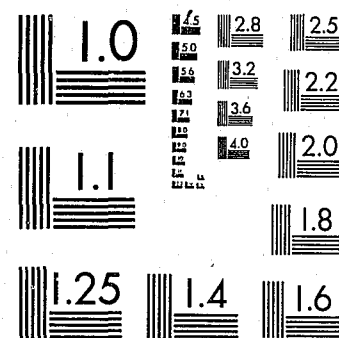


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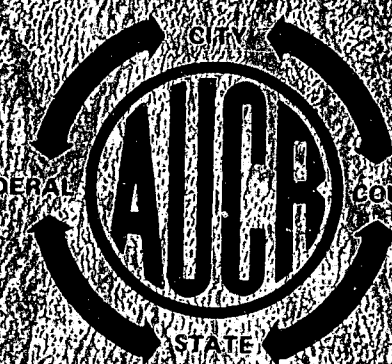
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**CRIME IN  
ARIZONA  
1979**





# CRIME IN ARIZONA 1979

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**An annual report compiled by the  
Uniform Crime Reporting Unit**

**Arizona Department of Public Safety  
2310 North 20th Avenue  
Phoenix, Arizona 85009**

**Ralph T. Milstead, Director  
June 1980**

**NCJRS**

**MAY 18 1981**

**ACQUISITIONS**

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## Foreword

In 1975, the Uniform Crime Reporting Unit of the Department of Public Safety began an effort that culminated in the first statewide report of criminal activity in the state. Prior to 1975, no detailed statewide crime statistics were available regarding the reported incidents of crime in Arizona. With the issuance of *Crime in Arizona 1979*, a five year crime base has been established as a measure of the extent of crime.

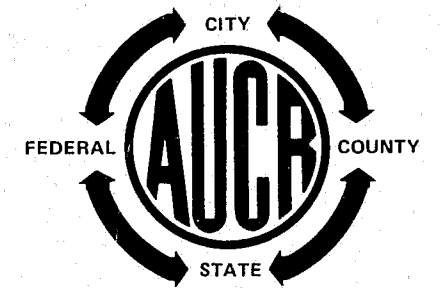
*Crime in Arizona 1979*, represents an effort by the law enforcement community throughout the state of Arizona to compile a comprehensive report covering incidence of crime in this state. Our deepest gratitude and thanks are extended to the sheriffs' offices and police departments who, through their participation, made this report possible.

The statistics presented in this report reveal the nature and extent of crime. By making use of all the statistics available, we believe *Crime in Arizona 1979*, can provide a valuable overview of the crime problem.

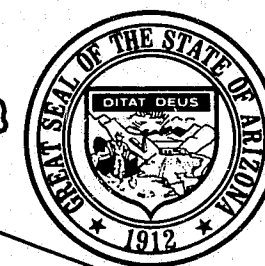
We hope this publication will help arouse hostility to crime and enable public officials to place this serious issue in perspective.

*Ralph T. Milstead*

Ralph T. Milstead  
Director



**The Arizona Uniform  
Crime Reporting System**



## HISTORY OF UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING

The Committee on Uniform Crime Records of the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) was established in 1927 to initiate a national program for collecting crime information. This Committee's responsibility to provide management information to law enforcement agencies was eventually turned over to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) in 1930, when the FBI received a Congressional mandate to collect and disseminate national crime information. The IACP has continued to serve the Uniform Crime Reporting Program (UCR) in an advisory capacity, and has been joined in this responsibility by the Committee on Crime Records of the National Sheriff's Association (NSA) in 1966.

The Arizona Uniform Crime Reporting (AUCR) Unit first began receiving voluntary crime information from Arizona law enforcement agencies in January 1975. Prior to this date these agencies submitted their crime data directly to the FBI. At the close of calendar year 1979, all 92 eligible law enforcement agencies were contributing crime data to the AUCR unit.

## OBJECTIVES OF ARIZONA UCR

Because increasing attention has been focused on the problem of crime in our communities in recent years, many segments of our population need more complete information for a variety of reasons.

Law enforcement professionals, managers and administrators who must focus on crime in their own jurisdictions, also need to know what is occurring in surrounding jurisdictions in order to deploy personnel and equipment most efficiently. Researchers and planners need to know what is actually happening to predict trends and recommend changes.

The goal of *Crime in Arizona* is to identify the nature and extent of criminal activity in this state and present the information needed by each of these groups. This information will not in itself prevent crime, but it may encourage all segments of society, by understanding the problem, to work together with law enforcement agencies to reduce crime through more effective enforcement.

The objectives of *Crime in Arizona* are (1) To identify the nature and extent of crime in our state; (2) To provide the management information needed by the law enforcement community to augment their ability to attack the crime problem; (3) To provide our citizens with the most complete information available; (4) To provide legislators with the information necessary to formulate laws which address the crime problems, and (5) To provide sufficient detailed data for researchers and planners.

## CONSIDERATIONS FOR INTERPRETATION

Statistics are a tool used to summarize information so that patterns or trends become clearer. All statistics must be interpreted with an understanding of just what it is that they can say. Too often information of the type in this report is used incorrectly to draw conclusions that the statistics simply do not support. We ask that great care be taken in analysis and interpretation.

The following factors have a major influence on the statistics presented in this report:

1. Crime figures are police statistics as distinguished from the findings of a court, coroner, jury or decision of a prosecutor.
2. Density and size of community population.
3. Variations in composition of the population, particularly age structure.
4. Stability of population with respect to transient factors.
5. Economic conditions, including job availability.
6. Climate.
7. Effective strength of law enforcement agencies; some police jurisdictions overlap.
8. Attitudes of citizenry toward crime.
9. Crime reporting practices of citizenry.
10. Crime rates are based on census-fixed residential populations of police jurisdictions.
11. Crimes committed on Indian reservations are not counted in the AUCR program, although their population is included in the state's population figures.

To obtain accurate information from many different agencies, the national UCR program had to precisely define the methods for collecting such information as the number of offenses, arrests, clearances and value of stolen or recovered property. The methods of collecting and some resulting limitations are explained below.

### Classification of Offenses

UCR divides offenses into two major classifications which are designated Part I and Part II offenses. This distinction is important to keep in mind because different information is collected for each.

Part I offenses include:

#### Violent Crimes

1. Criminal Homicide
2. Forcible Rape
3. Robbery
4. Aggravated Assault

#### Non-Violent Crimes

5. Burglary
6. Larceny-Theft
7. Motor Vehicle Theft

*Note: These offenses are also referred to as the Index Crimes. These seven offenses are used to calculate the crime index and crime rates.*

Part II offenses include:

8. Other Assaults - simple
9. Arson
10. Forgery and Counterfeiting
11. Fraud
12. Embezzlement
13. Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possessing, Etc.
14. Vandalism
15. Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, Etc.
16. Prostitution
17. Sex Offenses (Except forcible rape and prostitution)
18. Narcotic Drug Laws
19. Gambling
20. Offenses Against Family and Children
21. Driving Under the Influence
22. Liquor Laws
23. Drunkenness (not reported in Arizona)
24. Disorderly Conduct
25. Vagrancy
26. All Other Offenses (except traffic)
27. Suspicion (not reported in Arizona)
28. Curfew and Loitering Law Violations (Juveniles)
29. Runaways (Juveniles)

*Note: Only arrests are counted for Part II offenses.*

All offenses are classified on the basis of law enforcement officer investigation in accordance with UCR offense definitions (which will not necessarily be identical to Criminal Code definitions). Because UCR identifies a police problem, offense classifications are not based on the findings of a court, coroner, jury or decision of a prosecutor.

### Counting of Offenses

The number of offenses is counted only for Part I crimes and simple assault. The method of counting varies with the type of crime committed, and it is important to remember that the number of offenders does not determine the number of offenses.

For murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, rape, aggravated assault and simple assault, one offense is counted for each victim, regardless of the number of offenders involved.

For robbery and larceny-theft, one offense is counted for each distinct operation which is separate in time and place. The number of victims in any one operation does not determine the number of offenses.

For burglary, one offense is counted for each structure which is illegally entered. However, when the structure is an apartment house, business or office building in which units are leased for a period of time, one offense is counted for each unit burglarized.

For motor vehicle theft, one offense is counted for each vehicle stolen.

*Note: Attempts to commit any of the above are also counted as offenses, except that attempts to kill and assaults to kill are counted as aggravated assaults.*

For multiple offenses that occur in one crime incident, only the most serious offense is counted. Part I crimes are ranked according to seriousness and appear in order from most serious to least serious under "Classification of Offenses," above.

### Clearances

An offense is considered cleared (solved) when at least one offender is arrested for a crime, even though several may have been involved.

Offenses may also be cleared by exceptional means when the offender: commits suicide; makes a dying declaration; confesses while in custody or serving time for another crime; is prosecuted in another jurisdiction for the same offense; is a juvenile who is handled by notifying the parents; when the victim refuses to prosecute or another jurisdiction refuses to extradite the offender.

Clearances are counted as "adult" and "juvenile." A "juvenile" clearance is counted only when juveniles are exclusively involved in the clearance of an offense. If the arrest of both adults and juveniles results in a clearance, it is counted as an "adult" clearance.

### Property Stolen and Recovered

The figures for value of property stolen and recovered report the value at each point in time. Although property can increase in value over time, it is more likely that stolen property will be recovered in a damaged condition. Therefore, recovery value does not necessarily represent a "clearance rate" for stolen property, and one cannot use it to determine law enforcement effectiveness in recovering stolen goods. Because stolen and recovered property figures indicate thefts and recoveries in the current year, it is important to note that recovered property may have been stolen in a previous year. In addition, the type and value of stolen or recovered property is reported only for Part I offenses and does not include such Part II offenses as fraud, forgery or embezzlement.

Arrests

Arrest information is collected for all Part I and Part II offenses according to the age, sex and race of the offender. It is not possible, however, to correlate race with sex or specific ages because the information is collected independently, thus limiting analysis. Furthermore, arrest figures cannot be directly related to the number of crimes cleared because arrest totals count all offenders arrested for each offense, and clearance totals count only the offenses for which an arrest(s) or exceptional clearances have occurred.

Reporting Variations and Procedures

Arizona now receives Uniform Crime Reports from all eligible 92 law enforcement agencies. One must be aware that unintentional variations from UCR guidelines may occur that would affect the validity of the data presented in this report. Offense totals vary from the actual number of offenses that occur because UCR statistics are based on crimes that are reported to law enforcement agencies and many crimes are not reported.

Each contributing law enforcement agency is responsible for compiling its own monthly reports. To aid in this endeavor, the Arizona UCR guide manual and the FBI UCR handbook are supplied to all contributors. These manuals outline reporting procedures in detail and are complete with examples and illustrations. Additionally, our Field Representatives provide instruction and clarification as required. Each agency is supplied with twelve sets of monthly report forms which are used by the agencies to submit their reports.

PORTRAIT AND PROFILE OF ARIZONA

Arizona, with 113,909 square miles, is the sixth largest state in the United States. Much of this area is owned by the Federal Government in the form of Indian reservations, National Parks, and National Forests. Arizona is 69% federally owned; 27% of that federal ownership is in the form of Indian reservations. The state owns 13%, leaving 18% to private ownership.

Arizona has two principal metropolitan areas, Phoenix and Tucson (Maricopa and Pima counties). Phoenix, the capitol city, is the financial, commercial, retail, cultural and employment hub in the state, as well as the largest population center with an estimated 718,216 people. Tucson, the largest business, educational and cultural center in southern Arizona, has an estimated population of 315,978 people. More than 42 percent of the people who live in Arizona live in these two cities.

One of the unique characteristics of Arizona is its temperate climate. This factor, along with the economic opportunities and a desire to live in the West, has contributed to the state's dynamic population and economic growth.

The state's population density is 22 persons per square mile, with a total population of 2,450,000. This figure includes the Indians living on the reservations within the state.

Arizona experienced strong economic growth during 1979 with manufacturing, mining tourism and travel, and agriculture producing the greatest majority of income for Arizonans.

POPULATION GROUPING

The crime statistics reported by an individual agency indicates what is happening in one particular area. AUCR groups jurisdictions on the basis of population size and reports crime rates among these groups. The cities, towns and counties within the state have been divided into seven groups according to population size. The seventh group (ungrouped) is provided for identification of volume and type of crime to account for total offenses. This population grouping factor has some influence on the volume and type of crime presented in this report. For use in interpreting this report, the UCR grouping is listed below:

- Group No.
- 1

Over 250,000 population. There are two (2) cities that fall within this group.
- 2

100,001 to 250,000 population. There are four (4) cities and counties that fall within this group.
- 3

50,001 to 100,000 population. There are two (2) cities that fall within this group.
- 4

25,001 to 50,000 population. There are eight (8) cities and counties that fall within this group.
- 5

10,001 to 25,000 population. There are twelve (12) cities, towns, or counties that fall within this group.
- 6

10,000 or less population. There are fifty-five (55) cities, towns, or counties that fall within this group.
- 7

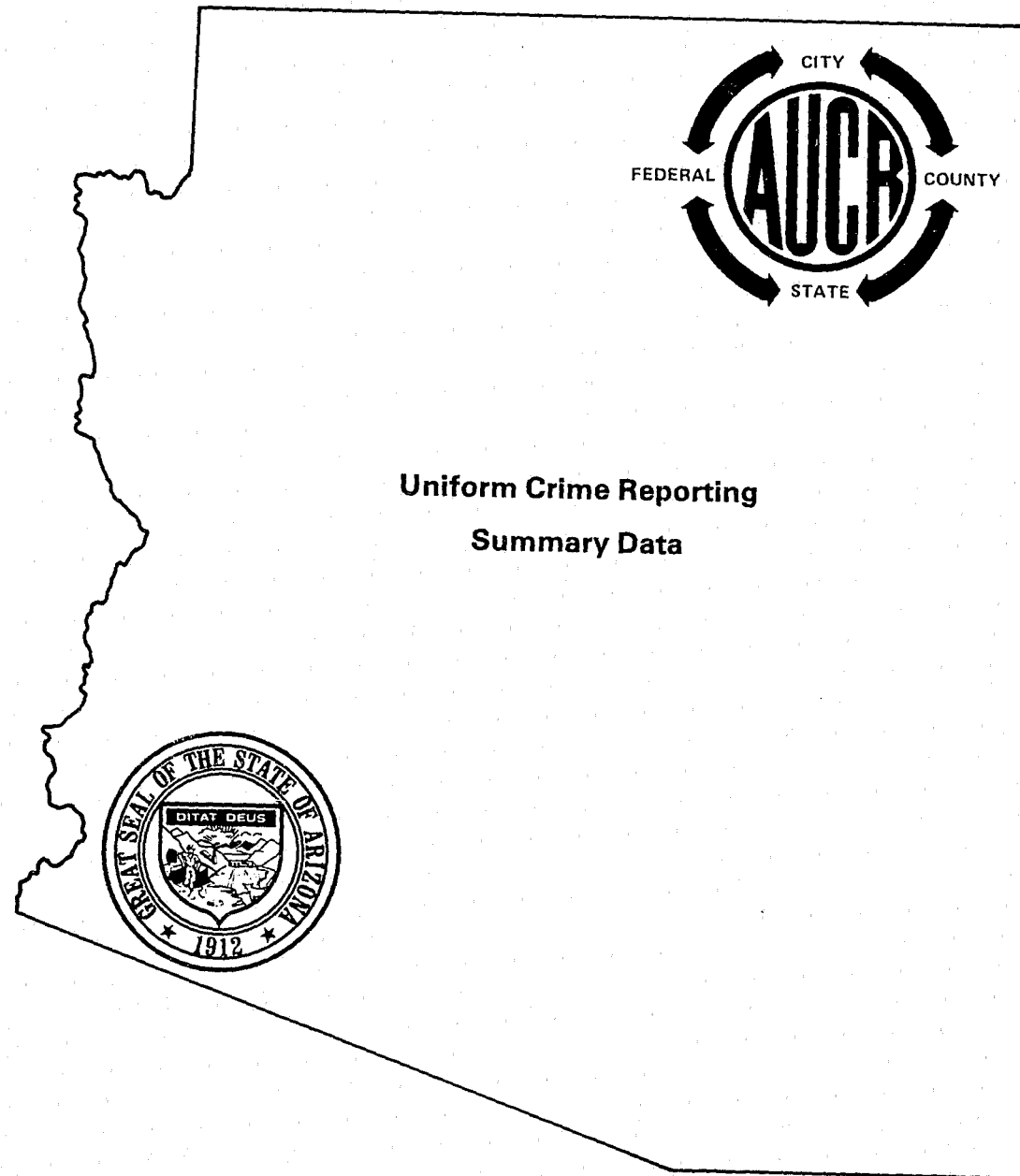
Ungrouped. There are nine (9) reporting agencies. These are Educational Institutions and the Department of Public Safety, that by definition do not have measurable population. For purposes of this report, they are combined for the crimes by population distribution.

The following is a listing by population group and Justice Planning Region of law enforcement agencies submitting crime data to the Uniform Crime Reporting Unit.

	POPULATION GROUP NO.	ASJP REGION
Apache S.O.	4	3
Arizona DPS	7	1
ASU	7	1
AZ Western College	7	4
Avondale P.D.	6	1
Benson P.D.	6	6
Bisbee P.D.	5	6
Buckeye P.D.	6	1
Casa Grande P.D.	5	5
Central AZ College	7	5
Chandler P.D.	5	1
Clarkdale P.D.	6	3
Clifton P.D.	6	6
Cochise S.O.	5	6
Coconino S.O.	4	3
Coolidge P.D.	6	5
Cottonwood P.D.	6	3
Douglas P.D.	5	6
Duncan P.D.	6	6
Eagar P.D.	6	3
Eastern AZ College	7	6
El Mirage P.D.	6	1
Eloy P.D.	6	5
Flagstaff P.D.	4	3
Florence P.D.	6	5
Fredonia P.D.	6	3
Gila Bend P.D.	6	1
Gila S.O.	5	5
Gilbert P.D.	6	1
Glendale P.D.	3	1
Globe P.D.	6	5
Goodyear P.D.	6	1
Graham S.O.	6	6
Greenlee S.O.	6	6
Hayden P.D.	6	5
Holbrook P.D.	6	3
Huachuca City P.D.	6	6
Jerome P.D.	6	3
Kearny P.D.	6	5
Kingman P.D.	6	4
Lake Havasu City P.D.	5	4
Mammoth P.D.	6	5
Marana P.D.	6	2
Maricopa S.O.	2	1

AGENCY	POPULATION GROUP NO.	ASJP REGION
Mesa P.D.	2	1
Miami P.D.	6	5
Mohave S.O.	5	4
Navajo S.O.	4	3
Nogales P.D.	5	6
Northern AZ Univ.	7	3
Oro Valley P.D.	6	2
Page P.D.	6	3
Paradise Valley P.D.	5	1
Parker P.D.	6	4
Patagonia P.D.	6	6
Payson P.D.	6	5
Peoria P.D.	6	1
Phoenix P.D.	1	1
Pima Comm. College	7	2
Pima P.D.	6	6
Pima S.O.	2	2
Pinal S.O.	4	5
Prescott P.D.	5	3
Safford P.D.	6	6
St. Johns P.D.	6	3
Santa Cruz S.O.	6	6
Scottsdale P.D.	3	1
Show Low P.D.	6	3
Sierra Vista P.D.	5	6
Snowflake P.D.	6	3
Somerton P.D.	6	4
South Tucson P.D.	6	2
Springerville P.D.	6	3
Superior P.D.	6	5
Surprise P.D.	6	1
Taylor P.D.	6	3
Tempe P.D.	2	1
Thatcher P.D.	6	6
Tolleson P.D.	6	1
Tombstone P.D.	6	6
Tucson P.D.	1	2
University of AZ	7	2
Wickenburg P.D.	6	1
Willcox P.D.	6	6
Williams P.D.	6	3
Winkelman P.D.	6	5
Winslow P.D.	6	3
Yavapai Comm. College	7	3
Yavapai S.O.	4	3
Youngtown P.D.	6	1
Yuma P.D.	4	4
Yuma S.O.	4	4

Note: Population figures for these groups are furnished by the FBI.



**Uniform Crime Reporting  
Summary Data**

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STATE CRIME SUMMARY

OFFENSES

- There were 192,023 Crime Index Offenses reported. Of these offenses, 19 percent were cleared.
- The crime rate for the state of Arizona was established at 78.4 offenses for every 1,000 inhabitants.
- The value of property stolen amounted to \$95,395,881. The value of property recovered was \$30,454,367 for a recovery rate of 32 percent.
- In 1979, law enforcement agencies reported 218 murders, a decrease of 1 percent over 1978.
- Handguns were used in 46 percent of all murder cases reported.
- The number of rapes increased 8 percent from 1978, the smallest percentage increase since 1976.
- Bank robberies increased 36 percent over 1978 and had the largest dollar loss per robbery, \$2,851.
- Aggravated Assaults accounted for 8,864 Crime Index Offenses. Of these, 30 percent were committed by the use of hands, fists, feet, etc. The number of aggravated assaults increased 13 percent over 1978, the largest percentage increase of the seven index crimes.
- Burglary accounted for a substantial value of property loss amounting to \$31,403,388. Residential burglaries accounted for 68 percent of all burglaries reported. Of these, 35 percent were committed during the day.
- Larceny-Theft represented the largest number of our Crime Index Offenses. The 116,585 offenses accounted for 61 percent of the State Crime Index.
- In 1979, 12,073 motor vehicles were stolen with a property value of \$37,907,202. There were 8,877 vehicles recovered with a reported value of \$25,124,854.

