF SURVEY/AGREEMENT TO PARTICIPATE

This form describes the Rand Jail/Prison Survey. It is also the form which you use to indicate that you agree to take the survey. If you agree to participate in the survey, print your name in the space on this form.

I agree to participate in a survey being conducted by The Rand Corporation. I understand that The Rand Corporation is a private, nonprofit corporation that does research on public policy issues. I understand further that the purpose of the survey is to collect information from men who are serving time in prisons and jails to find out our opinions and experiences with the criminal justice system, how we are treated when we are in jail or prison, and what are our opinions, past activities, and experiences in doing crime.

I understand that I will be given a booklet of questions to answer. The booklet has a number on it but I do not need to print my name on this booklet. I agree to print my name in the space provided on this form which has the same number as the booklet. My name may be retained for followup research but my name will be kept in a separate place from my answers.

I understand that The Rand Corporation will use the numbered sheet to combine my answers with information about my arrests, classification, and treatment by the criminal justice system. Researchers will collect this information from records kept by criminal justice agencies -- such as police, courts, jails, and prisons.

I understand that Rand will use my answers to questions in the survey booklet and the information they collect from criminal justice agencies only for the purposes of research. Federal law requires that my answers and all of the other information collected by the researchers be kept strictly confidential. The law provides that copies of my answers are immune from legal process and cannot be admitted as evidence in any judicial or administrative processing without my written consent. This means that unless I agree, no court, police department, jail or prison can get copies of my answers from the researchers. However, I understand that the law makes no mention of legislative proceedings and may not protect this information from a legislative subpoena.

I understand that my participation is completely voluntary. I do not have to participate in the survey and I do not have to give permission to The Rand Corporation to obtain information about my arrests, classification, and treatment by criminal justice agencies. By answering the questions in the survey I am agreeing to participate and to permit The Rand Corroration to obtain such information from criminal justice agencies. I can refuse to answer the questions either now or after I have seen the survey booklet. The only benefits to me from answering all the questions are that I will receive a payment of \$5.00 and that I may later be asked to volunteer to participate in another survey, for which I will also be paid.

PLEASE	PRINT	YOUR	NAME	HERE				
					FIRST	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LAST	
			1241	2				
					Prison/Jail	Number		,

42 U.S. Code 3771(a) says:

"No officer or employee of the Federal Government, nor any recipient of assistance under the provisions of this chapter shall use or reveal any research or statistical information furnished under this chapter by any person and identifiable to any specific private person for any purpose other than the purpose for which it was obtained in accordance with this chapter. Copies of such information shall be immune from legal process, and shall not, without the consent of the person furnishing such information, be admitted as evidence or used for any purpose in any action, suit, or other judicial or administrative proceedings."

INSTRUCTIONS

THERE ARE DIFFERENT TYPES OF QUESTIONS IN THE SURVEY.

TYPE 1 FOLLOW ANY INSTRUCTIONS OR ARROWS NEXT TO THE ANSWER YOU CHOSE, WHICH TELL YOU TO GO TO ANOTHER QUESTION, OR ANOTHER PAGE.

1.	Have you watched a baseball game on	No go on to next page
2.	In all, how many baseball games did	1 to 10
3.	During how many months last year did you watch one or more basenall games on T.V.?	How many?
	Months	go on to next page
4.	In the months when you watched baseball games on T.V. how often did you usually watch	

TYPE 2 CIRCLE ONE ANSWER NEXT TO EACH ITEM LISTED.

Before you were 18, how often did you play the following sports? (Circle one number next to each sport.)

	Often	Sometimes	Just Once or Twice	Never
Baseball	3	② ·	1	0
Basketball	3	2	1	0
Football	3	2		0
Golf	3	2	1	0

TYPE 3 FOR MOST QUESTIONS CHOOSE ONE ANSWER FROM THE CHOICES LISTED AND CHECK THE BOX NEXT TO IT. SOME QUESTIONS HAVE INSTRUCTIONS THAT SAY "Check all that apply". FOR THESE CHECK THE BOXES NEXT TO ALL THE ANSWERS THAT APPLY TO YOU.

What sports have you ever watched on T.V.? (Check all that apply.)

153	Marakall "
IX.	Football
	Soccer
	Stock car racing
X	Baseball
	Boxing .
X	Basketball
	Tennis
X	Other, what? Morsa racing
	J

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR USING THIS CALENDAR ARE INCLUDED IN THE SURVEY.

	Winter			Spring			Summer			Fall		
	January	February	<u>March</u>	<u>April</u>	May	June	July	<u>August</u>	<u>September</u>	October	November	December
YEAR BEFORE ARRESTED						and the second second		Maniant de Propinsi de Antonio	o - march (o um possible march)	aggagamagan ng kitana gilinda dalik ng minaga gal		
	January	February	<u>March</u>	<u>April</u>	Мау	lune	luly	August	September	<u>October</u>	November	December
YEAR ARRESTED					<u> </u>				- Aran -			
						•			REET MOR		•	

APPENDIX B

List of Variables from Self-Report Data

Card	Begin Column	Variable	Туре	Length	Variable Label
1	1	STATE	char	1	STATE
1	2	RANDID	integer	4	RAND IDENTIFIER FOR THIS INMATE
	6	'01'	<u> </u>	2	Card Number
	8	PRSJAIL	integer	1	INSTITUTION TYPE
	9	RESPWGT	real	5.3	WEIGHT FROM RESPONSE RATE ANALYSIS
	14	AE	integer	1	INDIVIDUAL ADMINISTRATION
	15	AF1	integer		LANGUAGE
	25	A1	char	2	AGE FIRST ARRESTED
	27	A2	char	2	AGE FIRST CONVICTED
	29	A3A	char	1	MAIN REASON-EXCITEMENT
	30	A3B	char	1	MAIN REASON-FRIENDS
	31	A3C	char	1	MAIN REASON-HIGH LIVING
	32	A3D	char	1	MAIN REASON-TEMPER
	33	A3E	char	1	MAIN REASON-DRUGS
	34	A3F	char	1	MAIN REASON-MONEY FOR SUPPORT
	35	A3G	char	1	MAIN REASON-REPUTATION
	3€	A3H	char	1	MAIN REASON-WAY OF LIFE
	37	A3I	char	1	MAIN REASON-OTHER
	38	A4	char	2.	AGE FIRST INTO CRIME
	40	A5A	char	1	IN LOCAL JUVENILE FACILITY
	41	A5B	char	2	TIMES IN LOCAL JUVENILE FACILITY
	43	A6A	char	1	IN STATE-FED JUVENILE FACILITY
	44	A6B	char	2	TIMES IN STATE-FED JUVENILE FACILITY
	46	A7	char	1	DO CRIME ON PROP LIST BEFORE 18 AGE FIRST DO CRIME ON PROP LIST <18
	47	8A	char	2	FREQUENCY CRIMES ON PROP LIST <18
	49	A9	char	1	DO CRIME ON VIOLENT LIST BEFORE 18
	50	A10	char	1	AGE FIRST DO CRIME ON VIOLENT LIST <18
	51	A11	char	2	FREQUENCY CRIMES ON VIOLENT LIST <18
	53	A12	char	1	FREQUENCY USE MARIJUANA BEFORE 18
	54	A13A	char	1	FREQUENCY USE LSD OR COKE BEFORE 18
	55	A13B	char	1	FREQUENCY USE UP-DOWN BEFORE 18
	56	A13C	char	1	FREQUENCY USE HEROIN BEFORE 18
	57	A13D	char	1	FREQUENCY USE REMOTE BELOW IT
	58	A14	char	1	TIMES ARRESTED
	59	A15	char	1	JAIL TERMS TIMES ON PROBATION
	60	A16	char	2	TIMES ON PRODUCTION

