

FOREWORD

This analysis of assaults on Federal officers is made in an attempt to present a valid portrayal of the risks incurred by those employed to protect our Nation's officials, enforce its laws, adjudicate infractions of those laws, and confine offenders. Officers of the Federal organizations represented in this report are charged with diverse duties which often result in physical or verbal attacks against them. Illustrative of the dangers confronting these dedicated men and women of our criminal justice system are the more than 130 line-of-duty assaults resulting in injury during 1981. Most tragic was the death of a Postal Security Police Officer who was slain while on guard duty at a postal facility.

For the last decade, this report has been published to aid concerned agencies with the development of procedures to minimize the frequency of these occurrences. By examining the information, officers themselves may gain valuable insight into methods for dealing with similar potentially dangerous situations.

OTHER ANNUAL UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING PUBLICATIONS:

Bomb Summary
 Crime in the United States
 Law Enforcement Officers Killed Summary

U.S. Department of Justice
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METHODOLOGY

Contained in this publication is information on assaults against criminal justice officers employed by five Federal Government organizations--the United States Department of the Interior, the United States Department of Justice, the United States Department of the Treasury, the Judicial Branch, and the United States Postal Service. Within these five Federal sectors are 15 agencies, bureaus, or services which employ the majority of the personnel who are responsible for protecting Government officials; enforcing and investigating violations of Federal laws; and prosecuting and incarcerating offenders.

Reports of investigations conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), the Department of the Treasury, and the United States Postal Service provide the basis for the presented statistical data. While the FBI has the responsibility of investigating certain assault incidents involving personnel of the Department of the Interior, the Department of Justice, and the Judicial Branch, the Department of the Treasury and United States Postal Service customarily investigate assaults against officers assigned to their agencies. Periodically, these two organizations supply reports concerning these attacks for inclusion in the publication.

All statistical presentations in this document represent the number of victim officers assaulted and not the number of assault incidents or weapons employed. Regardless of the extent or even absence of personal injury, all reports of assaults or threats to assault are included in the compilations. In tabulations pertaining to weapons used, it should be noted that personal weapons are considered to be any part of the body--hands, fists, feet, etc.--which can be employed as a weapon.

COMMENTS

Overview

In 1981, 728 Federal officers were victims of assaults while performing official duties. For 18 percent of the victim officers, these attacks resulted in injury. One officer, employed by the United States Postal Service, was killed.

Although the total number of officers assaulted remained relatively stable in 1981 as compared to 1980, the five Federal segments included in this data reported varying experiences. Two Departments, Interior and Justice, registered increases, while the Department of the Treasury, the Judicial Branch, and the U. S. Postal Service each recorded a decline.

Weapons were used in 57 percent of the assaults on officers in 1981. Firearms were utilized in 17 percent of all attacks; knives in 2 percent; blunt objects in 5 percent; vehicles in 3 percent; personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) in 27 percent; and other

dangerous weapons in 2 percent. Forty-three percent were comprised of threats where no weapon was used.

The largest proportion (28 percent) of the officers assaulted were conducting investigations or searches when attacked. Twenty percent of the assaults occurred while officers were making arrests or serving summonses; another 20 percent took place while victims were performing office duties. Maintaining custody of prisoners was the activity in which 19 percent of the officers were engaged when assaulted, and 4 percent of the victims were off duty but taking some official action when attacked. The remaining officers were assaulted while performing various responsibilities.

Geographically, the most heavily populated region of the Nation, the South, recorded 35 percent of all assaults on Federal officers. The North Central States reported 25 percent of the assaults, the Northeastern States, 20 percent; and the Western States, 17 percent.

Only one region, the Western States, reported a decrease in assaults for the year. The number of assaults rose slightly in Northeastern and Southern Regions, while in the North Central Region, the total was the same in both 1980 and 1981.

Outside the continental United States, the Territories of Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U. S. Virgin Islands jointly registered 1 percent of the total assaults. The remaining 2 percent of the victims were assaulted while on official duty in foreign countries. Sites of the attacks included Brazil, Colombia, Argentina, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, and Mexico.

Nearly 600 assailants have been identified in connection with the assaults on officers during 1981.

Considering the 5-year period, 1977-1981, 3,725 Federal officers were victims of assaults; as a result of the attacks, 9 officers were killed and 638 injured. Among the slain officers, 1 was a U. S. Postal Service Security Police Officer killed in 1981, and 2 were U. S. Secret Service Agents slain in 1980. During 1979, 5 officers lost their lives; 3 were Federal Bureau of Investigation Agents, 1 a U. S. District Court Judge, and 1 a U. S. Customs Service Inspector. A United States Border Patrol Agent was feloniously killed in 1978.

A review of the weapons used in the assaults occurring in the 5-year span revealed that firearms were employed in 13 percent; knives in 2 percent; blunt objects and vehicles in 4 percent each; personal weapons in 33 percent; and other dangerous weapons in 1 percent. Duplicating the 1981 experience, threats comprised 43 percent of the assaults during the last 5 years collectively.

