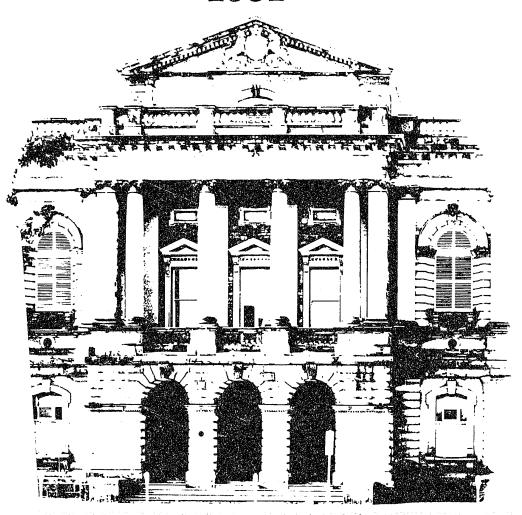
# Courts of Summary Jurisdiction

1 January-30 June 1981



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Series A, No. 1 April 1982.

STATISTICS FROM CRIMINAL COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION
SOUTH AUSTRALIA

1st JANUARY, 1981 - 30th JUNE, 1981

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ACQUIZITIONS

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#### SUMMARY

- 1. During the first six months of 1981 more than twelve and a half thousand criminal charges falling within the scope of the Office of Crime Statistics collection were dealt with in courts of summary jurisdiction in South Australia. Only the most minor offences for example council prosecutions and minor traffic violations were excluded. However, figures on the most serious indictable offences such as murder or rape only related to preliminary hearings held to determine whether sufficient evidence existed to warrant a Supreme or District Court trial.
- 2. A number of offences saw significant increases compared with the preceding six-month period. PCA charges were up by twenty-eight percent, and drugs by forty-four percent. However, trends in appearances for many types of offences are very sensitive to changes in enforcement policy, and do not necessarily indicate changed patterns of offending within the community. The vast majority of alleged drug offenders faced charges relating to cannabis or a cannabis-derivative, and eight out of ten were accused of possessing or using rather than selling.
- 3. Appearances by alleged shop theft offenders fell by eight percent during the first half of 1981. Most of these defendants were first offenders, and persons over sixty accounted for fourteen percent. Shop theft was one of the few offences for which more women than men appeared.
- 4. The January to June 1981 statistics confirmed findings that have emerged from most other studies of summary court procedures: that a high proportion of defendants appear on relatively minor charges such as drunkenness, vagrancy, offensive language or offensive behaviour; that most plead guilty or are found guilty (less than two percent acquitted outright); that males under twenty-four are the largest single category of defendants; and that each year a considerable proportion of the criminal justice system's resources is devoted to processing and reprocessing the same relatively small group of minor offenders. The data also indicate that as many as four out of ten magistrates' court defendants are unemployed and that for some offences such as break and enter the percentage is considerably higher.
- 5. Fines and driving licence suspensions were the major penalties handed down in courts of summary jurisdiction, accounting for almost eighty percent of the total penalties imposed. As in previous years, the data suggest that aboriginal defendants are more likely than other individuals appearing on minor offences to receive gaol sentences particularly if the case was determined in a court outside Adelaide. Bail details also varied widely. Almost eighty

percent of aboriginal defendants appearing in courts outside Adelaide on such charges as drunkenness, vagrancy, offensive behaviour and offensive language had been remanded in custody. The corresponding figure for non-aboriginal defendants was twenty-eight percent.

#### **PREFACE**

This is the fifth report by the Office of Crime Statistics on proceedings in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction in South Australia. These reports complement the Office's regular summaries of juvenile and higher court appearances and offences known to police, and a series of special publications focussing on aspects of the criminal justice system.

The Office implemented its system of data collection from Courts of Summary Jurisdiction in South Australia on 1st January 1979. For the first six months, coverage was limited to the largest Court of Summary Jurisdiction, the Adelaide Magistrate's Court. However, on 1st July, 1979, scope was extended to cases heard throughout the state.

A list of courts throughout South Australia contributing to the system is in Appendix I. Many courts deal with only a small number of cases each year. The majority of defendants are in the metropolitan area, courts in major country towns and regional centres where the court is managed by public servants or larger police—administered courts.

To complement the information in these six-monthly reports, the Office of Crime Statistics provides a specialised information service for members of the legal profession and approved researchers. Users of this system generally are charged a fee covering computing costs and labour. Details are available from the Research Statistician (tel. 227-0176).

It would not be possible to produce statistics from Courts of Summary Jurisdiction without the assistance of numerous individuals. Clerks of Court throughout the State have contributed their time and effort to the collection of data from cases heard in their Courts. In the case of Adelaide Magistrates' Court, this role has been ably performed by Barry Joyce, who also is responsible for day—to—day management of the total system. The South Australian Police Department contributes additional information on the background of defendants.

N.S. Koshnitsky, Statistician, Office of Crime Statistics, has assumed full responsibility for supervision of the system, and is responsible for the storage, retrieval, and analysis of data.

#### INTRODUCTION

#### Scope of Collection

This report is a statistical summary of criminal prosecutions dealt with in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction throughout South Australia during the first six months of 1981. Only council proceedings and minor traffic violations have been excluded (a summary of charges not in the collection is in Appendix D). For the vast majority of these prosecutions, a magistrate or justice of the peace dealt with the matter summarily - that is, he or she alone decided whether the defendant was quilty and what penalty should be imposed. In the remainder, the lower court's role was to conduct a preliminary hearing to determine whether the prosecution had amassed sufficient "prima facie" evidence to warrant a higher court trial. Offences which can be tried by a judge and jury are termed "indictable" - and generally are more serious than matters dealt with summarily by a magistrate. However, the Justices Act allows defendants on some minor indictable offences to waive the right to a higher court hearing: this means that for all but the gravest charges - for example, murder, rape, armed robbery - both case-outcome and sentence are determined summarily in a Magistrate's

#### Understanding Court Statistics

A key to understanding court statistics is being aware of the distinction between court and police figures, and of the phenomenon of unreported crime. Basically, court figures - such as those in this report - count numbers of appearances by alleged offenders who have been arrested or summonsed to answer some charge. Police figures, on the other hand, count the actual number of incidents which have been reported or which they themselves have detected. It is generally accepted that police figures do not always accurately reflect the incidence of crime. For a variety of reasons - for example the fact that offender and victim were close relatives or friends, or the crime itself was considered trivial, or there was no obvious victim - many crimes do not come to the attention of police. However, court figures are even less likely to reflect crime rates because not all offences are cleared up (i.e. an arrest results), or if a defendant does appear he or she may be dealt with simultaneously for several offences. In addition, times elapsed between the commission of an offence and the final court appearance by a defendant are never constant, so it is not possible to argue that court appearances relate to crimes committed during one specific period. Rather than being used as evidence of crime rates, therefore, court statistics should be seen as indicators of the way the criminal justice system functions and the penalties being imposed for various types of offences.

## SUMMARY OF CASES DEALT WITH

#### Number of Charges

From 1 January to 31 June, 1981, South Australian Courts of Petty Sessions dealt with 12787 major criminal charges. Of these 562, or 4.6%, resulted in the defendant's being committed for trial in a higher court. The remainder were finalised at the lower court stage: being either committal proceedings where charges were withdrawn or dismissed, or summary disposals.

Table I shows outcomes for the major indictable charges — charges where the Lower Court's only role was to determine whether a case had been established. About one in three indictable offences against the person or a sexual offence were dismissed or withdrawn. The figure was higher for robbery and extortion and break and enter offences.

TABLE 1. OFFENCE AND OUTCOME : COMMITTAL HEARINGS FOR MAJOR INDICTABLE OFFENCES

Offence	Outcome					
	Withdrawn	Dismissed	Committed for Trial			
Against Person  Murder  Attempted Murder  Cause Death by Driving  Kidnap, Abduct	- - -	4 1 2	2 4 4			
Sexual Rape of Female Attempted Rape (female) Incest Indecently Interfere with Female Other		15 - 4 5	28 3 2 12 5			
Robbery and Extortion Robbery with Major Assault Robbery with Minor Assault		9	15			
Break and Enter Break, Enter Dwelling	4	43	57			
Damage Property Arson			4			
Drugs Obtain Drugs by Forgery Allow Premises to be Used for Selling Drugs			3			

#### Plea and Outcome

Eight out of ten (80.1%) defendants in Lower Courts in South Australia during the first six months of 1981 pleaded guilty. This was slightly more than the proportion admitting to charges in the preceding six months (79.0%). The only summary offence for which a relatively large number of defendants pleaded not guilty was shop theft. Over 30% of defendants on common assault and assault police charges entered no plea.

TABLE 2. PLEAS ENTERED

Plea	1 Jan-30 June 1981 Number	Percentage	l July-31 Dec 1980 Percentage
Guilty	10122	79.2	77.8
Not Guilty	257	2.0	2.1
No Plea	2255	17.6	18.9
Guilty - Form 4A +	153	1.2	1.2
TOTAL	12787	100.0	100.0

- \* Detailed tables on offence and plea are in Appendix A Part 7 of this report.
- + The Justices Act allows some offenders summonsed to appear on a minor charge to enter a plea of guilty, and his or her version of the facts, in writing without having to appear at court in person.

Generally, defendants who were legally represented were less likely to plead guilty than those unrepresented. As Table (Appendix A) shows, during the first half of 1981, 54% of defendants were legally represented, and of these, 25% entered no plea and 3% pleaded not guilty. However, among defendants without legal representation a much larger percentage (86%) pleaded guilty and only 1% pleaded not guilty.

The data on legal representation is soon to be expanded to include the types of representation (e.g. legal aid, duty solicitor, etc.). This will enable more detailed analysis in this important area.

In the light of the data on pleas, it is not surprising that the overwhelming majority (almost 85%) of defendants either were found guilty of the offence charged or were committed for trial or sentence in a higher court. Just under 6% of these cases, however, involved offences which, although proven, were not recorded as convictions because of an exemplary record or some other extenuating circumstance. Less than 2% of defendants were acquitted outright. Offences with comparatively low rates of conviction included shop theft (46.2% not convicted), common assault (39.9% not convicted), and larceny. By contrast, over 96% of driving with prescribed content of alcohol charges, 93% of drunkenness, and 86% of offensive language charges resulted in convictions.

TABLE 3. OUTCOME OF CHARGES

Outcome	Number	Percentage
Convicted	9494	74.2
Not Convicted, but Penalty Imposed	723	5.7
Not Convicted, No Penalty	223	1.7
Defendant Died	15	0.1
Withdrawn	1006	7.9
Dismissed	740	5.8
Committed for Trial	586	4.6
TOTAL	12,787	100.0

<sup>\*</sup> Detailed offence by court action tables in Appendix A.

## Penalties Imposed and Other Orders

Courts of summary jurisdiction can impose a wide range of penalties, including recognizances under the Offenders Probation and Justices Acts, community work orders, suspension of driving licenses, monetary fines and outright imprisonment. However, the maximum period of imprisonment a magistrate's court can impose is two years. In addition, offenders can be called upon to pay court costs or make restitution to the victim. Table 3 shows penalties imposed in Lower Courts during the first six months of 1981 (for detailed breakdown of penalties for each type of offence see Appendix A). By far the most frequently used penalty was the fine (60% of all penalties imposed), followed by suspension of driving license (19%) and the imposition of some type of order (8%) or a bond (6.6%). Defendants were three times more likely to be imprisoned than to receive suspended sentences. Orders issued during 1981 related mainly to restitution or compensation - community work orders are being introduced in 1982.

