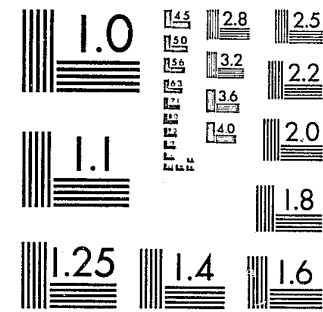


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3/13/85

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY



MINNESOTA CRIME FORMATION 1980

93692

BUREAU OF CRIMINAL APPREHENSION
CRIMINAL JUSTICE INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECTION

U.S. Department of Justice
National Institute of Justice

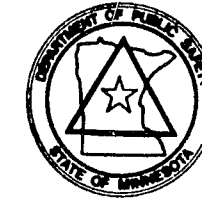
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STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
SAINT PAUL 55155

June 1, 1981

The Honorable Al Quie,
Governor of the State of Minnesota
And Members of the Legislature
State Capitol Building
Saint Paul, Minnesota 55155

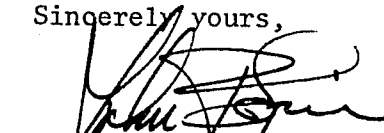
Dear Governor Quie:

As required in Minnesota Statute 299C.18, the 1980 Minnesota Crime Information Report is submitted for your review. The report is based on information gathered under the Minnesota Uniform Crime Reporting Program which provides information about crime and its affect within the state. The information collected and contained in this report has been tabulated and verified for completeness and accuracy.

The information obtained in Minnesota's Uniform Crime Reporting Program is a measurement of criminal activity for specific geographical jurisdictions and is not to be considered a comparison of individual law enforcement agency activities. This edition, along with future publications of Minnesota Crime Information is meant to provide the public, public officials, and law enforcement administrators with changes in the volume and rate of reported crimes for each successive year. It is believed that this printed information will offer an assessment of crime in Minnesota and provide realistic suggestions in confronting the crime problem within the state.

This publication is made possible through the diligent and dedicated efforts of those law enforcement agencies and their personnel responsible in providing the necessary information.

Sincerely yours,



John P. Sopsie
Commissioner

93692

**STATE OF MINNESOTA
CRIME INFORMATION**



**JOHN P. SOPSIC
COMMISSIONER
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY**

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EDITORIAL STAFF**

DEDICATION

On behalf of every member of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, and particularly the staff of the Criminal Justice Information Systems Section, this annual report is dedicated to Ms. Evelyn A. Neuman who, in 1981, will have served as a state employee for 40 years.

It is through Ms. Neuman's professional ideals and untiring devotion that the publication of this report is made possible each year — her outstanding loyalty and dedication exemplify the highest standards.

PREFACE

In 1935, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension was given the responsibility to collect crime activity information from the law enforcement agencies throughout the State of Minnesota. Biennially, reports were completed and forwarded to the concerned parties as required by State Statute. In 1972, the publications began to be printed annually.

Each year's report measures the amount of criminal activity within the State as collected and prepared from data submitted by individual law enforcement agencies. The criminal activity consists of measurements involving

offenses, clearances, and arrests. Limited information is also available on law enforcement personnel. Comparisons with previous year's statistics will be presented only where there is a significant number of trend changes that might be of use to the evaluator. Individual comparisons on specific measurements will be left to the evaluator for use as required by the individual's needs.

The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension wishes to express its thanks to the cooperating law enforcement agencies whose assistance provide the success of this publication.

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INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND

The State of Minnesota, since 1936, has participated in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting Program. The statistics that have been generated each year are not only of vital concern to national figures, but are equally important to the State as a whole. In 1972, Minnesota began collecting crime related data as part of a computerized statewide Criminal Justice Reporting System program. The benefits derived from such an automated program are indicated in a modernistic approach to the collection of Uniform Crime Reports.

The responsibility and authority for collecting and disseminating the UCR information was mandated to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension through applicable State Statutes. They are as follows.

MINNESOTA STATE STATUTES, CHAPTER 299C

299C.05 DIVISION OF CRIMINAL STATISTICS. There is hereby established within the Bureau a division of criminal statistics, and the superintendent, within the limits of membership herein prescribed, shall appoint a qualified statistician and one assistant to be in charge thereof. It shall be the duty of this division to collect, and preserve as a record of the Bureau, information concerning the number and nature of offenses known to have been committed in the state, of the legal steps taken in connection therewith from the inception of the complaint to the final discharge of the defendant and such other information as may be useful in the study of crime and the administration of justice. The information so collected and preserved shall include such data as may be requested by the United States Department of Justice, at Washington, under its national system of crime reporting.

299C.06 DIVISION POWERS AND DUTIES; LOCAL OFFICERS TO COOPERATE. It shall be the duty of all sheriff's, chiefs of police, city marshals, constables, prison wardens, superintendents of insane hospitals, reformatories and correctional schools, probation and parole officers, school attendance officers, coroners, county attorneys, court clerks, the liquor control commissioner, the commissioner of highways, and the state fire marshal to furnish to the division statistics and information regarding the number of crimes reported and discovered, arrests made, complaints, informations and indictments filed and the disposition made of same, pleas, convictions, acquittals, probations granted or denied, receipts, transfers, and discharges to and from prisons, reformatories, correctional schools and other institutions, paroles granted and revoked, commutation of sentences and pardons granted and rescinded, and all other data useful in determining the cause and amount of crime in this state and to form a basis for the study of crime, police methods, court procedure, and penal problems. Such statistics and information shall be furnished upon the request of the division and upon such forms as may be prescribed and furnished by it. The division shall have the power to inspect and prescribe the

form and substance of the records kept by those officials from which the information is so furnished.

299C.12 RECORDS KEPT BY PEACE OFFICERS; REPORTS. Every peace officer shall keep or cause to be kept a permanent written record, in such form as the superintendent may prescribe, of all felonies reported to or discovered by him within his jurisdiction and of all warrants of arrest for felonies and search warrants issued to him in relation to the commission of felonies, and shall make or cause to be made to the sheriff of the county and the bureau, reports of all such crimes, upon such forms as the superintendent may prescribe, including a statement of the facts and a description of the offender, so far as known, the offender's method of operation, the action taken by the officer, and such other information as the superintendent may require.

GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The primary goal of the UCR program in Minnesota is to provide statistical information on the volume and affect of crime. To better assist concerned individuals and agencies to solve the state crime problem, a more encompassing approach involving all aspects of criminal activity was needed. With this in mind, and examining the recommendations of the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and the Administration of Justice, the UCR program became one aspect of the computerized State Criminal Justice Reporting System.

The major objectives of Minnesota's UCR Program include:

1. Statistics on crime in Minnesota to be used by the Governor, Legislature, Crime Control Planning Board, and other concerned individuals within the State.
2. Statistics on crime for administrative and operational use by law enforcement administrators.
3. Statistics on specific criminal offenses to be used in the FBI's national crime reports.
4. Statistics involving the age, sex and race of offenders to determine the proper focus for crime prevention and enforcement.
5. Statistics on crime for researchers to assist in the formation of the causes of crime within a biological, sociological and/or psychological framework.
6. Statistics on crime to measure the workload and effectiveness of the 'current' state criminal justice system.
7. Statistics on crime for personnel employed by the criminal justice system to help assist them in

county law enforcement agencies is collected on a daily and semi-daily basis under the Minnesota Criminal Justice Reporting System program. Once received, it is processed and disseminated for use in state and national reports as well as by the participating agencies themselves (see CJRS-UCR flow chart).

"Crime rate" is a term often used in evaluating criminal statistics. The crime rate represents or equates the number of index crimes per 100,000 in population. Basically, it refers to the comparison of the number of offenses with the number of potential offenses and the number of persons exposed to the risk of the offense. It does not include other variables which might affect the amount of crime within a given area.

CRIME FACTORS

When the current method of crime reporting is considered, several limitations in its accuracy may be immediately recognizable. Law enforcement agencies are not totally to blame because of their capability to only report that which is known to them. In many instances, the very citizens who are themselves "victims" of a crime fail to inform the law enforcement agency of their occurrence. There is a general tendency among the public to not report minor crimes that are, in their eyes, of little consequence. The public may also feel that the law enforcement agency is of little help to them. They may also feel the threat of blackmail or retaliation for participating in a sex, gambling, or narcotic offense. The public may also feel the threat of embarrassment for being involved in a crime regarded against the norms of society. Given these factors, much crime is never included in the total state evaluation of the crime problem.

Another element of concern is the actual number of law enforcement agencies reporting crime information. Lack of crime information by delinquent agencies can potentially reduce the accuracy of the crime picture as developed from reported information.

The term "selective reporting" also has a bearing on the crime reported by participating agencies. Selective reporting reflects only the crimes for which an agency considers important or necessary to be reported through the system. The information that is utilized from such reporting is slanted and misleading. It does not give an accurate account of the crime problem and it further discredits the time spent in reporting the "selected" activity. Such reporting is immediately recognizable from the output reports and its improper use affects all the information submitted by the contributing law enforcement agencies.

Extraneous conditions beyond the realm of law enforcement also affect the measurement and analysis of crime. These conditions, or CRIME FACTORS, include but are not necessarily limited to:

- A. Legislative changes as to what constitutes a criminal offense.

- B. Density and size of the community population and the metropolitan area of which it is part.
- C. Composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex, and race.
- D. Economic status and mores of the population.
- E. Relative stability of population including commuters, seasonal and other transient types.
- F. Climate, including seasonal weather conditions.
- G. Educational, recreational, and religious characteristics.
- H. Effective strength of the police force.
- I. Standards governing appointments to the police force.
- J. Policies of each of the law enforcement agencies.
- K. Policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts.
- L. Attitude of the public toward law enforcement problems.
- M. The administrative and investigative efficiency of the local law enforcement agency, including the degree of adherence to crime reporting standards.

Information provided in *MINNESOTA CRIME INFORMATION 1980* is as accurate as currently available in the State. Crime and arrest statistics should be interpreted with caution when comparing different law enforcement jurisdictions. Reported crimes relate to events, while arrests relate to persons. For any one criminal act there may be multiple crimes, multiple offenders, and multiple victims.

Given the above considerations, the total crime picture is indeed influenced by many variables. Opponents of the Uniform Crime Reporting System are often vocal in pointing out the inadequacy of this system. Proponents respond by indicating that at the present time there is no other suitable method of collecting criminal statistics. If a better system is developed, tested, and offered as a replacement, law enforcement will not hesitate to implement it.

A DESCRIPTION OF UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING OFFENSES AND THEIR CLASSIFICATIONS

The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, using the reporting techniques recommended by the FBI, records criminal data submitted by the many law enforcement agencies in the State. The criminal data collected contains information regarding Part I Offenses and Part II Offenses called to the attention of Minnesota Law Enforcement agencies.

improving the efficiency and performance of criminal justice agencies.

REPORTING PROCEDURES

Through Minnesota's crime reporting statutes, participating Minnesota Law Enforcement Agencies are required to submit information as determined by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. The required information is tallied from the individual agency's internal record of complaints, investigations, miscellaneous reports and arrests. To help achieve a uniformity of reporting throughout the State, a copy of the *Minnesota Law Enforcement Records Manual*, along with the FBI's *Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook* is offered to each agency. In conjunction with the manuals, numerous training sessions in record and report writing and filing are offered to each agency by field representatives of the Bureau's Criminal Justice Information Systems Section. Individual contact with agencies experiencing difficulty in any phase of the Criminal Justice Reporting System is also offered by the field representatives. Verification for authenticity of reports that are submitted are handled by the clerical staff at the Bureau or by a special "edit" program written into the computerized Criminal Justice Reporting System. Inconsistencies of report information and minor errors are corrected by telephone or terminal contact. Major errors in UCR reporting methods are handled exclusively by field representatives.

The Bureau, along with the FBI, has established their specific program to measure criminal data activity for both state and federal purposes. The result is a tabulation of the number and type of offenses committed, cases cleared or solved, and the persons arrested. A criminal act may involve several crimes, several persons, and several victims; but all that is necessary for such an act to be reported and recorded by the state and federal programs is one violation. If a given criminal act involves more than one offense, only the more serious offense is counted. "Clearance by arrest" indicates that at least one person was arrested. It does not preclude the fact others may have also been involved in the offense. Any additional arrests are purely supplemental and are used for each department's record purposes only and not reported under the program.

Another part of criminal data collection involves juvenile offenses and arrests. When reviewing such data it should be remembered that many times juvenile offenses are handled informally within the different agencies and therefore go unreported. In cases where an offense involves both adults and juveniles, and subsequent arrests are made of both, the crime reporting program will indicate this offense to be cleared by the arrest of the adult. Juvenile arrests are used for clearance purposes only in those instances where juveniles alone are involved.

Clearing an offense by the arrest of a person(s) is but one means of indicating such activity. Another involves the clearing of a reported offense by use of the term "exceptionally cleared". An exceptional clearance exists when some element beyond law enforcement action prevents

formal charges against the offender. Such a situation might arise if:

1. The offender commits suicide.
2. A double murder occurs (two persons kill each other).
3. The offender dies after making a confession (dying declaration).
4. The offender is killed by a law enforcement officer.
5. The offender confesses to committing the crime while already in custody for another crime or serving a sentence.
6. The offender is prosecuted in another city for a different crime by federal, state, or local authorities, or for the same offense, and the other jurisdiction refuses to release the offender.
7. Another jurisdiction refuses to extradite the offender.
8. The victim of a crime refuses to cooperate in the prosecution.
9. The offender is prosecuted for a less serious charge than the one for which he was arrested.
10. The offender is a juvenile who is handled by a verbal or written notice to the parents in instances involving minor offenses.

The count of offenses is taken from the record of complaints received by law enforcement agencies from victims, witnesses, other sources or discovered by them during their own operation. Complaints determined by subsequent investigation to be unfounded are eliminated from the count. The resulting number of "offenses actually known to law enforcement agencies" for each crime offense category is reported without regard to whether anyone is arrested, stolen property is recovered, local prosecutive policy, or any other consideration. Reported offenses are recorded by the municipality and county in which they occur, rather than to the agency which may investigate, arrest, or otherwise in some manner dispose of the case. Municipal law enforcement agencies report those crimes which are committed within the cities; county sheriff's departments report those crimes which occur in the counties outside the city. Law enforcement agencies also report on a periodic basis, supplemental offense information such as the value of property stolen and recovered as well as circumstances surrounding homicides. Additional reports of persons arrested are submitted. These reports provide information concerning the age, sex and race of persons arrested by each individual law enforcement agency. Reports of persons arrested are separated as to adults and juveniles.

Crime data and information submitted by municipal and

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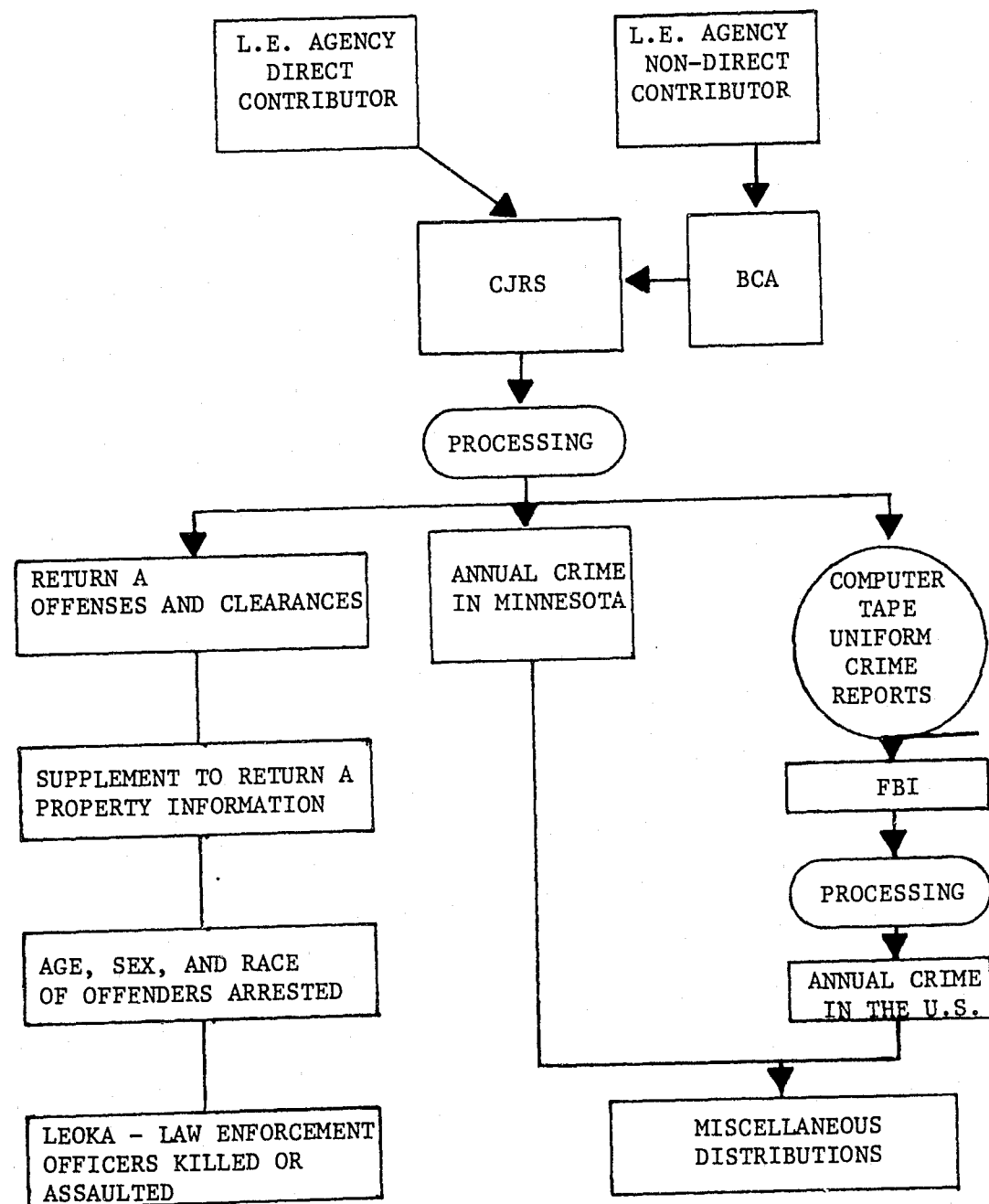
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FLOW CHART OF THE CJRS/UCR IN MINNESOTA



Part I Offenses reflect information on eight "serious" crime classifications, and it is generally referred to as the "Crime Index" measurement. Part II Offenses are represented by twenty-five "less serious" crime classifications.

The eight crimes represented in the Part I Offenses include murder, rape, aggravated assault, robbery, burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, and arson. These crimes were chosen because of their uniformity of definition, total volume, and likelihood of being reported. The crimes of murder, rape, aggravated assault, and robbery are also known as "violent crimes". The crimes of burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft, are labeled as "property crimes". The crime of arson is not classified as "violent" or "property"; this offense falls into a category by itself. The law enforcement agency may become aware of these crimes in several ways; reports of its own officers, citizens complaints, notification from the prosecuting attorney, and from information supplied by court officials.

PART I OFFENSES (Serious Crime)

Criminal Homicide — The killing of another person.

(a) **Murder** — Any unlawful killing of a human being in which the element of malice aforethought was present in the murder.

Manslaughter — Any unlawful killing of a human being without the element of malice aforethought is counted as manslaughter.

(b) **Death by Negligence** — Any death that occurs because of the negligence of some person other than the victim and that is not in the commission of an unlawful act. These are deaths which police investigation established as primarily caused by gross negligence.

Forcible Rape (does not include Statutory Rape).

(a) **Rape by Force** — The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will, but excluding statutory rape and other sex offenses.

(b) **Assault to Rape-Attempts** — All assaults and attempts to rape.

Robbery — A robbery is defined as the felonious and forcible taking of property of another against his will by violence or by putting him in fear. This includes all attempts.

(a) **Armed Robbery-Any Weapon** — When any object is so employed as to constitute force or the threat of force, it will be considered a weapon. This would include firearms, knives, clubs, brass knuckles, black jacks, broken bottles, acid, explosives, etc. Cases involving possible pretended weapons or cases involving weapons not seen by the victim but which the robber claims to have with him should be counted in this category.

(b) **Strong Arm-No Weapons** — This includes muggings and similar offenses where no weapon is used but strong-arm tactics are employed to deprive the victim of his property. This definition is limited to hands, arms, fists, feet, etc. Include all attempts.

Aggravated Assault — An Aggravated Assault is an attempt or offer with unlawful force or violence to do physical injury to another. As a general rule all assaults will be classified and scored in this category. Exclude assaults with intent to rob or rape. Excludes simple assault, assault and battery, fighting, etc. These will be scored in the appropriate category.

(a) **Gun** — Includes all assaults or attempted assaults involving the use of any type of firearm. This includes revolvers, automatic pistols, shotguns, zip guns, pellet guns, etc.

(b) **Knife or Cutting Instrument** — Includes all assaults or attempted assaults involving the use of cutting or stabbing objects such as knives or razors, hatchets, axes, cleavers, scissors, glass, broken bottles, daggers, ice picks, etc.

(c) **Other Dangerous Weapons** — Includes all assaults or attempted assaults when an object other than a gun, knife or cutting instrument is used. This includes clubs, bricks, jack handles, bottles, explosives, acid, lye, poisons, scalding water, and cases of attempted drownings and burnings, etc.

(d) **Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.-Aggravated** — Includes all assaults with hands, fists, feet, etc., which could result in an aggravated assault conviction. In order to be classified as aggravated, the victim must suffer great bodily harm.

Burglary-Breaking and Entering — Includes any unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny. As a general rule, score as one offense, any unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any dwelling, attached structure, public building, shop, factory, storehouse, apartment, house, trailer, warehouse, mill, farm, ship, railroad car, etc. For UCR purposes, breaking and entering with larceny is classified and scored only as breaking and entering. This does not include breaking and entering of motor vehicles. These are scored in the larceny category.

(a) **Forcible Entry** — Includes all offenses where force of any kind is used to unlawfully enter a locked structure such as any of those listed above with intent to steal or commit a felony. This includes entry by use of a master key, celluloid, or other device that leaves no outward mark but is used to open a lock. Concealment inside a building followed by breaking out of the structure should also be scored here.

(b) **Unlawful Entry-No Force** — Includes any unlawful entry when you fail to discover any evidence of forcible entry.

(c) Attempted Forcible Entry — Included in this category only when your investigation determines that a forcible entry has been attempted.

Larceny-Theft (does not include Motor Vehicle Theft) — This category includes the unlawful taking of the property of another with intent to deprive him of ownership. This involves all larcenies and thefts resulting from pocketpicking, purse snatching, shoplifting, larceny from auto, larceny of auto parts and accessories, bicycle theft, larceny from buildings, and larceny from any coin operated machines. Any theft that is not a robbery or any theft that does not result from a breaking and entering shall be scored here. Excludes embezzlements, unlawful conversions, larceny by bailee, frauds or bad checks. Enter all attempted larcenies. Note: when the true or known value of stolen property is not available, estimates based on accepted police methods of property evaluation should be used for the purposes of Uniform Crime Reporting.

Motor Vehicle Theft — This category includes larceny or attempted larceny of motor vehicles. Includes all thefts and attempted thefts of motor vehicles. This includes all vehicles which can be registered as a motor vehicle in this state. Excludes incidents in which the alleged offender had lawful access to the vehicle as in a family situation or the unauthorized use by others having lawful access to the vehicle such as chauffeur, employee, etc.

Arson — Includes all arrests for violation of state law and municipal ordinances relating to arson and attempted arson. This generally includes any willful or malicious burning of a dwelling, church, college, jail, meeting house, public building, ship or other vessel, motor vehicle, aircraft, contents of building, personal property of another, goods or chattels, crops, trees, fences, gates, grain, vegetable products, lumber, woods, marshes, meadows, etc. A death resulting from arson will be classified as murder and personal injuries resulting would be classified as assaults.

PART II OFFENSES (Less Serious Crime)

Other Assaults — This classification consists of all assaults and attempted assaults which are simple or minor in nature.

Forgery and Counterfeiting — In this case, place all offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering or possession with intent to defraud, anything false in a semblance of that which is true. Include altering or forging of public or other records, making, altering, forging or counterfeiting coins, plates, banknotes, checks, etc. Possessing or uttering forged or counterfeited instruments, signing the name of another or a fictitious person with intent to defraud and all attempts to commit any of the above acts.

Fraud — This is defined as fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretense. Include

bad checks, confidence games, etc., except forgeries and counterfeiting.

Embezzlement — This is the misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody, or control.

Stolen Property-Buying, Receiving, Possessing — This includes all offenses of buying, receiving, possessing, or concealing stolen property as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses.

Vandalism-Destruction of Property — This includes all willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement or defacement of any public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth or any other such means as may be specified by law.

Weapons — This classification includes violation of weapon laws such as the manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons or silencers, carrying deadly weapons, aliens possessing deadly weapons, and all attempts to commit any of the above offenses.

Prostitution and Commercialized Vice — Include in this class the sex offenses of a commercialized nature such as prostitution, keeping a bawdy house, disorderly house, or house of ill repute, pandering, procuring, transporting or detaining women for immoral purposes, etc., and all attempts to commit any of the above.

Sex Offenses — This includes all sex offenses other than forcible rape, prostitution, and commercialized vice. This encompasses offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like such as adultery and fornication, buggery, incest, indecent exposure, sodomy, carnal abuse (no force), and all attempts to commit any of the above.

Narcotic Drug Laws — This includes all arrests for the violation of state and local ordinances, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs.

Gambling — Includes all charges relating to promoting, permitting, or engaging in gambling.

Offenses Against Family and Children — Includes all charges of non-support, neglect, or abuse of family and children by such acts as desertion, abandonment, or non-support, neglect or abuse of a child, or nonpayment of alimony.

Driving Under the Influence — This classification is limited to driving or operating any vehicle while under the influence of liquor or narcotic drugs.

Liquor Laws — With the exception of drunkenness and driving under the influence, all state or local liquor law violations are placed in this class. Excludes federal violations, includes manufacturing, selling, transporting

and furnishing as in maintaining unlawful drinking places. Bootlegging, operating a still, furnishing liquor to a minor and the using of a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor are included.

Drunkenness — No longer reported under the UCR program in Minnesota. This offense was repealed in Minnesota on July 1, 1971 (MSS 340.96; C 90, S2).

Disorderly Conduct-Disturbing the Peace — This includes all disorderly persons arrested who cannot be classified under Offenses of Criminal Homicide, Forcible Rape, Drunkenness, or Vagrancy.

Vagrancy — This classification indicates arrests for failure of an individual to give a good account of himself, begging, loitering, etc.

All Other Offenses — Include in this class every other state or local offense not included, except traffic. This encompasses abduction and compelling to marry, abortion (death resulting from criminal abortion, according

to statutes, is criminal homicide), bastardy and concealing death of a bastard, bigamy and polygamy, blackmail and extortion, bribery, contempt of court, discrimination and unfair competition, kidnapping, offenses contributing to juvenile delinquency, perjury, possession, repair, manufacturing, etc., of burglary tools, possession or sale of obscene literature and unlawful use, possession, etc., of explosives, etc.

Suspicion — This category is used for unknown incidents when the actual offense has not been determined.

Curfew and Loitering Law Violation (Juveniles) — This area shows offenses relating to local curfew or loitering ordinances, where such laws exist. It is limited to juveniles taken into protective custody who have run away from the reporting jurisdiction.

Runaways (Juveniles) — This classification is limited to juveniles taken into protective custody under provisions of State Statutes.

LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES CONTRIBUTING

To assure an accurate interpretation of the data presented in this report, the exact number of law enforcement agencies submitting information must be indicated. Specifically, reports are collected for urban places (cities and towns) and rural areas according to the definitions of Uniform Crime Reporting. The police department reports information for cities of 2,500 inhabitants and over, while the sheriff's departments collect information for the rural areas. (Also included are those cities of under 2,500 population.)

The Bureau requests that information from all reporting agencies be submitted regularly. Minnesota's continual high rate of agency participation indicates an ever increasing amount of information being returned for analysis. Since 1936 the average percent of sheriff's departments forwarding information has been over 95 percent. The 99 percent contribution figure for 1980 is further evidence of the high degree of cooperation reflected by those agencies submitting information.

TABLE 1
TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTRIBUTORS: 1980

Population Groups	Total Number Cities and Counties	Number of PD's/SO's Filing		Total Population Represented ¹		
		Number	Percent	Population	Number	Percent
Total	277	276	99.6	4,060,000	4,057,669	99.9
Urban Total	190	189	99.5	2,699,046	2,696,715	99.9
Cities 250,000 or over	2	2	100.0	632,550	632,550	100.0
Cities 50,000 to 100,000	3	3	100.0	232,485	232,485	100.0
Cities 25,000 to 50,000	17	17	100.0	603,348	603,348	100.0
Cities 10,000 to 25,000	42	42	100.0	669,173	669,173	100.0
Cities 2,500 to 10,000	104	104	100.0	527,497	527,497	100.0
Cities under 2,500	22	21	95.4	33,993	31,662 ²	93.1
Rural Total	87	87	100.0	1,360,954	1,360,954	100.0
Counties 50,000 to 100,000	2	2	100.0	117,772	117,772	100.0
Counties 25,000 to 50,000	6	6	100.0	207,763	207,763	100.0
Counties 10,000 to 25,000	48	48	100.0	838,784	838,784	100.0
Counties under 10,000	31	31	100.0	196,635	196,635	100.0

¹1979 FBI estimated population.

²Cold Spring PD (2,331) delinquent.

MINNESOTA OFFENSE INFORMATION MINNESOTA CRIME INDEX INFORMATION

STATEWIDE OVERVIEW

Crime Index (Serious Crimes)

The eight major criminal offenses are referred to as the crime index and they are used to evaluate the changes and trends in amounts of crime over designated periods of time. Beginning in 1973, the Minnesota State Patrol began submitting criminal offense and arrest information in accordance with the Statewide Uniform Crime Reporting Program. Statewide totals in the *Crime in Minnesota* publication of 1973 did not include the State Patrol figures, except as a separate section of the book. The statewide figures for 1974 to the present do include the State Patrol data.

- The crime index (excluding arson) in Minnesota totaled 194,480 actual offenses during 1980, which was 9.3 percent higher than the 177,929 actual offenses occurring in 1979. Arson offenses (1,512) are not included in this comparison, because Arson offenses occurring during 1979 were incompletely reported.
- The crime rate represented 4,793 per 100,000 in population for 1980, while in 1979 the crime rate was registered at 4,444 per 100,000 population, a 7.8 percent increase.
- Of the total crime index offenses reported in 1980, 18 percent were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared. In 1979, 23 percent of the total offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptionally cleared.
- Larceny was the largest category of serious crime reported for Minnesota in 1980 with a total of 122,728 offenses reported. Larceny was also the largest category of serious crime reported for the state in 1979 with 110,571 total offenses reported.

Violent Crimes

Violent crime in Minnesota accounted for 5 percent of all crime index offenses reported in 1980. There were 9,237 murders, forcible rapes, robberies, and aggravated assaults for that year. Compared with the 8,965 total violent crimes reported for 1979, the 1980 figures represent a 3.0 percent increase in violent crime for the state. This compares to a 13 percent increase in violent crimes for the nation in 1980, based on preliminary figures released by the FBI in March, 1981. The number of violent crimes per 100,000 population for 1980 was 228 while in 1979 there were 223 per 100,000 population.*

*Minnesota crime rates per 100,000 inhabitants are based on a 4,057,669 state population of those agencies who contributed reports in 1980.

- **Murder** — Offenses involving murder totaled 104 in 1980 in Minnesota compared to 98 in 1979; an increase of 6.1 percent.
- **Forcible Rape** — Minnesota registered 942 rapes in 1980 and 870 in 1979; an increase of 8.3 percent.
- **Robbery** — There were 4,022 robberies in Minnesota in 1980 compared to 3,752 offenses in 1979; an increase of 7.2 percent.
- **Aggravated Assault** — Offenses involving aggravated assault numbered 4,169 in 1980 compared to 4,245 aggravated assaults in 1979; a decrease of 1.8 percent.

Property Crime

Property crime in Minnesota in 1980 amounted to 95 percent of the crime index offenses for that year. There were a total of 185,243 burglaries, larcenies, and motor vehicle thefts actually reported in 1980. Compared with the 168,964 offenses reported in 1979, the 1980 figure represents a 9.6 percent increase in property crime for the state. This compares to a 9 percent increase in property crimes for the nation in 1980 based on preliminary figures released by the FBI in March, 1981.

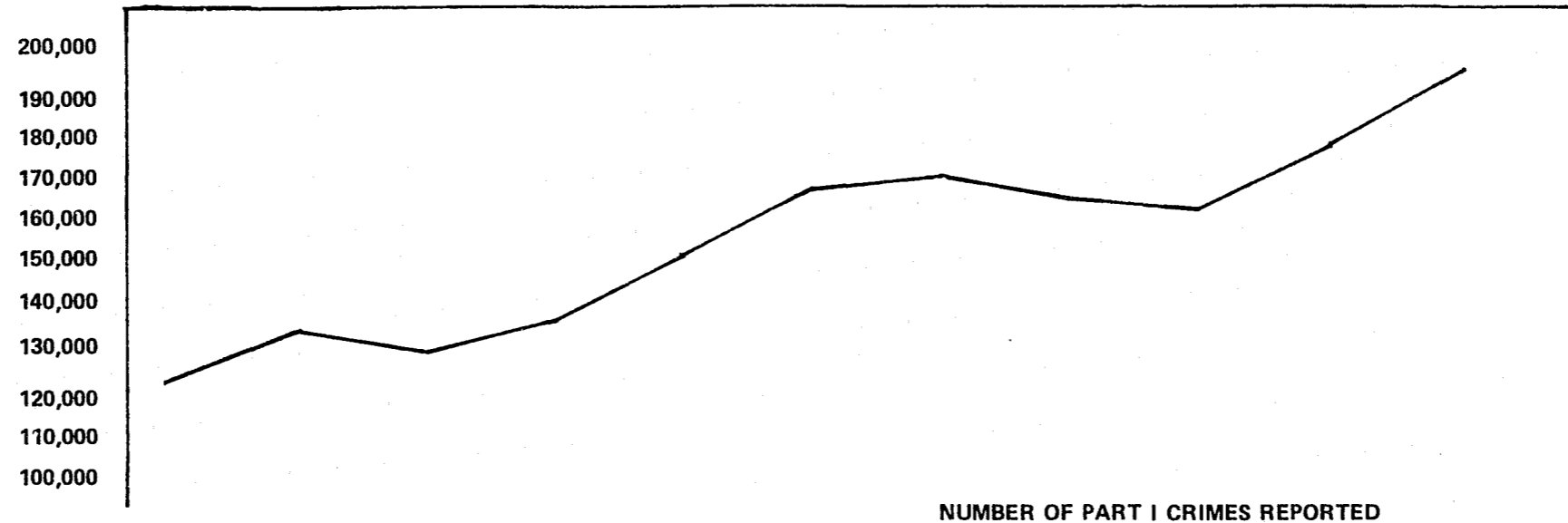
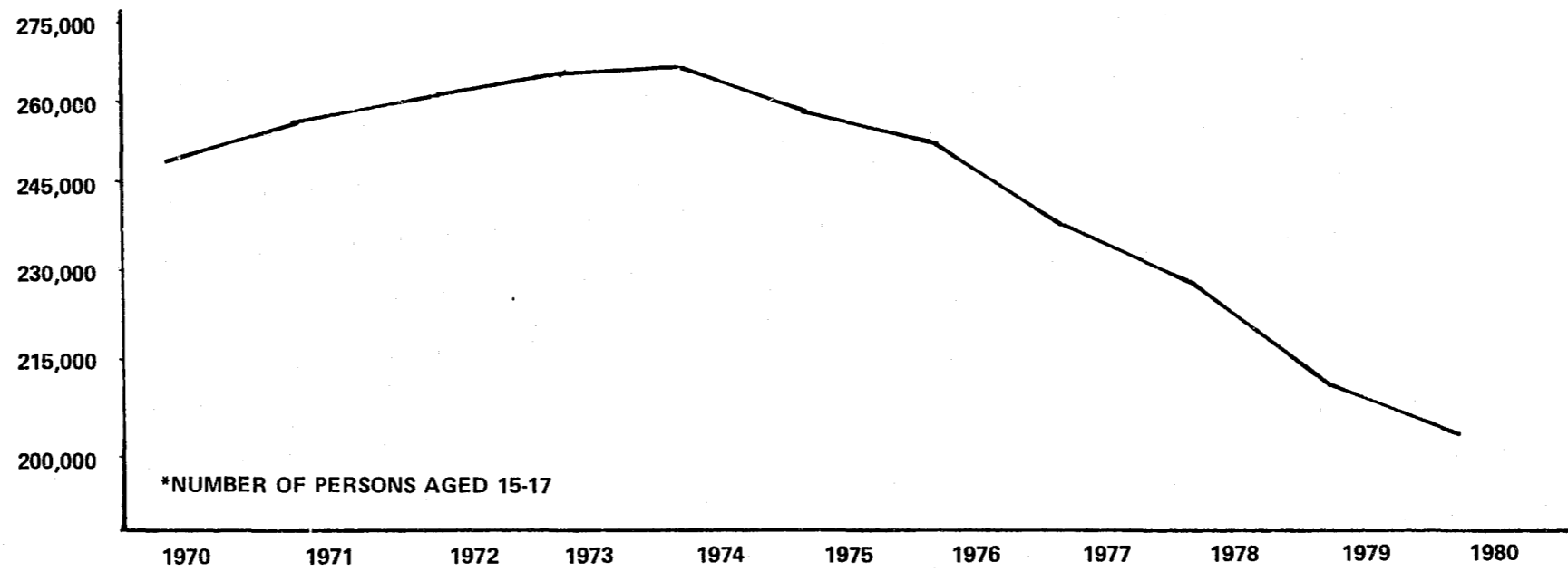
- **Burglary** — There were 50,507 burglaries in Minnesota in 1980 compared to 45,053 offenses in 1979, an increase of 12.1 percent.
- **Theft/Larceny** — Offenses involving larcenies in Minnesota in 1980 totaled 122,728 compared to 110,571 offenses in 1979, an increase of 11 percent.
- **Motor Vehicle Theft** — In 1980 there were 12,008 offenses of motor vehicle theft in Minnesota, compared to the 13,340 offenses reported in 1979; a decrease of 10 percent.