INDEX CRIME COMPARISON

INDEX CRIMES	OFFENSES			CLEARANCES		
	1978	1979	Change	1978	1979	Change
Murder	220	218	- 0.9%	152	157	+ 3.3%
Forcible Rape	1,039	1,120	+ 7.8%	452	501	+ 10.8%
Robbery	3,835	4,302	+ 12.2%	1,135	1,184	+ 4.3%
Aggravated Assault	7,869	8,864	+ 12.6%	4,685	5,176	+ 10.5%
Burglary	48,956	48,861	- 0.2%	6,052	5,870	- 3.0%
Larceny-Theft	105,594	116,585	+ 10.4%	19,440	21,200	+ 9.1%
Motor Vehicle Theft	10,917	12,073	+ 10.6%	2,045	2,084	+ 1.9%
TOTALS	178,430	192,023	+ 7.6%	33,961	36,172	+ 6.5%

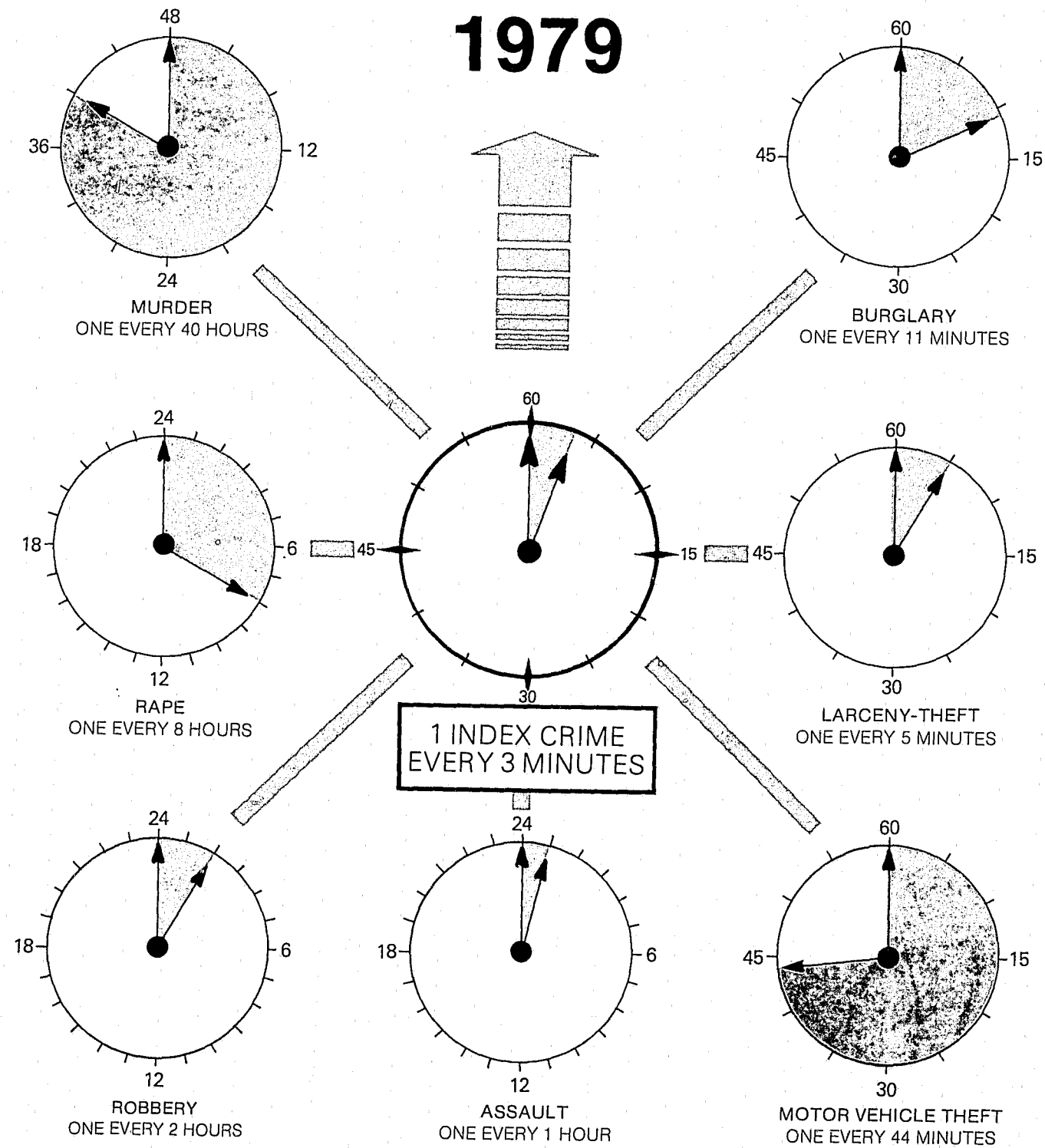
ARRESTS

- During 1979, there were 121,927 persons arrested for all Criminal Acts.
- Adults accounted for 77 percent of all Violent Crime arrests.
- Juveniles accounted for 54 percent of all Property Crimes and 27 percent of all arrests made during 1979.

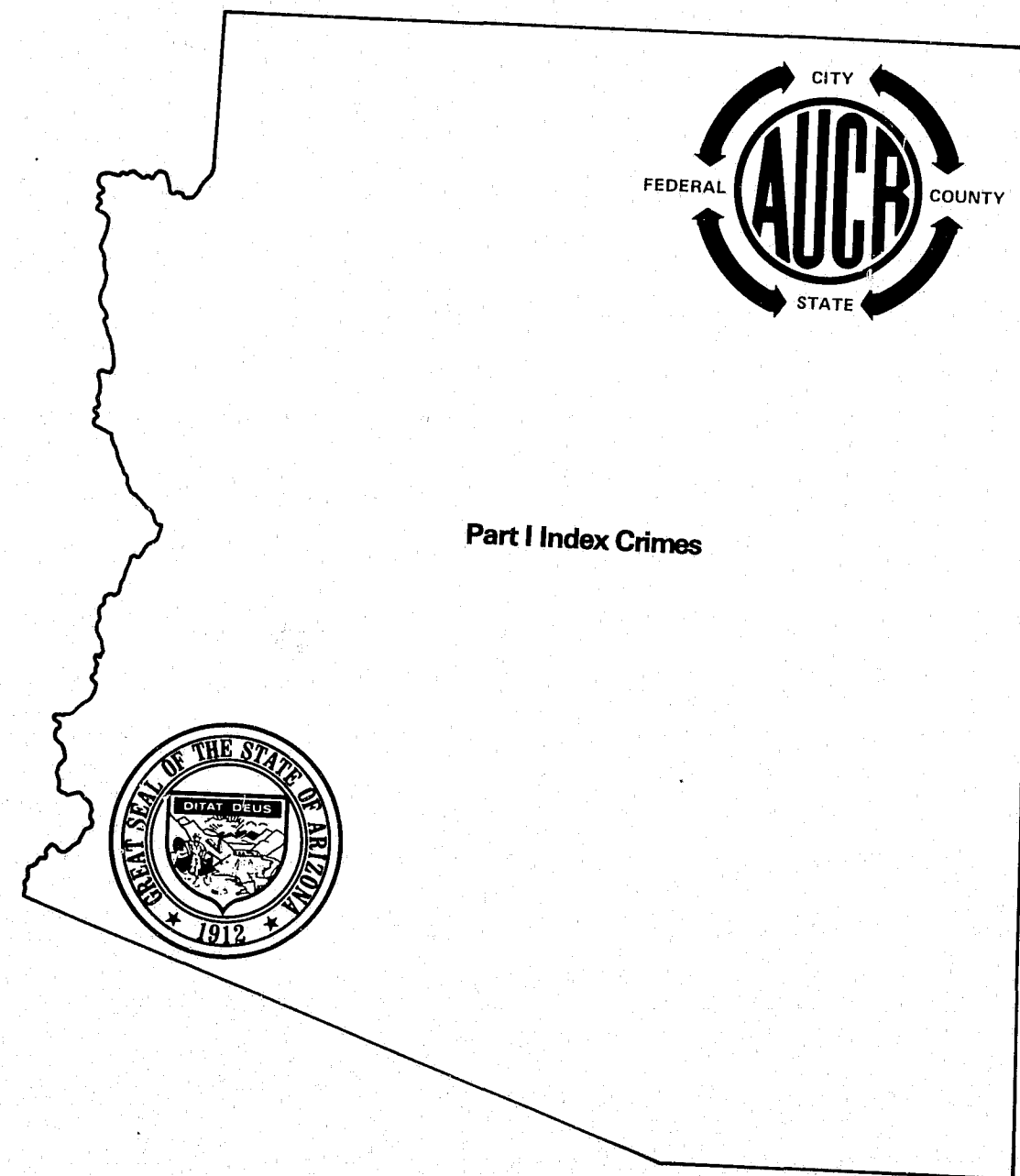
LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS KILLED AND ASSAULTED

- One Arizona law enforcement officer lost his life in 1979.
- There were 1,534 Assaults on Police Officers reported of which 97 percent were cleared.

TIME CLOCK OF INDEX CRIMES







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MURDER AND NONNEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

Murder in Arizona decreased by .9 of one percent over the number reported in 1978. A total of 218 individuals were murdered in 1979, which represents 1 percent of all reported violent crimes. The largest number of murders reported in one month was 23 in September. The offense of murder represents .1 of one percent of the state crime index.

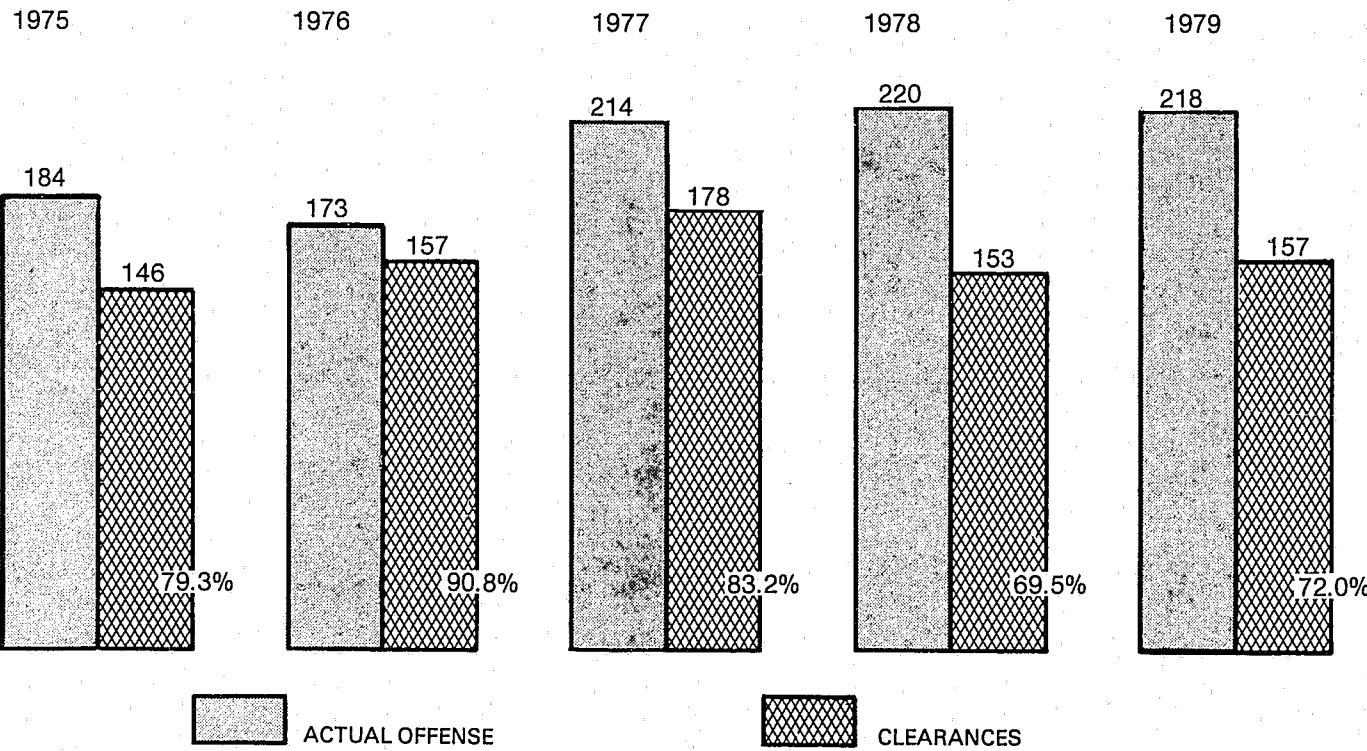
Because murder is such a serious crime, detailed information is collected concerning victims, offenders, weapons used, and the circumstances in which the offense took place. Handguns were used in the majority of killings, 46 percent of the time. The relationship between the victims and the offenders was undeterminable in 28 percent of the murders. Acquaintance was the next most frequent relationship, 26 percent, and stranger was third, 18 percent. Arguments led to 32 percent of the deaths, and in 37 percent of the cases, police were unable to determine the circumstances. The day of the week that homicides occurred most frequently was Saturday, with 39 or 18 percent, and the most frequent time was between 6:01 p.m. and 2:00 a.m., with 100 or 46 percent. Murder had the highest clearance rate, 72 percent, of the seven index crimes.

MURDER COMPARISON BY MONTH

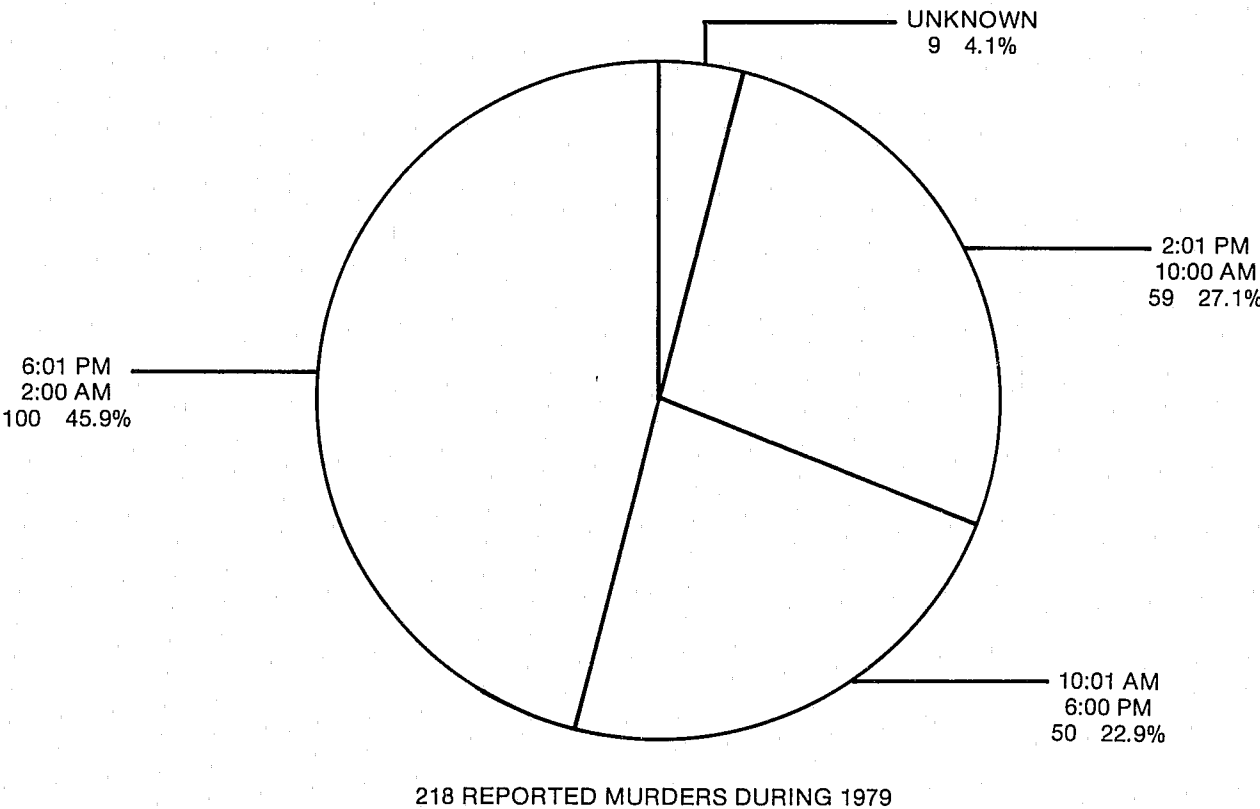
	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979
JAN	17	18	29	11	21
FEB	17	15	18	13	19
MAR	15	11	14	17	13
APR	11	9	20	15	9
MAY	10	18	14	15	18
JUN	16	19	13	24	18
JUL	20	11	17	23	22
AUG	17	10	17	30	22
SEP	15	11	18	18	23
OCT	16	17	14	13	22
NOV	17	20	16	17	11
DEC	13	14	24	24	20
TOTAL	184	173	214	220	218

The age group of the most frequent offender was in the 20 to 24 year olds with 42, or 23 percent; 28, or 16 percent were in the 15 to 19 and 25 to 29 age groups. Of the known offenders, 82 percent were males and 18 percent were females. Whites accounted for 124, or 69 percent; Negroes 35, or 20 percent and Indians 19, or 11 percent.

