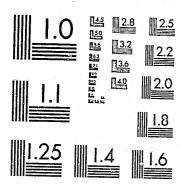
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National Institute of Justice
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20531



ICPSR

Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

Commercial Victimization Surveys, 1973–1977 (United States): National Sample

> U.S. Dept. of Justice Bureau of Justice Statistics

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ICPSR 8003

Commercial Victimization Surveys, 1973-1977 [United States]: National Sample

(ICPSR 8003)

Principal Investigator

U.S. Dept. of Justice Bureau of Justice Statistics

> U.S. Department of Justice National Institute of Justice

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Acknowledgement of Assistance

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In order to provide funding agencies with essential information about the use of archival resources and to facilitate the exchange of information about ICPSR participants' research activities, each user of the ICPSR data facilities is expected to send two copies of each completed manuscript or thesis abstract to the Consortium. Please indicate in the cover letter which data were used.

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DATA COLLECTION DESCRIPTION

These Commercial Victimization Surveys were collected as part of the National Crime Surveys. They document burglary and robbery incidents for all types of commercial establishments, as well as political, cultural, and religious organizations. Business characteristics gathered include form of ownership and operation, size and type of business, and security measures. Detailed information regarding the reported incidents provided data on time and place, weapon involvement, offender and entry characteristics, injuries and deaths, and type and value of stolen property.

The sampling procedure consisted of a stratified multistage cluster which, in the first stage, selected 34 primary sampling units. Data was collected by calendar quarter for four quarters in 1973-1976 and for two quarters in 1977 while the actual incidents reported in the files reflect those occurring six months prior to the interview date.

The eighteen files are hierarchical in structure and contain 2080 to 23,033 business and incident records. The 191 variables are documented in a printed codebook. The logical record length of the data is 201. Class IV

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Survey Overview

The National Crime Surveys are conducted for the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration by the U.S. Bureau of the Census in order to obtain current and reliable measures of serious crime in the United States. The program is unique in that it turns to the public for information about crime rather than relying on law enforcement records. The primary impetus for this type of approach was an earlier victim survey which indicated that a considerable number of crimes were not being reported and consequently existing crime measures underestimated true rates of crime. In addition to providing a supplementary source of data for estimating the amount of crime, the survey provides a wide range of descriptive characteristics and offers general purpose data on criminal victimization over time.

There are two major categories of surveys: the surveys of commercial victimization, and surveys of personal and household victimization. Within each of these categories surveys are planned and conducted on a national or city basis. The documentation provided here is for the National Sample Commercial Victimization Survey (CVS).²

The Commercial Victimization Surveys are restricted in coverage to incidents of burglary and robbery. Other crimes affecting business establishments, such as vandalism, shoplifting and white collar crimes, are not within the scope of the survey. The commercial survey also excludes victimizations covered in the household surveys (i.e., household robbery and burglary, assault, rape, motor vehicle theft and larceny). The commercial survey seeks to measure events which are relatively rare phenomena. This means that a large number of establishments must be surveyed to obtain a sufficient number of victimization reports to permit statistically meaningful analysis.

Virtually all types of commercial establishments are included in the survey, as well as political, cultural and religious organizations. Establishments that are specifically excluded are farms and ranches or other units of agricultural production, and government offices at all levels, except government-run liquor stores and transportation facilities.

The original sample contained approximately 15,000 establishments. Later, in view of criticism received about the large sampling error, this sample was increased to 50,000 establishments. The sample was expanded by selecting 24 additional "non-certainty PSU's" and by incorporating additional segments from the 10 self-representing "certainty PSU's." This augmented sample was introduced in July of 1975. However, due to the lag-time required to conduct "bounding" interviews for the newly added establishments, and other technical considerations, the increased sample size is not reflected in published estimates or the public use tapes until July of 1976.

1.1.2 Conducting the Survey

The Census Bureau began interviewing for the CVS in July, 1972. Interviewers were assigned particular segments to canvas with instructions to include commercial establishments of all types, including those located in government buildings or within military reservations. Farms and ranches, or other agricultural units, were excluded, as well as foreign, federal, state or local governmental offices, (except government-run liquor stores and transportation facilities). Also excluded were home businesses if no sign was displayed or the business was not recognizable. Detailed instructions to the interviewers for inclusion or exclusion of establishments may be found in the Interviewer's Manual.

The interviewer determined if the establishments at sample addresses had changed, become vacant, or had been converted to a non-listable type of activity. In addition, checks were made for mergers or divisions of listed establishments and organizations. New addresses or establishments could be brought into the sample during the course of the survey.

Interviewers made every attempt to conduct an interview with an owner or manager at listed addresses. However, assistant managers, accountants, senior sales clerks or other knowledgeable employees were interviewed if repeated attempts to contact the owner or manager had failed.

Interviews were divided into three parts. In the first part general questions about the business establishment were asked. Part two, corsisting of a series of screen questions, elicited information about any incidents of robbery or burglary experienced during the six-month period preceding the month of the interview. In part three, information about the incidents themselves was collected. The parts of the interview process correspond to the three parts of the questionnaire, shown in section 1.3.2. The kinds of data collected in this survey may be previewed by examination of these forms.

¹⁽LEAA) National Advisory Commission on Criminal Justice Standards and Goals, Report on Criminal Justice Systems (U.S. Government Printing Office, 1973) pp. 202-203.

²Documentation for the other National Crime Survey files is available through Data Use and Access Labs, 1601 North Kent Street, Arlington, VA 22209, (703) 525-1480.

^{3&}lt;u>Surveying Crime</u>, edited by B. K. E. Penick, National Research Council (Washington, D.C., National Academy of Sciences, 1976) p. 9.

⁵Interviewer's Manual, Commercial Victimization Survey, U.S.
Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. (Form CVS-300 October 1974), pp. 16-28.

During an interview the respondent was asked to recall robbery or burglary victimizations that had occurred during the previous six months. The very first interview at an establishment is referred to as the "bounding" interview. Data collected during the "bounding" interview are not used in the published reports and are not included in the public use tapes. The bounding procedure establishes a correct time frame for subsequent interviews in order to avoid counting the same incident more than once. Incidents reported during later interviews are compared with data from the preceding interview to check for duplication. Because of bounding, estimates based on the extended survey begun in July, 1975, are not possible until July, 1976.

Of course it is not possible to obtain an interview at every sample address. There are two general types of noninterviews. First the owner or a knowledgeable person at an establishment could not be located, or when located refused to be interviewed. Second, the listed establishment had gone out of business or was otherwise impossible to interview. Noninterviews are classified in three categories.

- Type A: The owner or a representative was not available for an interview.
- Type B: The establishment was not open for business.
- Type C: The establishment was unlistable (e.g., torn down or converted to other uses).

Type A noninterviews represent a very small proportion (less than 2%) of establishments in the sample.

1.2 Description of the National Sample Commercial Victimization Survey Files

The National Sample Commercial Victimization Survey data files contain all of the data collected during the surveys, including data for victimized and non-victimized establishments. The files are offered on a Collection Quarter (CQ) basis; a collection quarter referring to all interviews conducted during a particular calendar quarter. For example, data collected during January, February, and March of 1974 are contained in the file for CQ 1 of 1974.

1.2.1 Reference Period

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Due to the six-month reference period used in the national sample surveys, incident reports contained in the CQ files reflect incidents occurring during the six months prior to the month of interview. For example, incident records in the Collection Quarter 1, 1971 file represent criminal victimizations occurring between

July, 1973 and February, 1974. Therefore, incident tabulations using the Collection Quarter 1, 1974 file will not provide measures of crime for the first quarter of 1974. The chart on the following page indicates the reference period for reported incidents for each collection quarter. Guidelines for producing estimates of total crime victimization are given in section 1.4.1, Estimation Procedures.

1.2.2 File Structure

The files are hierarchical in structure. The data for each establishment (case) are contained on two record types: a business record and an incident record. The data are sorted so that a business record is immediately followed by any incident records pertaining to that business. The incident records themselves appear in chronological order of occurrence. The number of incident records following a business record depends on the number of victimizations reported for that establishment. Many establishments will not have been victimized during the reference period, and therefore no incident record will be present. The file structure for the National Sample Commercial Victimization Survey is illustrated in Figure 1 below.

NATIONAL COMMERCIAL VICTIMIZATION SAMPLE FILES (IBM Standard Fixed-Length/Blocked)

Business # 1		501		
Incident record 1		201		Business # 1
record	· L			reported two victimizations
Incident record 2		201		
Business # 2		201	1	Business # 2 was not victimize
	·			
Business # 3		201		
Incident record 1		501		Business # 3 reported one victimization

Figure 1

_4

Interview Month by Reported Month of Victimization for the Commercial Victimization Survey

									:	Repor	ted Mo	nth of	Victim	ization	Occurre	nce						
				19	72			19	73		1	19	74			19	75			19	76	
		Interview Month	January February March	-	,	X October X November X December	January February			October November December	January February March	April May June	July August September	Ostober November December	January . February March	April May . June	July August September	October November December	January February March	April May June	July August September	October Navember December
	CC	January February March		·	X X X	x	x x x															
73	C						x x x	x x x														
1973	C	July August Schlember					x x	x x x x x x	x x x	-	<u> </u>										:	:
	. C(October November December						X X X X X	x x x x x x	x x x											•	
	C	January February March							x x x	x x x	×											
1974	, S	April May June								x x x	x x x x x x	x x										
19	C:	July August Septembel									X X X	x	×									
	Ci 4	October November December										1	X X X X X X	×				ļ			•	
	1	January February March											X X X	XXX	<u> </u>							
52	2	April May June												X X X	x x x	X.X.						
1975	3	July August Suprember						.		1					X X X	X	x x x					
	CC 4	October November December		. :												XXX	X	X Y Y				
	CO	January February Vorth															* * X	XXX	×××		- 1	
9/.	C:								ı								1	×××	XXX	xx.		
1976	C	Syptember																		* * * X	X X X	<u> </u>
7	C	October November										1								XXX	x x x x	X ,

Record types are identified by the first character position of each record. A 'l' in this position indicates a business record and a '2' indicates an incident record. In addition, the business record contains information on the number of incident records which follow it. This information is found in character positions 16-17.

1.2.3 Sequence of Records

There are several elements by which records are grouped within a data file. First is panel number, corresponding to month of interview. Thus in a CQ l file all records from establishments interviewed in January (panel 11) precede those from February (panel 12), which precede those from March (panel 13). The data are clustered within a panel according to a geographic identification code, so that all data from a particular region are grouped together. The geographic region code identifies ten broad areas of the country. Because of non-numeric conversions performed in processing the data files, region 10 data (Alaska and Hawaii) appear first within a panel, followed by the other regions in ascending order from Ol-O9. Within a geographic region all data for a particular PSU are grouped together. The PSU's, however, are not organized in numerical order within region.

The business records from a given PSU are not organized in any particular order. However, incident records follow the business record to which they refer in chronological order. That is, the first incident record for a business will be for the incident reported nearest the beginning of the reference period, while the last incident record would be for the most recent incident.

For convenience a unique 5-digit case identification number has been assigned to all data records in a file pertaining to one business. The case ID's were assigned based on the original order of the files as received from the Census Bureau and described above.

Trans.

1.2.4 Record Control Counts

COMMERCIAL VICTIMIZATION SURVEY - NATIONAL SAMPLE FILES

COUNTS 1973			·	-	197	4		1975				
	CQ 1*	CQ 2	CQ 3*	CQ 4	CQ 1	CQ 2	CQ 3	CQ 4	CQ 1	CG 2	CQ 3	CQ 4
Total Business Records	1,865	6,229	1,959	6,551	6,875	6,586	6,957	6,823	7,086	6,842	7,083	7,032
Total Incident Records	215	177	216	780	898	921	862	861	970	939	883	913
Maximum Incident Per Business	12	9	7	10	13	7	0	6	7	12	10	13
Total Records	2,080	7,006	2,175	7,331	7,773	7,507	7,819	7,68 ¹ +	8,056	7,781	7,966	7,945

8	COUNTS	<u> </u>	197	6	1977				
ĭ		CQ 1	୯୧ 2	CQ 3	CQ 4	CQ 1	୯୧ 2		
,	Total Business Records	6,959	7,293	20,181	20,301	20,350	20,393		
	Total Incident Records	821	849	2,285	2,903	2,173	2,640		
	Maximum Incident Fer Business	12	20	30	99	12	99		
	Total Records	7,780	8,142	22,466	23,204	22,523	23,033		

^{*}Data for interview months January, February, July and August of 1973 have been lost by the Census Bureau. See section 1.4.1 for further information on estimates for 1973.

....

1.2.5 Record Type Descriptions

The Business Record is 201 characters in length and contains the following key field components:

Character Positions	Description
	Record Type Identification
2-5	Control Section - uniquely identifies the establishment in the sample
26.25	and state building
16-17	Number of following incident records
18-41	Business Characteristics .
42-59	Summary of Victimizations
60-75	Characteristics of Insurance
76-115	Security Measures Present .
122-123	Random Group Numbers assigned by
	Census Bureau for Variance Computation
124-127	Geography Codes
130-201	Establishment Weights (see section 1.4.1 for estimation procedures)

The Incident Record is 201 characters in length and contains the following key field components:

Character Position	Description
1	Record type identification
2-15	Control Section - uniquely identifies the establishment to which the
	incident belongs
16-21	Time and place of occurrence of incident
22-36	Characteristics of the offenders
37-7 3	Extent of injuries or fatalities
74-83	Method of illegal entry
84-131	Characteristics of property lost or damaged
132-137	Work days lost as a result of the incident
138-150	Security measures taken after the incident
151-164	Characteristics of police notifi- cation of the incident
165	Incident Classification
166-171	Incident weight - corresponds to the establishment weight for the month of occurrence
172-201	Padding

1.2.6 National Commercial Victimization Survey Tape File Coding Characteristics

Coding Conventions

Data fields in the NCS tape files vary in size from one to six characters. Every possible effort has been made to convert alphanumerics to numerics. The character set is limited to the ten digits in all documented fields. Values and codes are represented as integers. Some fields have implied decimal places. These fields are noted in the detailed file documentation.

Padding

All padding which occurs in the files is described in the codebook documentation.

1.2.7 Magnetic Tape Recording

Technical Characteristics of Magnetic Tape Recording Available from DUALabs (straight copy format).

		Type of I	BM-Compatible Ta	pe
	Characteristics	7-Track	9-Track	9-Track
1)	Computer on which user's tape copy was created	IBM 360/65 or IBM 370/155	IBM 360/65 or IBM 370/155	IBM 370/155
2)	Density	556 or 800 bpi	800 or 1600 bpi	6250 bpi
3)	Logical record size for fixed block configura-tion	Business 201 Incident 201	Business 201 Incident 201	Business 201 Incident 201
4)	Physical Record Size (Blocksize)	27,939	27,939	27,939
5)	Tape width, reel size, and tape length	.5 inch; 10.5 inch diameter; maximum 2400 foot length	Same	Same
6)	Character code	Binary Coded Decimal (BCD)	Extended Binary Coded Decimal Inter- change Code (EBCDIC)	Extended Binary Coded Decimal Inter- change Code (EBCDIC)
7)	Recorded tape representation	One 6-bit character per tape frame plus 1 parity bit. NRZI (non-return to zero inverse)	One 8-bit character per tape frame plus 1 parity bit. NRZI for 800 bpi; PE (Phase Encoding) for 1600 bpi	One 8-bit character per tape frame plus 1 parity bit. Group Encoding
9)	Parity	Even	Ođđ	Odd
10)	Interblock spacing	.75 inch	.6 inch	.35 inches
11)	Labels	Standard IBM OS labels or unlabeled	Standard IBM OS labels or unlabeled	Standard IBM OS labels or unlabeled

1.3 Description of Contents

1.3.1 Geographic Identification

The National Sample Commercial Victimization Survey data identify the region of the country where the establishment is located. In addition, for sample units within an SMSA it can be determined whether the business or organization is located inside or outside the central city of the SMSA, and the size of that city is given.

The Geographic Division code is broken down into 11 categories as follows.

Code	
00	No entry provided
Ol	New England: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont
02	Middle Atlantic: New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania
03	East North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Wisconsin
O ¹ 4	West North Central: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota
05	South Atlantic: Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia
06	East South Central: Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi Tennessee
07	West South Central: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas
o 8	Mountain: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming
09	Pacific: California, Oregon, Washington
10	Alaska, Hawaii

The SMSA central city place size is broken down into 6 categories:

- Out of universe
- 1 50,000 249,999
- 2 250,000 499,999
- 3 500,000 999,999
- 4 1,000,000 or more
- 5 No Entry Provided

1.3.2 Subject Content

The questionnaire forms best illustrate the kind of data contained in the tape files and are included in this section. Another important reason for reviewing the questionnaire is to become familiar with the complex skip patterns used in interviewing. The skip patterns affect the number of cases available for analysis for any given variable.