Total Arrests**

Law Enforcement agencies within Minnesota's 4,057,669 reporting population area accounted for 109,354 total arrests in 1980. The total number of arrests in 1979 for the state's 99 percent reporting population area was 99,401.

- **Adult Arrests** — Arrests for adults in 1980 amounted to 73,346 total, while in 1979 the total number of adult arrests were recorded at 62,472.
- **Juvenile Arrests** — The total number of juveniles arrested in 1980 for criminal offenses amounted to 36,008. In 1979 the total number of juveniles arrested represented a 36,929 figure.

**Total arrests represent all arrests for adults and juveniles involved in either a Part I (serious) or Part II (less serious) criminal offense. An arrest in the Uniform Crime Reporting sense refers to a form of detention by depriving an individual of his personal liberties by a form of legal authority.



*Figures based on actual births.

FIGURE 1
POPULATION BY AGE GROUP (15-17) AND CRIME INDEX FOR PERIOD 1970-1980

10

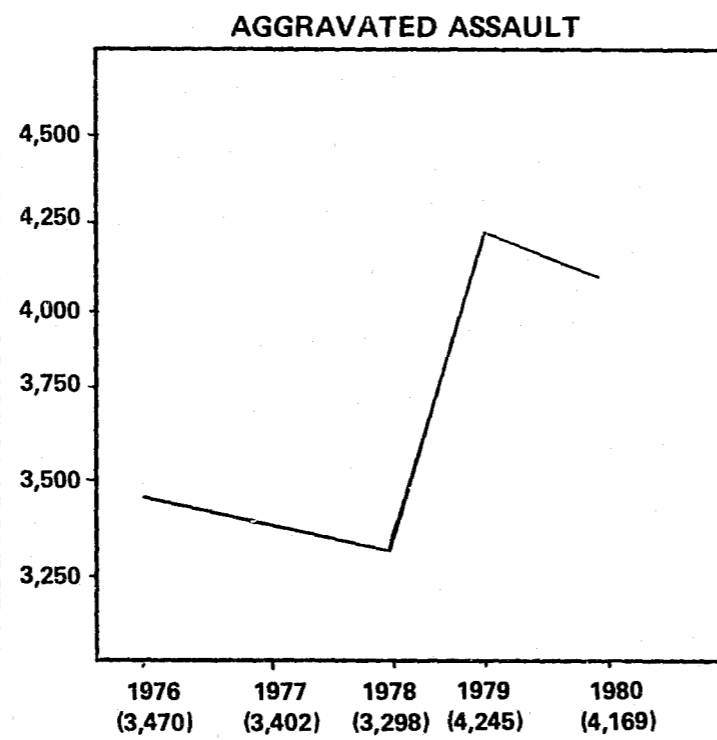
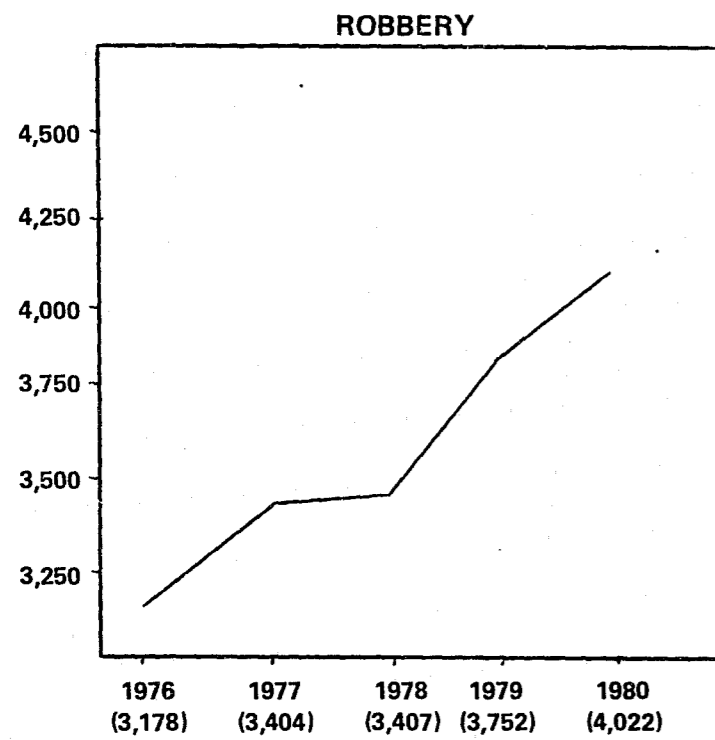
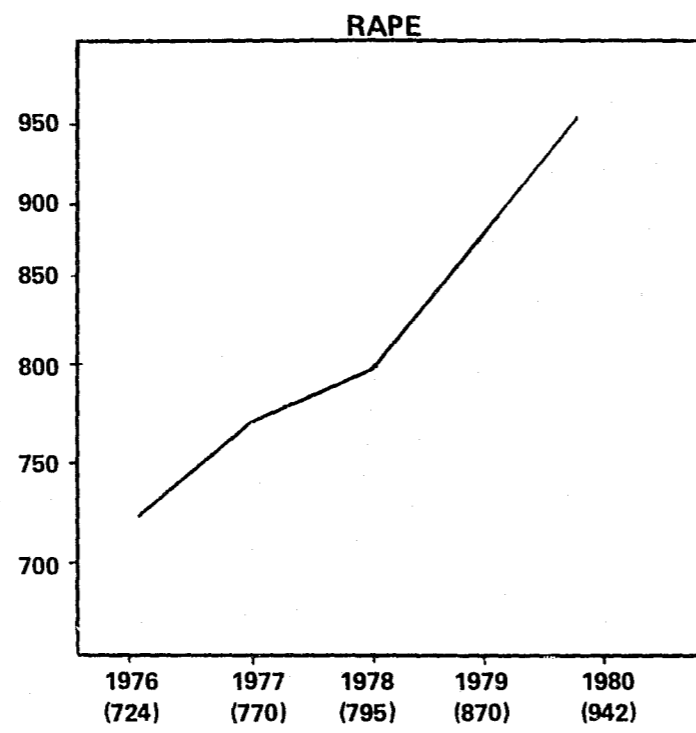
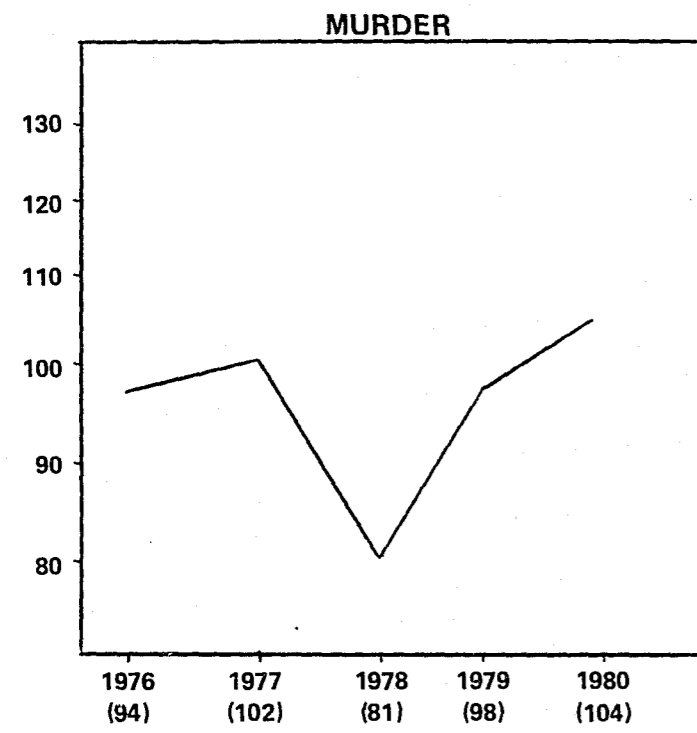


FIGURE 2
NUMBER OF VIOLENT CRIMES REPORTED
1976-1980

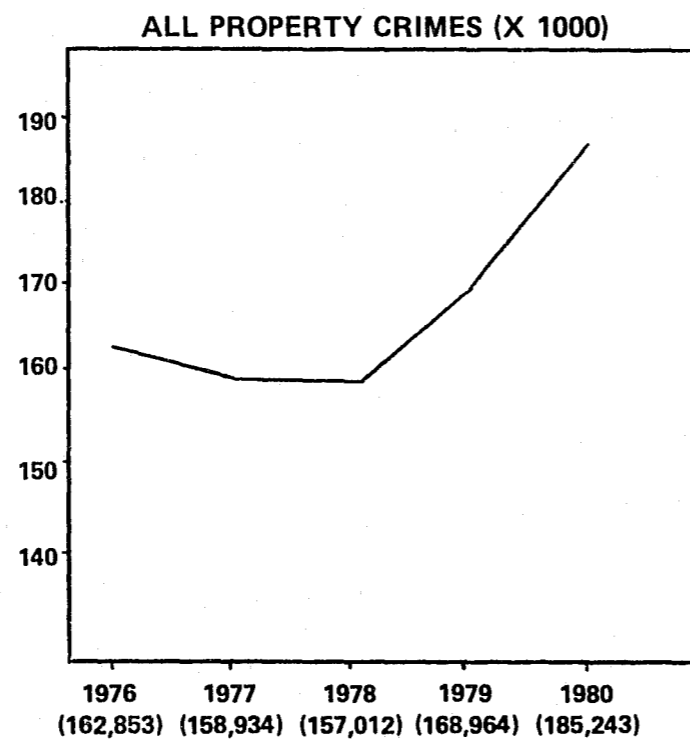
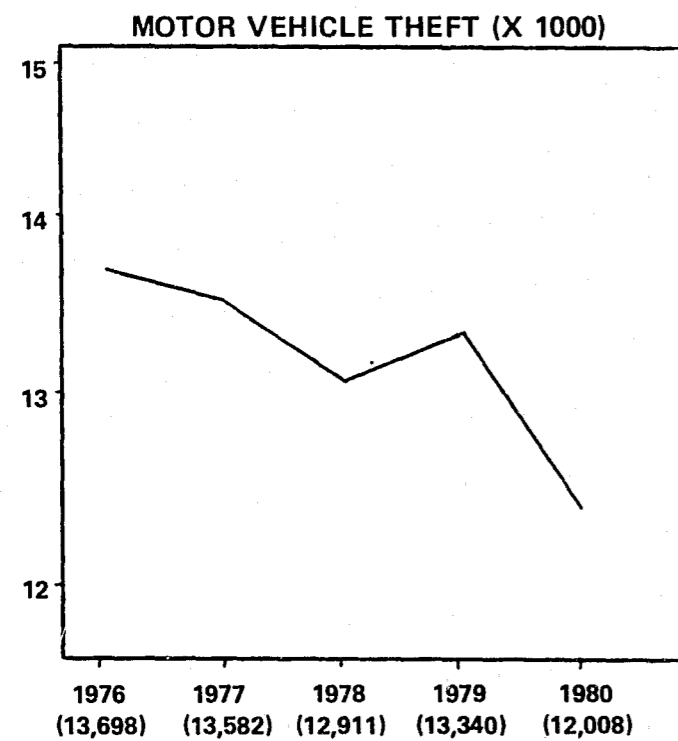
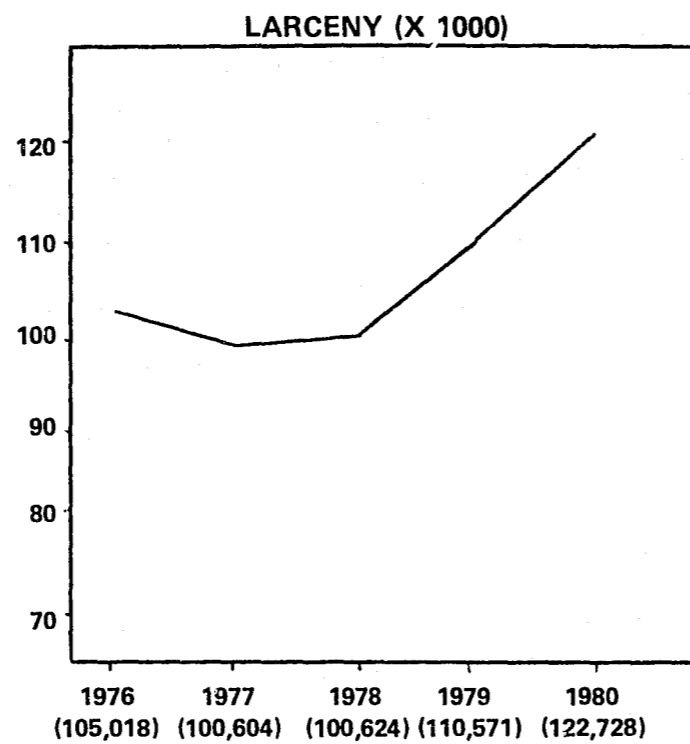
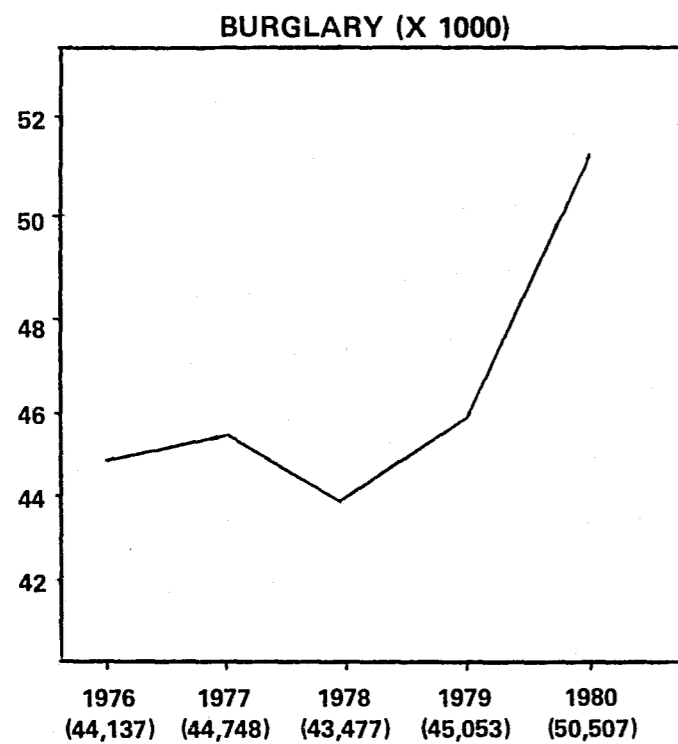
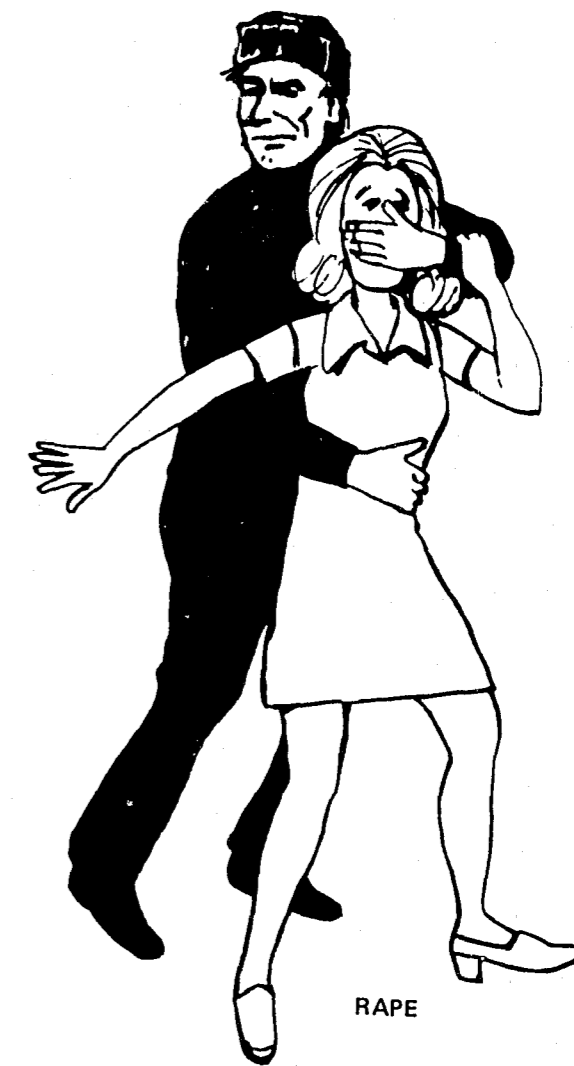


FIGURE 3
NUMBER OF PROPERTY CRIMES REPORTED
1976-1980

CRIMES OF VIOLENCE



HOMICIDE



RAPE



ROBBERY



AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

CRIMINAL HOMICIDE – MURDER

Criminal homicide involves those offenses of murder and non-negligent homicide that are classified as willful felonious deaths as distinguished from deaths caused by negligence. Attempts to kill are scored as aggravated assaults and not as murder. Justifiable or excusable homicides, suicides and accidental deaths are excluded from this category.

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

- In 1980 there were 104 homicides reported for the state, with 83 of these offenses cleared by arrest. This represents an 80 percent clearance rate for that year. Of the 83 offenses that were cleared, 7 were cleared by the arrest of a juvenile.*

*Cases where an adult and a juvenile are arrested for a case are not counted as cleared by the arrest of a juvenile.

- The crime rate for homicide in 1980 was three per 100,000 population. Five offenses were unfounded, or classified as justifiable or excusable.
- Homicide offenses represented 1.1 percent of the total violent crimes, with one averaged every 3.5 days.

HOMICIDE SCENARIO

A white male, age 24, living in an urban area is stabbed with a knife by a member of his family or a friend during an argument. The offender, a white male, age 24, is likely to be arrested.

SUPPLEMENTARY HOMICIDE INFORMATION

Supplementary Homicide Reports are manually submitted to the BCA by law enforcement agencies reporting homicides during the year. These reports provided additional information on the homicide offenses. The following information was compiled from reports on 104 homicides during 1980.

Relationship of the Victim to the Offender

- 25 homicide victims were killed by a member of their nuclear family (24%).
- 72 homicide victims were either family members or friends (69%).
- 18 homicide victims were strangers to their assailants (17%).

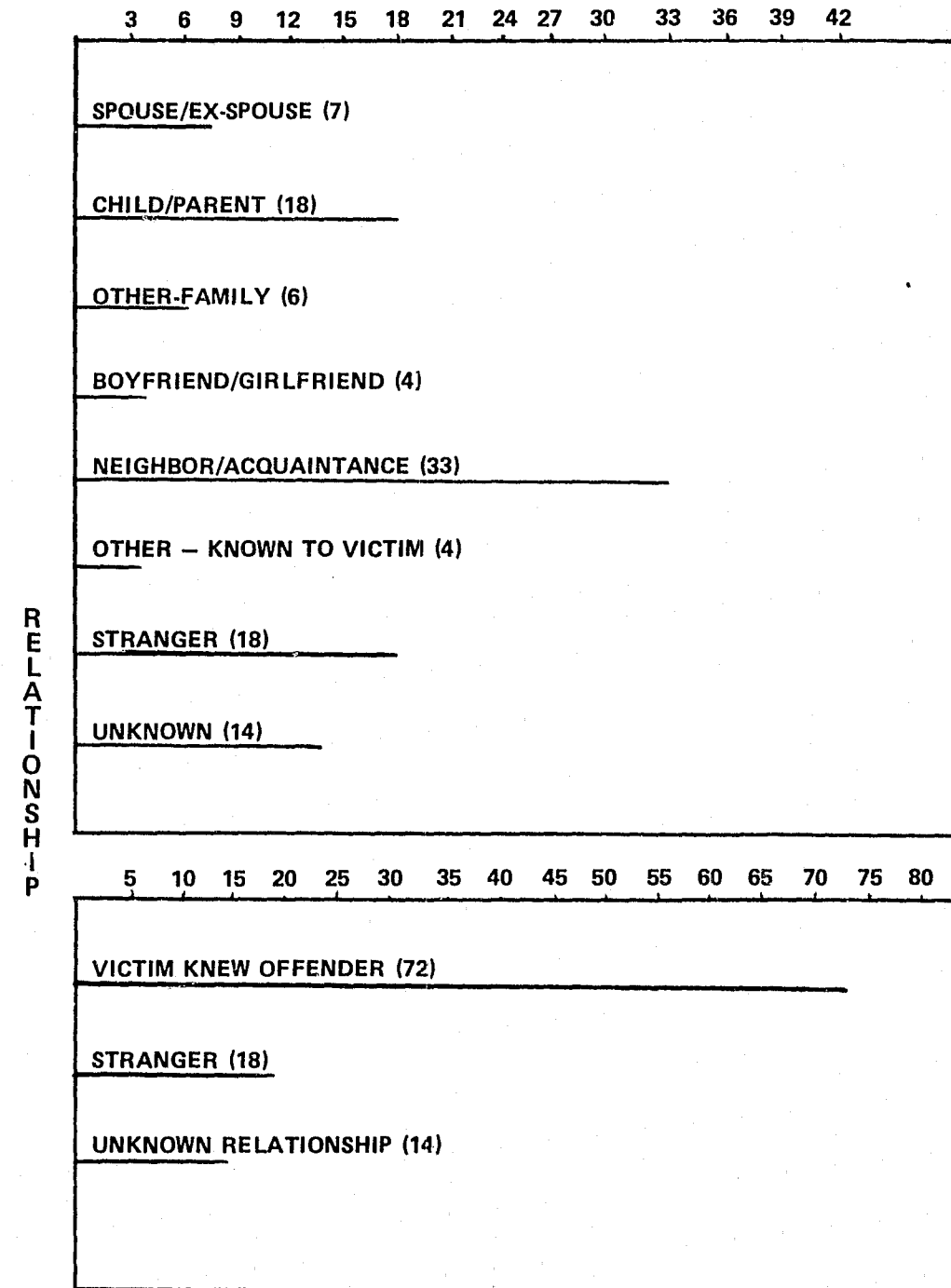


FIGURE 4
NUMBER OF HOMICIDES BY RELATIONSHIP FOR 1980

Weapon Used to Commit the Homicide

- Forty-seven homicides reported were committed with some type of firearm (45%).

- In 34 of the 47 homicides involving a firearm, the victim was a family member or friend (72%).
- In 10 of the homicides involving a firearm, the victims were killed by strangers (21%).

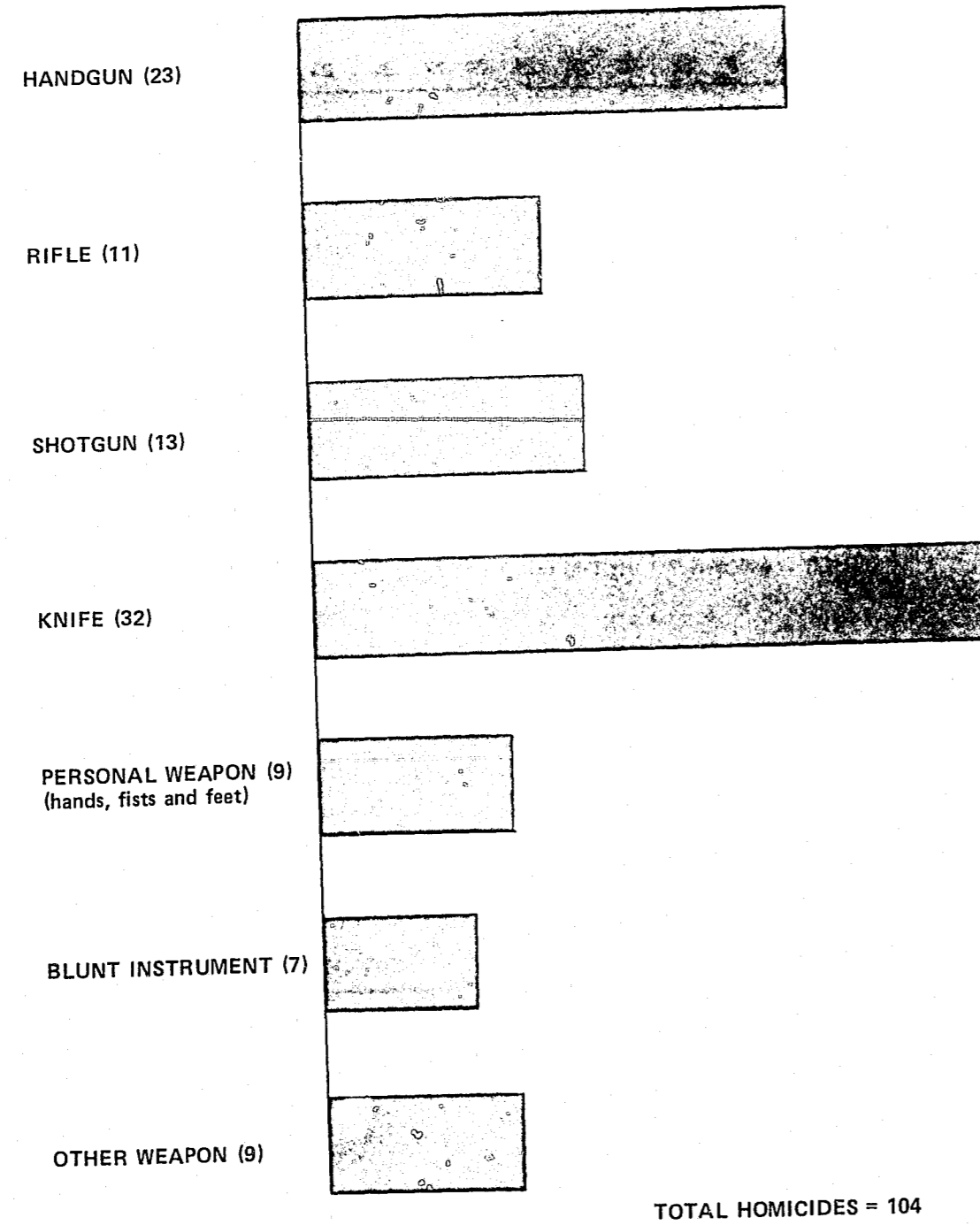


FIGURE 5
NUMBER OF HOMICIDES AND
HOW THEY WERE COMMITTED DURING 1980

Age, Sex and Race of Victims

- The highest number of victims for a single age group was 20-24 with 28 victims (26.9%).

- 62 homicide victims were male (60%) compared to 61% in 1979.
- 81 homicide victims were white (78%) compared to 76% in 1979.

TABLE 2
MURDER VICTIMS BY AGE, SEX AND RACE

Age	Number	Percent Distribution	Sex		Race			
			Male	Female	White	Negro	Indian	Other
Under 10	12	11.5	5	7	7	3	2	-
10-14	2	1.9	1	1	2	-	-	-
15-19	5	4.8	1	4	5	-	-	-
20-24	28	26.9	17	11	20	5	3	-
25-29	14	13.5	11	3	10	2	1	1
30-34	9	8.7	7	2	6	2	1	-
35-39	2	1.9	1	1	2	-	-	-
40-44	6	5.8	4	2	5	1	-	-
45-49	7	6.7	5	2	6	1	-	-
50-54	2	1.9	2	-	2	-	-	-
55-59	4	3.9	3	1	3	1	-	-
60-64	4	3.8	2	2	4	-	-	-
Over 64	9	8.7	3	6	9	-	-	-
TOTAL	104	100.0	62	42	81	15	7	1

Age, Sex, and Race of Offenders

- The highest number of offenders in a particular five year age bracket is the 20-24 year age group with 24 offenders (25%).

- 78 homicide offenders were male (80%), compared to 69% in 1979.
- 55 homicide offenders were white (56%), compared to 51% in 1979.

TABLE 3
MURDER OFFENDERS BY AGE, SEX AND RACE

Age	Number	Percent	Sex			Race			
			Male	Female	Unknown	White	Negro	Indian	Unknown
Under 10	5	5.1	1	-	4	-	-	-	5
10-14	3	3.1	1	2	-	2	1	-	-
15-19	17	17.3	15	2	-	10	4	-	3
20-24	24	24.5	19	5	-	13	7	4	-
25-29	15	15.3	14	1	-	10	5	-	-
30-34	14	14.3	13	1	-	8	4	-	2
35-39	4	4.1	3	1	-	3	1	-	-
40-44	1	1.0	-	1	-	-	-	1	-
45-49	4	4.1	3	1	-	4	-	-	-
50-54	6	6.1	5	1	-	2	2	1	1
55-59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60-64	2	2.0	1	1	-	2	-	-	-
Over 64	3	3.1	3	-	-	1	1	1	-
TOTAL	98	100.0	78	16	4	55	25	7	11

<u>Homicide Situation*</u>	<u>Number</u>
Single Victim/Single Offender	63
Single Victim/Unknown Number Offenders	15
Single Victim/Multiple Offenders	7
Multiple Victims/Single Offender	4
Multiple Victims/Multiple Offenders	3
Multiple Victims/Unknown Number Offenders	1
	<u>93</u>

<u>Homicide Circumstances</u>	<u>Number</u>
1. Killed During Felony Crime	24
a. Robbery	13
b. Burglary	4
c. Arson	3
d. Other Sex Offense	1
e. Felony Not Specified	3
2. Argument — Family (Domestic)	13
3. Argument — Non-family	17
4. Argument Over Money/Property	1
5. Brawl Due to Influence of Alcohol/ Narcotics	5
6. Child Killed by Babysitter	2
7. Lover's Triangle	3
8. Institutional Killings	3
9. Other	33
10. Unable to Determine	3
	<u>104</u>

*104 victims in 93 situations.

FORCIBLE RAPES — INCLUDING ATTEMPTS

Forcible rape is the carnal knowledge of a female using force and committed against her will. Uniform Crime Reporting needs require rape to be divided into two categories: (1) Rape by force, and (2) Attempted rape. Statutory rape and other sex offenses are excluded from this category.

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

- For the 1,034 rapes reported in 1980, 92 were listed as unfounded.
- Of the 942 reported actual rapes that occurred in Minnesota in 1980, 717 were by force while 225 were recorded as attempted rapes.

- Of the total rapes occurring in 1980, 319 or 34 percent were cleared by arrest. Of this total, 23 were cleared with the arrest of a juvenile.*
- The crime rate for rape in 1980 represented 23 per 100,000 population.
- The total number of rapes in 1980 represented 10.2 percent of the total violent crimes with 2.6 averaged per day.

RAPE SCENARIO

A woman living in an urban area is forcibly raped, the offender has a less than 35 percent chance of being arrested. The offender, if arrested, is a 22 year old, white male.

*Cases where an adult and a juvenile are arrested for a case are not counted as cleared by the arrest of a juvenile.

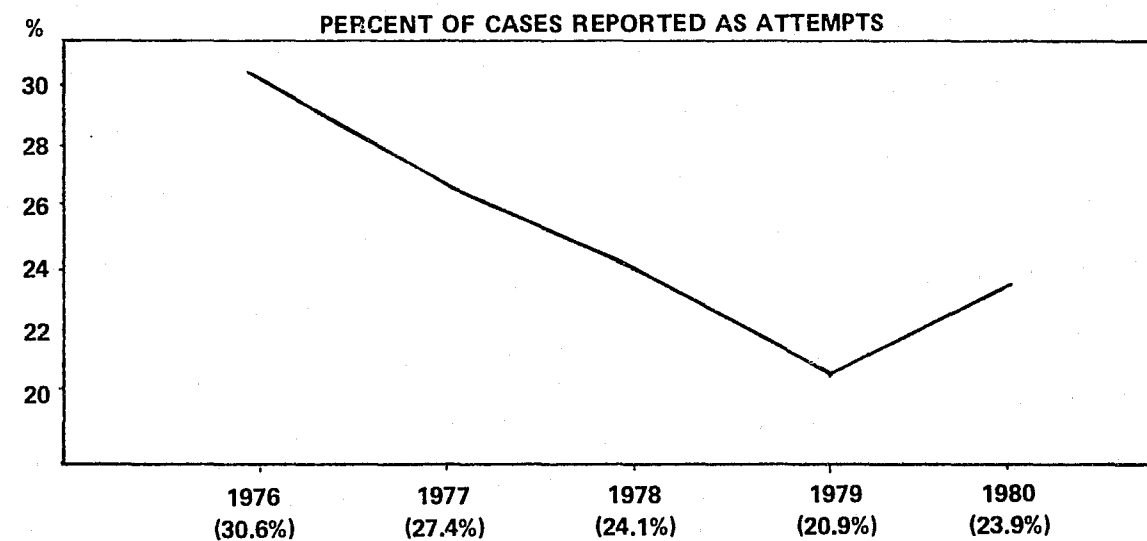
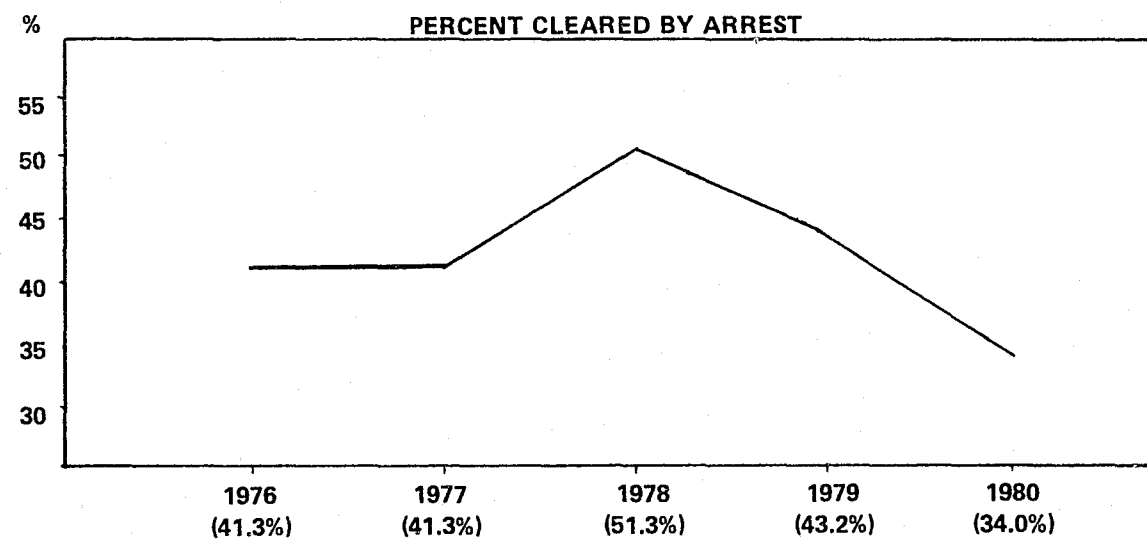
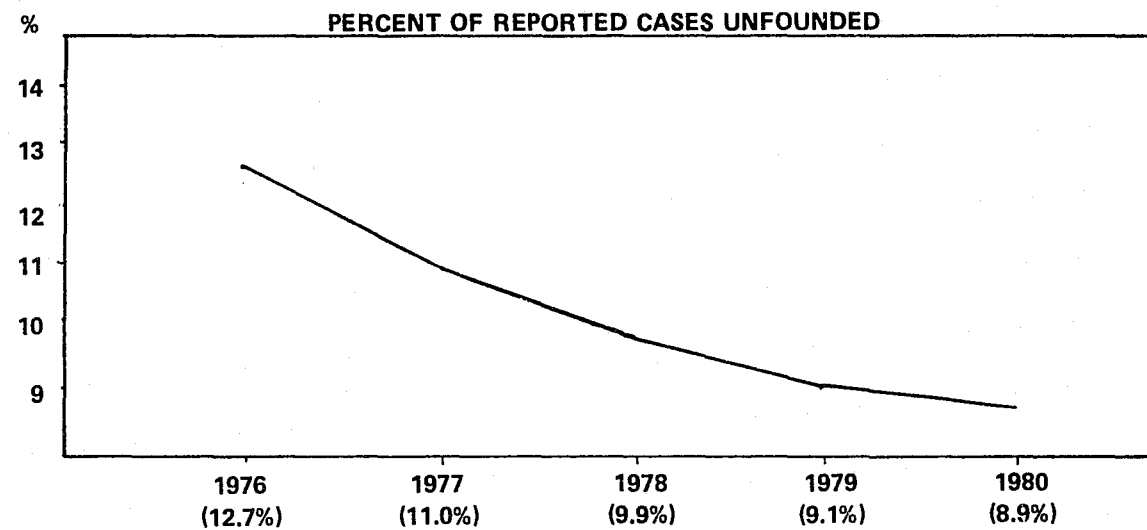


FIGURE 6
COMPARISON OF RAPES UNFOUNDED, CLEARED, AND ATTEMPTED
FOR PERIOD 1976-1980

ROBBERY

Robbery involves the felonious and forcible taking of the property of another against his will, by violence or by placing the person in state of fear. The crime of robbery necessitates that a victim be present in order for it to be so classified. As a general rule, robbery differs from larceny in that it is aggravated by the threat and element of force. An attempt to commit a robbery, either armed or strong arm is counted as if the actual offense did occur.