0.2

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	Begin				
Card	Column	Variable	Type	Length	Variable Label
	62	A17	char	1	TIMES IN PRISON
	63	A18	char	2	TIMES ON PAROLE
	65	A19	char	2	TIMES PROB-PAROLE REVOKED
	67	A20	char	1	EVER COMMITTED DRUG TREATMENT PROGRAM
	68	A21	char	1	TIMES CONVICTED FELONY
	70	AX1	integer		RETEST CODE
2	1	STATE	Char	1	
	2	RANDID	integer	4	
	6	'02'		2	Card Number
	8	B1A	char	1	GOOD REASON CUT-SHOT
	9	B1B	char	1	RECORD BAD DEAL IN COURT
	10	B1C	char	1	GOOD NEVER GET CAUGHT
	11	B1D	char	1	FUN BEAT SYSTEM
	12	B1E	char	1	1-2 CRIMES NOT GET CAUGHT
	13	B1F	char	1	NOTHING IN JAIL-PRI HELPS
	14	BIG	char	1	WON'T ALWAYS GET AWAY
	15	B1H	char	1	STAY OUT IF LONGER SENTENCES
	16	BII	char	ī	CUT-SHOT DESERVES IT
	17	B1J	char	1	CRIME PERMANENT WAY OF LIFE
	18	B1K	char	1	DO CRIME GO TO PRISON
	19	B1L	char	1	COURT NO DEFENDANT'S RIGHTS
	20	B1M	char	1	GOOD CRIME NEVER THINK STRAIGHT
	21	B1N	char	1	PROPERTY INSURANCE NO ONE HURT
	22	B10	char	1	PRISON NOT TOO HARD
	23		char	1	CRIME EASIEST TO GET WHAT WANT
	24	B2A	char	1	CHANCE CRIME HAVING FRIENDS
	25	B2B	char	1	CHANCE CRIME BEING BORED
	26	B2C	char	1	CHANCE CRIME MONEY NECESSITIES
	27	B2D	char	1	CHANCE CRIME GET ARRESTED
	28	B2E	char	1	CHANCE CRIME HIGH LIVING
	29	B2F	char	1	CHANCE CRIME WORRIES
	30	B2G	char	1	CHANCE CRIME EXPENSIVE THINGS
	31	B2H	char	1	CHANCE CRIME HASSLES
	32	B2I	char	1	CHANCE CRIME BE OWN MAN
	33	B2J	char	1	CHANCE CRIME LOOK DOWN ON
	34	B2K	char	1	CHANCE CRIME HAVE LOT MONEY
	35	B2L	char	1	CHANCE CRIME PRISON FOR YEARS
	36	B2M	char	1	CHANCE CRIME HAVE FAMILY
	37	B2N	char	1	CHANCE CRIME INJURED OR KILLED
	38	B20	char	1	CHANCE CRIME HAPPY
	39	B3	char	1	GOOD THINGS FROM CRIME
	40	B4	char	1	BAD THINGS FROM CRIME
	41	B5A	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT HAVING FRIENDS
	42	B5B	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT BEING BORED

Card	Begin Column	Variable	Туре	Length	Variable Label
	43	B5C	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT MONEY NECESSITIES
	44	B5D	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT GET ARRESTED
	45	B5E	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT HIGH LIVING
	46	B5F	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT WORRIES
	47	B5G	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT EXPENSIVE THINGS
	48	B5H	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT HASSLES
	49	B5I	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT BE OWN MAN
	50	B5J	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT LOOK DOWN ON
	51	B5K	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT HAVE LOT MONEY
	52	B5L	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT PRISON FOR YEARS
	· 5 3	B5M	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT HAVE FAMILY
	54	B5N	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT INJURED OR KILLED
	55	B50	char	1	CHANCE STRAIGHT HAPPY
	56	B6	char	1	GOOD THINGS FROM STRAIGHT
	57	B7	char	1	BAD THINGS FROM STRAIGHT
	58	B8	char	1	HOW SUCESSFUL IN CRIME
	59	В9	char	3	·CHANCE TRY GOING STRAIGHT
	62	B10	char	3	CHANCE MAKE IT STRAIGHT
	65	B11	char	3	CHANCE BACK IN PRISON
3	1	STATE	char	1	
	2	RANDID	integer		
	6	'03'	_	2	Card Number
	18	C7	char	1	LOCKED UP W3
	19	C9	char	2	STREET MONTHS - 1
	21	C10	char	2	TOTAL STREET MONTHS
	23	CZA	char	1	SERVICE ON CALENDAR
	24	CZB	char	1	HOSPITAL ON CALENDAR
	25	CZC	char	1	SCHOOL ON CALENDAR
	26	CZD	char	2	CALENDAR STREET MONTHS BY EDITOR
	28	CZE	char	2	CALENDAR BOX STREET MONTHS
	33	C13	char	1	IN SERVICE DURING W3
	34	C14A	char	1	HOSPITAL DURING W3
	35	C14B	char	2	W3 MONTHS HOSPITAL SCHOOL DURING W3
	37	C15	char	1	MOVE DURING W3
	38	C16A	char	1	# CITIES LIVE IN DURING W3
	39	C16B	char	2	JOBS DURING W3
	41	C17	char	1 2	W3 MONTHS WORK
	42 44	C18	char	2	# JOBS DURING W3
	44	C19 C20	char	4	\$ PER MONTH JOB DURING W3
	40 50	C21	char	2	W3 MONTHS MARRIED-LIVE WITH
	50 52	C21	char char	1	DRINK ALOT DURING W3
	53	C23	char	1	USE HARD DRUGS DURING W3
	54	C24	char	1	FREQUENCY USE DRUGS DURING W3
	54	U4 4	CHUL	•	Transferred and Disease Services 110

(5.2)