	Form Approved O.M.R. No. 41-R7667
NOTICE - Your report to the Census fluence is confidential by taw (Public Law 33-83). All identificable internation will be used only by persons engaged in and for the purposes of the sorvey, and may not be disclosed or released to others for any purpose.	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
1. IDENTIFICATION CODES	SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS ADMINISTRATION
e. PSU b. Segment c. Line No. d. Part e. Panel	ACTING AS COLLECTING AGENT FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE AUMINISTRATION
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
f. KO g. Interviewer code h. Total number of incidents	COMMERCIAL CRIME VICTIMIZATION SURVEY
	NATIONAL SAMPLE
INTRODU	CTION
Good morning (affernoon). I'm Mr(s.) (your o	
We are conducting a survey in this area to measu	
burglaries and for robberies. The Government need	s to know how much crime there is and where it is
to plan and administer programs which will have a	n impact on the crime problem. You can help by
answering some questions for me.	
Part 1 - BUSINESS CHARACTERISTICS	
2a. Did you (the owner) operate this establishment at this	7. Did anyone else operate any departments or
location during the entire 6-month period ending	concessions or some other business activity in this establishment during the 6-month
2 No - How many months during Months	period ending?
the designated period?	1 Yes - List each department, concession, or other
b. What were these months?	business activity on a separate line of Section V of the segment folder, if not
1] Jan. 4] Apr. 7] July A] Oct. 2] Feb. 5] Ithy 8] Aug. 8] Nov.	guestionanie for each one that fulls on
3 Mar. 6 June 9 Sept. C Dec.	a sample line,
c. The last time we were here (Fres.) gave information	s □ No
for) this establishment (was vacant). Did anyone else own this establishment during the	DO NOT ASK ITEM 8 UNTIL PART II AND ANY
6-month period ending?	INCIDENT REPORTS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED
I Tes - Entor name	8. What were your approximate gross sales of merchandise
2 No 3 Don't know - Inquire at neighboring establishment.	and/or receipts from services at this establishment for the previous 12 months ending
INTERVIEWER - Complete a : titloral questionnaire(s) by	(Estimate annual sales and or receipts if not in
contacting the former extrems i or for vacant establishments by contacting neighboring extra isliments. Congrete separate	business for entire 12 months.)
questioniaires to account for air months of reference period.	1 None
3a. Is this establishment owned or operated as an incorporated business?	2 [] Under \$10,000 3 [] \$10,000 to \$24,999
1 Yes - SKIP to 4 2 To the	4 525,000 to \$49,997
b. How is this business owned or operated?	5 [] \$50,000 to \$79,999
t Individual proprietorship	6 [] \$100,000 to \$499,999 7 [] \$500,000 to \$999,999
2 Partnership 3 Government - Continue interview ONLY II	a [] \$1,000,000 and over
liquur store or any type of transportation	9 Other - Specify
4 Other - Specify	INTERVIEWER USE ONLY
	- 9a. Record of interview
4. Do you (the owner) operate more than one establishment?	(1) Date
1 Yes 2 [] Ne	(2) News of second
5. Excluding you (the owner) (the partner) how many gaid employees did this establishment average during the	(2) Name of respondent
6-month period ending ?	(3) Title of respondent
1 None 4 B to 19 2 1 to 3 5 20 or more	
2 ☐ 1 to 3 5 ☐ 20 or niore 3 ☐ 4 to 7	(4) Telephone Area code Number Extension
6a. hhat Co you consider your kind of business	b. Reason for non-interview
to be at this location?	
	t [] Occupant in business duting survey period but
b. Mark (X) one box	2 Refusal and in business during survey period
RETAIL WHOLESALE	3 Other Type A - Specify
1 Food C Durable	
2 Eating and drinking D Hondurable	
3 General merchandise MAHUFACTURING	TYPEB
4 ☐ Apparel E ☐ Durable 5 ☐ Furniture and	4 Present occupant not in business during survey period
appliance T Troncornore	3 Vacant or closed
6 Luniber, hardware, REAL ESTATE motile home dealers G Apartment rental office	6 Other Type B (Seasonal, etc.) - Spucily
7 Automotive H Other real estate	
B [Drug and proprietary FISERVICE	TYPE C
A C Gasoline Answice	7 [7] Occupied by nonlistable activity
A STATIONS K TRANSPORTATION	● [] Cemolished
R Other retail L ALL OTHERS - Speci	1/7 •[] Other Type C - Specify 7

K		
Port II - SCREENING QUESTIONS		
a. The last time this establishment was interviewed and	d,burglary(ies) were reported in	_(month)
b. Now I'd life to ask some questions about particularly only to this establishment for the 6-month period	lar kinds of theft or attempted thatt. There	questions refer
10. During this period did anyone break into or some.	18. Why hasn't this establishment ever	
how illegally get into this place of business?	pritial aud/or toppeth;	peen insuled against
(Fill an incident Heroit for each)	2 [] Couldn't get anyone to insure ; 3 [] Didn't need it	rou
2 [] No	4 [*] Self-Insured	
11. (Other than the incident's) just mentioned.) during this period did anyone find a door jimmied, a lock forced, or any other signs of an ATTEMPTED break-in?	Premium too expensive	
1 [] Yes - How many times? Number	19a. What security measures,	b. When were these
(FIII an Incident Report for each)	il any, are present at this location now, to	security measures first installed
12. During this period were you, the owner, or any	protect it against burglary and/or robbery?	or otherwise undertaken?
employee held up by anyone using a weapon, force or threat of force on these premises?		Enter the appropriate code
t Yes - How many times? Number	o. Mark (X) oil that apply	from the fist given below.
(Fill an incident Report for each)	1 Alarm system - outside	b. Codes
2 No	tinging, building alarm	
13. (Other than the incident(s) already mentioned,) did anyone ATTEMPT to hold up you, the owner,	2 [] Burglar alarm - inside ringing 3 [] Central alarm - rings at police	
or any employee by using force or threatening to harm you white on these premises?	department or security agency 4 [] Reinforcing devices, such	
1 Yes - How many times?	as hars on windows, grates, gales, etc	
(FIII an Incident Report for each)	5 [] Guard, watchman	
2 No 14. (Other than the incident(s) just mentioned.) during	E [] Watch dog	
Into period were you, the owner, or any employee	7 Tireaims	
held up while delivering prerchandise or carrying business money outside the business?	6 [] Cameras	
1 Yes - How many limes?	* [] tirrors	ļ
(FIII an Incident Report for each)	B [] Comply with National	
15. (Other than the incident(s) just mentioned,) did	Banking Act (for tranks only)	
anyone ATTEMPT to hold up you, the owner, or any employee while delivering merchandise or carrying	C : Lights - outside or additional	
business money outside the business?	D [Other - Specify 7	
1 Yes - How many times?	E None	
(Fill an Incident Report for each)	Codes for use in item	196
16a. Is this establishment insured against burglary and/or)	ORE THAN 1 YEAR
robbery by means other than self-insurance?	1 - Junuary 7 - July 2 - February 8 - August	D - 1-2 years ago
2 [] No 3 [] Don't know SKIP to 17a	3 - March 9 - September 4 - April A - October	E - 2-5 years ago
	5 - May B - November	F - More than 5
b. Does the insurance also cover other types of crime losses, such as vandatism or shopfilling and employee theft?	20. INTERVIEWER Were there a	
1 Yes 2 No SKIP to 19a	CHECK ITEM reported in 1	ny incidents 0–15?
2 [] Dan't know	No - Dui	ach incident Reports, et "O" in item in on
17a. Has this establishment ever been insured against buiglary and or robbery by means other than	p.ig Iton	e 1, and continue with
sell-insurance?	In.	ter number of incidents Item th on page 1, and
1 []) Yes 2 []) No — SKIP to 18		tinue with first ident Report.
3 [] Don't know — SKIP to 194	NOTES	
b. Did the insurance also cover other types of crime losses, such as vandalism or shoplifling and employee theft?		
1[]]Yes		
2 [_] No		
c. Did you drop the insurance or did the company cancel your policy?		
t [] Businessman dropped it		
- Policy		

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	Form Approved O.I.I.D. No. 41-R7662
TRANSCRIBE THE IDENTIFICATION CODES FROM DEM 1	POHL CYS-100 BOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS ACIDIN,
OF THE GOVER SHEET AND COMPLETE A SEPARATE	SOCIAL ARETECOMINE STATISTICS ANNIAL ACTION AS
INCIDENT BEPORT FOR EACH INCIDENT.	MICHDENA DEBODA
IDENTIFICATION CODE	INCIDENT REPORT COMMERCIAL CHIME VICTIMIZATION SURVEY NATIONAL SAMPLE
a. PSU L. Srgment c. Line d. Part s. Panet 1, HO	F. Incident / INCIDENT HUMBER
	Record which incident (1, 2, etc.)
 	is covered by this page
You said that during the 6 months beginning and ending (rotor to screening quostions	7a. here you, the owner, or any employee injured in this
10-15 for description of crime).	incident, seriously enough to require medical attention?
1. In what month did this (did the first) incident happen?	1 Yes - How many? Number
1] Jan. 4 [April 7] July A [] Oct.	2 No - SKIP 10 93
2 Feb. 3 May 8 Aug. 0 Nov.	h How many of them stayed in a Number
3 Har. 6 June 9 Sept. C Dec.	b. How many of them stayed in a Number hospital overnight or longer?
2. About what lime did it happen? 1 [During the day (6 a.m 6 p.m.)	
At night (6 p.m 6 a.m.)	8. Of those receiving treatment in or out of a hospital, did
2 [] 6 p.m. — Midnight 3 [] Midnight — 6 a.m.	this business pay for any of the medical expenses not covered by a regular health benefits program?
4 Don't know what time at night	1 Yes - How much
\$ Don't know	was paid? \$05
3. Where did this incident take place?	2 No
1 At this place of business	3 Don's know
2 On delivery 3 Enroute to bank	0.01
4 Other - Specify	93. Did any deaths occur as a result of this incident?
4. here you, the owner, or any employee present while this	- I □ Yes
incident was occuring?	7 [] No - SKIP 10 15a
1 D Yes	b. Who was killed? c. How many?
2 No - SKIP 10 10 3 Don's know	(Mark (X) all that apply)
	_ 1 Owner(s)
Sa. Did the person holding you up have a weapon or something that was used as a weapon, such as a bottle or wrench?	2 Employees
1 Tes	3 Customers
2 No SKIP to 6a	
2[] out (110m)	4 Innocent bystander(s)
b. What was the weapon? (Mark (X) all that apply)	S Olfender(s)
1 Cun 2 Knife	€ Police
3 Other - Specify	7 Other - Specify -
Ea. How many persons were involved in committing the crime?	1 —
1 One - Continue with 65 below	***************************************
3 Two 3 Three SKIP to 6e	SKIP to 150
3 Three SKIP to 6c	
Don't know - SKIP 10'7a	10. Did the offender enter, attempt to enter, or remain in this establishment illegally?
b. How old would you say the person was?	7
t 🗀 Under 12 4 🗀 18-20	1 TYES
2 12-14 5 21 or over	2 No 7
3 ☐ 15—17	Discontinue use of Incident Report. Enter at the top of this sheet "Out of Score-Larceny," crase incident
c. Was the person male or temale?	
1 [] Male 2 [] Femzle	change number of incidents in flem th. 1. 70 1, and go on to the next reported incident. If no other incidents
3 Dan't know	are reported, return to page 1 and complete items 8 and 9 and end the interview.
d. Kas he (she) -	
1 🗀 White?	11. Did the ottender(s) actually get in or just try to get in?
2 NBack?	1 Actually got in
3 [] Other: - Specify	2 [] just tried to get in
4 Dan't know	12. Was there a broken window, broken lock, alarm, or any
e. How old would you say the youngest person was?	other evidence that the offender(s) forced (fried to force)
1 Under 12 4 18-20 2 12-14 5 21 or over - SKIP to 6g	his (their) way in?
3[] 15-17	¹ 🗀 Yes
1. How old would you say the oldest person was?	2 \ No - SKIP 10 14
1 [] Under 12 4 [] 18-20	13. What was the evidence? (Mark all that apply)
2 12-14 s 121 or over	1 [] Boken lock or window
3 [] 15-17 6 [1 Don't know	2 Forced door
g. Were they male or female?	3 Ataim . SKIP to 15a
1 All male 2 Male and female 2 Call female 4 Don't know	4 [Other - Specify
h. Here they -	
i (; Conly white?	14. How did the offender(s) get in (try to get in)?
a [1 Only black?	1 [] Through unlocked door or mindow
s [1 Only other? - Specify	3 [] Had a key
41'; Some combination? - Specify	3 [] Other - Specify
\$ [] Dan's know	4 [] Don't kriow
F DHM CY3-100 8-31-741	

• INCIDENT REPO	RT - Continued
15a. has anything damaged in this incident? For example, a lock of mindow binken, damaged merchandise, etc. t[] Yes	Ita. Did you, the owner, or any employee here lose any time from work because of this incident?
2 [] 110 - SKIP to 160	1 [] Yes - How many people?
b. has (were) the damaged item(s) repaired or replaced?	2 [_] 110 - SKIP 10 190
1 (_) Yes - SKIP to 15d 2 (_) No	b. How many work days were lost altogether?
c. How much would it cost to repair or replace the damages?	1 () Less than 1 day 2 [_] 1-5 days
(Estimate)	3 [] 6-10 days [Days
\$ 00 } SKIP to 150	4 [*] Over 10 days — How many?————————————————————————————————————
d. How much did it cost to repair or replace the damages?	
	19a. Here any security measures taken after this incident to protect the establishment from future incidents?
\$	1 [] Yes 2 [] No SKIP to 20a
x [] Don't know	b. Blist measures were taken?
e. Who paid or will pay for the repairs or replacement? (Mark (X) all that apply)	(Mark (X) all that apply)
([] This business	t [_] Alaim system — outside ringing 2 [_] Burgtar alaim — inside ringing
2 [] Insurance 3 [] Owner of building (landlord)	3 Central alarm
4 Other - Specify 5 Don's know	4 [] Reinforcing devices, grates, gates, bars on window, etc.
16a, Did the offender(s) take any money, merchandise,	s [] Guard, watchman
equipment, or supplies?	6 [] Watch dog 7 [] Firearms
2 No - SKIP 10 18a	• [] Cameras
b. How much money was taken? — S 00	9 [] Micrors
c. What was the total value of merchandise, equipment, or	A Locks B Lights — outside or additional inside
supplies taken?	c 🗍 Other — Specify —
\$00	
V [] None x [] Don't know SKIP to 17a	20a. Were the police informed of this incident in any way?
d. How was the value (merchandise, equipment, or supplies	1 No 2 Don't know – SKIP 10 21
taken) determined? 1 [1] Original cost	res - Who told them? -
2 [] Replacement cost	3 Owner(s) 4 Employee
3 [] Other — Specify	5 [] Someone else SKIP 10 21
was receivered by insurance?	6 [] Police on scene b. Y.hat was the reason this incident was not reported
s 00	to the police? (Mark (X) all that apply)
v [] None - Thy not? 7	1 [] Nothing could be done — lack of proof 2 [] Did not think it important enough
t [_] Didn't report it 2 [_] Does not have insurance	3 [] Police wouldn't want to be bothered
3 [] Not settled yet	4 [] Did not want to take the time – too inconvenient
4 [_] Policy has a deductible 5 [_] Money and or merchandise was recovered	5 [] Private or personal matter, did not want to report it 6 [] Did not want to get involved
x [] Don't know	7 [] Afraid of reprisal
b. How much, if any, of the stolen money and or property was recovered by means other than insurance?	• [] Reported to someone else • [] Other Specify -7
\$ [00]	
V None SKIP to 18a	21. INTERVIEWER L. Are there more incidents
X [] Don't know	CHECK ITEM / to record,
c. By what means was the stolen money and or properly recovered?	No - Return to page 1, cumplely items 6 and 9, and end interview.
t [] Police 2 [] Other — Specify	Yes - FIII the next incident Report.
NOTES	
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1.4 Guidelines for Using the Tape Files

1.4.1 Estimation Procedures

Each data record contains one or more weight fields which must be cumulated to produce universe estimates. The business record contains a weight field for each month of the year, for a total of 12 weight fields. There is a different weight for each recall month in order to account for monthly variability in the universe of businesses in operation.