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

- Of the 4,169 total robberies reported in 1980, 147 offenses were unfounded.
- Of the 4,022 actual robbery offenses that occurred in Minnesota in 1980, 698 or 17 percent were cleared by arrest. Of the 698 offenses that were cleared, 145 were cleared by the arrest of a juvenile.*

*Cases where an adult and a juvenile are arrested for a case are not counted as cleared by the arrest of a juvenile.

- There were 67 bank robberies in 1980 compared to 78 in 1979; a 14.1 percent decrease. Bank robberies account for only 1.7 percent of the total robberies and 4 percent of the total dollar loss.
- The crime rate for robberies in 1980 amounted to 99 per 100,000 population.
- In 1980, robbery offenses represented 43 percent of the total violent crimes with 11 offenses averaged each day.
- Residential robbery in 1980 decreased 6.4 percent, from 409 incidents in 1979 to 383 in 1980. However, the dollar value loss increased 187%, from \$177,863 in 1979 to \$510,546 in 1980.
- There was a 59 percent increase in total stolen property lost to robbery in 1980.

ROBBERY SCENARIO

On an urban street, a victim is deprived of \$447.59 worth of property by strong arm tactics. The chances are one in six that the offender will be arrested. If the offender is arrested it will be a 17 year old, white male.

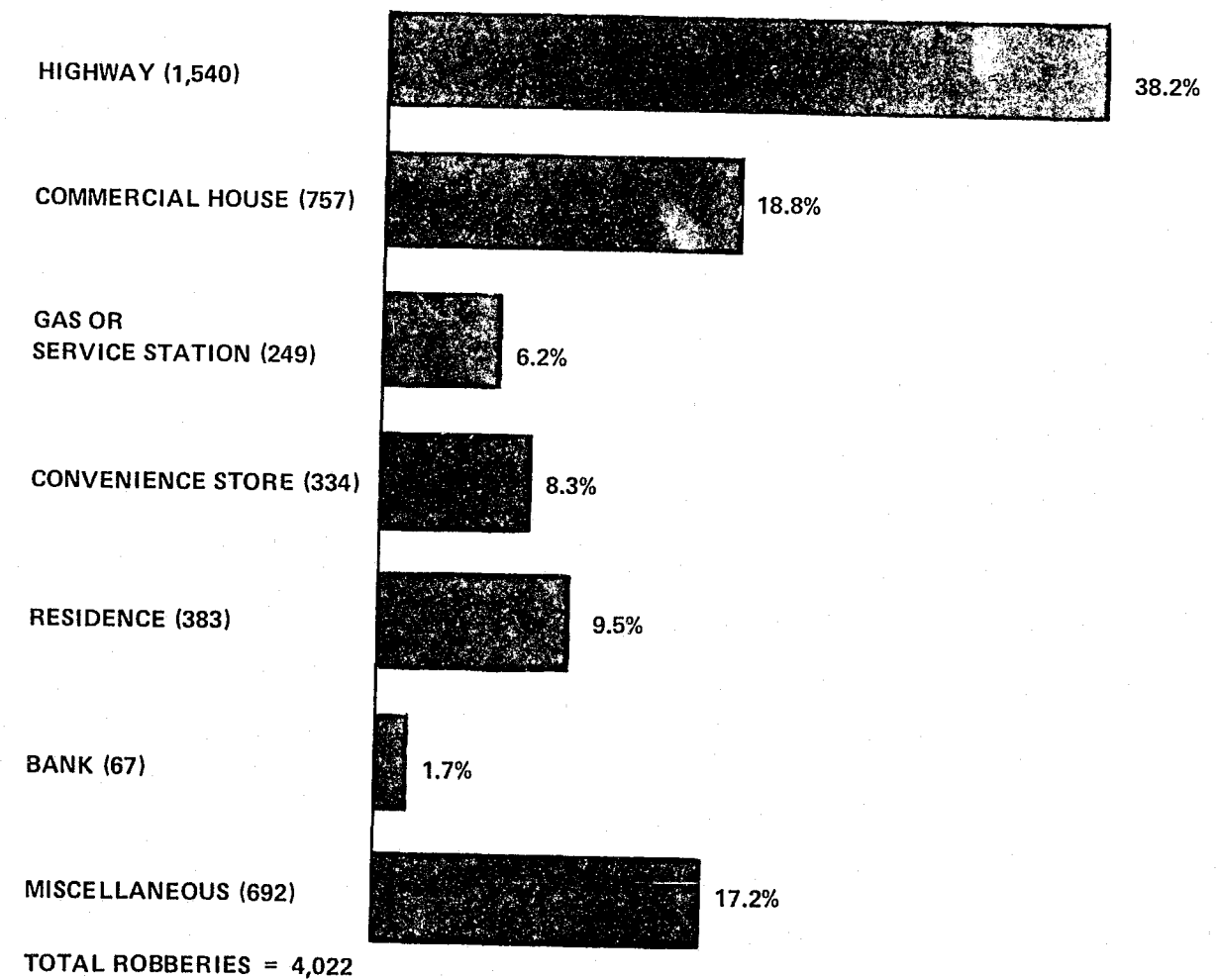


FIGURE 7
PLACES OF OCCURRENCE FOR ROBBERIES FOR 1980

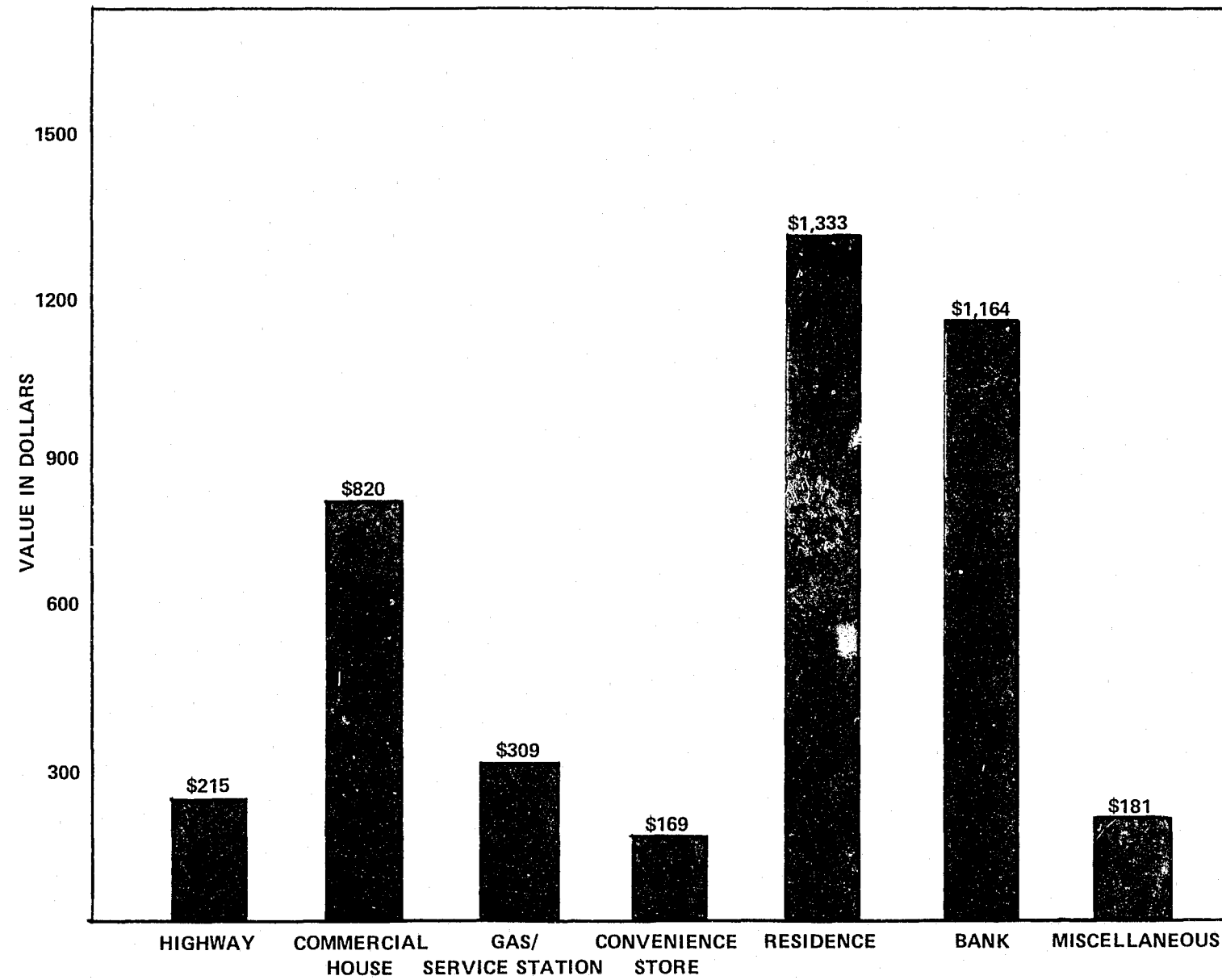


FIGURE 8
AVERAGE STOLEN PROPERTY LOSS PER ROBBERY TYPE FOR 1980

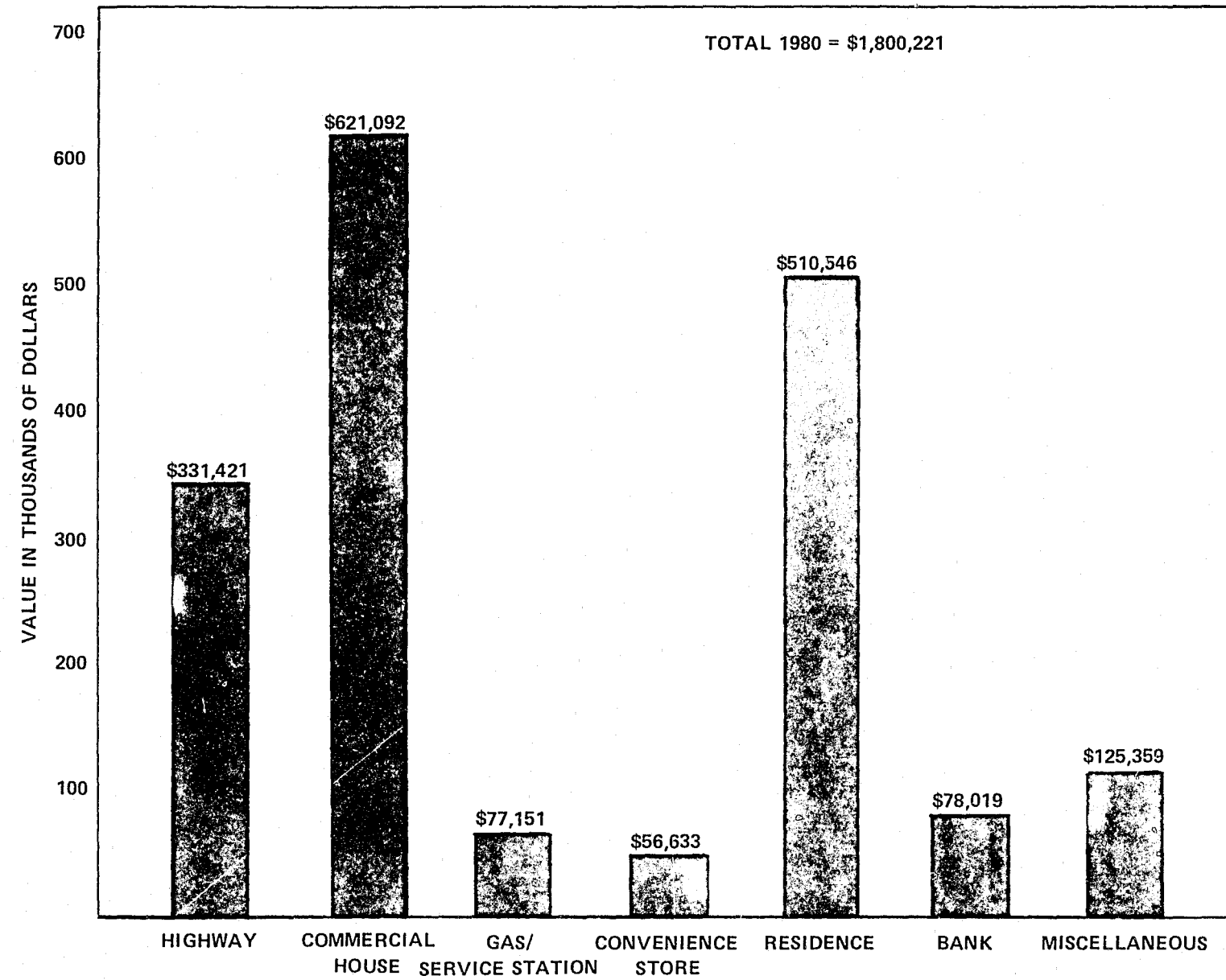


FIGURE 9
STOLEN PROPERTY VALUE FOR TYPES OF ROBBERIES — 1980

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

The definition of assault involves an attempt or offer with unlawful force of violence to do physical injury to another. An aggravated assault may be committed by a gun, knife or cutting instrument, other dangerous weapons such as clubs, or through the use of hands, fists or feet. Assault with intent to commit murder is also listed as aggravated assault.

All assaults where no weapon is used, which result in minor injuries are classified as non-aggravated assaults or simple assaults and are not counted in the crime index total.

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

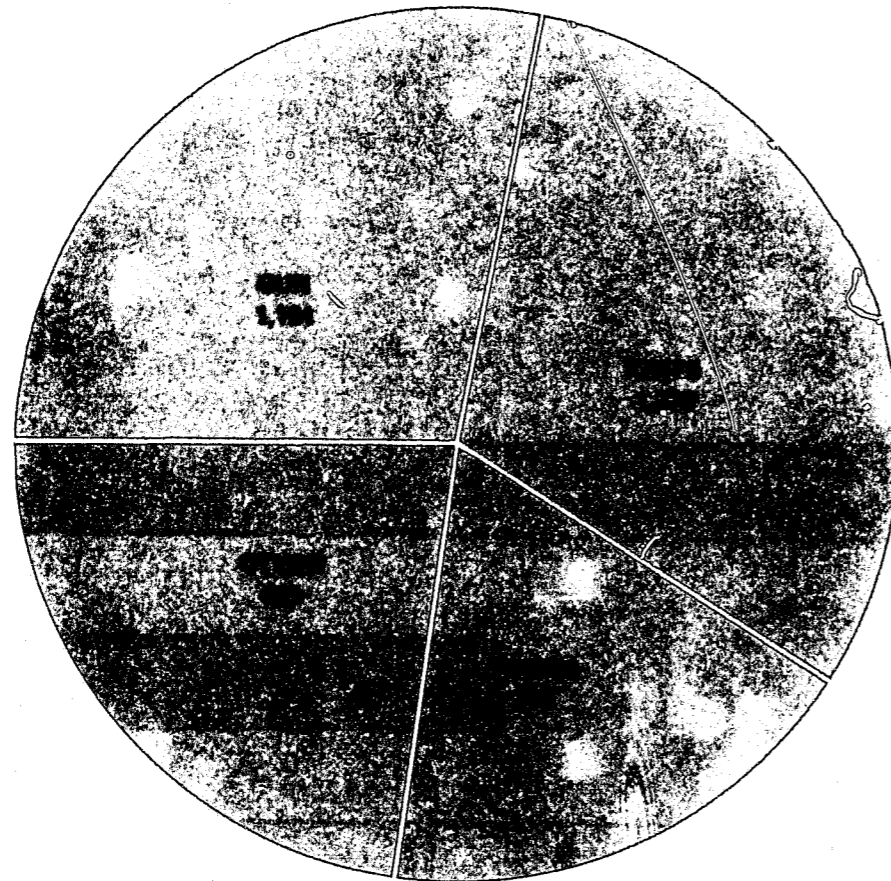
- Of the 4,315 total assault offenses reported in 1980, 146 were reported as unfounded.

- For the total 4,169 actual assaults occurring in Minnesota in 1980, 2,224 or 53 percent were cleared by arrest. Of the 2,224 assaults cleared by arrest, 290 were cleared with the arrest of a juvenile.*
- The crime rate for assaults in 1980 was 103 per 100,000 population, compared to 105 in 1979.
- In 1980, assault offenses accounted for 45 percent of the total violent crimes with 11.4 averaged per day.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT SCENARIO

An urban resident is assaulted with a knife or cutting instrument by a 17 year old, white male, who has a two out of three chance of being arrested.

*Cases where an adult and a juvenile are arrested for a case are not counted as cleared by the arrest of a juvenile.



TOTAL AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS = 4,169

FIGURE 10
TYPES OF AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS IN MINNESOTA FOR 1980

CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY



BURGLARY



LARCENY



MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT



ARSON

BURGLARY

Burglary consists of the unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of a structure to commit a theft or felony, even though no force may have been used to gain entry. Burglary is divided into three separate classes:

- A. Forcible Entry
- B. Unlawful Entry — No Force
- C. Attempted Forcible Entry

Supplementary information is collected that denotes the time and place of occurrence.

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

- Of the total 52,172 burglary offenses reported for the state in 1980, 1,665 offenses were unfounded.
- There was a total of 50,507 actual burglaries that occurred in Minnesota in 1980. Of that total 5,727

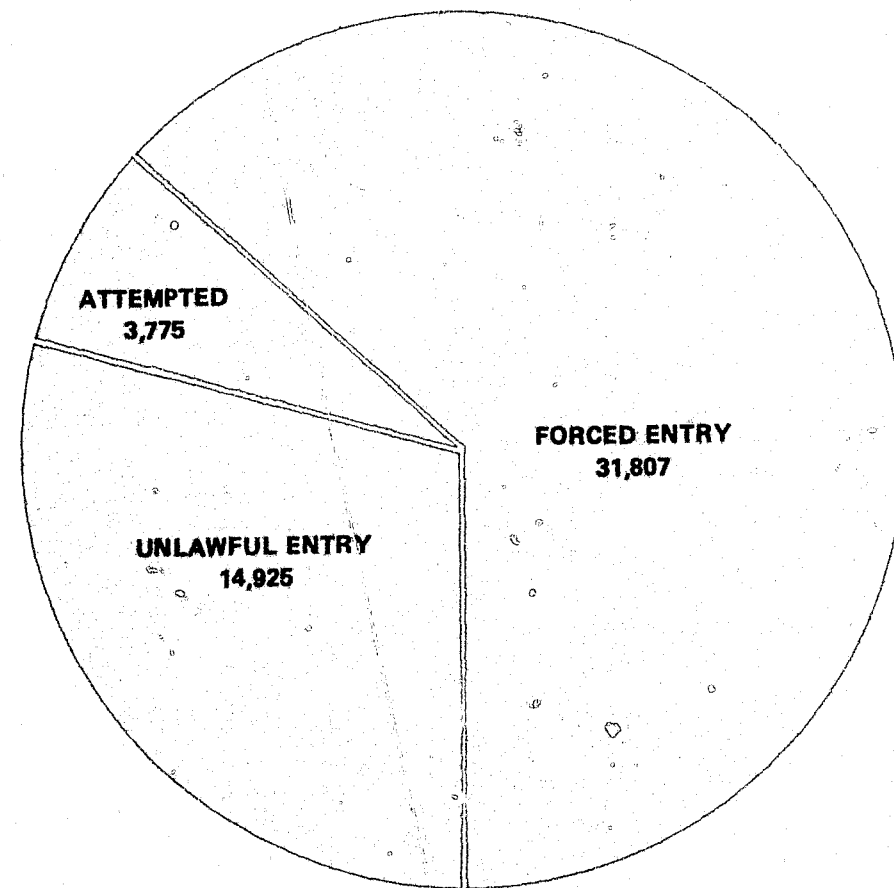
offenses were cleared by arrest which amounted to an 11 percent clearance rate. For the total 5,727 offenses cleared by arrest, 1,722 were cleared with the arrest of a juvenile.*

- The burglary rate for 1980 was recorded at 1,245 per 100,000 population.
- In 1980, burglaries represented 27.3 percent of the total property crimes with 138 averaged per day.

BURGLARY SCENARIO

An urban residence is forcibly entered during the night and \$484.45 worth of property is stolen. The offender has a one in nine chance of being caught, but if arrested will be a 16 year old, white male.

*Cases where an adult and a juvenile are arrested for a case are not counted as cleared by the arrest of a juvenile.



TOTAL BURGLARIES = 50,507

FIGURE 11
TYPES OF BURGLARIES FOR MINNESOTA FOR 1980

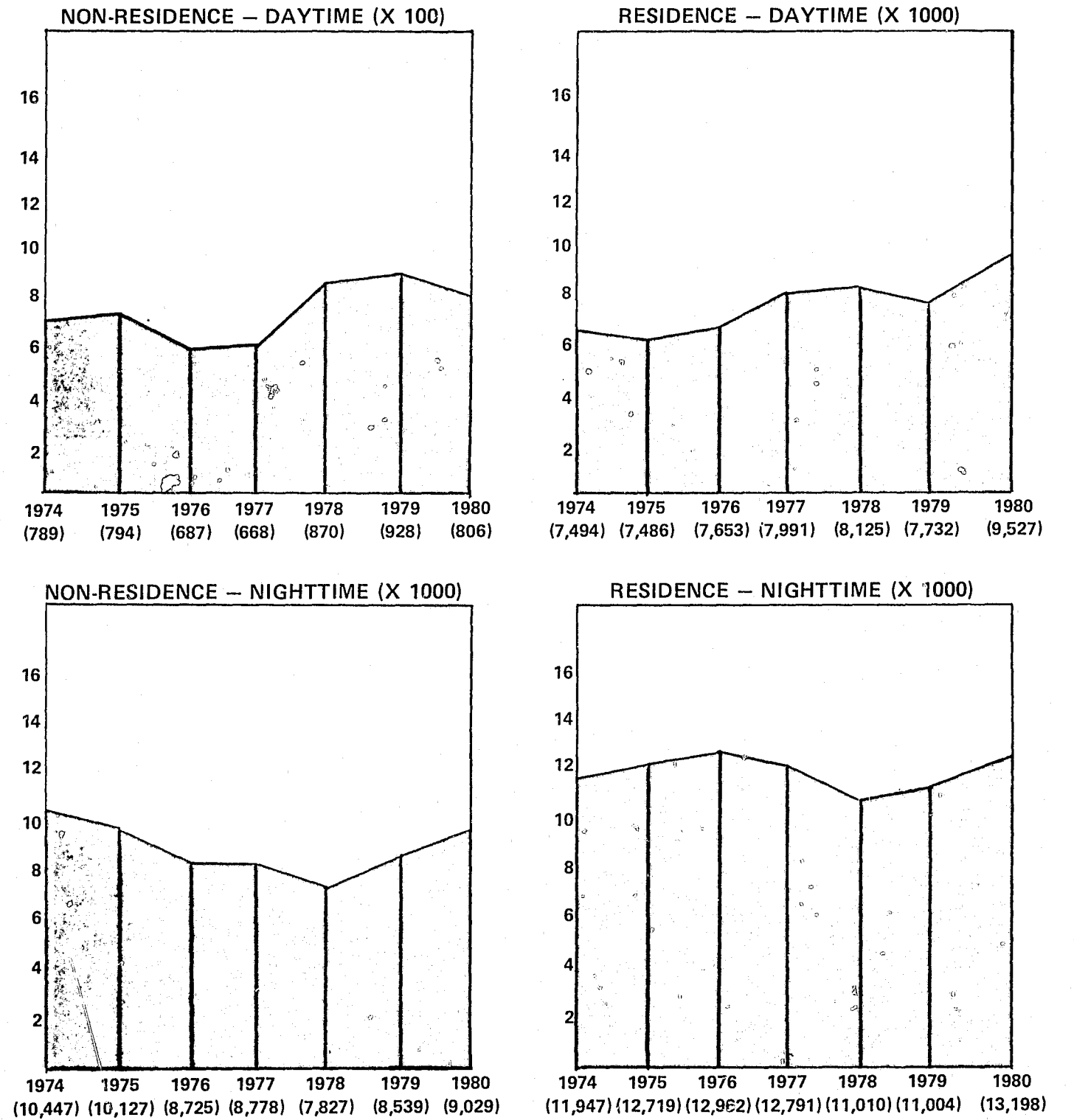


FIGURE 12
RESIDENCE/NON-RESIDENCE BURGLARIES
BY TIME OF DAY, 1974-1980

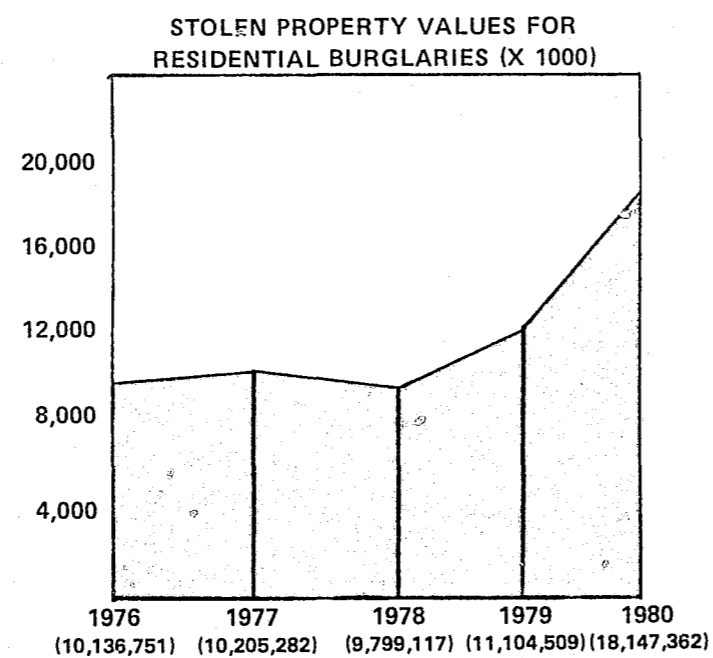
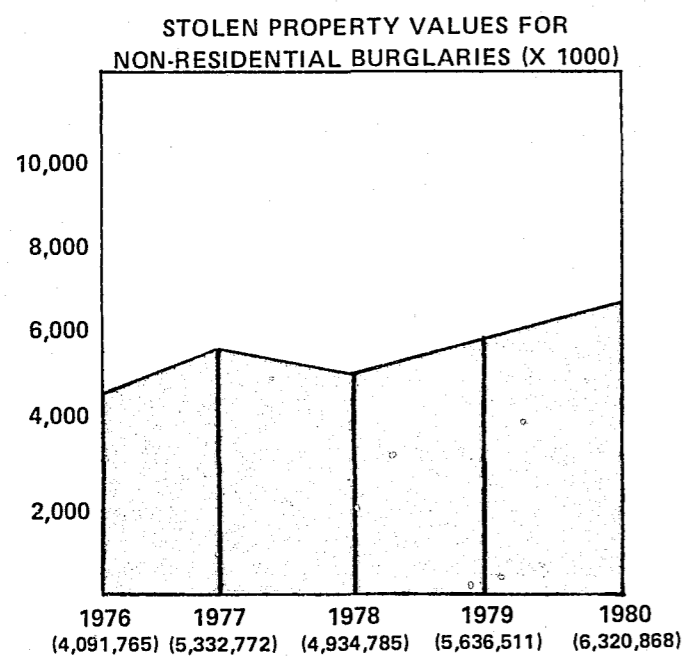
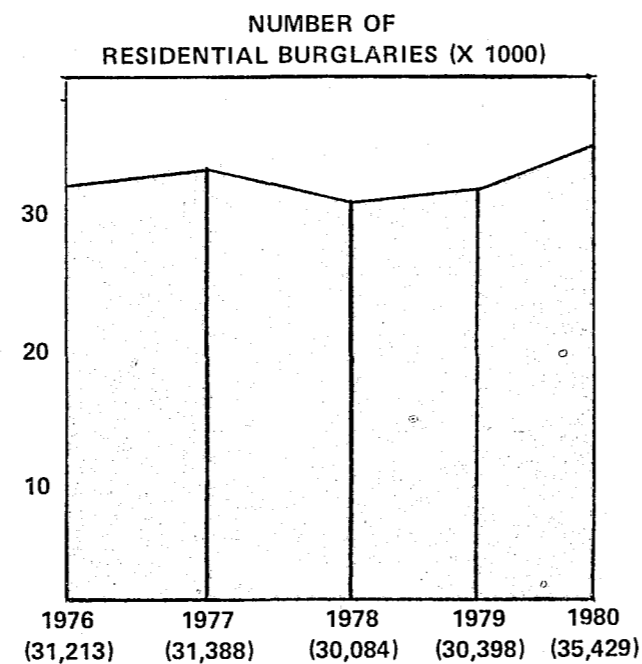
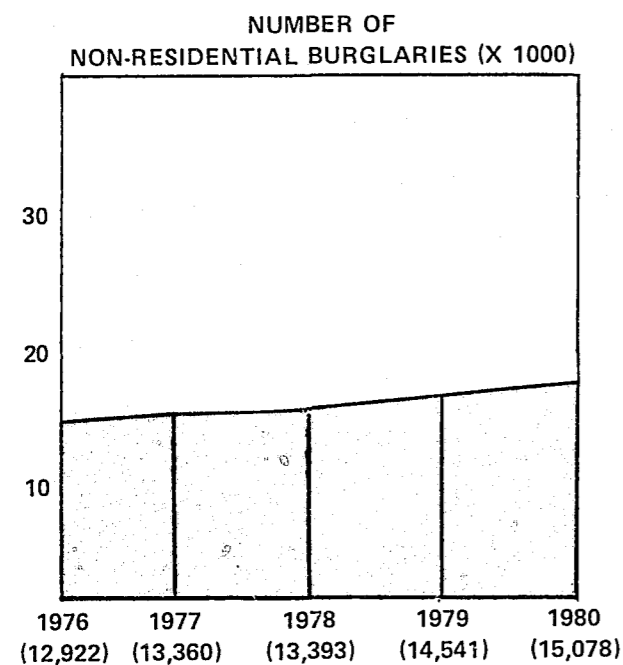


FIGURE 13
TOTAL BURGLARIES BY PLACE OF OCCURRENCE, AND
STOLEN PROPERTY VALUES, 1976-1980

LARCENY

Larceny (theft) is the taking of the personal property of another with intent to permanently deprive him of ownership. Larceny figures will include all those offenses in which a theft (also attempted situations) occurred regardless of monetary loss assigned the stolen property.

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

- Of the total 124,841 larceny offenses reported for 1980, 2,113 were listed as unfounded.
- Of the 122,728 actual larceny offenses that occurred in Minnesota in 1980, 23,490 were cleared by arrest, representing a 19 percent clearance rate. Of the 23,490

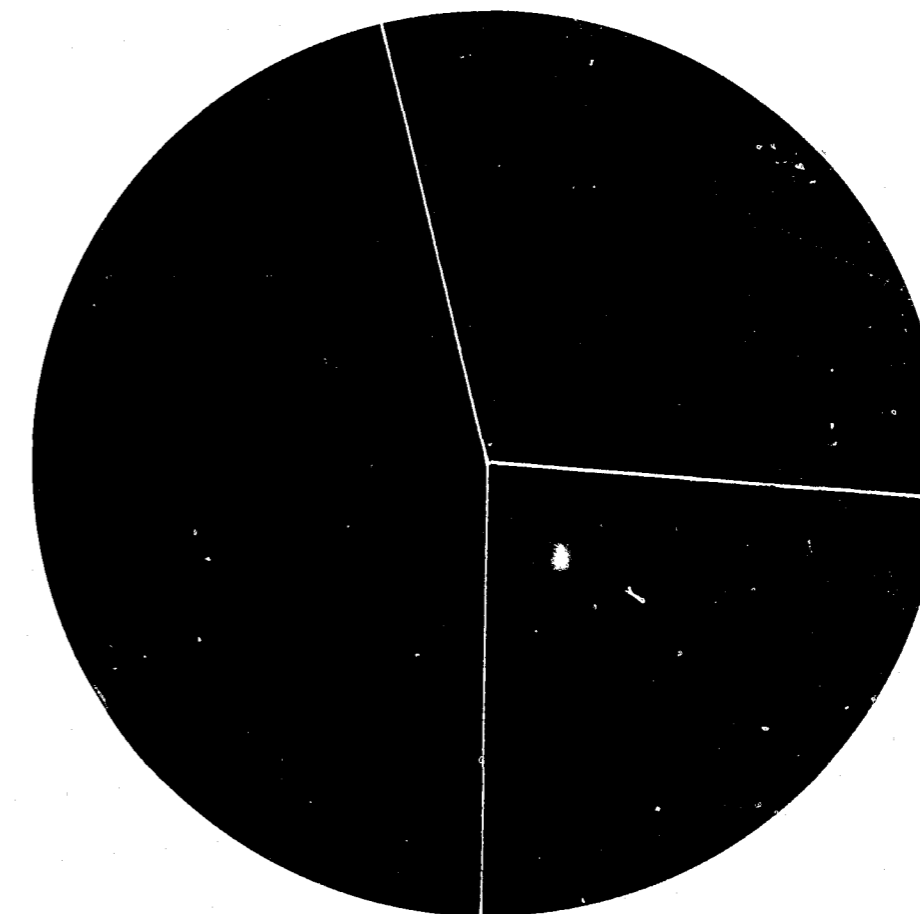
larceny offenses that were cleared, 7,403 were cleared by the arrest of a juvenile.*

- Larceny in 1980 represented a crime rate of 3,025 per 100,000 population.
- The total number of larcenies for 1980 amounted to 66 percent of the total property crime figures with 335 averaged each day.

LARCENY SCENARIO

A 16 year old, white male steals \$234.65 worth of property from a motor vehicle in an urban area. The offender has a one in five chance of being arrested.

*Cases where an adult and a juvenile are arrested for a case are not counted as cleared by the arrest of a juvenile.