	Begin				
Card	Column	Variabl	e Type	Length	Vondalil. T. 1
		_	- 1) PC	nenger	n Variable Label
	55	C25A	char	•	Thus are a second
	56	C25B	char	1	FREQ HEROIN METHADONE
	57	C25C		1	FREQ BARBITURATES DOWNERS
	58		char	1	FREQ AMPHETIMINES UPPERS
		C26	char	3	\$ HEROIN TYPICAL DAY
ı.	61	C27	char	2	# PILLS TYPICAL DAY
4	1	STATE	char	1	
	2	RANDID	integer	4	
	6	1041		2	Card Number
	8	C28A	char	1	W3 IMAGE CAR THIEF
	9	C28B	char	ī	W3 IMAGE FAMILY MAN
	10	C28C	char	î	W3 IMAGE BOOSTER
	11	C28D	char	1	MS IMAGE BOUDIEK
	12	C28E	char	1	W3 IMAGE DRUG DEALER
	13	C28F	char		W3 IMAGE THIEF
	14	C28G	char	1	W3 IMAGE DRUG USER
	15	C28H		1	W3 IMAGE WORKING MAN
	16	C28I	char	1	W3 IMAGE ALCOHOLIC
		C28J	char	1	W3 IMAGE MISFIT
			char	1	W3 IMAGE FORGER
		C28K	char	1	W3 IMAGE BURGLAR
		C28L	char	1	W3 IMAGE STRAIGHT
		C28M	char	1	W3 IMAGE FIGHTER
		C28N	char	1	W3 IMAGE VIOLENT PERSON
		C280	char	1	W3 IMAGE CONMAN
		C28P	char	1	W3 IMAGE ROBBER
		C28Q	char	1	W3 IMAGE GANG MEMBER
		C28R	char	1	W3 IMAGE BAD TEMPERED
	6	C28S	char	1	W3 IMAGE FENCE
2	7	C28T	char	1	W3 IMAGE PLAYER
2	8	C28U	char	ī	W3 TMACE PROPERTY PRESSURE
2		C28V	char	1	W3 IMAGE PROBLEM DRINKER
3		CA1	char	1	W3 IMAGE OTHER
3		CA2	char	1	W3 DO BURGLARY
3		CA2A	char	2	W3 APPROX # BURGLARIES
3.		CA3	char	2	# BURGLARIES < 11
3	_		char		MONTHS DID BURGLARIES
3	_	CA4B		1	BURGLARIES EVERY DAY
39		–	char	2	BURGLARIES PER DAY
40	-		char	1	BURGLARY DAYS PER WEEK
4	_		char	1	BURGLARIES SEVERAL A WEEK
43			char	2	BURGLARIES PER WEEK
44			char	1	BURGLARIES EVERY WEEK
46	_		char	2	BURGLARIES PER MONTH
47	-		char	1	BURGLARIES < WEEKLY
	_		char	2	BURGLARIES PER MONTH
49	, 0	A5 .	char	2	BURGLARIES ARRESTED FOR

51 CA6 char 1 # BUSINESS BURGLARIES 52 CA7 char 1 FREQ BURGLARIES CARRY WEAPON 53 CA8A char 1 BURGLARIES NEVER CARRY WEAPON	
52 CA7 char 1 FREQ BURGLARIES CARRY WEAPON 53 CA8A char 1 BURGLARIES NEVER CARRY WEAPON	
53 CASA char 1 BURGLARIES NEVER CARRY WEAPON	
54 CA8B char 1 BURGLARIES HAND GUN	
55 CASC char 1 BURGLARIES KNIFE	
56 CASD char 1 BURGLARIES RIFLE SHOTGUN	
57 CASE char 1 BURGLARIES OTHER WEAPON	
58 CA9A char 1 BURGLARY CONTACT SOMEONE	
59 CA9B char 2 BURGLARY # CONTACT SOMEONE	
61 CB1 char 1 W3 DO BIZ ROBBERY	
62 CB2 char 1 APPROX # BIZ ROBBERIES	
63 CB2A char 2 # BIZ ROBBERIES < 11	
65 CB3 char 2 MONTHS DID BIZ ROBBERIES	
67 CB4A char 1 BIZ ROBBERIES EVERY DAY	
68 CB4B char 2 BIZ ROBBERIES PER DAY	
70 CB4C char 1 BIZ ROBBERY DAYS PER WEEK	
71 CB4D char 1 BIZ ROBBERIES SEVERAL A WEEK	
72 CB4E char 2 BIZ ROBBERIES PER WEEK	
74 CB4F char 1 BIZ ROBBERIES EVERY WEEK	
75 CB4G char 2 BIZ ROBBERIES PER MONTH	
77 CB4H char 1 BIZ ROBBERIES < WEEKLY	
78 CB4I char 2 BIZ ROBBERIES PER MONTH	
5 1 STATE char 1	
2 RANDID integer 4	
6 '05' 2 Card Number	
8 CB5 char 2 BIZ ROBBERIES ARRESTED FOR	.7
10 CB6 char 1 FREQ BIZ ROBBERY CARRY WEAPON	N NDON:
11 CB7A char 1 BIZ ROBBERIES NEVER CARRY WEA	IPO.N
12 CB7B char 1 BIZ ROBBERIES HAND GUN	
13 CB7C char 1 BIZ ROBBERIES KNIFE	
14 CB7D char 1 BIZ ROBBERIES RIFLE SHOTGUN 15 CB7E char 1 BIZ ROBBERIES OTHER WEAPON	
THE THE MEN MANAGER	
THE STATE OF THE S	
to the second se	
10 00511	
THE MANAGEMENT THE PARTY THE	
22 CC4A char 1 PER ROBBERIES EVERY DAY 23 CC4B char 2 PER ROBBERIES PER DAY	
25 CC4C char 1 PER ROBBERY DAYS PER WEEK	
26 CC4D char 1 PER ROBBERIES SEVERAL A WEEK	
27 CC4E char 2 PER ROBBERIES PER WEEK	
29 CC4F char 1 PER ROBBERIES EVERY WEEK	
30 CC4G char 2 PER ROBBERIES PER MONTH	
32 CC4H char 1 PER ROBBERIES < WEEKLY	