Regionally, more officers were assaulted in the Southern States, the most

populous region, with 33 percent of the total assaults for 1977 through 1981. The North Central States recorded 24 percent of all assaults; the Western States, 22 percent; and the Northeastern States, 19 percent. Federal officers assaulted in Puerto Rico, the U. S. Virgin Islands, and Guam, along with those assaulted while performing official duties outside the country, accounted for the remaining 2 percent.

Departmental Assaults--1981

Department of the Interior: Twenty-nine Department of the Interior officers were assaulted, 22 with the Bureau of Indian Affairs and 7 with the National Park Service. Ten of the assaulted officers suffered personal injuries; 5 of those injured were wounded by firearms. Twenty-five assailants were apprehended in connection with the 29 assaults.

Most of the assaults, 93 percent, occurred while Department of the Interior officers were conducting investigations/searches or attempting arrests/serving summonses; seven percent took place while maintaining custody of prisoners.

Officers were attacked by assailants possessing firearms in 18 instances, knives in 3, personal weapons in 7, and in 1 incident, a vehicle was the weapon used.

Department of Justice: In 1981, 316 Justice Department officers were attacked--an increase of 30 percent over the previous year. The Department tallied 43 percent of the total assaults on Federal officers. As in 1980, the Bureau of Prisons reported the highest number of both assaults and injuries. That agency alone accounted for 111 assaults, all occurring while maintaining custody of prisoners. Fifty-two attacks resulted in injuries to the officers.

Among the other agencies comprising the Department, injuries were sustained by 14 Immigration and Naturalization Service officers, 12 Agents of the Drug Enforcement Administration, 6 FBI Agents, and 4 U. S. Marshals.

Offenders utilized firearms in 24 percent of the assaults; knives in 2 percent; blunt objects in 10 percent; vehicles in 5 percent; personal weapons in 40 percent; and other weapons in 2 percent. Threats made up 17 percent.

One hundred twenty-two officers were confronted while charged with the custody of prisoners; 88 while making arrests/serving summonses; 69 while carrying out investigative/search duties; and 22 while performing office, court, or other related duties. Fifteen officers were attacked while off duty.

Department of the Treasury: Among the four branches of the Department of the Treasury, 333 Federal officers were assaulted. Totalling the highest count, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) reported that 251 of its employees, a decrease of 21 percent from the previous year, had been accosted. Eighty-three

percent (208) of the recorded IRS assaults consisted of threats.

Twenty-four Treasury Department officers were injured as a result of assaults. The U. S. Customs Service reported 11 assaults with injury; IRS, 6; the U. S. Secret Service, 5; and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, 2.

Treasury Department officers were attacked by assailants wielding firearms in 27 instances; knives in 5; blunt objects in 5; vehicles in 7; personal weapons in 48; and other dangerous weapons in 8. Threats were lodged against 233 officers.

At the time of the assaults, three-fourths of the Treasury officials were conducting investigations/searches or attending to office duties.

Judicial Branch: Threats comprised all 24 assaults on Federal judges during 1981. The threats were, in most cases, delivered in written form or made verbally, by telephone or in person. Twenty-three known assailants were apprehended in connection with the threats against Federal judges.

United States Postal Service: Injuries resulted from almost half of the 25 assaults on Postal Inspectors and Security Police in 1981. One fatality by a firearm was recorded.

Postal Service Officers, when assaulted, were performing such actions as protection, making arrests/serving summonses, investigating/searching, and other related duties. The slain Security Police Officer was on guard duty at a local postal facility when shot and killed.

Of the weapons used against these Federal officials, 4 were firearms, 4 were knives, 16 were personal weapons, and 1 other dangerous weapon.

SELECTED DEPARTMENTAL ASSAULTS--1981

Department of the Interior

Following a traffic stop in Prince Georges County, Maryland, a United States Park Police Officer was shot and critically wounded. Prior to the shooting, the officer radioed the dispatcher and supplied identifying data from an expired driver's license obtained from the motorist he had detained. Reportedly, a struggle between the officer and the motorist subsequently ensued during which the officer was shot in the chest, abdomen, and leg. The assailant fled the scene in a vehicle, which was later determined to have been stolen. After abandoning the getaway car, it is believed the male, allegedly with a traveling companion, commandeered another vehicle at gunpoint, abandoned it, and remains at large.

Department of Justice

On June 8, in a successful attempt to apprehend a fugitive, a Special Agent of the

Judicial Branch

The life of a United States Bankruptcy Judge was threatened on May 1 by a telephone caller who informed him that he was going to be shot. A 38-year-old male, recently having received a foreclosure notice on his home from the bankruptcy court, was arrested and charged. Federal prosecution in this matter was declined in lieu of another Federal charge.