TOTAL LARCENIES = 122,728

FIGURE 14
COMPARISON OF LARCENY THEFTS BY VALUE
REPORTED IN MINNESOTA FOR 1980

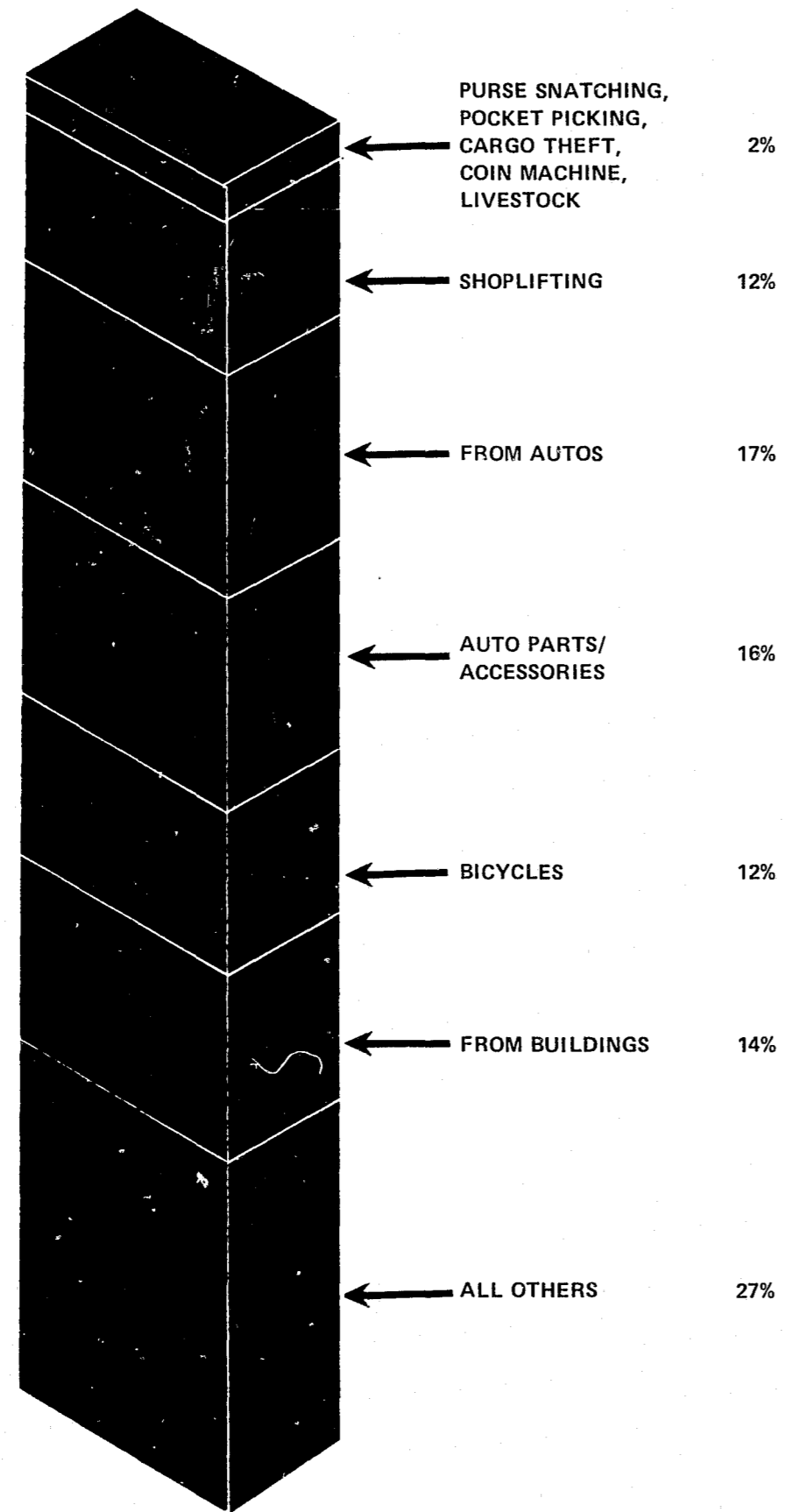


FIGURE 15
 PERCENT OF TOTAL LARCENY OFFENSES BY TYPE FOR 1980

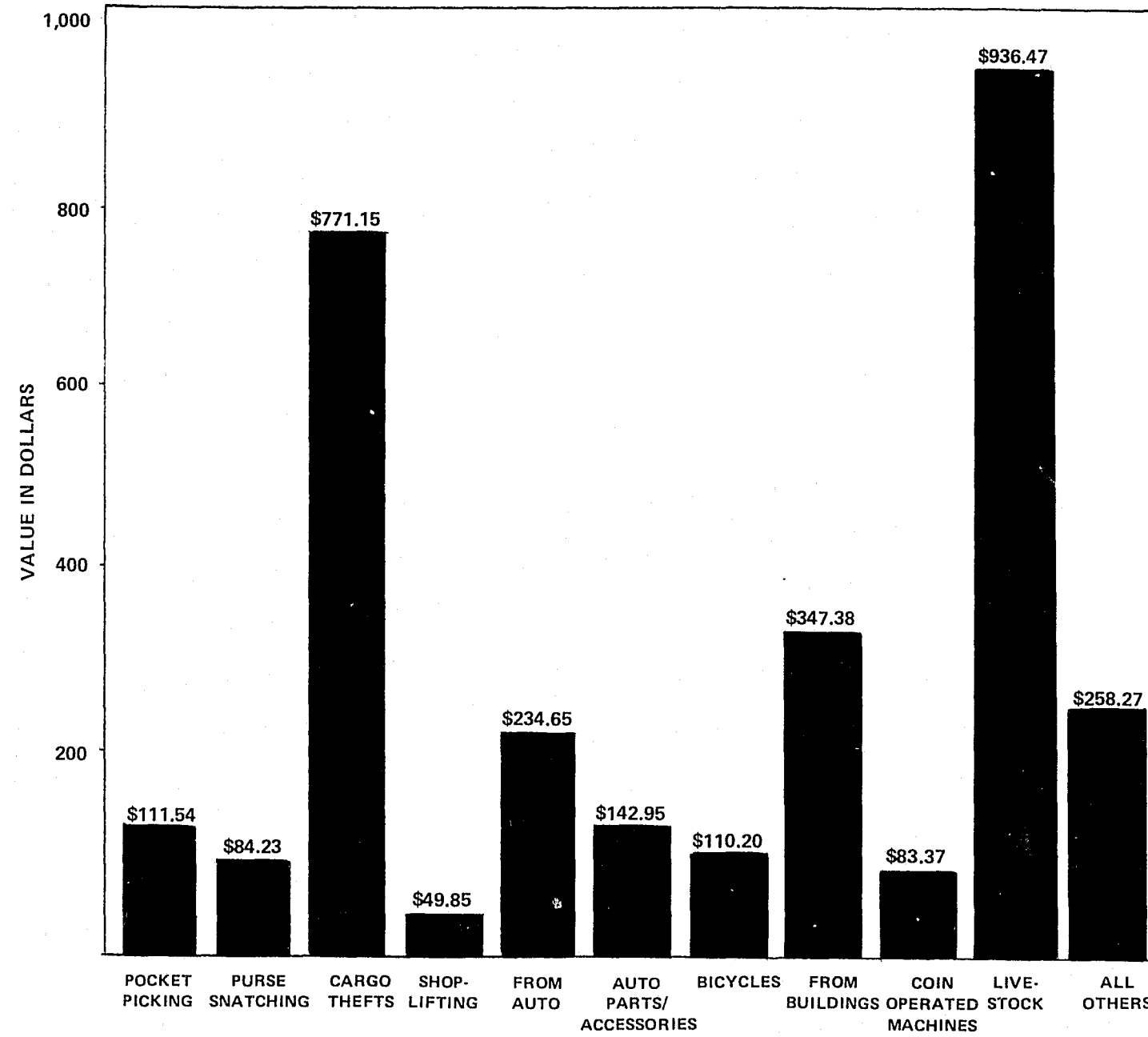


FIGURE 16
AVERAGE STOLEN PROPERTY LOSS PER TYPE OF LARCENY FOR 1980

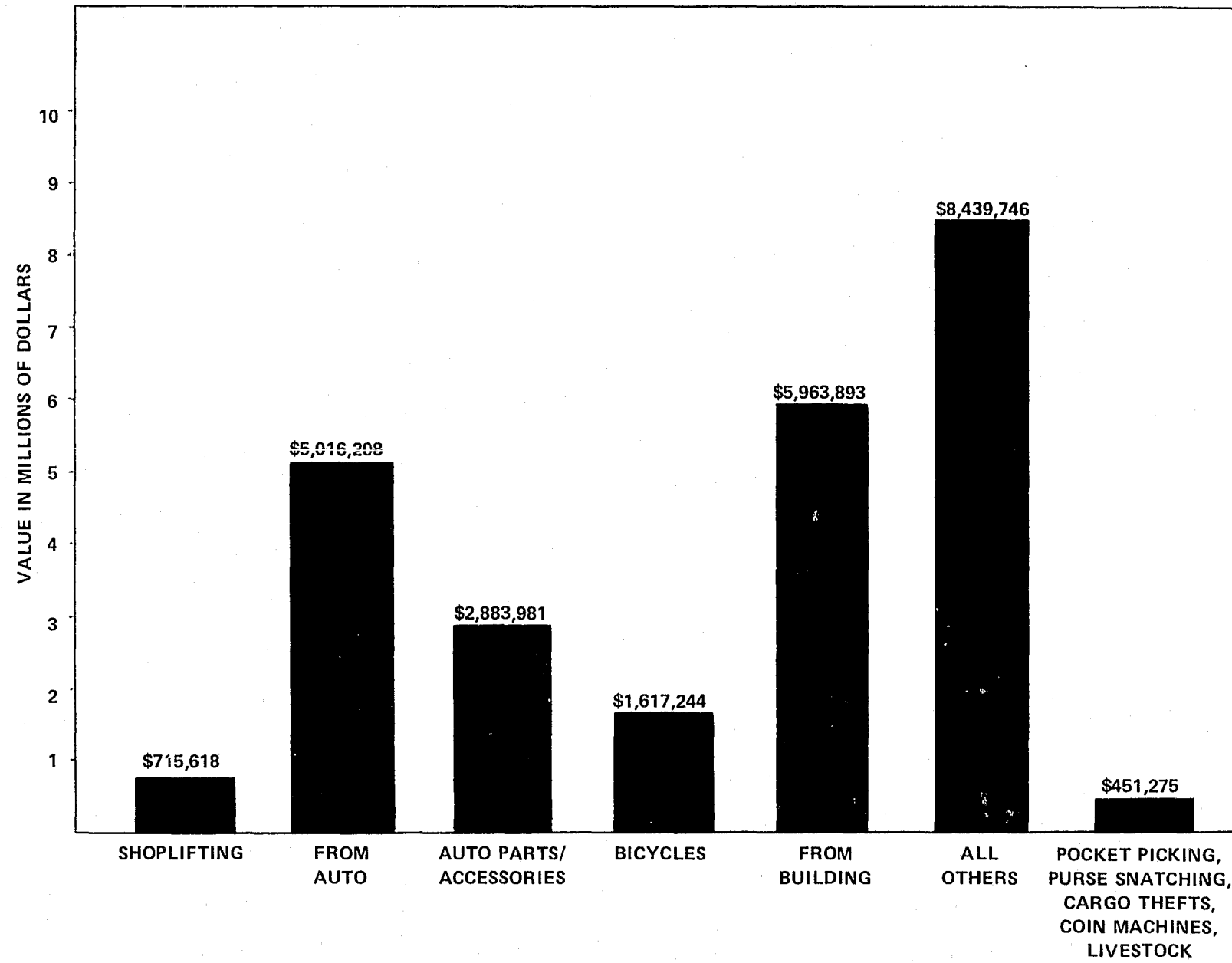


FIGURE 17
TOTAL DOLLAR LOSS BY TYPE OF LARCENY FOR 1980

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Motor Vehicle Theft is the larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle. This includes all vehicles that can be registered as such; "joyriding" thefts are included under this category.

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

- Of the 13,465 motor vehicle thefts reported in 1980, 1,457 offenses were unfounded.
- In Minnesota during 1980, there were 12,008 actual thefts reported to have occurred. Of that total, 3,030 were cleared by arrest, indicating a clearance rate of 25 percent. Out of the total offenses cleared by arrest, 818 were cleared with the arrest of a juvenile.*

*Cases where an adult and a juvenile are arrested for a case are not counted as cleared by the arrest of a juvenile.

- Motor vehicle thefts in 1980 represented a crime rate of 296 per 100,000 population.
- In 1980, motor vehicle thefts represented 6.5 percent of the total property crimes which averaged 33 per day.
- Of the 12,008 motor vehicles stolen in 1980, 4,221 or 35 percent were recovered.
- Of the 12,008 vehicles reported stolen, 8,030 were automobiles, 1,637 were trucks/buses and 2,341 were vehicles such as snowmobiles, motorcycles, motor-scooters, etc.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT SCENARIO

An automobile valued at \$2,259.11 is stolen in an urban area. There is a little better than 35 percent chance the vehicle will be recovered and it will likely be recovered within the same jurisdiction in which it was stolen. The offender has a one in four chance of being arrested. If arrested, it will be a 16 year old, white male.

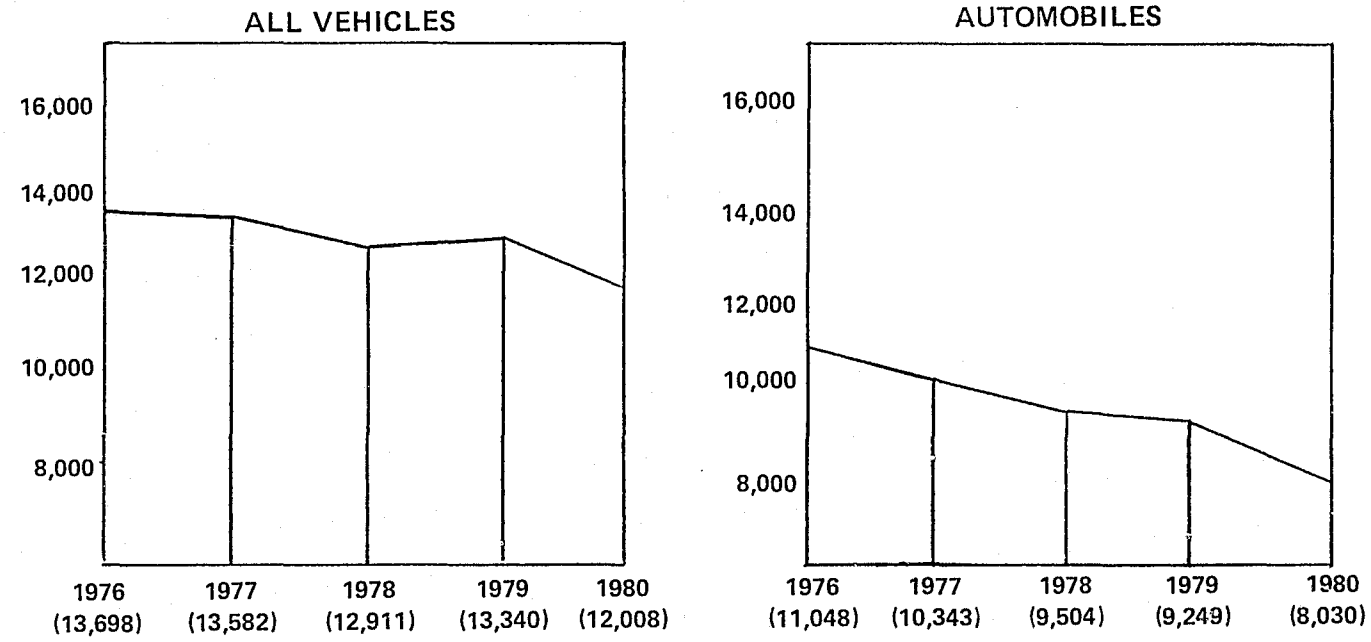


FIGURE 18
STOLEN VEHICLES BY TYPE, 1976-1980

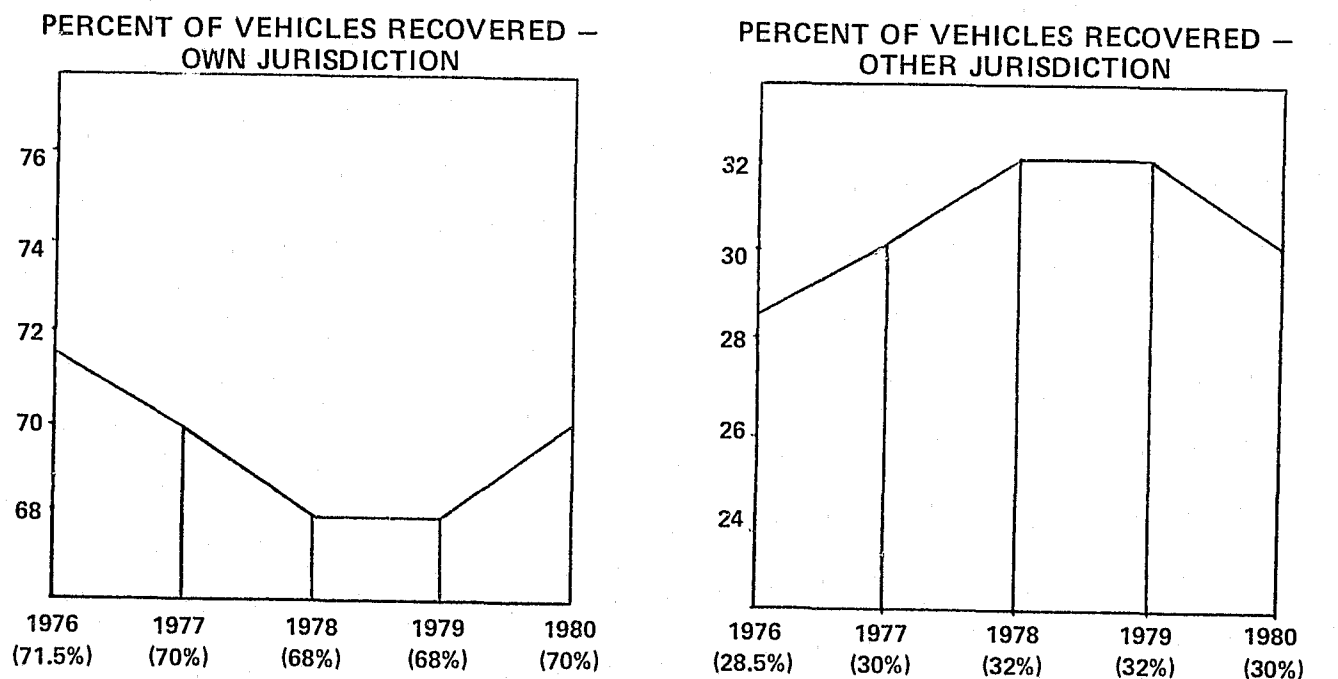
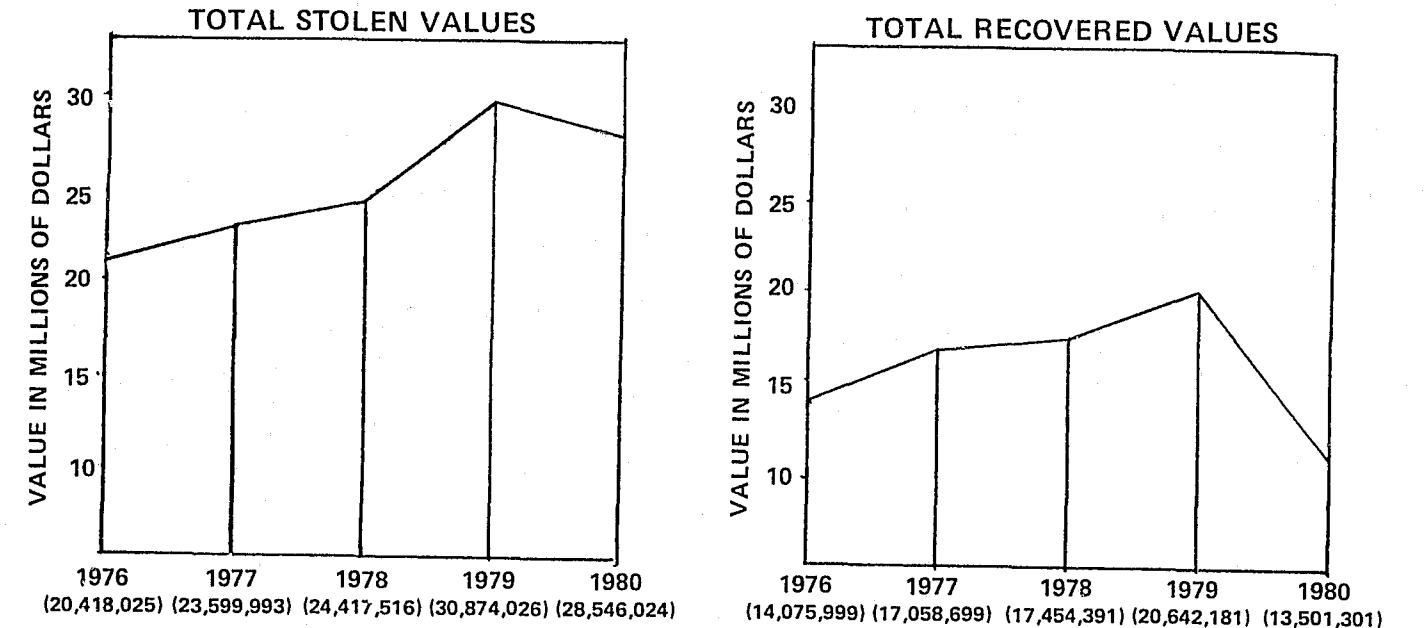


FIGURE 19
COMPARISON OF MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN AND RECOVERED,
1976-1980

ARSON

Arson is defined as any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc. Fires of suspicious or unknown origins are excluded.

This crime category is distinctive from other offenses in that all arsons, regardless of their occurrence along with another crime, are to be reported. This procedure may not have been adhered to in all instances during 1980, as 1,512 actual offenses were recorded on the Uniform Crime Reports, and 1,553 on a defined arson report. Because 1980 was the first complete year for reporting arson as a Part I offense, this analysis is not comparable with any previous year.

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

- Of the total 1,589 arson offenses known, 36 were listed as unfounded.
- Of the 1,553 arson offenses reported as having occurred in Minnesota in 1980, 372 or 24 percent were cleared by arrest. Of the 372 arsons cleared by arrest, 135 (36%) were cleared by the arrest of juveniles.*

*Cases where an adult and a juvenile are arrested for a case are not counted as cleared by the arrest of a juvenile.

- The crime rate for arson in 1980 was 38 per 100,000 population, with four offenses averaged per day.

- Of the 1,553 arson offenses reported, 969 (62.4%) were structural fires, 287 (18.5%) were arsons of mobile property (motor vehicles, airplanes, boats, etc.), and 297 offenses were for arson of other property such as crops, timber, fences, signs, etc. (19.1%).

- Of the 969 structures burned, 136 (14%) of the structures were uninhabited.

- The dollar value lost to arsons in 1980 totaled \$5,762,391, with structural fires accounting for 93.5 percent of the loss (\$5,390,597).

ARSON SCENARIO

A 15 year old, white male burns a single occupancy residential structure in an urban area, resulting in \$3,710 damage to the structure. The offender has a one in five chance of being arrested.

TABLE 4
1980 ARSON SUMMARY

Property Classification	Offenses Known	Unfounded	Actual Offenses	Cleared	Cleared Under 18	Estimated Property Damage
Structural						
Single Occupancy Residential	274	6	268	52	12	\$ 996,954
Other Residential	191	3	188	44	10	1,639,960
Storage	167	4	163	35	16	928,784
Industrial/Manufacturing	40	1	39	7	1	2,244
Other Commercial	75	2	73	12	5	469,133
Community/Public	177	1	176	82	51	1,306,520
All Other Structures	63	1	62	11	2	47,362
Total Structure	987	18	969	243	97	\$5,390,597
Mobile						
Motor Vehicle	261	8	253	36	4	286,548
Other	36	2	34	5	4	62,550
Total Mobile	297	10	287	41	8	\$ 349,098
All Other Property	305	8	297	88	30	\$ 22,696
Grand Total	1,589	36	1,553	372	135	\$5,762,391

1980 Arson-Structure Not In Use

Type of Structure	Actual Offenses	Not In Use
Single Occupancy Residential	268	51
Other Residential	188	16
Storage	163	24
Industrial/Manufacturing	39	6
Other Commercial	73	4
Community/Public	176	6
All Other Structures	62	29
Total Structures	969	136

TABLE 5
1980 CRIME INDEX FOR POPULATION GROUPS
SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS

Population Group	Index Crimes*	% Index Crimes Cleared	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggr. Asslt.	Burglary	Larceny	Vehicle Theft	Arson
-- NONE THAT APPLY --										
Group I & II										
Group III 2 Agencies (50,000-100,000) Population - 117,772 Rate per 100,000	2,468	18.6	1	15	11	77	879	1,361	124	35
Group IV 6 Agencies (25,000-50,000) Population - 207,763 Rate per 100,000	2,095.6		0.8	12.7	9.3	65.4	746.4	1,155.6	105.3	29.7
Group V 52 Agencies (10,000-25,000) Population - 838,784 Rate per 100,000	6,231	15.9	4	24	24	84	2,155	3,618	322	62
Group VI 27 Agencies (Under 10,000) Population - 196,635 Rate per 100,000	2,999.1		1.9	11.6	11.6	40.4	1,037.2	1,741.4	155.0	29.8
Total 87 Agencies Population - 1,360,954 Rate per 100,000	17,973	18.5	18	52	61	342	5,575	10,814	1,111	142
	4,132	18.2	3	13	13	108	1,307	2,400	288	84
	2,101.4		1.5	6.6	6.6	54.9	664.7	1,220.5	146.5	42.7
	2,142.7		2.1	6.2	7.3	40.8	664.7	1,289.2	132.5	16.9
	2,263.4		1.9	7.6	8.0	44.9	728.6	1,336.8	135.6	23.7

*Arson offenses not included in totals.

TABLE 6
1980 CRIME INDEX FOR POPULATION GROUPS
MUNICIPAL POLICE DEPARTMENTS

Population Group	Index Crimes*	% Index Crimes Cleared	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggr. Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Vehicle Theft	Arson
-- NONE THAT APPLY --										
Group I 2 Municipalities (Over 250,000) Population - 632,550 Rate per 100,000	57,954	14.5	52	513	3,143	2,241	18,906	28,947	4,152	409
Group II	9,162.0		8.2	81.1	496.9	354.3	2,988.9	4,576.2	656.4	64.7
-- NONE THAT APPLY --										
Group III 3 Municipalities (50,000-100,000) Population - 232,485 Rate per 100,000	13,873	21.1	4	49	131	178	3,166	9,443	902	90
Group IV 17 Municipalities (25,000-50,000) Population - 603,348 Rate per 100,000	5,967.3		1.7	21.1	56.3	76.6	1,361.8	4,061.8	388.0	38.7
Group V 42 Municipalities (10,000-25,000) Population - 669,173 Rate per 100,000	35,255	21.7	8	120	282	362	7,363	25,181	1,939	304
Groups VI & VII 125 Municipalities** (Under 10,000) Population - 559,159 Rate per 100,000	5,843.2		1.3	19.9	46.7	60.0	1,220.3	4,173.5	321.4	50.4
	31,576	20.3	2	99	240	409	6,296	22,856	1,674	244
	4,718.7		0.3	14.8	35.9	61.1	940.9	3,415.6	250.1	36.5
	24,943	18.3	12	57	116	365	4,857	18,066	1,470	142
	4,460.8		2.1	10.2	20.7	65.3	868.6	3,230.9	262.9	25.4
Total 189 Municipalities Population - 2,696,715 Rate per 100,000	163,601	18.3	78	838	3,912	3,555	40,588	104,493	10,137	1,189
	6,036.7		2.9	31.1	145.1	131.8	1,505.1	3,874.8	375.9	44.1

*Arson not included in totals.
**Cold Spring PD delinquent.

MINNESOTA PROPERTY CRIME VALUE INFORMATION

1980 PROPERTY CRIME INFORMATION FOR MINNESOTA

Information on property stolen and recovered in Minnesota for the offenses of criminal homicide, rape, robbery, burglary, larceny and motor vehicle theft is reflected in the following tables and figures.

Table 7 indicates that the property type category of Stolen Vehicles had the highest stolen value of property taken in the state in 1980. The livestock category showed the lowest amount of stolen value for property taken

during that year. Thefts of jewelry/precious metals property values increased 146.6 percent, from \$3,516,539 in 1979, to \$8,667,883 in 1980. The highest recovered value reported was in the Vehicle category while the lowest recovered value reported was office equipment. Table 8 indicates a more specific itemization of property stolen/recovered and the associated monetary values. Figure 20 shows the average dollar loss to property offenses in Minnesota for the past year. Figure 21 reflects what proportion of an average dollar was lost to the robbery, burglary, larceny and motor vehicle theft offenses during 1980.

TABLE 7
TOTAL VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN/RECOVERED IN MINNESOTA FOR 1980

Property Type	Stolen Value	Recovered Value
Currency/Notes	\$ 6,172,776	\$ 422,344
Jewelry/Metals	8,667,883	918,921
Clothing/Furs	1,322,997	127,025
Locally Stolen Autos	28,546,024	13,501,301
Office Equipment	385,816	29,553
TV/Radio/Stereo	8,209,833	382,749
Firearms	1,031,298	73,941
Household Items	887,324	59,988
Consumer Items	538,138	63,182
Livestock	365,510	71,351
Miscellaneous	22,376,382	1,989,878
Total	\$78,503,981	\$17,640,233

Stolen values are based on the "fair market value" at the time of theft. Recovered values are determined by "fair market value" at the time of recovery less any damage or depreciation.

TABLE 8
MINNESOTA PROPERTY INFORMATION BY PROPERTY TYPE FOR STOLEN/RECOVERED VALUES IN 1980

Property Type	Stolen Value	Recovered Value		Total Recovered
		Within Jurisdiction	Outside Jurisdiction	
Passenger Vehicles/Trucks	\$19,349,877	\$ 6,522,532	\$5,321,959	\$11,844,491
Snowmobiles/ATV's	651,283	176,596	53,497	230,093
Motorcycle/Mini-Bike	1,726,881	340,752	136,165	476,917
Other Motor Vehicles	1,458,651	574,215	83,595	657,810
Currency/Bonds	5,287,985	298,644	83,365	382,009
Camera Equipment	855,317	33,251	28,236	61,487
Clothing	900,920	112,009	10,002	122,011
Furs	163,294	1,438	10,525	11,963
Guns	992,947	60,368	17,562	77,930
Household Appliances	643,211	62,629	5,973	68,602
Jewelry/Metals	7,648,969	416,916	582,773	999,689
Cattle	179,171	40,240	0	40,240
Swine	41,760	3,915	0	3,915
Musical Instruments	331,479	34,195	1,450	35,645
Sheep	15,407	105	0	105
Office Equipment	476,577	33,689	3,675	37,364
Personal Accessories	353,127	34,502	5,705	40,207
Radio/TV and Sound	5,983,361	308,706	83,649	392,355
Sports Equipment	2,829,454	299,714	79,545	379,259
Bicycles	1,906,859	337,156	36,691	373,847
Viewing Equipment	112,137	13,900	11,000	24,900
Auto Parts/Equipment	2,314,265	93,735	50,964	144,699
Livestock/All Other	121,476	30,986	0	30,986
Consumer Items	507,952	57,824	10,609	68,433
Equipment/Tools/Measuring	4,749,936	250,111	151,919	402,030
Other	7,415,867	464,289	256,854	721,143
TOTAL	\$67,018,163	\$10,602,417	\$7,025,713	\$17,628,130

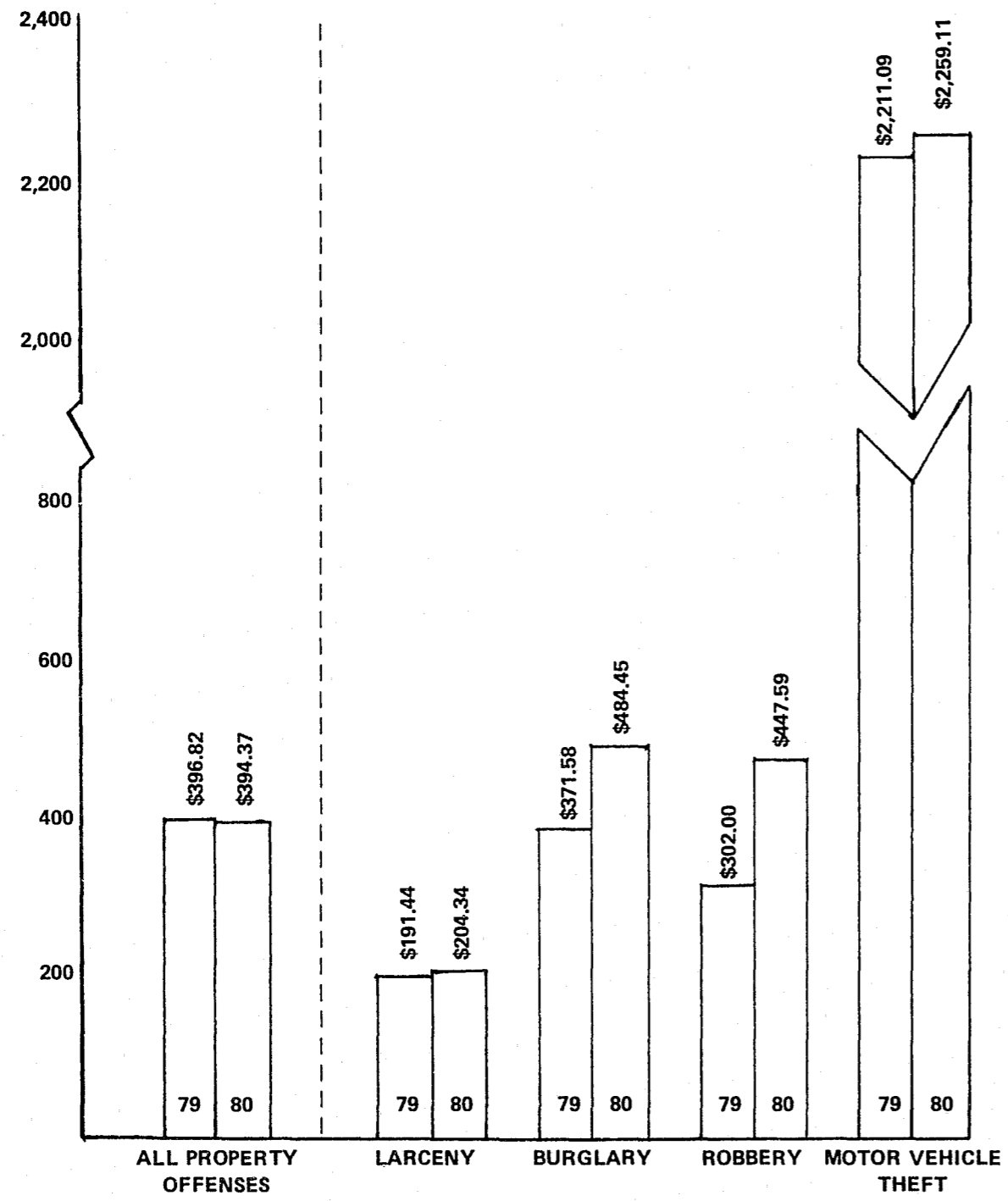


FIGURE 20
AVERAGE LOSS PER PROPERTY OFFENSE IN MINNESOTA, 1979-1980

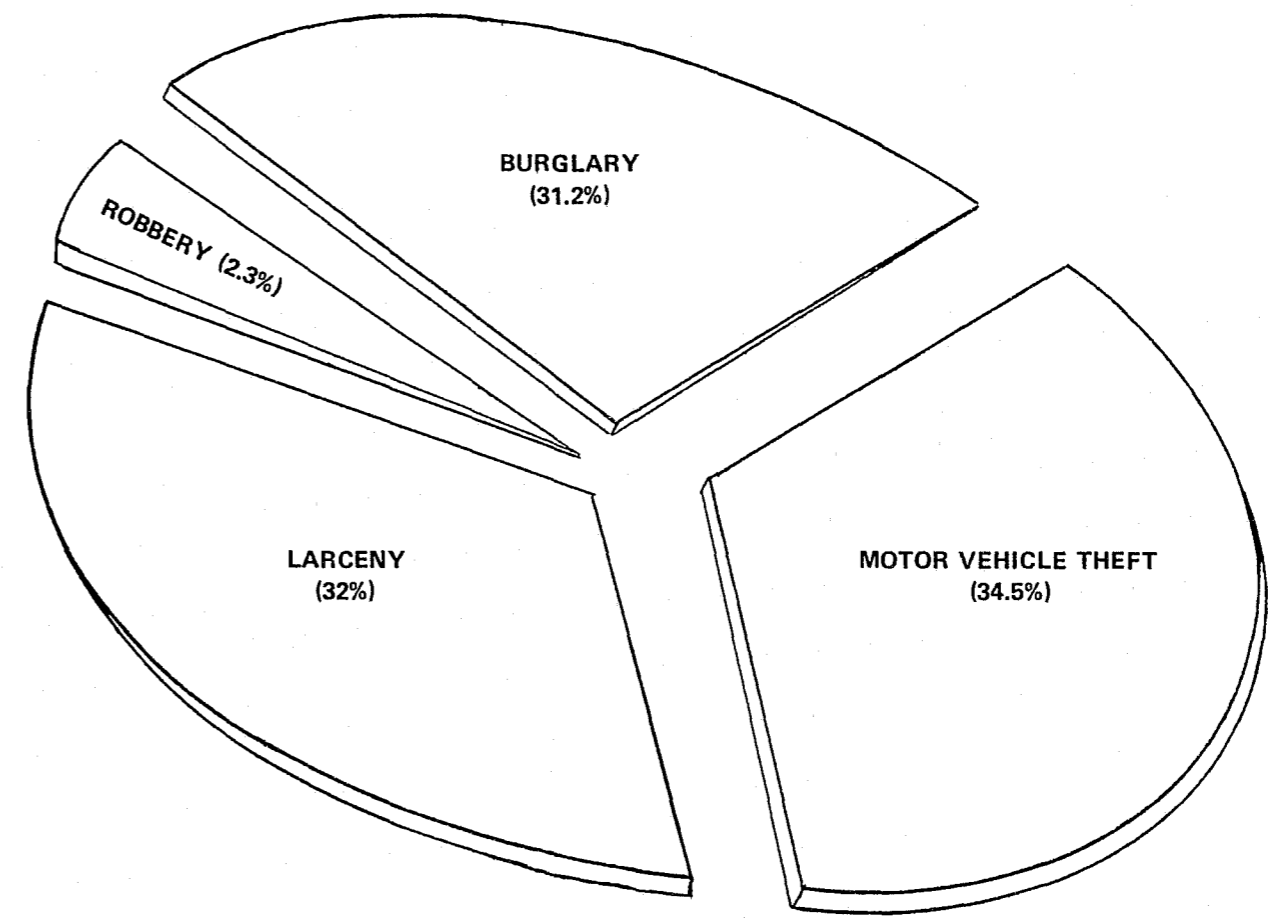


FIGURE 21
PERCENTAGE OF DOLLAR LOST TO SERIOUS CRIMES
IN MINNESOTA FOR 1980

ADDITIONAL STATEWIDE OFFENSE INFORMATION

In addition to the aforementioned crime index information and property crime values, there are additional sources of offense information included as a part of Minnesota Offense Information.