	How	Imposed	To	otal +
Outcome and Type of Penalty	As Major Penalty	As Secondary Penalty	No.	% of Total Penalties
No Conviction Fine Order Suspension of Driving License* Imprisonment Until Rising of Court Bond Without Supervision Bond With Supervision	1 312 1 1 388	0 281 8 0 0	1 593 9 1 388	0.0 3.4 0.1 0.0 2.2 0.4
Conviction Fine Order Suspension of Driving License* Imprisoned until Rising of Court Bond Without Supervision Bond With Supervision Bond Associated	10260 145 7 10 170 103	60 633 3225 0 42 54	10320 778 3232 10 212 157	59.5 4.5 18.6 0.1 1.2 0.9
With Suspended Sentence Suspended Sentence Imprisonment TOTAL	328 927 12,720	0 0 0	328 328 927 17,351	1.9 5.3

<sup>+</sup> Total penalties imposed not equal to total convictions because more than one type of penalty can be imposed on a single defendant.

## Time to Decide the Case

For an overview of the times taken to deal with criminal charges in magistrates courts, two dates are critical: when the alleged offender first appeared in court, and when the outcome and sentence finally were determined. However, it makes little sense to compare times for defendants who pleaded guilty with those for charges which were contested. Table 5 shows times elapsed between first hearing and final disposition for each type of plea.

TABLE 5. TIME BETWEEN FIRST AND LAST COURT APPEARANCE BY PLEA,
MATTERS HEARD SUMMARILY 1 JAN TO 31st JULY, 1981

Time Elapsed,			P	lea		
Date of First Hearing To Date of Final	Guilty		Not	Not Guilty		·lea
Disposition	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Same Day	4999	48.8	14	5.7	278	16.0
7 days & under	251	2.5	1	0.4	55	3.2
8 days-14 days (incl.)	264	2.6	7	2.9	42	2.4
15 days-4 weeks (incl.)	939	9.2	2	0.8	121	7.0
29 days-8 weeks (incl.)	1544	15.1	19	7.8	279	16.1
57 days-18 weeks (incl.)	1532	15.0	98	40.2	524	30.1
Over 18 weeks	714	7.0	103	42.2	439	25.3
TOTAL	10,243	100.0	244	100.0	1738	100.0

Clearly, a plea of "not guilty" can mean that a defendant may be involved in court action for considerable time. More than eight out of ten cases with this plea took more than eight weeks to resolve.

<sup>\*</sup> Applies mainly to Motor Traffic Act offenders.

#### Bail Status at Final Appearance

Most defendants appearing in Lower Courts during the first six months of 1981 had been allowed at large or granted some form of bail by their final appearance. However, one in ten were remanded in custody – thirty five because they were unable to meet bail requirements.

TABLE 6. BAIL STATUS AT FINAL APPEARANCE

Bail Status	Number	Percentage
Not in Custody Police Bail (i.e. allowed at large) Other Bail own recognizance or surety cash only cash plus recognizance	4850 5949 72 46	37.9 46.5 0.6 0.4
In Custody Bail refused Bail not applied for Bail granted but not raised Reason not specified On another matter	168 242 35 794 66	1.3 1.9 0.3 6.2 0.5
Not Stated	565	4.4
TOTAL	12,787	100.0

No strong correlations were found between the ages of defendants and bail status, but there was some relationship with the offence charged (see Appendix A, Part 5). Interestingly, a lower proportion of defendants on offensive behaviour or language, vagrancy, drunkenness or other liquor charges were granted bail or allowed at large than individuals charged with offences against the person.

#### Types of Cases Heard and Comparison with Previous Half-Years.

As Table 7 shows, almost one in four charges in the Office of Crime Statistics' collection involved "public nuisance" activities such as drunkenness, vagrancy, offensive language, offensive behaviour or violation of liquor laws. A further twenty-five percent were driving offences – including drink-drive – and eight percent were shoplifters. Of the 945 offences against the person, nine out of ten were for common assault (598 cases) or assault police (242 charges).

TABLE 7. LOWER COURT APPEARANCES, 1 JAN to 30 JUNE, 1981
BY TYPE OF OFFENCE

Type of Offence	No.	%	Number in Previous Six Months
Offences Against Person	945	7.4	772
Robbery & Extortion	25	0.2	43
Sexual Offences	75	0.6	
Drug Offences	826	6.5	<i>5</i> 73
Fraud & Deception	561	4.4	591
Break and Enter	298	2.3	339
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	308	2.4	289
Shop Theft (Shoplifting)	1044	8.2	1136
Other Larceny	411	3.2	37 <i>5</i>
Unlawful Possession of Property	230	1.8	250
Found With Intent	20	0.2	28
Driving Offences (includes Drink/ Drive)	3203	25.0	2488
Betting & Gaming	113	0.9	112
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns, Explosives	148	1.2	1 <i>5</i> 2
Environmental Offences	29	0.2	40
Property Damage	339	2.7	312
Prostitution	45	0.4	79
Offensive Behaviour, Drunkenness, etc.	3131	24.5	2891
Offences Against Order	846	6.6	721
Other	190	1.5	201
TOTAL	12,787	100.0	11,451

While some types of appearances showed a decrease over the preceding six months (for example, shoplifting down by 9%; robbery down from 43 to 25), several categories showed increases. This does not necessarily indicate a "crime wave" in the community. The majority of charges heard in Lower Courts involve relatively minor offences, and trends in this type of appearance are very sensitive to changes in enforcement patterns. Offences and trends of particular interest include:

Driving: Just under 80% of defendants in this category appeared on drink/drive charges - mainly the PCA (driving with prescribed content of alcohol) offence. The 1849 PCA cases heard during the first six months of 1981 represented a 28% increase over the preceding half-year. Figures for refuse breath test (from 47 to 78) also increased.

Almost all PCA offenders — the great majority (94%) of whom were males — were convicted, and there was no significant difference in the blood alcohol readings of men and women charged. The most common penalty for this offence was a fine and suspension of driving license — imposed in 87% of cases — although 9% of PCA and 27% of drive under influence offenders were imprisoned. The average (mean) fine for PCA was \$318. App endix A Part 11 contains full details of license suspensions and blood alcohol readings. Heavier alcohol concentrations generally resulted in longer periods of license disqualification.

Drug Offences: Cannabis, or a cannabis derivative, was the most serious drug involved in 94% of drug charges heard in South Australia's lower courts during the first six months of 1981. Eight out of ten defendants on any drug matter were charged with possession or using, rather than selling. Therefore, although the 826 cases dealt with represented a 44% increase on the preceding six months, it would be unwarranted to argue that this is evidence of a growing drug problem.

Generally, defendants found guilty in lower courts of drug offences were fined – amounts imposed for the most common offence of possession or use ranging from \$20 to \$650, with an average (mean) of \$116. Only three defendants were gaoled, and a further five received suspended sentences. One in ten drugs hearings resulted in committal for trial or sentence in a higher court.

Shop Theft: Because of the number of women appearing, the age-distribution of defendants, and the high proportion (almost 70%) of first offenders, shop theft is an unusual offence category. Table 8 shows the age and sex of persons charged during the first half of 1981.

TABLE 8. AGE AND SEX OF SHOP THEFT DEFENDANTS,
S.A. LOWER COURTS, 1 JANUARY-30 JUNE, 1981

	Sex					Total *	
	Male		F	emale			
Age	No.	% of Male Shop Theft Defendants	No.	% of Female Shop Theft Defendants	No.	%	
18-24	94	24.8	<i>5</i> 8	14.4	152	19.4	
25-29	62	16.4	53	13.1	115	14.7	
30-34	42	11.1	60	14.9	102	13.0	
35-39	22	5.8	33	8.2	55	7.0	
40-49	47	12,4	55	13.6	102	13.0	
50-59	60	15.8	87	21.5	147	18.8	
60 Plus	52	13.7	<i>5</i> 8	14.4	110	14.0	
TOTAL	379	100.0	404	100.0	783	100.0	

\* Note: Table does not include Juvenile Offenders - those aged 18 and under.

Age of 261 Shop Theft Defendants not recorded.

Although one in four male defendants whose ages were known was in the 18-24 age group, for female shoplifters the largest category – accounting for 21% – was 50-59. Men and women over sixty accounted for 14% of adult defendants.

Contrast also was found in the occupational status of male and female shoplifters. As Table 9 shows, four out of ten male defendants were unemployed. The proportion of females in this category was only 13%, and almost half the women defendants on shop theft charges were housewives.

TABLE 9. SEX AND OCCUPATION, SHOP THEFT DEFENDANTS, S.A. LOWER COURTS, 1 JANUARY-30 JUNE, 1981

		Sex	Total				
Occupation *	Ма	le	Fe	male	10101		
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	
Employed	225	43.6	93	19.1	318	31.8	
Unemployed	202	39.1	63	13.0	265	26.5	
Pensioner	76	14.7	82	16.9	1 <i>5</i> 8	15.8	
Student	8	1.6	10	2.1	18	1.8	
Home Duties	3	0.6	236	48.7	239	23.9	
Other	2	0.4	1	0.2	3	0.3	
TOTAL	516	100.0	485	100.0	1001	100.0	

\* Occupation not stated in 43 cases.

The 1044 defendants appearing in shop theft charges in the first half of 1981 represented an 8% decrease on the preceding six months. As in previous years, the majority (79%) of defendants were found guilty of offence charged, but in more than one third of these cases no conviction was recorded. A fine was the penalty most commonly imposed (438 cases or 82% of those found guilty) - the average was about \$90. Twenty-three defendants were imprisoned for shop theft, and a further 26 received suspended sentences.

#### CHARACTERISTICS OF PERSONS CHARGED

In discussing the backgrounds of individuals charged, caution must be exercised. These details are based on items in Police Apprehension Reports and Police Criminal Record files. It is possible that on occasions, persons arrested may deliberately give misleading information. Moreover, where police did not lay the initial complaint, no data at all on the background characteristics of defendants could be recorded. Readers also should be wary of attempting to generalise from these tables to the total population of offenders. This report does not encompass appearances by juveniles (i.e. alleged offenders under 18) and, as mentioned in the Introduction, not all offences result in criminal charges and court appearances. Some segments of society, because of their lifestyle and lack of resources, are far more vulnerable to prosecution for their offences than others.

#### Age and Sex of Defendants

The great majority of defendants in Lower Courts were males, many under the age of 24. Of alleged offenders whose ages were known, 43% were in this category. Generally, rates of Lower Court appearances decreased as age increased, and a higher proportion of females than males were in the older age groups.

#### TABLE 10. AGE AND SEX OF DEFENDANTS

		Se	×				% in Population	
Age	Мо	ale	Fei	male	То	tal *	of S.A. aged 18 and	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	over in 1981	
18-19	2030	19.2	242	14.0	2272	18.5	5.0	
20-24	31 <i>5</i> 3	29.8	416	24.0	3569	29.0	12.5	
25-29	1 683	15.9	245	14.1	1928	15.7	11.4	
30-34	1090	10.3	219	12.6	1309	10.6	11.3	
35-39	684	6.5	137	7.9	821	6.7	9.0	
40-49	960	9.1	237	13.7	1197	9.7	14.8	
50-59	639	6.0	160	9.2	799	€.5	15.2	
60 and over	339	3.2	76	4.4	415	3.4	20.8	
TOTAL	20 <i>5</i> 78	100.0	1732	100.0	12310	100.0	100.0	

<sup>\*</sup> Sex or age not stated or not applicable (corporate body) in 477 cases.