United States Postal Service

While standing guard at the Chicago Main Post Office on the evening of June 21, a Security Police Officer was shot and killed allegedly by a male attempting to steal his service weapon. Investigation indicates that three males were involved in the attempted robbery which resulted in the officer's death. One manned a getaway vehicle while another served as backup for the third who approached the officer's guardhouse and drew a .357-magnum handgun. During the ensuing struggle, the 26-year-old officer attempted to disarm his assailant, who successfully resisted and allegedly fired six rounds from the weapon at the officer. Suffering multiple gunshot wounds, which later proved fatal, the officer called for assistance as the males fled the scene. Using witnesses' descriptions of the suspects and their escape vehicle, other officers arrested three suspects, aged 20, 18, and 16, later that day.

FBI was assaulted. The fugitive, imprisoned for the murder of one police officer, had escaped and was wanted in connection with the slaying of a West Virginia State Police trooper. Subsequent investigation determined that he was residing in a New York City hotel, and while several agents were conducting a surveillance of the hotel, was seen entering the lobby. In an attempt to evade arrest, the male allegedly drew a .38-caliber handgun and aimed it at one agent. The male was fired upon, critically wounded, and transported to a local hospital. He was subsequently charged with the murder of the trooper and with assaulting a Federal officer.

Department of the Treasury

On March 30 in Washington, D. C., a U. S. Secret Service Agent was shot while attempting to protect the President of the United States. The Special Agent and the President had exited a hotel and were walking toward a vehicle when the agent observed the male aiming a weapon at the President. As the agent moved in the direction of the potential assassin, he was wounded in the stomach with a .22-caliber handgun. A total of six rounds were fired, and in addition to the agent, the President, the President's press secretary, and a Washington, D. C., Metropolitan Police Department Officer were wounded. A 25-year-old male was subdued and arrested by other Secret Service Agents and Metropolitan police officers. Subsequently, he was charged with the attempted assassination of the President and assaulting a Federal officer.

TABLE 1. ASSAULTS ON FEDERAL OFFICERS, 1980-1981
VICTIMS AND KNOWN ASSAILANTS
DEPARTMENT AND AGENCY

Department Agency	Victims		Known Assailants	
	1980	1981	1980	1981
TOTALS	724	728	592	593
Department of the Interior	19	29	20	25
Bureau of Indian Affairs	13	22	12	17
National Park Service	6	7	8	8
Department of Justice	243	316	184	249
Bureau of Prisons	120	111	102	99
Drug Enforcement Administration	52	95	35	64
Federal Bureau of Investigation	37	42	23	40
Immigration and Naturalization Service	19	46	17	34
U. S. and Assistant U. S. Attorney	9	8	4	2
U. S. Marshals Service	6	14	3	10
Department of the Treasury	406	333	352	273
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms	28	31	30	19
Internal Revenue Service	316	251	277	217
U. S. Customs Service	25	25	22	16
U. S. Secret Service	37	26	23	21
Judicial Branch	28	24	17	23
United States Postal Service	28	26	19	23
Postal Inspectors	18	4	9	4
Postal Security Police	15	22	10	19

TABLE 2. VICTIMS KILLED OR INJURED, 1981
FIREARMS AND OTHER WEAPONS
DEPARTMENT AND AGENCY

Department Agency	Killed		Injured	
	Firearm	Other Weapon	Firearm	Other Weapon
TOTAL VICTIMS	1	...	17	116
Department of the Interior	5	5
Bureau of Indian Affairs	4	3
National Park Service	1	2
Department of Justice	10	78
Bureau of Prisons	52
Drug Enforcement Administration	7	5
Federal Bureau of Investigation	2	4
Immigration and Naturalization Service	1	13
U. S. and Assistant U. S. Attorney	4
U. S. Marshals Service
Department of the Treasury	2	22
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms	1	1
Internal Revenue Service	6
U. S. Customs Service	11
U. S. Secret Service	1	4
Judicial Branch
United States Postal Service	1	...	...	11
Postal Inspectors	2
Postal Security Police	1	...	...	9

TABLE 3. WEAPON USED AND EXTENT OF INJURY, 1977-1981

Year	Extent of Injury	Totals	Firearm	Knife	Blunt Object	Bomb	Vehicle	Personal Weapons	Threat	Other
TOTAL VICTIMS		3,725	478	91	167	7	141	1,219	1,591	31
1977		880	122	29	37	2	40	304	346	...
Killed
Injured		140	13	8	22	1	8	88	...	...
No Injury		740	109	21	15	1	32	216	346	...
1978		771	91	19	39	4	32	249	336	1
Killed		1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Injured		121	8	5	13	...	4	91	...	...
No Injury		649	83	14	26	4	28	157	336	1
1979		622	68	6	29	...	14	230	271	4
Killed		5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Injured		126	15	3	14	...	1	91	...	2
No Injury		491	48	3	15	...	13	139	271	2
1980		724	72	19	25	1	31	239	326	11
Killed		2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Injured		118	6	11	7	...	8	85	...	1
No Injury		604	64	8	18	1	23	154	326	10
1981		728	125	18	37	...	24	197	312	15
Killed		1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Injured		133	17	7	19	...	8	80	...	2
No Injury		594	107	11	18	...	16	117	312	13