CZA

	Begin				
Card	Column	Variable	Type	Length	Variable Label
			-31-	20116011	Agrigate Papel
	33	CC4I	char	2	PER ROBBERIES PER MONTH
	35	CC5	char	2	PER ROBBERIES ARRESTED FOR
	37	CC6	char	1	FREO DED DODDEDA GADRA
	38	CC7A	char	1	FREQ PER ROBBERY CARRY WEAPON
	39	CC7B	char	ī	PER ROBBERIES NEVER CARRY WEAPON
	40	CC7C	char	1	PER ROBBERIES HAND GUN
	41	CC7D	char	1	PER ROBBERIES KNIFE
	42	CC7E	char	1	PER ROBBERIES RIFLE SHOTGUN
	43	CD1	char	1	PER ROBBERIES OTHER WEAPON
	44	CD2	char	2	ROB BURG HURT
		CD3A	char	1	PEOPLE ROB BURG HURT
			char	1	ROB BURG HURT NO WEAPON
			char	1	ROB BURG HURT HAND GUN
			char	1	ROB BURG HURT KNIFE
			char		ROB BURG HURT RIFLE
			char	1	ROB BURG HURT OTHER WEAPON
			char	1	ROB BURG INJURED DIE
			char	2	ROB BURG # INJURED DIE
			char	1	W3 DO ASSAULT
			char	2	# TIMES ASSAULT
		~		2	# INJURE KILL ASSAULT
			char	2	ASSAULTS ARRESTED FOR
			char	1	FREQ ASSAULT WITH WEAPON
		~ · ·	char	1	ASSAULT NO WEAPON
		a- a -	char	1	ASSAULT HAND GUN
			char	1	ASSAULT KNIFE
			char	1	ASSAULT RIFLE
			char	1	ASSAULT OTHER WEAPON
			char	1	ASSAULT INJURED DIE
6			char	2	ASSAULT # INJURED DIE
	_		char	1	
		'06'	integer	· 4	
			a.h.a	2	Card Number
			char	1	W3 DO THEFT
1			char	1	APPROX # THEFTS
		7770	char	2	# THEFTS < 11
			char	2	MONTHS DID THEFTS
	-		har	1	THEFTS EVERY DAY
_		-	har	2	THEFTS PER DAY
			har	1	THEFT DAYS PER WEEK
	-		har	1	THEFTS SEVERAL A WEEK
			har	2	THEFTS PER WEEK
	_		har	1	THEFTS EVERY WEEK
			har	2	THEFTS PER MONTH
2	· ·	F4H c	har	1	THEFTS < WEEKLY

Card	Begin Column	Variable	Type L	ength	Variable Label
		an I T	char	2	THEFTS PER MONTH
	25	CF4I		2	THEFTS ARRESTED FOR
	27	CF5	char char	1	W3 DO GTA
	29	CG1		î	APPROX # GTA
	30	CG2	char	2	# GTA < 11
	31	CG2A	char	2	MONTHS DID GTA
	33	CG3	char	1	GTA EVERY DAY
	35	CG4A	char		GTA PER DAY
	36	CG4B	char	2	GTA DAYS PER WEEK
	38	CG4C	char	1	GTA SEVERAL A WEEK
	39	CG4D	char	1	GTA PER WEEK
	40	CG4E	char	,2	GTA EVERY WEEK
	42	CG4F	char	1	GTA PER MONTH
	43	CG4G	char	2	GIA PER HONIH
	45	CG4H	char	1	GTA < WEEKLY
	46	CG4I	char	2	GTA PER MONTH
	48	CG5	char	2	GTA ARRESTED FOR
	50	CG6	char	1	GTA USUALLY SELL
	51	CH1	char	1	W3 DO FORG&CARD
	52	CH2	char	1	APPROX # FORG&CARD
	53	CH2A	char	2	# FORG&CARD < 11
	55 55	CH3	char	2	MONTHS DID FORG&CARD
	57	CH4A	char	1	FORG&CARD EVERY DAY
	58	CH4B	char	2	FORG&CARD PER DAY
		CH4C	char	1	FORG&CARD DAYS PER WEEK
	60	CH4D	char	1	FORG&CARD SEVERAL A WEEK
	61	CH4E	char	2	FORG&CARD PER WEEK
	62	CH4F	char	1	FORG&CARD EVERY WEEK
	64	CH4G	char	2	FORG&CARD PER MONTH
	65	CH4H	char	1	FORG&CARD < WEEKLY
	67	CH4I	char	2	FORG&CARD PER MONTH
•	68		char	2	FORG&CARD ARRESTED FOR
_	70	CH5 STATE	char	1	
-	1	RANDID			
	2	'07'	±115090	2	Card Number
	6		char	1	W3 DO FRAUD
	8	CI1	char	1	APPROX # FRAUDS
	9	C2	char	2	# FRAUDS < 11
	10	CI2A	char	2	MONTHS DID FRAUDS
	12	CI3		1	FRAUDS EVERY DAY
	14	CI4A	char char	2	FRAUDS PER DAY
	15	CI4B		1	FRAUD DAYS PER WEEK
	17	CI4C	char	ī	FRAUDS SEVERAL A WEEK
	18	CI4D	char	2	FRAUDS PER WEEK
	19	CI4E	char	1	FRAUDS EVERY WEEK
	21	CI4F	char	2	FRAUDS PER MONTH
	22	CI4G	char	1	TOTAL STREET
	24	CI4H	char	1	4 4000

h-13

	Begin				
Card	Column	Variable	e Type	Length	Variable Label
	25	CI4I	char	2	FRAUDS PER MONTH
	27	CI5	char	2	FRAUDS ARRESTED FOR
	29	CJ1	char	1	W3 DO DEAL DRUGS
	30	CJ2	char	1	APPROX # DEAL DRUGS
	31	CJ2A	char	2	# DEAL DRUGS < 11
	33	CJ3	char	2	MONTHS DID DEAL DRUGS
	35	CJ4A	char	1	DEAL DRUGS EVERY DAY
	36	CJ4B	char	2	DEAL DRUGS PER DAY
	38	CJ4C	char	1	DEAL DRUGS DAYS PER WEEK
	39	CJ4D	char	1	DEAL DRUGS SEVERAL A WEEK
	40	CJ4E	char	2	DEAL DRUGS PER WEEK
	42	CJ4F	char	1	DEAL DRUGS EVERY WEEK
	43	CJ4G	char	2	DEAL DRUGS PER MONTH
	45	CJ4H	char	1	DEAL DRUGS < WEEKLY
	46	CJ4I	char	2	DEAL DRUGS PER MONTH
	48	CJ5	char	2	DEAL DRUGS ARRESTED FOR
		CJ6A	char	1 .	DEAL HEROIN
		CJ63	char	1	DEAL METHADONE
		CJ6C	char	1	DEAL UPPERS
		CJ6D	char	1	DEAL DOWNERS
		CJ6E	char	1	DEAL COCAINE
		CJ6F	char	1	DEAL MARIJUANA
		CJ6G	char	1	DEAL PCP
		СЈ6Н	char	1	DEAL OTHER DRUGS
		CK1A	char	1	REASON CRIME LOSE JOB
		CK1B	char	1	REASON CRIME HEAVY DEBTS
		CK1C	char	1	REASON CRIME GOOD OPPORTUNITY
		CK1D	char	1	REASON CRIME NOT GET JOB
	_	CK1E	char	1	REASON CRIME REVENGE ANGER
		CK1F	char	1	REASON CRIME EXCITEMENT
	`	CK1G	char	1	REASON CRIME & FOR GOOD TIMES
		CK1H	char	1	REASON CRIME FRIENDS' IDEAS
		CK1I	char	1	REASON CRIME \$ FOR DRUGS
			char	1	REASON CRIME \$ FOOD RENT
			char	1	REASON CRIME NERVOUS
			char	1	REASON CRIME BLEW UP
			char	1	REASON CRIME ON DRUGS
	-		char char	1	REASON CRIME DRINKING
8			char char	1	% INCOME FROM CRIME
-				1	
	-	081	integer	4	~ · · · · ·
	-	~0		2	Card Number