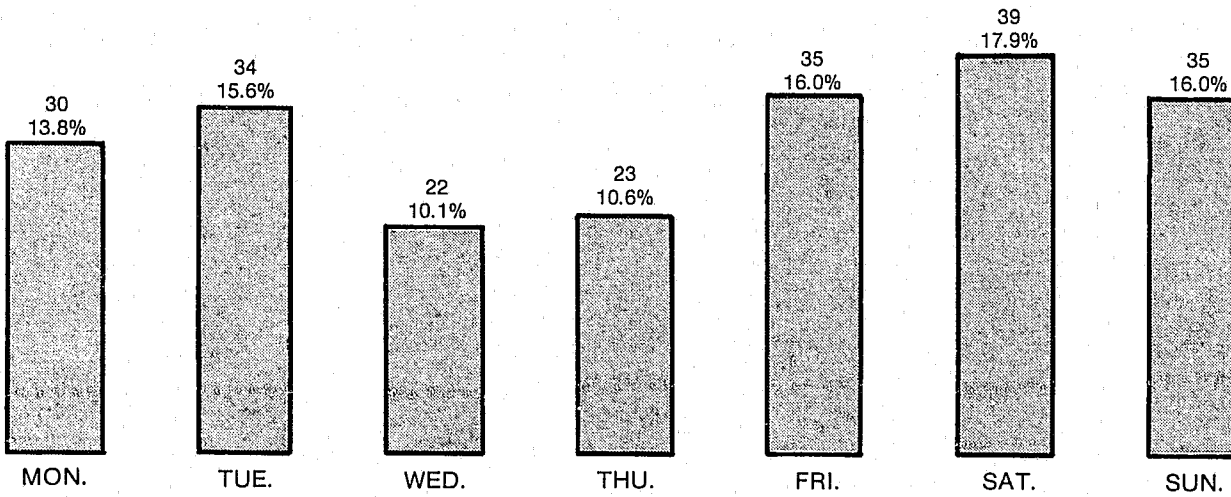
MURDER COMPARISON



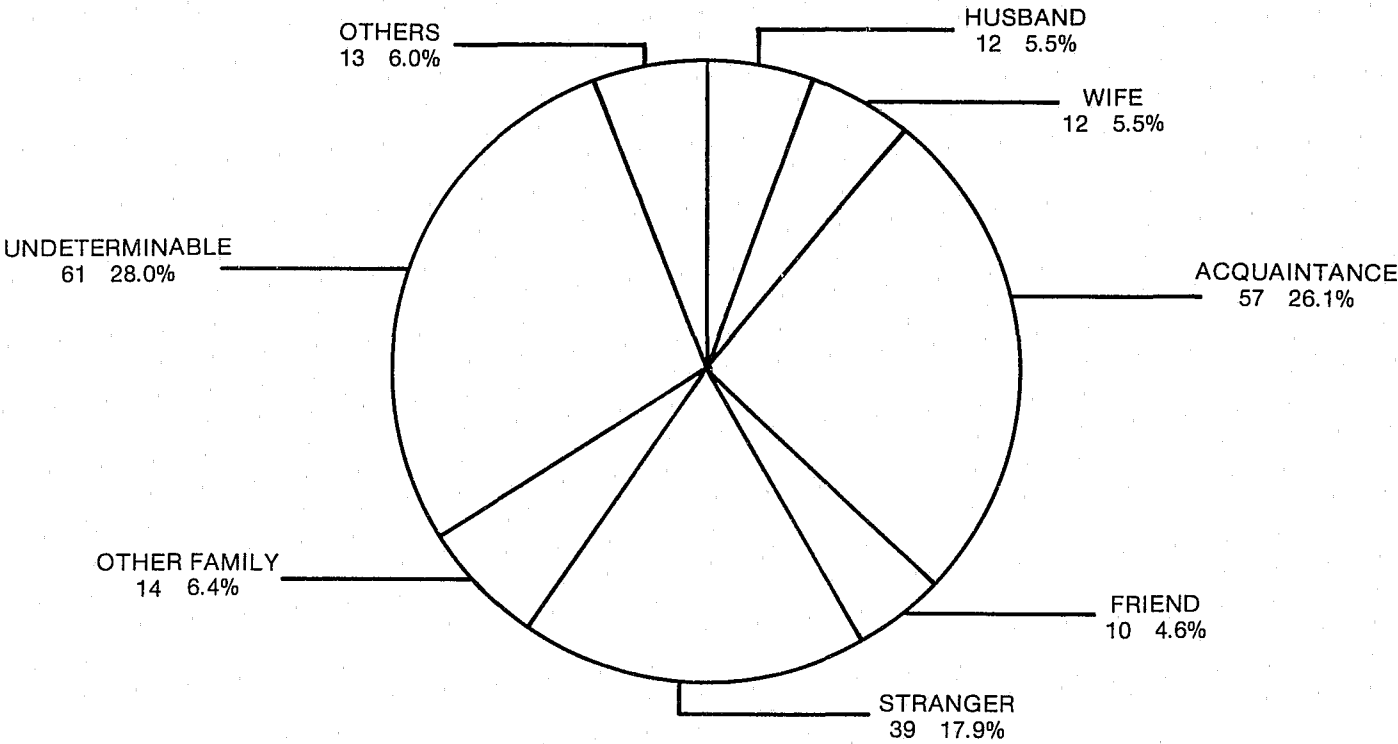
MURDER VICTIM BY TIME OF DAY



MURDER VICTIM BY DAY OF WEEK



MURDER VICTIM DISTRIBUTION BY RELATIONSHIP



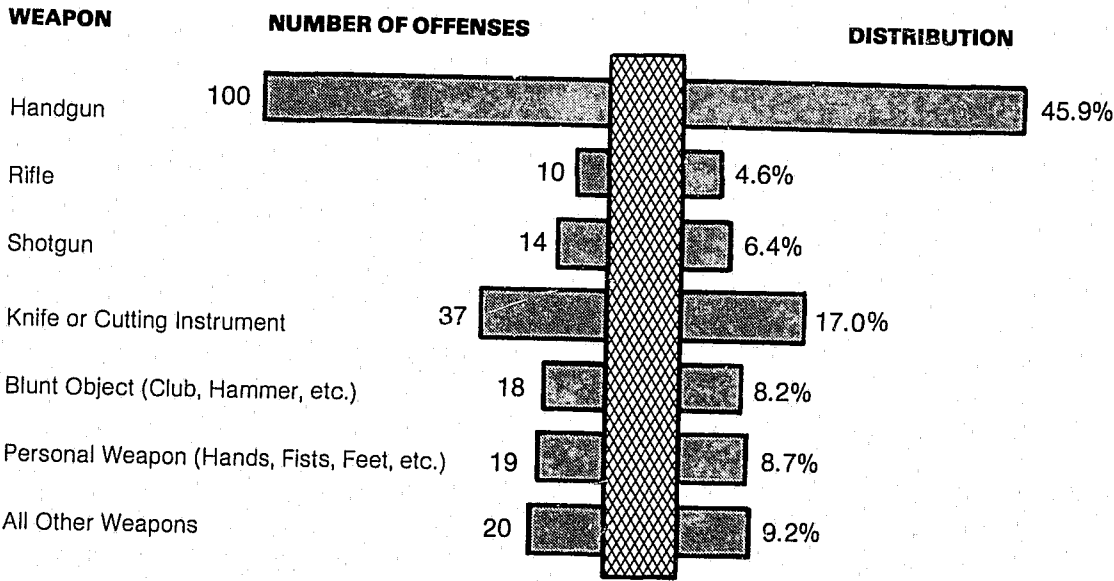
MURDER VICTIM DISTRIBUTION BY CIRCUMSTANCE & POPULATION GROUP

Circumstance	POPULATION GROUP							Totals	Dist.
	1 Over 250,000	2 100,001 To 250,000	3 50,001 To 100,000	4 25,001 To 50,000	5 10,001 To 25,000	6 10,000 Or Less	7 Un- grouped		
Lovers Triangle	5	—	—	1	—	—	—	6	2.7%
Brawl Due to Alcohol/ Narcotics	5	9	1	3	1	6	—	25	11.5%
Felony Murder	14	7	—	3	1	5	—	30	13.8%
Argument (Property/Money) and Other Arguments	40	7	3	13	3	3	—	69	31.6%
Suspected Felony Murder	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	3	1.4%
Other Murders	41	21	1	9	5	8	—	85	39.0%
TOTALS	105	47	5	29	10	22	—	218	100%
Distribution	48.2%	21.5%	2.3%	13.3%	4.6%	10.1%	—	—	—

MURDER VICTIM BY AGE, SEX & RACE

Age	Number	Distribution	Sex		Race			
			Male	Female	White	Negro	Indian	All Other
Infant	3	1.4%	1	2	—	3	—	—
1-4	5	2.3%	5	—	4	1	—	—
5-9	1	.4%	—	1	1	—	—	—
10-14	1	.4%	1	—	1	—	—	—
15-19	24	11.0%	16	8	20	3	1	—
20-24	29	13.3%	23	6	19	10	—	—
25-29	27	12.4%	25	2	25	1	1	—
30-34	21	9.6%	14	7	16	3	2	—
35-39	18	8.3%	13	5	14	3	1	—
40-44	16	7.3%	13	3	14	1	1	—
45-49	22	10.1%	15	7	15	2	5	—
50-54	13	6.0%	9	4	8	4	1	—
55-59	13	6.0%	11	2	6	5	1	—
60-64	6	2.8%	6	—	4	2	—	—
65-69	6	2.8%	4	2	4	2	—	—
70-74	4	1.8%	2	2	4	—	—	—
75 and Over	5	2.3%	1	4	4	—	—	—
Unknown	4	1.8%	2	2	5	—	—	—
TOTALS	218	—	161	57	164	40	13	1
Distribution	—	100%	73.9%	26.1%	75.2%	18.3%	6.0%	.5%
ADULT	195	89.5%						
JUVENILE	19	8.7%						
UNKNOWN	4	1.8%						

MURDER BY TYPE OF WEAPON USED





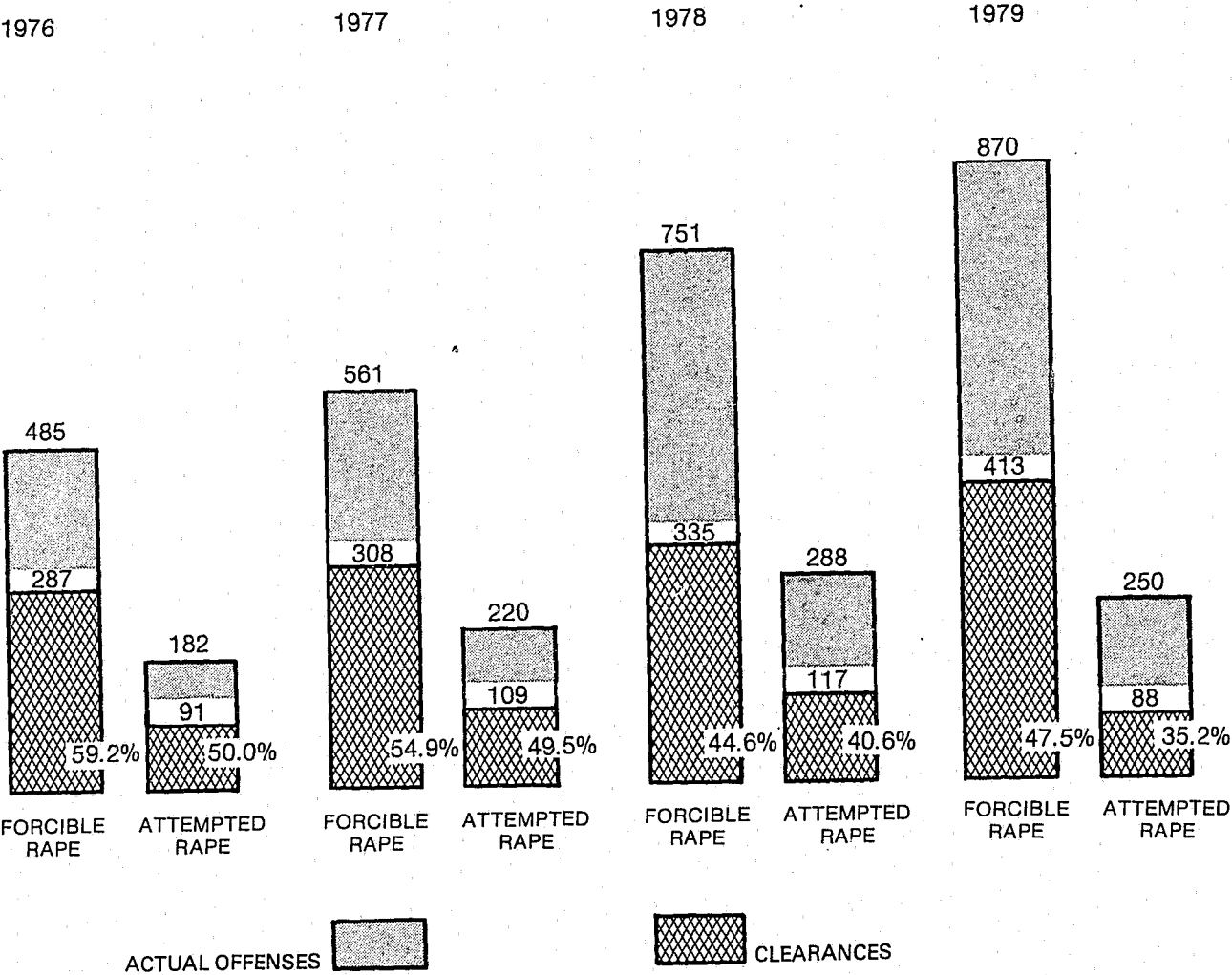
RAPE

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

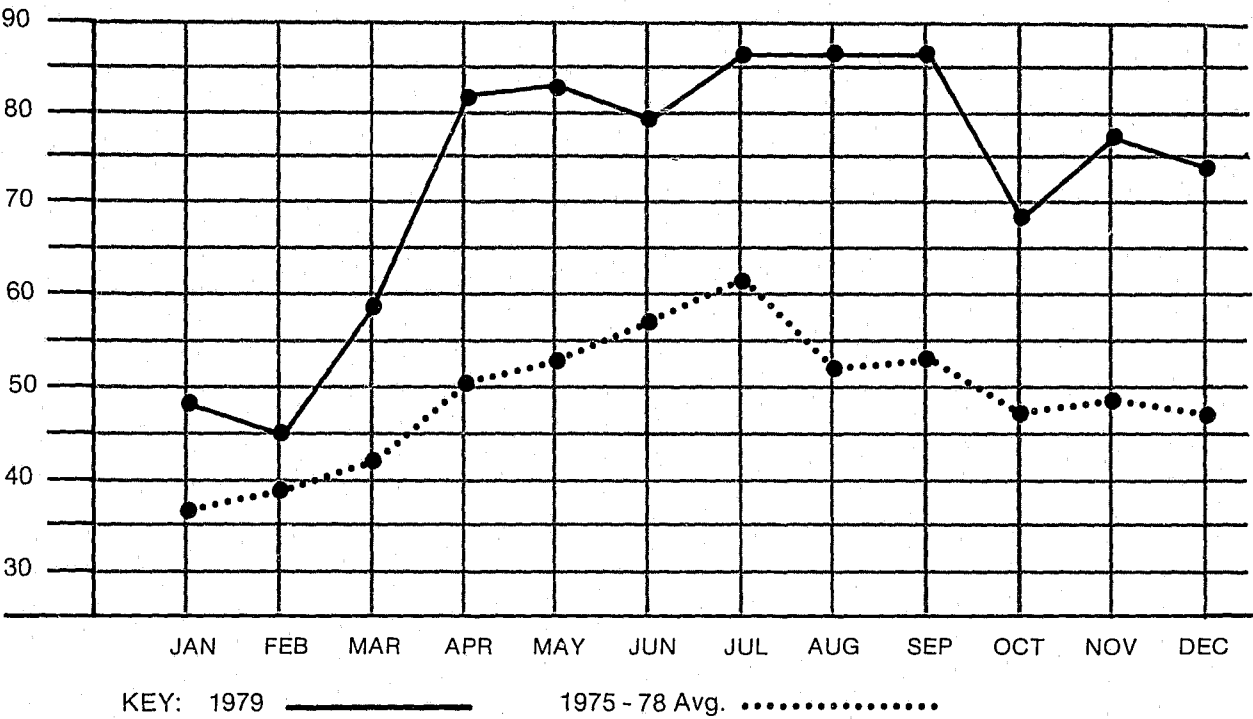
Rapes reported in Arizona increased 8 percent over the number reported in 1978. A total of 1,120 rapes were reported, which represents 8 percent of all reported violent crimes and .6 of one percent of the state crime index. Forcible rape accounted for 78 percent (870) of all rapes. The largest number of forcible rapes, 86, was reported consecutively in July, August and September, followed by May, 82, and April, 81. The month of November has the largest increase in rapes, 30, from 1978.

Rapes were cleared 45 percent of the time, up 1 percent from 1978. Of the 1,120 rape occurrences, adults accounted for 41 percent of the clearances and juveniles 4 percent. There were 47 more arrests in 1979 than in 1978 with adults making up 51 percent of the increase and juveniles 49 percent. The juvenile arrest increase of 49 percent is significantly higher than the 14 percent increase reported in 1978.

RAPE COMPARISON



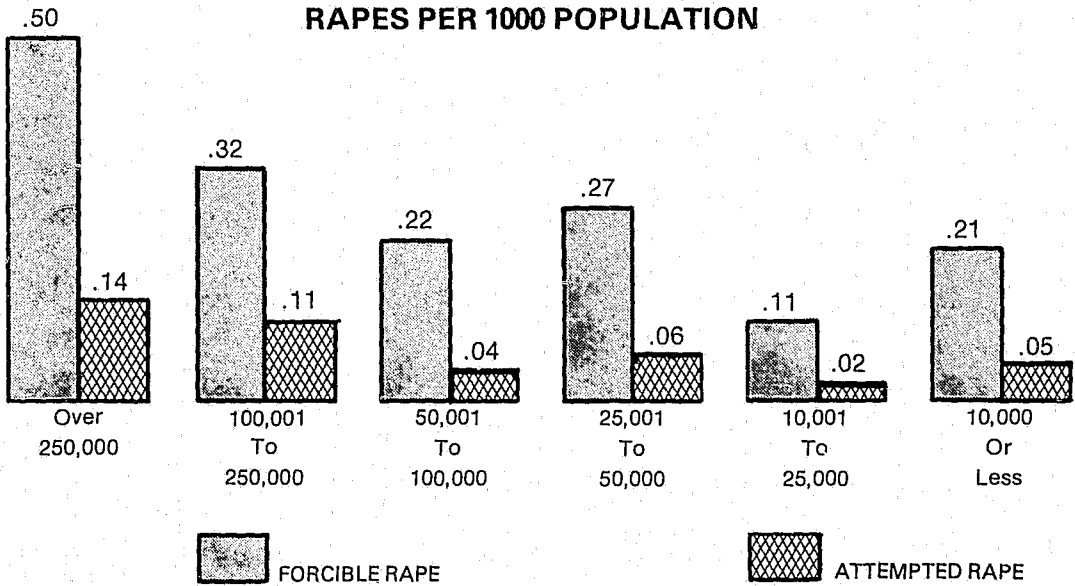
FORCIBLE RAPE TREND BY MONTH



RAPE BY POPULATION GROUP

Population Group	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Over 250,000	100,001 To 250,000	50,001 To 100,000	25,001 To 50,000	10,001 To 25,000	10,000 Or Less	Ungrouped
Rape By Force Distribution	513 59.0%	172 19.8%	36 4.1%	82 9.4%	23 2.6%	43 4.9%	1 .1%
Attempted Rape Distribution	148 59.2%	61 24.4%	7 2.8%	19 7.6%	5 2.0%	10 4.0%	—
Total Distribution	59.0%	20.8%	3.9%	9.0%	2.5%	4.7%	.1%

RAPES PER 1000 POPULATION



## ROBBERY

### SUMMARY ANALYSIS

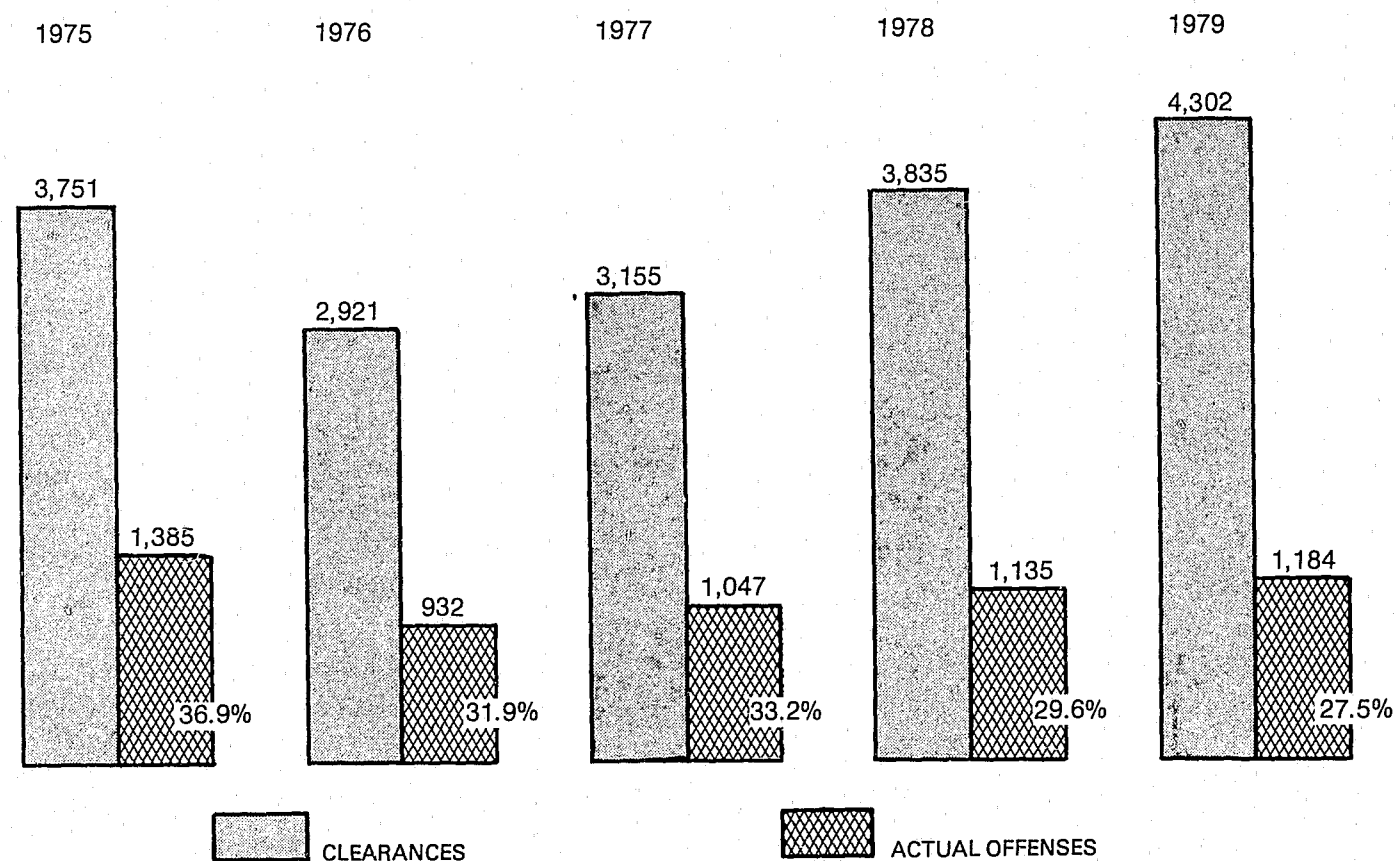
During 1979, Arizonans reported 4,302 robberies, an increase of 12 percent (467) over the number of robberies reported during 1978. Robbery represents 30 percent of the violent crimes and 2 percent of the state crime index, the same as in 1978.

Robberies occurring on highways, that is streets, alleys and sidewalks, were the most frequent type of robbery reported, 1,769 or 41 percent of all robberies, and had the highest total dollar loss, \$586,995. As in 1978, banks had the lowest number of reported robberies, but the largest loss per robbery, \$2,851. Bank robberies increased 36 percent over the 64 reported in 1978, the

highest increase reported of the different type of robbery locations. The reported value of \$1.9 million taken in robberies was up from \$1.6 million in 1978. Strong-arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.) was used in 42 percent of the robberies and firearm was the weapon used 41 percent of the time.

Robberies were cleared in 28 percent of the cases, a decrease from 1978, when the clearance rate was 30 percent. Adults accounted for 23 percent of the clearances and juveniles 5 percent. However, there were 61 more robbery arrests in 1979 than in 1978.