When the age and sex of defendants was compared with the offences for which they appeared, clear trends emerged. Shoptheft, offensive behaviour and driving offences accounted for most of the older (40 and over) age groups. Women appeared mainly on shop-theft, offensive behaviour, driving and fraud charges. (Detailed tables on Offence and Age, Offence and Sex in Appendix A).

# Employment Status

Previous reports have noted that the employment status of defendants is among the most difficult items to confirm. Information which is available on court files, however, indicates that as many as four out of ten defendants in courts of summary jurisdiction may have been unemployed at the time of their arrest. Categories with particularly high rates of unemployment included offensive behaviour, vagrancy, drunkenness and similar offences (50.9%) and break and enter (68.3% unemployed). In contrast to this, little more than 20% of alleged driving offenders reported that they were out of work. (For detailed information on offence and employment status see Appendix A, Part 8).

## Previous Record

Six out of ten (58.3%) defendants appearing in South Australian courts of summary jurisdiction during the first half of 1981 had a prior criminal history, and for minor crimes like offensive behaviour, language and vagrancy the figure was even higher (75%). Clearly, each year a considerable proportion of criminal justice resources is devoted to processing and reprocessing the same relatively small group of relatively minor offenders. Only for such categories as shop theft (30% with a record) and fraud (40%) were defendants with prior convictions in a definite minority.

## Marital Status

Information on marital status was available for almost 90% of defendants. Of these, less than three in ten (28.7%) was married or living in a de-facto relationship. This confirms a conclusion which has emerged from most studies: that most offenders are young, single males. Only shop theft had a majority of married defendants.

TABLE 11. OFFENCE AND COURT LOCATION : ADELAIDE & REST OF STATE

and the second seco	Ad	Adelaide (71.9% of SA population)*		of State	
Type of Offence				l% of SA ulation)	Total
	No.	% of Offence	No.	% of Offence	
Offences Against Person	670	70.9	275	20.9	945
Robbery & Extortion	24	96.0	1	4.0	25
Sexual Offences	65	86.7	10	13.3	75
Drug Offences	584	70.7	242	29.3	826
Fraud & Deception	492	87.7	69	12.3	561
Break & Enter	256	85.9	42	14.1	298
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	217	70.5	91	29.5	308
Shop Theft (Shoplifting)	955	91.5	89	8.5	1044
Other Larceny	246	59.9	165	40.1	411
Unlawful Possession of Property	189	82.2	41	17.8	230
Found with Intent	16	80.0	4	20.0	20
Driving Offences (Including Drink/Drive)		70.7	939	29.3	3203
Betting & Gaming	93	82.3	20	17.7	113
Unlawful Use, Possession of Guns, Explosives	109	73.6	39	26.4	148
Environmental	7	24.1	22	75.9	29
Property Damage	213	62.8	126	37.2	339
Prostitution	45	100.0	0	0.0	45
Offensive Behaviour,		4,35			
Vagrancy, Drunkenness	1845	58.9	1286	41.1	3131
& Liquor Laws					
Offences Against Order	616	72.8	230	27.0	846
Other	171	90.0	19	7.3	190
TOTAL _	9077	71.0	3710	29.0	12,787

<sup>\*</sup> At 30 June, 1980.

## Country of Birth

As in previous periods, the majority (63%) of defendants in courts of summary jurisdiction had been born in South Australia or were classified as "Australia unspecified". Although persons whose country of birth was outside Australia were slightly over-represented when compared with the general population of South Australia, no single overseas-born nationality stood out as contributing disproportionately to the business of the Magistrate's Courts.

# GEOGRAPHICAL VARIATIONS IN TYPES OF APPEARANCES

There was some variation in the types of matters appearing before Adelaide metropolitan courts and the rest of the state. As in previous years courts outside Adelaide dealt with disproportionate numbers of drunkenness, vagrancy and other liquor-related laws. In addition, Table 11 shows that most environmental matters, and a relatively high proportion of property damage and other larceny cases were outside the metropolitan area. Courts within Adelaide, on the other hand, dealt with almost all shop theft, robbery and extortion cases. Offence categories such as sexual, fraud and deception, break and enter, unlawful possession of property, found with intent and betting and gaming also were over-represented in courts. There were no charges of prostitution heard in courts outside Adelaide.

#### ABORIGINAL DEFENDANTS

One important advantage of court statistics is the insight they offer into interaction between the criminal justice system and specific minority groups, such as aboriginal people. During the first six months of 1981, a pattern which has emerged from previous lower court publications in South Australia and other states was confirmed: although aboriginal defendants comprise a significant proportion of those appearing (almost 14%), the vast majority are charged with relatively minor matters. For some offences, such as shop theft (less than 2% aboriginal people), or drug-related crimes (just 1%), the numbers appearing are minimal. However, more than one in three defendants on charges such as drunkenness, vagrancy, offensive behaviour, offensive language, and other offences against liquor laws was an aboriginal. Most recent population estimates indicate that aboriginal people comprise less than 1% of South Australia's population - thus members of this ethnic minority are many times more likely to be arrested for minor offences than the rest of the population. People outside the Adelaide metropolitan area seemed particularly vulnerable. More than 58% of all defendants appearing on drunkenness, vagrancy, offensive behaviour and liquor-related charges in courts outside the Adelaide metropolitan area were aboriginals, although this racial group constitutes less than 2% of the rural population.

The 1981 figures also showed that likelihood of receiving bail or being imprisoned for minor offences also varied greatly for aboriginal and non-aboriginal defendants. Table 12 contains the relevant figures.

TABLE 12. RACE AND BAIL STATUS AT FINAL APPEARANCE OF
DEFENDANTS ON DRUNKENNESS, VAGRANCY, ETC. CHARGES

Bail		Adela	ide		Res	t of S	tate		To	tal*
Status	Abori	.ginal	Otl	ner	Abori	ginal.	Otl	ner		
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
On Bail	285	76.0	1271	88.2	157	21.0	377	72.2	2090	67.8
In Custody	90	24.0	170	11.8	588	79.0	145	27.8	993	32.2
TOTAL	37 <i>5</i>	100.0	1441	100.0	745	100.0	522	100.0	3083	100.0

<sup>\*</sup> Race not stated in 46 cases.

Whatever their racial background, defendants in non-metropolitan courts were far more likely to be remanded in custody on minor charges than their counterparts in Adelaide. This may reflect a relative scarcity in country towns of facilities – other than gaol – for handling "public nuisance" offenders. Regardless of the geographical region, however, aboriginal defendants were less likely to have received bail, and the proportion remanded in custody in country courts is particularly high. Similarly, although relatively few defendants were gaoled for minor offences such as drunkenness and vagrancy, Table 13 shows that aboriginal defendants had two to three times the chance of receiving this penalty.

TABLE 13. RACE AND PENALTY IMPOSED, DRUNKENNESS, VAGRANCY
AND OTHER MINOR OFFENCES

		Adel	aide		Res	st of S	tate			
Sentence	Abor	iginal	Otl	ner	Abor	iginal	Otl	ner	Tota	al
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Gaol	7	2.1	7	0.6	54	7.5	15	3.2	83	3.1
Fine	313	93.4	973	87.4	652	90.3	435	93.1	2373	90.0
Other	15	4.5	133	11.9	16	2.2	17	3.6	181	6.9
TOTAL	335	100.0	1113	100.0	722	100.0	467	100.0	2637	100.0

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APPENDIX A PART 1 -

PRINCIPAL OFFENCE CHARGED AND COURT ACTION,
SOUTH AUSTRALIAN COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION
1st JANUARY 1980 - 30th JUNE 1980

TABLE A) OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

Principal Offence	Convicted	Not Convicted - but penalty imposed	Acquitted	Defendant Died	Case Withdrawn	Case Dismissed	Committed for Trial	No.	Total %
Murder	0	O	0	0	5	0	2	2	0.2
Attempted Murder	0		0	0	0	4	4	8	0.8
Cause Death by Eriving	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	5	0.5
Major Assault	1	0	1	0	0	24	48	76	8.0
Cause Injury by Driving	3	0	0	, <b>,0</b>	0	1	,	5	0.5
Minor Assault	340	57	10	4	20	151	19	598	63.3
Assault Police	156	6	5	1	70	4	0	242	25.6
Assault (Nature Unspecified)	l.	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0.2
Endanger Life	1	<b>Q</b>	0	0	o	1 1	0	2	0.2
Kildnap	0	. 0	0	0	0	2		3	0.3
Abduction	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0.2
TOTAL	502	43	16	2	91	191	80	945	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Percentage	53.1	6.7	1.7	0.2	9.6	20.2	8.5		100.0

<sup>\*</sup> Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty.

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TABLE A2 ROBBERY AND EXTORTION

Principal Offence	Case " Dismissed	Committed For Trial	Tot No.	tal %
Robbery with Major Assault	9	15	24	96.0
Robbery with Minor Assault	1	0	1	4.0
TOTAL Percentage	10 40.0	15 60.0	25	100.0

# TABLE A3 SEXUAL OFFENCES

Principal Offence	Case Withdrawn	Case * Dismissed	Committed For Trial	No.	Total
Rope of Female	0	15	28	43	57.3
Attempted Rope of Female	1	0	3	4	5.3
Incest	0	<b>. 4</b>	2	6	8.0
Carnal Knowledge of Female	0	0	3	3	4.0
Indecent Assault on Female	0	0	1	ì	1.3
Indecent Inter- ference on Female	<b>0</b>	<b>.</b>	<b>12</b>	17	22.7
Indecent Assault on Male	0	0		1	1.3
TOTAL	ì	24	50	75	
Percentage	1.3	32.0	66.7		100.0

.

<sup>\*</sup> Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty

# TABLE A4 DRUG OFFENCES

Principal Offence	Convicted	Not Convicted- but penalty imposed	Acquitted	Defendant Died	Case Withdrawn	Case * Dismissed	Committed For Trial	To No.	tal %
Possess Drugs, Drug Utensils	53	8	0	0	2	7	1	71	8.
Possess Drugs	494	69	7	0	4.	33	9	616	74.
Obtain Drugs by Forgery	0	0	0	0	Ó	0	1	1	0.
Sell Drugs	1	1	1	0	3	6	8	20	2.
Import Drugs	: 6	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0	2	4	15	16	43	5.
Manufacture Drugs	1	2	0	. 0	, <b>7</b>	16	45	71	8.
Permit Premises to be Used for Manufacture of Drugs	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	0.
TOTAL	555	80	8	2	20	78	83	927	
Percentage	67.2	9.7	1.0	0.2	2.5	9.4	10.0	826	100.

<sup>\*</sup> Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty.