Monthly variability in the number of businesses in operation is due partially to the seasonal nature of many businesses. In addition, businesses may initially open or go out of business completely during the reference period covered by the survey. By having separate weight fields for each month it is possible to produce accurate estimates of the number of businesses that were operational for any particular month. This also means, however, that more complicated weighted averages must be obtained to provide accurate estimates for a longer time period, such as a calendar quarter.

Each incident record contains only one weight. It is the same as the weight from the business record for the month in which the incident occurred. For any given business record at least six of the twelve weight fields will contain zeros. The six weight fields that will automatically be zeroed are for the six months that do not fall in the reference period, based on the month of interview. For example, for businesses interviewed in March, 1974 the reference period emcompasses September through December, 1973 and January and February, 1974. Thus the weight fields for March through August must contain zeros.

In addition, weight fields for months falling within the reference period may contain zeros if the business was not operational for that entire period. Thus an establishment which had started business in December, 1973 and was then interviewed in March, 1974 would have zero weights for September, October and November in addition to the months outside the reference period (March through August). The assigned weights are the product of a basic weight and adjustments for non-response, the number of uscable question-naires received, and the number of operational businesses by month. The adjustment factor was determined by dividing the total number of expected reports for a kind-of-business class by the actual number of useable reports received.

The basic weight represents the inverse of the probability that an establishment will be included in a survey <u>pahel</u>. Since there are six panels in the full sample an establishment's probability of being selected for the sample is six times greater than its probability of selection in a panel. Thus the weights assigned in

the data are six times larger than they should be to produce accurate estimates employing the full sample from all six months of interviewing. This necessitates dividing the weights by six, or a multiple of six, depending on the time period for which a business estimate is desired, i.e., one month, a quarter, or a full year.

The basic weight reflected in the data files for the period prior to July, 1976 is 3,000 for the majority of establishments; for a few it is 6,000 or 9,000. After the augmented sample was introduced the basic weight reflected in the tapes is 750 for certainty segments and 1500 for non-certainty segments. Since these weights are six times too large it can be seen that the overall weight of a business in the full sample is on the order of 500 for data files prior to July, 1976 and from 125 to 250 thereafter.

To produce properly weighted estimates the reference period concept and interviewing scheme must be kept in mind. A single panel is interviewed each month so that six months of interview data must be employed to obtain estimates based on the full sample. Since the reference period consists of the six months prior to the interview month it is often necessary to process three collection quarter files to access all possible data pertaining to a specific month. Table 1 designates recall months by month of interview and panel number. Note the first column of X's which indicates that January is a reference month for interviews conducted in February through July. To obtain an estimate for January, therefore, the files for CQ 1, CQ 2 and CQ 3 of the appropriate year would have to be used.

Similarly it can be seen from Table 1 that eight months of interview data are required for a quarterly estimate. For example, data collected from May to December would be necessary to produce an estimate for the second quarter of the year. And data from 17 interview months are necessary to produce an annual estimate. To correspond to a calendar year these months would be February of that year through June of the following year.

The specific steps to be followed in producing an estimate depend on the time period for which the estimate is desired. A detailed explanation of the procedures for various time periods is given below, beginning with monthly estimates which are the most straight forward. The chart on page 26 provides an overall summary of the estimation procedures described.

Special Limitations for 1973 Estimates

As noted in the record control counts, data for four interview months in 1973 (January, February, July, and August) were lost by the Census Bureau. As a result users should be aware that annual estimates for 1973, quarterly estimates for quarters 1, 2, and 3 and estimates for the months of January through July developed as

Month of Interview and Panel Number by Month of Recall (X's denote months in the 6-month recall period)

Table 1

				F	eriod	of r	efere	nce (or re				
Month of	Panel		t Qua										arter
Interview	Number	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
January	11												
February	12	Х					·						
March	13	Х	Х		-		,						
April	14	Х	Х	Х									·
May	15	X	X	Х	Х								
June	16	Х	Х	х	Х	X	-						
July	11	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х						
August	12		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х					
September	13			Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х				
October	14				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
November	15					Х	X	Х	х	Х	Х		
December	16						Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	
January	11	·						Х	Х	X	X	Х	Х
February	12								Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
March	13									Х	Х	Х	Х
April	14				•						х	Х	Х
May	15		•									х	Х
June	16		:						ı				X
					ŀ								

described below will be invalid. Weight adjustments would be required to produce estimates for these time periods from the remaining data. However, even if such adjustments are made the estimates will be considerably less reliable than estimates based on complete data. Monthly estimates for August through December, 1973 and estimates for the fourth quarter are not affected by the missing data.

Preparing Monthly Estimates

The first step in generating a monthly estimate using the CVS files, is to identify all interview months having the month in question as part of the reference period. The files containing data for these interview months are then processed. To produce a monthly victimization estimate the incident records are selected for incidents reported to have occurred during that month. The <u>incident</u> record weight for these incidents should be divided by six and then applied to produce the victimization estimate, i.e., the number of victimizations that occurred.

To estimate the number of businesses the weight field for the relevant month from each <u>business</u> record is used. This weight is divided by six and the results cumulated to produce the estimate. Note that no pre-selection of records is necessary because the weight will be zero if the business was not operating during the month or the month falls outside the six-month recall period. In this manner zero weights nullify inapplicable business records and the correct universe estimate is obtained.

The victimization rate may be obtained by first dividing the universe estimate of businesses operating in a month by 1,000. This figure is then divided into the estimated number of victimizations for the same month to give the rate per 1,000 businesses.

Preparing Quarterly Estimates

Quarterly estimates are based on data from eight interview months, which requires that three collection quarter files be processed. Victimization estimates are obtained by selecting from these files all incidents occurring in any of the three months of the quarter. The incident record weight is divided by six and applied, and the cumulated result is the victimization estimate.

A quarterly estimate of businesses requires employing an average business weight based on the three applicable recall months. An average weight is necessary since the number of establishments operating in a quarter is obviously not the cumulative total of the number for each month. It is conceivable to use the number of businesses operating during a single month of the quarter as an approximation for the entire period. But this procedure is not as accurate as a weighted average if there is considerable month to month variability in the number of businesses operating.

The average weight to be applied is created by adding the business record weights for the three months of the quarter and dividing by 18. To illustrate this procedure, assume that an estimate for quarter 1 of 1975 is desired. To obtain this estimate the files for collection quarters one, two, and three of 1975 must be processed. For each business record the weights for January, February and March are added, and the sum is divided by 18. The result is the average weight to be applied to produce the desired estimate.

A hypothetical example of the business record weight fields for interview months that would contribute to a first quarter estimate (i.e., February - September) is shown in Table 2. The example uses basic unadjusted weights and assumes that businesses were operational for the entire reference period.

Note that some of the weight fields for January, February and March contain zeros. This occurs when one or more of these months is not in the reference period for the panel. Thus, the February and March weight fields contain zeros for February interviews; the March weight field contains zeros for March interviews, and so forth.

In establishing the weight to be applied for quarterly business estimates the zero weight fields are included in the average, along with non-zero weights. At first glance this may seem inaccurate, but it is in fact appropriate since some panels will contribute to the recall period twice. Since there is no rotation of panels the same businesses are likely to be interviewed twice. For a first quarter estimate these will be businesses in panels 12 and 13. The establishments in panel 12 will be interviewed in February and again in August; those in panel 13 will be interviewed in March and again in September.

In an estimate of businesses the same establishment cannot be counted twice. The problem of double counting an establishment for quarterly estimates is automatically avoided by including all weight fields for the recall period in the weight averaging and dividing by 18. For February interviews the average weight following this procedure will be one-third the overall expected weight, and for August interviews it will be two-thirds the overall expected weight. Thus when both average weights are cumulated in producing the total estimate each business is effectively represented only once.

The quarterly victimization rate is found by dividing the universe estimate of businesses operating during the quarter by 1,000. This figure is then divided into the estimate of total victimizations occurring in all three months of the quarter to obtain the rate per 1,000 businesses.

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Table 2

Hypothetical Business Record Weights for Interview Months Contributing to a First Quarter Estimate

Month of					Weight	Fields	by Recal	1 Month				
Interview	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
February	3000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000
March	3000	3000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	3000	3000	3000	3000
April	3000	3000	3000	0000	0000	.0000	0000	0000	0000	3000.	3000	3000
May	3000	3000	3000	3000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	3000	3000
June	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	3000
July .	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
August	0000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
September	0000	0000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	0000	0000	0000	0000

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Preparing Annual Estimates

To produce annual estimates six collection quarter files must be processed. For a calendar year the required files are CQ 1 through CQ 4 of that year, plus CQ 1 and CQ 2 of the following year. The procedures to be followed for annual estimates are somewhat involved and require attention to detail because the files which must be processed also contain data referring to the calendar years preceding and subsequent to the one for which estimates are desired. Readers may find it helpful to refer to the chart on page 6 which shows the reference period covered by each collection quarter file.

Annual victimization estimates are obtained by selecting from the six CQ files all incidents which occurred during the year of interest. The incident record weight is divided by six and applied to produce the estimate.

Unfortunately the year of occurrence is not coded on the incident record. This means that users must first determine for each collection quarter file which reference months fall in the calendar year of interest, and then select incident records based on the month of occurrence variable. This selection process can be simplified by keeping in mind that all incidents appearing in the CQ 3 and CQ 4 files of year 'X', say 1975, must have occurred during the same year. For CQ 1 and CQ 2 of year 'X' (e.g., 1975) only incidents reported for the months of January through June could have occurred in that year. In the files for CQ 1 and CQ 2 of the subsequent year (e.g., 1976), only incidents reported for the months of July - December could have occurred during the previous year, 1975.

To produce an annual estimate of businesses an average weight must be created, similar to the procedure followed in generating a quarterly estimate. Since twelve months are involved in the estimate the cumulated weights for the relevant months from the business record are divided by 72 and then applied. As noted in describing the selection of incident records, all months in the recall periods for the six collection quarter files that must be processed do not refer to the calendar year of interest. Therefore, all twelve weight fields are not cumulated for every business record. Instead only the weight fields referring to months within the desired calendar year should be incorporated into the average weight.

Since all recall months falling outside the calendar year of interest occur in files for CQ's 1 and 2 it is necessary to preselect weight fields before summing only when working with these files, as follows. When processing the CQ 1 and 2 files of the same year for which the estimate is desired, sum weight fields for January through June only and divide by 72. When processing the CQ 1 and 2 files for the following year, sum only weight fields for July through December and divide by 72. For the CQ 3 and 4 files all twelve weight fields may be summed and divided by 72.

Many weight fields to be summed as described above will contain zero weights. These are for months outside the reference period for a panel. Each panel is interviewed three times over the course of the six collection quarters, and over the three interviews all months of the year will eventually be covered by the recall periods for each panel. For example, the first time establishments in panel 11 are interviewed in a year (January), the recall months refer only to the preceding year. In July panel 11 establishments are interviewed for a second time; the recall months are January through June. And the third time panel 11 establishments are interviewed in January of the following year the recall months are July through December. When the total estimate is obtained by cumulating results from all six collection quarter files the full calendar year is covered by the three occurrences of the panel.

Since there is no rotation of panels, it is likely that the same establishments may appear three times. The estimation procedure described for annual estimates avoids the problem of counting the same establishment more than once because the average weight generated for each business in a given collection quarter file will be a fraction of the overall expected weight. As an example, assume a stimate is desired for 1974. The contribution to the estimate of establishments in panel 11 appearing in the CQ 1, 1974 file is zero since the recall months for this interview month are all in 1973. When business records for panel 11 are processed from the CQ 3, 1974 file their contribution will be 1/2 the overall expected weight. And this will also be the case when panel 11 business records from the CQ 1 file for 1975 are processed. Similarly the contribution of establishments in panel 12 from the CQ 1, 1974 file will be 1/12 the overall expected weight; from the CQ 3, 1974 file their contribution will be 1/2 the overall expected weight; and from the CQ 1, 1975 file the contribution will be 5/12 the overall expected weight. The net result is that each business is effectively represented once.

To obtain the annual victimization rate per 1,000 businesses, divide the estimate of businesses by 1,000. Then divide this result into the total estimate of victimizations for the year.

SUMMARY OF ESTIMATION PROCEDURES

	Time Period	# of Months	# of CQ		
	To Be	of Interview	Files To	Estimates of	Estimates of .
•	Estimated	Data Required	Be Processed	Businesses	Victimizations
	MONTHLY ESTIMATES	6	2 or 3	Select the business record weight field for month to be estimated; apply	Select only incidents reported for desired month. Apply the incident weight,
	•			that weight, divided by 6.	divided by 6.
26-	QUARTERLY ESTIMATES	8	3	For each business record, sum the weights for the 3 months of the quarter to be estimated. Divide the sum by 18 to obtain the average weight to be applied.	Select incidents occurring during any of the 3 months of the quarter. Apply the incident weight, divided by 6.
•	ANNUAL ESTIMATES- Calendar Year	17	6	For each business record select weight fields only for months in reference year to be estimated. Sum the approproate weights. Divide the sum by 72 to obtain the average weight to be applied.	Select incidents occurring during all months of year to be estimated. Apply the incident weight, divided by 6.

1.4.2 Reliability of the Estimates

Estimates derived from the CVS data files are based on a sample and may differ from results that would be obtained from a complete enumeration. "Coefficients of variation" have been calculated to give an indication of the sampling variability inherent in the survey estimates. These coefficients are given for specific variables that will be estimated frequently, such as the number of businesses, number of burglary and robbery incidents and victimization rates. The coefficients provided in Table 3 apply to annual estimates and those in Table 4 apply to quarterly estimates. Coefficients are available for 1973 through 1976.

The coefficients of variation given were calculated by dividing the standard error of the estimate for a variable by the estimate and expressing the result as a percent (i.e., multiplying by 100). The coefficients can be used in conjunction with the survey results to obtain the standard error of an estimate. The survey estimate and its associated standard error may be used to construct a confidence interval, that is, an interval having a prescribed probability that it would include the average result of all possible samples. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that the survey estimate would differ from the average result of all possible samples by less than one standard error. Similarly the chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

Confidence intervals for specific estimates may be calculated using the coefficients of variation as follows. Each coefficient shown in Tables 3 and 4 is the percentage that one standard error is of the estimate. To obtain the standard error itself the coefficient should be divided by 100 (i.e., the decimal point moved two places to the left) and the weighted estimate multiplied by this figure. The result is one standard error. For example the estimate for the total number of businesses during the first quarter of 1975 is 6,598,809. The coefficient given in Table 4 for estimates of total businesses in Q 1, 1975 is 4.9. Multiplying .049 by 6,598,809 the resulting standard error is 323,342.

The coefficients of variation were computed using a technique known as the random group method. In this technique the variances required to calculate the coefficients were computed separately for random groups within certainty and non-certainty PSU's following different algorithms. Users interested in further information on these procedures should consult the survey documentation, U.S. Bureau of the Census, National Crime Survey (National Sample) Survey Documentation (U.S. Government Printing Office, 1976) pp (II) 3-1 -(II) 3-2. It is not possible to calculate variances for particular variables by the random group method using the survey data files since the PSU numbers have been scrambled on the release tapes, and some random group codes have been removed.

The confidence interval for one standard error is thus defined as $6,598,809 \pm 323,342$, or the interval from 6,275,467 to 6,922,151. This means that it can be stated with confidence that 68% of the time the results from a complete count would fall within this range. Similarly the confidence interval defined by ± 2 standard error is between 5,952,125 and 7,245,493; and the results from a complete count would fall within this range 95% of the time.

In addition to sampling error, estimates from the Commercial Victimization Survey data are subject to nonsampling errors. One of the principal sources of such error is the problem of recalling victimizations that occurred during the six months prior to interview. Because of a number of factors, however, it is likely that non-sampling errors were less prevalent in the commercial surveys than they were in the household crime surveys. These factors include the greater likelihood of businesses keeping records and reporting incidents to police, as well as the concentration of the survey on two of the more serious crimes, burglary and robbery. To control for the problem of erroneously reporting incidents outside the reference period, a bounding procedure was used whereby respondents were reminded at the beginning of each interview of any incidents that were reported during the previous interview.

A reinterview program also has been instituted in the commercial survey, involving about 3 percent of the establishments interviewed each month. Results to date indicate that differences between the reinterview and the original interview are minimal, well within the margin of sampling error. Another quality control, designed to obtain measures of coverage, involves a recheck of approximately 10 percent of each month's interviewer listing of qualifying establishments.