CHART 1

**ASSAULTS ON FEDERAL OFFICERS
MONTHLY VARIATION FROM ANNUAL
AVERAGE, 1980-1981**

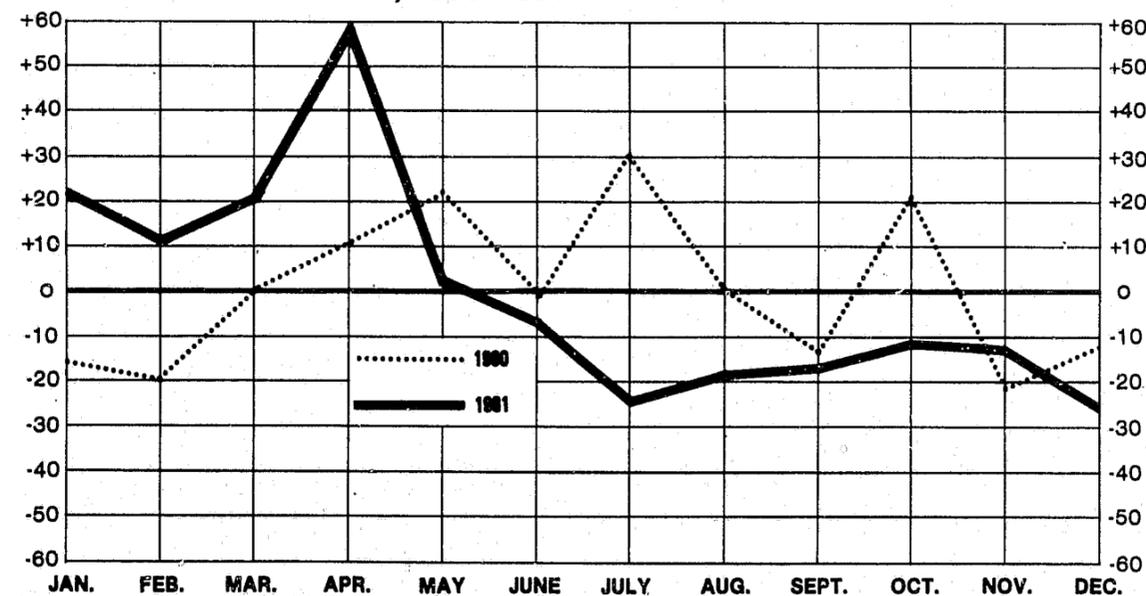


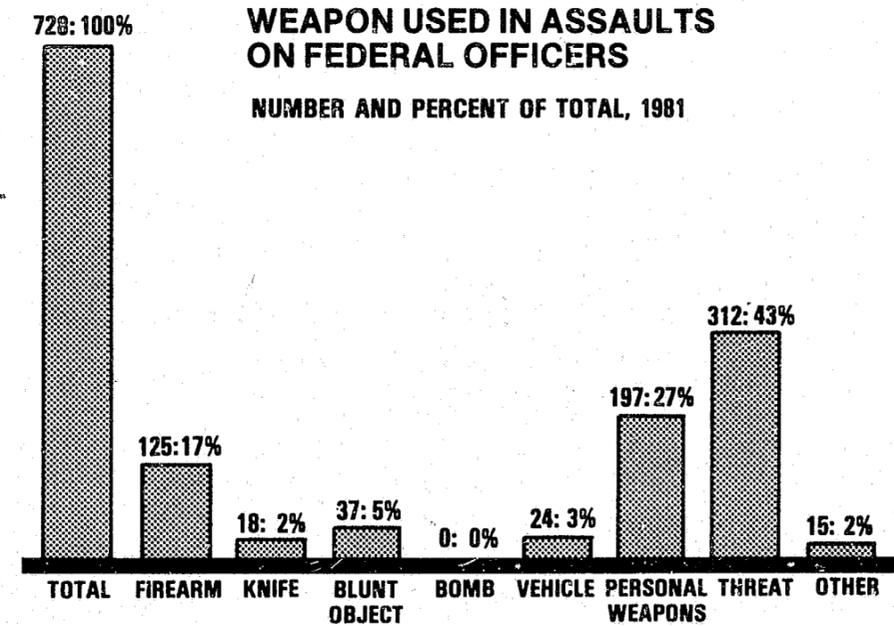
TABLE 4. WEAPON USED IN ASSAULTS ON FEDERAL OFFICERS, 1977-1981
DEPARTMENT AND AGENCY