TABLE A5 FRAUD AND DECEPTION

Principal Offence	Convicted	Not Convicted - but penalty imposed	Acquitted	Defendant Died	Case Withdrawn	Cose * Dismissed	Committed For Trial	Tot No.	ol %
False Pretences	122	20	9	1	1	24	21	198	35.3
Other Froud	196	20	3	1	9	17	0	246	43.9
Valueless Cheques	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	6	1.1
Forge	21	<b>6</b>	1	0	3	5	14	50	8.9
Embezzlement by Employee	18	5	3	0	<b>0</b>	4	7	37	6.6
Embezzlement by Trustee	4	0	0	0	1	<b>2</b>	1	8	1.4
Utter	13		1	0	Ò	0	1	16	2.9
TOTAL	378	52	17	2	16	52	44	561	
Percentage	67.4	9.3	3.0	0.4	2.9	9.3	7.0		100.0

<sup>\*</sup> Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty

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# APPENDIX A PART 1 - PRINCIPAL OFFENCE CHARGED AND COURT ACTION

#### TABLE A6 BREAK AND ENTER

Principal Offence	Convicted	Not Convicted - but penalty imposed	Acquitted	Defendant Died	Case Withdrawn	Case* Dismissed	Committed For Trial	Tota No.	ol X
Break & Enter Dwelling	0	0	0		4	43	57	104	34.9
Break & Enter Shop	4	2	2	<u>-</u>	1	62	113	164	61.7
Break & Enter - Other	0	0	0	-	0	3	7	10	3.4
TOTAL	4	2	2	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5	108	177	298	
Percentage	1.3	0.7	0.7	<del>.</del>	1.7	36.2	59.4		100.0

#### TABLE A7 UNLAWFUL USE, THEFT OF VEHICLE

Larceny of Motor Vehicle	5	0	0	-	0	8	14	27	8.
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle	176	. 8	5		52	2	0	243	78
Other Vehicle Theft	9	0	0	- -	0	i	1	11	3
Interfere with Motor Vehicle	16	3	1		7	0	0	27	8
TOTAL	206	11	6	<u>-</u>	59	11	15	308	
Percentage	66.9	3.6	1.9	-	19.3	3.6	4.9		100

<sup>\*</sup> Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty

# TABLE AB SHOP THEFT

Principal Offence	Convicted	Not Convicted - but penalty imposed	Acquitted	Defendant Died	Case Withdrawn	Case • Dismissed	Committed For Trial	Tota No.	ol %
Shop Theft	536	286	63	1	23	110	25	1044	100.0
TOTAL	536	286	63	1	23	110	25	1044	
Percentage	51.3	27.4	6.0	0.1	2.2	10.5	2.4		100.0

# TABLE A9 OTHER LARCENY

Steal from Person	11 1 0 - 0 2	2	16 3.9
Other Theft	251 41 7 - 4 62	30	375 96.1
TOTAL	262 42 7 - 4 64	32	411
Percentage	63.7 10.2 1.7 - 1.0 15	7.8	100.0

<sup>\*</sup> Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty

#### TABLE A10 UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF PROPERTY

Principal Offence	Convicted	Not Convicted - but penalty imposed	Acquitted	Defendant Died	Case Withdrawn	Case * Dismissed	Committed For Trial	Tot No.	ol %
Receiving	<b>3</b> 7	9	3	0 /	4	21	13	87	37.8
Unlowful Possession of Property	81	14	5	2	40	1	0	143	62.2
TOTAL	118	23	В	2	44	22	13	230	
Percentage	51.3	10.0	3.5	0.9	19.2	9.6	5.7		100.0

#### TABLE ATT FOUND WITH INTENT

Found with Intent	11	<u>-</u>			4		4	20	100.0
TOTAL	11		<del>-</del>	÷ .	4	Ļ	4	20	
Percentage	55.0	-	-	-	20.0	5.0	20.0		100.0
	1							1	1

\* Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty.

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### TABLE A12 DRIVING OFFENCES - INCLUDES DRINK/DRIVE

Principal Offence	Convicted	Not Convicted - but pensity imposed	Acquitted	Defendant Died	Case Withdrawn	Case" Dismissed	Committed For Trial	Tol No.	tol %
Drive under Influence	483	5	1	1	131	2	_	623	19.5
P.C.A.	1777	7	4	2	55	4	<del>-</del>	1849	57.7
Refuse Breath Test	58	. 1	,1	. 0	16	2	-	78	2.4
Fail to Obey Traffic Lights	4	0	0	0	2	0	_	6	0.2
Dangerous Driving	45	0	0	0	22	0	-	67	2.1
Negligent Driving	64	0	0	0	61	2	-	127	4.0
Drive while Disqualified	156	1	0	. 0	13	1		171	5.3
Drive Without License	46	0	2	; <b>0</b>	10	0	<b>-</b> .	58	1.8
Drive Without Learner's Permit	13	1	0	. 0	5	0	-	19	0.6
Road Maintenance Act	40	О,	0	Ö	15	0	<del>7</del> '	55	1.7
Undue Noise with Vehicle	11	0	0		2	1	-	14	0.4
Fail to Stop & Report Accident	14	0	0	0	2	0	-	16	0.5
Registration of Uninsured Vehicle	23	<b>o</b>	0	0	2	0	-	25	0.8
Other Driving	62	0	0	0	33	0	<u>-</u>	95	3.0
TOTAL	2796	15	8	3	369	12	<del>-</del>	3203	
Percentage	87.3	0.5	0.2	0.1	11.6	0.4			100.0

<sup>\*</sup> Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty.

TABLE A13 BETTING AND GAMING

Principal Offence	Convicted	Case Withdrawn	To No.	tol %
Betting & Goming	110	3	113	100.0
TOTAL	110	3	113	
Percentage	97.3	2.7		100.0

# TABLE A14 UNLAWFUL USE OR POSSESSION OF GUNS, EXPLOSIVES

Principal Offence Convicted		Not Convicted - but penalty imposed	penalty		Case Withdrawn	Case* Dismissed	Committed For Trial	To No.	tol %
Possess Concedied Weapon	24	9	0	0	8	1	_	40	27.0
Other Weopon Offence	83	7	2	1	14	t	- -	108	73.0
TOTAL .	107	16	2	<u> </u>	20 ,				
Percentage	72.3	10.8	1.4	0.7	13.5	1.4	_	148	100.00

# TABLE A15 ENVIRONMENTAL OFFENCES

 Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty

Principal Offence	Convicted	Case Withdrawn	No.	otal %
Environmental	27	2	2 9	109.0
TOTAL	27	2	29	<del> </del>
Percentage	93.1	6.9		100.0

# APPENDIX A PART 1 - PRINCIPAL OFFENCE CHARGED AND COURT ACTION TABLE A16 DAMAGE PROPERTY

Principol Offence	Convicted	Not Convicted - but penalty imposed	Acquitted	Defendant Died	Case Withdrawn	Cose * Dismissed	Committed For Trial		tal %
Wilful Damage to Property	248	22	8	<del>-</del>	37	8	3	326	96.2
Árson	0	0	0	-	. 0	0	4	4	1.2
Other Damage to Property	3	0	0	- -	0	4	2	9	2.7
TOTAL	251	22	8	<del>-</del>	37	12	9	339	
Percentage	74.0	6.5	2.4		10.9	3.5	2.7		100.0

#### TABLE A17 PROSTITUTION

Prostitution	32	. 2	· <u>-</u>	-	10	-	45	100.0
TOTAL Percentage	32 71.1	2 4.4			10 22.2	2.2 -	45	100.0

\* Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty

# TABLE A18 OFFENSIVE BEHAVIOUR, VACRANCY, DRUNKENNESS AND LIQUOR OFFENCES

Principal Offence	Convicted	Not Convicted - but penalty imposed	Acquitted	Unfit to Pleo	Case Withdrawn	Case * Dismissed	Unknown	Tot No.	ol %
Drunkenness	1622	24	14	2	44	11	23	1740	55.6
Indecent Behaviour	33	5	6	0	8	4	0	56	1.0
Indecent Language	325	13	<b>9</b>	0	25	3	1.	376	12.0
Indecent Publications	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	3	0.
Other Offensive Language	767	25	20	0	59	5	0	876	28.
Vagrancy	6	0.	0	0	2	0 '	0	8	0.
Under-age Drinking	5	1	0	0	1 1	0	0	7	0.
Other Liquor Offences	56	0	1	0	8	0	0	65	2.
TOTAL	2814	68	51	2	149	23	24	3131	
Percentage	89.9	2.2	1.6	0.1	4.7	0.7	0.8		100.

<sup>\*</sup> Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty.

# APPENDIX A PART 1 - PRINCIPAL OFFENCE CHARGED AND COURT ACTION TABLE A19 OFFENCES AGAINST ORDER

Principal Offence	Convicted	Not Convicted - but penalty imposed	Acquitted	Defendant Case Case For		Committed For Trial	To No.	lal %	
Resist Arrest	274	11	9		80	3	0	377	44.6
Unlowfully on Fremises	74	6	6		22	0	0	108	12.8
Other Tresposs	9	0	0	<del></del>	· 0	. 0	0	9	1.1
Contempt of Court	2	0	1	. <del>-</del>	0	0	0	3	0.4
Escape Lawful Custody	7	0	1	-	4	0	3	15	1.8
Perjury and Bribery	15	0	0	. <del>-</del> · · ·	2	0	0	17	2.0
Other Offences Against Enforcement of Order	237	16	7	<del>-</del>	25	12	12	309	36.5
Habitual Criminal	2	1	0		4	.1	0	8	0.9
TOTAL	620	34	24	-	137	16	15	846	
Percentage	73.2	4.0	2.8	- -	16.2	1.9	1.8		100.0

<sup>\*</sup> Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Penalty

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# TABLE A20. OTHER OFFENCES

Principal Offence	Convicted	Not Convicted - but penalty imposed	Acquitted	Defendant Died	Cose Withdrawn	Cose * Dismissed	Committed For Trial	Tot No.	al %
Kill, Injure Animal	9	0	0		\ 1	0		10	5.3
Sell, Prescribe, Use Poison	l.	0	0		<b>0</b> ,	0	<b>-</b>	1	0.5
Unlawful Import, Export	7	0	0		0	0	-	7	3.7
Other Offences	148	7	3		ŭ,	3	<u>-</u>	172	90.5
TOTAL Percentage	165 86.8	7	3		12 6.3	3 1.5		190	100.0

Case Dismissed also includes Not Convicted - No Peralty.

# APPENDIX A PART 2 - MAJOR PENALTY IMPOSED, PERSONS CONVICTED

TABLE A21. OFFEICES AGAINST THE PERSON

Principal Offence	No Penalty	No.		(\$) Mean	Max.	Order	Rising Of Court	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Imprison- ment Suspended	No.	mprison (month: Win. N		Мох.		tol icted %
A.O.A.B.H.	0.	1	180	180	180	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.2
Injure by Negligent Driving	0	2	20	190	360	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	3	0.6
Common Assault	14	189	20	109	250	5	0	37	4	50	41	1	3	7	340	67.7
Assault Police	9	80	40	120	400	0	0	4	4	25	3,4	1	2	8	156	31.1
Attempted Rope	0	1	40	40	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.2
Other Assault	0	1	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.2
TOTAL	23	274	20	113	400	5	0	41	8	75	76	1	. 3	8	502	
Percentage	4.6	54.6				1.0	0.0	8.2	1.6	14.9	15.1	1				100.0

# TABLE A22. DRUGS

Possess Utensils for Use in Drugs	11	41.	30	97	200	0	0	1	0	0	0.	0	0	0	53	9.5
Possess Drugs	. 8	465	20	116	650	6	.0.	5	4	3	3	1	1		494	89.0
Drugs for Sale	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.2
Import Drugs	0	4	50	235	450	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	6	1.1
Cultivate or Make Drugs	0	1	100	100	100	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	0	0	0	0 .	0	1	0.2
TOTAL Percentage	20 3.6	511 92.1	20	116	650	6	0	6 1.1	4 0.7	5 0.9	3 0.5	. 1	1	1	555	100.0

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# APPENDIX A PART 2 - MAJOR PENALTY IMPOSED, PERSONS CONVICTED TABLE A2 3. FRAUD, DECEPTION

Principol Offence	No Penalty	No.		(\$) Mean	Max.	Order	Rising Of Court	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Imprison- ment Suspended	No.	(mpriso (mont Min.		Max.		tal icted %
Folse Pretences	4	69	1	105	600	1	0	14	. 6	16	12	1	4	9	122	32.
Other Fraud	5	133	8	148	1000	5	2	18	11	10	12	1	4	20	196	51.
Pass Valueless Cheques	0	Ź	80	115	150	0	0	1	, °	1 .	0	0	0	0	4	1.
Forge	2	12	30	100	350	1	0	2	1	0	3	2	3	. 3	21	5.
Embezzlement by Employee	0	12	50	120	210	Ö.	0	2	1	2	1	5	5	5	18	4.
Embezzlement by Trustee	1	2	70	80	90	0	0	0	0	0	1	1,	1	1	4	1.
Utter	. 7	5	35	65	100	0	0	Ů	0	0	1	2	2	2	13	3.
TOTAL	19	235	1	130	1000	7	2	37	19	29	30	. 1	4	20	378	
Percentage	5.0	62.2				1.9	0.5	9.8	5.0	7.7	7.9					100.