Other nonsampling errors may have arisen from deficient interviewing and from data processing mistakes. However, quality control measures similar to those used in the household survey were adopted to minimize such errors.

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Table 3

Coefficients of Variation for Annual Estimates

	Total	Nu	mber of Incide	nts	Vi	ctimization Ra	te
-1973-	Businesses	Total	Burglary	Robbery	Total	Burglary	Roobery
The Little Control of the Control of							
Total	4.5	6.6	7.1	6.5	6.4	5.9	16.2
Retail	5.2	5.6	6.4	6.8	5.8	5.4	15.1
Wholesale	7.2	12.7	12.3	31.2	16.4	14.4	55.1
Real Estate	19.4	36.8	37.9	29.8	23.2	24.0	50.8
Service	4.1	8.2	9.0	7.6	8.6	9.0	22.1
Manufacturing	7.8	17.2	17.1	34.3	17.9	17.5	64.0
Durable Goods	8.4	23.4	23.2	34.3	23.1	22.7	64.3
Non-Durable Goods	7.9	21.7	21.7	.0	24.3	24.3	.0
Banks	10.8	24.4	3.8	39.9	41.6	93.9	48.8
Transportation	14.2	31.7	30.3	23.2	35.3	36.8	43.2
All Other	7.3	8.9	9.5	19.4	13.1	14.1	28.7
-1974							1
					:	•	•
Total	5.0	7.3	8.2	10.2	6.9	7.3	11.8
Retail	5.8	6.8	7.6	11.0	6.1	6.5	11.9
Wholesale	8.2	13.1	13.9	42.4	12.6	13.0	44.3
Real Estate	17.5	39.9	48.1	36.1	25.9	33.2	44.2
Service	5.6	7.7	8.3	14.8	7.9	8.8	13.3
Manufacturing	10.7	20.6	21.4	37.5	16.0	16.6	40.0
Durable Goods	11.3	21.4	22.2	42.8	15.4	16.0	45.8
Non-Durable Goods	13.0	32.1	31.1	72.5	29.5	28.6	69.8
Banks	10.3	36.9	70.2	38.3	33.9	68.0	35.8
Transportation	12.5	22.8	23.9	59.2	20.1	21.0	59.2
All Other	6.2	9.0	9.3	28.2	9.6	9.2	31.0

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Table 3 (Cont'd)

Coefficients of Variation for Annual Estimates

	Total	Nu	umber of Incide	ents	Victimization Rate			
-1975-	Businesses	Total	Burglary	Robbery	Total	Burglary	Robbery	
Total	4.9	6.3	6.2	11.4	6.6	6.2	12.3	
Retail	6.1	6.1	5.8	12.8	5.2	4.4	13.2	
Wholesale	9.4	14.0	12.9	51.9	14.7	13.0	52.2	
Real Estate	14.4	49.4	51.5	57.9	37.9	40.1	54.6	
Service	5.2	7.9	8.0	14.3	10.2	10.3	15.6	
Manufacturing	11.7	20.6	21.6	34.9	16.2	17.0	36.4	
Durable Goods	13.9	22.6	23.7	38.9	16.6	17.4	61.2	
Non-Durable Goods	12.4	28.4	30.3	45.9	27.0	28.1	48.2	
Banks	9.9	39.8	73.2	48.4	41.3	77.6	47.7	
Transportation	11.1	24.5	27.1	55.8	23.5	26 . 6 .	53.4	
All Other	7.1	11.0	11.2	28.9	12.0	11.9	30.0	
-1976-								
		<i>.</i>		(10		<i>C</i> 0	- 0	
Total	3.9	6.3	7.3	6.2	5.5	6.2	5.8	
Retail	4.5	4.6	4.6	6.9	3.5	3.3	6.4	
Wholesale	7.0	37.9	40.1	12.7	38.1	40.4	11.8	
Real Estate	7.7	25.7	28.5	19.7	21.1	23.8	21.6	
Service	3.8	5.1	5.3	9.1	4.3	4.6	8.3	
Manufacturing	7.8	10.1	10.7	26.3	9.6	9.9	27.5 34.4	
Durable Goods	9.0	12.0	12.7	32.8	10.2	10.5	42.5	
Non-Durable Goods	9.1 6.6	18.1	17.5	42.6	19.9 16.4	19.5 26.8	20.6	
Banks		17.2	28.5	20.5	14.4	15.9	32.0	
Transportation All Other	9.4	16.1	17.3	33.4 22.6	12.9	13.4	21.4	
NTT Offict.	5•9	13.6	13.9	22.0	16.7	T) • T	← → • ¬	

		Total	N	umber of Incid	ents	V:	ictimization R	ate
. <u>-197</u>	3 -	Businesses	Total	Burglary	Robbery	Total	Burglary	Robbery
Q-1								
	il esale Estate	7.2 8.0 23.1 19.4 7.4	13.8 16.3 42.6 54.9 17.4	13.8 17.1 42.6 54.9 17.8	19.2 23.7 .0 .0 30.7	11.4 13.9 32.1 44.4 16.8	11.8 15.5 32.1 44.4 17.5	16.3 19.7 .0 .0 29.1
Dura Non Bank Tran	facturing ble Goods Durable Goods s sportation Other	17.3 - 20.1 25.3 12.9	32.1 - 100.1 100.0 36.4	31.8 - .0 100.0 36.4	100.0 - 100.0 .0	24.6 - 97.3 97.1 34.8	27.0 - .0 97.1 34.8	91.1 - 97.3 .0
Q- 2	•		•					
Real Serv Manu	il esale Estate ice facturing	6.5 7.0 7.8 22.6 6.0 12.9	9.6 8.3 25.7 44.1 12.8 31.6	10.2 8.9 25.6 43.4 13.9 31.6	13.6 16.6 100.0 70.8 19.9	6.7 5.8 22.9 30.2 11.0 26.1	7.4 7.0 22.4 30.5 11.9 26.1	12.6 14.6 101.0 58.0 20.1
. Non Bank Tran	ble Goods Durable Goods s sportation Other	11.9 15.4 8.7	- 57.7 40.8 20.3	100.0 50.9 22.0	70.7 55.6 31.9	55.9 39.7 17.1	100.3 50.8 19.3	- 68.3 34.0 28.4

Table 4 (Cont'd) Coefficients of Variation for Quarterly Estimates

		Total	Nu	mber of Incide	ents	. v .	ictimization R	ate
	<u>-1973-</u>	Businesses	Total	Burglary	Robbery	Total	Burglary	Robbery
	Q-3							
٠ ١	Total Retail Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing Durable Goods Non Durable Goods Banks Transportation All Other	4.9 5.6 9.7 18.2 5.4 10.6 11.8 10.9 11.6 15.9 7.6	8.3 7.6 24.4 43.8 11.0 28.8 45.8 39.5 68.8 48.5 17.1	8.1 7.5 20.5 42.8 11.8 27.8 43.6 39.5 .0 55.9 18.2	17.7 17.6 62.3 68.8 22.4 98.1 98.1 .0 68.0 100.1 55.6	7.6 7.8 26.5 33.6 10.7 33.5 46.2 44.8 69.2 55.8 19.2	6.5 5.8 21.4 32.8 11.4 32.7 44.0 44.8 .0 57.1 20.4	23.2 23.6 69.1 61.4 28.1 99.6 98.7 .0 69.2 143.3 55.9
	Q-14		•					
	Total Retail Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing Durable Goods Non Durable Goods Banks Transportation All Other	4.4 5.3 9.7 18.4 3.9 7.4 9.1 10.3 10.7 13.8 7.6	6.8 7.0 17.3 31.8 11.8 17.3 22.0 17.0 3.8 40.1	7.9 8.4 19.8 38.6 13.2 17.9 23.3 17.0 3.8 55.3 20.3	8.2 7.9 51.3 3.8 17.9 3.8 3.8 3.8 21.7 20.1	6.0 8.3 21.3 26.2 13.6 21.4 28.1 32.8 76.6 40.3 19.5	6.8 8.8 23.5 28.4 15.4 22.1 29.0 32.8 123.4 53.6 19.8	15.6 15.3 79.7 107.6 29.7 118.1 118.8 .0 98.9 40.7 58.2

Table 4 (Cont'd)

Coefficients of Variation for Quarterly Estimates

		Min	Number of Incidents			Victimization Rate		
-1974-	Total Businesses	Total	Burglary	Robbery	Total	Burglary	Robbery	
Q-1 Total Retail	4.4 5.5 5.7	9.8 8.5 18.8	11.0 9.6 19.7	9.3 9.8 32.1	10.1 8.6 20.2	10.8 9.5 20.2	13.8 14.5 66.3 85.2	
Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing Durable Goods Non-Durable Goods Banks	18.3 4.1 7.9 10.3	34.6 10.5 25.6 29.5 49.4 45.9 32.0	46.4 11.3 26.7 29.5 62.0 .0 32.0	28.2 19.4 72.5 .0 72.5 45.9	25.4 13.9 26.8 27.7 52.5 63.3 45.4	33.7 14.2 28.0 27.7 67.5 .0 45.4	33.4 74.0 .0 71.0 63.3	
Transportation All Other Q-2	7.0	21.8	20.9	98.1	23.0 8.8	22 . 1	99.4	
Total Retail Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing	5.0 6.2 6.9 17.3 5.6 10.6	9.1 8.7 21.2 42.2 12.1 27.2	10.1 10.9 22.9 46.0 11.9 27.5	14.5 15.2 64.6 100.1 54.9 69.8 69.8	9.0 19.7 38.5 12.7 24.9 26.7	11.0 21.1 42.0 12.7 24.9 27.0	15.8 65.3 102.1 53.8 70.1 69.7	
Durable Goods Non-Durable Good Banks Transportation All Other	11.1 s 14.0 10.6 11.9 6.6	30.2 39.9 .0 34.7 19.5	30.7 39.9 .0 39.5 19.8	.0 .0 66.8 66.8	37.5 .0 32.7 21.1	37.5 .0 37.5 21.2	.0 .0 66.8 66.9	

Table 4 (Cont'd) Coefficients of Variation for Quarterly Estimates

1071	Total	N	umber of Incid	ents	V	ictimization Re	ate
_1974-	Businesses	Total	Burglary	Robbery	Total	Burglary	Robbery
Q-3							<u></u>
Total Retail Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing Durable Goods Non-Durable Goods Banks Transportation All Other	5.1 5.9 9.8 17.1 6.0 10.6 10.7 14.4 10.5 13.8 6.0	6.9 8.1 18.1 43.8 6.9 23.2 27.0 41.0 55.2 34.2 13.5	7.0 8.6 16.9 50.8 7.3 23.9 28.2 41.0 99.2 32.0	16.1 14.5 69.8 58.6 26.7 100.1 100.1 .0 66.8 100.4 34.1	5.6 5.8 21.2 30.1 5.4 18.3 22.7 38.1 52.7 33.8 15.4	5.2 6.1 20.2 36.3 6.1 18.9 23.8 38.1 98.5 31.2 16.9	16.3 13.8 70.8 61.5 26.0 100.8 101.4 .0 66.5 102.1 35.7
Total Retail Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing Durable Goods Non-Durable Goods Banks Transportation All Other	4.9 5.6 11.4 17.3 5.9 10.5 11.5 13.7 10.0 14.3 5.9	6.4 7.3 15.5 55.8 10.2 24.9 26.5 35.5 71.5 37.3 15.6	7.9 7.6 16.1 69.9 10.3 26.1 28.0 35.5 100.1 40.5 17.0	9.3 14.7 102.2 49.7 29.3 70.2 70.2 .0 101.0 100.1 47.2	6.6 8.0 19.8 42.5 9.0 21.6 22.4 31.1 72.2 35.7 14.6	7.3 7.4 20.0 55.7 9.9 22.5 23.5 31.1 99.8 39.0 15.4	11.7 16.6 104.9 53.8 27.1 72.6 72.8 .0 102.3 99.4 49.5

Table 4 (Cont'd) Coefficients of Variation for Quarterly Estimates

	Total	Nu	Number of Incidents			Victimization Ra		
<u>-1975-</u>	Businesses	Total	Burglary	Robbery	Total	Burglary	Robbery	
Q-1								
Total	4.9	9.2	8.6	16.0	9.4	8.8	16.6	
Retail	5.7	9.7	9.0	18.5	8.6	7.8	18.0	
Wholesale	9.1	19.7	18.6	53.2	20.3	19.4	52.8	
Real Estate	15.7	43.6	43.6	.0	33.5	33.5	.0	
Service	5.7	10.6	10.6	26.1	13.3	13.2	27.9	
Manufacturing	10.7	26.7	27.5	100.1	21.8	22.4	102.5	
Durable Goods	12.4	28.6	28.6	.0	22.0	22.0	.0	
Non-Durable Goods	12.3	34.6	37.2	100.1	31.6	34.1	100.6	
Banks	10.4	50.7	98.6	56.0	52.2	103.3	52.5	
Transportation	11.1	31.7	37.2	71.0	29.0	35.5	68.4	
All Other	6.3	16.9	17.4	66.8	15.9	16.5	66.6	
Q-2								
Total	5.1	5.5	5.5	12.1	6.9	6.6	13.5	
Retail	5.9	6.3	6.5	15.4	6.7	6.8	15.7	
Wholesale	8.1	18.0	16.7	63.7	18.2	16.7	64.1	
Real Estate	16.0	62.3	68.2	71.5	49.3	55.4	71.3	
Service	5.8	9.5	10.2	16.3	12.3	12.9	17.6	
Manufacturing	11.1	25.5	27.8	58.7	211.2	26.0	60.4	
Durable Goods	13.4	28.7	31.2	34.3	26.6	28.6	76.1	
Non-Durable Goods	13.0	33.7	37.1	100.1	32.2	35.4	100.6	
Banks	10.4	100.1	.0	100.1	100.0	.0	100.0	
Transportation	11.1	36.4	39.8	100.1	37.5	41.2	98.7	
All Other	7.2	16.3	17.1	55.1	19.0	19.1	58.0	

Table 4 (Cont'd) Coefficients of Variation for Quarterly Estimates

<u>-1975</u> -	Total		umber of Incide	ents	V	ictimization Ra	ıta .
<u>-1917</u>	Businesses	Total	Burglary	Robbery	Total	Burglary	Robbery
Q-3							
Total Retail Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing Durable Goods Non-Durable Goods Banks Transportation All Other	4.4 4.5 8.6 8.5 4.5 9.9 8.8 25.0 7.1 11.0 6.2	5.9 5.5 24.6 28.3 6.0 18.9 17.0 45.0 40.3 19.4 15.0	6.2 5.6 26.2 28.8 6.3 20.8 18.4 50.1 98.4 21.5 14.8	8.3 8.7 18.6 45.6 13.3 35.9 68.0 37.0 43.2 48.7 31.2	4.3 4.5 25.0 25.6 4.9 21.0 16.0 51.8 38.6 17.0	4.6 4.4 26.5 26.0 5.1 22.9 17.3 56.5 95.8 18.2 13.6	7.7 8.6 21.0 45.9 13.6 34.6 68.2 36.4 44.7 51.0 30.1
Total Retail Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing Durable Goods Won-Durable Goods Banks Transportation All Other	5.1 6.8 10.5 12.3 5.6 12.5 15.0 12.4 10.0 11.5 8.1	8.4 6.7 28.7 57.0 14.3 28.6 33.4 39.5 73.6 45.1 20.2	9.0 7.7 29.6 59.7 14.5 29.3 34.1 44.1 99.8 45.1 21.5	10.9 11.3 56.3 73.7 28.1 52.5 98.6 62.1 99.1 .0 42.7	8.3 7.0 28.9 48.0 15.1 25.7 29.3 40.2 74.0 42.6 22.7	8.7 7.6 29.5 50.8 15.4 26.3 29.3 44.0 100.5 42.6 23.7	11.6 12.5 58.3 69.4 27.4 51.5 100.5 63.8 99.1

Table 4 (Cont'd)