Card	Begin Column	Variable	Type	Length	Variable Label
		CK3	char	4	\$ A MONTH FROM CRIME
	8	CK4A	char	2	W3 BURGLARY ARRESTS
	12	CK4B	char	2	W3 ROBBERY ARRESTS
	14		char	2	W3 ASSAULT ARRESTS
	16	CK4C	char	2	W3 MURDER ARRESTS
	18	CK4D	char	2	W3 GTA ARRESTS
	20	CK4E	char	2	W3 THEFT ARRESTS
	22	CK4F	char	2	W3 FORG&CARD ARRESTS
	24	CK4G		2	W3 FRAUD ARRESTS
	26	CK4H	char	2	W3 DRUG SALE ARRESTS
	28	CK4I	char	1	DO PROPERTY CRIMES
	30	CK5	char	1	PROP CRIMES PLAN
	31	CK5A	char	1	PROP CRIMES FOUND ALOT \$
	32	CK5B	char	1	PROP CRIMES LEARNED ALARMS
	33	CK5C	char	1	PROP CRIMES DECIDE ON SPOT
	34	CK5D	char	1	PROP CRIMES ESCAPE PLAN
	35	CK5E	char	1	PROP CRIMES SPECIAL EQUIPMENT
	36	CK5F	char		PROP CRIMES PARTNERS
	37	CK5G	char	1	PROP CRIMES LINED UP FENCE
	38	CK5H	char	1	PROP CRIMES USED TIPS
	39	CK5I	char	1	PROP CRIMES CASED JUST BEFORE
	40	CK5J	char	1	PROP CRIMES STEAL CAR GUN
	41	CK5K	char	1	PROP CRIMES FOLLOW VICTIM
	42	CK5L	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG ADW
	43	CK6A	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG GTA
	44	CK6B	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG BURGLARY
	45	CK6C	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG DRUG POSSESION
	46	CK6D	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG DRUG SALES
	47	CK6E	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG FORG&CARD
	48	CK6F	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG FRAUD
	49	CK6G	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG KIDNAP
	50	CK6H	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG MURDER
	51	CK6I	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG RECV STOLN GOODS
	52	CK6J	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG RAPE
	53	CK6K	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG ROBBERY
	54	CK6L	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG SEX NOT RAPE
	55	CK6M	char		CONV OFF CHRG THEFT
	56	CK6N	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG WEAPONS
	57	CK60	char	1	CONV OFF CHRG OTHER
	58	CK6P	char	1	CONV OFF DID ADW
	59	CK7A	char	1	CONV OFF DID GTA
	60	CK7B	char	1	CONV OFF DID BURGLARY
	61	CK7C	char	_	CONV OFF DID DRUG POSSESION
	62	CK7D	char		CONV OFF DID DRUG SALES
	63	CK7E	char	1	COMA OLL DID DIVOG SUTTING

_	Ве	gin			
C.	ard Co	olumn Vari	able Type	T	-41
			-31-0	Tiell	gth Variable Label
	64		char		
	65	CK7G	char	1	OUT OFF DID FORESCAPE
	66	CK7H	char	1	CONV OFF DID FRAID
	67	CK7I		1	CONV OFF DID KIDNAP
	68	CK7J	char	1	CUNV OFF DID MIRDED
	69	CK7K	char	1	CONV OFF DID RECV STOLN GOODS
	70	CK7L	char	1	CONV OFF DID RAPE
	71	CK7M	char	1	CONV OFF DID ROBBERY
	72	CK7N	char	1	CONV OFF DID SEX NOT RAPE
	73		char	1	CONV OFF DID THEFT
	74	CK70	char	1	CONV OFF DID INFELL
	75	CK7P	char	1	CONV OFF DID WEAPONS
9		CK7Q	char	1	CONV OFF DID OTHER
•	1	STATE	char	1	CONV OFF DID NONE
	2	RANDII) integer	4	
	6	'09 <i>'</i>	G	2	0
	8	CK8	char	1	Card Number
	9	CK8A	char	3	DO SAME CRIME NOT CAUGHT
	12	CK9A	char		TILLO DU SAME NOT CATIOITE
	13	CK9B	char	1	OUNV OFF HAVE WEADON
	14	CK9C	char	1	CONV OFFENSE HAND CUM
	15	CK9D	char	1	CONV OFFENSE KNITE
	16	CK9E	char	1	CUNV OFFENSE RIFLE
	17	CK10		1	CONV OFFENSE OTHER WEAPON
	18	CK10A	char	1	OUT OFFENSE HIDT COMPOUND
	20	CK11	char	2	CONV OFFENSE HURT HOW MANY
	21	CK12YR	char	1	INCLUDE CON OFF IN W3 CRIMES
	23		char	2	YEARS SERVED PRESENT
	26	CK12MO	char	3	MONTHS SERVED PRESENT
	28	CK13YR	char	2	YEARS LEFT TO SERVE
	31	CK13MO	char	3	MONTHS TERM TO SERVE
	32	CK14A	char	1	MONTHS LEFT TO SERVE W3 TIMES BEAT
	33	CK14B	char	1	W3 TIMES BEAT
		CK14C	char	1	W3 TIMES CONNED
	34	CK14D	char	1	W3 TIMES CUT SHOT
	35	CK14E	char	ī	W3 TIMES BURGLARY
	36	CK14F	char	î	W3 TIMES THREAT
	37	CK14G	char	1	W3 TIMES TRY KILL
	38	CK14H	char	1	WO LINES FORGE
	39	CK14I	char		W3 TIMES STEAL CAR
	46	D4	char	1	WO TIMES SOLD HARD DRUGG
	48	D5	char	2	HOL WZ
4	+ 9	D6		1	DO TIME DURING W2
5	0	D7	char	1	MARRIED LIVE WITH WO
.5	1	D8	char	1	JOB DUKING W2
5	2	D9A	. •	1	USE HARD DRUGS DURING W2
		41	char	1	W2 DO BURGLARIES