Department Year	Weapon Used								
	Totals	Firearm	Knife	Blunt Object	Bomb	Vehicle	Personal Weapons	Threat	Other
TOTAL VICTIMS	3,725	478	91	167	7	141	1,219	1,591	31
Department of the Interior	159	72	12	11	...	6	48	10	...
1977	62	24	6	1	...	3	22	6	...
1978	24	14	...	3	...	...	7	...	...
1979	25	15	...	3	...	...	4	3	...
1980	19	1	3	4	...	2	8	1	...
1981	29	18	3	...	...	1	7	...	...
Department of Justice	1,366	253	42	102	3	85	738	133	10
1977	338	64	14	22	2	25	181	30	...
1978	261	47	12	17	...	19	149	17	...
1979	208	28	...	20	...	7	136	15	2
1980	243	38	10	11	1	18	146	17	2
1981	316	76	6	32	...	16	126	54	6
Department of the Treasury	2,004	139	27	46	4	48	367	1,353	20
1977	457	31	9	14	...	12	98	293	...
1978	450	26	4	13	4	12	83	307	1
1979	358	24	5	5	...	7	73	242	2
1980	406	31	4	9	...	10	65	278	9
1981	333	27	5	5	...	7	48	233	8
Judicial Branch	86	1	...	...	...	...	1	84	...
1977	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...
1978	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...
1979	10	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	...
1980	28	...	...	...	...	...	1	27	...
1981	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...
United States Postal Service	110	13	10	8	...	2	65	11	1
1977	7	3	...	...	...	...	3	1	...
1978	28	4	3	6	...	...	10	4	...
1979	21	...	1	1	...	...	17	2	...
1980	28	2	2	1	...	1	19	3	...
1981	26	4	4	...	...	...	16	1	1

TABLE 5. WEAPON USED IN ASSAULTS ON FEDERAL OFFICERS, 1981
DEPARTMENT AND AGENCY

Department Agency	Weapon Used								
	Totals	Firearm	Knife	Blunt Object	Bomb	Vehicle	Personal Weapons	Threat	Other
TOTAL VICTIMS	728	125	18	37	...	24	197	312	15
Department of the Interior	29	18	3	...	...	1	7	...	...
Bureau of Indian Affairs	22	16	3	...	...	...	3	...	...
National Park Service	7	2	...	...	...	1	4	...	...
Department of Justice	316	76	6	32	...	16	126	54	6
Bureau of Prisons	111	...	5	15	...	...	87	...	4
Drug Enforcement Administration	95	40	...	4	...	7	6	37	1
Federal Bureau of Investigation	42	22	...	3	...	7	5	4	1
Immigration and Naturalization Service	46	12	1	10	...	2	18	3	...
U. S. and Assistant U. S. Attorney	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...
U. S. Marshals Service	14	2	...	...	...	...	10	2	...
Department of the Treasury	333	27	5	5	...	7	48	233	8
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms	31	6	...	1	...	...	6	18	...
Internal Revenue Service	251	14	...	4	...	2	17	208	6
U. S. Customs Service	25	4	...	...	...	4	13	4	...
U. S. Secret Service	26	3	5	...	...	1	12	3	2
Judicial Branch	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...
United States Postal Service	26	4	4	...	...	...	16	1	1
Postal Inspectors	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
Postal Security Police	22	4	4	...	...	...	12	1	1