Table 9 contains statewide summary information for total Part I and Part II offenses for 1980. The first column is the offenses listed according to crime category, as described in Section I of this publication. The remaining columns give the number of offenses, unfounded offenses, the crime rate, offenses cleared by arrest, and offenses cleared by arrest of a juvenile.

Table 10 encompasses 1980 statewide data relating to property loss. The first portion of the table refers to the

various property types and the corresponding stolen and/or recovered value. The rest of the table lists the Part I offenses broken down into sub-categories and the value of the property stolen or recovered for each offense.

Table 11 provides summary information including the crime rate, population, crime index and percent cleared for urban-rural, the various Crime Control Planning Board regions, and the reporting agencies in Minnesota for 1980.

Table 12 depicts summary Minnesota Crime Index Information for the years 1936-1980, and also includes state population and crime rate.

TABLE 9 1980 STATEWIDE OFFENSE AND CLEARANCE INFORMATION

Offense Categories	Offenses Known or Reported	Unfounded Complaints	Total Actual Offenses	Crime Rate	Total Offenses Cleared By Arrest	Cleared By Arrest Persons Under 18
Murder/Non-Negligent	109	5	104	3	83	7
Negligent Manslaughter	1	—	1	—	1	—
Rape — Total	1,034	92	942	23	319	23
Forcible	786	69	717	18	245	18
Attempted	248	23	225	6	74	5
Robbery — Total	4,169	147	4,022	99	698	145
Firearm	1,438	36	1,402	35	255	21
Knife/Cutting	456	11	445	11	100	30
Other Weapon	237	18	219	5	51	12
Strong Arm	2,038	82	1,956	48	292	82
Assault — Total	21,061	459	20,602	508	10,037	1,153
Gun	1,219	38	1,181	29	624	66
Knife/Cutting	1,320	47	1,273	31	647	110
Other Weapon	983	42	941	23	508	75
Hands, Feet, etc.	793	19	774	19	445	39
Other Assaults	16,746	313	16,433	405	7,813	863
Assault	4,315	146	4,169	103	2,224	290
Burglary — Total	52,172	1,665	50,507	1,245	5,727	1,722
Forced Entry	32,890	1,083	31,807	784	3,918	1,147
Unlawful Entry	15,381	456	14,925	368	1,482	502
Attempted	3,901	126	3,775	93	327	73
Larceny — Total	124,841	2,113	122,728	3,025	23,490	7,403
Auto Theft — Total	13,465	1,457	12,008	296	3,030	818
Autos	9,201	1,171	8,030	198	2,136	578
Trucks/Buses	1,800	163	1,637	40	482	108
Other Vehicles	2,464	123	2,341	58	412	132
Arson	1,547	26	1,512	37	420	165
Part I — Total	218,399	5,973	212,426	5,235	43,805	11,436
Total (Excluding Manslaughter and Other Assaults)	201,652	5,660	195,992	4,830	35,991	10,573
Forgery/Counterfeiting	3,607	51	3,556	88	1,409	255
Fraud	17,168	185	16,983	419	9,740	151
Embezzlement	126	4	122	3	62	9
Stolen Property	929	16	913	23	704	181
Vandalism	63,394	633	62,761	1,547	7,827	1,660
Weapons	3,681	212	3,469	85	1,763	274
Prostitution	851	1	850	21	744	45
Other Sex Offenses	3,807	91	3,716	92	1,279	156
Narcotic	5,048	87	4,961	122	4,356	918
Gambling	93	8	85	2	60	—
Family/Children	2,062	176	1,886	46	949	14
D.U.I.	22,157	169	21,988	542	21,615	496
Liquor Laws	6,520	83	6,437	159	5,763	2,283
Disorderly	26,942	933	26,009	641	15,709	621
Vagrancy	98	—	98	2	67	3
Other (Except Traffic)	18,898	746	18,152	447	10,429	1,735
Part II — Total (Excluding Other Assaults)	175,351	3,395	171,986	4,239	82,476	8,001
Part II — Total*	192,127	3,708	188,419	4,644	90,289	9,664
Grand Total	393,780	9,368	384,412	9,474	126,281	20,237

*St. Paul Police Department does not report Part II offenses (Simple Assault only).

TABLE 10
1980 STATEWIDE PROPERTY INFORMATION

Property Information	Number of Offenses	Stolen Value	Recovered Value
Currency Notes		\$ 6,172,776	\$ 422,344
Jewelry/Metals		8,667,883	918,921
Clothing/Furs		1,322,997	127,025
Locally Stolen Autos		28,546,024	13,501,301
Office Equipment		385,816	29,553
TV/Radio/Stereo		8,209,833	382,749
Firearms		1,031,298	73,941
Household Items		887,324	59,988
Consumer Items		538,138	63,182
Livestock		365,510	71,351
Miscellaneous		22,376,382	1,989,878
Total Property		\$78,503,981	\$17,640,233
Murder/Non-Negligent	104	\$ 10,475	
Forcible Rape	942	8,995	
Highway	1,540	331,421	
Commercial House	757	621,092	
Gas/Service Station	249	77,151	
Convenience Store	334	56,633	
Residence	383	510,546	
Bank	67	78,019	
Miscellaneous	692	125,359	
Total Robbery	4,022	\$ 1,800,221	
Residence/Night	13,198	\$ 5,634,191	
Residence/Day	9,527	5,747,211	
Residence/Unknown	12,704	6,765,960	
Non-Residence/Night	9,029	3,975,525	
Non-Residence/Day	806	197,120	
Non-Residence/Unknown	5,243	2,148,223	
Total Burglary	50,507	\$24,468,230	
Larceny Over \$200	29,183	\$20,641,888	
Larceny \$50-\$200	37,265	3,842,459	
Larceny Under \$50	56,280	603,618	
Total Larceny	122,728	\$25,087,965	
Auto Theft	12,008	\$27,128,095	
Grand Total	190,311	\$78,503,981	
Pocket Picking	396	44,271	
Purse Snatching	790	66,540	
Cargo Thefts	80	61,692	
Shoplifting	14,375	715,618	
From Autos	21,377	5,016,208	
Auto Parts/Accessories	20,175	2,883,981	
Bicycles	14,671	1,617,244	
From Buildings	17,168	5,963,893	
Coin Machines	749	62,447	
Livestock	231	216,325	
All Other	32,716	8,439,746	
Total	122,728	\$25,087,965	
Autos — Stolen Locally/Recovered Locally	2,950		
Autos — Stolen Locally/Recovered Not Locally	1,271		
Total Stolen/Recovered	4,221		
Autos — Stolen Not Locally/Recovered Locally	122		

TABLE 11
MINNESOTA SUMMARY INFORMATION
RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS (AND PERCENT CLEARED), 1980

Area	Population*	Crime Index**	Part II	Total	% Cleared Total
State	4,057,669	4,830	4,644	9,474	33
Urban	2,696,715	6,111	5,397	11,508	31
Rural	1,360,954	2,287	2,806	5,093	36
CCPB — 1	99,577	2,708	4,737	7,445	53
CCPB — 2	63,515	5,075	5,762	10,837	36
CCPB — 3	346,041	4,105	5,650	9,755	33
CCPB — 4	199,763	3,367	4,671	8,038	40
CCPB — D	437,613	3,489	3,745	7,234	48
CCPB — E	310,385	1,820	2,513	4,333	43
CCPB — 9	220,641	3,265	4,191	7,456	35
CCPB — 10	408,240	3,540	4,772	8,312	49
CCPB — 11	1,971,894	6,415	4,744	11,159	28
Aitkin	13,777	4,537	2,627	7,164	22
Anoka	16,223	3,261	2,965	6,226	18
Anoka	15,374	6,023	5,620	11,643	31
Blaine	31,104	7,456	5,086	12,542	24
Circle Pines/Lexington	6,801	4,676	8,690	13,366	45
Columbia Heights	24,445	4,586	4,766	9,352	36
Coon Rapids	31,850	6,641	10,791	17,432	34
Fridley	36,967	5,716	9,278	14,994	41
Lino Lakes	4,691	4,669	9,699	14,368	44
Spring Lake Park	8,773	1,265	137	1,402	23
East Bethel	5,729	4,765	3,177	7,942	9
Ham Lake	4,935	5,998	3,951	9,949	8
Andover	7,240	4,282	3,467	7,749	11
Ramsey	7,035	4,364	3,298	7,662	22
Hilltop	1,091	10,082	9,991	20,073	21
Becker	22,282	3,900	4,156	8,056	19
Detroit Lakes	6,487	7,862	14,413	22,275	58
Beltrami	19,651	3,175	3,145	6,320	25
Bemidji	11,448	11,548	14,649	26,197	35
Benton	12,600	1,532	1,198	2,730	24
Sauk Rapids	5,305	1,320	1,263	2,582	43
Big Stone	5,113	509	919	1,428	55
Ortonville	2,687	968	782	1,749	53
Blue Earth	21,956	2,446	2,195	4,641	33
Mankato	29,099	9,485	8,739	18,224	29
Brown	10,905	1,339	2,687	4,026	35
New Ulm	13,878	5,174	9,360	14,534	38
Sleepy Eye	3,386	856	768	1,624	25
Springfield	2,322	2,326	3,402	5,728	20
Carlton	19,033	1,639	2,617	4,256	43
Cloquet	11,560	5,891	7,526	13,417	38
Carver	20,572	1,556	2,328	3,884	30
Chanhassen	5,368	3,670	3,223	6,893	26
Chaska	7,663	4,528	5,194	9,722	48
Waconia	2,460	2,520	3,578	6,098	21
Cass	21,070	5,125	8,548	13,673	45
Chippewa	9,547	1,173	1,309	2,482	49
Montevideo	5,700	1,474	1,298	2,772	41
Chisago	24,312	5,335	8,535	13,870	51
Clay	16,626	1,925	1,353	3,278	21
Dilworth	2,384	3,356	3,356	6,711	38
Moorhead	29,513	4,639	6,898	11,537	41
Clearwater	9,117	2,534	4,398	6,932	48
Cook	4,356	3,673	2,204	5,877	21

TABLE 11 (Continued)

Area	Population*	Crime Index**	Part II	Total	% Cleared Total
Pennington	5,914	2,469	4,532	7,000	47
Thief River Falls	9,180	5,817	7,832	13,649	50
Pine	19,146	4,915	3,290	8,205	29
Pipestone	6,432	933	871	1,803	30
Pipestone	5,420	3,155	2,399	5,554	42
Polk	18,344	1,308	2,219	3,527	51
Crookston	8,517	2,137	387	2,524	22
East Grand Forks	8,999	8,679	21,124	29,803	63
Pope	9,251	1,838	1,837	3,675	34
Glenwood	2,398	4,337	6,922	11,259	53
Ramsey	5,136	12,539	7,924	20,463	21
Arden Hills	7,439	4,234	3,630	7,864	27
Falcon Heights	5,605	2,819	2,819	5,638	24
Lauderdale	2,221	3,737	5,313	9,050	27
Maplewood	26,800	6,187	7,780	13,966	26
Moundsview	14,228	4,491	4,414	8,905	31
New Brighton	20,207	4,444	3,063	7,507	26
North St. Paul	11,591	5,194	5,220	10,413	43
Roseville	39,860	5,883	5,088	10,971	29
St. Paul	268,651	8,314	890 (B)	9,204	21
White Bear Lake	23,777	4,248	3,461	7,709	28
Little Canada	6,585	8,003	6,636	14,639	29
Shoreview	16,194	3,063	2,785	5,848	24
Vadnais Heights	3,821	8,035	6,281	14,316	30
North Oaks	2,999	2,267	4,202	6,469	42
Red Lake	5,369	1,937	1,062	2,999	14
Redwood	14,814	945	1,357	2,302	36
Redwood Falls	5,142	3,637	5,037	8,674	48
Renville	17,946	736	668	1,404	30
Olivia	2,719	736	662	1,398	42
Rice	16,583	2,020	3,944	5,964	27
Faribault	16,317	5,608	11,816	17,424	34
Northfield	11,976	3,440	3,123	6,563	30
Rock	6,852	540	248	788	22
Luverne	4,696	1,959	1,342	3,301	20
Roseau	10,445	1,943	3,935	5,878	58
Roseau	2,521	4,046	11,940	15,986	54
St. Louis	56,947	2,550	2,630	5,180	41
Aurora	2,862	4,123	6,813	10,936	59
Babbitt	2,954	914	2,234	3,148	32
Chisholm	6,097	1,493	1,821	3,313	24
Duluth	96,208	6,406	11,096	17,502	29
Ely	5,000	4,080	6,520	10,600	43
Eveleth	4,682	3,695	3,332	7,027	15
Gilbert	2,778	1,584	1,620	3,204	26
Hibbing	16,372	5,216	4,966	10,182	30
Hoyt Lakes	3,775	1,722	503	2,225	24
Mountain Iron	3,967	3,126	4,084	7,209	46
Proctor	3,222	3,724	9,404	13,128	50
Virginia	11,603	4,283	5,981	10,265	35
Hermantown	6,899	3,276	2,942	6,218	38
Scott	17,465	1,912	6,871	8,783	51
Belle Plaine	2,534	6,669	10,773	17,443	49
Jordan	2,381	3,066	2,688	5,754	34
New Prague	3,025	2,909	8,397	11,306	39
Shakopee	8,919	7,557	7,187	14,744	33
Savage	3,800	5,974	6,237	12,211	31
Prior Lake	6,639	6,567	7,983	14,550	23
Sherburne	19,824	1,549	428	1,977	23
Elk River	7,382	1,544	433	1,978	29
Sibley	15,600	814	3,667	4,481	60

TABLE 11 (Continued)

Area	Population*	Crime Index**	Part II	Total	% Cleared Total
Stearns	60,825	1,728	1,729	3,457	30
Melrose	2,446	3,352	8,504	11,856	41
St. Cloud	42,372	6,806	5,619	12,426	40
Sauk Centre	3,632	4,157	5,782	9,939	25
Waite Park	2,866	1,396	4,745	6,141	90
Sartell	2,902	2,895	7,374	10,269	45
Cold Spring	(A)				
Steele	13,854	1,386	3,226	4,612	46
Owatonna	17,245	4,320	6,657	10,977	44
Stevens	5,925	1,823	2,852	4,675	41
Morris	5,421	4,224	7,231	11,455	41
Swift	10,072	1,211	1,380	2,621	34
Benson	3,300	4,455	4,666	9,121	22
Todd	18,653	2,010	2,246	4,257	31
Long Prairie	2,673	3,591	2,731	6,322	44
Staples	2,885	3,674	2,600	6,274	34
Traverse	6,197	1,893	2,185	4,078	33
Wabasha	10,531	2,706	4,976	7,682	41
Lake City	3,929	2,571	509	3,080	18
Plainview	2,303	1,693	1,129	2,822	69
Wabasha	2,687	-	298	298	100
Wadena	9,794	1,889	1,950	3,839	44
Wadena	4,489	4,232	9,245	13,477	28
Waseca	10,503	1,761	2,466	4,227	36
Waseca	8,136	5,126	6,391	11,517	35
Washington	28,221	4,901	6,750	11,651	35
Bayport	2,854	1,437	1,997	3,434	51
Forest Lake	5,348	9,312	7,704	17,016	26
Mahtomedi	3,919	5,512	11,584	17,096	41
Newport	3,337	5,814	5,454	11,268	14
St. Paul Park	6,043	4,352	5,842	10,194	24
Stillwater	16,371	3,866	3,714	7,580	29
Cottage Grove	17,597	4,455	14,724	19,179	25
Oakdale	10,744	5,082	7,744	12,826	53
Lake Elmo	5,013	5,945	8,158	14,103	36
Woodbury	13,938	3,250	7,354	10,604	38
Hugo	3,414	2,900	3,866	6,766	37
Watsonwan	8,600	174	209	384	94
St. James	3,860	1,839	4,404	6,244	33
Wilkin	4,844	1,590	4,025	5,615	52
Breckenridge	3,868	5,067	17,167	22,234	55
Winona	20,964	1,898	6,198	3,597	24
Winona	25,533	6,995	6,110	13,105	30
Wright	48,593	2,774	2,138	4,912	26
Buffalo	4,184	3,203	4,708	7,911	45
Yellow Medicine	11,570	761	1,313	2,074	75
Granite Falls	3,168	1,831	2,367	4,198	43

*Estimated 1979 population FBI.

**Crime statistics include all larceny offenses regardless of value. Part I crimes will be referred to as "crime index" offenses and do not include negligent manslaughter. Starting with 1980 the "crime index" offenses will include offenses of Arson.

A - Delinquent, population not included in totals.

B - Agency not contributing Part II offenses, simple assault only is recorded.

C - Population not calculated.

TABLE 12
CRIME INDEX SUMMARY 1936-1980

Year	Population	Crime Index Total	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Crime Rate
1936	2,563,953	16,753	38	101	788	274	4,778	7,203	3,571		654.6
1937	2,723,798	17,065	35	73	661	180	4,000	8,843	3,273		666.0
1938	2,746,633	19,312	33	127	648	175	4,203	10,984	3,142		702.2
1939	2,769,468	20,139	54	256	649	207	4,665	11,582	2,826		728.2
1940	2,792,300	19,514	35	208	416	210	4,967	11,473	2,205		701.0
1941	2,792,300	18,939	46	237	313	191	4,497	11,445	2,210		680.2
1942	2,792,300	16,444	36	163	271	187	3,665	10,387	1,735		591.2
1943	2,615,554	13,886	38	174	194	126	3,112	8,595	1,647		521.8
1944	2,564,052	13,096	33	138	174	142	3,052	7,986	1,571		498.8
1945	2,556,050	14,903	30	124	284	150	3,333	8,703	2,279		567.8
1946	2,574,628	17,074	36	152	337	195	3,866	10,228	2,260		649.7
1947	2,663,891	17,088	25	158	420	191	3,861	10,189	2,244		631.1
1948	2,716,567	19,226	39	177	469	172	4,514	12,030	1,815		700.4
1949	2,693,651	19,166	23	148	495	158	4,399	11,946	1,997		700.8
1950	2,665,321	19,416	30	199	448	130	4,491	12,245	1,873		719.2
1951	2,869,686	20,931	30	148	418	103	4,708	13,291	2,233		714.8
1952	2,822,386	23,290	23	171	496	152	5,514	14,582	2,352		800.6
1953	2,872,211	26,074	34	222	618	206	6,472	15,698	2,824		895.7
1954	3,138,872	28,582	23	182	764	235	7,532	17,277	2,569		993.5
1955	3,190,641	27,517	28	185	580	197	7,164	16,622	2,741		938.6
1956	3,248,196	34,539	31	181	648	162	8,098	21,972	3,447		1181.6
1957	3,307,232	34,271	43	210	635	171	8,224	21,667	3,321		1168.6
1958	3,369,066	39,012	30	127	703	229	9,504	24,827	3,592		1184.8
1959	3,419,316	39,135	38	78	644	257	9,185	25,021	3,912		1163.8
1960	3,413,964	47,200	40	76	945	329	11,732	29,515	4,563		1400.4
1961	3,458,000	49,348	36	96	932	381	12,489	30,721	4,693		1443.8
1962	3,493,000	52,640	34	124	1,030	475	12,479	33,523	4,975		1574.5
1963	3,407,000	58,196	46	86	1,176	596	13,238	37,916	5,138		1697.3
1964	3,529,000	69,773	51	144	1,295	1,165	18,634	42,171	6,313		2077.0
1965	3,565,000	70,665	56	169	1,433	1,400	18,730	41,756	7,121		2073.6
1966	3,585,000	79,612	77	252	1,758	1,577	20,815	46,367	8,766		2301.5
1967	3,625,000	92,589	65	298	2,410	1,986	22,251	52,154	10,425		2654.0
1968	3,647,000	107,840	80	389	2,965	1,697	29,225	60,746	12,738		3001.0
1969	3,647,000	114,182	76	419	3,024	1,765	29,060	65,605	14,233		3178.4
1970	3,739,327	124,005	75	365	3,422	1,963	30,766	74,243	13,171		3319.6
1971	3,780,797	135,920	89	466	2,987	2,435	33,827	82,811	13,235		3596.4
1972	3,799,660	130,527	94	570	3,290	2,851	36,063	74,529	13,130		3440.0
1973	3,892,140	137,617	97	577	3,454	2,785	39,581	78,026	13,097		3576.4
1974	3,865,004	152,193	113	687	4,071	3,221	43,322	86,248	14,531		3921.7
1975	3,892,319	168,537	124	724	4,068	3,186	46,281	99,295	14,922		4328.0
1976	3,907,310	170,319	94	724	3,178	3,470	44,137	105,018	13,698		4358.5
1977	3,952,492	166,612	102	770	3,404	3,402	44,748	100,604	13,582		4213.2
1978	3,959,729	164,593	81	795	3,407	3,298	43,477	100,624	12,911		4157.4
1979	4,003,327	177,929	98	870	3,752	4,245	45,053	110,571	13,340		4444.9
1980	4,057,669	195,992	104	942	4,022	4,169	50,507	122,728	12,008	1,512	4803.2

MINNESOTA ARREST INFORMATION

GENERAL ARREST INFORMATION

Arrest information for Minnesota in 1980 is presented with a state total concerning age, sex, and race factors. Data has also been tabulated for the specific kinds of narcotic arrests and the individuals involved.

The total number of arrests involving criminal offenses in the state in 1980 was 109,354*, with 90,036 males and 19,318 females arrested. Compared with 99,401* total arrests (81,539 males and 17,862 females) for 1979, the 1980 figures represent a 10 percent increase in total arrests. Arrests of males increased 10.4 percent and female arrests increased 8.2 percent from 1979 to 1980.

There are several significant factors to consider when arrest data is evaluated. One arrest situation is counted for each time an individual is arrested whether it be several times a year for one type of offense or for different offenses.

Another factor to consider is that an arrest can be reported for an offense that occurred during a previous

reporting period and thus can reflect an arrest picture not totally consistent with the total actual offenses for that period. In some extreme cases arrests may outnumber offenses, which in large measure is a result of this factor.

As stated previously, an arrest situation constitutes a form of detention for uniform crime reporting purposes. Because police arrest activities often vary, especially with relation to juveniles, the reporting agencies are instructed to count one arrest each time a person is taken into custody for committing a specific crime. The FBI's instructions state that:

"A juvenile is counted as a person arrested when he commits an offense and the circumstances are such that if the offender were an adult an arrest would be made."¹

*Based on detailed arrest information received by the BCA. While incident information (e.g., Table 9) does not include St. Paul Police Department, the Arrest information contained in the above summary, and the tables that follow, does include St. Paul Police Department.

¹Crime in the United States — Uniform Crime Reports, 1972 Annual FBI, Washington, D.C., pg. 119.

TABLE 13 (Continued)

Offense and Sex		Under		13-14	15	16	17	17 and Under Juvenile		18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65 and Over	18 and Over Adult	Total for State
		10	10-12																								
Disorderly	T	14	98	211	188	273	346	1,130	543	624	633	472	432	315	305	1,010	497	330	217	126	101	61	34	61	5,761	6,891	
	M	11	77	158	148	211	295	900	485	557	572	415	390	292	274	910	454	288	184	111	91	58	31	57	5,169	6,069	
	F	3	21	53	40	62	51	230	58	67	61	57	42	23	31	100	43	42	33	15	10	3	3	4	592	822	
Vagrancy	T	-	-	-	1	2	2	5	9	9	7	7	9	3	5	13	34	24	15	12	18	15	8	7	195	200	
	M	-	-	-	1	2	2	5	9	7	7	6	8	3	5	11	33	23	14	12	18	14	8	7	185	190	
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	1	-	-	2	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	10	10	
Other Except Traffic	T	45	139	523	517	626	693	2,543	529	580	591	484	400	380	341	1,182	723	454	319	208	156	108	56	74	6,585	9,128	
	M	39	113	403	372	467	531	1,925	461	527	533	429	350	336	297	1,045	660	383	276	184	136	101	53	56	5,827	7,752	
	F	6	26	120	145	159	162	618	68	53	58	55	50	44	44	137	63	71	43	24	20	7	3	18	758	1,376	
Part II Total	T	288	918	2,684	2,645	4,273	5,947	16,755	5,982	5,175	4,763	3,889	3,545	3,087	2,749	9,894	6,008	3,878	2,577	1,778	1,442	1,001	599	802	57,169	73,924	
	M	259	813	2,119	2,031	3,394	4,864	13,480	5,090	4,488	4,140	3,358	3,045	2,676	2,360	8,548	5,301	3,365	2,219	1,564	1,294	922	559	724	49,653	63,133	
	F	29	105	565	614	879	1,083	3,275	892	687	623	531	500	411	389	1,346	707	513	358	214	148	79	40	78	7,516	10,791	
Curfew/Loiter	T	2	56	227	230	245	150	910																		910	
	M	2	47	159	152	174	111	645																			645
	F	-	9	68	78	71	39	265																			265
Runaway	T	14	123	685	619	518	340	2,299																			2,299
	M	12	60	240	247	230	180	969																			969
	F	2	63	445	372	288	160	1,330																			1,330
Grand Total for State	T	815	2,811	7,702	6,449	8,403	9,828	36,008	8,496	7,092	6,208	5,018	4,519	3,875	3,412	12,203	7,437	4,745	3,124	2,194	1,790	1,256	770	1,207	73,346	109,354	
	M	695	2,223	5,595	4,767	6,535	7,998	27,813	7,247	6,101	5,308	4,264	3,833	3,308	2,880	10,362	6,346	3,987	2,580	1,817	1,503	1,075	655	957	62,223	90,036	
	F	120	588	2,107	1,682	1,868	1,830	8,195	1,249	991	900	754	686	567	532	1,841	1,091	758	544	377	287	181	115	250	11,123	19,318	

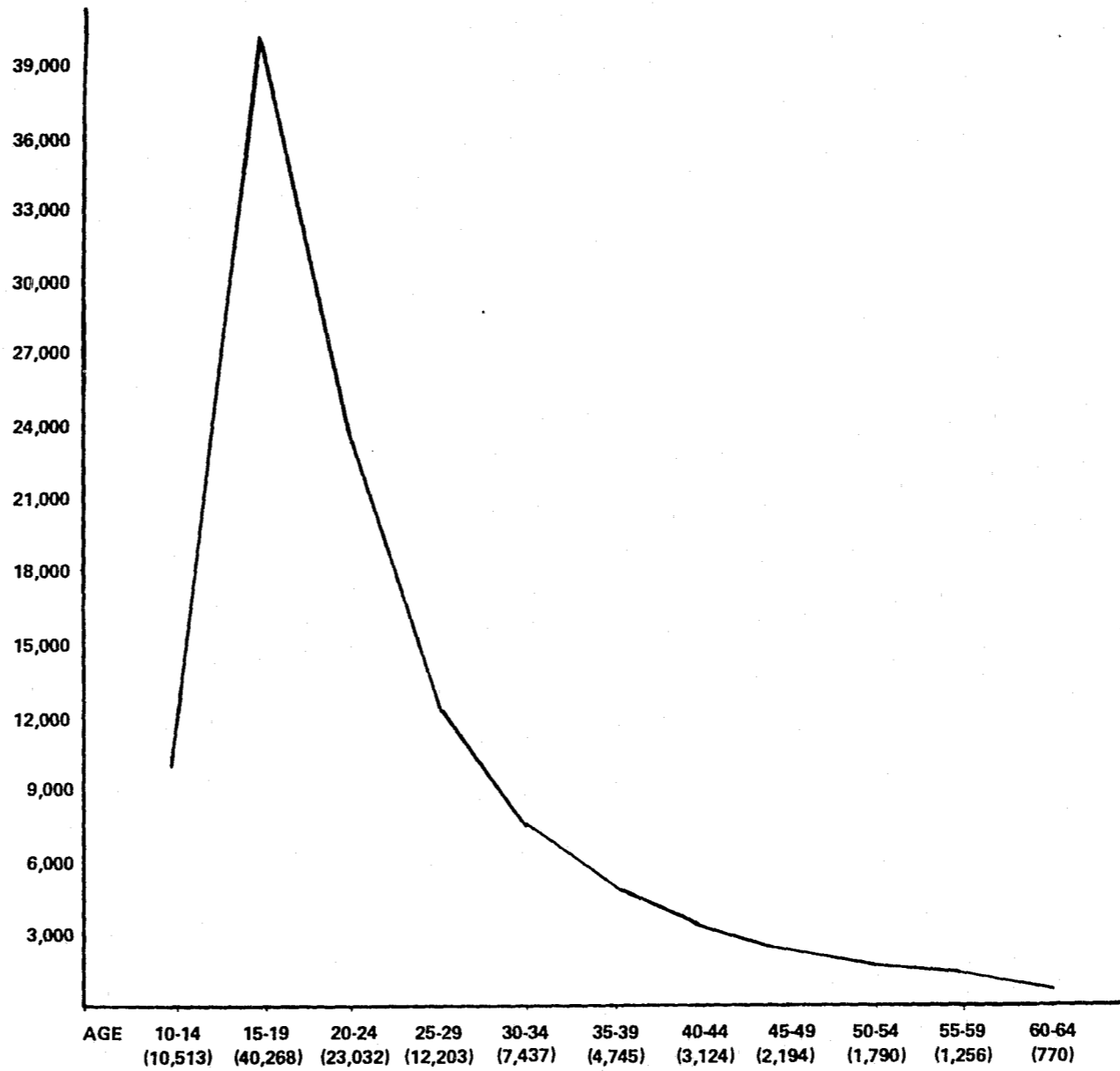


FIGURE 22
NUMBER OF ARRESTS BY AGE IN MINNESOTA FOR 1980

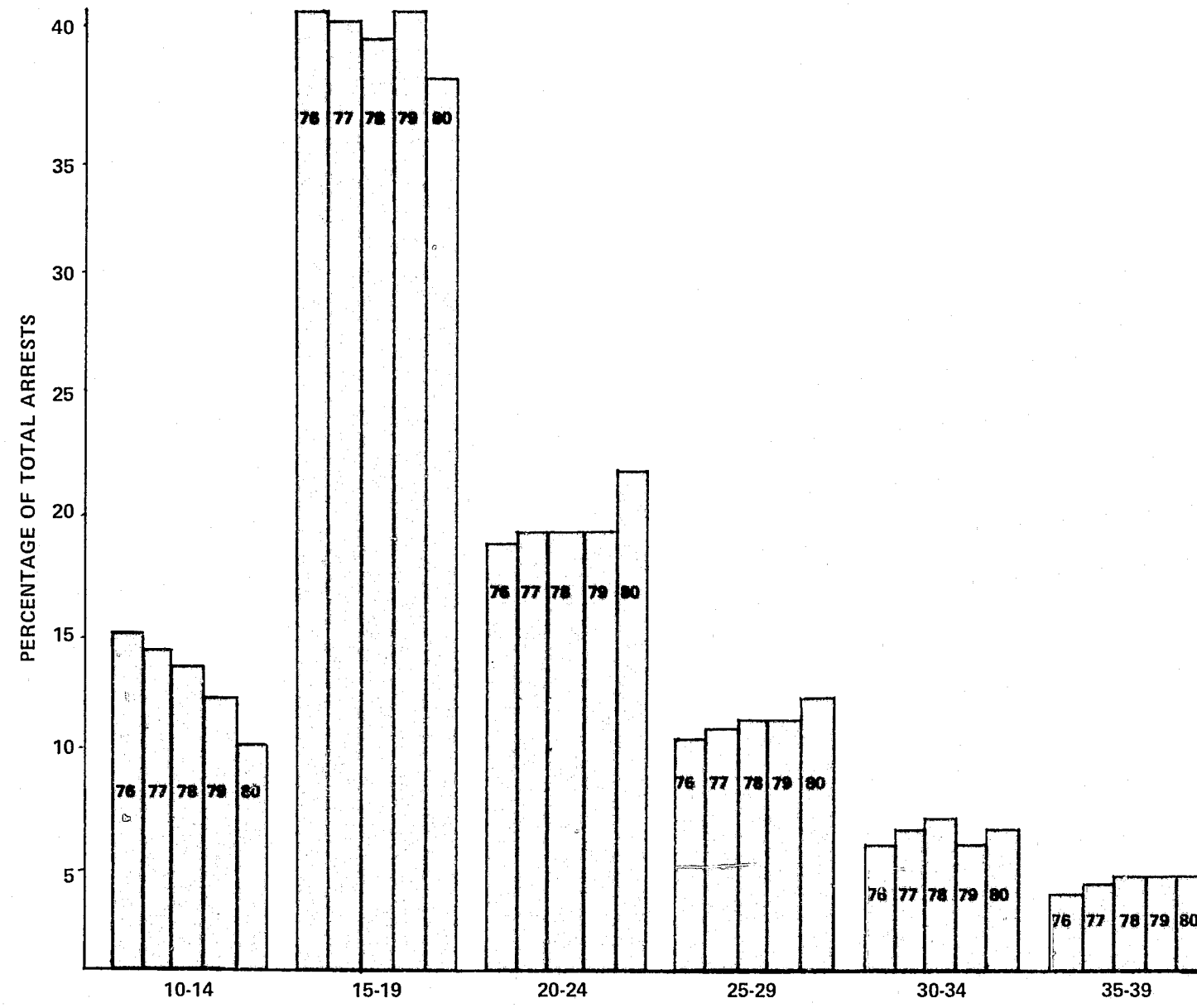


FIGURE 23
PERCENTAGE OF PERSONS ARRESTED BY AGE GROUPS
1976-1980

NARCOTIC ARREST INFORMATION

NARCOTIC ARRESTS IN MINNESOTA

Narcotic arrest information for the state in 1980 involved 5,484 arrest situations, with 4,832 males and 652 females arrested. Persons aged 17 comprise the greatest portion of the arrests (631) representing 11.5 percent of all arrests. Persons aged 19 were the next highest with 558 arrests. Race information was not available on the total arrest

situations. Compared with the 1979 figures for narcotic arrests (5,337), the 1980 amount indicates a 2.8 percent increase.

Since 1974, there has been a 16.5 percent decrease in the number of narcotic arrests within the state. The years of 1974-1975 reflect the largest decrease in number of arrests with 12 percent.