# APPENDIX A PART 2 - MAJOR PENALTY IMPOSED, PERSONS CONVICTED TABLE A2 4 BREAK AND ENTER

Principal Offence	No Penalty	No.		: (\$) Mean	Max.	Order	Rising Of Court	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Imprison- ment Suspended	No.	Imprisonmen (months) Min. Mea	l Max.	Conv	tal Icted %
Break and Enter	0	2	130	165	200	0	0	2	0	0	0			4	100.0
TOTAL	0	2	130	165	200	0	0	2	0	0	0			4	
Percentage	0	50.0				0.0	0.0	50.0	0	0	0				100.0

#### TABLE A25. UNLAWFUL USE, THEFT OF VEHICLE

arceny of Motor Vehicle	٥	ĵ.	.75	75	75	0	. 1	0	1	1	1	.5	5 5	5	2.4
Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle	10	42	20	112	244	2 .	0	4	3	44	71	1	5 18	176	85.4
Other Vehicle Theft	7	5	100	100	100	0	0	0	. 0	1 .	2	1	2 2	9	4.4
Interfere with Motor Vehicle	0	9	65	127	210	.0	0	1	0	0	6	1	2 3	16	7.8
								<del></del>			P		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
TOTAL	11	57	20	113	244	2	. 1	5	4	46	80	3	5 18	206	
Percentage	5.3	27.7				1.0	0.5	2.4	1.9	22.3	38.8				100.0

# APPENDIX A PART 2 - MAJOR PENALTY IMPOSED, PERSONS CONVICTED TABLE A26. SHOP THEFT

Principal	No		Fine	(\$)			Rising	Bond Without	Bond With	Imprison-	- 1	Imprise (mon	onment			tal icted
Offence	Penalty	No.	Min.	Mean	Mox.	Order			Supervision		No.		Meon	Mox.		
Shop Theft	15	438	15	91	800	2	0	17	15	26	23	1	2	4	536	100.0
TOTAL	15	438	15	91	600	2	0	17	15	26	23	1	2	4	536	
Percentage	2.8	81.7				0.4	0.0	3.2	2.8	4.9	4.3					100.0

# TABLE A27. OTHER LARCENY

Steal from Person Other Theft	0	4	100 5	138 100	200 350	0	0	0	0	1 17	6	1	4 9 3 9	11 251	4.2 95.8
TOTAL Percentage	6 2.3	175 66.8	5	101	350	0.0	0	12 4.6	7 2.7	18 6.9	44 16.8	1.	3 9	262	100.0

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# APPENDIX A PART 2 - MAJOR PENALTY IMPOSED, PERSONS CONVICTED

# TABLE A28. UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF PROPERTY

Principal Offence	No Penalty	No.	Fine	(\$) Mean	Max.	Order	Rising Of Court	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Imprison- ment Suspended	No.	Imprise (mon Min.		Mox.	Conv	
Receiving	2	22	35	118	200	0	0	2	0	2	9	1	3	4	37	31.4
Unlawful Possession of Property		48	25	96	200	1	0	3		15	12	1	3	8	81	68.6
TOTAL	3	70	25	103	200	1	0	5	1	17	21	1	3	8	118	1.1
Percentage	2.5	59.3				0.8	0.0	4.2	0.8	14.4	17.8	<b>1</b> *				100.0

# TABLE A29. FOUND WITH INTENT

Found with Intent	1	6	30	115 200	0 0	0	0	3 2	3 3	11	100.0
TOTAL	1	6	30	115 200	0 0	0	0	1 3 2	3 3	11	
Percentage	9.1	54.5			0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	9.1 27.3			100.0

# APPENDIX A PART 2 - MAJOR PENALTY IMPOSED, PERSONS CONVICTED TABLE A30. DRIVING OFFENCES - INCLUDES DRINK/DRIVE

Principal Offence	No Penalt	y No.		(\$) Mean	Max.	Order	Rising Of Court	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Imprison- ment Suspended	No.	Impriso (mont Min.	hs)	Max.	Con	otal victed
Drive Under Influence	0	350	25	393	600	0	0	0	2	3	128			<del></del>		1
P.C.A.	8	1599	25	318	. 600	0	0	5	2				3	7	483	17.3
Refuse Breath Test	0	46	150	325	600	0	0	0	0	.2	161	1	3	7	1777	1
Fail to Obey Traffic Lights	1	3	25	42	50	0	0	0.	0	0	12 0	0	2	4	58 4	1
Angerous Driving	0	45	80	204	400	0	0	0	0							
Negligent Driving	18	46	20	62	150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	45	1
rive While Disqualified	7	80	30	133	200	1	1	1		0	0	0	0	0	64	2.3
rive Without License	10	35	10	47	150	,	0	1	2	28	36	1	2	5	156	5.4
Prive Without Learner's Permit	1	12	10	70	200	0	0	0	0 <sub>1</sub>	0 0	0	0	0	0	46 13	0.5
oad Maintenance Act	3	37	20	64	175	0	0	0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0	Ó					
ndue Noise with Vehicle	4	7	20	49	80	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	40	1.4
ail to Stop and Report Accident	1	13	20	78	200	<b>O</b> ,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11 14	0.4
egistration of Uninsured Vehicle	1	22	20	113	300	0	0	0	0	0	: 0	0	0	0	23	0.8
ther Driving	21	40	10	48	150	0	0	0	0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0	0	. 0	0	62	2.2
TOTAL	75 2	2335	10	298	600	2	1	6	6	34	227			_#		
Percentage	2.7 ε	3.4				0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2		337 2.1	I	3	7	279.6	100.0

# APPENDIX A PART 2 - MAJOR PENALTY IMPOSED, PERSONS CONVICTED

# TABLE A31. BETTING, GAMING

Principal Offence	No Penalty	No.	Fine	(\$) Meon	Mox.	Order	Rising Of Court	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Imprison- ment Suspended	No.	mpriso (mont Min.		Max.	Conv	tol icted %
Betting and Goming	0	110	15	59	600	0	0	0	0	0	О	0	0	0	110	100.0
TOTAL	0	110	15	59	600	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	110	•
Percentage	0.0	100.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			-		106.0

# TABLE A32. UNLAWFUL USE OR POSSESSION OF GUNS, EXPLOSIVES

Possess Concealed Weapon	4	17.	10	51	100	0	0	1	0	1	. 1	1	. 1	1	24	22.4
Other Weopon Offence	9	71	10	69	225	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	2	83	77.6
TOTAL	13	88	10	65	225	0	0	1	0	1	4	1	1	2	107	
Percentage	12.1	82.2				0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.9	3.7					100.0

#### TABLE A33. ENVIRONMENTAL OFFENCES

Environment	0	27	6	110	300	0	0 .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	100.0
TOTAL	0	27	6	110	300	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	27	
Percentage	0.0	100.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			-		100.0

# APPENDIX A PART 2 - MAJOR PENALTY IMPOSED, PERSONS CONVICTED

# TABLE A34. DAMAGE PROPERTY

Principal Offe ce		No Penalty	No.	Fine Min.		m Mox.	Order	Rising Of Court	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Imprison- ment Suspended	Imprisonment (months) No. Min. Mean			Max.	Total Convicted No. %	
	Wilful Damage to Property	15	194	. 5	56	250	13	1	2	4	8	11	1	2	3	248	98.8
	Other Damage to Prog. ty	1	2	50	125	200	0	0	C.	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1.2
Ì	TOTAL	16	196	5	56	250	13	1	2	4	8	11	1	2	3	251	
	Percentage	6.4	78.1				5.2	0.4	0.8	1.6	3.2	4.4					100.0

# TABLE A35. PROSTITUTION

Prostitution	1	28	20 61	150	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0 0	32	100.0
10TAL Percentage	3.1	28 87.5	20 61	150	0.0	0	1	3.1	1 3.1	0 0.0	0.0	0 0	32	100.0

APPENDIX A PART 2 - MAJOR PENALTY IMPOSED, PERSONS CONVICTED

TABLE A36. OFFENSIVE BEHAVIOUR, VAGRANCY, DRUNKENNESS & LIQUOR OFFENCES

Principol Offence	No Penalty	No.		(\$) Mean	Max.	Order	Rising Of Court	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Imprison- ment Suspended	No.	Impriso (mon: Min.	ths)	Max.		tal icted %
Drunkenness	154	1346	1	7	50	72	2	0	0	0	48	1	1	1	1622	57.6
Indecent Behaviour	2	24	20	70	100	0	0	3	3	1	0	0	3	0	33	1.2
Indecent Language	15	294	10	42	120	1	2	4	0	4	- 5	1	. 1	1	325	11.5
Other Offensive Language	35	681	2	41	112	14	0	3	3	4,	27	1	ı	2	767	27.3
Vagrancy	1	1	20	20	20	000	0	0	0	0 .	4	ıİ.	1	1	6	0.2
Under-age Drinking	0	5	30	77	100	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	O	5	0.2
Other Liquor Offences	2	54	5	38	120	00	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	56	2.0
		<del></del>	• • • • •	<del></del> _			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
TOTAL	209	2405	1	23	120	87	4	10	6	9	84	1 .	. 1	2	2814	1
Percentage	7.4	85.5				3.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.3	3.0					100.0

# APPENDIX A PART 2 - MAJOR PENALTY IMPOSED, PERSONS CONVICTED TABLE A37. OFFENCES AGAINST ORDER

Principal Offence	No Penalty	No.		: (\$) Mean	Max.	Order	Rising Of Court	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Imprison- ment Suspended	No.	Imprison (month Min.	าร)	Max.		tal icted %
Resist Arrest	24	232	5	60	200	0	0	3	2	3	10	1	2	3	274	44.2
Unlawfully on Premises	4	61	10	53	100	0	1.	. 0	1	2	5	1	1	1	74	11.9
Other Trespass	2	6.	8	19	40	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1.5
Contempt of Court	0	. "1	60	60	60	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0.3
Escape Lawful Custody	0	6	30	60	100	0 .	0	· Ö	0	0	1	1	1	ī	7	1.1
Perjury and Bribery	0	12	40	60	80	1 ·	ò	0	0	0	2	- 4	6	7	15	2.4
Other Offences Against Enforcement of Order	13	205	.10	39	150	2	0	5	2	3	7	1	2	6	237	38.2
Habitual Criminal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	2	2	.3	4	2	0.3
TOTAL	43	523	5	51	200	4	1	8	5	9	27	1	3	7	620	
Percentage	6.9	84.4				0.6	0.2	1.3	0.8	1.5	4.4					100.0