### ROBBERY COMPARISON



### ROBBERY BY MONTH & WEAPON USED

WEAPON	Total	Dist	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Firearm	1,759	40.9%	272	155	141	152	109	122	115	159	18	156	168	182
Knife or Cutting Instrument	484	11.2%	50	29	41	42	32	23	41	37	40	40	60	49
Other Dangerous Weapons	265	6.2%	16	14	25	10	27	20	25	34	18	20	28	28
Strong Arm	1,794	41.7%	148	154	148	170	154	131	123	168	156	140	144	158
TOTALS	4,302	—	386	352	355	374	322	296	304	388	352	356	400	417
Distribution	—	100%	9.0%	8.2%	8.2%	8.7%	7.5%	6.9%	7.0%	9.0%	8.2%	9/3%	9.3%	9.7%

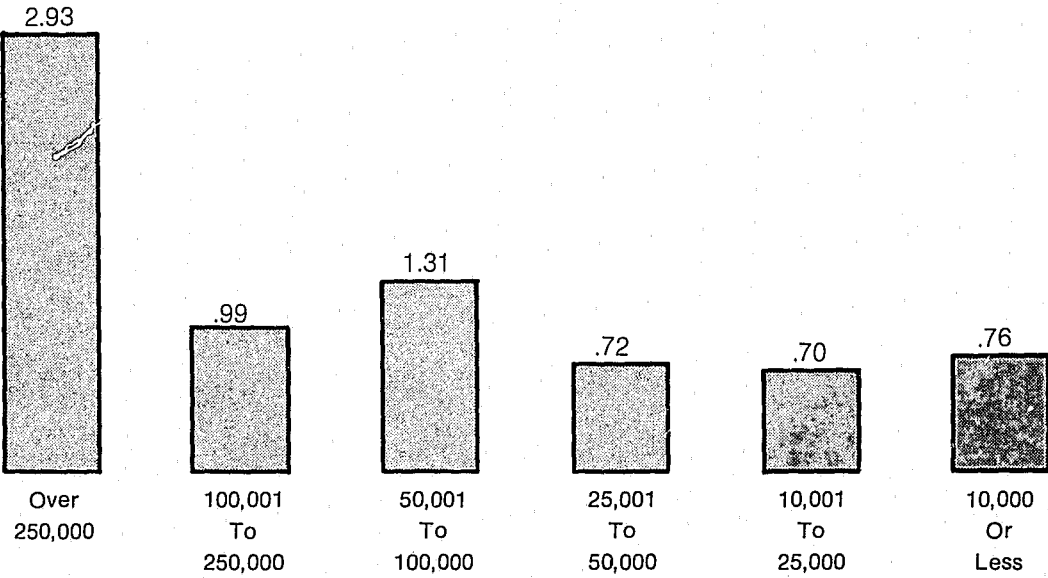
### ROBBERY BY LOCATION & VALUE

LOCATION	Number Of Offenses	Distribution	Total Dollar Value Stolen	Average Dollar Value Stolen
Highway	1,769	41.1%	\$ 586,995	\$ 332.00
Commercial House	1,012	23.5%	506,967	501.00
Gas or Service Station	197	4.6%	100,020	508.00
Convenience Store	450	10.5%	69,315	154.00
Residence	440	10.2%	301,708	686.00
Bank	87	2.0%	248,045	2,851.00
Miscellaneous	347	8.1%	83,011	239.00
TOTALS	4,302	100%	\$1,896,061	\$ 441.00

ROBBERY BY POPULATION GROUP

Population Group	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Over 250,000	100,001 To 250,000	50,001 To 100,000	25,001 To 50,000	10,001 To 25,000	10,000 Or Less	Ungrouped
Robbery	3,034	536	213	215	143	158	3
Distribution	70.5%	12.5%	4.9%	5.0%	3.3%	3.7%	.1%

ROBBERIES PER 1000 POPULATION



AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

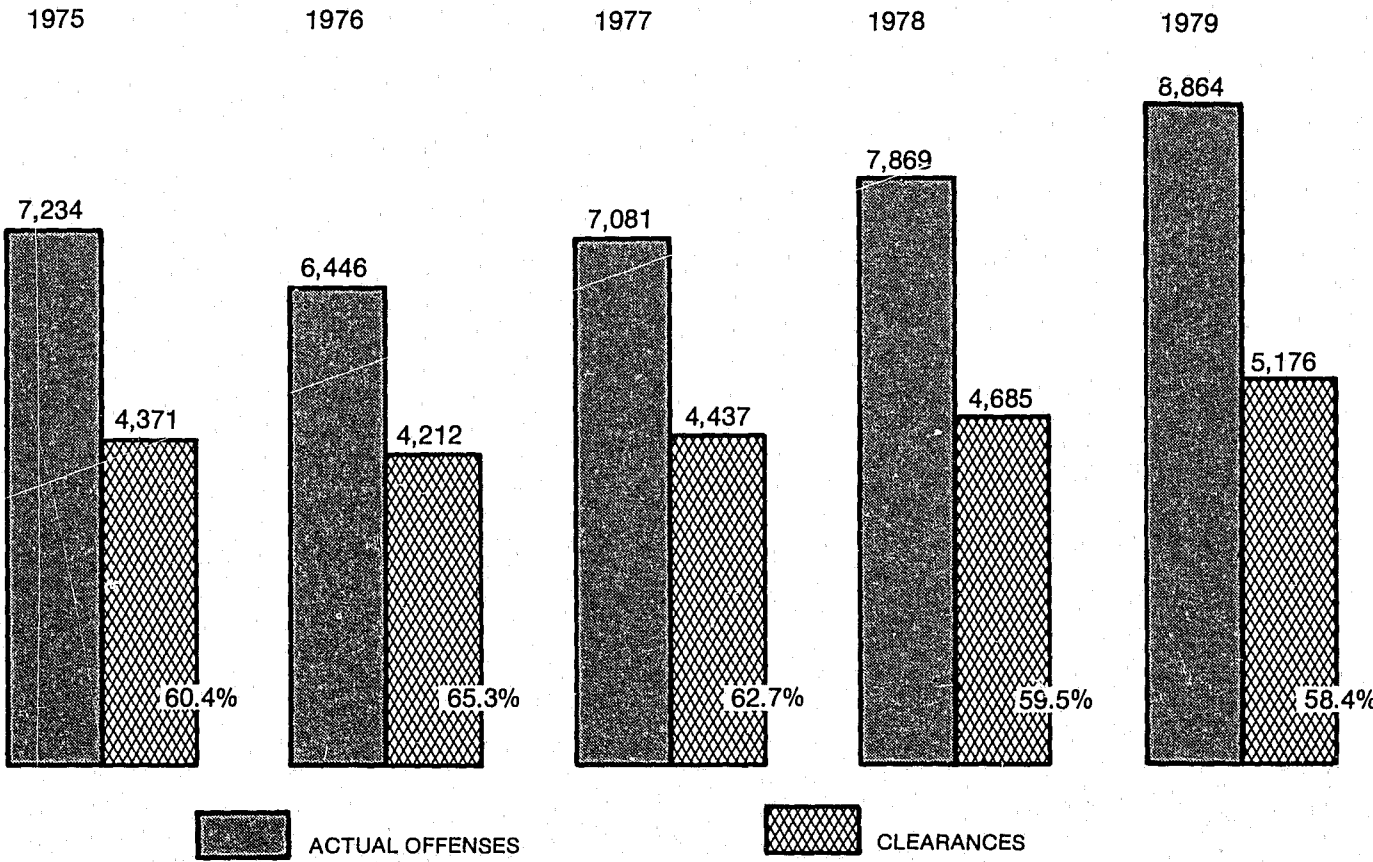
Law enforcement agencies reported a total of 22,723 assaults, 16 percent more than in 1978. Of this, 8,864 (39%) were aggravated and 13,859 (61%) were simple. Simple assault is primarily differentiated from aggravated assault by the seriousness of the injury and the weapon used. Aggravated assault increased 13 percent from 1978 and simple assault increased 18 percent. Aggravated assault represents 61 percent of violent crimes and 5 percent of the state crime index.

The largest number of aggravated assaults for one month occurred during September, 905, which also had the highest number by weapon, (hands, fists, feet, etc.) with 288.

Assaults were cleared 58 percent of the time, down 2 percent from 1978. Of the 8,864 assaults, adults accounted for 50 percent of the clearances and juveniles 8 percent.

ASSAULT BY WEAPON USED		
Weapon	Number of Offenses	Distribution
Firearm	2,421	27.3%
Knife or Cutting Instrument	1,595	18.0%
Other Dangerous Weapon	2,172	24.5%
Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc.	2,676	30.2%
TOTALS	8,864	100%

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT COMPARISON

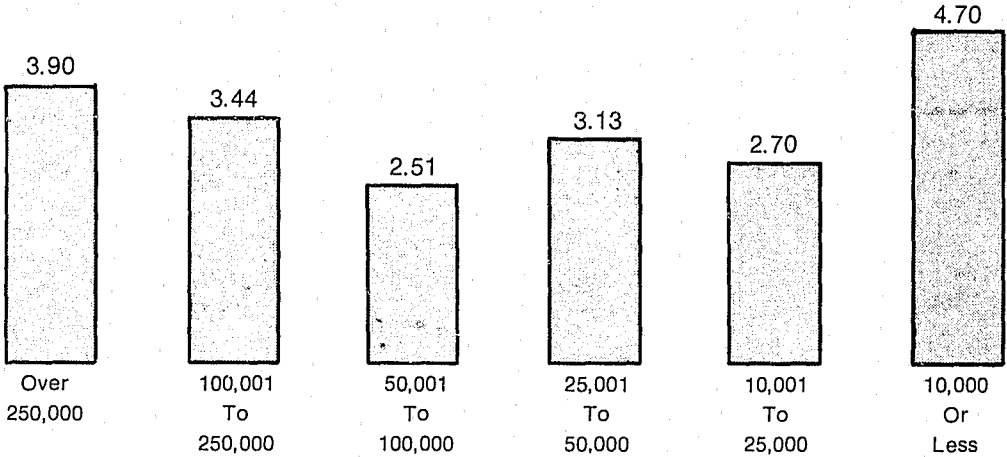




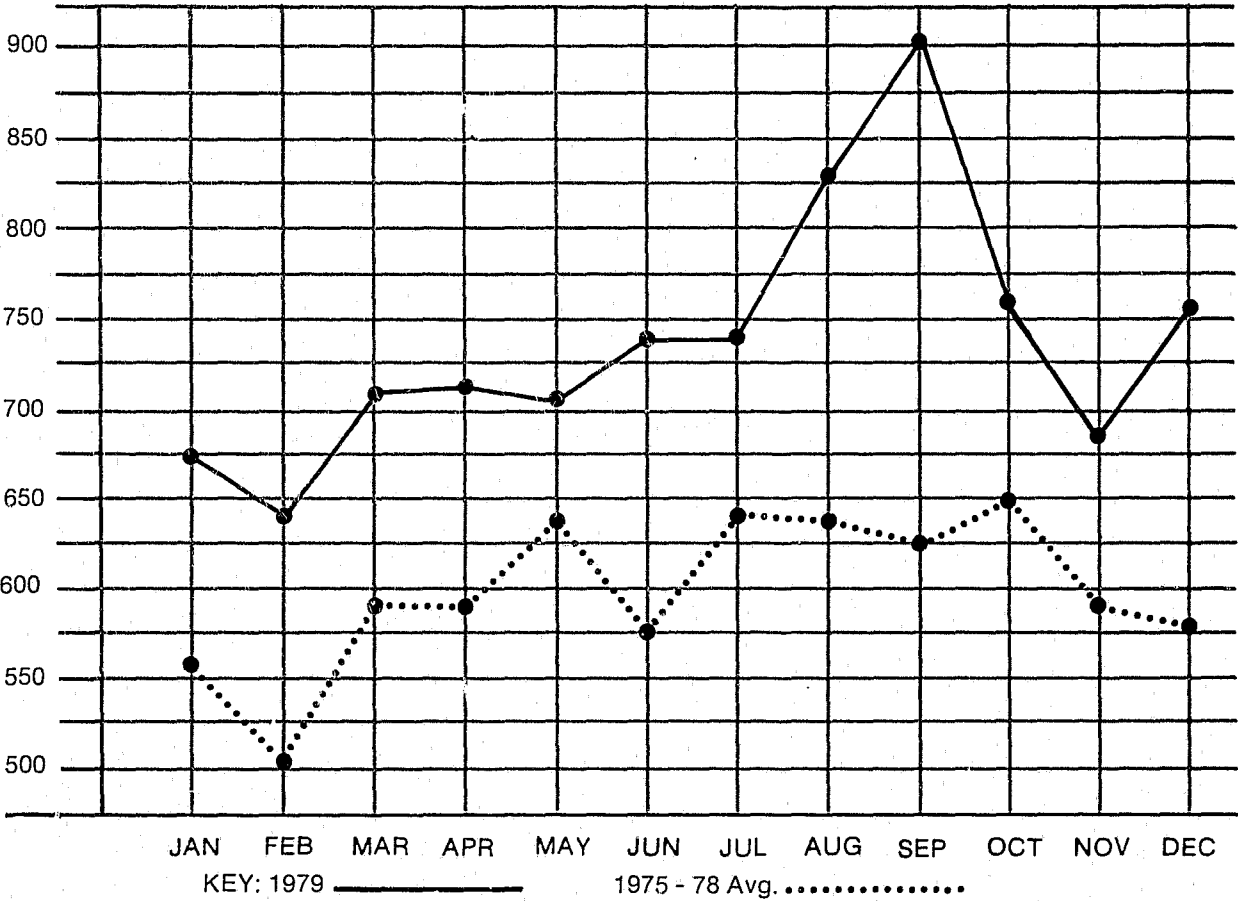
ASSAULT BY POPULATION GROUP

Population Group	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Over 250,000	100,001 To 250,000	50,001 To 100,000	25,001 To 50,000	10,001 To 25,000	10,000 Or Less	Ungrouped
Aggravated Assault	4,032	1,862	408	938	550	977	97
Distribution	45.5%	21.0%	4.6%	10.6%	6.2%	11.0%	1.1%

ASSAULTS PER 1000 POPULATION



ASSAULT TREND BY MONTH



BURGLARY

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

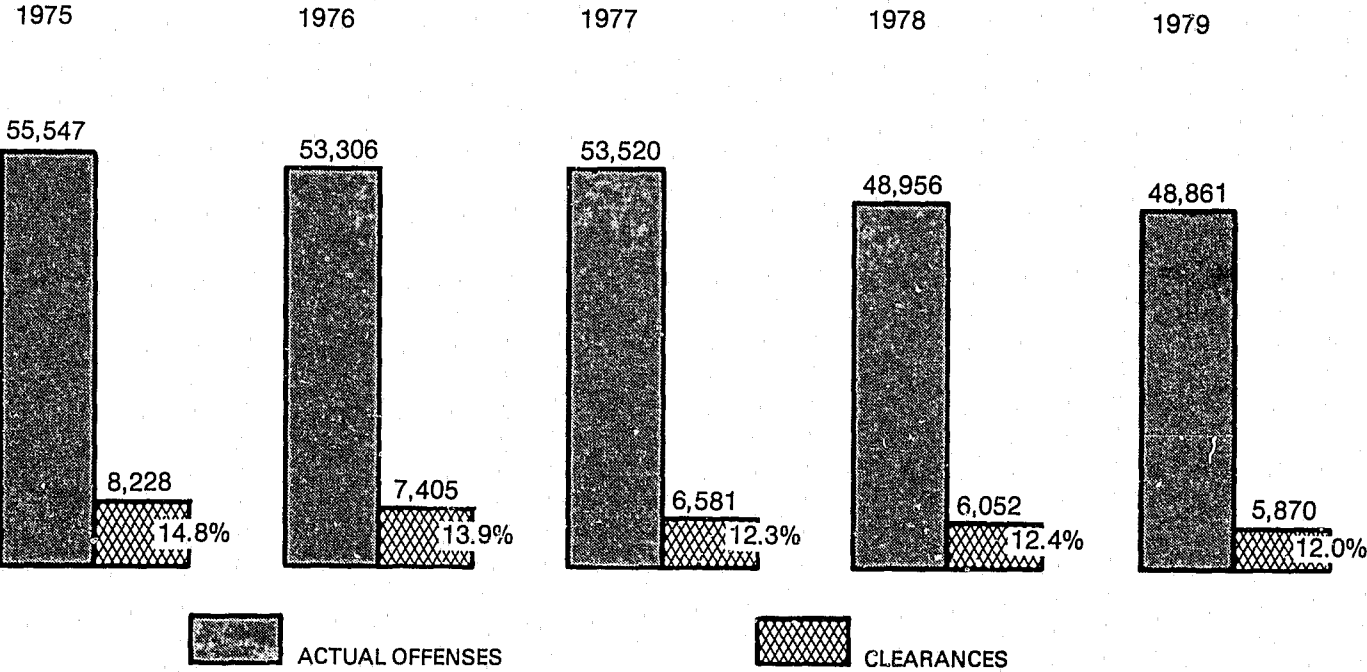
During 1979, there were 48,861 burglaries reported in Arizona, a decrease of .2 of one percent from 1978. Burglary represents 28 percent of the nonviolent crimes and 25 percent of the state crime index.

The largest number of burglaries occurred during January, 4,606, which also was the highest month in 1978, 4,547. Forcible entry was used in 69 percent of the burglaries. Residential burglaries accounted for 68 percent of all burglaries. Of those residential burglaries, 35 percent occurred during the day. Forty-nine percent of non-residential burglaries occurred at night.

A reported value of \$31.4 million was lost to all burglaries during 1979, up from \$26.4 million in 1978. The majority (69%) of the dollar loss occurred during residential burglaries, \$21.7 million.

Burglaries were cleared in 12.0 percent of the cases, down slightly from the 12.4 percent clearance rate in 1978. Adults accounted for 7 percent of the clearances and juveniles 5 percent. There were 226 fewer persons arrested in 1979 than in 1978 for burglary and again in 1979, more juveniles than adults were arrested. The burglary clearance rate remains the lowest of the seven index crimes.

BURGLARY COMPARISON



BURGLARY BY MONTH & MEANS OF ENTRY

	Total	Dist	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Forcible Entry	33,759	69.1%	3,331	2,895	3,012	2,562	2,548	2,423	2,824	2,835	2,578	2,820	2,714	3,127
Unlawful Entry — No Force	11,303	23.1%	933	896	888	919	974	846	963	1,088	904	1,073	878	941
Attempted Forcible Entry	3,799	7.8%	342	300	331	300	295	259	327	361	323	328	295	338
TOTALS	48,861	—	4,606	4,181	4,231	3,781	3,817	3,528	4,114	4,284	3,805	4,221	3,887	4,406

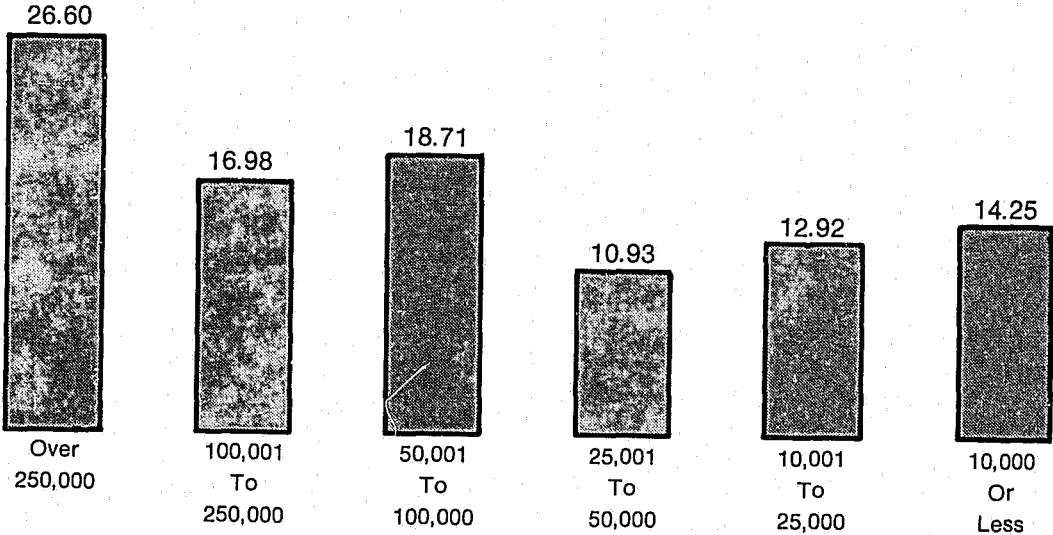
BURGLARY BY LOCATION & TIME

LOCATION	Number of Offenses	Distribution
Residence Total	33,214	68.0%
Night (6 PM - 6 AM)	10,737	32.3%
Day (6 AM - 6 PM)	11,580	34.9%
Unknown	10,897	32.8%
Non-Residence Total	15,647	32.0%
Night (6 PM - 6 AM)	7,734	49.4%
Day (6 AM - 6 PM)	1,345	8.6%
Unknown	6,568	42.0%
TOTAL	48,861	100.0%

BURGLARY BY POPULATION GROUP

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Population Group	Over 250,000	100,001 To 250,000	50,001 To 100,000	25,001 To 50,000	10,001 To 25,000	10,000 Or Less	Ungrouped
Burglary	27,508	9,202	3,046	3,275	2,633	2,960	237
Distribution	56.3%	18.8%	6.2%	6.7%	5.4%	6.1%	.5%

BURGLARIES PER 1000 POPULATION



# LARCENY-THEFT

## SUMMARY ANALYSIS

Larceny-theft, as in years past, is the largest component of the seven index crimes. Arizona law enforcement agencies reported 116,585 larcenies, an increase of 10 percent over 1978. Larceny-theft accounted for 66 percent of the nonviolent crimes and 61 percent of the state crime index.