Card	Begin Column	Variable	Туре	Length	Variable Label
					W2 DO THEFTS
	53	D9B	char	1	W2 DO BIZ ROBBERY
	54	D9C	char	1	W2 DO CAR THEFT
	55	D9D	char	1	W2 DO CAR THEFT
	56	D9E	char	1	W2 DO FORG&CARD
	57	D9F	char	1	W2 DO ASSLT WITH ROB BURG
	58	D9G	char	1	
	59	D9H	char	1	W2 DO FRAUD
	60	D9I	char	1	W2 DO ASSAULTS
	61	D9J	char	1	W2 DO DRUG DEALS
	62	D9K	char	1	W2 DO NONE OF ABOVE
10	1	STATE	char	1	
	2	RANDID	integer		
	6	'10'		2	Card Number
	14	D13	char	2	AGE W1
	16	D14	char	1	DO TIME DURING W1
	17	D15	char	1	MARRIED LIVE WITH W1
	18	D16	char	1	JOB DURING W1
	19	D17	char	1	USE HARD DRUGS DURING W1
	20	D18A	char	1	W1 DO BURGLARIES
	21	D18B	char	1	W1 DO THEFTS
	22	D18C	char	1	W1 DO BIZ ROBBERY
	23	D18D	char	1	W1 DO CAR THEFT
	24	D18E	char	1	W1 DO ROBBERY
	25	D18F	char	1	W1 DO FORG&CARD
	26	D18G	char	1	W1 DO ASSLT WITH ROB BURG
	27	D18H	char	1	W1 DO FRAUD
	28	D18I	char	1	W1 DO ASSAULTS
	29	D18J	char	1	W1 DO DRUG DEALS
	30	D18K	char	1	W1 DO NONE OF ABOVE
	31	E1	char	2	AGE NOW
	33	E2	char	1	RACE
	34	E3	char	. 1	HIGHEST GRADE FINISHED
	35	E4	char	1	PRESENT MARITAL STATUS
	36	E5	char	2	TIMES MARRIED
	38	E6	char	1	JAIL OR PRISON NOW
	39	XA1	real	2	RANGE CARD NUMBER, 1ST RANGE
	41	XB1	real	2	RANGE COLUMN NUMBER, 1ST RANGE
	43	XC1	real	3	MINIMUM VALUE IN RANGE, 1ST RANGE
	46	XD1	real	3	MAXIMUM VALUE IN RANGE, 1ST RANGE
	49	XA2	real	2	RANGE CARD NUMBER, 2ND RANGE
	51	XB2	real	2	RANGE COLUMN NUMBER, 2ND RANGE
	53	XC2	real	3	MINIMUM VALUE IN RANGE, 2ND RANGE
	56	XD2	real	3	MAXIMUM VALUE IN RANGE, 2ND RANGE
	59	XA3	real	2	RANGE CARD NUMBER, 3RD RANGE

0.48

Card	Begin Column	Variable	е Туре	Length	Variable Label
	61	XB3	real	2	RANGE COLUMN NUMBER, 3RD RANGE
	63	XC3	real	3	MINIMUM VALUE IN RANGE, 3RD RANGE
	66	XD3	real	3	MAXIMUM VALUE IN RANGE, 3RD RANGE
	69	XA4	real	2	RANGE CARD NUMBER, 4TH RANGE
	71	XB4	real	2	RANGE COLUMN NUMBER, 4TH RANGE
	73	XC4	real	3	MINIMUM VALUE IN RANGE, 4TH RANGE
	76	XD4	real	3	MAXIMUM VALUE IN RANGE, 4TH RANGE
111	1	STATE	char	1	THE RANGE
	2	RANDID	integer	4	
	6	'11'		2	Card Number
	8	F1	char	1	ADULT EDUCATION
	9	F1N	char	1	ADULT ED NO REASONS
	10	F1A	char	2	MOS ADULT ED
	12	F1B	char	2	HOURS ADULT ED
	14	F1C1	char	1	BOREDOM ADULT ED
	15	F1C2	char	1	FRIENDS ADULT ED
	16	F1C3	char	1	PAROLE ADULT ED
	17	F1C4	char	1	LEARN ADULT ED
	18	F1D	char	1	STAFF RECOM ADULT ED
		F1E1	char	1	ADJ PRISON A ED
		F1E2	char	1	EDUCATION A ED
		F1E3	char	1	JOB A ED
		F1E4	char	1	STAY OUT A ED
		F1F1	char	1	STILL IN A ED
		F1F2	char	1	REASONS NOT IN A ED
		F2	char	1	HIGH SCHOOL ED
	_	F2N	char	1	REASON NOT IN HS ED
		F2A	char	2	MONTHS IN HS ED
		F2B	char	2	HOURS IN HS ED
		F2C1	char	1	BOREDOM HS ED
		F2C2	char	1	FRIENDS HS ED
		F2C3	char	1	PAROLE HS ED
	_	F2C4	char	1	LEARN HS ED
		F2D	char	1	STAFF RECOM HS ED
		F2E1 F2E2	char	1	ADJ PRISON HS ED
			char	1	EDUCATION HS ED ·
			char		JOB HS ED
			char		STAY OUR HS ED
4	_ '		char		STILL IN HS ED
4.			char	1	REASON NOT IN HS ED
٦.			char	1	VOCATIONAL TRAINING

	Begin				
Card	Column	Variable	Type	Length	Variable Label
	43	F3N	char	1	REASON NOT IN VOC
	44	F3A	char	2	MONTHS IN VOC
	46	F3B	char	2	HOURS IN VOC
	48	F3C1	char	1	BOREDOM VOC
	49	F3C2	char	1	FRIENDS VOC
	50	F3C3	char	1	PAROLE VOC
	51	F3C4	char	1	LEARN VOC
	52	F3D	char	1	STAFF RECOM VOC
	53	F3E1	char	1	ADJ TO PRISON VOC
	54	F3E2	char	1	LEARN TRADE VOC
	55	F3E3	char	1	JOB VOC
	56	F3E4	char	1	STAY OUT VOC
	57	F3F1	char	1	STILL IN VOC
	58	F3F2	char	1	REASON NOT IN VOC
	59	F4	char	1	ALCOHOL PROGRAM
	60	F4N	char	1	REASON NO ALCOHOL
	61	F4A	char	2	MONTHS ALCOHOL
	63	F4B	char	2	HOURS ALCOHOL
	65	F4C1	char	1	BOREDOM ALCOHOL
	66	F4C2	char	1	FRIENDS ALCOHOL
	67	F4C3	char	1	PAROLE ALCOHOL
	68	F4C4	char	1	DEAL WITH PROBS ALCOHOL
	69	F4D	char	1	STAFF RECOM ALCOHOL
	70 .	F4E1	char	1	ADJ TO PRISON ALCOHOL
	71	F4E2	char	1	CONTROL DRINKING ALCOHOL
	72	F4E3	char	1	JOB ALCOHOL
	73	F4E4	char	1	STAY OUT ALCOHOL
	74	F4F1	char	1	STILL IN ALCOHOL
	75	F4F2	char	1	REASON NOT IN ALCOHOL
12²	1	STATE	char	1	•
	2	RANDID	integer	4	
	6	12'		2	Card Number
	8	F5	char	1	DRUG PROGRAM
	9	F5N	char	1	REASON NO DRUG PROGRAM
	10	F5A	char	2	MONTHS DRUG
	12	F5B	char	2	HOURS DRUG
	14	F5C1	char	1	BOREDOM DRUG
	15	F5C2	char	1	FRIENDS DRUG
	16	F5C3	char	1	PAROLE DRUG
	17	F5C4	char	1	DEAL WITH PROBS DRUG
	18	F5D	char	1	STAFF RECOM DRUG

I

Card 11 is the first record in files containing data from module F.