Coefficients of Variation for Guarterly Estimates

	Total	Nu	umber of Incide	nts	Vi	ctimization Ra	te
-1976-	Businesses	Total	Burglary	Robbery	Total	Burglary	Robbery
Q-1							
Total Retail Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing Durable Goods Non-Durable Goods Banks	4.0 4.5 7.3 8.2 3.8 7.7 8.8 10.1 7.1	6.7 6.4 38.2 33.7 6.9 15.7 18.7 19.4 32.3	7.4 6.6 39.6 37.4 7.4 16.1 19.4 19.6 100.1	6.9 8.4 40.2 30.3 11.8 41.6 45.7 66.8 37.6	5.4 4.9 38.5 28.9 6.1 16.0 18.0 22.2 32.4	6.1 5.4 40.0 32.4 6.6 16.1 18.3 22.0	6.0 6.9 38.3 31.8 11.1 43.0 47.1 69.9 37.0
Transportation All Other Q-2	9.6 6.1	25.9 12.9	26.1 12.8	54.6 33.9	20.5	21.0	51.8 33.0
Total Retail Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing Durable Goods Non-Durable Goods Banks Transportation All Other	3.9 4.4 6.8 7.3 8.7 8.9 9.8 6.4 8.7 6.2	7.5 6.6 37.8 34.5 6.8 15.4 17.2 29.0 47.4 30.1 15.5	8.1 5.9 40.0 35.6 6.9 17.1 19.4 31.2 71.3 30.8 14.7	10.6 12.7 26.7 71.6 11.7 47.2 54.4 100.1 48.1 51.1 61.9	6.7 5.4 37.8 30.6 6.2 15.2 16.3 31.6 47.7 30.0 15.7	7.4 4.9 40.1 31.7 6.3 16.7 18.1 34.5 71.9 30.7 15.5	10.0 11.8 24.8 71.1 11.0 48.0 56.0 96.5 48.2 51.3 59.7

Table 4 (Cont'd) Coefficients of Variation for Quarterly Estimates

		Total	N	umber of Incide	nts	٧٠	ctimization Ra	te
	-1976-	Businesses	Total	Burglary	Robbery	Total	Burglary	Robbery
	Q-3							
-38-	Total Retail Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing Durable Goods Non-Durable Goods Banks Transportation All Other	4.0 4.6 7.0 7.4 3.9 7.8 9.1 9.3 6.7 10.2 5.7	6.6 5.1 35.5 26.5 7.6 9.7 15.2 28.9 21.9 20.3 17.1	7.4 5.6 38.3 30.0 7.7 11.9 15.7 30.0 33.5 21.5	6.8 20.1 35.1 15.1 41.5 48.1 66.8 34.7 71.6 22.2	5.7 5.0 35.7 22.5 5.4 9.8 14.8 29.7 20.3 21.8 15.4	6.3 5.1 38.6 25.9 6.5 12.0 15.4 30.5 31.2 22.7 16.5	7.3 8.2 20.8 36.1 14.8 41.7 48.0 67.6 34.9 73.2 22.6
	Q-4 Total Retail Wholesale Real Estate Service Manufacturing Durable Goods Non-Durable Goods Banks Transportation All Other	4.0 4.6 7.5 8.5 8.4 9.6 8.7 9.8	7.2 4.9 42.7 20.5 6.1 16.7 19.9 27.4 37.7 20.0 17.0	8.0 5.2 45.2 21.2 6.3 17.0 20.2 27.9 100.1 21.2	6.6 7.1 27.6 48.8 14.4 36.6 44.4 73.6 40.8 55.5 31.7	6.2 4.1 43.1 18.7 6.1 15.5 18.5 26.8 38.1 20.9 16.3	7.0 4.0 45.6 18.6 6.5 15.8 18.5 27.8 100.5 21.7	6.5 7.9 27.9 50.0 13.5 36.3 45.8 70.3 41.1 57.3 31.1

NATIONAL SAMPLE COMMERCIAL VICTIMIZATION SURVEY CODEBOOK

2.1 Codebook Documentation

The codebook which follows documents each variable in the files in beginning position sequence. The exact character position(s) are specified for each item. References are also given to the corresponding machine-readable Data Base Dictionary item name, and when appropriate one or more NCS Glossary reference numbers where additional information is provided. A description of the codebook format follows:

LEAA COMMERCIAL CRIME SURVEY
National Tape File Documentation

Reference Number	(A) Business Record Items (B)	Record Location	DED Item Name	Glossary . Number
044	DOES INSURANCE COVER OTHER CRIME LOSSES (C)	66	B66	
(D)	Does the insurance also cover other types of crime losses, Buch as vandalism or shoplifting and employee theft?	(F)	(G)	(H)
(E).	0 Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No 3 Don't know *			•
	(I) UNIVERSE: 042=1 $(T)^*$ Note: Code 3 (Don't know) is not used in 1973 and 1974 files.		÷	
	(J) It is a legitimate code only in 1975 and later files.	• • •		
045	DID BUSINESS EVER HAVE ROBBERY/BURGLARY INSURANCE	67	В67	
•	Has this establishment ever been insured against burglary and/or robbery by means other than self-insurance? O Out of universe; or no ontry provided Yes No Don't know			

- (A) Reference Number uniquely identifies each variable and its relative position in the codebook.
- (B) Record Type Designation specifies the record being described, e.g., business or incident.
- (C) Variable Entry description of subject variable.

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- (D) Question questionnaire form entry.
- (E) Value Range describes all valid code values.
- (F) Record Location specifies the exact character position(s) of the item.
- (G) DBD Item Name indicates the name assigned to the variable in the DUALabs machine-readable codebook.
- (H) Glossary Reference Number reference terms or concepts related to the entry which can be found in the NCS Glossary.
- (I) Universe Statement specifies conditions for universe inclusion based on the questionnaire skip pattern. The statement 042 = 1 indicates that only those cases having a value of 1 for the item described in Reference Number 42 will fall into the variable universe being examined. Users may assume that all cases are included if a Universe Statement is not present.
- (J) Notes are used to indicate changes between survey years or to describe special or unique coding situations.

LEAA COMMERCIAL CRIME SURVEY National Tape File Documentation

Reference Number	. Business Record Items	Record Lesation	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
001	RECORD TYPE CODE	1	B1	
	1 Business record			
002	PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER	2-4	В2	
	PSU numbers have been scrambled in the national sample for reasons of confidentiality.			
003	CASE IDENTIFICATION	5-9	в5	
	5-digit number assigned sequentially to allow unique identification of each case.	•	•	
004	CALENDAR YEAR OF INTERVIEW	10-11	в10	
	73 1973 74 1974 75 1975			
	76 1976 77 1977			

LEAA COMMERCIAL CRIME SURVEY National Tape File Documentation

Reference Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
005	MONTH OF INTERVIEW	12-13	B12	
	00 No entry provided			,
	01 January			
	02 February			
	03 March		• :	
	04 April	į		
•	05 May 06 June		'	
	07 July			
	08 August			
	09 September			1
	10 October			
	11 November			
	12 December			
,				
		14-15	B14	
006	PANEL NUMBER	14-15	D14	
	00 No entry provided	•		
	11-16 Panel number			
				·
			,	
007	NUMBER OF INCIDENTS	16-17	В16	
00.				
	00-99			
	(Indicates the number of Incident Records for this business.)			•

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LEAA COMMERCIAL CRIME SURVEY National Tape File Documentation

Reference. Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
008	OPERATION OF BUSINESS DURING REFERENCE PERIOD	18	в18	:
	Did you (the owner) operate this establishment at this location during the entire 6-month period ending?			
	O No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			
009	NUMBER OF MONTHS BUSINESS OPERATED DURING REFERENCE PERIOD IF NOT ALL SIX	19	в19	
	How many months during the designated period? Out of universe; or no entry provided 1-5 Actual number of months			
	UNIVERSE: 008=2			
			•	
		e e	•	

National Tape File Document 1999

Reference Number	Business Record items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
010- 021	MONTHS BUSINESS WAS IN OPERATION DURING REFERENCE PERIOD	20-31	B20- B31	
	(This is a multiple-response question. Each response category has been coded as a separate variable. Information is coded for all businesses, so that 6 months are designated for establishments operating during the entire reference period.)			
		:		
010	JANUARY	20	В20	
	0 No 1 Yes			
011	FEBRUARY	21	B21	
	0 No 1 Yes			
•				
012	<u>MARCH</u>	22	B22	
	0 No 1 Yes			

Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
013	APRIL	23	В23	
	0 No 1 Yes			
014	MAY	24	B24	
	0 No 1 Yes			
		•	•	
015	JUNE	25	B25	
•	0 No 1 Yes		•	
015	JULY	26	B26	
	0 No 1 Yes			
				Y.

Reference Number		Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
017	AUGUST		27	B27	
	0 No 1 Yes			•	
018	SEPTEMBER		28	в28	
	0 No 1 Yes				
				. •	
019	OCTOBER		29	B29	
	0 No 1 Yes				
020	NOVEMBER		, e e a 30 a e e	В30	
	0 No 1 Yes				

žen.

Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
021	<u>DECEMBER</u>	31	в31	
	0 No 1 Yes			
		•	. •	
022	OTHER OWNERSHIP DURING REFERENCE PERIOD	32	В32	
•	Did anyone else own this establishment during the 6-month period ending?			
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided Yes No Don't know			
	UNIVERSE: 008=2		•	
023	IS BUSINESS INCORPORATED	33	в33	
	O No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			

Reference. Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
024	FORM OF OWNERSHIP IF NOT INCORPORATED	34	в34	
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided Individual proprietorship Partnership			
	3 Government 4 Other			
	UNIVERSE: 023=2			
				•
025 - A	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS OPERATED	35	B35-A	
	** For 1973 Files**		•	
	How many establishments, including this one, are operated by you the owner?	•		•
•	<pre>0 No entry provided 1 One 2 2 to 10</pre>			,
	3 11 or more			

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Reference: Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
025 - B	OPERATION OF MORE THAN ONE ESTABLISHMENT	35	В35-В	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files**		. •	
	Do you (the owner) operate more than one establishment?			
	O No entry provided 1 Yes			
•	2 No			
•				
		•		•
026	NUMBER OF PAID EMPLOYEES	36	в36	
	Excluding you (the owner) (the partner) how many paid employees did this establishment average during the 6-month period ending? O No entry provided None 2 1-3 3 4-7 4 8-19 5 20 or more			

.

Reference. Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
027	KIND OF BUSINESS	37-38	В37	
	What do you consider your kind of business to be at this location?			
	(See Appendix A for explanation of the code categories.)			
	00 No entry provided 01 Food 02 Eating and drinking			
	03 General merchandise 04 Apparel 05 Furniture and appliance			
	06 Lumber, hardware, mobile home dealers 07 Automotive 08 Drug and proprietary			
	09 Liquor 10 Gasoline service stations 11 Other retail			
	12 Wholesale: durable goods 13 Wholesale: non-durable goods 14 Manufacturing: durable goods * 15 Manufacturing: non-durable goods *	•	•	
	16 Apartments 17 Other Real Estate 18 Service		•	
	19 Banks · 20 Transportation			
	21 Agricultural services 22 Auxiliary services 23 Communications			
	24 Construction 25 Electric, gas & sanitary services 26 Finance and credit			

Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
027 (cont)	27 Insurance 28 Non-profit organizations & churches** 29 Other			
	* Note: In 1973 files code 15 is not used. All manufacturing establishments are coded 14; no distinction is made between durable and non-durable goods.			
028	** Code 28 designating a separate category for non-profit organizations and churches is used only in 1973 files. For 1974 through 1977 such organizations are coded 18, Service. DEPARTMENTS OR CONCESSIONS OPERATED	39	в39	
	Did anyone else operate any departments or concessions or some other business activity in this establishment during the 6-month period ending?	•		•
	O No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			

. . .

Reference. Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name :	Glossary Number
029	RECEIPT SIZE	40	в40	
	0 No entry provided 1 None			
	2 Under \$10,000 3 \$10,000 - \$24,999			
	4 \$25,000 - \$49,999 5 \$50,000 - \$99,999 6 \$100,000 - \$499,999			
	7 \$500,000 - \$999,999 8 \$1,000,000 and over			
	9 Other			
		•		
	PADDING	41		
		•	.• •	
030	OCCURRENCE OF BREAK-INS	42	B42	
	During this period did anyone break into or somehow illegally get into this place of business?			
	0 No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			
			•	: : · · · · · ·

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Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
031	NUMBER OF BREAK-INS	43-44	в43	
	How many times?	:		
	00 Out of universe; or no entry provided 01-99 Actual number coded			
	UNIVERSE: 030=1			
-				
032	OCCURRENCE OF ATTEMPTED BREAK-INS	45	B45	
	(Other then the incident(s) just mentioned), during this period did anyone find a door jimmied, a lock forced, or any other signs of an attempted break-in?	•	•	
	O No entry provided 1 Yes		:	
	2 No		•	
				I
			* .	

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Reference Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
033	NUMBER OF ATTEMPTED BREAK-INS	46-47	в46	
•	How many times?			
	OO Out of universe; or no entry provided O1-99 Actual number coded			
	UNIVERSE: 032=1			
. :				
034	OCCURRENCE OF ROBBERY	48	в48	•
	During this period were you, the owner, or any employee held up by anyone using a weapon, force, or threat of force on these premises?			
	O No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No	•		
•				

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Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
035	NUMBER OF ROBBERIES	49-50	в49	
	How many times?		•	
	OO Out of universe; or no entry provided O1-99 Actual number coded			
	UNIVERSE: 034=1			
036	OCCURRENCE OF ATTEMPTED ROBBERY ON PREMISES	51	B51	•
	(Other than the incident(s) just mentioned), during this period did anyone ATTEMPT to hold-up you, the owner, or any employee by using force or threatening to harm you while on the premises?			
	did anyone ATTEMPT to hold-up you, the owner, or any employee by			
	did anyone ATTEMPT to hold-up you, the owner, or any employee by using force or threatening to harm you while on the premises? O No entry provided 1 Yes			
	did anyone ATTEMPT to hold-up you, the owner, or any employee by using force or threatening to harm you while on the premises? O No entry provided 1 Yes			
	did anyone ATTEMPT to hold-up you, the owner, or any employee by using force or threatening to harm you while on the premises? O No entry provided 1 Yes			

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Reference Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
037	NUMBER OF ATTEMPTED ROBBERIES ON PREMISES	52-53	в52	
•	How many times?			
	00 Out of universe; or no entry provided 01-99 Actual number coded		•	
	vovrvence			
	UNIVERSE: 036=1			
038	OCCURRENCE OF ROBBERY OFF PREMISES	54	B54	•
	(Other than the incident(s) just mentioned), during this period were you, the owner, or any employee held-up while delivering merchandise or carrying business money outside the business?			
	<pre>0 No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No</pre>			
	Z NO			
		The second second		
			:	

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Reference. Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
039	NUMBER OF ROBBERIES OFF PREMISES	55-56	в55	
•	How many times?			
	00 Out of universe; or no entry provided 01-99 Actual number coded		•	
•				
	UNIVERSE: 038=1		·	
040	OCCURRENCE OF ATTEMPTED ROBBERIES OFF PREMISES	57	В57	
	(Other than the incident(s) just mentioned,) did anyone ATTEMPT to hold-up you, the owner, or any employee while delivering merchandise or carrying business money outside the business?			
	O No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No	• /		
•				
				•

Reference. Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
041	NUMBER OF ATTEMPTED ROBBERIES OFF PREMISES	58-59	в58	
	How many times?		•	
	00 Out of universe; or no entry provided 01-99 Actual number coded		•	
	UNIVERSE: 040=1			
• .				
042	IS BUSINESS INSURED AGAINST BURGLARY AND/OR ROBBERY	60	В60	
	Do you have insurance against burglary and/or robbery by means other than self-insurance?			
	O No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No		•	
	3 Don't know* * Note: Code 3 (Don't know) is not used in 1973 files.			

Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
043	AMOUNT OF PREMIUM FOR CURRENT INSURANCE	61-65	B61	
	** For 1973 Files **			
. :	What is the cost of the annual premium?			
	00000 Out of universe; or no entry provided 00001-99999 Actual amount in dollars			
	UNIVERSE: 042=1			
	PADDING	61-65		
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			

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Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
DOES INSURANCE COVER OTHER CRIME LOSSES	66	в66	
Does the insurance also cover other types of crime losses, such as vandalism or shoplifting and employee theft?			
0 Out of universe; or no entry provided		•	
2 No 3 Don't know *	· •		
UNIVERSE: 042=1		,	
* Note: Code 3 (Don't know) is not used in 1973 and 1974 files. It is a legitimate code only in 1975 and later files.			•
	•	•	
DID BUSINESS EVER HAVE ROBBERY/BURGLARY INSURANCE	67.	В67	
Has this establishment ever been insured against burglary and/or robbery by means other than self-insurance?			•
O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1. Yes			
2 No 3 Don't know	E .		
	DOES INSURANCE COVER OTHER CRIME LOSSES Does the insurance also cover other types of crime losses, such as vandalism or shoplifting and employee theft? O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No 3 Don't know * UNIVERSE: 042=1 * Note: Code 3 (Don't know) is not used in 1973 and 1974 files. It is a legitimate code only in 1975 and later files. DID BUSINESS EVER HAVE ROBBERY/BURGLARY INSURANCE Has this establishment ever been insured against burglary and/or robbery by means other than self-insurance? O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No	Business Record Items DOES INSURANCE COVER OTHER CRIME LOSSES Does the insurance also cover other types of crime losses, such as vandalism or shoplifting and employee theft? O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No 3 Don't know * UNIVERSE: 042=1 * Note: Code 3 (Don't know) is not used in 1973 and 1974 files. It is a legitimate code only in 1975 and later files. DID BUSINESS EVER HAVE ROBBERY/BURGLARY INSURANCE Has this establishment ever been insured against burglary and/or robbery by means other than self-insurance? O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No	DOES INSURANCE COVER OTHER CRIME LOSSES Does the insurance also cover other types of crime losses, such as vandalism or shoplifting and employee theft? O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No 3 Don't know * UNIVERSE: 042=1 * Note: Code 3 (Don't know) is not used in 1973 and 1974 files. It is a legitimate code only in 1975 and later files. DID BUSINESS EVER HAVE ROBBERY/BURGLARY INSURANCE Has this establishment ever been insured against burglary and/or robbery by means other than self-insurance? O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No

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Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
046	AMOUNT OF PREMIUM FOR PAST INSURANCE	68-72	в68	
	** For 1973 Files **			
	What was the cost of the annual premium?			
	00000 Out of universe; or no entry provided 00001-99999 Actual amount in dollars			
	UNIVERSE: 042= 2 or 3, and 045=1			1
,				
	PADDING *** For 1974 through 1977 Files ***	68-72		
•				

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Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
047	DID PAST INSURANCE COVER OTHER CRIME LOSSES	73	в73	
	Did the insurance also cover other types of crime losses, such as vandalism or shoplifting and employee theft?			
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			
	UNIVERSE: $042 = 2$ or 3, and $045 = 1$			
•				•
048	DID BUSINESS DROP INSURANCE OR WAS IT CANCELLED	74	В74	•
	Did you drop the insurance or did the company cancel your policy?			
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Businessman dropped it 2 Insurance company cancelled policy			
	· UNIVERSE: 042 = 2 or 3, and 045 = 1			

Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
049	WHY BUSINESS HAS NEVER HAD INSURANCE	75	B75	
	Why hasn't this establishment ever been insured against burglary and/or robbery?			
	<pre>0 Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Couldn't afford it</pre>		•	1
. [2 Couldn't get anyone to insure you 3 Didn't need it			
	4 Self-insured * 5 Premium too expensive * 6 Other			
:				
	UNIVERSE: $042 = 2$ or 3, and $045 = 1$	•		•
	*These codes are used only in 1974 and later. They are not legitimate codes in 1973 files.			. '
			•	
050 - 076	SECURITY MEASURES PRESENT (DETAILED)	76-115	B76- B114	•
	What security measures, if any, are present at this location now, to protect it against burglary and/or robbery, and when were they installed?			
	(This is a multiple response question. Each response category is coded as a separate variable. Following each type of security measure is a variable designating when the establishment installed			

Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
050- 076 (cont)	that security measure if it is present. Some security measures were not coded for every year of the survey. When a particular measure was not considered in a given year, zero is coded for that category. The specific year (s) is (are) noted and documented as "padding."			
050	ANY SECURITY MEASURES PRESENT?	76	В76	
	1 Yes 2 No			
		•		
051	ALARM-OUTSIDE RINGING PRESENT?	77	. в77	
	O No security measures; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
			•	

Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
052	WHEN INSTALLED ALARM - OUTSIDE RINGING	78-79	в78	
.	00 No alarm present; no security measures; or no entries provided			
	01 January			
	02 February			
	03 March			
i	04 April			
	05 May			
	06 June			•
	07 July		:	
	08 August			
	09 September			
.	10 October			
	11 November	1		
	12 December			
	13 1-2 years ago			• •
	14 2-5 years ago			
	15 More than 5 years ago	6	-	
				ı
		•		
	PADDING	80-82		
				,
	** For 1973 and 1974 Files ***		•	·
				•

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Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
053	BURGLAR ALARM - INSIDE RINGING PRESENT?	80	в80	
	** For 1975 through 1977 Files **			
*	O No security measures present; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
	for an age		;	
054	WHEN INSTALLED INSIDE ALARM	81-82	в81	
	** For 1975 through 1977 Files **			÷
•	OO No inside alarm; no security measures present; or no entries provided			
	Ol January O2 February			•
	03 March 04 April 05 May		•	
	06 June 07 July			
	08 August 09 September 10 October			
•	11 November 12 December		•	
	13 1 - 2 years ago 14 2 - 5 years ago 15 More than 5 years ago	•		

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Reference- Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
055	CENTRAL ALARM PRESENT?	83	B83	
	O No security measures present; or no entries provided			
	1 Yes			
	2 No			•
		,		
1.				
			·	
.056	WHEN INSTALLED CENTRAL ALARM	84-85	В84	
	00 No central alarm; no security measures present; or no entries	. •	·	
	provided			
	01 January			
1	02 February 03 March	• .		
	04 April		-	
1	05 May			
	06 June	•		
1	07 July			
	08 August			
	09 September 10 October			
	11 November			
	12 December			
	13 1 - 2 years ago			
	· 14 2 -5 years ago			
1	15 More than 5 years ago			
		•		
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Reference Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
. 057	REINFORCING DEVICES (WINDOW BARS, GRATES) PRESENT?	86	в86	
	O No security measures present; or no entries provided	·		
	1 Yes 2 No			
		-		
058	WHEN INSTALLED REINFORCING DEVICES	87-88	в87	
-	00 No reinforcing devices; no security measures present; or no			:
	entries provided			·
	01 January			
	02 February		·	•
	03 March			
İ	04 April		'	
	05 May			
į	06 June	•		
}	07 July	, 1		
ŀ	08 August		•	
	09 September			
	10 October		•	
	11 November			
. [12 December	•		
[13 1 - 2 years ago			
	14 2 - 5 years ago			
	15 More than 5 years ago			
		·		
- 1				

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Reference. Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
059	GUARD, WATCHMAN PRESENT?	89	в89	
	O No security measures present; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
060	WHEN ORIGINALLY USED GUARD	90-91	в90	
	OO No guard or watchman; no security measures present; or no entries provided Ol January Ol February Ol March Ol April Ol May Ol June Ol June Ol July Ol August Ol September Ol October Ol November Ol December Ol December Ol December Ol December Ol December Ol October Ol More than 5 years ago Ol More than 5 years ago			

(See

Reference Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
061	WATCHDOG PRESENT?	92	в92	
	O No was the management on no ontring provided			
	0 No security measures present; or no entries provided 1 Yes			
	2 No			
	2 110			
		·		
062	WHEN ORIGINALLY USED WATCHDOG	93-94	В93	
	provided Ol January O2 February O3 March O4 April O5 May O6 June			
	07 July 08 August 09 September		•	
	10 October			
1	11 November			
	12 December			
	13 1 - 2 years ago	l :		
'	14 2 - 5 years ago			•
	15 More than 5 years ago			
				•

Reference Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
063	FIREARMS PRESENT?	95	В95	
	O No security measures present; or no entries provided			
į	1 Yes	1		
1	2 No			
ļ			· •	
. 1			1	
İ		,		
064	WHEN ORIGINALLY OBTAINED FIREARMS	96-97	В96	
-			1	
	00 No firearms; no security measures present; or no entries			
	provided			
	01 January			
'	02 February 03 March		-	1
	04 April			
1	05 May			į.
	06 June			
	07 July	'		}
	08 August			
	09 September			
	10 October			
	11 November			l :
	12 December			
. [13 1 - 2 years ago			
	14 2- 5 years ago			
	15 5 or more years ago			
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Reference. Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
065	CAMERAS PRESENT	98	в98	
•	O No security measures present; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
	2 No		•	
066	WHEN INSTALLED CAMERAS	99-100	В99	
	00 No cameras; no security measures present; or no entries provided			
	01 January 02 February 03 March	•		•
	04 April 05 May 06 June	•		
	07 July 08 August 09 September			
•	10 October 11 November 12 December			
•	13 1 - 2 years ago 14 2- 5 years ago 15 5 or more years ago			

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leference. lumber	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
067	MIRRORS PRESENT?	101	B101	
	O No security measures present; or no entries provided			
1	l Yes			
	2 No			
			· •	
		٠.		
068	WHEN INSTALLED MIRRORS	102-103	B102	i
	00 No mirrors; or no security measures present; or no entries			
	provided			
	01 January		,	
	02 February			
	03 March			ı
	04 April			
	05 May		:	
	06 June	,	•	
	07 July			
.]	08 August		•	
	09 September	,		
	10 October			
	11 November 12 December			
	13 1 - 2 years ago			ı
• •	14 2 - 5 years ago			-
	15 More than 5 years ago			
	25 Tota silait 5 Janes ago			
			1	
			•	
- 1				

leference lumber	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
	PADDING	104-106		
	** For 1973 Files **			
			•	
069	ADDITIONAL OR SPECIAL LOCKS PRESENT?	104	B104	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			•
•	O No security measures present; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
070	WHEN INSTALLED ADDITIONAL OR SPECIAL LOCKS?	105-106	B105	
070	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			
	00 No locks; no security measures present; or no entries provided 01 January			
•	02 February 03 March			
	04 April 05 May 06 June			
	ປປ July ປປ August			

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Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
070 (cont)	O9 September 10 October 11 November			
	<pre>12 December 13 1 - 2 years ago 14 2 - 5 years ago 15 More than 5 years ago</pre>		•	
			•	
	PADDING	107-109		
	** For 1973 Files **			
071	COMPLY WITH NATIONAL BANKING ACT (BANKS ONLY)	107	B107	•
1	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **		•	
	O Not a bank; no security measures present; or no entries provided			
	1 Yes 2 No			
•				

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Reference Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
072	WHEN ORIGINALLY COMPLIED WITH NATIONAL BANKING ACT?	108-109	B108	
			1	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			
	00 Not a bank; does not comply with banking act; no security			
1	measures present; or no entries provided			
. 1	01 January			
	02 February			
1	03 March			
	04 April			!
.	05 May			
}	06 June			
.	07 July			
	08 August ·			
		·		ł
	09 September 10 October		1	
1	10 October 11 November			
	12 December			
	13 1 - 2 years ago		ţ .	
	14 2 - 5 years ago			
-	15 More than 5 years ago		1	}
	1) Linte chan 2 hears ago			
.			,	
·				}
				1
	PADDING	110-112		}
• •	tuning	110 114		
	** For 1973 and 1974 Files **			1
	"" LOT 13/2 gld 13/4 LITES ""			
		.		
1		1		

Reference' Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
073	OUTSIDE/ADDITIONAL LIGHTS PRESENT?	110	В110	
	** For 1975 through 1977 Files **			
	0 No security measures present; or no entries provided 1 Yes			
	2 No			
074	WHEN INSTALLED ADDITIONAL LIGHTS	111-112	B111	
	<pre>** For 1975 through 1977 Files ** 00 No additional lights; no security measures present; or no</pre>			
	08 August 09 September 10 October 11 November 12 December 13 1 - 2 years ago 14 2 - 5 years ago 15 More than 5 years ago			

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Reference ² Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
075	OTHER SECURITY MEASURES PRESENT?	113	в113	
.]				
	O No security measures present; or no entries provided			
	1 Yes 2 No	}		
1	Z NC			
		}		
.]				
076	WHEN INSTALLED "OTHER" MEASURES	114-115	B114	•
1		}		
1	00 No "other" measures; no security measures present; or no			
[entries provided 01 January			
	02 February			
1	03 March	· .		
	04 April			
. · ·	05 May			
İ	06 June			
	07 July			4
,	08 August	•		
	09 September .			
	10 October			•
-	11 November 12 December			
	13 1 - 2 years ago			
.	· 14 2 - 5 years ago			
-	15 More than 5 years ago			
	25 12 20 21 21 2 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			
}				
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Reference, Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
	PADDING	116-121		
077	RANDOM GROUP NUMBER	122-123	B122	
	(Random Group Numbers were assigned by the Census Bureau for computing coefficients of variations.)			
	00-10 Random Group Number Code 11 No entry provided			
078	GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION CODE	124-125	B124	
	(This code indicates the division of the country where the business is located.)	•	•	
	00 No entry provided		· ·	•
	01 New England: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont			
	02 Middle Atlantic: New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania		•	
	03 East North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Wisconsin			

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Reference' Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
078 (cont)	DIVISION CODE (Cont'd)			
(Cont.)	04 West North Central: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota			
	O5 South Atlantic: Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia			
	06 East South Central: Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennesee			
	07 West South Central: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas			
	08 Mountain: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming	•		•
	09 Pacific: California, Oregon, and Washington			
	10 Alaska and Hawaii			
•				
				•

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Reference Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
079	SIZE OF SMSA CENTRAL CITY - BUSINESS OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITY	126	B126	
	0 Out of universe 1 50,000 - 249,999 2 250,000 - 499,999			
	3 500,000 - 999,999 4 1,000,000 or more 5 No entry provided		•	
•				
•	UNIVERSE: Businesses located in an SMSA, but not inside central city of the SMSA			
				•
080	SIZE OF SMSA CENTRAL CITY - BUSINESS INSIDE CENTRAL CITY	127	B127	
	0 Out of universe 1 50,000 - 249,999			'
	2 250,000 - 499,999 3 500,000 - 999,999 4 1,000,000 or more			
	5 No entry provided			
	UNIVERSE: Businesses located in an SMSA Central City			

Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
	PADDING	128-129		
081 - 092	ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHTS	130-201	в130-в196	
	Each business record contains 12 establishment weight fields - one for each month located in the positions documented below. These weights are applied to estimate the number of establishments and to estimate establishment characteristics. They must be cumulated and divided appropriately to obtain accurate estimates. Users should read thoroughly the introductory section of this manual which discusses the procedures for applying weights before		•	
	attempting analyses. (see pages 18-26)			
	000000 is coded for those months that are not in the 6-months reference period for a given interview month. The weight field for a given month within the 6-month reference period will also contain 000000 if the establishment was not in operation during that month. (Information on months of operation is contained in Ref. Nos. 008-021.)			
	All weights are 6-digits with 2 implied decimal places.			
081	JANUARY ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT See explanatory note above.	130-135	в130	

Reference Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
082	FEBRUARY ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT	136-141	в136	
	See note preceeding Ref. No. 081 for description.		•	
			•	, ,
083	MARCH ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT	142-147	B142	
005	See note preceeding Ref. No. 081 for description.			
	See note preceeding ker. No. our for description.		ı	
•				
084	APRIL ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT	148-153	B148	<u> </u>
	See note preceeding Ref. No. 081 for description			
			•	,
			•	
085	MAY ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT	154-159	B154	
	See note preceeding Ref. No. 081 for description			

Reference Number	. Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
086	JUNE ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT	160-165	B160	
	See note preceeding Ref. No. 081 for description			
087	JULY ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT	166-171	В166	
-	See note preceeding Ref. No. 081 for description .			
			•	
088	AUGUST ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT	172-177	В172	
	See note preceeding Ref. No. 081 for description			·
			•	
				•
089.	SEPTEMBER ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT	178-183	В178	
	See note preceeding Ref. No. 081 for description			
and the second s			•	
		·	·	

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Reference Number	Business Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
090	OCTOBER ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT	184-189	B184	
	See note preceeding Ref. No. 081 for description		•	
			•	
			•	
091	NOVEMBER ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT	190-195	B190	
	See note preceeding Ref. No. 081 for description .			
092	DECEMBER ESTABLISHMENT WEIGHT	196-201	B196	
	See note preceeding Ref. No. 081 for description			
			•	
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			•	
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Reference · Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
093	RECORD TYPE CODE	1	I1	
•	2 Incident record			
		•		
094	PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER	2-4	12	
	PSU numbers have been scrambled in the national sample for reasons of confidentiality.			
		•		
095	CASE IDENTIFICATION	5-9	π 5	•
	5-digit number assigned sequentially to allow unique identification of each case.			
		•		•
•				
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Reference - Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
096	YEAR OF INTERVIEW	10-11	110	
	73 1973 74 1974		•	
	75 1975 76 1976 77 1977			
			•	
097	MONTH OF INTERVIEW	12-13	I12	
	00 No entry provided 01 January 02 February	•		
	03 March 04 April 05 May			•
	06 June 07 July		,	
	08 August 09 September 10 October			
	11 November 12 December			

Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
098	PANEL NUMBER	14-15	I14	
	E SOLICIA STORY CONTROL OF THE SOLICIA STORY	1	***	
	00 No entry provided 11-16 Panel number			
				z
099	INCIDENT NUMBER	16-17	116	
	01 00			
	01-99 00 No entry provided			r
1.				
				-
100	MONTH OF OCCURRENCE	18-19	118	
	00 No entry provided			
1	01 January			
	02 February			
ĺ	03 March			
	04 April			
	05 May 06 June			•
•	07 July			
	08 August			
	09 September			
	10 October			
	11 November		1	
l	12 December	1	1	

Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	D60 Item Name	Glossary Number
101	TIME OF OCCURRENCE	20	120	
•	About what time of day did it happen?			
	0 No entry provided 1 During the day (6 a.m 6 p.m.) 2 6 p.m midnight	•		
	3 Midnight - 6 a.m. 4 Don't know what time of night 5 Don't know			. '
	J Don't know			
102	PLACE OF OCCURRENCE	21 .	121	
	Where did this incident take place?			•
	O No entry provided 1 At this place of business 2 On delivery			
	3 Enroute to bank 4 Other			
· .				
		•		
			· ·	

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
103	ANYONE PRESENT DURING INCIDENT	22	122	
	Were you (the owner) or an employee present while this incident was occurring?		•	
	O No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No		•	
	3 Don't know			
104	DID OFFENDER(S) HAVE WEAPON	23	123	
	Did the person holding you up have a weapon or something that was used as a weapon, such as a bottle or wrench?			•
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No 3 Don't know			
•	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3		•	

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
105- 107	TYPE OF WEAPON (DETAILED)	24-26	Ĩ24- I26	
	(Starting in 1975 this is a multiple response question. For consistency across all years, each category has been coded as a separate variable.)			
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3, and 104 = 1			
•				
105	WAS A GUN PRESENT	24		
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			
106	WAS A KNIFE PRESENT	25	125	
	O Out of universe; no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			

Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD İtem Name	Glossary Number
107	WAS ANOTHER WEAPON PRESENT	26	126	
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			
•			•	
	PADDING	27-28		
108	NUMBER OF PERSONS COMMITTING CRIME	29	129	-
	How many persons were involved in committing the crime?			
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 One			
	2 Two 3 Three 4 Four or more			
•	5 Don't know			
•				
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3			

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name '	Glossary Number
109	AGE - SINGLE CFFENDER	30	130	
	How old would you say the person was?	:	•	·
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Under 12 years 2 12-14			
	3 15-17 4 18-20			
	5 21 or over 6 Don't know			
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3, and 108 = 1			
110	SEX - SINGLE OFFENDER	31	I31	
	Was the person male or female?		•	
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Male 2 Female 3 Don't know			
		a, e e e e		
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3, and 108 = 1			

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
111	RACE - SINGLE OFFENDER	32	132	
	Was he (she)?			
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided White Black Other Don't know			
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3, and 108 = 1	•		
112	AGE - YOUNGEST MULTIPLE OFFENDER	33	133	•
	How Id would you say the youngest person was? O lat of universe; or no entry provided 1 Under 12 2 12-14 3 15-17 4 18-20 5 21 or over 6 Don't know			
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3, and 108 = 2, 3, or 4		•	

Reference, Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
113	AGE - OLDEST MULTIPLE OFFENDER	34	134	
	How old would you say the oldest person was?			
	<pre>0 Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Under 12 2 12-14 3 15-17 4 18-20 5 21 or over</pre>			
	6 Don't know			
	UNIVERSE: $103 = 1$ or 3; and $108 = 2$, 3, or 4; and $112 \neq 5$			
114	SEX - MULTIPLE OFFENDERS	35	135	
	Were they male or female?	•		
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 All male 2 All female 3 Male & female 4 Don't know			
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3, and 108 = 2, 3, or 4			

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
·.115·	RACE - MULTIPLE OFFENDERS	36	136	
•	Were they?			
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided Only white Only black Only other Some combination Don't know			
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3, and 108 = 2, 3, or 4			
		,		•
116	ANYONE INJURED ENOUGH TO REQUIRE MEDICAL ATTENTION	37	137	
	Were you (the owner) or any of the employees injured in this incident, seriously enough to require medical attention?			
•	O Out of universe, or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			
	1971mnon - 152 m 1 am 2			
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3		•	

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
117	NUMBER OF PERSONS REQUIRING MEDICAL ATTENTION	38-39	I38	
	How many?			
	00 Out of universe; or no entry provided 01-99 Actual number coded		•	
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3, and 116 = 1	ı		, 1
-				i i
118	NUMBER GF PERSONS STAYING IN HOSPITAL OVERNIGHT OR LONGER	40-41	140	
	How many of them stayed in a hospital overnight or longer?			•
	Out of universe; or no entry provided; or none of the injured required overnight hospitalization			
	01-99 Actual number coded		•	
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3, and 116 = 1			

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Reference Number	. Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
119	DID BUSINESS PAY FOR ANY MEDICAL EXPENSES	42	142	
	Of those receiving treatment in or out of a hospital did this business pay for any of the medical expenses not covered by a regular health benefits program?		•	
•	O Out of universe; or no entry provided Yes No Don't know			
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3, and 116 = 1			
120	AMOUNT PAID BY BUSINESS FOR MEDICAL EXPENSES	43-48	148	•
	How much was paid? O00000 Out of universe O00001-999999 Actual amount coded in dollars			
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3, and 116 = 1; and 119 = 1			

Reference:	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
	PADDING	49		44
	** For 1973 Files **			
121	OCCURRENCE OF DEATHS DUE TO INCIDENT	49	I49	
•	** For 1974 through 1977 Files ** Did any deaths occur as a result of this incident?			
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No	•		•
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 1 or 3			
			•	

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
	PADDING	50-70	·	
•	** For 1973 Files **			
122 - 135	KIND OF PERSON KILLED DUE TO INCIDENT AND NUMBER OF SUCH PERSONS (DETAILED)	50-70	I50- I69	i .
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			
	Who was killed? How many?			
	(This is a multiple response question. Each response category is coded as a separate variable.)			•
	UNIVERSE for Ref. Nos. 122 - 135): 103 = 1 or 3, and 121 = 1		•	
122	WAS AN OWNER(S) KILLED?	50	150	
	** For 1974 and 1975 Files **			
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			•

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Reference, Number	. Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
123 .	HOW MANY KILLED - OWNER(S)	51-52	151	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			
	OO Out of universe; no entries provided; or no owners killed OO-99 Actual number coded		•	
124	WERE ANY EMPLOYEES KILLED?	53	153	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **		•	
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			•
125	HOW MANY KILLED - EMPLOYEES	54 - 55	15 4	•
•	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			
	Out of universe; or no entries provided; or no employees killed			
	01-99 Actual number coded			

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Reference - Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
126	WERE ANY CUSTOMERS KILLED?	56	156	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files ***		•	
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
				10
127	HOW MANY KILLED - CUSTOMERS	57=58	157	
•	** For 1974 through 1977 Files ** OO Out of universe; or no entries provided; or no customers	•		•
	killed 01-99 Actual number coded			
				:
128	WERE ANY BYSTANDERS KILLED? ** For 1974 through 1977 Files **	59	I 59	
	O Out of universe or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No		•	
	2 INQ			

Reference. Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
129	HOW MANY KILLED - BYSTANDERS	60-61	160	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **		·	i '
	OO Out of universe; or no entries provided; or no bystanders killed O1-99 Actual number coded	•		
				. •
130	WERE ANY OFFENDERS KILLED?	62	I 62	·
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **		;	
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			•
			:	
131	HOW MANY KILLED - OFFENDERS	63-64	163	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			
	Out of universe; or no entries provided; or no offenders killed O1-99 Actual number codes			

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Reference- Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
132 ·	WERE ANY POLICE KILLED?	65	165	
•	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No	•		
133	HOW MANY KILLED - POLICE	66-67	166	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			
· .	00 Out of universe; or no entries provided; or no police killed 01-99 Actual number coded			<u>.</u>
		•		
134	WERE ANY OTHERS KILLED?	68	168	•
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files ** O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
135 .	HOW MANY OTHERS KILLED?	69-70	169	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			
	Out of universe; or no entries provided; or no others killed	•		
	01-99 Actual number coded			
	PADDING	71-73		
	EWDING	/1-/3		4
		•		
136	DID OFFENDER(S) ATTEMPT TO ENTER ILLEGALLY	74	174	•
	Did the offender enter, attempt to enter, or remain in this establishment illegally?			<u>.</u>
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes			
	2 No			• .
	NATUEDEE: 102 - 2		•	
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 2			
7,				

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Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
137	DID OFFENDER(S) GET IN OR JUST TRY TO GET IN	75	175	
	Did the offender(s) actually get in or just try to get in?	•		
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Actually got in 2 Just tried to get in	•		
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 2 and 136 = 1			:
138	WAS THERE EVIDENCE OF FORCE	76	176	•
	Was there a broken window, broken lock, alarm, or any other evidence that the offender(s) forced (tried to force) his (their) way in?			
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			

Reference. Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name .	Glossary Number
139 142	EVIDENCE OF FORCE (DETAILED)	77-80	177- 180	
•	What was the evidence?	•		
1	(This is a multiple response question. Each response category is coded as a separate varaible.)			
	UNIVERSE(for Ref. Nos. 139-142): 103 = 2; and 136 = 1; and 138 = 1			
139	BROKEN LOCK	77	177	•
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided Yes No			
		•		
140	FORCED DOOR	78	178	
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
141	ALARM	79	179	
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided			
	1 Yes 2 No	•	•	
142	OTHER EVIDENCE	80	180	
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes			
	2 No	•		
		, ;		•
, i v	PADDING	81-82		
			•	
			•	

Reference . Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
143	HOW DID OFFENDER(S) GET IN	83	183	
	How did the offender(s) get in (try to get in?)			
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided Through unlocked door or window Had a key Other - Specify	•		
, .	4 Don't know			
	UNIVERSE: 103 = 2; and 136 = 1; and 138 = 2			
144	WAS ANYTHING DAMAGED IN THE INCIDENT	84	184	
	Was anything damaged but not taken in this incident? For example, a lock or window broken, damaged merchandise, etc.?			
	0 No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No		•	

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
145	WERE DAMAGED ITEMS REPAIRED OR REPLACED	85	185	
	Was (were) the damaged item(s) repaired or replaced?			
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			
	UNIVERSE: 144 = 1			
146	ESTIMATED COST TO REPAIR OR REPLACE DAMAGED ITEMS	86-91	186	•
	How much would it cost to repair or replace the damages?			
•	000000 Out of universe; no entry provided 000001-999996 Estimated cost in dollars 999997 Estimate of \$999997-\$999999 999998 Don't know			
•				
	UNIVERSE: 144 = 1 and 145 = 2			

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
147	ACTUAL COST TO REPAIR OR REPLACE DAMAGED ITEMS	92-97	192	
٠	How much did it cost to repair or replace the damages?		•	
	000000 Out of universe; or no entry provided 000001-999996 Actual cost in dollars 999997 \$999997-\$9999999 Don't know			
	999999 No cost			
	UNIVERSE: 144 = 1 and 145 = 1			
148- 152	REPAIR COSTS - WHO WILL COVER (DETAILED)	98-102	198- 1102	
	Who paid or will pay for the repairs or replacement?		•	
	(This is a multiple response question. Each response category has been coded as a separate variable.)			
	UNIVERSE (for Ref. Nos. 148-152): $144 = 1$ and $147 \neq 999999$		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			•	

Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
148	THIS BUSINESS	98	198	
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided			
	1 Yes 2 No	•		
149	INSURANCE	99	199	
•	<pre>0 Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No</pre>			
				•
	PADDING	100		
	** For 1973 Files **			
150	BUILDING OWNER	100	I100	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files ** O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			

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Reference, Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
151	<u>other</u>	101	1101	1
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No	: · · ·		
	2 10			
152	DON'T KNOW	102	I102	·
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
		•		
153-A	THEFT OF MONEY	103	I103-A	
	** For 1973 and 1974 Files **	<u>.</u>		
-	Did the offender(s) take any money? (Exclude money belonging to customers or store personnel)			
	O No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			

Reference. Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
153-В	THEFT OF MONEY, EQUIPMENT OR MERCHANDISE	103	I103-B	
	** For 1975 through 1977 Files **	•		
	Did the offender(s) take any money, merchandise, equipment or supplies?	•	•	
	0 No entry provided .1 Yes 2 No			
		•		
154	AMOUNT OF MONEY TAKEN	104-109	I104	
	How much money was taken?			•
	000000 No money taken; or no entry provided 000001-999999 Actual amount coded in dollars	•		
1				
155	WAS ANY MERCHANDISE, EQUIPMENT TAKEN	110	I110	
	** For 1973 and 1974 Files ***		•	
	Did the offender take any merchandise, equipment, or supplies? (Exclude personal property belonging to customers or store personnel)		•	

155		Location	Name	Number
(cont)	0 No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			
		•		
		•		•
	PADDING	110		
•	** For 1975 through 1977 Files **			
-				
156	VALUE OF PROPERTY TAKEN	111-116	I111	•
	What was the total value of merchandise, equipment, or supplies taken?			
	** For 1973 and 1974 Files **			
	000000 Out of universe; or no entry provided 000001-999999 Actual value coded in dollars	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
	UNIVERSE: 155 = 1			
				*

Reference, Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
156 (cont)	** For 1975 through 1977 Files **			
	000000 Out of universe; or no entry provided 000001-999996 Actual value coded in dollars 999997 Value of \$9999997-\$999999 999998 Don't know			
	999999 None			
	UNIVERSE: 153-B = 1			
157	METHOD OF DETERMINING VALUE OF STOLEN PROPERTY	117	1117	
	How was the value (merchandise, equipment, or supplies) determined?			
	O No property stolen; or no entry provided 1 Original cost		•	
•	2 Replacement cost 3 Other			• • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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Reference - Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
158	VALUE OF STOLEN PROPERTY RECOVERED BY INSURANCE	118-123	I118	
	How much, if any, of the stolen money and/or property was recovered by insurance?		•	
	000000 Out of universe; or no entry provided 000001-999996 Actual amount in dollars 999997 \$999999 000't know			
	999999 None			
	UNIVERSE (for 1973 and 1974): 153-A = 1 and/or 155 = 1			•
	UNIVERSE (for 1975-1977): 153-B = 1			
•				
				1

Reference. Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
159	REASON NOTHING RECOVERED BY INSURANCE	124	I124	
	Why not?			
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Didn't report it 2 Does not have insurance 3 Not settled yet 4 Policy has a deductible * 5 Money and/or merchandise was recovered *	•		
-	UNIVERSE: Some money or property taken, and 158 = 9999999. * Note: Codes 4 and 5 are not valid codes in 1973 files. They			
	are used in 1974 and later files.			•
160	VALUE OF STOLEN PROPERTY RECOVERED BY OTHER MEANS THAN INSURANCE	125-130	I125	
	How much, if any, of the stolen money and/or property was recovered by means other than insurance?		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	000000 Out of universe; or no entry provided 000001-999996 Actual value in dollars 999997 \$9999999 999998 Don't know 999999 None			

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
160 (cont)	UNIVERSE (for 1973 and 1974): 153-A = 1 and/or 155 = 1			
	UNIVERSE (for 1975 - 1977): 153-B = 1	•		
	PADDING	131		
	*** For 1973 Files ***		•	
		•		
161	OTHER MEANS OF RECOVERING STOLEN PROPERTY	131	1131	
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files ** By what means was the stolen money and/or property recovered?	•		
•	O Out of universe; or no entry provided 1 Police 2 Other			
	UNIVERSE: Some money or property stolen and 160 ≠ 000000,999998,		•	
	or 999999 .			