The greatest number of larcenies occurred during December, 10,425. All months showed an increase over the corresponding month in 1978 with December showing the largest gain, 1,431.

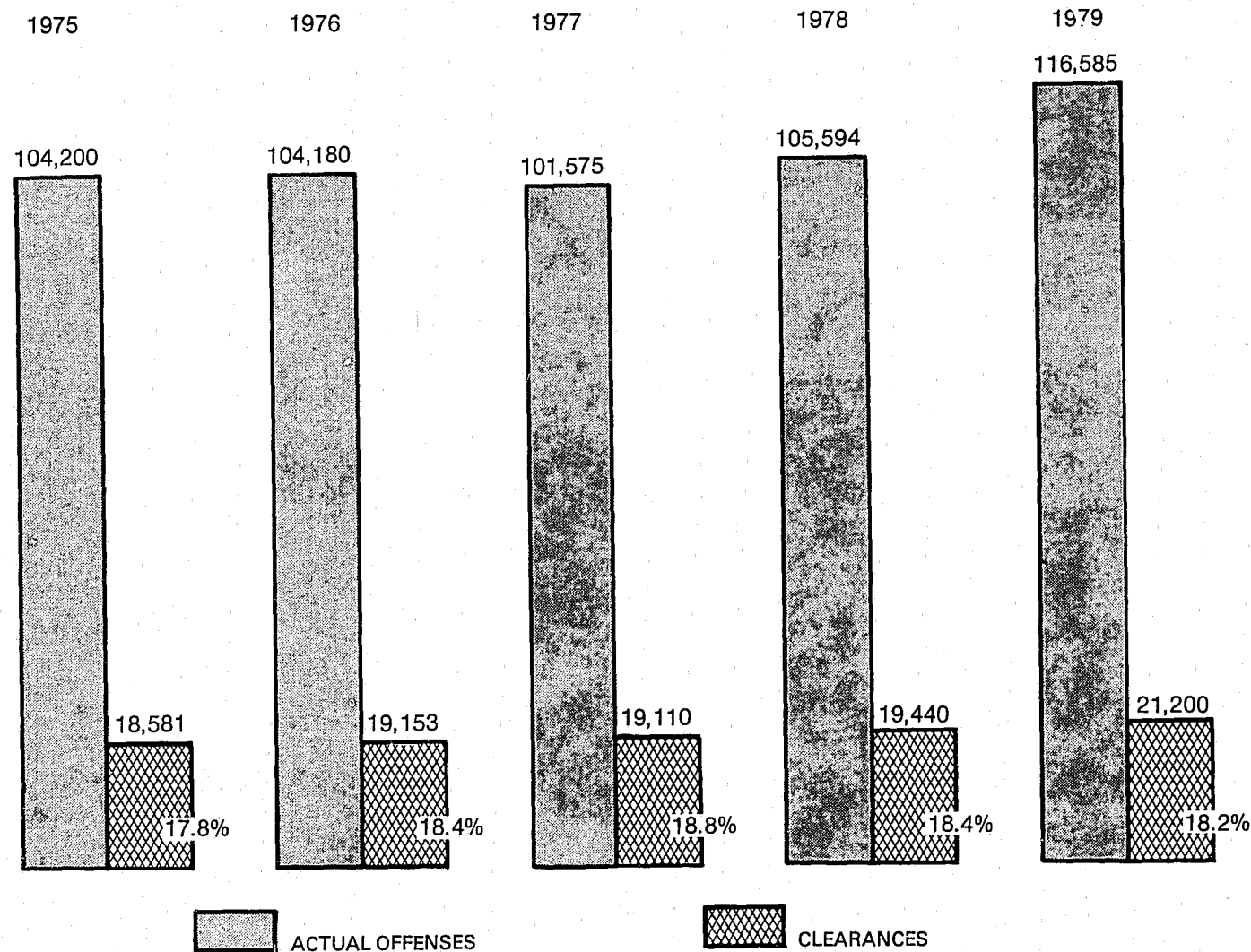
The increase of 10,991 in the number of larcenies between 1978 vs 1979, resulted in a reported value loss increase of 28 percent, \$6 million.

The value range of dollar loss with the largest number of larcenies, was under \$50, as in 1978. The value range of \$200 and over had the largest reported dollar loss, \$20 million, 81 percent of all larceny loss.

In 1979 as in 1978, theft from motor vehicles and theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories accounted for over one-third, (36%) of all larcenies. Pocket-picking and purse snatching were the least reported type of larcenies.

Larceny-theft clearances dropped slightly from 18.4 percent to 18.2 percent in 1979. Adults accounted for 12.1% of the larceny clearances and juveniles 6.1%. There were 1,332 more larceny arrests in 1979 than in 1978.

## LARCENY-THEFT COMPARISON



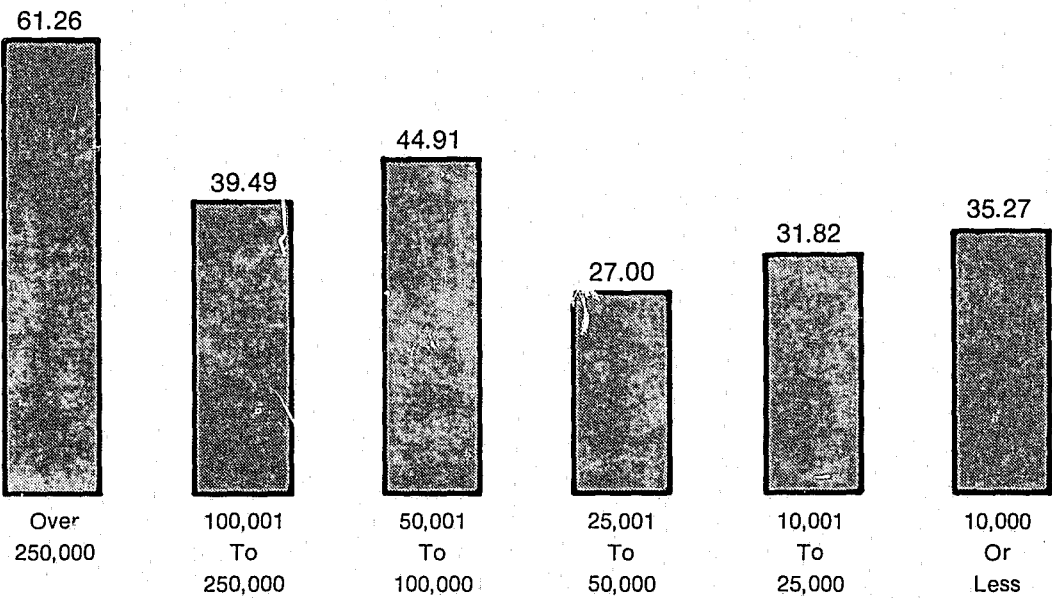
## LARCENY-THEFT BY VALUE BY MONTH

VALUE	Total	Dist	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Over \$200	23,646	20.3%	2,072	1,927	2,021	1,898	1,885	1,833	1,847	2,028	1,914	2,132	1,977	2,112
\$50 to \$200	36,924	31.7%	3,006	2,901	3,216	3,043	2,917	2,960	3,131	3,266	3,097	3,327	2,957	3,103
Under \$50	56,015	48.0%	4,728	4,497	5,146	4,721	4,416	4,180	4,392	4,843	4,473	4,801	4,608	5,210
Totals	116,585	100%	9,806	9,325	10,383	9,662	9,218	8,973	9,370	10,137	9,484	10,260	9,542	10,425

## LARCENY-THEFT BY POPULATION GROUP

Population Group	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Over 250,000	100,001 To 250,000	50,001 To 100,000	25,001 To 50,000	10,001 To 25,000	10,000 Or Less	Ungrouped
Larceny-Theft	63,353	21,399	7,313	8,084	6,486	7,329	2,621
Distribution	54.3%	18.4%	6.3%	6.9%	5.6%	6.3%	2.2%

## LARCENY-THEFTS PER 1000 POPULATION





LARCENY-THEFT BY TYPE BY MONTH

Classification	Total	Dist	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Pocket Picking	398	.3%	28	30	31	39	28	31	28	44	39	35	37	28
Purse Snatching	553	.5%	41	52	46	34	41	53	42	54	64	24	40	62
Shoplifting	21,336	18.3%	1,810	1,833	2,054	1,782	1,618	1,518	1,543	1,751	1,665	1,795	1,823	2,144
From Motor Vehicle	16,292	14.0%	1,546	1,420	1,401	1,317	1,278	1,200	1,252	1,334	1,288	1,422	1,299	1,535
Motor Vehicle Parts/Access.	25,570	21.9%	2,267	1,952	2,209	1,942	1,835	1,764	1,960	2,373	2,221	2,493	2,289	2,265
Bicycles	15,744	13.5%	997	1,114	1,372	1,389	1,419	1,545	1,437	1,476	1,405	1,436	1,096	1,058
From Buildings	15,225	13.1%	1,310	1,233	1,362	1,243	1,313	1,186	1,241	1,194	1,217	1,270	1,280	1,376
From Coin Operated Machines	921	.8%	71	86	92	71	64	86	97	71	78	68	77	60
All Other	20,546	17.6%	1,736	1,605	1,816	1,845	1,622	1,590	1,770	1,840	1,507	1,717	1,601	1,897
TOTALS	116,585	—	9,806	9,325	10,383	9,662	9,218	8,973	9,370	10,137	9,484	10,260	9,542	10,425

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

Arizona law enforcement agencies reported 12,073 motor vehicle thefts, an 11 percent increase over 1978. Motor vehicle theft accounted for 7 percent of the non-violent crime and 6 percent of the state crime index.

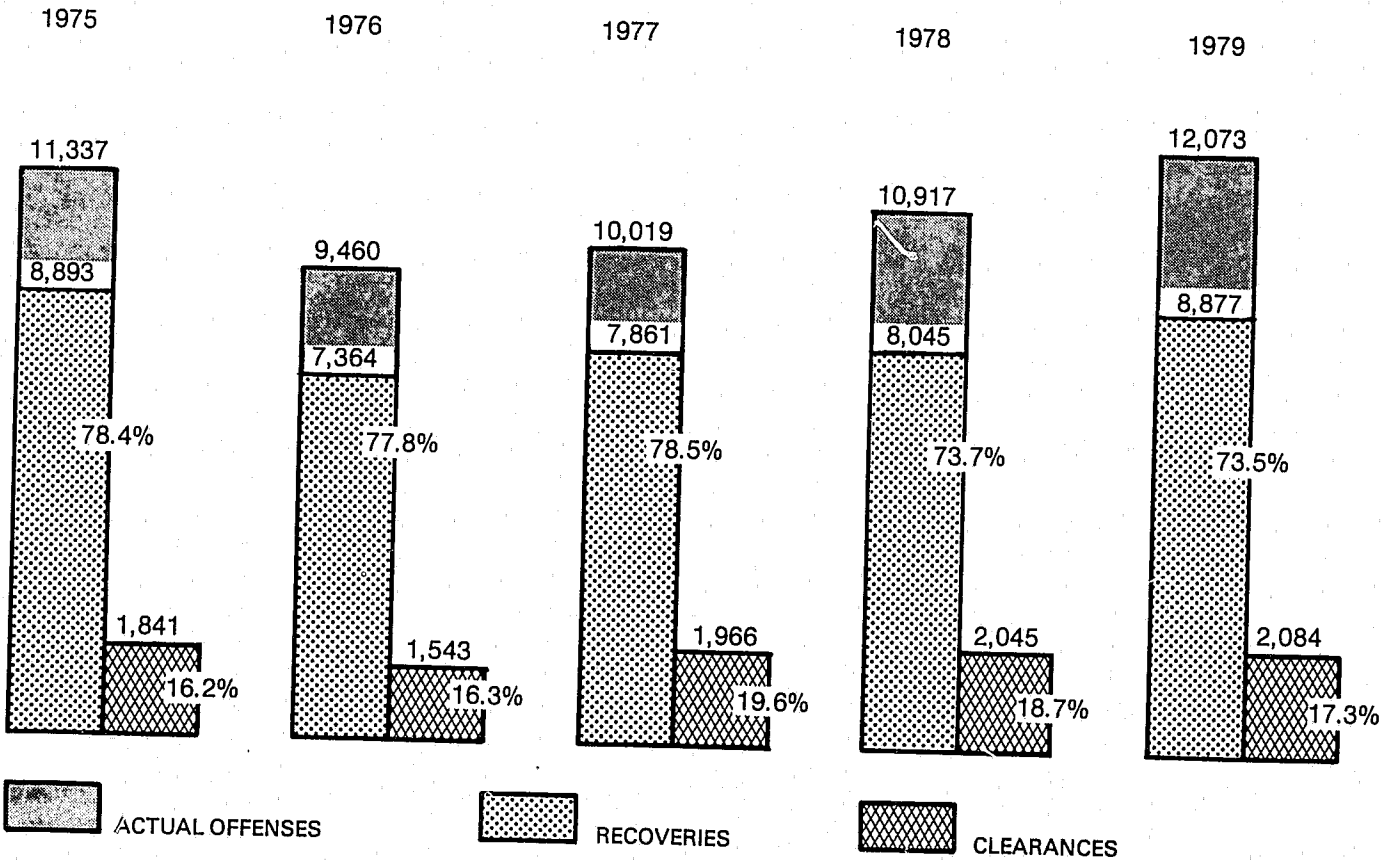
March had the largest total of reported vehicle thefts while November had the lowest. Of the motor vehicles stolen, 74 percent (8,877) were recovered. This is the same percentage recovery rate as 1978.

Motor vehicle thefts accounted for a reported dollar loss of \$37,907,202. Of that amount, \$25,124,854 was recovered. The recovered amount reflects the value of the vehicle when recovered and may be lower than the value when stolen because of parts missing or damaged.

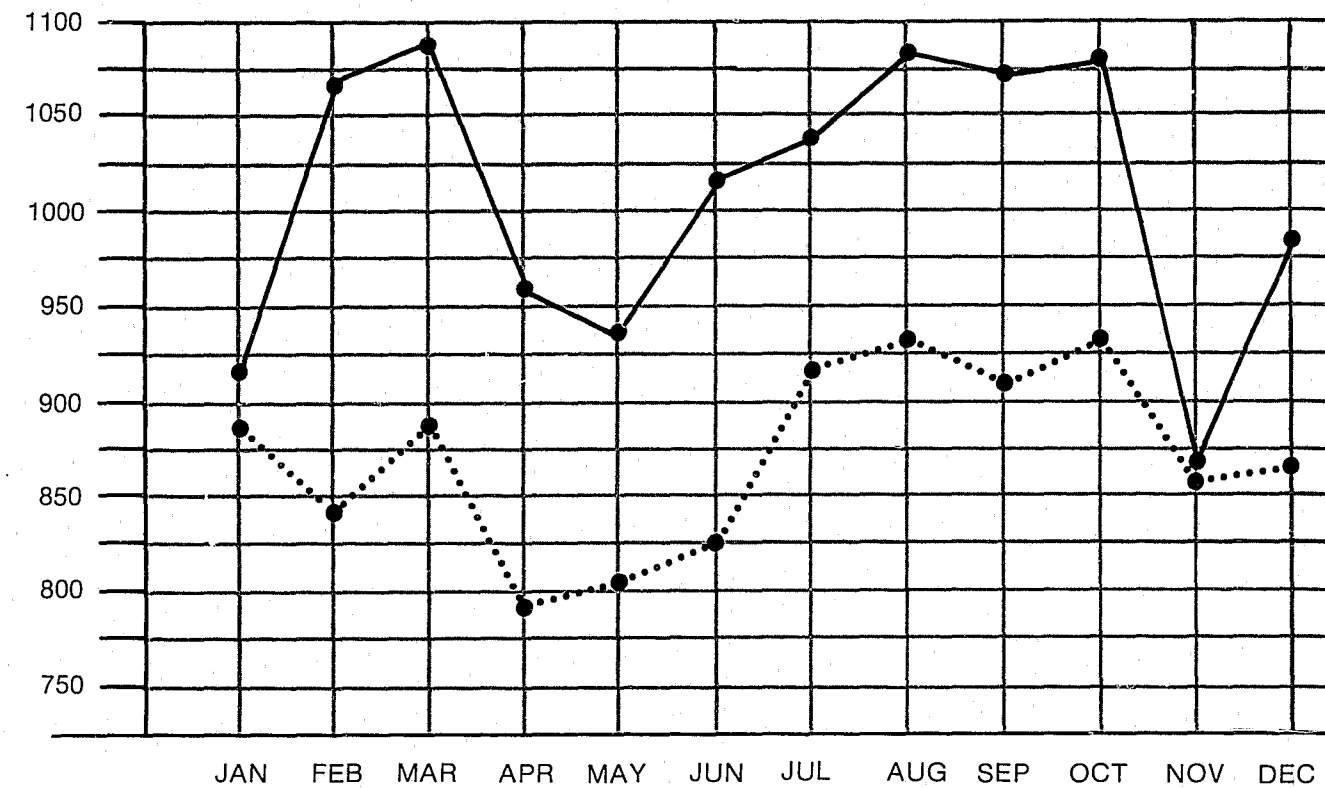
Motor vehicle theft clearances decreased 1 percent in 1979 from 1978. Of the 17 percent clearance rate, adults accounted for 11 percent and juveniles 6 percent. There were 64 fewer persons arrested for motor vehicle theft in 1979 than in 1978. Again in 1979, the number of juveniles arrested (922) exceeded the adults (675).

STOLEN VEHICLES BY TYPE		
Type	Number Stolen	Distribution
Automobiles	6,363	52.7%
Trucks & Busses	2,997	24.8%
Motorcycles	2,286	18.9%
Other Vehicles	427	3.6%
TOTALS	12,073	100.0%

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT COMPARISON



**MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT TREND BY MONTH**



KEY: 1979 ————— 1975 - 1978 Avg. ....

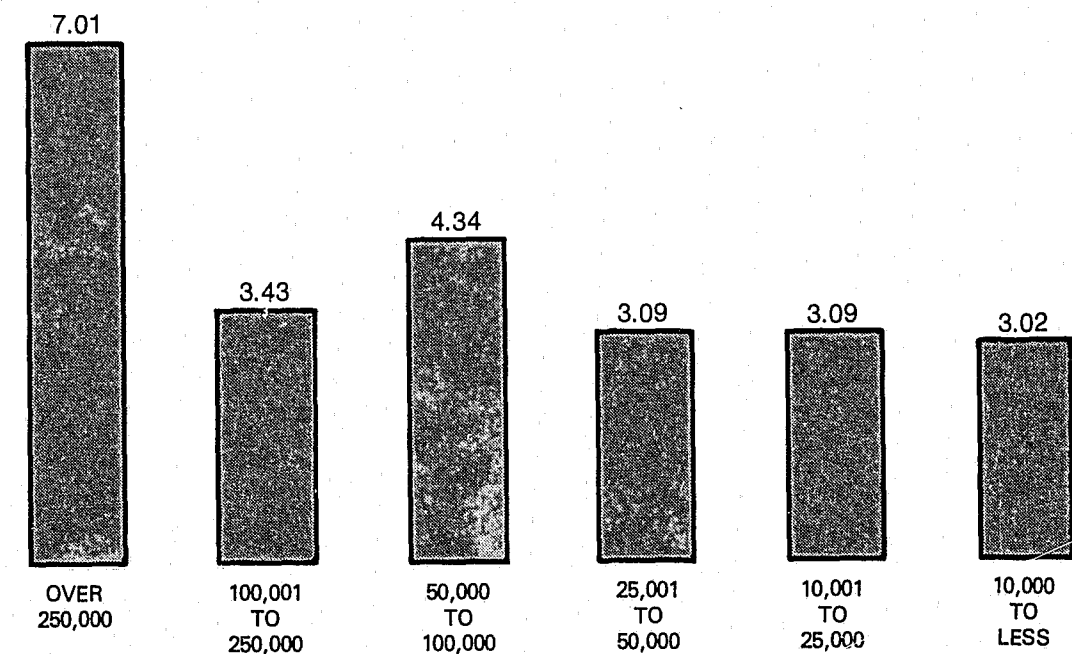
**MOTOR VEHICLE RECOVERY INFORMATION**

Situation	Total	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Stolen Locally — Recovered Locally	6,476	443	549	591	468	504	534	590	651	564	586	481	515
Stolen Locally — Recovered by Other Agencies In State	2,003	178	180	185	165	149	140	185	175	169	182	136	159
Stolen Locally — Recovered by Other Agencies Out Of State	398	28	41	42	26	37	35	35	33	30	47	23	21
<b>Total Locally Stolen</b>	<b>8,877</b>	<b>649</b>	<b>770</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>659</b>	<b>690</b>	<b>709</b>	<b>810</b>	<b>859</b>	<b>763</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>640</b>	<b>695</b>
Stolen, Out Of Town, Instate, Recovered Locally	1,486	127	113	137	117	98	102	149	136	150	135	101	121
Stolen Out Of State — Recovered Locally	723	73	66	70	67	57	47	48	49	62	62	45	77
<b>Total Recovered/Stolen Out Of Town Or State</b>	<b>2,209</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>198</b>
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>11,086</b>	<b>849</b>	<b>949</b>	<b>1,025</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>845</b>	<b>858</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>1,044</b>	<b>975</b>	<b>1,012</b>	<b>786</b>	<b>893</b>