² Card 12 is the second record in files containing data from module

	egin olumn	Variable	Туре	Length	Variable Label
	9	F5E1	char	1	ADJ TO PRISON DRUG
2	0	F5E2	char	1	CONTROL DRUG PROBLEM
2	1	F5E3	char	1	JOB DRUG
2	2	F5E4	char	1	STAY OUT DRUG
2	3	F5F1	char	1	STILL IN DRUG PGM
2	4	F5F2	char	1	REASON NOT IN DRUG
2.	5	F6	char	1	INDIV COUNSELING
2		F6N	char	1	REASON NO INDIV COUNS
2	7	F6A	char	2	MONTHS INDIV COUNS
2		F6B	char	2	HOURS INDIV COUNS
3			char ·	1	PAROLE INDIV COUNS
3		F6C3	char	1	DEAL W PROBS INDIV COUNS
3		F6D	char	1	STAFF RECOM INDIV COUNS
3.		F6E1	char	1	ADJ TO PRISON INVIC COUNS
3		F6E2	char	1	DEAL W PROBS INDIV COUNS
3		F6E3	char	1	JOB INDIV COUNS
		F6E4	char	1	STAY OUT INDIV COUNS
3		F6F1	char	1	STILL IN INDIV COUNS
4		F6F2	char	1	REASON NOT IN INDIV COUNS
4		F7	char	1	GROUP COUNSELING
4		F7N	char	1	REASON NOT IN GROUP
4		F7A	char	2	MONTHS GROUP
4		F7B	char	2	HOURS GROUP
4		F7C1	char	1	BOREDOM GROUP
4		F7C2	char	1	FRIENDS GROUP
. 4		F7C3	char	1	PAROLE GROUP
5		F7C4	char	1	DEAL W FROBS GROUP
	1	F7D	char	1	STAFF RECOM GROUP
	2	F7E1	char	1	ADJ TO PRISON GROUP
	3	F7E2	char	1	DEAL W PROBS GROUP
	4	F7E3	char	1	JOB GROUP
	5	F7E4	char	1	STAY OUT GROUP
	6	F7F1	char	1	STILL IN GROUP
	7 8	F7F2	char	1	REASON NOT IN GROUP
	9	F8A	char	1	CURR TERM NO OTHER PROGRAMS CURR TERM COLLEGE ED
	0	F8B F8C	char char	1	CURR TERM OUTSIDE COMMUNITY
	1	F8D		1	CURR TERM RELIGIOUS
	2	F8E	char char	1	CURR TERM SELF HELP GROUPS
	3	F8F	char	1	CURR TERM PRE RLSE PGMS
	4	F8G	char	1	CURR TERM WORK FURLOUGH
	55	F8H	char	1	CURR TERM OTHER
	6	F91	char	1	HAVE PRISON JOB
	57	F92	char	i	REASON NO PRISON JOB
O	• •	194	CHAI		WEDDON NO ENTRON JOB

Card	Begin Column	Variable	Type	Length	Variable Label
	68	F9A	char	2	HOURS PRISON JOB
	70	F9B	char	1	PRISON JOB HELP
	71	F101	char	1	ANY WRITE UPS
	72	F102	char	2	# WRITE UPS
_	74	F103	char	2	# SERIOUS WRITE UPS
13³	1	STATE	char	1	
	2	RANDID	integer	4	
	6	'13'		2	Card Number
	8	F11	char	1	MONTHS IN THE HOLE
	9	F12	char	1	# ESCAPES
	10	F13A	char	1	DEBTS
	11	F13B	char	1	DRUG USE
	12	F13C	char	1	ALCOHOL USE
	13	F13D	char	1	HORSING AROUND
	14	F13E	char	1	RACIAL PROBS
	15	F13F	char	1	PERSONAL PROBS
	16	F13G	char	1	PROBS WITH STAFF
	17	F14	char	1	YOUR 1ST PRISON TERM
	18	F15A	char	1	PAST TERMS ADULT EDUCATION
	19	F15B	char	1	PAST TERMS HIGH SCHOOL ED
	20	F15C	char	1	PAST TERMS COLLEGE ED
	21	F15D	char	1	PAST TERMS VOC TRAINING
	22	F15E	char	1	PAST TERMS ALCOHOL PGMS
	23	F15F	char	1	PAST TERMS DRUG PGMS
	24	F15G	char	1	PAST TERMS INDIV COUNSELING
	25	F15H	char	1	TERMS GROUP COUNSELING

³ Card 13 is the third record in files containing data from module

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APPENDIX C

ICPSR Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

PO Box 1248 • Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106 • (313) 764-2570 • Cable: ICPSR

ICPSR INVENTORY FOR DATA CONTRIBUTORS

The information provided in this form will be used to describe your data collection in the ICPSR Guide to Resources as well as other publications and to produce literature citations. Also note that at the bottom of this page we request your written permission to redistribute your data.

1. Descriptive title of data collection (if acronyms are used, give complete meaning), include year(s) that the data cover:

1978 Rand Survey of Jail and Prison Inmates

- 2. Person(s) responsible for the data collection:
 - 2.1 Principal investigator(s) and affiliation at the time of data collection (for multiple investigators, give proper name order): Mark Peterson, Jan Chaiken, Patricia Ebener -- Rand Corporation
 - 2.2 Special collaborators (if appropriate):
 - 2.3 Sponsoring or funding agency (if appropriate) and grant National Institute of Justice 77-NI-99-0053 (This grant funded the data collection)*
 - 2.4 Person/organization responsible for collecting data Patricia Ebener & Paul Honig, Rand Corporation
 - 2.5 Internal study our project number, if appropriate, and the organization that assigned it (e.g., Louis Harris Center; Survey Research Center, University of California, Berkeley):

*Preparation and documentation of the data tape was funded under grant 83-IJ-CX-0006

I hereby give permission for this data collection to be redisseminated by the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research Subject to the restriction in item 15.