CHART 2



PERCENTAGES DO NOT ADD TO 100% DUE TO ROUNDING

CHART 3

WEAPON USED IN ASSAULTS ON FEDERAL OFFICERS, 1981

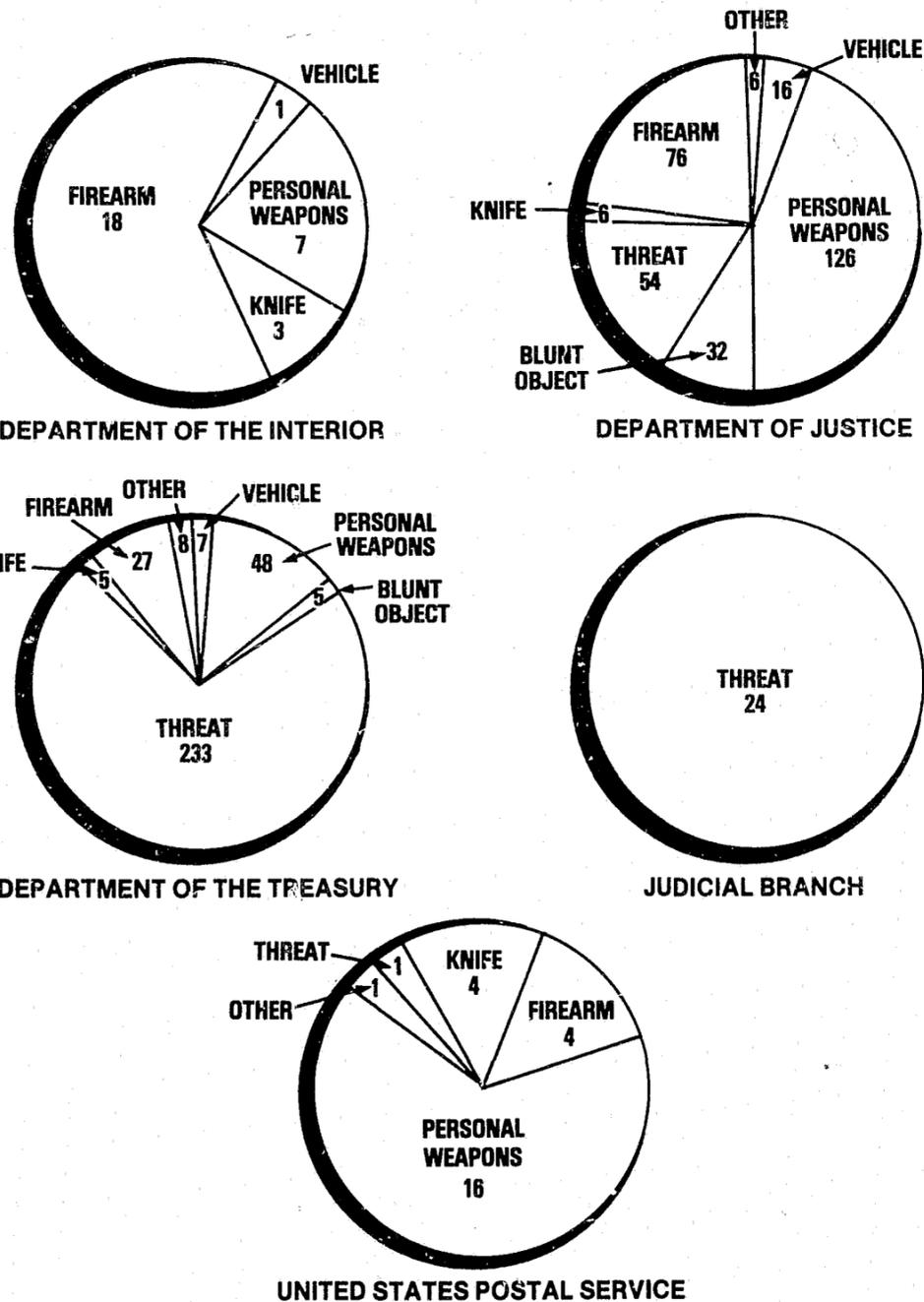


TABLE 6. ACTIVITY WHEN ASSAULTED, 1981
DEPARTMENT AND AGENCY

Department Agency	Totals	Activity							
		Arrests-- Summons	Court Duty	Custody of Prisoner	Investi- gations-- Searches	Protec- tion Duty	Office Duty	Off Duty	Other
TOTAL VICTIMS	728	142	9	135	205	3	144	28	62
Department of the Interior	29	15	...	2	12	...	...	...	...
Bureau of Indian Affairs	22	11	...	1	10	...	...	...	...
National Park Service	7	4	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
Department of Justice	316	88	3	122	69	...	6	15	13
Bureau of Prisons	111	...	...	111	...	...	...	...	...
Drug Enforcement Administration	95	42	...	1	34	...	...	11	7
Federal Bureau of Investigation	42	22	...	...	12	...	5	2	1
Immigration and Naturalization Service	46	17	...	5	23	...	...	1	...
U. S. and Assistant U. S. Attorney	8	...	3	...	...	...	1	1	3
U. S. Marshals Service	14	7	...	5	...	...	...	...	2
Department of the Treasury	333	30	3	11	118	1	131	13	26
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms	31	8	3	...	9	...	...	1	10
Internal Revenue Service	251	12	...	...	86	...	130	12	11
U. S. Customs Service	25	...	...	10	14	...	...	...	1
U. S. Secret Service	26	10	...	1	9	1	1	...	4
Judicial Branch	24	...	3	...	...	...	7	...	14
United States Postal Service	26	9	...	...	6	2	...	...	9
Postal Inspectors	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Postal Security Police	22	5	...	...	6	2	...	...	9