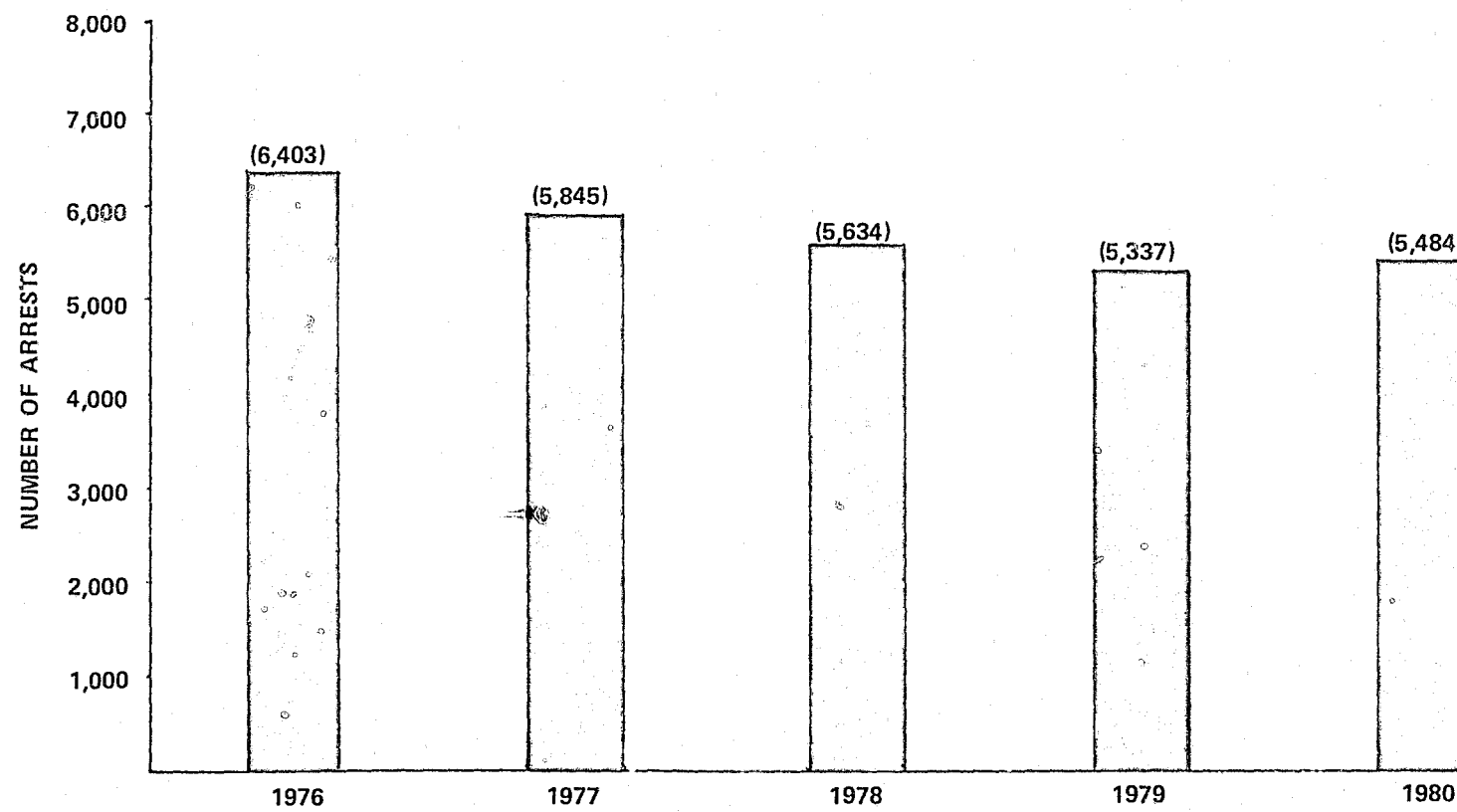
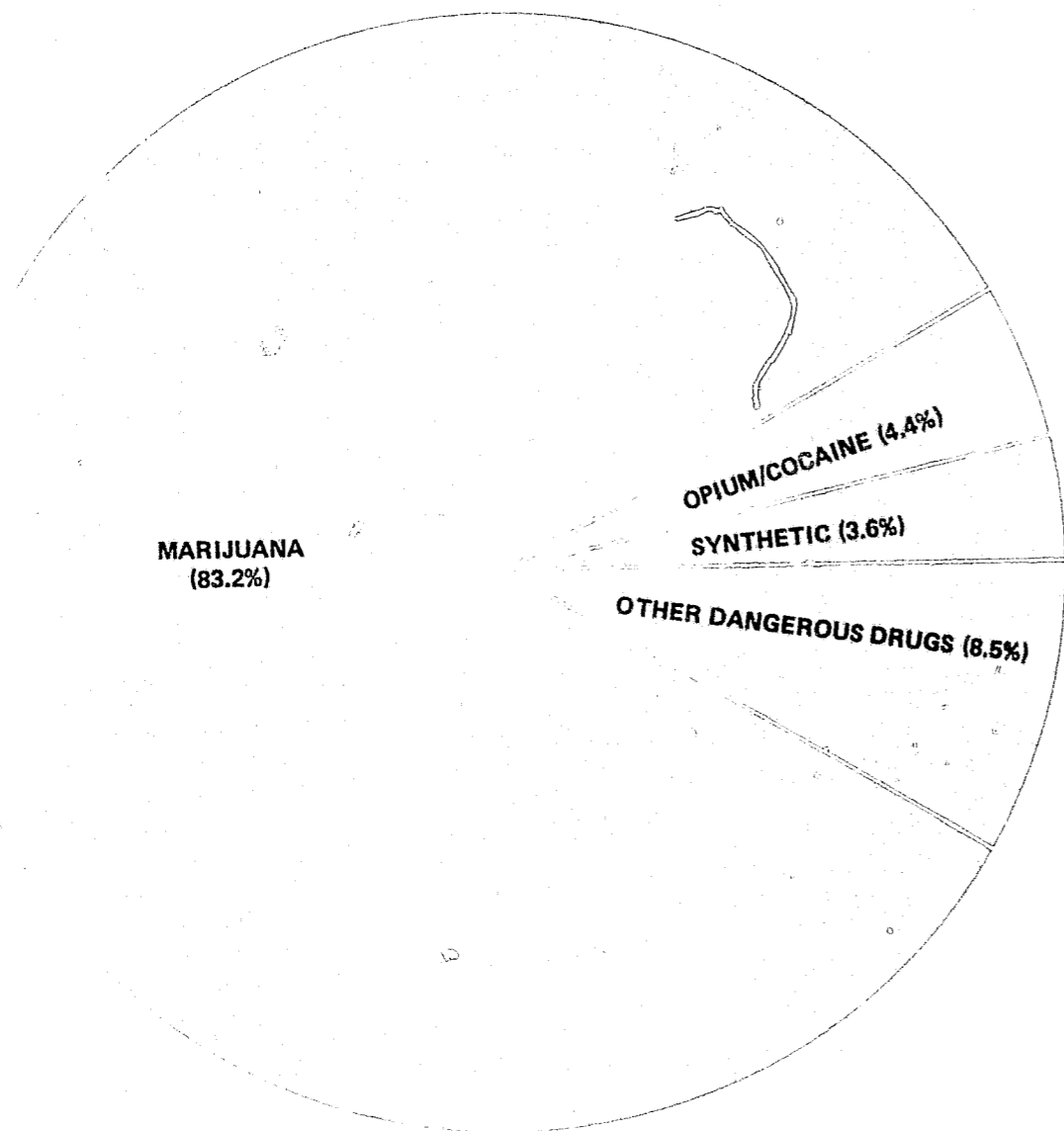


FIGURE 24
NUMBER OF NARCOTICS ARRESTS IN MINNESOTA FOR PERIOD 1976-1980



TOTAL NARCOTIC ARRESTS = 5,484

Marijuana = 4,575
 Opium/Cocaine and their derivatives (Morphine, Heroin, Codeine) = 243
 Synthetic Narcotics (manufactured, and can cause true drug addiction) = 198
 Other Dangerous Drugs (Barbiturates, Benzedrine) = 468

FIGURE 25
 PERCENTAGE OF TYPES OF NARCOTICS ARRESTS
 IN MINNESOTA FOR 1980

URBAN-RURAL AND REGIONAL INFORMATION

COMPARISON OF URBAN-RURAL CRIME OFFENSES/ARRESTS FOR 1980

Urban-rural crime comparison by offense offers information to agencies in evaluating the difference in crime occurring by geographical locations. The information that is available must be interpreted with caution as it gives a general indication of urban-rural crime only and does not represent data that can be applied to any one specific agency. Variations in crime are caused by a multitude of crime factors, which have been listed previously in this report. The information that is presented in this section lists the numbers of specific criminal offenses that have been reported to the appropriate urban or rural law

enforcement authority. Because of jurisdictional reasons, State Patrol figures are excluded from this section of the report.

Of additional value is the ratio of urban to rural crime offenses for 1980. The ratio is nothing more than the amount of one particular criminal offense for the urban area as compared with the amount of one particular offense for the rural area. A ratio of 6:1 aggravated assaults indicate that for every six offenses of aggravated assault in an urban area, the rural area experienced one aggravated assault.

TABLE 17
1980 URBAN OFFENSE AND CLEARANCE INFORMATION

Offense Categories	Offenses Known or Reported	Unfounded Complaints	Total Actual Offenses	Crime Rate	Total Offenses Cleared By Arrest	Cleared By Arrest of Persons Under 18
Murder/Non-Negligent	81	3	78	3	62	4
Negligent Manslaughter	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rape — Total	917	79	838	31	269	19
Forcible	699	59	640	24	207	15
Attempted	218	20	198	7	62	4
Robbery — Total	4,034	122	3,912	145	660	140
Firearm	1,373	27	1,346	50	235	18
Knife/Cutting	442	11	431	16	98	30
Other Weapon	220	8	212	8	48	12
Strong Arm	1,999	76	1,923	71	279	80
Assault — Total	18,392	378	18,014	668	8,367	1,074
Gun	1,013	32	981	36	488	60
Knife/Cutting	1,198	42	1,156	43	570	105
Other Weapon	880	40	840	31	433	71
Hands, Feet, etc.	593	15	578	21	316	33
Other Assaults	14,708	249	14,459	536	6,560	805
Assault	3,684	129	3,555	132	1,807	269
Burglary — Total	41,674	1,086	40,588	1,505	4,258	1,385
Forced Entry	24,796	603	24,193	897	2,836	889
Unlawful Entry	13,434	378	13,056	484	1,161	430
Attempted	3,444	105	3,339	124	261	66
Larceny — Total	106,130	1,637	104,493	3,875	20,767	7,019
Auto Theft — Total	11,322	1,185	10,137	376	2,182	679
Autos	7,860	973	6,887	255	1,525	479
Trucks/Buses	1,414	117	1,297	48	341	83
Other Vehicles	2,048	95	1,953	72	316	117
Arson	1,215	26	1,189	44	312	144
Part I — Total	183,765	4,516	179,249	6,647	36,877	10,464
Total (Excluding Manslaughter and Other Assaults)	169,057	4,267	164,790	6,111	30,317	9,659
Forgery/Counterfeiting	3,194	50	3,144	117	1,200	221
Fraud	12,886	140	12,746	473	7,189	139
Embezzlement	106	3	103	4	54	9
Stolen Property	686	14	672	25	530	168
Vandalism	49,328	461	48,867	1,812	5,529	1,335
Weapons	2,982	160	2,822	105	1,362	246
Prostitution	849	1	848	31	742	45
Other Sex Offenses	3,262	64	3,198	119	1,023	143
Narcotic	3,917	66	3,851	143	3,418	818
Gambling	66	6	60	2	40	—
Family/Children	1,391	139	1,252	46	588	11
D.U.I.	14,108	69	14,039	521	13,785	375
Liquor Laws	5,047	56	4,991	185	4,474	1,864
Disorderly	22,560	767	21,793	808	12,666	552
Vagrancy	77	—	77	3	49	2
Other (Except Traffic)	13,122	503	12,619	468	6,827	1,602
Part II — Total	133,581	2,499	131,082	4,861	59,476	7,530
(Excluding Other Assaults)						
Part II — Total*	148,289	2,748	145,541	5,397	66,036	8,335
Grand Total	317,346	7,015	310,331	11,508	96,353	17,994

*St. Paul Police Department does not report Part II offenses (Simple Assault only).

CONTINUED

1 OF 2

TABLE 18
1980 URBAN PROPERTY INFORMATION

Property Information	Number of Offenses	Stolen Value	Recovered Value
Currency/Notes		\$ 5,468,207	\$ 322,869
Jewelry/Metals		7,841,706	870,956
Clothing/Furs		1,243,827	123,138
Locally Stolen Autos		24,824,673	11,292,349
Office Equipment		363,142	26,107
TV/Radio/Stereo		7,498,777	315,544
Firearms		740,871	43,241
Household Items		734,106	45,942
Consumer Items		402,783	57,716
Livestock		48,391	28,715
Miscellaneous		17,974,249	1,506,653
Total Property		\$67,140,732	\$14,633,230
Murder/Non-Negligent	78	\$ 6,475	
Forcible Rape	838	7,795	
Highway	1,523	329,677	
Commercial House	727	616,681	
Gas/Service Station	240	76,278	
Convenience Store	323	54,849	
Residence	363	347,863	
Bank	54	60,653	
Miscellaneous	682	123,059	
Total Robbery	3,912	\$ 1,609,060	
Residence/Night	12,156	\$ 5,216,517	
Residence/Day	8,451	5,164,167	
Residence/Unknown	8,486	5,234,259	
Non-Residence/Night	7,322	3,368,615	
Non-Residence/Day	688	165,140	
Non-Residence/Unknown	3,485	1,547,125	
Total Burglary	40,588	\$20,695,823	
Larceny Over \$200	24,304	\$16,768,538	
Larceny \$50-\$200	33,167	3,414,165	
Larceny Under \$50	47,022	549,503	
Total Larceny	104,493	\$20,732,206	
Auto Theft	10,137	\$24,089,373	
Grand Total	160,046	\$67,140,732	
Pocket Picking	380	\$ 40,455	
Purse Snatching	745	64,622	
Cargo Thefts	65	35,430	
Shoplifting	14,037	705,069	
From Autos	18,159	4,466,765	
Auto Parts/Accessories	18,218	2,635,100	
Bicycles	14,024	1,562,527	
From Buildings	14,587	5,193,639	
Coin Machines	670	58,503	
Livestock	31	6,917	
All Other	23,577	5,963,179	
Total	104,493	\$20,732,206	
Autos - Stolen Locally/Recovered Locally	2,555		
Autos - Stolen Locally/Recovered Not Locally	1,148		
Total Stolen/Recovered	3,703		
Autos - Stolen Not Locally/Recovered Locally	122		

TABLE 19
1980 RURAL OFFENSE AND CLEARANCE INFORMATION

Offense Categories	Offenses Known or Reported	Unfounded Complaints	Total Actual Offenses	Crime Rate	Total Offenses Cleared By Arrest	Cleared By Arrest of Persons Under 18
Murder/Non-Negligent	28	2	26	2	22	3
Negligent Manslaughter	1	-	1	-	1	-
Rape - Total	117	13	104	8	50	4
Forcible	87	10	77	6	38	3
Attempted	30	3	27	2	12	1
Robbery - Total	134	25	109	8	38	5
Firearm	65	9	56	4	20	3
Knife/Cutting	14	-	14	1	2	-
Other Weapon	17	10	7	1	3	-
Strong Arm	38	6	32	2	13	2
Assault - Total	2,637	81	2,556	188	1,638	74
Gun	206	6	200	15	136	6
Knife/Cutting	121	5	116	9	76	5
Other Weapon	103	2	101	7	75	4
Hands, Feet, etc.	198	4	194	14	127	4
Other Assaults	2,009	64	1,945	143	1,224	55
Assault	628	17	611	45	414	19
Burglary - Total	10,495	579	9,916	729	1,469	337
Forced Entry	8,093	480	7,613	559	1,082	258
Unlawful Entry	1,945	78	1,867	137	321	72
Attempted	457	21	436	32	66	7
Larceny - Total	18,669	476	18,193	1,337	2,720	384
Auto Theft - Total	2,117	272	1,845	136	822	137
Autos	1,317	198	1,119	82	587	97
Trucks/Buses	385	46	339	25	140	25
Other Vehicles	415	28	387	28	95	15
Arson	332	9	323	24	108	21
Part I - Total	34,530	1,457	33,073	2,430	6,668	944
Total (Excluding Manslaughter and Other Assaults)	32,520	1,393	31,127	2,287	5,643	889
Forgery/Counterfeiting	413	1	412	30	209	34
Fraud	4,282	45	4,237	311	2,551	12
Embezzlement	20	1	19	1	8	-
Stolen Property	241	2	239	18	172	13
Vandalism	14,052	172	13,880	1,020	2,290	325
Weapons	678	50	628	46	383	28
Prostitution	2	-	2	-	2	-
Other Sex Offenses	544	27	517	38	256	13
Narcotic	1,020	21	999	73	828	93
Gambling	27	2	25	2	20	-
Family/Children	671	37	634	47	361	3
D.U.I.	3,679	67	3,612	265	3,494	85
Liquor Laws	1,469	27	1,442	106	1,285	418
Disorderly	4,356	165	4,191	308	3,018	68
Vagrancy	19	-	19	1	16	-
Other (Except Traffic)	5,632	243	5,389	396	3,465	133
Part II - Total (Excluding Other Assaults)	37,105	860	36,245	2,663	18,466	1,246
Part II - Total	39,114	924	38,190	2,806	19,690	1,301
Grand Total	71,635	2,317	69,318	5,093	25,226	2,190

TABLE 20
1980 RURAL PROPERTY INFORMATION

Property Information	Number of Offenses	Stolen Value	Recovered Value
Currency/Notes		\$ 703,731	\$ 99,475
Jewelry/Metals		826,177	47,965
Clothing/Furs		79,055	3,887
Locally Stolen Autos		3,721,351	2,206,452
Office Equipment		21,491	3,446
TV/Radio/Stereo		709,853	67,205
Firearms		290,427	30,700
Household Items		153,218	14,046
Consumer Items		135,338	5,466
Livestock		317,119	42,636
Miscellaneous		4,399,329	481,625
Total Property		\$11,357,089	\$3,002,903
Murder/Non-Negligent	26	\$ 4,000	
Forcible Rape	104	1,200	
Highway	17	1,744	
Commercial House	30	4,411	
Gas/Service Station	9	873	
Convenience Store	11	1,784	
Residence	20	162,683	
Bank	13	17,366	
Miscellaneous	9	2,300	
Total Robbery	109	\$ 191,161	
Residence/Night	1,042	\$ 417,674	
Residence/Day	1,076	583,044	
Residence/Unknown	4,218	1,531,701	
Non-Residence/Night	1,705	606,135	
Non-Residence/Day	118	31,980	
Non-Residence/Unknown	1,757	600,648	
Total Burglary	9,916	\$ 3,771,183	
Larceny Over \$200	4,872	\$ 3,869,433	
Larceny \$50-\$200	4,089	427,400	
Larceny Under \$50	9,232	53,990	
Total Larceny	18,193	\$ 4,350,823	
Auto Theft	1,845	\$ 3,038,722	
Grand Total	30,193	\$11,357,089	
Pocket Picking	16	\$ 3,816	
Purse Snatching	40	1,885	
Cargo Thefts	14	26,192	
Shoplifting	338	10,549	
From Autos	3,213	549,378	
Auto Parts/Accessories	1,953	248,531	
Bicycles	646	54,567	
From Buildings	2,562	766,636	
Coin Machines	79	3,944	
Livestock	200	209,408	
All Other	9,132	2,475,917	
Total	18,193	\$ 4,350,823	
Autos — Stolen Locally/Recovered Locally	395		
Autos — Stolen Locally/Recovered Not Locally	123		
Total Stolen/Recovered	518		

TABLE 21
URBAN-RURAL* COMPARISON OF OFFENSES
BY SEX AND PERCENT OF TOTAL ARRESTS IN 1980

Offense		Urban	Percent of Total	Rural	Percent of Total	Total
Murder	T	68	68.0	32	32.0	100
	M	59	67.8	28	32.2	87
	F	9	69.2	4	30.8	13
Negligent Manslaughter	T	18	60.0	12	40.0	30
	M	14	58.3	10	41.7	24
	F	4	66.7	2	33.3	6
Rape	T	260	87.8	36	12.2	296
	M	256	87.7	36	12.3	292
	F	4	100.0	—	—	4
Robbery	T	768	95.0	40	5.0	808
	M	697	94.7	39	5.3	736
	F	71	98.6	1	1.4	72
Aggravated Assault	T	1,339	82.3	287	17.7	1,626
	M	1,225	82.0	268	18.0	1,493
	F	114	85.7	19	14.3	133
Burglary	T	4,304	76.8	1,301	23.2	5,605
	M	4,083	76.9	1,229	23.1	5,312
	F	221	75.4	72	24.6	293
Larceny	T	19,784	93.5	1,384	6.5	21,168
	M	13,722	91.7	1,247	8.3	14,969
	F	6,062	97.8	137	2.2	6,199
Vehicle Theft	T	1,814	79.6	464	20.4	2,278
	M	1,674	79.9	422	20.1	2,096
	F	140	76.9	42	23.1	182
Arson	T	214	84.6	39	15.4	253
	M	185	83.0	38	17.0	223
	F	29	97.0	1	3.0	30
Part I Total	T	28,569	89.0	3,595	11.0	32,164
	M	21,915	87.0	3,317	13.0	25,232
	F	6,654	96.0	278	4.0	6,932
Other Assaults	T	4,507	90.0	514	10.0	5,021
	M	3,946	89.0	486	11.0	4,432
	F	561	95.2	28	4.8	589
Forgery/Counterfeiting	T	1,038	88.2	139	11.8	1,177
	M	667	85.6	112	14.4	779
	F	371	93.2	27	6.8	398
Fraud	T	3,022	80.3	743	19.7	3,765
	M	1,926	78.6	525	21.4	2,451
	F	1,096	83.4	218	16.6	1,314
Embezzlement	T	33	84.6	6	15.4	39
	M	20	87.0	3	13.0	23
	F	13	81.2	3	18.8	16
Stolen Property	T	1,033	82.0	230	18.0	1,263
	M	941	81.5	214	18.5	1,155
	F	92	85.2	16	14.8	108
Vandalism	T	4,367	84.5	802	15.5	5,169
	M	4,067	84.0	775	16.0	4,842
	F	300	91.7	27	8.3	327

TABLE 21 (Continued)

Offense		Urban	Percent of Total	Rural	Percent of Total	Total
Weapons	T	1,092	88.3	144	11.7	1,236
	M	1,041	88.4	137	11.6	1,178
	F	51	87.9	7	12.1	58
Prostitution	T	1,393	99.9	1	0.1	1,394
	M	557	99.8	1	0.2	558
	F	836	100.0	—	—	836
Other Sex	T	1,340	87.4	193	12.6	1,533
	M	1,310	87.5	187	12.5	1,497
	F	30	83.3	6	16.7	36
Narcotics	T	4,546	84.8	812	15.2	5,358
	M	3,973	84.3	740	15.7	4,713
	F	573	88.8	72	11.2	645
Gambling	T	51	94.4	3	5.6	54
	M	45	95.7	2	4.3	47
	F	6	85.7	1	14.3	7
Family/Children	T	225	65.8	117	34.2	342
	M	162	60.9	104	39.1	266
	F	63	83.0	13	17.0	76
Driving Under Influence	T	14,661	80.4	3,566	19.6	18,227
	M	12,860	79.5	3,324	20.5	16,184
	F	1,801	88.2	242	11.8	2,043
Liquor	T	6,832	81.5	1,548	18.5	8,380
	M	5,416	81.1	1,263	18.9	6,679
	F	1,416	83.2	285	16.8	1,701
Disorderly	T	6,102	88.9	765	11.1	6,867
	M	5,346	88.4	703	11.6	6,049
	F	756	92.4	62	7.6	818
Vagrancy	T	183	93.4	13	6.6	196
	M	176	94.6	10	5.4	186
	F	7	70.0	3	30.0	10
Other Except Traffic	T	7,255	80.8	1,729	19.2	8,984
	M	6,026	79.1	1,592	20.9	7,618
	F	1,229	90.0	137	10.0	1,366
Part II Total	T	57,680	83.6	11,325	16.4	69,005
	M	48,479	82.6	10,178	17.4	58,657
	F	9,201	88.9	1,147	11.1	10,348
Suspicion	T	—	—	—	—	—
	M	—	—	—	—	—
	F	—	—	—	—	—
Curfew/Loitering	T	885	97.3	25	2.7	910
	M	629	97.5	16	2.5	645
	F	256	96.6	9	3.4	265
Runaway	T	2,136	92.9	163	7.1	2,299
	M	879	90.7	90	9.3	969
	F	1,257	94.5	73	5.5	1,330
Grand Total	T	89,270	85.5	15,109	14.5	104,379
	M	71,902	84.1	13,602	15.9	85,504
	F	17,368	92.0	1,507	8.0	18,875

T = Total
M = Male
F = Female

*State Patrol figures are excluded.

TABLE 22
URBAN-RURAL* CRIME COMPARISON BY OFFENSE DURING 1980 IN MINNESOTA

Offenses	Urban Total†	Rural Total††	Ratio U:R
Murder, Non-Negligent Manslaughter	78	26	3:1
Rape	838	104	8:1
Robbery	3,912	109	36:1
Aggravated Assault	3,555	611	6:1
Burglary	40,588	9,916	4:1
Larceny	104,493	18,193	6:1
Vehicle Theft	10,137	1,845	5:1
Arson	1,189	323	4:1
Subtotal	164,790	31,127	
Other Assault	14,459	1,945	7:1
Forgery/Counterfeiting	3,144	412	8:1
Fraud	12,746	4,237	3:1
Embezzlement	103	19	5:1
Stolen Property	672	239	3:1
Vandalism	48,867	13,880	4:1
Weapons	2,822	628	4:1
Prostitution	848	2	424:1
Sex Offenses	3,198	517	6:1
Narcotic Drug Laws	3,851	999	4:1
Gambling	60	25	2:1
Offense Against Family	1,252	634	2:1
Driving While Under Influence	14,039	3,612	4:1
Liquor Laws	4,991	1,442	3:1
Disorderly Conduct	21,793	4,191	5:1
Vagrancy	77	19	4:1
All Other	12,619	5,389	2:1
Subtotal**	145,541	38,190	
Total	310,331	69,317	

*State Patrol figures are excluded.

**Does not include St. Paul, which does not report Part II offenses.

†Urban population — 2,696,715.

††Rural population — 1,360,954.

TABLE 23
1980 POPULATION, CRIME AND ARRESTS FOR STATE PLANNING REGIONS,
CRIME CONTROL PLANNING BOARD

	Regions										Total***
	1	2	3	4	D	E	9	10	11		
Percent of Total State Population*	2.5	1.6	8.5	4.9	10.8	7.6	5.4	10.1	48.6	100.0	
Part I Offenses Reported	2,697	3,224	14,205	6,727	15,268	5,648	7,204	14,451	126,493	195,917	
Number of Part I Offenses Cleared	616	771	2,834	1,174	3,276	1,352	1,313	3,027	21,596	35,959	
Percent Cleared — Part I Offenses	23	24	20	17	21	24	18	21	17	18	
Number of Violent Crimes	55	101	412	160	368	141	118	337	7,541	9,233	
Violent Crime Rate (per 100,000 Inhabitants)	55.2	159.0	119.1	80.1	84.1	45.4	53.5	82.5	382.4	227.5	
Number of Property Crimes	2,624	3,108	13,683	6,526	14,762	5,473	7,047	14,027	117,922	185,172	
Property Crime Rate (per 100,000 Inhabitants)	2,635.1	4,893.3	3,954.2	3,266.9	3,373.3	1,763.3	3,193.9	3,436.0	5,980.1	4,563.5	
Arson	18	15	110	41	138	34	39	87	1,030	1,512	
Part II Offenses Reported	4,717	3,660	19,550	9,330	16,387	7,800	9,248	19,482	93,557**	183,731	
Number of Part II Offenses Cleared	3,306	1,728	8,313	5,295	7,796	4,491	4,513	9,554	40,622**	85,618	
Percent Cleared — Part II Offenses	70	47	43	75	48	58	49	49	43	47	
Number of Part I Arrests	452	547	2,415	1,101	2,695	984	1,138	2,419	20,413	32,164	
Number of Part II Arrests	1,852	1,021	5,043	4,093	5,218	3,040	2,449	6,994	39,296	69,006	

*Estimated 1979 population, FBI. Areas delinquent in reporting have been removed from the totals.
 **Information for St. Paul PD not available.
 ***Does not include State Patrol.

COMPONENTS OF STATE CRIME CONTROL PLANNING REGIONS

REGION 1

1. Kittson
2. Marshall
3. Norman
4. Pennington

5. Polk
6. Red Lake
7. Roseau

REGION "E"

1. Big Stone
2. Chippewa
3. Cottonwood
4. Jackson
5. Kandiyohi
6. Lac Qui Parle
7. Lincoln
8. Lyon
9. McLeod

10. Meeker
11. Murray
12. Nobles
13. Pipestone
14. Redwood
15. Renville
16. Rock
17. Swift
18. Yellow Medicine

REGION 2

1. Beltrami
2. Clearwater
3. Hubbard

4. Lake of the Woods
5. Mahnomon

REGION 3

1. Aitkin
2. Carlton
3. Cook
4. Itasca

5. Koochiching
6. Lake
7. St. Louis

REGION 9

1. Blue Earth
2. Brown
3. Faribault
4. LeSueur
5. Martin

6. Nicollet
7. Sibley
8. Waseca
9. Watonwan

REGION 4

1. Becker
2. Clay
3. Douglas
4. Grant
5. Ottertail

6. Pope
7. Stevens
8. Traverse
9. Wilkin

REGION 10

1. Dodge
2. Fillmore
3. Freeborn
4. Goodhue
5. Houston
6. Mower

7. Olmsted
8. Rice
9. Steele
10. Wabasha
11. Winona

REGION "D"

1. Benton
2. Cass
3. Chisago
4. Crow Wing
5. Isanti
6. Kanabec
7. Mille Lacs

8. Morrison
9. Pine
10. Sherburne
11. Stearns
12. Todd
13. Wadena
14. Wright

REGION 11

1. Anoka
2. Carver
3. Dakota
4. Hennepin

5. Ramsey
6. Scott
7. Washington

MINNESOTA LAW ENFORCEMENT EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

LAW ENFORCEMENT CODE OF ETHICS

As a Law Enforcement Officer, my fundamental duty is to serve mankind; to safeguard lives and property; to protect the innocent against deception, the weak against oppression or intimidation, and the peaceful against violence or disorder; and to respect the Constitutional rights of all men to liberty, equality and justice.

I will keep my private life unsullied as an example to all; maintain courageous calm in the face of danger, scorn, or ridicule; develop self-restraint; and be constantly mindful of the welfare of others. Honest in thought and deed in both my personal and official life, I will be exemplary in obeying the laws of the land and the regulations of my department. Whatever I see or hear of a confidential nature or that is confided to me in my official capacity will be kept ever secret unless revelation is necessary in the performance of my duty.

I will never act officiously or permit personal feelings, prejudices, animosities or friendships to influence my decisions. With no compromise for crime and with relentless prosecution of criminals, I will enforce the law courteously and appropriately without fear or favor, malice or ill will, never employing necessary force or violence and never accepting gratuities.

I recognize the badge of my office as a symbol of public faith, and I accept it as a public trust to be held so long as I am true to the ethics of the police service. I will constantly strive to achieve these objectives and ideals, dedicating myself before God to my chosen profession . . . law enforcement.

MINNESOTA LAW ENFORCEMENT EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

The average number of full time law enforcement personnel in 1980 (including sworn and civilian) amounted to 1.8 employees per each 1,000 residents of the state. The average number of sworn personnel (excluding civilian) amounted to 1.5 employees per 1,000 population. The contributing law enforcement agencies averaged one full-time civilian employee to 4.2 full-time sworn personnel. These figures represent the averages as derived from the submitted data and are not the recommended ratios for Minnesota law enforcement agencies. The average ratio of law enforcement personnel for any given community may, and does, vary according to a number of community and policing factors.

In 1980, the reporting sheriff's department indicated 1,709 sworn personnel employed and 561 civilian personnel which amounted to a total of 2,270 employees. The police departments reported to have 3,779 sworn personnel in 1980, compared with 722 civilian employees. The total number of municipal employees equaled 4,501 personnel. The State Patrol figures indicate 501 sworn personnel compared with 158 civilian employees.

Of the total number of sworn personnel in 1980 (6,107*), there were 5,919 males and 188 females. Considering the total number of civilian personnel for the same year (1,452) there were 455 males compared with 997 females.

*Total includes 619 personnel from University of Minnesota and Airport Police Departments, and the State Patrol.

TABLE 24
POLICE EMPLOYEES AS OF OCTOBER 31, 1980 - URBAN
(Rate per 1,000 Inhabitants)

	Total	Sworn	Civil		Total	Sworn	Civil
Population - 2,594,276	1.8	1.5	0.3	New Brighton	22	20	2
†Number of employees	4,501	3,779	722	New Hope	25	22	3
				New Ulm	22	19	3
GROUP I (250,000 or over)	2.3	2.0	0.3	North St. Paul	16	13	3
Total	632,550	1,484	219	Northfield	20	14	6
Minneapolis	806	713	93	Oakdale	14	12	2
St. Paul	678	552	126	Owatonna	43	34	9
				Plymouth	32	29	3
GROUP III (50,000-100,000)	1.7	1.4	0.3	Red Wing	23	21	2
Total	232,485	392	76	Robbinsdale	25	17	8
Bloomington	108	87	21	*Shoreview			
Duluth	171	133	38	South St. Paul	29	28	1
Rochester	113	96	17	Stillwater	14	12	2
				Virginia	26	25	1
GROUP IV (25,000-50,000)	1.4	1.1	0.3	West St. Paul	28	22	6
Total	603,348	820	142	White Bear Lake	33	26	7
Blaine	34	28	6	Willmar	24	22	2
Brooklyn Center	41	31	10	Woodbury	13	12	1
Brooklyn Park	44	37	7	Worthington	23	17	6
Burnsville	77	63	14				
Coon Rapids	49	43	6	GROUP VI (2,500-10,000)	1.6	1.4	0.2
Crystal	38	30	8	Total	446,815	737	91
Edina	48	42	6	Alexandria	18	13	5
Fridley	39	29	10	*Andover			
Mankato	43	36	7	*Arden Hills			
Maplewood	49	40	9	*Aurora			
Minnetonka	52	40	12	Babbitt	5	5	-
Moorhead	50	39	11	Bayport	4	4	-
Richfield	52	42	10	Belle Plaine	5	4	1
Roseville	40	37	3	Benson	5	5	-
St. Cloud	64	54	10	Blue Earth	6	6	-
St. Louis Park	59	48	11	Breckenridge	11	8	3
Winona	41	39	2	Buffalo	6	6	-
				Caledonia	3	3	-
GROUP V (10,000-25,000)	1.6	1.3	0.3	Cambridge	7	6	1
Total	652,979	1,014	186	Cannon Falls	6	4	2
Albert Lea	38	29	9	Champlin	9	8	1
Anoka	29	20	9	*Chanhassen			
Apple Valley	25	19	6	Chaska	10	9	1
Austin	47	34	13	Chisholm	18	18	-
Bemidji	25	20	5	Circle Pines-Lexington	6	5	1
Brainerd	20	17	3	Crookston	17	13	4
Cloquet	17	16	1	Dayton	1	1	-
Columbia Heights	24	20	4	Deephaven-Woodland	7	6	1
Cottage Grove	24	15	9	Detroit Lakes	13	11	2
Eagan	28	21	7	*East Bethel			
Eden Prairie	27	20	7	East Grand Forks	20	19	1
Fairmont	15	14	1	Elk River	8	7	1
Faribault	31	24	7	Ely	10	9	1
Fergus Falls	23	21	2	Eveleth	10	9	1
Golden Valley	37	29	8	*Falcon Heights			
Hastings	17	16	1	Farmington	7	6	1
Hibbing	33	33	-	Forest Lake	8	7	1
Hopkins	27	19	8	Gilbert	7	7	-
Inver Grove Heights	20	16	4	Glencoe	7	6	1
Lakeville	21	15	6	Grand Rapids	14	12	2
Maple Grove	19	17	2	Granite Falls	6	6	-
Marshall	22	16	6	*Ham Lake			
Mounds View	13	12	1	Hermantown	7	6	1
				Hoyt Lakes	6	6	-

TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES – URBAN			
	Total	Sworn	Civil
Group I – Total	1,484	1,265	219
Group III – Total	392	316	76
Group IV – Total	820	678	142
Group V – Total	1,014	828	186
Group VI – Total	737	646	91
Group VII – Total	54	46	8
Subtotal	4,501	3,779	722
Metropolitan Airport – Total	70	62	8
University of Minnesota – Total	59	56	3
Total	4,630	3,897	733
TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES – RURAL			
Group III – Total	175	143	32
Group IV – Total	267	227	40
Group V – Total	1,024	711	313
Group VI – Total	804	628	176
Subtotal	2,270	1,709	561
State Patrol – Total	659	501	158
Total	2,929	2,210	719

TABLE 26
MUNICIPAL POLICE, SHERIFF AND STATE PATROL EMPLOYEE DATA – 1980

Police Department – Municipal	Population ¹	Number Civilian	Number Sworn	Rate per 1,000	Total Employees	Rate per 1,000
Group I – 250,000 or over	632,550	219	1,265	2.0	1,484	2.3
Group II – 100,000-250,000			– NONE APPLICABLE –			
Group III – 50,000-100,000	232,485	76	316	1.4	392	1.7
Group IV – 25,000-50,000	603,348	142	678	1.1	820	1.4
Group V – 10,000-25,000	652,979	186	828	1.3	1,014	1.6
Group VI & VII – Under 10,000	472,914	99 ²	692 ³	1.5	791 ⁴	1.7
Total	2,594,276⁵	722	3,779	1.5	4,501	1.8
Sheriff's Departments						
Group I – 250,000 or over			– NONE APPLICABLE –			
Group II – 100,000-250,000			– NONE APPLICABLE –			
Group III – 50,000-100,000	117,772	32	143	1.2	175	1.4
Group IV – 25,000-50,000	207,763	40	227	1.1	267	1.3
Group V – 10,000-25,000	814,472 ⁶	313	711	0.9	1,024	1.3
Group VI – Under 10,000	196,635	176	628	3.2	804	4.1
Total	1,336,642	561	1,709	1.3	2,270	1.7
State Patrol		158	501		659	

¹Estimated 1979 population FBI.
²Eleven Metropolitan Airport and University of Minnesota civil employees excluded from totals.
³118 Metropolitan Airport and University of Minnesota sworn employees excluded from totals.
⁴129 Metropolitan Airport and University of Minnesota employees excluded from totals.
⁵Departments under contract excluded from population totals.
⁶Chisago County excluded from population totals.

TABLE 27
RATE OF POLICE EMPLOYEES (SWORN AND CIVILIAN) PER 1,000 INHABITANTS – 1980

Population Group*	Urban			Rural		
	Total	Sworn	Civilian	Total	Sworn	Civilian
Group I – 250,000 and over	2.3	2.0	0.3	– NONE APPLICABLE –		
Group II – 100,000-250,000	– NONE APPLICABLE –			– NONE APPLICABLE –		
Group III – 50,000-100,000	1.7	1.4	0.3	1.4	1.2	0.2
Group IV – 25,000-50,000	1.4	1.1	0.3	1.3	1.1	0.2
Group V – 10,000-25,000	1.6	1.3	0.3	1.3	0.9	0.4
Group VI – 2,500-10,000	1.6	1.4	0.2	4.1	3.2	0.9
Group VII – Under 2,500	2.1	1.8	0.3	– NONE APPLICABLE –		
Total	1.8	1.5	0.3	1.7	1.3	0.4

*Metropolitan Airport, University of Minnesota and State Patrol figures are excluded.