Jan M. Chaiken
(Printed name and title) Chairman, Institutional Review Board

3. If this is a new edition or special version of the data collection, give appropriate details:

4. Place of production (city/state), organizational name of producer:

Santa Monica, California The Rand Corporation

5. Name, organization of donor, date of deposit:

The Rand Corporation June 1983

6. Type of data collection (e.g., survey, aggregate, census/enumeration, experimental, event/transaction, etc):

Survey

7. When were the data collected?

Late 1978 and early 1979

8. Time span covered by the data collection (months/days/years -- include discrete years and ranges):

5 months

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9. Description of data collection (Indicate the following as appropriate):

9.1 Purpose and scope - state the objective of the data collection:

To provide detailed information about the criminal behavior of offenders and their associated characteristics.

9.2 Special characteristics - give any uniqueness associated with the data collection or its timing:

9.3 Major areas of investigation:

Quality of prisoner self-reports Varieties of criminal behavior Selective incapacitation Prison treatment programs

10. Descriptors -- Give broad subject headings that the collection should be indexed under:

> Criminology Criminal behavior Crimes Prison inmates Jail inmates Prison treatment programs Retest California Michigan Texas

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11. Sample design and methodology:

11.1 Type of sample:

Stratified weighted random

11.2 Universe:

Male prison or jail inmates, convicted in 12 selected counties in California, Michigan and Texas. (However, only inmates in selected institutions were surveyed.)

- 11.3 Eligibility criteria:
- 11.4 Method of collection (types of instruments, how administered): Self-administered questionnaire; coding of official records
- 11.5 Appraisal of data:

11.5a Sampling error:

11.5b Nonresponse rate and test for bias: Percent responding: California jails 66, California prisons 49, Michigan jails 72, Michigan prisons 49, Texas prisons 82.

11.5c Confidence levels:

12. Is a complete sampling description of your data collection available?

__ No

Yes, Location M. Peterson et al : Survey of Prison and Jail
Inmates: Background and Method (See 14, below)

13. Source of data (if derived from another data file or from printed sources, state all relevant sources):

14. Primary publications resulting from the data collection: The following may be purchased from Publications Department, The Rand Corporation, 1700 Main Street, Santa Honica, CA 90406.

1. N-1635, M. Peterson, J. Chaiken, P. Ebener, and P. Honig, Survey of Prison and Jail Inmates: Background and Method, Nov. 1982.

2. R-2637, K. Marquis, with P. Ebener, Quality of Prisoner Self-Reports: Arrest and Conviction Response Errors, March 1981.

3. R-2511, J. Petersilia and P. Honig, with C. Hubay, The Prison Experience of Career Criminals, May 1980.

4. R-2814/1, J. Chaiken and M. Chaiken, with J. Peterson, Varieties of Criminal Behavior: Summary and Policy Implications, August 1982.

5. R-2814, J. Chaiken and M. Chaiken, Varieties of Criminal Behavior, August 1982.

6. R-2815, P. Greenwood, with A. Abrahamse, Selective Incapacitation, August 1982.

7. N-2016-NIJ, P. Ebener, Codebook for Self-Report Data from the 1978 Rand Survey of Prison and Jail Inmates, June 1983.

8. N-2017-NIJ, P. Honig, Description of Official Record Data from the 1978 Rand Inmate Survey, June 1983.

15. Are there any data availability restrictions to the users?

None

Yes, please describe the nature of restrictions To be used only for research, pursuant to 42 United States Code 3789g. The data cannot, without the consent of the person furnishing the information (i.e. the subject), be admitted as evidence or used for any purpose in any action, suit, or other judicial, legislative, or administrative proceedings.

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	·
16.	Data storage format:
	Punched cards
	X Tape
	Other
17.	Codebook:
	Codebook presently not available
	Codebook readily available but needs to be up-dated
	Y Codebook readily available and complete
	X Hard copy
	X Machine-readable (partly)
	Other
18.	Questionnaire:
	18.a. Are original questionnaires available?
	X Yes No
	18.b. If the original questionnaire is in a language other than English, has it been translated?
	Y Yes No
	18.c. If the original codebook is in a language other than English, has it been translated?
	Yes No
	18.c. State the original language of the questionnaire and codebook:
	Questionnaire: English or Spanish (two versions) Codebook: English

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19.	How many distinctly different	data sets (or samples) are included
	in the data collection?	Eleven

- 20. Can the data sets be used separately for analysis? yes
- 21. Will the data collection be replicated in the future, if so when? Unknown
- 22. Is the data collection one of a series or will it be updated regularly, if so, state the frequency: No
- 23. For each data set (or sample), please state:

FILE	DATA SET NAME	WEIGHTED*	UNWEIGHTED N	# OF CARDS PER CASE	APPROXIMATE # OF VARIABLES/CASE	
	انه الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا					
1.	RAND.CARD.SURVAEP	219C	2190	10	455	
2.	RAND.CARD.SURVFP	1380	1380	ં 3	139	
3.	RAND.CARD.SURVAER	240	240	10	455	
4.	RAND.CARD.SURVFR	240	240	3	139	
5.	RAND.CARD.CALOFF	357	357	3	62	
6.	RAND.CARD.MICOFF	422	422	4	89	
7.	RAND.CARD.TEXOFF	601	601	3	69	
8.	RAND.CARD.SURVAET	0	68	10	455	
9.	RAND_CARD.SURVFT	0	68	3	139	
10.	RAND.CARD.TEXOFFR	0	68	3	69	
11.	RAND.CARD.SURVAEJ	0	126	10	455	

^{*} Cases not used by Rand analysts have zero weight.

24. Are the data multiply punched?

No.

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25. Do the data contain non-numeric codes (e.g., blank, amp, dash, alphabetic codes)?

Data set number:

	1	2	3	4	5	6
None						
Blanks	Х	Х	X	<u> </u>	X	X
Amps						
Dashes	·					
Alphabetics	Х	Х	X	У	χ	X

	. 7	. 8	9	10	+ 11	12
None						
Blanks	X	Х	X	Х	X	
Amps						
Dashes		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Alphabetics	X	X	X	X	1 X	

26. Description of additional files on the tape. They are all print files.

FILE_	DATA SET NAME	CONTENTS
12.	RAND.FREQ.SURVAEP	Frequency counts for File 1
13.	RAND.FREQ.SURVFP	Frequency counts for File 2
14.	RAND.FREQ.SURVAER	Frequency counts for File 3
15.	RAND.FREQ.SURVFR	Frequency counts for File 4
16.	RAND. FREQ. CALOFF	Frequency counts for File 5
17.	RAND.FREQ.MICOFF	Frequency counts for File 6
18.	RAND.FREQ.TEXOFF	Frequency counts for File 7
19.	RAND. FREQ. SURVAET	Frequency counts for File 8
20.	RAND. FREQ. SURVET	Frequency counts for File 9
21.	MAND.FREQ.TEXOFFR .	Frequency counts for File 10
22.	RAND. FREQ. SURVAEJ	Frequency counts for File 11
23.	RAND.STUDY.CODEBK	Text of N-2017
24.	RAND.SAS.DICTNARY	Location of variables (card, column) and other inf

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