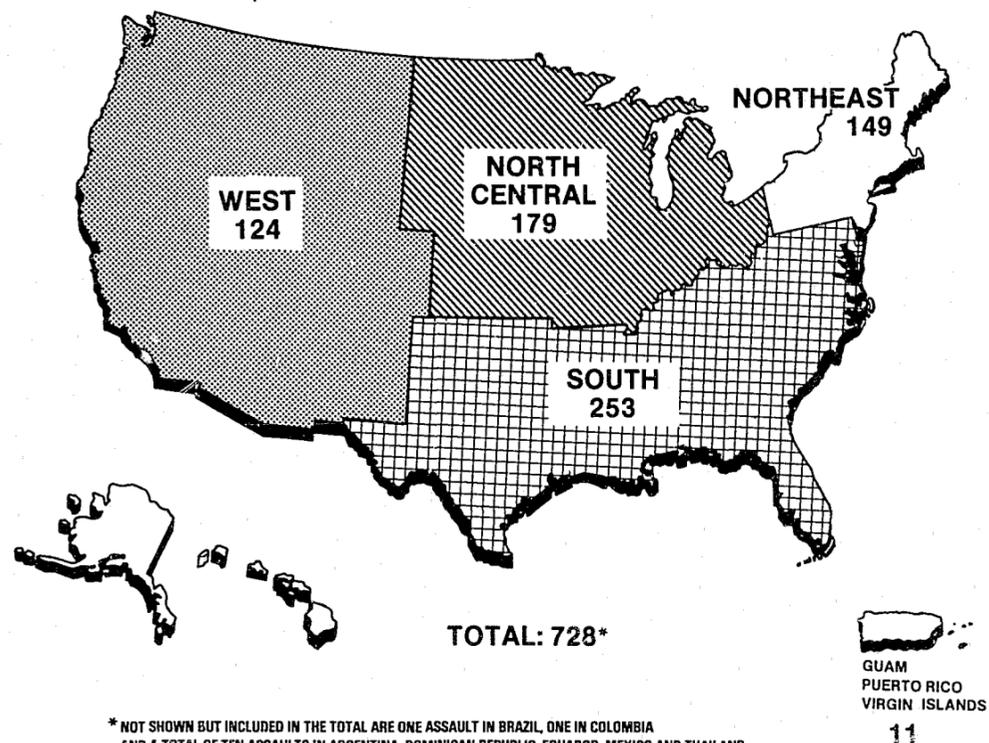
TABLE 7. DISPOSITION OF KNOWN ASSAILANTS, 1981
DEPARTMENT AND AGENCY

Department Agency	Totals	Persons Not Charged				Persons Charged			
		Deceased	Pending Prosecution Opinion	Prosecution Declined*	Fugitive	Incompetent to Stand Trial	Awaiting Trial	Dismissed Not Guilty**	Guilty
TOTAL KNOWN ASSAILANTS	593	5	140	300	10	...	66	50	22
Department of the Interior	25	...	8	9	2	...	1	3	2
Bureau of Indian Affairs	17	...	4	8	...	...	1	2	2
National Park Service	8	...	4	1	2	...	...	1	...
Department of Justice	249	5	50	112	6	...	41	24	11
Bureau of Prisons	99	...	29	56	...	...	11	2	1
Drug Enforcement Administration	64	3	11	31	3	...	14	...	2
Federal Bureau of Investigation	40	1	5	10	2	...	10	9	3
Immigration and Naturalization Service	34	1	3	12	1	...	...	12	5
U. S. and Assistant U. S. Attorney	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
U. S. Marshals Service	10	...	1	2	...	...	6	1	...
Department of the Treasury	273	...	63	162	2	...	18	20	8
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms	19	...	9	4	...	...	...	3	3
Internal Revenue Service	217	...	50	149	1	...	7	6	4
U. S. Customs Service	16	...	2	...	1	...	2	11	...
U. S. Secret Service	21	...	2	9	...	...	9	...	1
Judicial Branch	23	...	15	7	...	...	1	...	...
United States Postal Service	23	...	4	10	...	...	5	3	1
Postal Inspectors	4	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...
Postal Security Police	19	...	4	10	...	...	2	2	1

*Includes those offenders charged with offenses other than assaulting a Federal officer.
**Includes those offenders prosecuted on charges other than assaulting a Federal officer.

CHART 4

ASSAULTS ON FEDERAL OFFICERS, 1981



* NOT SHOWN BUT INCLUDED IN THE TOTAL ARE ONE ASSAULT IN BRAZIL, ONE IN COLOMBIA AND A TOTAL OF TEN ASSAULTS IN ARGENTINA, DOMINICAN REPUBLIC, ECUADOR, MEXICO AND THAILAND.

TABLE 8. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR OFFICERS ASSAULTED, 1981
REGION AND STATE
TYPE OF WEAPON

Region State	Totals	Firearm	Knife	Blunt Object	Bomb	Vehicle	Personal Weapons	Threat	Other
TOTAL VICTIMS	29	18	3	...	...	1	7	...	...
North Central	6	4	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
South Dakota	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Wisconsin	5	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
South	9	6	1	...	...	...	2	...	...
Arkansas	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Florida	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maryland	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mississippi	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North Carolina	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
West	14	8	1	...	...	1	4	...	...
Arizona	9	3	1	...	...	1	4	...	...
Montana	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Mexico	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE 9. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE OFFICERS ASSAULTED, 1981
REGION AND STATE
TYPE OF WEAPON