# APPENDIX A PART 2 - MAJOR PENALTY IMPOSED, PERSONS CONVICTED TABLE A38. OTHER OFFENCES

Principal Offence	No Penalty	No.		e (S) Mean	Max.	Order	Rising Of Court	Bond Without Supervision	Bond With Supervision	Imprison- ment Suspended	I No.	mpriso (mont Min.		Max.	Conv	otal victed %
Kill, Injure Animal	1	8	25	97	150	0	0	. 0	0	· . . 0	0	0	0	0	9	5.5
Sell, Prescribe, Use Poison	0	1	50	50	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0.6
Unlawful Import, Export	0	7	20	110	220	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	4.2
Other Offences	2	141	15	85	7 <i>5</i> 0	- 0	0	0	1	3	1	2	2	2	148	89.7
TOTAL	3	1.57	15	85	750	0	0	0	1	3	1	2	2	2	165	
Percentage	1.8	95.2				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.8	0.6					100.0

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APPENDIX A PART 3 : OFFENCE (GROUPED) AND COURT ACTION

TABLE A39

Offence Type	Convicted	Not Convicted - but penalty imposed	Acquitted	Defendant Died	Case Withdrawn	Case* Dismissed	Committed For Trial	To No.	tal %
Offences Against the Person	502	63	16	2	91	191	80	945	7.4
Robbery and Extortion	0	0 .	0	0	0	10	15	25	0.2
Sexual Offences	0	0	0	o	1	24	50	75	0.6
Drug Offences	555	80	8	2	20	78	83	826	6.5
Fraud and Deception	378	52	. 17	2	16	52	44	561	4.4
Break and Enter	4 '	2	2	0	5	108	177	298	2.3
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	206	n	6	0	59	, 11	15	308	2.4
Shop Theft	536	286	63	1	23	110	25	1044	8.2
Other Larceny	262	42	7	0	4	64	32	411	3.2
Inlawful Possession of Property	118	23	-8	2	44	22	13	230	1.8
Found with Intent	11	0	. 0	0	4	1	4	20	0.2
Driving Offences - includes Drink/Drive	2796	15	8	3	369	12	0	3203	25.0
Betting and Gaming	110	0	0	0	3	0	٥	113	0.9
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns, Explosives	107	16	2	1	20	2	0	148	1.2
Environmental Offences	27	0	0 0	0	2	0	0	29	0.2
Damage Property	251	22	8	0	37	12	9	339	2.7
Prostitution	. 32	2	0	0	10	1	0	45	0.4
Offensive Behaviour, Vagrancy, Drunkenness & Liquor Offences	2814	68	- 51	2	149	23	24	3131	24.5
Offences Against Order	620	34	24	° <b>0</b> , -	137	16	15	846	6.6
Other Offences	165	7	3	• <b>0</b>	12	3	0	190	1.5
TOTAL	9494	723	223	15	1006	740	586	12787	
Percentage	74.2	5.7	1.7	0.1	7.9	5.8	4.6		100.0

APPENDIX A PART 4 : OFFENCE (GROUPED) AND MAJOR PENALTY

TABLE A40

Offence Type	No		Fine	e (\$)			Rising Of	Bond Without	Bond	Imprison-	1		nment			tol
туре	enalty	No.	Min.	Mean	Max.	Order	Court		With Supervision	ment Suspended	No.	(moni	ths) Mean	Max.	Cony No.	icted %
		•				<del>,</del>							<del></del> -	<del></del>	-	Γ
Offences Against the Person	23	274	20	113	400	5	0	41	8	75	76	1	3	8	502	5.3
Robbery and Extortion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	-0	0	0.0
Sexual Offences	0 '	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.
Drug Offences	20	511	20	116	650	6	0	6	4	5	3	1	1	1	555	5.1
Fraud and Deception	19	235	1	130	1000	7	2	37	19	29	30	1	4	20	378	4.
Break and Enter	0	2	130	165	200	0	0	2	0	0.	0	0	.0	. 0	4	0.
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	11	57	20	113	244	2		5	4	46	80	1	5	18	206	2.:
Shop Theft	15	438	15	91	600	2	0	17	15	26	23	. 1	2	4	536	5.
Other Larceny	6	175	5	101	350	0	0	12	7	18	44	. 1	3	9	262	2.
Unlawful Possession of Property	,3	70	25	103	200	. 1	0	5	1	17	21	1	3	8	118	1.
Found with Intent	1 .	6	30	115	200	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	3	3	- 11	0.
Driving Offences - includes Drink/Drive	75	2335	10	298	600	2	1	6	6	34	337	1	3	7	2796	29.
Betting and Gaming	0	110	15	79	600	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	110	1.
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns, Explosives	13	88	10	65	225	0	0	1	0	1	4	1	1	2	107	1.
Environmental Offences	0	27	6	110	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 27	o.
Damage Property	16	196	5	56	250	13	1	2	4	. 8	11	1.	2	3	251	2.
Prostitution	1	28	20	61	150	0	0	1	1	1	0	. 0	. 0	0	32	0.
Offensive Behaviour, Vagrancy Drunkenness and Liquor Offences	209	2405	1	23	120	87	4	10	6	9	84	ı	1	2	2814	29.
Offences Against Order	43	523	5	51	200	4	1	8	5	9	27	1	3	7	620	6.
Other Offences	3	157	15	87	750	0	0	0	1	3	1	2	2	2	165	1.
TOTAL	458	7637	1	133	1000	129	10	153	81	282	744	1	3	20	9494	
Percentage	4.8	80.4				1.4	0.1	1.6	0.9	3.0	7.8					100.

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# APPENDIX A PART 5 - OFFENCE (GROUPED) AND BAIL STATUS

TABLE A41

		0	n Bail			In C	ustody				Tota	al
Offence Type	Allowed at Large	Recog- nizance	Cash Only	Cash & Recog- nizance	Refused	Not Applied for	Bail Not Raised	Not Specified	Another Matter	Unknown	No.	9
	187	616	9	10	22	24	5	49	10	13	945	7:
ffences Against the Person	2	12	2	2	3	.0	0	4	,0	0	25	0.
obbery and Extortion	12	50	- 1	1	8	3	0	0	0	0	75	0.
exual Offences	313	442	2	7	7	15	0	28	4	8	826	6.
rug Offences	192	318	1	4	1	12	2	22	6	3	561	4.
raud and Deception	83	196	1	13	16	19	4	13	3	0	298	2.
reak and Enter	99	135		1	17	14	2	23	12	4	308	2
nlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	525	486	. 0	1	3	6	2	17	3	1	1044	8
hop Theft	1	221	4	2	9	14	0	27	3	18	411	3
Other Larceny	113		0	0	3	8	. 0	21	4	6	230	1
Inlawful Possession of Property	80	108	0	. 0	1	2	1	3	0	0	20	0
Found with Intent	2	11	υ	U	1 .	-			7	41	3203	25
Driving Offences - includes Drink/Drive	677	2364	6	3	10	28	11	56 0	0	0	113	0
Betting and Gaming	100	13	0	0	0		Ų		· ·		148	1
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns, Explosives	107	30	.0	0 .	0	. 1	0	. <del>4</del> 0	4	0	29	'
Environmental Offences	28	1	0	0.	0	0	0		1	24	339	1 2
Damage Property	179	101	3	0	7	5	. 1	18	0	0	45	1
Prostitution	17	28	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Offensive Behaviour, Vagrancy, Drunkenness and Liquor Offences	1675	416	39	, 1	55	76	3	446	5	415	3131 846	2
Offences Against Order	334	390	3	1	6	14	4	61	3	30	190	
Other Offences	175	11	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	<u> </u>	1,0	1
TOTAL	4850	5949	72	46	168	242	35	794	66	565	12787	
Percentage	37.9	46.5	0.6	0.4	1.3	1.9	0.3	6.2	0.5	4.4	1 .	1

APPENDIX A PART 6 : OFFENCE (GROUPED) AND AGE
TABLE A42

Offence Type	19 & Under	20-24	25-29	30-34	Age 35-39	40-49	50-59	60 Plus	Unknown	No.	tol %
Offences Against the Person	23	219	139	54	58	94	45	19	254	945	7.4
Robbery and Extortion	0	9	2	4	0	0	0	0	10	25	0.2
Sexual Offences	1	19	10	10	7	8	4	2	14	75	0.6
Drug Of /ences	12	325	130	50	10	13	. 6	3	277	826	6.
Fraud and Deception	41	92	96	57	34	51	25	5	160	561	4.
Break and Enter	8	90	37	. 17	2	4	3	0	137	298	2.
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	5	93	33	-11	9	8	2	0	147	308	2.
Shop Theft	10	145	115	102	55	102	147	110	258	1044	8.
Other Larceny	11	136	34	26	14	13	- 11	2	164	411	3.
Unlawful Possession of Property	2	64	24	29	12	12	10	1	76	230	1.
Found with Intent	0	6	0	4	0	C	0	0	10	20	0.
Oriving Offences - includes Drink/ Drive	97	846	449	296	199	276	149	60	831	3203	25.
Betting and Gaming	- 5	7	18	14	9	25	14	10	11	113	0.
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns, Explosives	2	39	15	10	13	11	8	3	47	148	1.
Environmental Offences	0.	4	4	4	. 3	2	5	3	4	29	0.
Damage Property	8	84	37	33	13	19	13	2	130	339	2.
Prostitution	0	18	3	5	4	2	0	0	13	45	.0.
Offensive Behaviour, Vagrancy, Drunkenness and Liquor Offences	43	561	395	260	193	420	284	188	787	3131	24.
Offences Against Order	17	280	115	55	29	35	15	9	291	846	6.
Other Offences	150	7	9	3	4	3	2	2	10	190	1.
							<b></b>				
TOTAL	435	3044	1665	1084	668	1098	743	419	3631	12787	
Percentage	3.4	23.8	13.0	8.5	5.2	8.6	5.8	3.3	28.4	1	100.