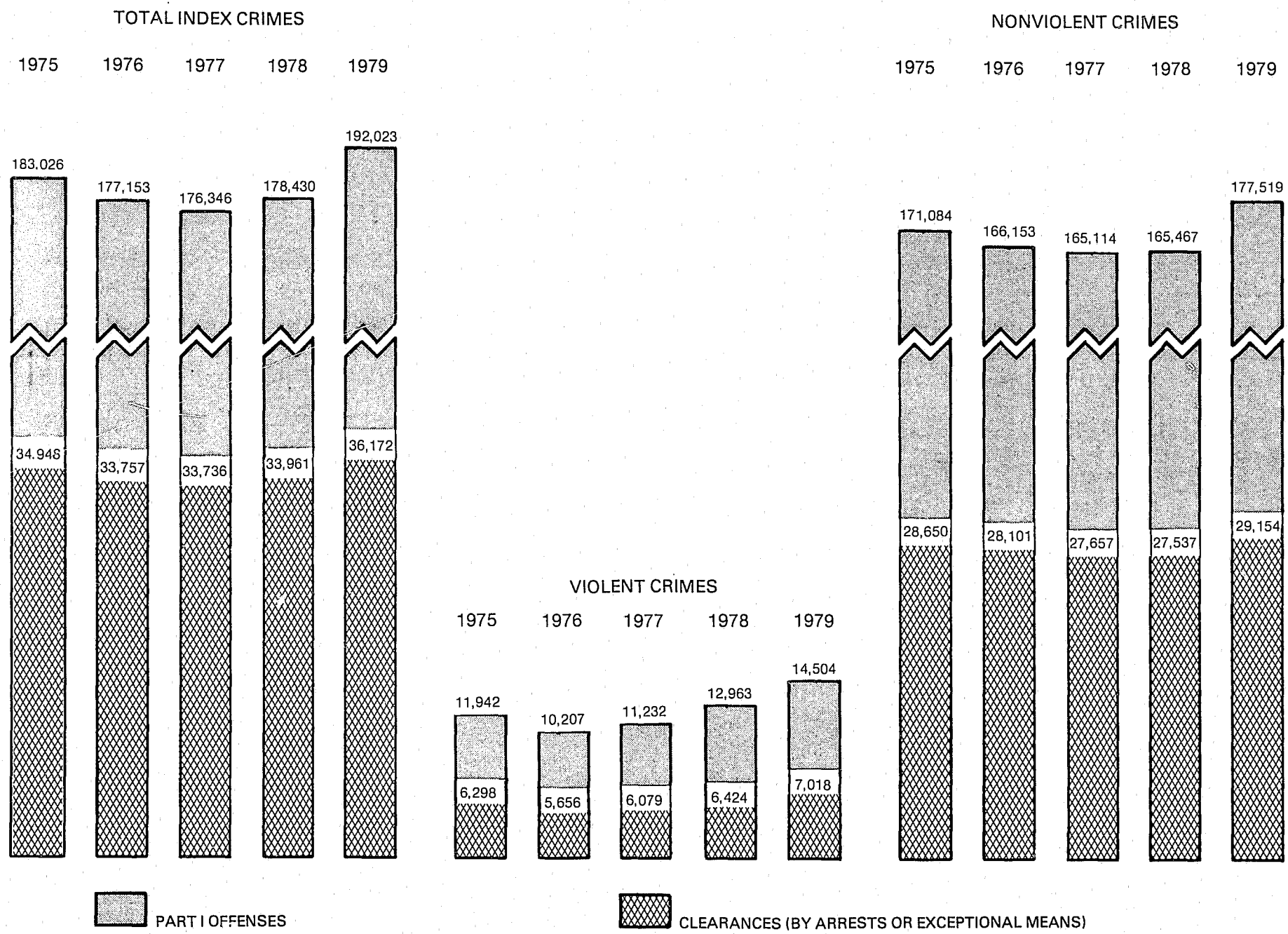
**MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT BY POPULATION GROUP**

Population Group	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Over 250,000	100,001 To 250,000	50,001 To 100,000	25,001 To 50,000	10,001 To 25,000	10,000 Or Less	Ungrouped
Motor Vehicle Theft	7,253	1,858	707	925	629	628	73
Distribution	60.1%	15.4%	5.9%	7.6%	5.2%	5.2%	.6%

**MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS PER 1000 POPULATION**

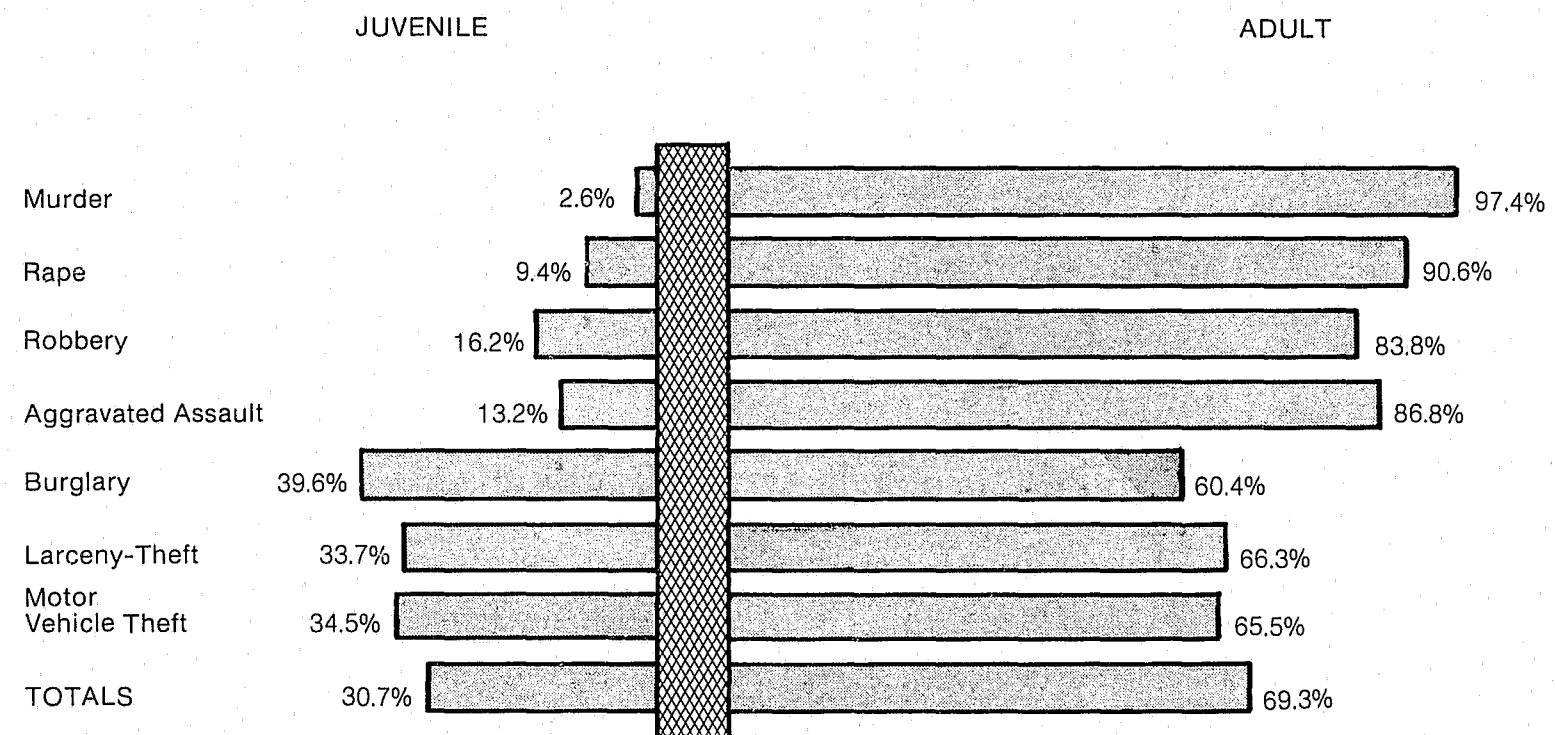


## PART I INDEX CRIME COMPARISON





# PART 1 CRIMES CLEARED



# ARSON

The U.S. Congress, in October 1978, mandated the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and specifically the national UCR Program, to reclassify arson as a Part I Crime Index Offense. The legislation required the FBI to begin collecting arson data during 1979. The Arizona UCR Program began collection of arson offenses reported to law enforcement agencies in May 1979 and attempted, with some success, to collect this information retroactive to January 1979.

There are many problems involved in collection of arson offenses through law enforcement agencies and some of these are: (1) arson does not always readily appear to be a crime at the time of occurrence; (2) arson infrequently comes to the attention of law enforcement at the offense stage; more normally at the arrest stage; (3) most police agencies are inadequately trained in the area of arson investigation; (4) arson is often not reported to law enforcement agencies; (5) approximately 85 percent of all fire fighters serve in a voluntary capacity and do not have the expertise to recognize the causes of fires; and (6) law enforcement jurisdiction and fire districts are not always the same.

Arson is defined by the national Uniform Crime Reporting Program to *include any willful or malicious burning or attempts to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.*

## SUMMARY ANALYSIS

There were 2,523 arson offenses reported to law enforcement agencies in 1979. Arson of Structures accounted for 1,272 offenses or 50 percent of all reported arsons; Mobile units, 723 offenses, or 29 percent and All Other, 528 offenses, or 21 percent.

Motor Vehicles had the largest total of reported arsons, 652, while Industrial/Manufacturing had the lowest, 8. Under the Structural category, Other Commercial,

(stores, restaurants, offices, etc.), had the largest reported dollar loss, \$3,941,470, 35 percent of all Structural loss and 30 percent of all arson losses.

Arsons were cleared 14 percent of the time. There were 19 more persons arrested in 1979 than in 1978, and again in 1979, the number of juveniles arrested exceeded the number of adults.

## ARSON BY PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION AND VALUE

PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION	Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Estimated Value of Property Damage
Structural	1,272	186	\$ 11,126,447
Mobile	723	56	1,476,674
Other	528	114	468,337
TOTAL	2,523	356	\$ 13,071,458

### ARSON OFFENSES BY PROPERTY TYPE BY MONTH

PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION	TOTAL	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Value of Property Damage
<b>TOTAL STRUCTURE</b>	<b>1,272</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>\$11,126,447</b>
Single Occupancy Residential: Houses, Townhouses, Duplexes, etc.	556	26	36	39	43	43	43	62	57	48	62	47	50	2,810,170
Other Residential: Apartments Tenements, Flats, Hotels, Motels, Inns, Dormitories, Boarding Houses, etc.	171	7	12	18	13	7	15	22	20	14	26	12	5	590,331
Storage: Barns, Garages, Warehouses, etc.	116	6	10	9	11	7	16	14	3	9	15	5	6	1,636,392
Industrial/Manufacturing	8	—	3	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	1	—	168,845
Other Commercial: Stores, Restaurants, Offices, etc.	233	13	11	11	20	27	16	15	21	26	26	24	23	3,941,470
Community/Public: Churches, Jails, Schools, Colleges, Hospitals, etc.	125	7	12	16	5	10	19	9	9	9	8	15	6	1,120,732
All Other Structure: Out Buildings, Monuments, Buildings Under Construction, etc.	63	3	4	6	6	2	8	7	3	7	7	3	7	858,507
<b>TOTAL MOBILE</b>	<b>723</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>\$1,476,674</b>
Motor Vehicles: Automobiles, Trucks, Buses, Motorcycles, etc.: UCR Definition	652	27	37	54	50	59	44	63	65	70	60	68	55	1,130,678
Other Mobile Property: Trailers, Recreational Vehicles, Airplanes, Boats, etc.	71	2	6	5	5	8	2	12	1	6	9	11	4	\$ 345,996
<b>TOTAL OTHER</b> Crops, Timber, Fences, Signs, etc.	<b>528</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>\$ 468,337</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>2,523</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>\$13,071,458</b>

## INDEX CRIMES BY MONTH — STATE TOTALS

INDEX OFFENSES	TOTAL	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
CRIMINAL HOMICIDE													
Murder/Nonnegligent Manslaughter	218	21	19	13	9	18	18	22	22	23	22	11	20
FORCIBLE RAPE	1,120	66	56	89	100	92	106	108	115	109	90	100	89
Rape By Force	870	48	45	58	81	82	79	86	86	86	68	77	74
Attempts To Commit	250	18	11	31	19	10	27	22	29	23	22	23	15
ROBBERY	4,302	386	352	355	374	322	296	304	388	352	356	400	417
Firearm	1,759	172	155	141	152	109	122	115	149	138	156	168	182
Knife Or Cutting Instrument	484	50	29	41	42	32	23	41	37	40	40	60	49
Other Dangerous Weapon	265	16	14	25	10	27	20	25	34	18	20	28	28
Strong-Arm (Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc.)	1,794	148	154	148	170	154	131	123	168	156	140	144	158
ASSAULT	8,864	672	640	710	715	707	739	743	828	905	762	686	757
Firearm	2,421	182	176	198	177	212	231	169	214	245	179	215	223
Knife Or Cutting Instrument	1,595	124	125	133	136	120	118	127	134	175	135	127	141
Other Dangerous Weapon	2,172	151	134	184	171	180	187	204	222	197	207	161	174
Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc. — Aggravated	2,676	215	205	195	231	195	203	243	258	288	241	183	219
BURGLARY	48,861	4,606	4,181	4,231	3,781	3,817	3,528	4,114	4,284	3,805	4,221	3,887	4,406
Forcible Entry	33,759	3,331	2,985	3,012	2,562	2,548	2,423	2,824	2,835	2,578	2,820	2,714	3,127
Unlawful Entry — No Force	11,303	933	896	888	919	974	846	963	1,088	904	1,073	878	941
Attempted Forcible Entry	3,799	342	300	331	300	295	259	327	361	323	328	295	338
LARCENY-THEFT	116,585	9,806	9,325	10,383	9,662	9,218	8,973	9,370	10,137	9,484	10,260	9,542	10,425
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	12,073	914	1,066	1,084	954	934	1,014	1,033	1,080	1,071	1,077	864	982
Automobiles	6,363	473	557	545	499	497	529	541	578	580	583	474	507
Trucks And Buses	2,997	231	269	256	218	224	262	261	278	251	289	201	257
Motorcycles	2,286	189	196	253	206	188	181	189	183	209	163	144	185
Other Vehicles	427	21	44	30	31	25	42	42	41	31	42	45	33
TOTALS	192,023	16,471	15,639	16,865	15,595	15,108	14,674	15,694	16,854	15,749	16,788	15,490	17,096
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	8	1	1	2	1	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—
OTHER ASSAULTS — SIMPLE	13,859	1,004	958	1,090	1,144	1,264	1,093	1,162	1,298	1,307	1,264	1,173	1,102



VALUE, IN DOLLARS, OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY CRIME AND MONTH — STATE TOTALS

INDEX OFFENSES	TOTAL	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
HOMICIDE	61,725	28,000	0	5,670	0	11,060	1,150	2,000	0	500	7,000	5,545	800
FORCIBLE RAPE	27,399	309	90	401	1,005	8,323	8,286	717	2,821	363	476	813	3,795
ROBBERY	1,896,061	213,336	115,922	122,415	107,036	187,881	132,436	164,681	186,012	135,579	130,601	168,015	232,147
Highway	586,995	26,215	47,805	27,713	25,975	130,176	29,270	66,495	52,960	36,019	36,732	41,656	65,979
Commercial House	506,967	44,705	31,060	29,012	52,202	33,059	26,475	48,722	33,389	43,996	38,210	38,124	88,013
Gas or Service Station	100,020	6,860	3,215	5,812	4,808	9,898	13,731	1,560	7,428	3,067	13,858	15,920	13,863
Convenience Store	69,315	5,636	4,672	2,676	5,162	3,679	4,519	6,551	3,310	3,310	3,569	9,874	16,357
Residence	301,708	7,780	19,663	14,119	8,699	4,930	41,588	38,274	58,157	23,467	20,201	47,019	17,811
Bank	248,045	104,833	5,153	31,814	6,480	0	6,624	927	23,161	18,826	14,250	11,598	24,379
Miscellaneous	83,011	17,307	4,354	11,269	3,710	6,139	10,229	2,152	7,607	6,894	3,781	3,824	5,745
BURGLARY	31,403,388	3,112,550	2,693,867	2,729,224	2,294,412	2,395,132	2,036,484	2,376,946	2,597,647	2,438,701	2,758,974	2,856,008	3,113,443
Residence	21,736,557	2,163,666	1,830,730	1,730,629	1,511,217	1,577,427	1,518,294	1,740,887	1,863,056	1,738,797	1,833,123	2,031,982	2,196,749
Night, 6PM - 6 AM	6,966,794	697,320	604,058	521,439	570,197	480,440	439,537	476,885	600,539	602,670	568,566	623,965	781,178
Day, 6 AM - 6 PM	7,673,858	803,211	681,496	746,741	524,213	643,943	490,336	520,641	597,748	519,781	679,050	828,080	638,618
Unknown	7,095,905	663,135	545,176	462,449	416,807	453,044	588,421	743,361	664,769	616,346	585,507	579,937	776,953
Non-Residence	9,666,831	948,884	863,137	998,595	783,195	817,705	518,190	636,059	734,591	699,904	925,851	824,026	916,694
Night, 6 PM - 6 AM	4,629,323	515,031	398,620	464,735	360,158	416,130	258,097	268,448	424,942	324,552	441,321	381,717	375,572
Day, 6 AM - 6 PM	757,161	114,285	120,809	65,221	78,044	58,343	47,383	28,086	48,318	54,569	50,390	41,415	50,298
Unknown	4,280,347	319,568	343,708	468,639	344,993	343,232	212,710	339,525	261,331	320,783	434,140	400,894	490,824
LARCENY-THEFT	25,233,292	2,250,455	2,333,162	2,105,232	2,494,327	1,773,007	1,943,405	1,866,186	1,994,210	2,030,590	2,029,905	2,232,816	2,179,997
\$200 And Over	20,390,023	1,843,169	1,949,137	1,670,622	2,101,567	1,381,685	1,564,932	1,469,208	1,575,644	1,616,351	1,612,806	1,845,190	1,759,712
\$50 To \$200	3,883,245	328,318	311,398	347,977	316,692	312,313	307,620	319,169	335,568	329,364	336,209	309,301	329,316
Under \$50	960,024	78,968	72,627	86,633	76,068	79,009	70,853	77,809	82,998	84,875	80,890	78,325	90,969
Pocket-Picking	79,956	6,962	6,726	10,510	4,603	4,139	5,872	6,477	10,433	10,481	5,166	5,710	2,877
Purse Snatching	48,236	3,767	4,768	3,323	2,115	5,719	5,849	3,651	3,283	5,474	1,621	2,716	5,950
Shoplifting	536,883	31,695	41,324	40,643	51,044	29,240	26,811	34,550	47,482	30,344	48,459	96,252	59,039
From Motor Vehicle	5,981,403	503,933	557,796	468,607	1,053,374	429,650	384,478	344,204	367,500	401,600	403,084	448,004	619,173
Vehicle Parts, Accessories	3,003,527	274,899	224,708	236,755	230,302	232,344	227,390	237,326	266,691	266,544	282,733	259,471	264,364
Bicycles	1,469,874	87,120	102,644	133,540	128,045	126,505	139,307	129,494	133,974	136,197	142,164	107,694	103,190
From Buildings	4,650,155	332,213	344,073	496,184	332,208	346,253	487,398	351,171	358,481	398,415	366,471	412,530	424,758
Coin-Operated Machines	55,574	3,250	6,337	4,215	2,459	3,101	6,495	8,438	3,618	3,696	5,039	5,399	4,527
All Other	9,407,684	1,006,616	1,044,786	711,455	690,177	596,056	659,805	750,875	803,748	777,839	775,168	895,040	696,119
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	36,774,016	2,956,583	3,322,539	2,789,376	2,923,501	3,011,012	3,115,014	3,099,366	3,375,694	3,139,909	3,155,958	2,895,954	2,989,110
TOTAL STOLEN	95,395,881	8,561,233	8,465,580	7,752,318	7,820,281	7,386,415	7,236,775	7,509,896	8,156,384	7,745,642	8,082,914	8,159,151	8,519,292