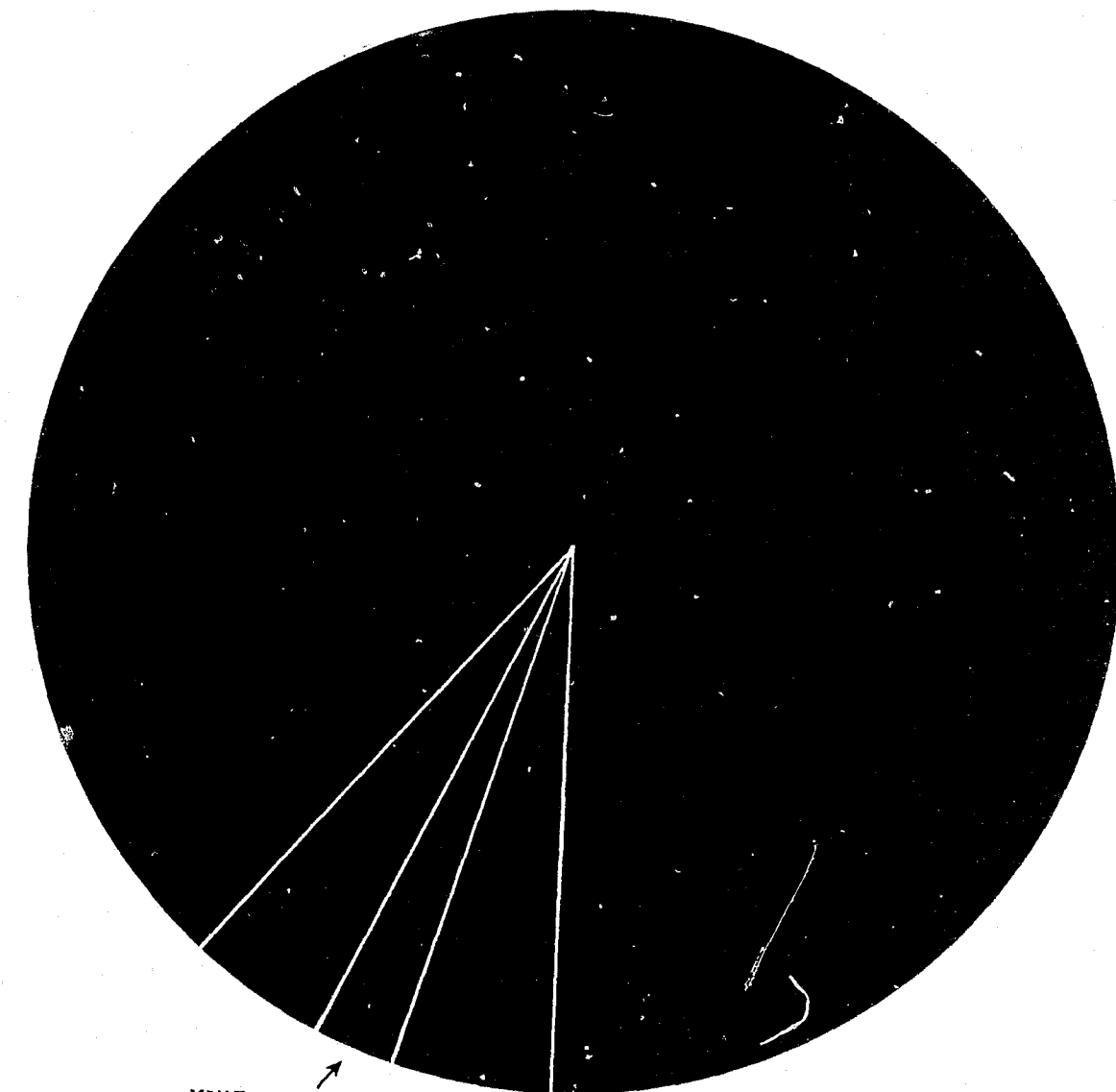
LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS KILLED OR ASSAULTED

Vital information other than Uniform Crime Reporting is also collected that evaluates the number of law enforcement personnel who have been assaulted and/or killed. The data from those county (sheriff) and municipal (police) agencies reporting is collected and tabulated annually.

Submitted information concerning law enforcement personnel assaulted or killed during 1980 was tabulated from 289 agencies. There was a total of 437 assaults recorded in Minnesota for 1980. Of that total, 388 involved hands, fists, and feet, 19 were attributed to firearms, 20 involved some other dangerous weapon, and 10 were committed by a knife or a cutting instrument. There were 277 assaults in which there was no personal injury to the law enforcement officer, while 160 registered some form of personal

injury. The type of activity most responsible for the assault situations was responding to "Disturbance Calls" with 112 incidents. Of the total assault situations, 336 were cleared by the law enforcement agencies. The most frequent time of assaults was indicated as between 12 midnight and 2:00 a.m., with 103 confrontations. The type of assignment most frequently registered with assaults during the year was a one-man vehicle, assisted (147 incidents).

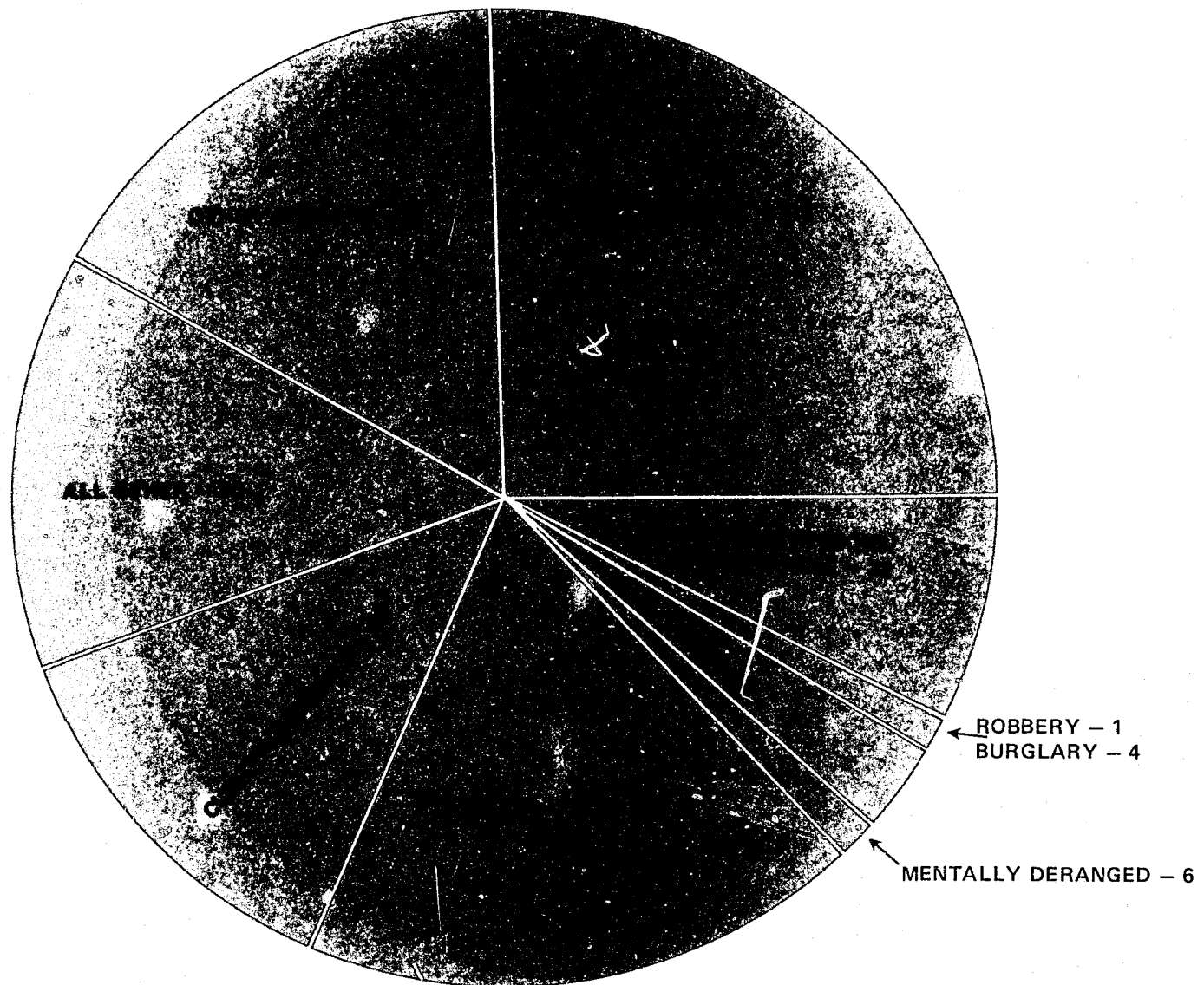
One law enforcement officer, a Winona County Deputy Sheriff, was killed in September, 1980, by a shot from a .22 caliber rifle, while responding to a report of a domestic dispute at a mobile home.



KNIFE OR CUTTING
INSTRUMENT - 10

437 TOTAL ASSAULT SITUATIONS

FIGURE 27
TYPE OF WEAPON USED IN ASSAULTS ON
LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS FOR 1980



437 TOTAL ASSAULT SITUATIONS

FIGURE 28
TYPE OF ACTIVITY INVOLVED IN
ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS FOR 1980

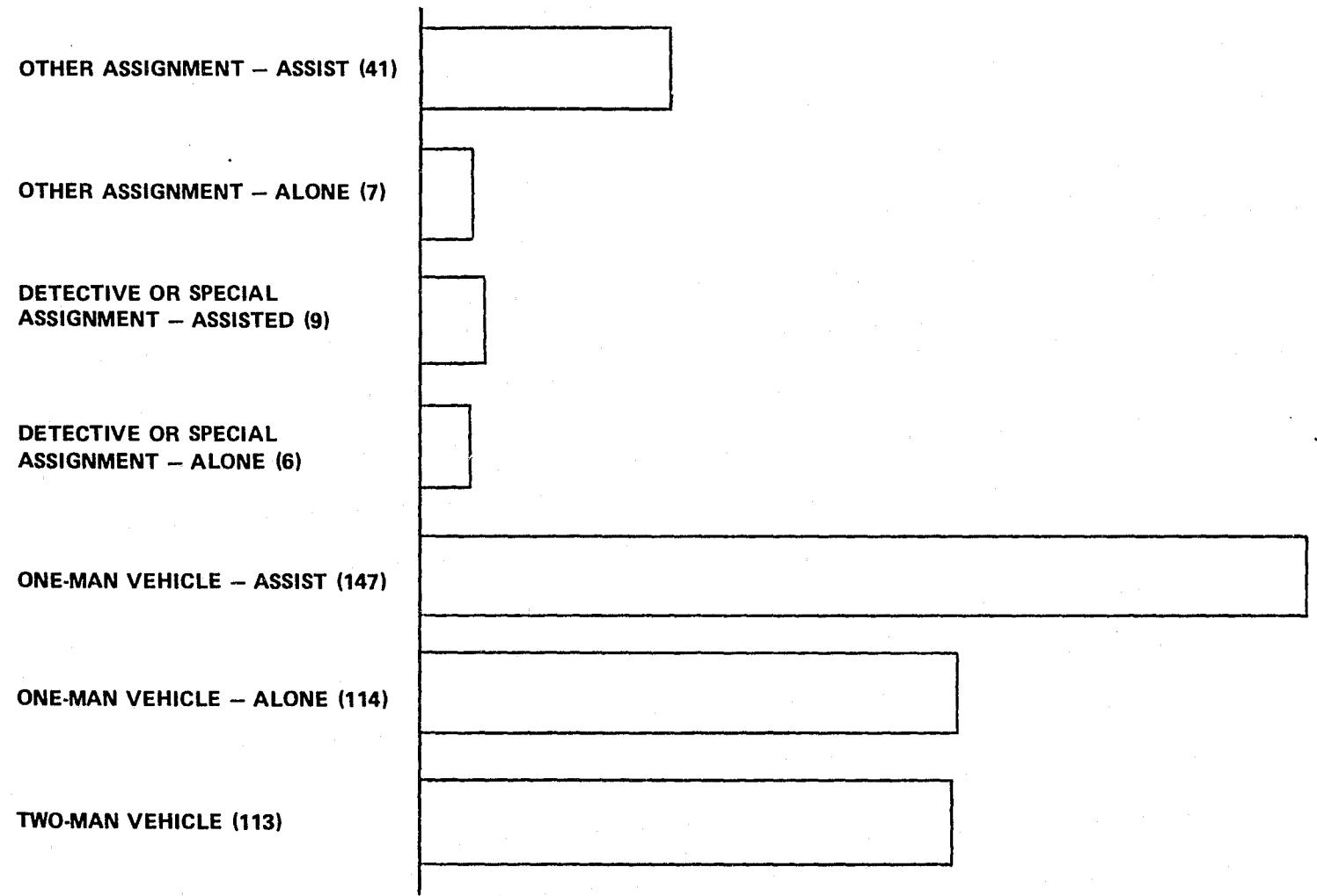


FIGURE 29
NUMBER OF ASSAULTS BY TYPE OF ASSIGNMENT - 1980

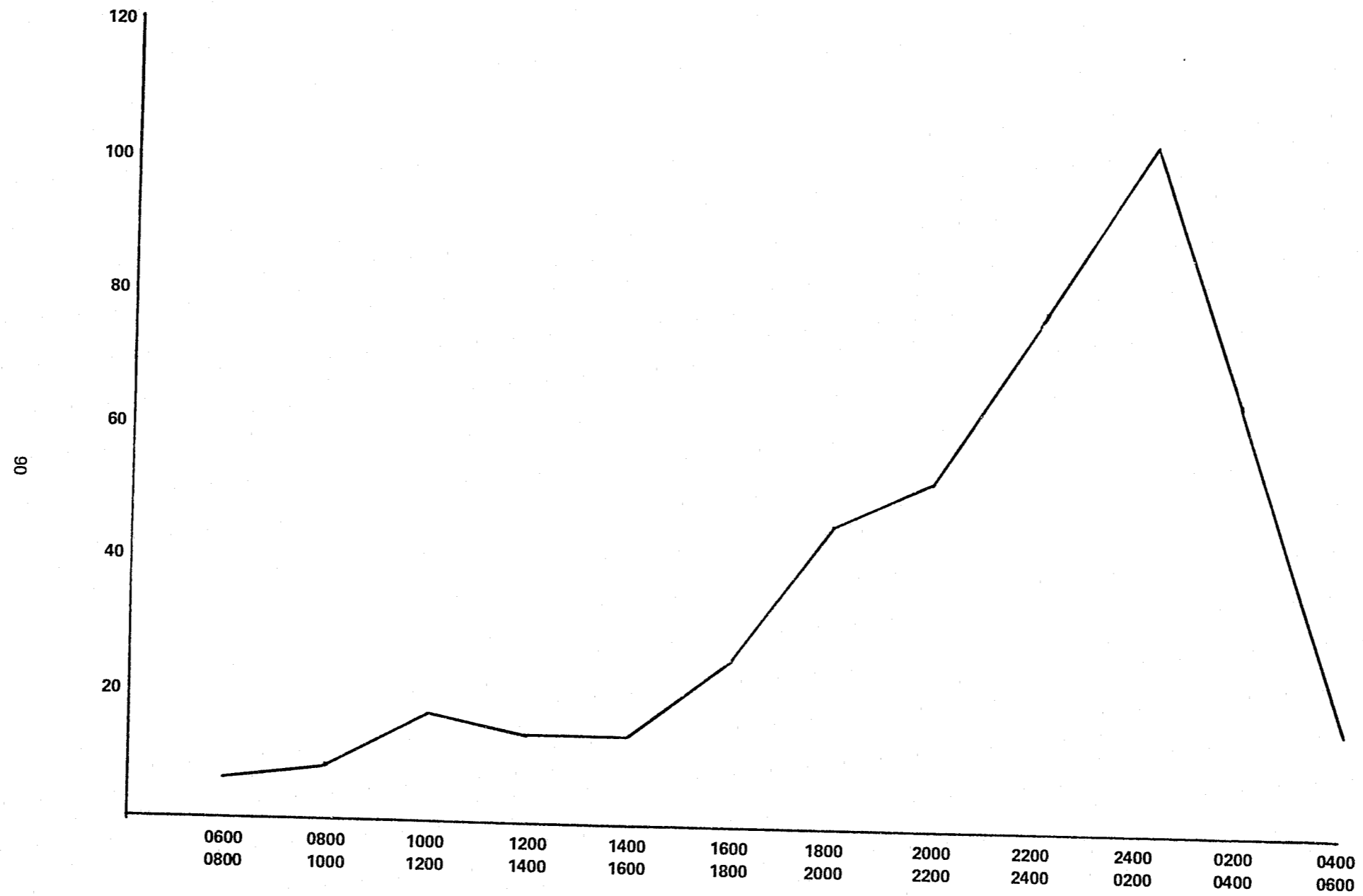


FIGURE 30
NUMBER OF ASSAULTS ON POLICE OFFICERS BY TIME OF DAY - 1980

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS FIREARMS DISCHARGES

Pursuant to Minnesota State Statute 626.553, Subdivision 2, information is collected concerning firearm discharges by law enforcement officers in Minnesota. 1978 was the first full year that this information was available.

In 1980, there were 109 shots fired during 47 incidents. There are six general areas of information collected: the Type of Activity the officer was engaged in at the time of the discharge; Type of Weapon Used; Purpose of the Discharge; Results of the Discharge; Time of Day; and the Level of the Incident which precipitated the discharge.

The highest number of shots fired by Type of Activity was for "Attempt Other Arrest" with 55 (50 percent), followed by "Traffic Pursuit" with 21 (19 percent). Seventy-nine (73 percent) of the shots fired were with a handgun, and

88 (81 percent) of the total shots were Non-Warning Shots. Eighty-one percent of the firearms discharges were during a four-hour time period, from 12 midnight to 4:00 a.m. In 91 percent of the shots fired no injuries were suffered, four shots resulted in wounds, and there were two fatalities involving six gunshots.

Information on the size of the community served by the departments was also tabulated. Eighty-five (78 percent) shots were fired in communities under 50,000 population, and 18 (17 percent) in communities over 50,000 population. Three instances were not included because they involved State agencies. The highest occurrence of shots fired was in the 25,000-50,000 Population group, with 50 (45 percent).

Of the 109 shots fired, 101 were in felony situations, and 8 were misdemeanors.

TABLE 28
MINNESOTA FIREARMS DISCHARGE SUMMARY REPORT
BASED ON NUMBER OF SHOTS FIRED - 1980

Type of Activity	Type of Assignment								Total
	2-Man Veh.	1-Man Vehicle		Detect/Special		Other			
		Alone	Assist	Alone	Assist	Alone	Assist		
Disturbance	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	
Burglary	1	5	0	0	1	0	0	7	
Robbery	3	0	1	0	1	1	0	6	
Attempt Other Arrest	4	8	41	0	1	0	1	55	
Civil Disorder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Handling Prisoners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Suspicious Persons/Circum.	1	7	0	0	0	1	0	9	
Traffic Pursuit	6	10	5	0	0	0	0	21	
All Other	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	8	
Total	20	30	48	0	3	4	4	109	

Type of Activity	Weapon Used			Purpose		Result		
	Handgun	Rifle/Shotgun		Warn	Non-Warn	Fatal	Wound	Other
		Other						
Disturbance	3	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
Burglary	6	1	0	6	1	0	1	6
Robbery	5	1	0	0	6	0	0	6
Attempt Other Arrest	34	21	0	3	52	6*	1	48
Civil Disorder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Handling Prisoners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suspicious Persons/Circum.	5	4	0	0	9	0	1	8
Traffic Pursuit	21	0	0	8	13	0	1	20
All Other	5	3	0	2	6	0	0	8
Total	79	30	0	21	88	6	4	99

*6 shots involving 2 fatalities.

	Time of Occurrence						Level of Incident	
	12:00	2:00	4:00	6:00	8:00	10:00	Felony	101
	2:00	4:00	6:00	8:00	10:00	12:00		
A.M.	18	47	0	1	15	1	Gross Misdemeanor	0
P.M.	5	10	7	2	3	0	Misdemeanor	8
							Total	109

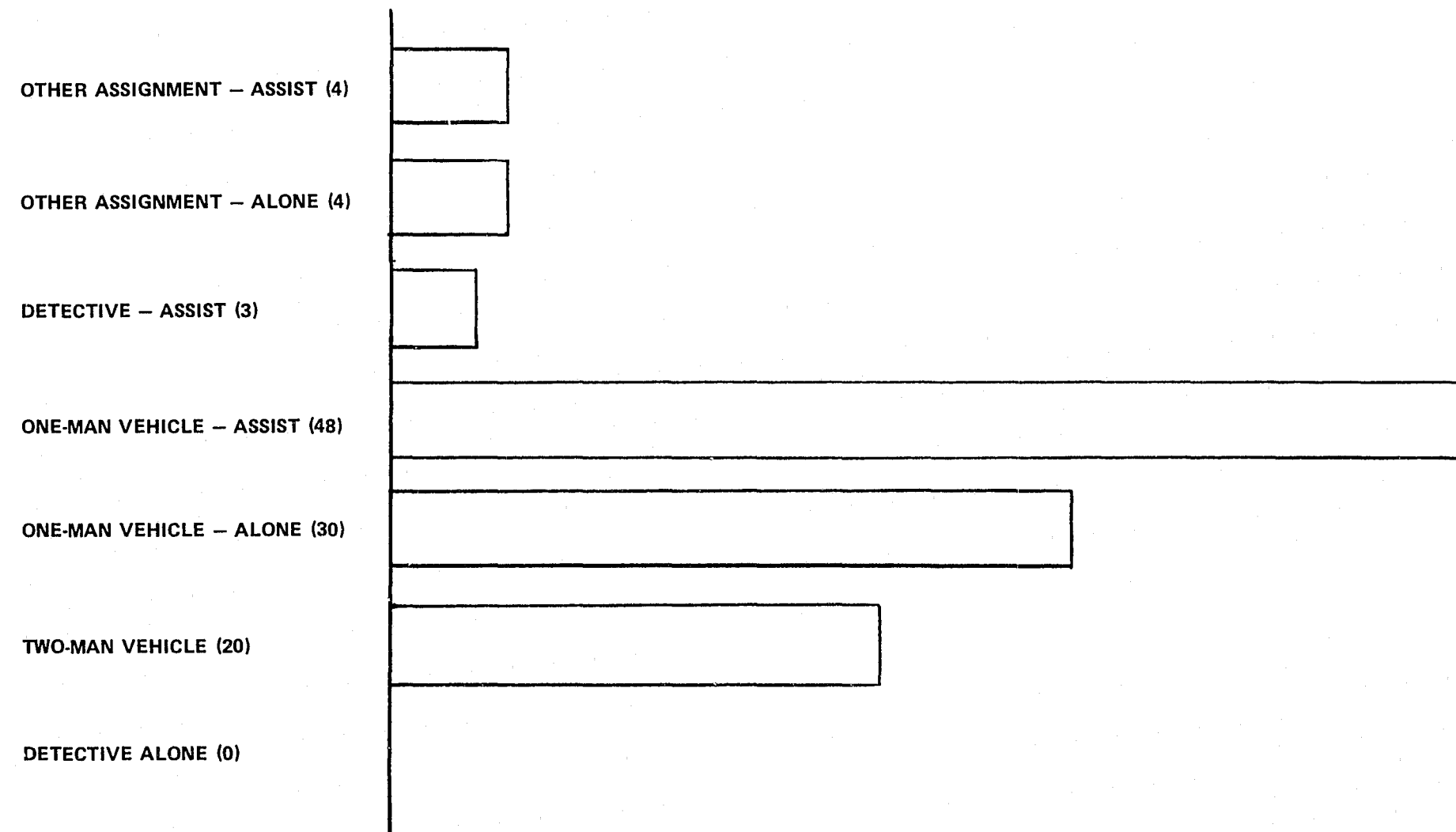


FIGURE 31
NUMBER OF FIREARM DISCHARGES BY TYPE OF ASSIGNMENT - 1980

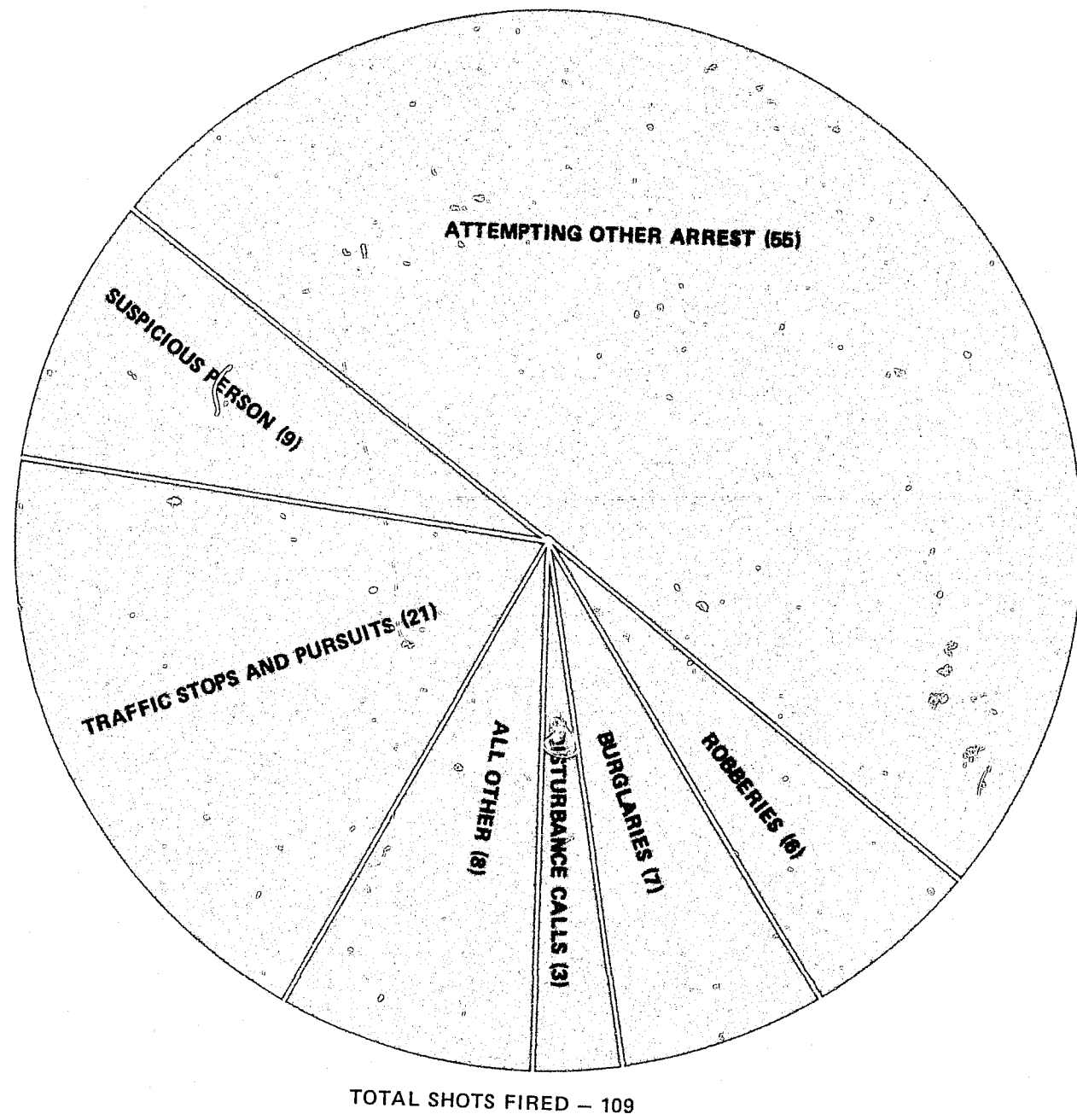


FIGURE 32
NUMBER OF FIREARM DISCHARGES BY TYPE OF ACTIVITY - 1930

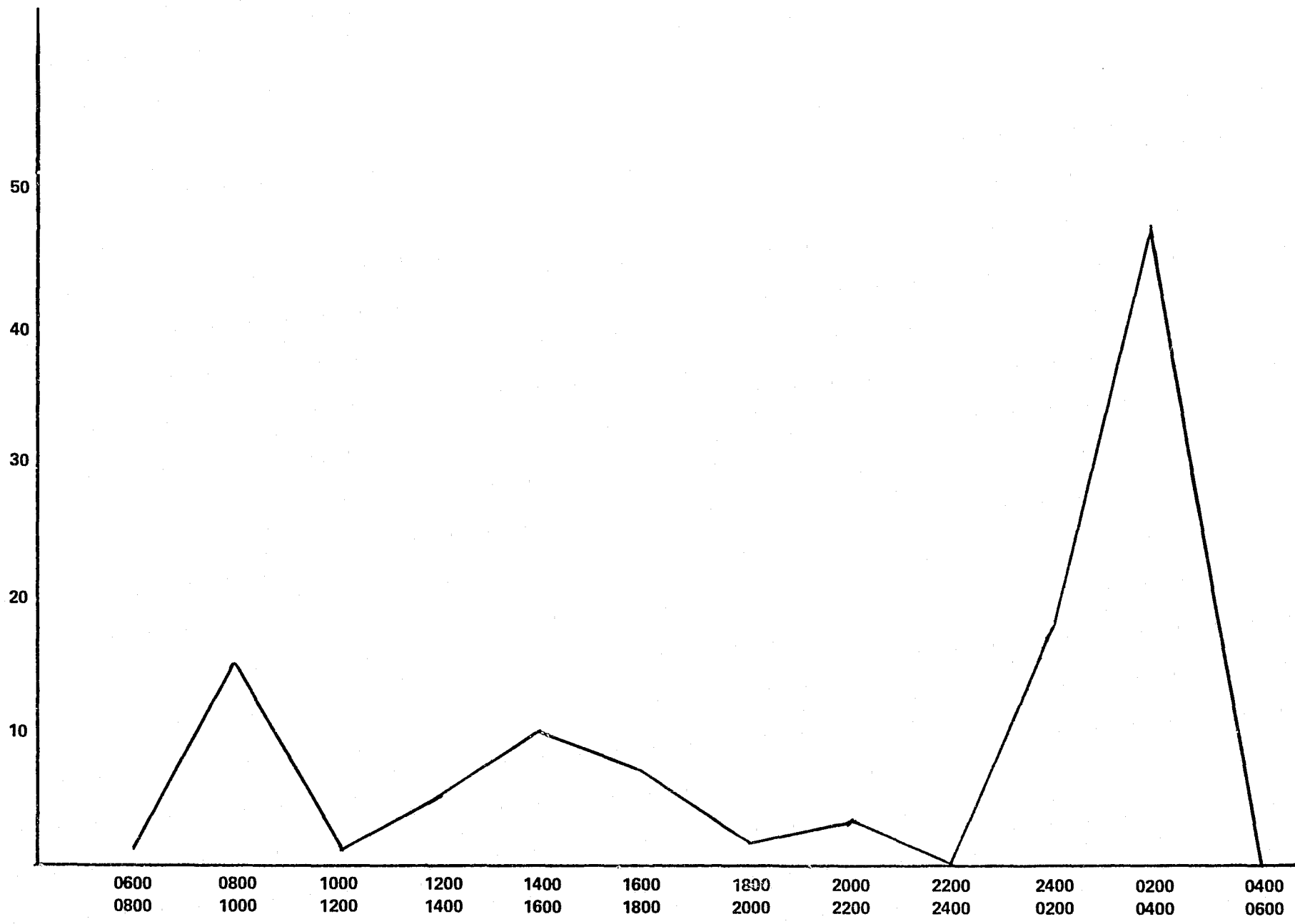


FIGURE 33
NUMBER OF FIREARM DISCHARGES BY TIME OF DAY - 1980

TABLE 29
NUMBER OF FIREARM DISCHARGES BY COMMUNITY SERVED
1980

Population	Incidents	Shots Fired
Police Departments		
Under 2,500	11	17
2,500-5,000	1	1
5,000-10,000	1	1
10,000-25,000	1	15
25,000-50,000	5	9
50,000-100,000	0	0
Over 100,000	15	17
Total	34	60
Sheriff's Offices		
Under 2,500	0	0
2,500-5,000	0	0
5,000-10,000	0	0
10,000-25,000	1	1
25,000-50,000	7	41
50,000-100,000	1	3
Over 100,000	1	1
Total	10	46
State Agencies	3	3
GRAND TOTAL	47	109

COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OFFENSE INFORMATION

County and Municipal Law Enforcement Offense Information contained in this section is arranged by total county figures, sheriff office figures, and municipal police department figures.

Legislation passed in October, 1978, reclassified the offense of arson to a Part I Crime. During 1979, extensive training was conducted relating to the new reporting requirements, but reporting was incomplete for the full year. The arson figures reflected in 1980 have been

tabulated and recorded in the Part I Crimes area. This fact should be taken into consideration whenever comparing Part I and Part II totals for 1980 with previous years.

The information contained within this section will reflect agencies not reporting specific offenses, and prior cases cleared. Prior case cleared indicates that an offense reported prior to 1980 was cleared during 1980.

TABLE 30 (Continued)

Area NCIC Number	Grand Total	Total Part I	Murder/ Non- Negligent	Negligent/ Man- slaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Total Part II	Other Assaults	Forgery/ Counter- feiting	Freud	Embezzle- ment	Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons	Prosti- tution	Other Sex Offenses	Narcotics	Gambling	Family/ Children	D.U.I.	Liquor Laws	Dis- orderly	Vagrancy	Other Offenses
Dilworth PD	O 160 C 60 MNO140200 % 38	80 20 25	--	--	--	--	6 4 67	27 4 15	40 10 25	7 2 29	--	80 40 50	12 11 92	2 -- --	3 -- --	2 2 100	24 5 21	4 3 75	--	3 -- --	6 6 100	--	1 4 50	2 4 100	4 3 100	3 3 30	10 -- --	5 2 40	
Moorhead PD	O 3,405 C 1,384 MNO140400 % 41	1,369 196 14	2	--	8	7	13	289	960	82	8	2,036	136	27	479	1	8	552	96	--	75	50	--	27	209	206	134	--	36
Clearwater Sheriff	O 632 C 304 MNO150000 % 48	231 62 27	--	--	1	--	15	115	83	15	2	401	5	--	103	--	7	84	4	--	1	1	--	9	13	5	44	--	125
Cook Sheriff	O 256 C 53 MNO160000 % 21	160 22 14	1	--	1	--	4	46	97	11	--	96	2	1	7	--	45	--	--	--	1	4	--	11	2	11	--	12	
COTTONWOOD PD	O 364 C 242 MNO170000 % 66	96 28 29	--	2	--	--	2	21	64	7	--	268	5	11	171	--	30	2	--	1	3	--	--	4	13	14	--	4	
Cottonwood Sheriff	O 16 C 3 MNO170000 % 19	14 1 7	--	--	--	--	--	6	7	1	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	
Windom PD	O 348 C 239 MNO170200 % 69	82 27 33	--	--	2	--	2	15	57	6	--	266	5	11	171	--	30	2	--	--	3	--	--	13	13	14	--	4	
CROW WING PD	O 3,963 C 477 MNO180000 % 12	2,110 223 11	2	--	8	10	53	651	1,261	103	22	1,853	59	30	596	1	11	755	7	--	40	34	--	21	59	22	172	--	46
Brainerd PD	O 1,946 C 215 MNO180100 % 11	839 90 11	--	--	3	5	30	205	534	50	12	1,107	25	25	426	--	2	383	4	--	12	23	--	11	42	18	117	--	19
Crosby PD	O 308 C 30 MNO180200 % 29	194 45 23	--	--	--	--	4	35	142	11	2	114	12	2	5	--	1	68	--	--	1	1	--	3	10	--	8	--	3
DAKOTA PD	O 20,189 C 7,934 MNO190000 % 39	8,173 1,669 20	--	--	27	63	130	1,832	5,533	487	101	12,006	620	213	942	6	51	3,568	385	1	248	363	4	144	1,209	434	2,414	8	1,406
Burnsville PD	O 4,475 C 1,791 MNO190100 % 40	2,201 493 22	--	--	4	10	28	593	1,388	143	35	2,274	133	75	30	1	20	634	51	--	60	117	--	14	241	114	627	6	151
Farmington PD	O 661 C 314 MNO190200 % 48	208 44 21	--	--	3	3	36	146	18	2	15	19	7	8	--	--	159	3	--	4	14	--	4	87	14	91	--	43	
Hastings PD	O 1,002 C 532 MNO190300 % 53	448 174 39	--	2	1	6	73	337	31	3	554	26	15	100	--	1	221	11	--	9	9	--	--	101	38	32	--	3	
Mendota Heights PD	O 443 C 114 MNO190400 % 26	199 17 9	--	2	--	2	61	128	6	--	244	6	1	2	--	--	119	1	--	9	12	--	1	34	8	24	--	27	

*Prior incidents cleared in 1980.
**Prior incidents unfounded in 1980.