Region State	Totals	Firearm	Knife	Blunt Object	Bomb	Vehicle	Personal Weapons	Threat	Other
TOTAL VICTIMS	316*	76*	6	32*	...	16	126	54*	6
Northeast	45	20	...	3	...	...	16	5	1
Massachusetts	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...
New Jersey	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New York	21	12	...	2	...	...	4	3	...
Pennsylvania	16	3	...	1	...	...	10	1	1
Vermont	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North Central	91	6	5	8	...	3	53	13	3
Illinois	19	3	...	2	...	1	10	2	1
Indiana	16	...	3	1	...	...	10	...	2
Iowa	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Kansas	28	...	1	5	...	...	18	4	...
Michigan	8	2	1	...	...	...	2	3	...
Minnesota	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Missouri	13	...	...	...	...	1	12	...	...
Nebraska	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Ohio	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Wisconsin	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
South	111	37	1	9	...	9	37	18	...
Alabama	8	...	1	2	...	...	5	...	...
Arkansas	3	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Delaware	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
District of Columbia	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
Florida	31	14	...	2	...	1	5	9	...
Georgia	5	3	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
Louisiana	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
Maryland	4	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...
North Carolina	6	2	...	...	...	...	3	1	...
Tennessee	6	...	...	2	...	...	4	...	...
Texas	36	12	...	2	...	4	15	3	...
Virginia	4	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
West Virginia	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
West	52	12	...	6	...	4	20	8	2
Arizona	7	3	...	2	...	...	2	...	...
California	31	4	...	3	...	4	11	7	2
Colorado	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hawaii	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Nevada	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
New Mexico	4	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
Oregon	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Washington	5	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	...
Guam	5	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...

*Total victims include one firearm assault in Brazil, one blunt object assault in Columbia, and a total of ten threat assaults in Argentina, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Mexico and Thailand.

TABLE 10. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY OFFICERS ASSAULTED, 1981
REGION AND STATE
TYPE OF WEAPON

Region State	Totals	Firearm	Knife	Blunt Object	Bomb	Vehicle	Personal Weapons	Threat	Other
TOTAL VICTIMS	333	27	5	5	...	7	48	233	8
Northeast	88	3	4	2	...	1	10	66	2
Connecticut	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...
Maine	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
Massachusetts	12	1	...	...	...	...	2	9	...
New Hampshire	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
New Jersey	14	...	...	1	...	1	1	11	...
New York	38	1	4	1	...	...	6	26	...
Pennsylvania	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	2
Rhode Island	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
North Central	73	6	...	...	...	1	11	55	...
Illinois	17	1	...	...	...	1	2	13	...
Indiana	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...
Iowa	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...
Kansas	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
Michigan	8	1	...	...	...	...	4	3	...
Minnesota	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Missouri	8	1	...	...	...	...	1	6	...
Nebraska	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
Ohio	17	2	...	...	...	...	4	11	...
South Dakota	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Wisconsin	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...
South	115	13	1	1	...	3	19	73	5
Alabama	9	1	...	...	...	...	2	6	...
Arkansas	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
District of Columbia	6	1	...	...	...	...	5	...	...
Florida	20	4	1	...	...	...	3	11	1
Georgia	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	1
Kentucky	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...
Louisiana	12	...	...	...	...	...	3	9	...
Maryland	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	...
North Carolina	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...
Oklahoma	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	1
South Carolina	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Tennessee	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...
Texas	23	3	...	...	...	3	2	13	2
Virginia	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
West Virginia	4	...	...	1	...	...	1	2	...
West	52	5	...	1	...	2	8	35	1
California	37	...	...	1	...	2	7	26	1
Colorado	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...
Idaho	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
New Mexico	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
Oregon	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Washington	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
Wyoming	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Puerto Rico	5	...	...	1	...	...	...	4	...

TABLE 11. JUDICIAL BRANCH OFFICERS ASSAULTED, 1981
REGION AND STATE
TYPE OF WEAPON

Region State	Totals	Firearm	Knife	Blunt Object	Bomb	Vehicle	Personal Weapons	Threat	Other
TOTAL VICTIMS	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...
Northeast	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
Massachusetts	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Pennsylvania	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
North Central	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...
Illinois	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Nebraska	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Wisconsin	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
South	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...
Alabama	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
District of Columbia	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Florida	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
Georgia	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
Louisiana	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
Mississippi	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Tennessee	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Texas	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
Virginia	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
West	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
California	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Hawaii	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Virgin Islands	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...

TABLE 12. UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE OFFICERS ASSAULTED, 1981
REGION AND STATE
TYPE OF WEAPON

Region State	Totals	Firearm	Knife	Blunt Object	Bomb	Vehicle	Personal Weapons	Threat	Other
TOTAL VICTIMS	26	4	4	...	...	...	13	1	1
Northeast	14	1	4	...	...	...	8	...	1
New Jersey	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1
New York	9	1	4	...	...	...	4	...	...
Pennsylvania	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
North Central	4	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Illinois	4	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
South	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
Alabama	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Maryland	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
Texas	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
West	4	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...
California	4	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...

END