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Reference. Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
162	DID OWNERS/EMPLOYEES LOSE ANY TIME FROM WORK	132	1132	
	Did you, the owner, or any employees here lose any time from work because of this incident?			
	O No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			
		,		
163	NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO LOST TIME FROM WORK	133-134	1133	
	How many people?			•
	00 Out of universe, or no entry provided 01-99 Actual number coded			•
	UNIVERSE: 162 = 1			
•				•
			•	•

Reference - Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
164	NUMBER OF WORK DAYS LOST IF LESS THAN 10	135	I135	
	How many work days were lost altogether?			
	O Out of universe; or no entry provided Less than 1 day 1 - 5 days	•		,
	3 6 - 10 days 4 Over 10 days 5 Don't know			
	UNIVERSE: 162 = 1	•		
				•
165	NUMBER OF DAYS LOST IF OVER 10	136-137.	1136	
	How many?	•		
	OO Out of universe; or no entry provided 11-99 Actual number coded			
	UNIVERSE: 162 = 1 and 164 = 4			

Reference. Number	. Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
166	WERE ANY SECURITY MEASURES TAKEN AFTER INCIDENT	138	I138	
	Were any security measure taken after this incident to protect the establishment from future incidents?			
	O No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			
167- 178	SECURITY MEASURES TAKEN AS A RESULT OF INCIDENT (DETAILED)	139-150	I139- I150	
	What measures were taken?			•
	(This is a multiple response question. Each response category is coded as a separate variable. Some security measures were not coded for every year of the survey. When a particular measure was not considered in a given year, zero is coded for that category. The specific year (s) is (are) noted and documented as "padding."			
•				
•	UNIVERSE (for Ref. Nos. 167 - 178): 166 = 1			

Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
167	ALARM (OUTSIDE RINGING) INSTALLED AFTER INCIDENT	139	1139	
	0 No security measures taken; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
				•
	PADDING	140		
	** For 1973 and 1974 Files **		•	
168	BURGLAR ALARM (INSIDE RINGING) INSTALLED AFTER INCIDENT *** For 1975 through 1977 Files ***	140	I140	
	0 No security measures taken; or no entries provided1 Yes2 No			
		: :		

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Reference - Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
169	CENTRAL ALARM INSTALLED AFTER INCIDENT	141	I141	
•	O No security measures taken; or no entries provided 1 Yes			
	2 No			
170	REINFORCING DEVICES (GRATES, BARS, ETC.) INSTALLED AFTER INCIDENT	142	1142	
•	 0 No security measures taken; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No 			
171	GUARD, WATCHMAN EMPLOYED AFTER INCIDENT	143	I143	·
	0 No security measures taken; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
	2 NU			
				e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e

Peference Number	Indident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
172	WATCHDOG OBTAINED AFTER INCIDENT	144	1144	
	O No security measures taken; or no entries provided 1 Yes			
	2 No			
•				
173	FIREARMS OBTAINED AFTER INCIDENT	145	1145	
	O No security measures taken; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
				•
174	CAMERAS INSTALLED AFTER INCIDENT	146	1146	
-	O No security measures taken; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			

Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
175.	MIRRORS INSTALLED AFTER INCIDENT	147	1147	
	O No security measures taken; or no entries provided 1 Yes		•	
	2 No			
	FADDING	148		
	が For 1973 Files **			
		•		
176	SPECIAL OR ADDITIONAL LOCKS INSTALLED AFTER INCIDENT	148	1148	•
	** For 1974 through 1977 Files **			
	0 No security measures taken; or no entries provided1 Yes2 No			
			•	

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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
	PADDING	149	. :	
	** For 1973 and 1974 Files **			
177	OUTSIDE OR ADDITIONAL LIGHTS INSTALLED AFTER INCIDENT	149	1149	
	** For 1975 through 1977 Files **			
	O No security measures taken; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
				• •
178	OTHER SECURITY PRECAUTIONS TAKEN AFTER INCIDENT	150	1150	
	0 No security measures taken; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
•				
		•		

Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
	WERE POLICE INFORMED OF INCIDENT			
179-A	** For 1973 and 1974 Files **	151	I151-A	
	Was this incident reported to the police?	•		
	O No entry provided 1 Yes 2 No			
	** For 1975-1977 Files **			
179-В	Were the police informed of this incident in any way. (IF yes) Who told them?	151 .	I151-B	· · · · · · · ·
	O No entry provided 1 No 2 Don't know 3 Yes - owner(s) told them 4 Yes - employee told them 5 Yes - someone else told them 6 Yes - police on scene			
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Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
180- 189	REASON FOR NOT REPORTING INCIDENT (DETAILED)	152 - 161	I152- I161	
	What was the reason this incident was not reported to the police?			
	(This is a multiple response question. Each response category is coded as a separate variable. Some reasons were not coded for every year of the survey. When a particular reason was not			
	considered in a given year, zero is coded for that category. The specific year(s) is (are) noted and documented as "padding."			
	UNIVERSE (for Ref. Nos. 180-189):			
	(For 1973 and 1974) 179-A = 2 (For 1975 - 1977) 179-B = 1	•		
				-
180	POLICE ALREADY KNEW	152	1152	
	** For 1973 and 1974 Files **			•
•	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No		•	
•	PADDING	152		
	** For 1975 through 1977 Files **			

Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
181 .	NOTHING COULD BE DONE - LACK OF PROOF	153	I153	
•	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No	•		
182	DID NOT THINK IT IMPORTANT ENOUGH	154	1154	
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			
183	POLICE WOULDN'T WANT TO BE BOTHERED	155	1155	
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			

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Reference, Number	. Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
184	DID NOT WANT TO TAKE THE TIME - TOO INCONVENIENT	156	1156	
	O Out of universe; or no entrie provided 1 Yes 2 No	•		
:			•	
	PADDING	157		
	** For 1973 and 1974 Files **	137		
185	PRIVATE OR PERSONAL MATTER	157	I157	•
	** For 1975 through 1977 Files **	•		
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No			•

Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
186	DID NOT WANT TO GET INVOLVED	158	1158	
•	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes			
	2 No	1	•	
187	AFRAID OF REPRISAL	159	I159	
•	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes			
	2 No	•		
·				•
188	REPORTED TO SOMEONE ELSE	160	1160	
	O Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No		.•	
:				e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e

Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
189	"OTHER" REASON FOR NOT REPORTING	161	I161	
•	<pre>0 Out of universe; or no entries provided 1 Yes 2 No</pre>			
	2 NO			
	PADDING	162-164		
190	INCIDENT CLASSIFICATION	165	1165	•
	O Unclassified 1 Forcible entry 2 Attempted forcible entry 3 Unlawful entry			
	 4 Strongarm robbery 5 Attempted strongarm robbery 6 Armed robbery 7 Attempted armed robbery 			
•	9 No entry provided (See Appendix B for explanation of incident classification codes.)		•	

Reference Number	Incident Record Items	Record Location	DBD Item Name	Glossary Number
191	INCIDENT WEIGHT	166-171	1166	
-	6 digit weight with 2 implied decimal places. The value of the incident weight is the same as the establishment weight for the month in which the incident occurred.	•		
	The incident weight is applied to estimate victimizations. The weight must be divided to obtain accurate estimates. Users should read thoroughly the introductory section of this manual which discusses the procedures for applying weights before			
	attempting analyses. (see pages 18-26)			
•				
	PADDING	172-201		•
			•	

APPENDIX A: KIND OF BUSINESS DEFINITIONS AND CODES

Code	
Oī	Food - Retail stores primarily engaged in selling food for home preparation and consumption.
02	Eating and drinking - retail establishments selling prepared foods and drinks for consumption on the premises, and also lunch counters and refreshment stands selling prepared foods and drinks for immediate consumption.
03	General merchandise - retail stores which sell a number of lines of merchandise such as department stores and variety stores.
04	Apparel - retail stores selling new clothing and related articles for personal wear and adornment.
05	<u>Furniture and appliance</u> - retail stores selling goods used for furnishing the home, includes furniture, floor covering, drapery, household appliance, radio and television, and record stores.
06	Lumber, hardware, mobile home dealers - retail establishments selling lumber and other building materials, lawn and garden supplies, and mobile home dealers.
07	<u>Automotive</u> - retail establishments with major sales of new and used automobiles, boats, recreational and utility trailers, motorcycles or new automobile parts and accessories.
08	Drug and Proprietary - retail establishments with major sales of prescription drugs and patent medications.
09	<u>Liquor</u> - establishments engaged in the retail sale of packaged alcoholic beverages for consumption off the premises.
10	Gasoline service stations - retail establishments with major sales of gasoline and lubricating oils and may perform minor repair work. Automotive repair shops are classified as service.
11	Other retail - retail establishments not elsewhere classified.

Wholesale - establishments or places of business primarily engaged in selling merchandise to retailers; to industrial, commercial, institutional, farm, or professional business users; or to other wholesalers.

Wholesale, durable - establishments engaged in the wholesale distribution of durable goods such as:

Electrical goods - electrical generating, distributing, and wiring equipment, and household appliances whether electrically, manually, or mechanically powered.

Furniture and home furnishings - home, office, and public building furniture and home furnishings and homewares.

Hardware and plumbing and heating equipment and supplies - hardware, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration equipment and supplies.

Lumber and other construction materials - rough, dressed, and finished lumber; and construction building materials.

Machinery, equipment, and supplies - commercial, construction, mining, farm and garden, industrial, professional, service, and transportation machinery, equipment and supplies.

Metals and minerals except petroleum - coal and other minerals and ores, and ferrous and nonferrous metal semi-finished products.

Motor vehicles and automotive parts and supplies - new and used automobiles, trucks, and other motor vehicles; automotive parts, supplies, tires, and tubes.

Sporting, recreational, photographic, and hobby goods, toys, and supplies - all types of sporting goods and accessories; games, toys, and hobby goods and supplies; and photographic equipment and supplies.

Miscellaneous durable goods - jewelry, precious stones and metals, watches, clocks, silverware, musical instruments, and forest products except lumber. Also included are establishments engaged in assembling, breaking up, sorting and wholesale distribution of scrap and waste materials.

Wholesale, nondurable - establishments engaged in the wholesale distribution of nondurable goods such as:

Apparel, piece goods and notions - apparel and furnishings, footwear, notions, knit goods, woven piece goods, and yard goods of natural or man-made fibers.

Beer, wine and distilled alcoholic beverages - beer, ale, porter and other fermented malt beverages; and distilled spirits, including neutral spirits and ethyl alcohol used in blending wines and distilled liquors.

Chemicals and allied products - chemicals and allied products, such as acids, industrial and heavy chemicals, dyestuffs, industrial salts, navel stores, plastics materials, rosin and turpentine.

Drugs, drug proprietaries and druggists' sundries - drugs, drug proprietaries, druggists' sundries, and toiletries.

Farm product raw materials - buying and/or marketing cotton, grains, livestock, horses and mules, leaf tobacco, hides, skins, furs, wool, mohair, raw silk, hops, and nuts, except roasted or salted.

Groceries and related products - general line groceries, frozen foods, dairy products, poultry and poultry products, confectionery, fish and seafoods, meat and meat products, fresh fruits, and vegetables, and related products.

Paper and paper products - writing paper, stationery and office supplies, wrapping and other coarse paper; and converted paper products, such as bags, boxes, dishes, napkins, and shipping supplies.

Petroleum and petroleum products - pertoleum and products including packaged and bottled petroleum products distributors, truck jobbers, and bulk liquid storage facilities.

Miscellaneous nondurable goods - books, periodicals and newspapers, art goods, flowers and florist suppliers, industrial yarn, textile bags, and bagging and burlap.

Manufacturing - establishments engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new products. These establishments are usually described as plants, factories, or mills and characteristically use power driven machines and materials handling equipment. Establishments engaged in assembling component parts of manufactured products are also considered manufacturing if the new product is neither a structure nor other fixed improvement. Also included is the blending of materials such as lubricating oils, plastics, resins, or liquors.

Manufacturing, durable - establishments manufacturing durable goods such as:

Electrical and electronic machinery, equipment, . and supplies Fabricated metal products Furniture and fixtures Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware Lumber and wood products Machinery Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments; photographic, medical and optical goods, watches and clocks Musical instruments Primary metal industries - smelting and refining of ferrous and nonferrous metals and manufacturing metal products Printing, publishing and allied industries Rubber products Stone, clay, glass and concrete products Transportation equipment

Manufacturing, nondurable - establishments manufacturing nondurable goods such as:

Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials
Chemical and allied products
Costume jewelry, costume novelties, buttons, and miscellaneous notions, except precious metal Food and kindred products
Paper and allied products
Pens, pencils, and other office and artists' materials
Petroleum refining and related industries
Tobacco manufacturing
Textile mill products
Toys and amusements

Code	
16	Real estate - apartments - establishments engaged in the operation of apartment buildings and residential, retirement and apartment hotels.
17	Other real estate - includes real estate operators, and owners and lessors of real property, as well as buyers, sellers, developers, agents, and brokers.
18	Service - establishments primarily engaged in providing professional services, lodging, personal or repair services, amusement or recreation facilities open to the general public, or services to other businesses. Also included here are civic, social, and fraternal organizations, churches, religious schools and other religious and charitable organizations.
19	Banks - institutions which are engaged in deposit banking or closely related functions, including fiduciary activities.
20	Transportation - establishments engaged in passenger and/or freight transportation by rail, highway, water, or air; or any establishment furnishing services related to transportation such as petroleum pipeline transportation and warehousing.
21	Agricultural services - establishments engaged in performing soil preparation services, crop services, veterinary services, other animal services, farm labor and management services, and landscape and horticultural services, for others on a fee or contract basis.
22	Auxiliary locations - establishments primarily engaged in performing supporting services for other establishments of the same company rather than for the general public or for other business firms. Included are such diverse activities as research, development, and testing laboratories; central warehouses for the company's own vehicles; trading stamp redemption stores; milk receiving stations; and sales promotion offices.
23	Communications - establishments furnishing point to point communication services, whether by wire or redio, and whether intended to be received aurally or visually, and radio and television broadcasting.

are also included.

Services for the exchange or recording of messages

Code

24

- Construction establishments engaged in heavy construction, such as construction of residential, farm, industrial, commercial, public or other buildings. Specialized contractors who handle electrical, plumbing, or painting contracts are also included.
- Electric, gas and sanitary services establishments engaged in the generation, transmission and/or distribution of electricity, gas, or steam. Water and irrigation systems, and sanitary systems engaged in the collection, and disposal of garbage, sewage, and other wastes by means of destroying or processing meterials are also included.
- Finance and credit establishments engaged in extending credit in the form of loans, but not engaged in deposit banking. Also includes establishments engaged in the underwriting, purchase, sale, or brokerage of securities and other financial contracts on their own account or for the account of others.
- 27 <u>Insurance</u> includes insurance carriers of all types, agents and brokers dealing in insurance and organizations rendering services to insurance carriers and to policy holders.
- Churches and non-profit organizations (Code used only in 1973) includes civic, social, and fraternal organizations, churches, religious schools, and charitable organizations.
- 29 Other includes four groups of businesses that are not elsewhere classified.

Fishing, hunting, and trapping - establishments engaged in commercial fishing and the operation of fish hatcheries, fish and game preserves, in commercial hunting and trapping, and in game propagation.

Forestry - establishments engaged in the operation of timber tracts, tree farms, forest nurseries, and related activities.

Holding and other investment offices - includes investment trusts, investment companies, holding companies, and commodity trading companies.

Mining - includes establishments engaged in the extraction of minerals occurring naturally, the exploration and development of mineral properties, and the quarrying, well operation, milling, and other preparation customarily done at the mine site, or as a part of mining activity.

APPENDIX B: DEFINITION OF CRIMES AND COMPOSITION OF INCIDENT CLASSIFICATION CODES

Burglary and Robbery are defined for the Commercial Victimization Survey as follows:

Burglary - any illegal entry into a building for the purpose of committing a crime. Burglary is not to be confused with larceny where the person has a right to be on the premises. Larcenies are not covered in the CVS.

Robbery - the act of taking something away from someone by force or threat of force. If an individual is not present during the incident it shall be considered a burglary.

The composition of the incident classification codes used in Ref. No. 190 is shown below. The numbers used to define the classification codes are the values required for the component variables, as documented in this User Directory by the reference numbers given.

Burglary

Burgiary		
ı	Forcible entry	Ref. No. $137 = 1$ and Ref. No. $138 = 1$
2	Attempted forcible entry	Ref. No. $137 = 2$ and Ref. No. $138 = 1$
3	Unlawful entry	Ref. No. 137 = 1 and Ref. No. 138 = 2
Robbery		
4	Strong-arm	Ref. Nos. 153-A, 153-B or 155 = 1 and Ref. No. 104 = 2 or 3
5	Attempted strong-arm	Ref. Nos. 153-A, or 153-B = 2 and 155 = 2; and Ref. No. 104 = 2 or 3
6	Armed	Ref. Nos. 153-A, 153-B or 155 = 1 and Ref. No. 104 = 1
7	Attempted armed	Ref. Nos. 153-A or 153-B = 2 and 155 = 2 and Ref. No. 10^{14} = 1

END

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