TYPE AND VALUE, IN DOLLARS, OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED BY MONTH —  
STATE TOTALS

STOLEN	TOTAL	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
Currency, Notes, Etc.	5,316,952	514,130	447,663	525,299	391,161	433,516	311,045	349,305	489,229	387,514	488,908	425,073	554,109
Jewelry/Precious Metals	11,732,834	1,115,564	953,305	969,061	1,451,466	866,069	833,126	732,039	813,186	823,223	905,436	1,056,058	1,214,301
Clothing And Furs	1,271,286	168,095	120,007	98,541	80,193	80,759	61,550	80,111	79,598	92,164	91,139	148,639	160,490
Locally Stolen Vehicles	37,907,202	3,063,764	3,457,187	2,897,246	2,985,102	3,026,830	3,165,114	3,241,158	3,382,859	3,215,569	3,176,131	3,161,828	3,134,414
Office Equipment	841,589	80,465	75,763	72,640	82,969	84,060	60,629	58,280	58,482	66,498	79,503	73,320	48,990
Stereos/TV's/Cameras	9,742,796	917,661	816,730	813,058	738,245	474,826	717,791	784,523	820,972	781,245	845,127	816,084	933,534
Firearms	1,725,832	170,216	139,180	136,895	132,789	122,204	123,523	149,104	145,195	128,391	141,327	158,557	158,451
Household Goods	2,690,681	182,421	198,447	208,195	185,099	224,563	229,114	241,226	226,558	190,548	275,280	231,977	296,853
Consumable Goods	700,485	73,246	40,181	43,947	42,914	67,539	40,225	52,901	50,480	73,258	69,206	52,172	64,405
Livestock	364,253	15,753	17,910	17,294	8,971	7,871	57,149	9,191	57,991	33,861	46,446	45,507	46,309
Miscellaneous	23,101,971	2,259,918	2,189,207	1,960,132	1,711,371	1,715,178	1,637,519	1,801,658	2,031,834	1,953,371	1,964,411	1,979,936	1,897,436
TOTAL STOLEN	95,395,881	8,561,233	8,465,580	7,752,318	7,820,281	7,386,415	7,236,775	7,509,896	8,156,384	7,745,642	8,082,914	8,159,151	8,519,292
RECOVERED													
Currency, Notes, Etc.	471,795	38,427	55,894	25,854	25,521	88,481	23,467	20,127	18,365	20,496	49,147	68,652	37,364
Jewelry/Precious Metals	664,256	32,273	36,802	63,298	50,386	33,456	54,068	39,641	45,224	117,945	84,740	38,568	67,855
Clothing And Furs	131,656	9,761	10,466	12,757	11,097	12,826	6,481	5,644	8,079	14,026	15,654	13,307	11,558
Locally Stolen Vehicles	25,124,854	1,912,606	1,989,030	2,175,594	1,830,772	2,006,012	2,085,520	2,130,817	2,495,169	2,350,401	2,056,652	2,060,653	2,031,628
Office Equipment	80,000	3,522	1,495	5,041	5,406	17,076	5,175	4,619	1,609	11,202	17,602	4,186	3,067
Stereos/TV's/Cameras	550,280	43,427	34,024	48,351	35,380	46,787	38,853	35,841	45,011	73,335	64,474	41,183	43,614
Firearms	187,299	22,988	6,523	10,872	7,722	15,356	9,652	12,201	11,449	44,523	13,504	17,609	14,900
Household Goods	130,050	10,508	10,209	7,605	7,609	12,603	8,254	14,067	13,127	11,684	11,168	16,433	6,783
Consumable Goods	95,313	16,325	5,535	7,870	7,533	7,492	4,679	10,098	6,109	6,883	13,631	4,763	4,395
Livestock	50,979	5,185	1,150	762	2,964	1,500	2,939	2,116	2,633	4,532	17,525	7,575	2,098
Miscellaneous	2,967,885	251,481	414,644	516,749	190,961	283,711	131,410	263,777	149,300	215,488	193,436	197,039	159,809
TOTAL RECOVERED	30,454,367	2,346,503	2,565,772	2,874,753	2,175,351	2,525,300	2,370,498	2,538,948	2,796,075	2,870,515	2,537,533	2,469,968	2,383,151



# INDEX CRIMES BY COUNTY

INDEX OFFENSES	Apache	Cochise	Coconino	Gila	Graham	Greenlee	Maricopa	Mohave	Navajo	Pima	Pinal	Santa Cruz	Yavapai	Yuma
CRIMINAL HOMICIDE Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter	—	4	8	2	1	1	137	1	4	28	12	1	2	17
FORCIBLE RAPE Rape By Force Attempts to Commit	3 3 —	12 10 2	34 26 8	— — —	5 3 2	2 1 1	718 549 169	10 8 2	6 5 1	244 104 50	46 40 6	— — —	9 8 1	31 23 8
ROBBERY Firearm Knife or Cutting Instrument Other Dangerous Weapon Strong-Arm (Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc.)	3 1 1 1 —	35 14 7 4 10	69 19 10 5 36	8 2 1 1 4	3 3 — — —	1 — — — 1	3,072 1,240 326 204 1,302	31 13 6 1 11	10 7 1 — 2	863 401 101 35 326	84 20 11 6 47	2 — 1 — 1	16 8 2 — 6	105 32 17 8 48
ASSAULT Firearm Knife or Cutting Instrument Other Dangerous Weapon Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc. — Aggravated	52 12 7 7 26	160 10 20 19 102	252 35 51 41 125	96 21 18 15 42	65 6 7 3 49	42 3 3 7 29	5,184 1,637 971 1,526 1,050	177 36 12 24 105	94 12 17 16 49	1,561 390 324 304 543	487 119 74 111 183	52 4 3 5 40	128 42 9 14 63	514 85 79 80 270
BURGLARY Forcible Entry Unlawful Entry — No Force Attempted Forcible Entry	135 100 33 2	795 499 254 42	999 507 383 109	280 181 92 7	147 93 44 10	77 46 26 5	31,228 21,032 7,993 2,203	760 460 261 39	437 315 101 21	10,150 7,999 1,095 1,056	1,381 954 371 56	411 317 40 54	585 362 198 25	1,476 894 412 170
LARCENY-THEFT	276	1,930	3,360	736	387	103	73,473	1,449	1,046	24,985	2,914	497	1,369	4,060
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT Autos Trucks and Buses Motorcycles Other Vehicles	41 17 19 1 4	149 59 54 24 12	249 151 53 36 9	60 22 21 16 1	19 9 7 2 1	20 12 3 5 —	7,723 4,240 1,843 1,399 241	225 82 51 59 33	122 48 50 16 9	2,511 1,266 619 567 59	316 162 83 59 12	74 29 41 3 1	94 53 21 17 3	470 213 132 82 43
TOTALS	510	3,085	4,971	1,182	627	246	21,535	2,653	1,719	40,342	5,240	1,037	2,203	6,673
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLECTANCE	—	—	1	—	—	—	3	—	1	1	1	—	1	—
OTHER ASSAULTS — SIMPLE	39	187	642	112	36	27	6,691	116	35	4,530	643	32	195	574

**VALUE, IN DOLLARS, OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY CRIME BY COUNTY**

INDEX OFFENSES	Apache	Cochise	Coconino	Gila	Graham	Greenlee	Maricopa	Mohave	Navajo	Pima	Pinal	Santa Cruz	Yavapai	Yuma
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	800	49,050	0	0	0	770	0	3,060	8,045
FORCIBLE RAPE	0	0	585	0	0	0	17,907	16	50	8,341	268	0	0	232
ROBBERY	3,192	28,115	28,440	2,210	17,264	8	1,282,738	16,368	14,172	346,409	25,640	1,792	2,847	126,866
Highway	192	7,430	21,273	1,313	0	0	291,398	8,680	119	135,572	12,275	0	520	108,223
Commercial House	0	1,302	3,481	192	214	0	380,761	3,151	8,120	98,882	3,971	0	1,277	5,616
Gas or Service Station	0	12,340	1,038	0	0	0	69,608	1,598	3,926	10,340	136	0	0	1,034
Convenience Store	0	1,077	1,128	90	50	8	46,348	365	2,007	14,940	998	0	303	2,001
Residence	3,000	4,663	322	615	0	0	213,123	250	0	67,439	7,588	1,775	285	2,648
Bank	0	0	0	0	17,000	0	209,375	790	0	15,134	0	0	0	5,746
Miscellaneous	0	1,303	1,198	0	0	0	72,125	1,534	0	4,102	672	17	462	1,598
BURGLARY	71,153	510,127	393,073	146,637	60,376	26,635	20,173,536	540,442	336,224	6,958,360	764,526	187,582	445,822	788,895
Residence	34,218	262,070	205,735	62,636	29,257	22,457	13,920,221	351,085	157,269	5,433,124	409,478	137,112	296,554	415,341
Night, 6 PM - 6 AM	13,837	128,376	44,755	17,363	22,928	12,724	3,635,156	129,331	34,678	2,429,842	135,301	94,271	145,174	123,058
Day, 6 AM - 6 PM	8,904	57,623	37,226	10,476	1,638	960	4,681,722	93,690	45,447	2,500,920	88,685	18,907	37,561	90,099
Unknown	11,477	76,071	123,754	34,797	4,691	8,773	5,603,343	128,064	77,144	502,362	185,492	23,934	113,819	202,184
Non-Residence	36,935	248,057	187,338	84,001	31,119	4,178	6,253,315	189,357	178,955	1,525,236	355,048	50,470	149,268	373,554
Night, 6 PM - 6 AM	32,662	168,333	123,102	58,386	25,278	3,113	2,370,939	120,711	146,658	955,218	224,282	44,593	96,561	259,487
Day, 6 AM - 6 PM	1,440	9,397	7,856	4,280	3,537	396	282,702	9,109	20,309	385,267	14,544	4,549	3,271	10,504
Unknown	2,833	70,327	56,380	21,335	2,304	669	3,599,674	59,537	11,988	184,751	116,222	1,328	49,436	103,563
LARCENY-THEFT	56,788	391,182	659,787	141,678	57,417	10,848	16,143,742	583,224	367,107	4,656,874	603,595	119,069	534,107	907,874
\$200 and Over	43,151	307,616	519,769	110,745	35,256	6,978	13,272,227	525,510	317,808	3,452,683	486,051	97,437	482,899	731,893
\$50 to \$200	11,703	67,154	118,049	26,395	19,569	3,084	2,266,331	47,490	44,003	976,166	97,384	17,972	42,143	145,802
Under \$50	1,934	16,412	21,969	4,538	2,592	786	605,184	10,224	5,296	228,025	20,160	3,660	9,065	30,179
Pocket-Picking	427	1,662	4,245	312	0	35	43,467	1,405	1,053	22,924	2,123	155	1,581	567
Purse Snatching	50	1,610	751	1,294	115	74	28,174	1,240	1,370	8,989	1,819	941	0	1,809
Shoplifting	2,153	7,061	9,159	879	1,614	297	411,783	4,759	10,689	66,498	6,986	3,513	2,667	8,825
From Motor Vehicle	11,238	79,077	182,131	24,358	17,517	2,870	3,695,590	232,119	53,652	1,319,591	109,746	34,046	47,477	171,991
Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories	4,210	34,066	47,312	19,403	5,221	1,230	2,083,636	32,949	28,123	523,751	89,426	18,461	21,926	93,813
Bicycles	1,554	34,672	35,552	6,851	7,140	941	890,683	11,553	13,514	365,856	33,129	9,437	7,968	51,024
From Buildings	11,437	83,796	135,525	29,185	18,099	1,312	2,576,677	57,302	49,382	1,278,781	76,279	38,871	81,292	212,217
Coin-Operated Machines	280	834	689	2,065	150	0	29,194	545	3,417	13,468	2,897	52	457	1,526
All Other	25,439	148,404	244,423	57,331	7,561	4,089	6,384,538	241,352	205,907	1,057,016	281,190	13,593	370,739	366,102
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	171,495	413,251	898,694	183,879	50,675	35,702	23,818,882	749,524	468,377	7,115,521	1,062,177	346,913	261,660	1,197,266
TOTAL STOLEN	302,628	1,342,675	1,980,579	474,404	185,732	73,993	61,485,855	1,889,574	1,185,930	19,085,505	2,456,976	655,356	1,247,496	3,029,178



**TYPE AND VALUE, IN DOLLARS, OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED BY COUNTY**

STOLEN	Apache	Cochise	Coconino	Gila	Graham	Greenlee	Maricopa	Mohave	Navajo	Pima	Pinal	Santa Cruz	Yavapai	Yuma
Currency, Notes, Etc.	15,079	122,582	184,526	34,930	30,426	3,110	3,175,853	173,303	83,799	974,945	128,127	31,221	132,228	226,823
Jewelry/Precious Metals	17,383	178,881	118,346	59,543	4,170	5,660	8,140,277	262,072	138,196	2,162,230	149,606	77,418	125,207	293,845
Clothing and Furs	1,759	20,760	46,657	3,422	1,845	397	787,826	23,285	6,398	294,256	28,422	16,119	12,854	27,286
Locally Stolen Vehicles	168,840	428,785	935,936	177,749	53,075	35,650	24,612,144	716,583	481,219	7,349,418	1,145,921	346,913	264,910	1,190,059
Office Equipment	1,524	14,435	22,816	6,549	3,300	180	554,014	13,772	2,054	178,113	20,054	4,105	3,987	16,686
Stereos/TV's/Cameras	7,996	120,867	131,221	30,438	13,096	10,790	6,438,795	124,546	44,398	2,280,769	191,806	46,532	63,649	237,893
Firearms	11,504	30,291	33,092	15,033	7,429	2,811	1,022,631	40,243	27,932	384,540	57,891	12,687	25,267	54,481
Household Goods	4,589	31,088	86,626	10,284	4,056	1,489	1,595,905	106,737	18,032	616,950	65,116	6,839	35,873	107,097
Consumable Goods	11,075	10,562	17,340	4,046	5,071	863	422,851	16,411	6,467	128,360	24,409	3,050	9,800	40,179
Livestock	250	5,500	4,510	0	0	475	42,207	1,355	795	275,647	3,864	9,950	9,695	10,005
Miscellaneous	62,629	378,923	399,509	132,410	63,264	12,568	14,693,352	411,267	376,640	4,440,277	641,760	100,522	564,026	824,824
<b>TOTAL STOLEN</b>	<b>302,628</b>	<b>1,342,675</b>	<b>1,980,579</b>	<b>474,404</b>	<b>185,732</b>	<b>73,993</b>	<b>61,485,855</b>	<b>1,889,574</b>	<b>1,185,930</b>	<b>19,085,505</b>	<b>2,456,976</b>	<b>655,356</b>	<b>1,247,496</b>	<b>3,029,178</b>
RECOVERED														
Currency, Notes, Etc.	9,919	9,384	78,735	2,757	6,686	616	170,257	6,631	13,896	73,527	7,366	958	68,279	22,784
Jewelry/Precious Metals	7,087	43,446	34,753	2,271	2,760	3,775	324,425	9,480	30,682	126,065	5,751	3,810	41,300	28,651
Clothing and Furs	402	4,478	12,783	471	149	82	71,720	2,936	2,259	22,510	6,618	2,131	826	4,291
Locally Stolen Vehicles	122,096	215,023	690,505	113,995	26,875	32,400	16,661,773	451,897	385,355	4,396,782	747,553	205,948	210,093	864,559
Office Equipment	200	1,301	4,779	0	3,300	0	55,750	290	1,447	7,130	3,811	384	1,345	263
Stereos/TV's/Cameras	6,104	25,168	22,448	3,944	3,365	2,155	332,488	16,603	3,650	51,875	24,191	3,770	6,940	47,579
Firearms	1,160	3,516	8,091	1,612	3,378	656	89,577	7,189	8,205	43,758	6,938	1,500	3,424	8,295
Household Goods	1,035	1,781	6,261	1,181	2,278	249	80,090	1,209	841	13,678	2,993	735	6,273	11,446
Consumable Goods	458	1,480	17,457	858	1,946	418	50,639	3,282	683	9,558	4,643	613	1,063	2,215
Livestock	0	113	1,105	760	0	0	6,649	450	0	34,510	1,802	30	3,100	2,460
Miscellaneous	16,198	50,832	62,606	8,443	29,953	2,539	1,794,632	85,294	183,344	317,442	77,178	7,818	242,768	88,838
<b>TOTAL RECOVERED</b>	<b>164,659</b>	<b>356,522</b>	<b>939,523</b>	<b>136,292</b>	<b>80,690</b>	<b>42,890</b>	<b>19,638,000</b>	<b>585,261</b>	<b>630,362</b>	<b>5,096,835</b>	<b>888,844</b>	<b>227,697</b>	<b>585,411</b>	<b>1,081,381</b>

### INDEX CRIMES BY JUSTICE PLANNING REGION

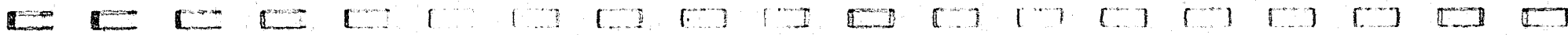
INDEX OFFENSES	REGION 1	REGION 2	REGION 3	REGION 4	REGION 5	REGION 6
CRIMINAL HOMICIDE						
Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter	137	28	14	18	14	7
FORCIBLE RAPE	718	244	52	41	46	19
Rape By Force	549	194	42	31	40	14
Attempt to Commit	169	50	10	10	6	5
ROBBERY	3,072	863	98	136	92	41
Firearm	1,240	401	34	45	22	17
Knife or Cutting Instrument	326	101	14	23	12	8
Other Dangerous Weapon	204	35	6	9	7	4
Strogn-Arm (Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc.)	1,302	326	44	59	51	12
ASSAULT	5,184	1,561	526	691	583	319
Firearm	1,637	390	101	121	140	32
Knife or Cutting Instrument	971	324	84	91	92	33
Other Dangerous Weapon	1,526	304	78	104	126	34
Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc. — Aggravated	1,050	543	263	375	225	220
BURGLARY	31,228	10,150	2,156	2,236	1,661	1,430
Forcible Entry	21,032	7,999	1,284	1,354	1,135	955
Unlawful Entry — No Force	7,993	1,095	715	673	463	364
Attempted Forcible Entry	2,203	1,056	157	209	63	111
LARCENY-THEFT	73,473	24,985	6,051	5,509	3,650	2,917
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	7,723	2,511	506	695	376	262
Autos	4,240	1,266	269	295	184	109
Trucks And Buses	1,843	619	143	183	104	105
Motorcycles	1,399	567	70	141	75	34
Other Vehicles	241	59	24	76	13	14
TOTALS	121,535	40,342	9,403	9,326	6,422	4,995
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	3	1	3	—	1	—
OTHER ASSAULTS — SIMPLE	6,691	4,530	911	690	755	282

VALUE, IN DOLLARS, OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY CRIME BY JUSTICE PLANNING REGION

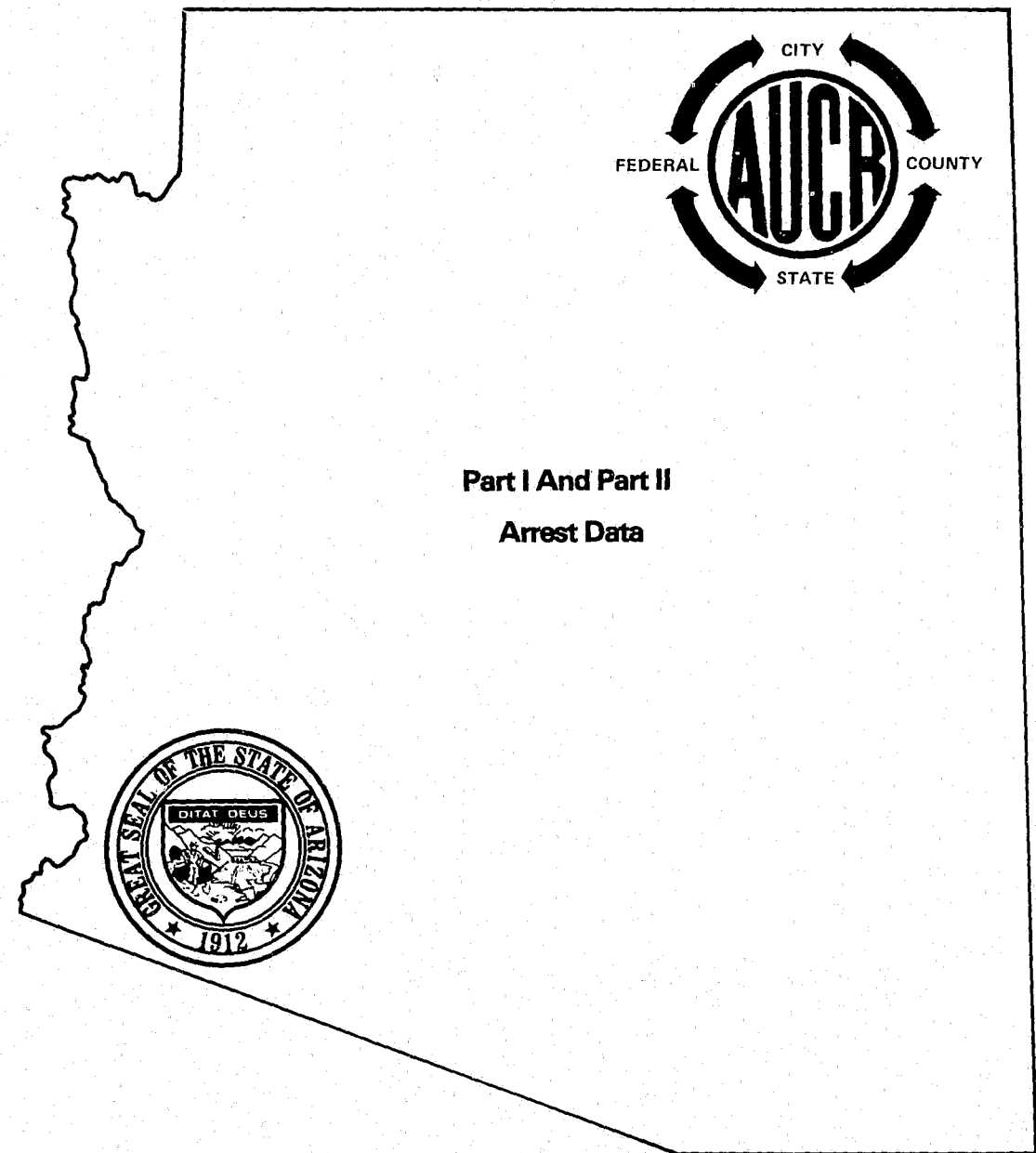
INDEX OFFENSES	REGION 1	REGION 2	REGION 3	REGION 4	REGION 5	REGION 6
HOMICIDE	49,050	0	3,060	8,045	770	800
FORCIBLE RAPE	17,907	8,341	635	248	268	0
ROBBERY	1,282,738	346,409	48,651	143,234	27,850	47,179
Highway	291,398	135,572	22,104	116,903	13,588	7,430
Commercial House	380,761	98,882	12,878	8,767	4,163	1,516
Gas or Service Station	69,608	10,340	4,964	2,632	136	12,340
Convenience Store	46,348	14,940	3,438	2,366	1,088	1,135
Residence	213,123	67,439	3,607	2,898	8,203	6,438
Bank	209,375	15,134	0	6,536	0	17,000
Miscellaneous	72,125	4,102	1,660	3,132	672	1,320
BURGLARY	20,173,536	6,958,360	1,246,272	1,329,337	911,163	784,720
Residence	13,920,221	5,433,124	693,776	766,426	472,114	450,896
Night, 6 PM - 6 AM	3,635,156	2,429,842	238,444	252,389	152,664	258,299
Day, 6 AM - 6 PM	4,681,722	2,500,920	129,138	183,789	99,161	79,128
Unknown	5,603,343	502,362	326,194	330,248	220,289	113,469
Non-Residence	6,253,315	1,525,236	552,496	562,911	439,049	333,824
Night, 6 PM - 6AM	2,370,939	955,218	398,983	380,198	282,668	241,317
Day, 6 AM - 6 PM	282,702	385,267	32,876	19,613	18,824	17,879
Unknown	3,599,674	184,751	120,637	163,100	137,557	74,628
LARCENY-THEFT	16,143,742	4,656,874	1,617,789	1,491,098	745,273	578,516
\$200 And Over	13,272,227	3,452,683	1,363,627	1,257,403	596,796	447,287
\$50 To \$200	2,266,331	976,166	215,898	193,292	123,779	107,779
Under \$50	605,184	228,025	38,264	40,403	24,698	23,450
Pocket-Picking	43,467	22,924	7,306	1,972	2,435	1,852
Purse Snatching	28,174	8,989	2,171	3,049	3,113	2,740
Shoplifting	411,783	66,498	24,668	13,584	7,865	12,485
From Motor Vehicle	3,695,590	1,319,591	294,498	404,110	134,104	133,510
Motor Vehicle Parts and Access.	2,083,636	523,751	101,571	126,762	108,829	58,978
Bicycles	890,683	365,856	58,588	62,577	39,980	52,190
From Buildings	2,576,677	1,278,781	277,636	269,519	105,464	142,078
Coin-Operated Machines	29,194	13,468	4,843	2,071	4,962	1,036
All Other	6,384,538	1,057,016	846,508	607,454	338,521	173,647
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	23,818,882	7,115,521	1,800,226	1,946,790	1,246,056	846,541
TOTAL STOLEN	61,485,855	19,085,505	4,716,633	4,918,752	2,931,380	2,257,756