# APPENDIX A PART 7 - OFFENCE (GROUPED) AND PLEA

## TABLE A43

Offence Type	ļ	Ple	)		Tota	ol
,	Guilty	Not Guilty	No Plea	Guilty 4A	No.	*
Offences Against the Person	549	44	351	1	94.5	<del> </del>
Robbery and Extortion	1	0	24	Ö.		7.4
Sexual Offences	2	4	69	0	25 76	0.2
Drug Offences	646	11	169	0	75	0.6
Fraud and Deception	440	12	109	0	826	6.5
Break and Enter	26	3	269	0	561 298	4.4
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	217	7	84	0	308	2.3
Shop Theft	861	35	148	0	1044	2.4
Other Larceny	311	6	94	0		8.2
Unlawful Possession of Property	140	11	79	0	411	3.2
Found with Intent	9	0	11	0	230	1.8
Driving Offences - includes Drink/Drive	2778	45	376	4	20 3203	0.2 25.0
Betting and Gaming	69		16	27		
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns, Explosives	118	4	25	1	113 148	0.9
Environmental Offences	16	0	. 1	12		117
Damage Property	268	8	60	3	29	0.2
Prostitution	30	5	10	3 O	339	2.7
Offensive Behaviour, Vagrancy, Drunkenness and Liquor Offences	2845	35	180	71	45 3131	0.4 24.5
Offences Against Order	660	20	165	1	846	
Other Offences	136	6	15	33	190	6.6 1.5
TOTAL						<del></del>
- <del>- 11 - 1</del>	10122	257	2255	1 <i>5</i> 3	12787	
Percentage v	79.2	2.0	17.6	1.2	Ì	100.0

#### APPENDIX A PART 8 : OFFENCE (GROUPED) AND OCCUPATIONAL STATUS

#### TABLE A44

Offence			Occupati	onal Statu	s			To	tal
Туре	Employed	Unemployed	Pensioner	Student	Home Duties	Self Employ - or Other	Unknown	No.	*
Offences Against the Person	407	343	56	5	33	2	99	945	7.4
Robbery and Extortion	7	12	0	0	1	0	5	25	0.2
Sexual Offences	32	29	9	0	1	0	4	75	0.6
Drug Offences	414	314	17	14	20	0	47	826	6.5
Fraud and Deception	218	171	26	. 6	68	0	72	561	4.4
Break and Enter	67	177	7	4	4	0	39	298	2.3
Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle	58	197	7	2	6	0	38	308	2.4
Shop Theft	318	266	158	18	239	3	42	1044	8.2
Other Larceny	139	191	13	10	12	0	45	411	3.2
Unlawful Possession of Property	84	94	9	7	13	0	23	230	1.8
Found with Intent	4	12	3	1	0	0	0	20	0.2
Driving Offences - includes Drink/ Drive	2099	620	94	40	32	3	315	3203	25.0
Betting and Coming	73	15	11	3	1	0	10	113	0.9
Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns, Explosives	84	48	10	2	0	0	4	148	1.2
Environmental Offences	19	2	4	0	3	0	1	29	0.2
Damage Property	142	129	22	3	11	0	32	339	2.7
Prostitution	31	4	4	2	2	0	2	45	0.4
Offensive Behaviour, Vagrancy, Drunkenness & Liquor Offences	855	1458	399	30	115	4	270	3131	24.5
Offences Against Order	323	365	35	16	29	1	77	846	6.6
Other Offences	23	10	4	1	1	0	151	190	1.5
TOTAL	5397	4457	888	164	591	13	1277	12787	
Percentage	42.2	34.9	6.9	1.3	4.6	0.1	10.0		100.0

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## APPENDIX A PART 9 : AGE AND BAIL STATUS

#### TABLE A4 5

					BAIL	STATUS	•					
		G	n Bail	<del></del>	<del> </del>	In C	ustody			<u> </u>	To	tal
AGE	Allowed at Large	Recog- nizance	Cash Only	Cash & Recog- nizance	Refused	Not Applied for	Boil Not Raised	Not Specified	Another Matter	Unknown	No.	,
Under 19	287	116	2	0.	2	8	0	13	1	6	435	3
20-24	1045	1553	13	12	43	75	6	1 68	26	102	3044	23.8
25-29	590	814	16	8	22	32	7	95	9	72	1665	13.0
30-34	362	540	6	5	21	19	1	81	3	46	1084	5
35-39	232	329	6 -	1	8	10	2	39	0	41	668	5.
40-49	376	453	8	2	16	19	2	111	2	109	1098	8.
50-59	326	265	1	2	6	7	4	85	0	47	743	5.
60 Plus	224	121	0	0	7	1	0	50	0	16	419	3.
Unknown	1408	1757	20	16	43	71	13	152	25	126	3631	28.
TOTAL	4850-	5949	72	46	168	242	35	794	66	565	12787	
Percentage	37.9	46.5	0.6	0.4	1.3	1.9	0.3	6.2	0.5	4.4		100.

# APPENDIX A PART 10 : PLEA AND LEGAL REPRESENTATION, SOUTH AUSTRALIAN COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION 1 JANUARY 1980 TO 30 JUNE 1980

TABLE A46

		LEGAL REPRESENTATION		
PLEA	Yes	No - declined by No - Other defendant	Not Stated	Total
	No. %	No. % No. %	No. %	No. %
Guilty	4967 71.9	1137 95.5 3897 85.6	121 89.0	10122 79.2
Not Guilty	205 3.0	9 0.8 41 0.9	2 1.5	257 2.0
No Plea	1739 25.2	44 3.7 459 10.1	13 9.6	2255 17.6
Guilty - 4A	0 0.0	0 0.0 153 3.4	0 0.0	153 1.2
TOTAL	6911 54.0	1190 9.3 4550 35.6	136 [.1	12787 100.0

#### APPENDIX A PART: 11 : FINES, LICENCE SUSPENSIONS AND IMPRISONMENT IMPOSED UPON ALL PERSONS CONVICTED OF EXCEEDING PRESCRIBED CONTENT OF ALCOHOL

#### TABLE A4 7

1		,	<del></del>	·		<del></del>		<u> </u>			···				<del></del>		<del></del>			4	<del></del>	<del></del>	·	<del></del>	<del></del>	
	Blood Alcohol	Total No.	Fi Impo	ne sed			Du	rati				se Su n sen			(mo	nths	) whe	n :		1	mpris	onmen (mont	t (di hs)	rect)		3.
	Level	Charged	No.	Mean (\$)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7- 9	10- 12	13- 15	16- 18	19- 24	25- 36	Over 36	un- kn.	Mean	0-1	1-2	2-3,	3-4	4-5	5-6	6-7
	.0815	1019	973	284	108	223	181	109	44	92	105	63	9	7	9	2	3	17	4.7	5	14		1	1		
	.15120	535	411	360	1				2	86	143	123	36	15	2	5			9.8	4	62	9	12,	1		
	.20125	191	138	401			1			6	41	36	29	14	8	2	1		13.0	2	23	4	8		2	1
- 12	.25130	47	36	414	2					1	8	7	•	9	5	3			15.0		3	4				
	.30135	19	n	443						1	1	3			4	2			19.1.			1	2	1	1	
	.351 +	4	3	392					ĺ						1			2	24.0							
	Unknown	34	31	302	3	6	1			. 4	6	6		3				1	7.0		2					
	TOTAL	1849	1 603	318	114	229	183	109	46	190	304	238	74	48	29	14	4	20	7.1	11	104	18	23	3	3	1

# APPENDIX A PART 11 : FINES, LICENCE SUSPENSIONS AND IMPRISONMENT IMPOSED UPON FIRST OFFENDERS CONVICTED OF EXCEEDING PRESCRIBED CONTENT OF ALCOHOL WITH NO PRIOR CONVICTIONS

#### TABLE A 48

Blood Alcohol	Total No.	Fi Impo				Du	ratio	on o	f Li	cens	e Su	spen tenc	sion e	(mo	nths	) wher	n.		1	mpris	onmen (mont	t (di hs)	rect)	
Level	Charged	No.	Меа <i>‡</i> ; (\$)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7- 9	10- 12	13- 15	16- 18	19- 24	25- 36	Over 36	un- kn.	Mean	0-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6
.0815	641	620	278	76	161	110	68	33	58	71	28	3	2	3		2	6	4.2	1	2				
.15120	259	226	357					2	56	79	62	17	9	1				9.3		11	2	1		
.20125	87	77	398						3	29	18	17	6	4				9.7		2	1			1
.25130	16	16	416					. 1		5	3		4	2	1			15.1						
.30135	7	5	424						1	1	3							9.6			1			
.351 +	1	. 1	375														1							
Unknown	19	19	298	1	4	1			2	3	5		1				1	7.1						
TOTAL	1030	964	310	77	1 65	111	68	35	120	188	119	37	22	10	1	2	8	6.2	1.	15	4	1	0	1

# CONTINUED 10F2

8

Offences Against the Person

Murder; Attempted Murder; Cause Death by Driving; Major Assault; Cause Injury by Driving; Minor Assault; Assault Police; Assault (Nature Unspecified); Endanger Life; Kidnap; Abduction.

Robbery and Extortion

Robbery with Major Assault; Robbery with Minor Assault.

Sexual Offences

Rape of Female; Attempted Rape of Female; Incest; Carnal Knowledge of Female; Indecent Assault on Female; Indecent Interference on Female; Indecent Assault on Male.

Drug Offences

Possess Drugs, Drug Utensils; Possess Drugs; Obtain Drugs by Forgery; Sell Drugs; Import Drugs; Manufacture Drugs; Permit Premises to be Used for Manufacture of Drugs.

Fraud and Deception

False Pretences; Other Fraud; Valueless Cheques; Forge; Embezzlement by Employee; Embezzlement by Trustee; Utter.

Break and Enter

Break and Enter Dwelling; Break and Enter Shop; Break and Enter - Other.

Unlawful Use, Theft of Vehicle

Larceny of Motor Vehicle; Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicle; Other Vehicle Theft; Interfere with Motor Vehicle.

Shop Theft

Shop Theft.

Other Larceny

Steal from Person; Other Theft.

Unlawful Possession of Property

Receiving; Unlawful Possession of Property.

Found with Intent

Found with Intent.

#### APPENDIX B : OFFENCES TYPE (Cont'd.)

Driving Offences - Includes Drink/Drive

Drive Under Influence; P.C.A.; Refuse Breath Test; Fail to Obey Traffic Lights; Dangerous Driving;

Negligent Driving; Drive While Disqualified; Drive Without License; Drive Without Learner's Permit; Road Maintenance Act; Undue Noise with Vehicle; Fail to Stop and Report Accident; Registration of Uninsured Vehicle; Other Driving.

Betting and Gaming
Betting and Gaming.

Unlawful Use or Possession of Guns, Explosives
Possess Concealed Weapon; Other Weapon Offence.

Environmental Offences Environmental.

Damage Property
Wilful Damage to Property; Arson; Other Damage to Property.

Prostitution Prostitution.

Offensive Behaviour, Vagrancy, Drunkenness and Liquor Offences

Drunkenness; Indecent Behaviour; Indecent Language; Indecent Publications; Other Offensive Language; Vagrancy; Under-age Drinking; Other Liquor Offences.

Offences Against Order

Resist Arrest; Unlawfully on Premises; Other Trespass; Contempt of Court; Escape Lawful Custody; Perjury and Bribery; Other Offences Against Enforcement of Order; Habitual Criminal.

Other Offences

Kill, Injure Animal; Sell, Prescribe, Use Poison; Unlawful Import, Export; Other Offences.

#### APPENDIX C : PRINCIPAL OFFENCE LISTING

If a defendant is charged with two or more offences, one of these is selected as principal offence. Selecting of principal offences is based on an assessment of relative severity. The following list shows offences in order of judged severity, as used in this report.

- 1. Murder, Attempted Murder, Manslaughter
  - Rope, Attempted Rope
- Robbery with Major Assault
- 4. Driving Occasioning Death, Conspiracy to Murder
- 5. Major Assault
- 6. Robbery with Minor Assault, Extortion
- 7. Assault Police
- 8. Break and Enter Dwelling, Break and Enter Other
- 9. Theft
- 10. Arson
- 11. Receiving, Unlawful Possession
- 12. Drugs, Selling, etc.
- 13. Drugs, Using non Marijuana
- 14. Drugs, Using Marijuana
- 15. Fraud, False Pretences, Forge and Utter,
- 16. Driving Under the Influence of Alcohol
- 17. Exceeding Prescribed Content of Alcohol

- 18. Incest, Unlawful Sex, Indecent Assault
- 19. Minor Assault
- 20. Injury by Negligent Driving
- 21. Resist Arrest
- 22. Endanger Life, Kidnapping, Abduction, Abortion, Conceal Birth, Threat of Violence
- 23. Refuse Alcohol Test
- Property Damage, Wilful Damage, Kill or Injure Animal, Other Damage, Interfere with Motor Vehicle
- 25. Offensive Behaviour
- Indecent Behaviour, Indecent Language, Indecent Publications, Prostitution, Trespass, Vagrancy, Possess Weapon, Environmental Offences, Under Age Drinking
- 27. Dangerous Driving
- 28. Negligent Driving
- 29. Drunkenness
- 30. Other Offences Against Enforcement Order
- 31. Ill treat Child, Escape Custody, Perjury, Found with Intent, Bigamy, Recognizance, Other Offences

# APPENDIX D : OFFENCES WHICH ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE SYSTEM OF STATISTICS FROM COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION

DRIVING (included only as a lesser offence when accompanied by a more serious charge).