TABLE 30 (Continued)

Area NCIC Number	Grand Total	Total Part I	Murder/ Non- Negligent	Negligent Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated			Motor Vehicle		Total Part II	Other Assaults	Forgery/ Counter- feiting	Embezzle- ment Fraud	Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons	Prosti- tution	Other Sex Offenses	Narcotics	Gambling	Family/ Children	Liquor D.U.I.	Dis- orderly	Vagrancy	Other Offenses	
							Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Theft	Arson																	
Rosemount PD MN0190500	O 351 C 82 % 23	213 27 13	-	-	1	1	2	22	179	8	-	138	8	-	1	-	76	3	-	3	1	-	-	35	-	8	-	3
So. St. Paul PD MN0190600	O 1,028 C 335 % 21	768 83 11	-	-	3	16	7	186	505	48	3	960	51	19	30	-	455	12	-	16	14	2	10	115	8	96	-	27
West St. Paul PD MN0190700	O 1,599 C 374 % 23	955 266 28	-	-	3	15	10	79	796	45	7	644	35	11	84	-	304	9	-	17	5	1	7	20	33	57	-	69
Egan PD MN0190800	O 2,751 C 1,166 % 42	773 154 20	-	-	2	4	7	146	545	50	19	1,978	107	21	178	1	451	160	-	48	57	-	19	134	76	518	-	205
Inver Grove Hgts. PD MN0190900	O 2,254 C 879 % 39	872 106 12	-	-	4	7	17	246	539	54	5	1,382	76	17	86	-	402	49	-	24	36	1	21	86	19	454	1	103
Apple Valley PD MN0191000	O 1,887 C 1,080 % 57	576 151 26	-	-	2	3	6	138	397	19	11	1,311	25	14	293	1	294	16	-	25	39	-	6	177	35	97	-	284
Lakeville PD MN0191100	O 2,478 C 1,133 % 46	650 129 20	-	-	4	1	35	174	373	50	13	1,828	121	28	73	1	273	80	1	20	53	-	54	134	82	408	1	251
Dodge Sheriff MN0200000	O 1,391 C 563 % 40	448 97 21	-	-	1	2	14	122	285	16	8	943	21	9	50	-	388	29	-	9	6	-	5	39	33	62	-	285
DOUGLAS C %	1,728 610 35	989 179 18	-	-	2	6	22	257	661	37	4	738	10	16	97	-	203	3	-	6	25	-	20	178	96	34	-	48
Douglas Sheriff MN0210000	O 1,157 C 401 % 35	534 76 14	-	-	2	3	19	182	298	26	4	623	10	6	88	-	193	3	-	4	22	-	20	103	94	34	-	43
Alexandria PD MN0210100	O 571 C 209 % 37	455 103 23	-	-	-	3	3	75	363	11	-	116	-	10	9	-	10	-	-	2	3	-	-	75	2	-	-	5
FARIBAULT C %	657 264 40	316 62 20	1	-	-	-	4	100	178	31	2	341	17	9	6	-	136	3	-	6	9	-	2	38	16	32	-	61
Faribault Sheriff MN0220000	O 490 C 191 % 39	226 38 17	1	-	-	-	3	71	130	19	2	264	12	7	6	-	109	2	-	3	5	-	1	20	8	27	-	58
Blue Earth PD MN0220100	O 72 C 41 % 57	43 16 37	-	-	-	-	-	22	14	7	-	29	1	2	-	-	4	1	-	1	1	-	-	14	5	-	-	-
Wells PD MN0220400	O 95 C 32 % 34	47 8 17	-	-	-	-	1	7	34	5	-	48	4	-	-	-	23	-	-	2	3	-	1	4	3	5	-	3
FILLMORE C %	361 219 61	136 26 18	-	-	-	-	10	15	103	8	-	225	2	3	1	-	40	-	-	1	6	-	1	131	29	8	-	1
Fillmore Sheriff MN0230000	O 355 C 217 % 61	133 26 20	-	-	-	-	10	15	106	8	-	222	1	3	1	-	40	-	-	1	6	-	1	129	29	8	-	1

*Prior incidents cleared in 1980.

TABLE 30 (Continued)

Area NCIC Number	Grand Total	Total Part I	Murder/ Non- Negligent	Negligent Man- slaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Total Part II	Other Assaults	Forgery/ Counter- feiting	Fraud	Embezzle- ment	Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons	Prosti- tution	Other Sex Offenses	Narcotics	Gambling	Family/ Children	D.U.I.	Liquor Laws	Dis- orderly	Vagrancy	Other Offenses	
Spring Valley PD MN0230600	O 6 C 2 % 33	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
FREEBORN	O 3,345 C 1,566 % 47	1,185	1	-	11	8	18	252	836	54	5	2,160	123	41	573	1	11	509	9	-	16	49	1	12	325	125	51	1	313	
Freeborn Sheriff MN0240000	O 719 C 378 % 53	274	-	-	-	-	2	67	192	12	1	445	16	1	26	-	2	95	2	-	4	20	1	2	27	51	4	-	194	
Albert Lea PD MN0240100	O 2,626 C 1,188 % 45	911	1	-	11	8	16	185	644	42	4	1,715	107	40	547	1	9	414	7	-	12	29	-	10	298	74	47	1	119	
GODDHUE	O 2,261 C 462 % 20	1,210	-	-	4	3	15	257	868	51	12	1,051	62	23	103	1	5	548	14	-	12	17	-	49	46	10	109	-	52	
Goodhue Sheriff MN0250000	O 751 C 210 % 28	435	-	-	-	3	2	117	279	26	8	316	12	12	24	-	3	184	3	-	2	-	23	12	2	18	-	21		
Cannon Falls PD MN0250100	O 222 C %	124	-	-	-	-	2	17	102	2	1	98	5	3	2	-	-	53	6	-	6	1	-	2	1	1	6	-	12	
Red Wing PD MN0250300	O 1,187 C 225 % 19	602	-	-	4	-	11	112	451	22	2	585	45	8	74	1	2	282	4	-	5	11	-	24	31	6	77	-	15	
Kenyon PD MN0250400	O 101 C 27 % 27	49	-	-	-	-	-	11	36	1	1	52	-	-	3	-	-	29	1	-	1	3	-	-	2	1	8	-	4	
Grant Sheriff MN0260000	O 475 C 198 % 42	140	-	-	-	-	1	36	91	9	3	335	14	-	55	-	3	78	8	-	2	18	-	9	20	34	38	-	56	
HENNEPIN	O 110,703 C 28,562 % 26	66,832	45	-	474	2,547	1,632	17,858	39,199	4,599	478	43,871	5,929	1,462	2,474	44	290	16,904	877	824	1,356	1,525	38	379	5,419	1,028	3,042	7	2,273	
Hennepin Sheriff MN0270000	O 407 C 155 % 45	173	-	-	-	2	10	38	107	12	4	234	25	5	29	-	11	23	3	-	3	69	13	1	28	1	2	-	21	
Bloomington PD MN0270100	O 7,889 C 2,995 % 38	4,382	1	-	9	42	44	681	3,244	322	39	3,507	346	118	132	-	30	1,430	75	28	78	177	1	8	265	156	387	-	276	
Brooklyn Ctr. PD MN0270200	O 4,420 C 1,605 % 36	2,320	1	-	8	15	19	433	1,688	149	7	2,100	118	79	367	-	12	553	8	1	42	48	-	54	153	55	446	-	164	
Brooklyn Park PD MN0270300	O 5,935 C 2,158 % 36	2,640	-	-	25	18	85	768	1,532	172	40	3,295	524	38	133	13	22	1,029	74	1	55	130	-	15	460	160	452	-	189	
Crystal PD MN0270400	O 2,267 C 943 % 40	1,261	-	-	5	13	22	253	892	65	11	1,106	110	10	122	-	3	445	9	-	23	18	2	11	143	19	69	-	48	
Deephaven PD MN0270500	O 341 C 104 % 30	178	-	-	-	-	-	77	92	7	2	163	8	-	2	-	1	75	8	-	8	11	-	1	12	7	13	-	17	

*Prior incident cleared in 1980.

TABLE 30 (Continued)

Area NCIC Number	Grand Total	Total Part I	Murder/ Non- Negligent	Negligent Man- slaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Total Part II	Other Assaults	Forgery/ Counter- feiting	Fraud	Embezzle- ment	Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons	Prosti- tution	Other Sex Offenses	Narcotics	Gambling	Family/ Children	D.U.I.	Liquor Laws	Dis- orderly	Vagrancy	Other Offenses
Park Rapids PD MN0290100	O 549 C 263 % 48	222 127 43	--	--	1	1	4	46	211	29	--	257	20	16	47	--	3	72	2	--	5	7	--	5	30	9	21	--	20
ISANTI	O 913 C 235 % 26	507 72 14	--	--	--	5	10	156	315	20	1	406	16	11	15	--	1	215	1	1	--	10	--	--	116	2	7	--	11
Isanti Sheriff MN0300000	O 620 C 117 % 19	361 32 9	--	--	--	5	5	142	194	15	--	259	12	5	8	--	1	155	1	1	--	8	--	--	49	2	7	--	10
Cambridge PD MN0300100	O 293 C 118 % 40	146 40 27	--	--	--	--	5	14	121	5	1	147	4	6	7	--	--	60	--	--	--	2	--	--	67	--	--	--	1
ITASCA	O 2,747 C 1,317 % 48	1,267 348 28	--	--	6	4	21	475	676	75	10	1,480	64	14	288	1	4	444	46	1	20	43	--	20	104	84	225	--	122
Itasca Sheriff MN0310000	O 2,231 C 1,104 % 49	985 283 29	--	--	6	3	19	453	441	53	10	1,246	59	10	287	1	3	343	43	--	18	19	--	18	43	77	213	--	112
Grand Rapids PD MN0310300	O 516 C 213 % 41	282 55 23	--	--	--	1	2	22	235	22	--	234	5	4	1	--	1	101	3	1	2	24	--	2	61	7	12	--	10
JACKSON	O 253 C 34 % 13	157 26 17	--	--	--	1	2	57	94	2	1	96	1	1	2	--	--	90	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2
Jackson Sheriff MN0320000	O 252 C 34 % 13	156 26 17	--	--	--	1	2	57	93	2	1	96	1	1	2	--	--	90	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2
Jackson PD MN0320100	O 1 C -- % --	1 -- --	--	--	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
KANABEC	O 369 C 111 % 30	222 32 14	--	--	--	--	8	124	73	15	2	147	9	2	5	--	3	65	--	--	1	4	--	1	33	1	6	--	17
Kanabec Sheriff MN0330000	O 318 C 86 % 27	193 16 8	--	--	--	--	7	120	52	12	2	125	8	2	5	--	3	48	--	--	1	4	--	1	33	1	4	--	15
Mora PD MN0330100	O 51 C 25 % 49	29 16 55	--	--	--	--	1	4	21	3	--	22	1	--	--	--	--	17	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2	--	2
KANDIYOH	O 2,469 C 1,185 % 48	1,120 277 25	--	--	1	6	13	208	828	61	3	1,349	57	26	408	--	9	369	7	--	13	41	--	1	229	74	72	2	41
Kandiyohi Sheriff MN0340000	O 974 C 367 % 38	509 87 17	--	--	--	2	5	144	321	35	2	465	18	4	63	--	2	173	3	--	4	15	--	1	121	31	13	1	16
Willmar PD MN0340100	O 1,495 C 818 % 55	611 190 31	--	--	1	4	8	64	507	26	1	884	39	22	345	--	7	196	4	--	9	26	--	--	108	43	59	1	25
Kittson Sheriff MN0350000	O 454 C 272 % 60	119 37 31	--	--	--	--	2	43	62	8	4	335	7	4	134	--	--	54	--	--	1	5	--	1	30	64	30	--	5

*Prior incident cleared in 1980.

TABLE 30 (Continued)

Area NCIC Number	Grand Total	Total Part I	Murder/ Negligent	Negligent Man- slaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Total Part II	Other Assaults	Forgery/ Counter- feiting	Fraud	Embezzle- ment	Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons	Prosti- tution	Other Sex Offenses	Narcotics	Gambling	Family/ Children	D.U.I.	Liquor Laws	Dis- orderly	Vagrancy	Other Offenses
Mille Lacs Sheriff MN0480000	O 1,280 C 454 % 35	590 78 13	2 100	11 100	1	2	9	211	330	34	1	689	34	2	92	--	2	239	2	--	3	6	--	10	103	13	30	--	153
Princeton PD MN0480200	O 526 C 180 % 34	221 62 28	--	--	1	--	5	24	179	12	--	305	17	8	68	--	3	150	1	--	11	--	--	17	--	19	--	11	
MORRISON	O 2,426 C 1,148 % 47	890 305 34	--	--	--	--	4	132	706	46	2	1,536	82	18	79	--	3	711	11	--	27	36	8	15	172	120	155	9	90
Morrison Sheriff MN0490000	O 1,489 C 623 % 42	462 117 25	--	--	--	--	4	82	349	25	2	1,027	42	9	48	--	3	495	10	--	18	31	6	15	108	57	91	8	86
Little Falls PD MN0490100	O 937 C 525 % 56	428 188 44	--	--	--	--	--	50	357	21	--	509	40	9	31	--	--	216	1	--	9	5	2	--	64	63	64	1	4
MOWER	O 3,477 C 1,380 % 40	1,542 338 22	--	--	6	6	23	371	1,043	85	8	1,935	171	19	91	1	2	741	20	--	30	34	--	38	251	105	233	--	199
Mower Sheriff MN0500000	O 910 C 349 % 38	402 54 13	--	--	1	--	8	144	225	22	2	508	40	2	29	--	--	162	10	--	10	8	--	15	73	31	48	--	80
Austin PD MN0500100	O 2,567 C 1,031 % 40	1,140 284 25	--	--	5	6	15	227	818	63	6	1,427	131	17	62	1	2	579	10	--	20	26	--	23	178	74	185	--	119
Murray Sheriff MN0510000	O 126 C 124 % 98	70 69 99	--	--	--	--	--	3	66	1	--	66	--	--	1	--	--	54	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
NICOLLET	O 2,312 C 1,015 % 44	856 209 23	--	--	1	1	16	147	651	38	2	1,456	54	28	329	--	7	454	10	--	31	24	--	15	186	29	121	--	168
Nicollet Sheriff MN0520000	O 673 C 487 % 72	116 32 28	--	--	1	--	3	38	67	7	--	557	5	11	235	--	4	66	6	--	6	11	--	10	31	13	22	--	137
No. Mankato PD MN0520100	O 898 C 251 % 28	374 41 11	--	--	--	1	2	70	279	21	1	524	27	6	92	--	3	179	4	--	10	10	--	3	109	7	49	--	25
St. Peter PD MN0520200	O 741 C 277 % 37	366 127 35	--	--	--	--	11	39	305	10	1	375	22	11	2	--	--	209	--	--	15	3	--	2	46	9	50	--	6
NOBLES	O 739 C 213 % 29	386 70 18	--	--	3	7	103	261	12	12	--	353	22	24	16	1	1	180	5	--	6	4	--	3	68	--	11	--	12
Nobles Sheriff MN0530000	O 188 C 48 % 26	97 10 10	--	--	--	--	2	33	60	2	--	91	2	2	2	--	--	47	1	--	1	--	--	1	26	--	6	--	3
Worthington PD MN0530100	O 551 C 165 % 30	289 60 21	--	--	3	5	70	201	10	10	--	262	20	22	14	1	1	133	4	--	5	4	--	2	42	--	5	--	9
Norman Sheriff MN0540000	O 270 C 52 % 19	143 24 17	--	--	--	--	5	40	90	7	1	127	6	2	9	1	4	66	--	--	1	--	--	--	6	5	17	--	10

1Manslaughter by negligence not included in Part I total.

TABLE 30 (Continued)

Area NCIC Number	Grand Total	Total Part I	Murder/ Non- Negligent	Negligent Slaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Total Part II	Other Assaults	Forgery/ Counter-	Fraud	Embezzle- ment	Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons	Prosti- tution	Other Sex Offenses	Narcotics	Gambling	Family/ Children	D.U.I.	Liquor Laws	Dis- orderly	Vagrancy	Other Offenses
E. Grand Forks PD MN0600200	O 2,682 C 1,677 % 63	781 165 21	-	-	-	2	15	87	620	53	4	1,901	100	34	188	-	1	341	3	-	32	20	-	25	190	107	818	-	42
POPE	O 610 C 258 % 42	274 60 22	-	-	-	-	4	31	219	15	5	336	6	-	4	1	3	160	-	-	1	30	-	-	88	13	14	-	16
Pope Sheriff MN0610000	O 340 C 114 % 34	170 39 23	-	-	-	-	1	19	131	14	5	170	3	-	3	-	2	109	-	-	1	6	-	-	37	3	2	-	4
Glenwood PD MN0610100	O 270 C 144 % 53	104 21 20	-	-	-	-	3	12	88	1	-	166	3	-	1	1	1	51	-	-	-	24	-	-	51	10	12	-	12
RAMSEY	O 43,473 C 10,545 % 24	32,086 6,163 19	20	-	168	974	1,074	9,267	18,277	2,021	285	11,387	3,012	194	787	5	20	3,506	122	2	200	268	5	88	478	383	1,606	3	708
Ramsey Sheriff MN0620000	O 1,051 C 223 % 21	644 85 13	-	-	2	4	6	210	355	60	7	407	40	2	44	1	-	200	1	-	13	9	1	2	-	12	30	-	52
Arden Hills PD MN0620100	O 585 C 156 % 27	315 31 10	-	-	1	1	2	78	207	18	8	270	18	-	47	-	2	107	7	1	8	8	-	2	11	10	12	1	36
Falcon Heights PD MN0620200	O 316 C 83 % 25	158 17 10	-	-	3	5	4	36	93	15	2	158	9	2	41	-	-	46	2	-	-	18	-	1	3	5	13	-	18
Lauderdale PD MN0620300	O 201 C 54 % 27	83 5 6	-	-	-	4	-	19	52	8	-	118	7	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	4	1	65	-	4
Maplewood PD MN0620400	O 3,743 C 967 % 26	1,858 281 17	1	-	3	23	13	300	1,216	82	20	2,085	82	26	241	1	1	682	6	-	33	121	1	44	184	137	432	-	94
Mounds View PD MN0620500	O 1,267 C 387 % 31	639 127 20	-	-	3	1	1	73	508	52	2	628	70	2	2	1	-	296	11	-	20	10	-	12	57	49	58	-	40
New Brighton PD MN0620600	O 1,517 C 401 % 26	898 170 19	-	-	3	8	5	179	640	59	4	619	50	39	1	-	1	364	6	-	8	13	-	8	72	5	44	2	6
No. St. Paul PD MN0620700	O 1,207 C 520 % 43	602 186 31	-	-	2	1	4	129	429	18	9	605	50	16	30	-	2	237	12	1	13	16	-	6	32	44	61	-	85
Roseville PD MN0620800	O 4,373 C 1,252 % 29	2,345 503 21	-	-	6	27	6	326	1,792	178	10	2,028	95	80	153	1	7	694	17	-	56	31	-	2	30	41	731	-	90
St. Paul PD MN0620900	O 24,728 C 5,235 % 21	22,336 4,366 20	16	-	140	876	1,000	7,297	11,443	1,362	202	2,392	2,392	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
White Bear Lake PD MN0621000	O 1,833 C 515 % 28	1,010 186 18	-	-	3	13	12	220	708	49	5	823	72	15	16	-	4	409	49	-	8	19	1	2	68	49	64	-	47
Little Canada PD MN0621100	O 964 C 278 % 29	527 86 16	-	-	3	4	13	116	324	62	5	437	51	5	78	-	1	147	7	-	16	5	1	3	5	11	35	-	72

*Prior incidents cleared in 1980.

NOT AVAILABLE

TABLE 30 (Continued)

Area NCIC Number	Grand Total	Total Part I	Murder/ Non- Negligent	Negligent slaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Total Part II	Other Assaults	Forgery/ Counter- feiting	Fraud	Embezzle- ment	Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons	Prosti- tution	Other Sex Offenses	Narcotics	Gambling	Family/ Children	D.U.I.	Liquor Law	Dis- orderly	Vagrancy	Other Offenses
Shoreview PD MN0621200	O 947 C 230 % 24	496 56 11	--	--	1	1	3	127	326	32	6	451	40	4	47	1	1	181	2	--	14	2	1	5	7	14	38	--	96
Vadnais Heights PD MN0621300	O 547 C 156 % 30	307 45 15	--	--	1	4	5	126	142	25	4	240	21	1	75	--	--	72	2	--	5	5	--	1	4	3	20	--	31
North Oaks PD MN0621500	O 194 C 81 % 42	68 18 26	3	--	--	--	--	21	42	1	1	126	15	2	12	--	1	39	--	--	2	10	--	--	1	2	5	--	37
Red Lake Sheriff MN0630000	O 161 C 22 % 14	104 14 13	--	--	--	--	1	32	58	13	--	57	--	1	1	--	1	50	--	--	1	--	--	--	1	1	--	--	1
REDWOOD PD MN0640000	O 787 C 329 % 43	327 91 28	--	--	1	1	5	75	218	24	3	460	20	8	35	--	1	181	6	--	8	15	--	5	40	46	32	--	63
Redwood Sheriff MN0640000	O 341 C 124 % 36	140 28 20	--	--	1	--	3	40	78	16	2	201	10	5	22	--	--	85	4	--	5	4	--	2	15	13	16	--	20
Redwood Falls PD MN0640200	O 446 C 215 % 48	187 63 34	--	--	--	1	2	35	140	8	1	259	10	3	13	--	1	96	2	--	3	11	--	3	25	33	16	--	43
RENVILLE PD MN0650000	O 290 C 91 % 31	152 36 24	--	--	1	--	12	38	81	14	6	138	5	4	3	--	1	78	--	--	4	1	--	3	21	8	5	--	5
Renville Sheriff MN0650000	O 252 C 75 % 30	132 33 25	--	--	--	--	9	32	72	13	6	120	5	3	3	--	1	71	--	--	4	1	--	3	11	8	5	--	5
Olivia PD MN0650300	O 38 C 16 % 42	20 3 15	--	--	1	--	3	6	9	1	--	18	--	1	--	--	--	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	10	--	--	--	--
RICE PD MN0660000	O 4,618 C 1,473 % 32	1,662 292 18	--	--	1	6	10	293	1,136	102	14	2,956	137	30	130	--	9	926	61	2	66	48	2	18	231	118	640	22	516
Rice Sheriff MN0660000	O 989 C 269 % 27	325 38 11	--	--	1	--	1	124	180	23	6	654	28	3	20	--	1	207	24	1	9	7	1	2	76	33	112	--	130
Faribault PD MN0660100	O 2,843 C 968 % 34	915 170 19	--	--	--	5	4	205	636	60	5	1,928	88	20	90	--	4	512	30	--	44	34	1	14	141	65	488	22	375
Northfield PD MN0660200	O 786 C 236 % 30	412 84 20	--	--	--	1	5	64	320	19	3	374	21	7	20	--	4	207	7	1	13	7	--	2	14	20	40	--	11
ROCK PD MN0670000	O 209 C 43 % 21	129 29 22	--	--	--	2	--	26	96	5	--	80	2	5	1	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	2	1	2	--	--
Rock Sheriff MN0670000	O 54 C 12 % 22	37 7 19	--	--	--	2	--	15	17	3	--	17	--	5	1	--	--	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	--
Luxerne PD MN0670100	O 155 C 31 % 20	92 22 24	--	--	--	--	--	11	79	2	--	83	2	--	--	--	--	57	--	--	--	--	--	--	1	1	2	--	--

*Prior incidents cleared in 1980.

TABLE 30 (Continued)

Arms NCIC Number	Grand Total	Total Part I	Murder/ Non- Negligent	Negligent Man- slaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Total Part II	Other Assaults	Forgery/ Counter- feiting	Fraud	Embezzle- ment	Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons	Prosti- tution	Other Sex Offenses	Narcotics	Gambling	Family/ Children	D.U.I.	Liquor Laws	Dis- orderly	Vagrancy	Other Offenses	
St. Cloud PD MN0730400	O 5,265 C 2,117 % 40	2,884 806 28	3	7	16	30	360	2,314	129	25	2,381	246	72	224	21	839	35	1	87	46	5	9	237	93	371	95	217	85	217	
Sauk Centre PD MN0730500	O 361 C 91 % 25	151 28 18	1	2	23	97	28	210	7	3	9	210	7	3	9	110	8	1	1	1	1	5	1	51	22	32	8	51	22	
Waite Park PD MN0730600	O 176 C 159 % 90	40 23 58	1	1	1	1	3	32	2	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136
Sartell PD MN0731200	O 298 C 125 % 45	94 13 15	18	63	2	1	214	9	1	1	1	214	9	1	1	74	7	3	3	3	3	6	6	6	61	5	31	31	31	
STEELE	O 2,532 C 1,131 % 45	937 229 24	2	4	20	146	715	45	5	1,595	84	30	48	2	1	587	10	23	18	14	195	45	430	108	78	72	430	108	78	
Steele Sheriff MN0740000	O 639 C 296 % 46	192 59 31	1	1	100	54	127	5	4	447	15	7	6	1	198	50	5	10	5	5	12	5	17	63	45	34	45	34	45	
Owatonna PD MN0740100	O 1,893 C 835 % 44	745 170 23	1	4	19	92	588	40	1	1,148	69	23	42	1	389	5	13	13	9	126	28	367	63	44	44	367	63	44	367	
STEVENS	O 908 C 368 % 41	346 57 17	4	67	252	21	2	562	11	7	17	562	11	7	17	208	6	10	28	68	43	136	16	16	117	16	117	16	117	
Stevens Sheriff MN0750000	O 277 C 113 % 41	108 16 15	1	23	77	5	2	169	2	3	5	169	2	3	5	54	5	5	12	45	14	17	7	7	17	7	17	7	17	
Morris PD MN0750100	O 621 C 255 % 41	229 41 18	3	41	169	16	392	9	4	12	1	392	9	4	12	153	1	5	16	23	29	119	19	12	109	12	109	12	109	
SWIFT	O 565 C 156 % 28	272 49 18	2	10	32	5	107	6	1	1	198	7	2	2	17	1	2	4	4	54	14	17	7	4	17	7	17	7	17	
Swift Sheriff MN0760000	O 264 C 91 % 34	125 23 18	1	32	81	9	139	3	1	1	75	3	1	1	9	100	1	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Benson PD MN0760200	O 301 C 65 % 22	147 26 18	1	18	113	12	1	154	4	1	123	4	1	1	11	1	2	4	13	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
TODD	O 1,144 C 381 % 33	577 132 23	3	2	9	124	388	45	6	567	31	3	32	3	285	6	8	9	6	63	10	35	74	74	35	74	35	74	35	
Todd Sheriff MN0770000	O 794 C 246 % 31	375 78 21	2	2	9	83	244	30	5	419	19	2	31	2	31	4	206	3	8	3	5	2	70	70	33	70	33	70	33	
Long Prairie PD MN0770100	O 169 C 74 % 44	96 33 34	15	22	8	73	5	1	1	37	2	37	2	37	2	37	2	37	2	37	2	37	2	37	2	37	2	37	2	37
Staples PD MN0770200	O 181 C 61 % 34	106 21 20	26	72	7	75	7	7	7	42	1	42	1	42	1	42	1	42	1	42	1	42	1	42	1	42	1	42	1	42

TABLE 30 (Continued)

Area NCIC Number	Grand Total	Total Part I	Murder/ Non- Negligent	Negligent Man- slaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Total Part II	Other Assaults	Forgery/ Counter- feiting	Fraud	Embezzle- ment	Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons	Prosti- tution	Other Sex Offenses	Narcotics	Gambling	Family/ Children	D.U.I.	Liquor Laws	Dis- orderly	Vagrancy	Other Offenses
Newport PD MN0820400	O 376 C 51 % 14	194 16 8	--	--	1	2	3	28	149	11	--	182	23	10	8	--	1	85	--	--	3	2	--	1	9	2	29	--	9
St. Paul Park PD MN0820500	O 616 C 147 % 24	263 48 18	--	--	1	7	38	196	16	5	353	34	3	7	--	--	123	--	1	6	--	--	6	18	22	108	--	25	
Stillwater PD MN0820600	O 1,241 C 360 % 29	633 131 21	1	--	3	3	9	122	470	23	2	608	42	6	39	--	1	347	1	--	8	10	--	--	46	14	52	1	41
Cottage Grove PD MN0820700	O 3,375 C 840 % 25	784 178 23	--	--	4	15	106	612	31	16	2,591	93	12	111	1	3	632	3	--	11	18	--	21	67	30	624	--	965	
Oakdale PD MN0820800	O 1,378 C 731 % 53	546 205 38	--	--	2	3	--	115	402	22	2	832	32	6	12	--	3	399	30	--	11	37	--	22	39	68	116	--	57
Lake Elmo PD MN0821000	O 707 C 256 % 36	298 42 14	--	--	--	3	104	168	20	3	409	30	3	7	--	4	100	23	--	9	1	1	17	18	4	78	--	114	
Woodbury PD MN0821100	O 1,478 C 554 % 38	453 62 14	--	--	8	1	2	160	267	11	4	1,025	33	8	35	--	6	234	99	1	17	27	--	2	70	33	334	--	126
Hugo PD MN0821200	O 231 C 85 % 37	99 18 18	--	--	1	--	2	33	48	14	1	132	12	1	6	--	3	36	5	--	7	3	--	6	3	3	15	--	32
WATONWAN PD MN0821300	O 274 C 110 % 40	86 27 31	--	--	2	--	3	14	60	6	1	188	4	3	4	--	2	78	7	--	9	4	--	3	10	27	16	--	21
Watonwan Sheriff MN0830000	O 33 C 31 % 94	15 13 87	--	--	1	--	2	5	6	--	1	18	1	--	--	--	2	--	2	--	1	2	--	--	1	1	--	8	
St. James PD MN0830200	O 241 C 79 % 33	71 14 20	--	--	1	--	1	9	54	6	--	170	3	3	4	--	78	5	--	8	2	--	3	10	26	15	--	13	
WILKIN PD MN0840000	O 1,132 C 613 % 54	273 63 23	--	--	1	1	16	41	186	26	2	859	25	7	180	--	124	20	--	12	16	--	14	123	107	102	1	128	
Wilkin Sheriff MN0840000	O 272 C 141 % 52	77 10 13	--	--	1	--	6	24	37	8	1	195	8	1	11	--	45	3	--	--	7	--	4	55	29	9	1	22	
Breckenridge PD MN0840100	O 860 C 472 % 55	196 53 27	--	--	1	10	17	149	18	1	664	17	6	169	--	79	17	--	12	9	--	10	68	78	93	--	106		
WINONA PD MN0850000	O 4,100 C 1,175 % 29	2,184 561 26	1	--	1	14	18	514	1,505	123	8	1,916	157	13	100	--	2	1,001	12	1	44	26	1	44	95	60	221	--	139
Winona Sheriff MN0850000	O 754 C 184 % 24	398 91 23	1	--	2	4	142	210	39	356	20	4	20	--	--	191	2	--	2	5	--	4	38	5	46	--	19		
Winona PD MN0850200	O 3,346 C 991 % 30	1,786 470 26	--	--	1	12	14	372	1,295	84	8	1,560	137	9	80	--	2	810	10	1	42	21	1	40	57	55	175	--	120

*Prior incidents cleared in 1980.

TABLE 30 (Continued)

Area NCIC Number	Grand Total	Total Part I	Murder/ Non- Negligent	Negligent Man- slaughter	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson	Total Part II	Other Assaults	Forgery/ Counter- feiting	Fraud	Embezzle- ment	Stolen Property	Vandalism	Weapons	Prosti- tution	Other Sex Offenses	Narcotics	Gambling	Family/ Children	D.U.I.	Liquor Laws	Dis- orderly	Vagrancy	Other Offenses
WRIGHT	O 2,718	1,482	1	-	3	9	12	378	983	85	11	1,236	107	23	49	5	790	9	-	28	5	-	11	54	46	68	-	41	
	C 768	283	1	-	1	4	10	65	160	38	4	485	81	9	23	5	139	7	-	16	5	-	4	54	45	63	-	24	
	% 28	19	100	-	33	44	83	17	16	45	36	39	76	39	47	100	18	78	-	57	100	-	36	100	98	93	-	83	
Wright Sheriff	O 2,387	1,348	1	-	3	9	11	347	887	79	11	1,039	103	18	49	5	716	6	-	26	3	-	9	-	14	60	-	30	
	C 619	250	1	-	1	4	9	60	134	37	4	369	77	8	23	5	131	6	-	16	3	-	3	-	13	57	-	27	
	MN0850000	% 26	19	100	-	33	44	82	17	15	47	36	75	44	47	100	18	100	-	62	100	-	33	-	93	95	-	90	
Buffalo PD	O 331	134	-	-	-	-	1	31	96	6	-	197	4	5	-	74	3	-	2	2	-	2	54	32	8	-	11		
	C 149	33	-	-	-	-	1	5	26	1	-	116	4	1	-	8	1	-	2	2	-	1	54	32	6	-	7		
	MN0860100	% 45	25	-	-	-	100	16	27	17	-	59	100	20	-	11	33	-	100	100	-	50	100	100	75	-	64		
YELLOW MEDICINE	O 373	146	-	-	-	-	2	34	99	10	1	227	8	14	58	-	41	-	-	1	3	-	2	74	3	3	-	20	
	C 237	44	-	-	-	-	2	10	26	6	-	193	8	14	57	-	8	-	-	1	3	-	2	74	3	3	-	20	
	% 64	30	-	-	-	-	100	29	26	60	-	85	100	100	98	-	20	-	-	100	100	-	100	100	100	100	-	100	
Yellow Medicine Sheriff	O 240	88	-	-	-	-	24	57	6	1	152	6	14	57	-	7	-	-	-	1	2	-	2	41	2	2	-	18	
	C 180	32	-	-	-	-	7	22	4	-	147	6	14	57	-	2	-	-	-	1	2	-	2	41	2	2	-	18	
	MN0870000	% 75	38	-	-	-	29	39	67	-	97	100	100	100	-	29	-	-	-	100	100	-	100	100	100	100	-	100	
Granite Falls PD	O 133	58	-	-	-	-	2	10	42	4	-	75	2	-	1	-	34	-	-	-	1	-	-	33	1	1	-	2	
	C 57	11	-	-	-	-	2	3	4	2	-	46	2	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	33	1	1	-	2	
	MN0870200	% 43	19	-	-	-	100	30	10	50	-	61	100	-	-	18	-	-	-	100	100	-	100	100	100	-	100		
STATE HWY. PATROL	O 4,763	75	-	-	-	1	3	3	42	26	-	4,688	29	-	-	2	14	19	-	1	111	-	-	4,337	4	25	2	144	
	C 4,763	32	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	26	-	4,671	29	-	-	2	8	18	-	-	110	-	-	4,336	4	25	2	137	
	MN0870000	% 99	43	-	-	-	100	7	100	100	-	100	100	-	-	100	57	95	-	99	-	-	100	100	100	100	-	95	

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

ADULT — For Minnesota Uniform Crime Report purposes, a person aged 18 or above.

ARREST RATE — The number of arrests reported for Part I and Part II offenses for each unit of population, generally per 100,000. Arrest rates are computed in the same manner as crime rates.

CLEARED BY ARREST — For crime reporting purposes, an offense is cleared by arrest or solved when at least one person is: (1) arrested, or (2) charged with the commission of the offense.

COUNTY — Subdivisions of state, each with its own government, including a sheriff's department.

CRIME FACTORS — Conditions which affect the amount and type of crime that occurs in a geographical area.

CRIME INDEX — The total number of eight major offenses used to measure the extent, fluctuation and distribution of a crime in a given geographical area. Crime classifications used in the index are: Murder, Forcible Rape, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Larceny, Motor Vehicle Theft, and Arson. Each of these offenses is referred to as an "Index Offense".

CRIME RATE — The number of index offenses reported for each unit of population, generally per 100,000 persons. Crime rates are computed for communities with varying populations by dividing the number of Index Crimes by the population and multiplying the answer by 100,000. (Example: 500 Index Offenses divided by 10,000 population X 100,000 = 5,000 Crime Rate.)

EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE — A crime solution or clearance recorded when some element beyond law enforcement control precludes the placing of formal charges against an offender.

JUVENILE — For Minnesota Uniform Crime Report purposes, a person under the age of 18.

MUNICIPALITY — City or town that has its own government, including police department.

PART I OFFENSES — The first of two main categories of crime classes composing a universal crime classification system established for crime reporting purposes. Part I offenses are by their nature more serious and occur most frequently. The monthly tabulation of Part I offenses provides a count of "offenses known".

PART II OFFENSES — The second of two main categories of crime classes composing a universal crime classification system established for crime reporting purposes. Part II offenses are generally less serious in nature. Monthly tabulations of Part II offenses are included in Minnesota's crime information report.

PROPERTY CRIME — Consists of the Index Offenses of Burglary, Larceny, Motor Vehicle Theft and Arson.

VIOLENT CRIME — Consists of the Index Offenses of Murder, Forcible Rape, Robbery and Aggravated Assault.

END