Negligent Driving - Road Traffic Act, sect. 45

Road Maintenance Act

Fail to Stop and Report Accident

Registration and Insurance of Offences.

Com. M.V. (Hours of Driving Act)

Road Traffic Regulations

Road Traffic Act, Sections 23, 31, 38, 41, 42, 48-58, 60, 61, 63-70, 71a, 72, 74, 74a, 75-78, 78a, 80-83, 84, 85, 87-91, 93, 94, 94a, 95, 100-103, 109, 111, 120, 122, 126, 132, 137, 139, 144, 157, 160, 162, 162a, 162b, 162ab, 162c, 163.

#### ADELAIDE CITY COUNCIL BY-LAWS (Parking).

#### INCOME TAX

Fail to Provide Tax Returns. Income Tax Assessment Act Section 223.

Note: Statistics are compiled on cases arising from the following offences, but only those which are heard in <u>Adelaide Magistrate's Court.</u> Statistics are not compiled on these offences heard in suburban or country courts.

#### 4. ENVIRONMENTAL OFFENCES

Bushfires Act Bushfires Regulations Excessive Noise Hunting Regulations Local Government Act National Parks and Wildlife Act and Regulations

Police Offences Act Sections 56 and 57

Registration of Dogs Act Section 24

#### 5. EMPLOYER/EMPLOYEE OFFENCES

Wages, fail to pay correct

(collected from AMC. heard Industrial Court if on a file from Adelaide Magistrate's Court).

Acts Interpretation Act Adelaide By-Laws Adelaide Showgrounds B/L Act Aust. Nat. Railways Act Bankruptcy Act Sections 80, 271, 272 Bills of Sale Act Births, Deaths, Marriage Act Boating Act Booting Regulations Book Purchases Act Branding of Pigs Act Brands Act Breach of Recognizance

**Building Contracts Act** Builders Licensing Act Business Names Act Bus, Tram Fare, Avoid Payment Commonwealth Electoral Act Companies Act

Consumer Transactions Act Coroners Act

Criminal Injuries Compansation Act Crown Lands Act

Customs Act Sections 33, 58, 59, 64, 214 Dairy Industry Act

Defence Act Dentist Act

Diesel Fuel, Offences Disp. Dog, Unregistered

Electoral Act

Electricity Trust Act Evidence Act

Fisheries Act (S.A.)

Exceed Number Passengers Exciseable Goods, Interfere Films, R-Rate W. Children Fire Brigades Act

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Harbours Act Hawkers Act Hide, Skin, Wool Dealers Act Hospitals Act Illicit Spirits, Possess Imprint Act Indec. Inprop. Signal CB Rad. Inflammable Liquids Act Land, Business Agents Act Law Courts (Order) Act Marine Act Marine Stores Act Mining Act Miscellaneous Acts Naturalisation Cert, Misuse Non-payment by Hirer Oaths Act Pawnbrokers Act Peace Complaints Physiotherapists Act Places of Public Ent. Act Police Offences Act Sections 40, 48, 55, 58Q, 58R, 63 Post Bills Poultry Return, Fl. Furnish

Prohibition of Disc. Act Public Meetings Act Racial Discrimination Act Sections 6, 7, 8, 9 Railway, Use Defaced Ticket Railway, Use Expired Ticket Recreation Grounds (Reg) Act Sale of Goods Act Sales Tax Info, Fl. Provide Sales Tax Return, Fl. Furnish Second Hand Dealers Act Sections 5, 18, 19, 21 Shearers (Accom) Act State Lotteries Act State Railways Act Sections 115, 116, 117 Statistics Act Stock Disease Act Swimming Pool (Safety) Act Tax Return, Fail to Provide Trading Stamp Act Transmit, Receive Not Licd. Unlicd. etc. CB Radio Urban Land Price Control Vertebrate Pests Act Waterworks Act

Private Parking Areas Act

#### APPENDIX E : LIST OF CONTRIBUTING COURTS

Previous reports have categorised Courts into Adelaide, Suburban and Country areas. This report refers only to Metropolitan Adelaide and Country Courts. The following list details the Courts in these areas.

METROPOLITAN ADELAIDE			COUNTRY	
Adelaide	Andamooka	Hallett	Morgan	Saddleworth
Christies Beach	Ardrossan	Hawker	Mount Barker	Snowtown
Darlington	Balaklava	Iron Knob	Mount Gambier	Spalding
Elizabeth and	Barmera	Jamestown	Murray Bridge	Stansbury
Salisbury	Beachport	Kadina	Nairne	Stirling
Glenelg	Berri	Kalangadoo	Naracoorte	Strathalbyn
Holden Hill	Blanchetown	Kapunda	Codnadatta	Streaky Bay
Port Adelaide	Booleroo Centre	Karoonda	Orroroo	Swan Reach
Unley	Bordertown	Keith	Penong	Tailem Bend
	Brinkworth	Kimba	Penola	Tanunda
	Burra	Kingoonya	Peterborough	Tarcoola
	Bute	Kingscote	Pinnaroo	Tumby Bay
	Ceduna	Lameroo	Poochera	Two Wells
	Clare	Leigh Creek	Port Augusta	VictorHarbour
	Cleve	Lock	Port Broughton	Waikerie
	Cockburn	Loxton	Port Elliston	Whyalla
	Coober Pedy	Lucindale	Port Lincoln	Wirrabara
	Coonalpyn	Maitland	Port McDonnell	Wirrula
	Crystal Brook	Mannahill	Port Pirie	Woodside
	Cummins	Mannum	Port Victoria	Woomera
	Edithburgh	Maree	Port Wakefield	Wudinna
	Eudunda	Meningie	Quorn	Yankalilla
	Franklin Harbour	Millicent	Redhill	Yorketown
	Gawler	Minlaton	Renmark	Yunta
	Gladstone	Minnipa	Riverton	
	Goolwa	Moonta	Robe	
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#### OFFICE OF CRIME STATISTICS—ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

#### STATISTICS FROM COURTS OF SUMMARY JURISDICTION

COURT DETAIL  1. Court 2. File (Insert Number code)	3. Alpha 4. Code	Person Presiding (insert code)	5. Date of Disposition	6. Type of c  1= Arrest  2= Summo	Case
DEFENDANT DETAIL 7 Residence (insert code) 8. Date of birth/incorp.	9. Sex  1= Male 2= Female 3= Corporate body 9= Unknown	2= Aboriginal 2= Ma 3= Oriental 3= Per	ver married of birti uried (insert rmanently parated vorced dowed facto		yed ployed oner nt duties
PRINCIPAL OFFENCE CHARGED  14 Date of occurrence 15. Date of of offence Complaint/Sum	16. Date of first mons Court appearan	900000000	inal appearance (If	applicable) (i	Amount of bail If applicable) ash
			] 🗆		
21. Complainant 22. Number of the Police co-defendard 22 Private 33 State 44 Commonwealth 55 Other	only) (insert c	ug offences (drink/dri	ving only)	Number of different offences charged	
					<b>Bio</b>
PREVIOUS RECORD					
26. Number of previous juvenile court/aid panel dispositions	Previous adult convictions (insert offence code)				
	1. 2.	3.			
SUMMARY OF DISPOSITION				e' t Cor	sts (\$)
	or Qualifialty cation Pensity (1)				any)
PLEA  1 = Gullty 1 = Convicted 2 = Not gullty 3 = No plee 4 = Guilty (4A) 4 = Accused died 5 = Charge withdraw application) 6 = Charge withdraw application) 7 = Diamissad for vis prosecution 8 = Committed for tri	n (Aslendant's n (prosecution int of	PENALTY  0= No penalty 1= Order 2= Bond without supervision 3= Bond with supervision 4= Community work order 5= Suspension of driver's licence 6= Sentenced to rising 7= Monetary line 8= Periodic detention 9= Imprisonment	3= Bond- 4= Bond- 5= Bond 6= Cumu 7= Conct	Suspended sentenceOPA other than suspended sJustices Act other than Justices Act or OPA lative sentence utrent sentence ptry of sentence being served	
30. If sentence is direct imprisonment Non-parole period (in weeks)	]				

#### PUBLICATIONS OF THE SOUTH AUSTRALIAN OFFICE OF CRIME STATISTICS

#### (APRIL 1982)

#### Series I: Crime and Justice in South Australia - Quarterly Reports

- Vol. 1 No. 1 Report for the Period Ending 31st December, 1978 (February, 1979)
- Vol. 1 No. 2 Report for the Period Ending 31st March, 1979 (June, 1979)
- Vol. 1 No. 3 Report for the Period Ending 30th June, 1979 (September, 1979)
- Vol. 2 No. 1 Report for the Period Ending 30th September, 1979 (December, 1979)
- Vol. 2 No. 2 Report for the Period Ending 31st December, 1979 (March, 1980)
- Vol. 2 No. 3 Report for the Period Ending 31st March, 1980 (July, 1980)
- Vol. 2 No. 4 Report for the Period Ending 30th June, 1980 (September, 1980)
- Vol. 3 No. 1 Report for the Period Ending 30th September, 1980 (December, 1980)
- Vol. 3 No. 2 Report for the Period Ending 31st December, 1980 (May, 1981)
- Vol. 3 No. 3 Report for the Period Ending 31st March, 1981 (July, 1981)
- Vol. 3 No. 4 Report for the Period Ending 30th June, 1981 (September, 1981)

#### Series II: Summary Jurisdiction and Special Reports

- No. 1 Homicide in South Australia : Rates and Trends in Comparative Perspective (July 1979)
- No. 2 Law and Order in South Australia : An Introduction to Crime and Criminal Policy (September, 1979)
- No. 3 Robbery in South Austrolia (February, 1980)
- No. 4 Statistics from Courts of Summary Jurisdiction: Selected Returns from Adelaide Magistrates' Court: 1st January-30th June, 1979 (March, 1980)

- No. 5 Statistics from Courts of Summary Jurisdiction: Selected Returns from South Australian Courts: 1st July-31st December, 1979 (September, 1980)
- No. 6 Statistics from Courts of Summary Jurisdiction: Selected Returns from South Australian Courts: 1st January-30th June, 1980 (December, 1980)
- No. 7 Statistics from Courts of Summary Jurisdiction: Selected Returns from South Australian Courts: 1st July-31st December, 1980 (September, 1981)
- No. 8 Statistics from Supreme and District Criminal Courts: 1st July, 1980 30th June, 1981 (November, 1981)
- No. 9 Homicide and Serious Assault in South Australia (November, 1981)

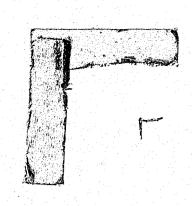
#### Series A: Statistical Reports

No. 1 Statistics from Criminal Courts of Summary Jurisdiction: 1st January - 30 June, 1981 (April, 1982)

This report marks a change in the numbering system for Office of Crime Statistics reports. Henceforth, publications will fall into one or other of two series:

Series A - statistical reports which encompassreports in Courts of Summary Jurisdiction and District Criminal Courts; and Series B - special reports.

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