TYPE AND VALUE, IN DOLLARS, OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED  
BY JUSTICE PLANNING REGION

STOLEN	REGION 1	REGION 2	REGION 3	REGION 4	REGION 5	REGION 6
Currency, Notes, Etc.	3,175,853	974,945	415,632	400,126	163,057	187,339
Jewelry/Precious Metals	8,140,277	2,162,230	399,132	555,917	209,149	266,129
Clothing And Furs	787,826	294,256	67,668	50,571	31,844	39,121
Locally Stolen Vehicles	24,612,144	7,349,418	1,850,905	1,906,642	1,323,670	864,423
Office Equipment	554,014	178,113	30,381	30,458	26,603	22,020
Stereos/TV's/Cameras	6,438,795	2,280,769	247,264	362,439	222,244	191,285
Firearms	1,022,631	384,540	97,795	94,724	72,924	53,218
Household Goods	1,595,905	616,950	145,120	213,834	75,400	43,472
Consumable Goods	422,851	128,360	44,682	56,590	28,455	19,547
Livestock	42,207	275,647	15,250	11,360	3,864	15,925
Miscellaneous	14,693,352	4,440,277	1,402,804	1,236,091	774,170	55,277
TOTAL STOLEN	61,485,855	19,085,505	4,716,633	4,918,752	2,931,380	2,257,756
RECOVERED						
Currency, Notes, Etc.	170,257	73,527	170,829	29,415	10,123	17,644
Jewelry, Precious Metals	324,425	126,065	113,822	38,131	8,022	53,791
Clothing And Furs	71,720	22,510	16,270	7,227	7,089	6,840
Locally Stolen Vehicles	16,661,773	4,396,782	1,408,049	1,316,456	861,548	480,246
Office Equipment	55,750	7,130	7,771	553	3,811	4,985
Stereos/TV's/Cameras	332,488	51,875	39,142	64,182	28,135	34,458
Firearms	89,577	43,758	20,880	15,484	8,550	9,050
Household Goods	80,090	13,678	14,410	12,655	4,174	5,043
Consumable Goods	50,639	9,558	19,661	5,497	5,501	4,457
Livestock	6,649	34,510	4,205	2,910	2,562	143
Miscellaneous	1,794,632	317,442	504,916	174,132	85,621	91,142
TOTAL RECOVERED	19,638,000	5,096,835	2,319,955	1,666,642	1,025,136	707,799







Part I And Part II  
Arrest Data

# PERSONS ARRESTED

The number of arrests are primarily a measure of police activity. The number of arrests also provides a useful indicator of criminal involvement of perpetrators by age, sex and race, particularly for those crimes which have a high solution rate. The reporting procedures used in the UCR program require that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion a person is taken into custody, summoned or cited, except for traffic violators other than DWI. It should be kept in mind that the volume of arrests may vary from time to time due to differences in local arrest procedures and policies. A juvenile is counted as "arrested" when the circumstances are such that if he or she were an adult, an arrest would be counted or when law enforcement or other official action beyond a mere interview, warning or admonishment is taken.

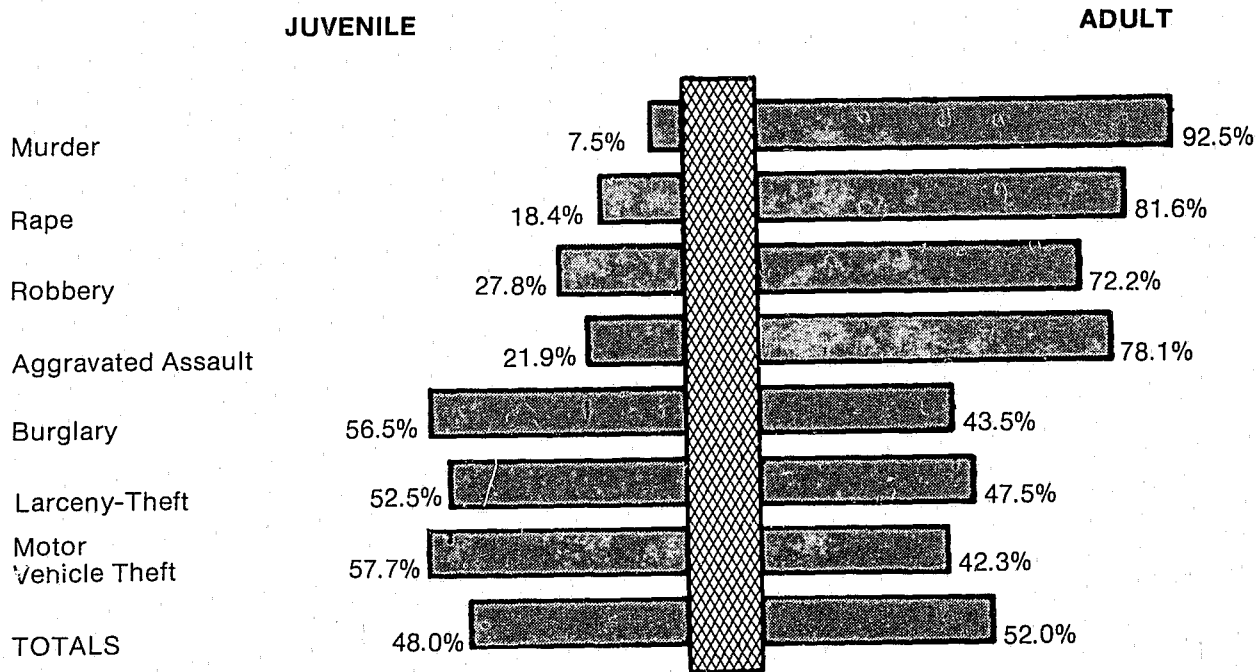
## SUMMARY ANALYSIS

Arizona law enforcement officers arrested a total of 121,927 persons in 1979. This is 5,588 or 5 percent more than in 1978. There were 30,992 persons arrested for Part I offenses. This is an increase of 6 percent over the 29,111 persons arrested in 1978. Adults accounted for 73 percent of the total arrests and Juveniles 27 percent. Male arrests accounted for 103,234 or 85 percent and females 18,693 or 15 percent.

Of the 33,388 Juveniles arrested in 1979, 17,534 or 53 percent were 15 years or younger. This represents a 10 percent decrease from 1978.

As to race, Whites accounted for 84 percent of the total arrests, Indians 9 percent and Negroes 7 percent.

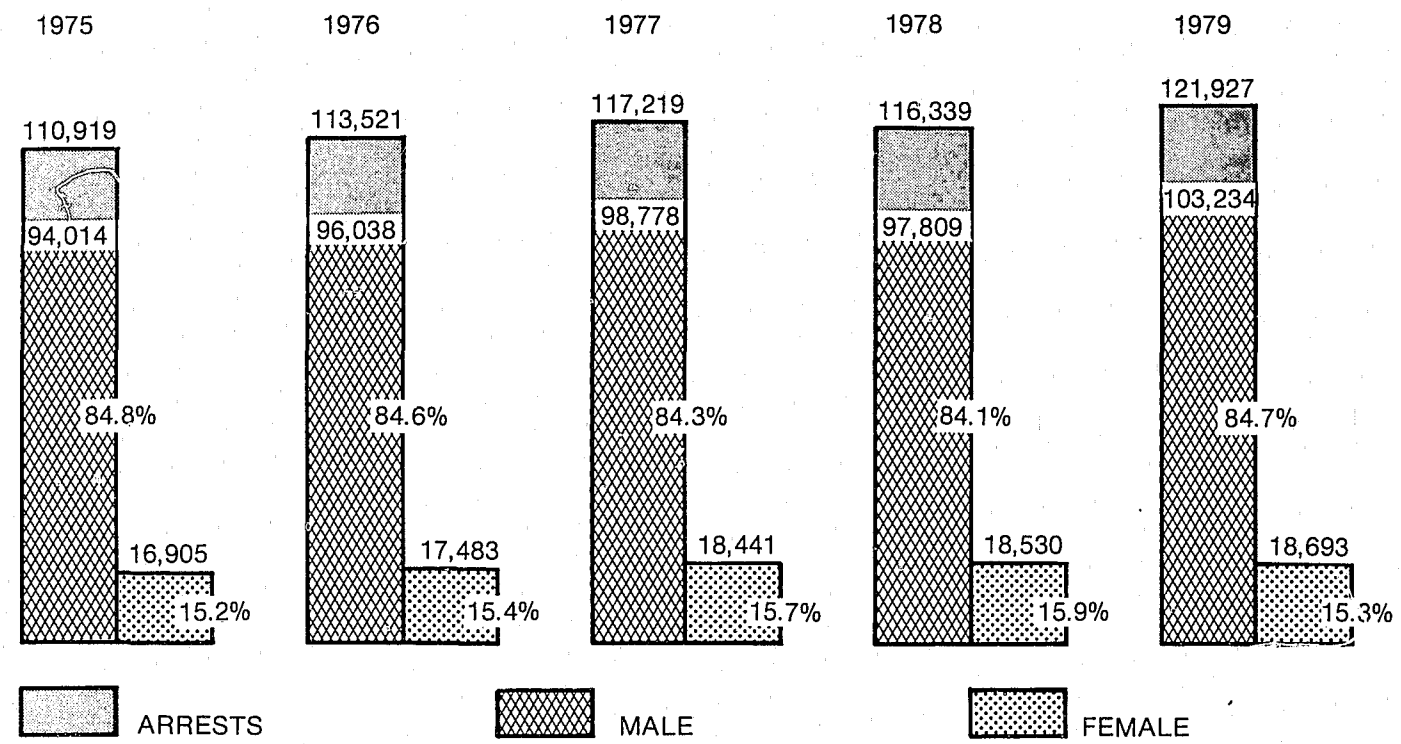
## ARREST BY AGE GROUP



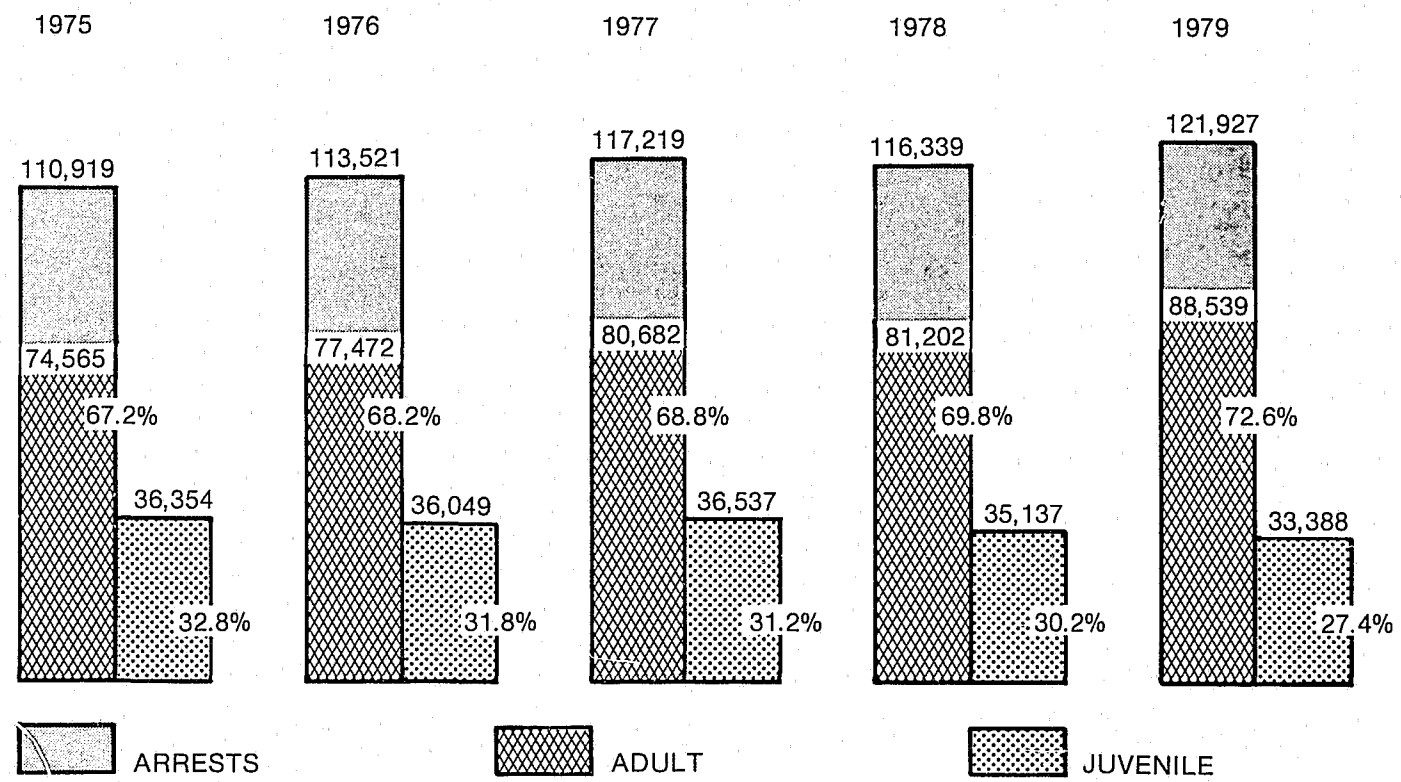
# ARREST BY OFFENSE & RACE

OFFENSE	Number of Arrests	Distribution	Rate Per 1,000 Population	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Other
PART I									
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	160	.13%	.07	118	29	13	—	—	—
Manslaughter by negligence	40	.03%	.02	35	1	4	—	—	—
Forcible rape	391	.32%	.16	276	91	22	—	—	2
Robbery	1,345	1.10%	.55	930	308	89	—	—	3
Aggravated assault	3,864	3.17%	1.58	3,134	453	259	6	—	12
Burglary	6,001	4.92%	2.45	5,123	537	208	7	—	5
Larceny-theft	17,594	14.43%	7.18	14,851	1,489	1,194	36	4	20
Motor vehicle theft	1,597	1.31%	.65	1,430	94	72	—	—	1
SUBTOTAL	30,992	25.41%	12.65	25,897	3,002	1,861	49	4	43
PART II									
Other assaults, simple	4,397	3.61%	1.79	3,714	396	277	3	—	7
Arson	299	.25%	.12	279	15	5	—	—	—
Forgery and counterfeiting	517	.42%	.21	415	89	10	3	—	—
Fraud	1,100	.90%	.45	940	97	38	2	—	2
Embezzlement	224	.18%	.09	202	21	—	—	—	1
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	766	.63%	.31	638	85	43	—	—	—
Vandalism	3,327	2.73%	1.36	2,877	146	156	—	—	9
Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	1,703	1.40%	.70	1,379	242	79	—	—	3
Prostitution and commercial vice	1,246	1.02%	.51	811	415	19	1	—	—
Sex Offenses, (except forcible rape and prostitution)	1,474	1.21%	.60	1,198	120	169	—	—	2
Drug abuse violations	6,630	5.44%	2.71	6,097	374	143	7	1	8
Gambling	44	.04%	.02	34	10	—	—	—	—
Offenses against family and children	182	.15%	.07	140	7	34	1	—	—
Driving under the influence	31,019	25.44%	12.66	26,789	1,055	3,132	12	4	27
Liquor laws	6,792	5.57%	2.77	4,770	218	1,796	2	—	6
Disorderly conduct	9,569	7.85%	3.91	7,438	660	1,577	4	2	9
Vagrancy	508	.42%	.21	252	33	220	1	—	2
All other offenses (except traffic)	16,440	13.48%	6.71	13,870	1,186	1,523	9	3	9
Curfew and loitering laws (juveniles)	1,744	1.43%	.71	1,611	67	63	2	—	1
Runaways (juveniles)	2,954	2.42%	1.21	2,665	100	181	3	1	4
SUBTOTAL	90,935	74.59%	37.12	76,119	5,336	9,465	50	11	90
TOTALS	121,927	100.00%	49.77	102,016	8,338	11,326	99	15	133
Race Distribution				83.67%	6.84%	9.29%	.08%	.01%	.11%

### ARREST COMPARISON BY SEX



### ARREST COMPARISON BY AGE GROUP



# JUVENILE MALE ARRESTS

OFFENSE CLASSIFICATION	AGE						TOTAL JUVENILE
	10 AND UNDER	11-12	13 - 14	15	16	17	
<b>PART I</b>							
Murder and Nonneg. Manslaughter	—	—	—	3	2	6	11
Manslaughter By Negligence	—	—	—	—	—	3	3
Forcible Rape	1	2	9	11	20	29	72
Robbery	1	14	66	54	85	121	341
Aggravated Assault	7	33	133	129	189	248	739
Burglary	139	243	789	632	651	706	3,160
Larceny-Theft	413	720	1,764	1,144	1,296	1,145	6,482
Motor Vehicle Theft	8	26	198	213	225	186	856
<b>PART I SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>1,038</b>	<b>2,959</b>	<b>2,186</b>	<b>2,468</b>	<b>2,444</b>	<b>11,664</b>
<b>PART II</b>							
Other Assaults — Simple	32	82	210	196	214	299	1,033
Arson	56	28	41	16	22	11	174
Forgery And Counterfeiting	2	—	8	10	20	28	68
Fraud	3	6	11	22	29	23	94
Embezzlement	1	1	2	1	4	5	14
Stolen Property	—	8	46	54	53	58	219
Vandalism	223	227	425	285	269	263	1,692
Weapons — Carrying, Possessing	1	11	59	65	107	104	347
Prostitution And Comm. Vice	—	—	—	1	—	7	8
Sex Offenses	3	15	61	57	63	53	252
<b>DRUGS, SALE OR MFG</b>							
Opium, Cocaine, Derivatives	—	—	1	1	3	2	7
Marijuana	1	3	17	25	54	58	158
Synthetic Narcotics	—	1	1	—	1	2	5
Other Dangerous Nonnarcotics	—	—	1	1	2	2	6
<b>DRUGS, POSSESSION</b>							
Opium, Cocaine, Derivatives	—	—	2	5	3	5	15
Marijuana	—	20	117	184	331	394	1,046
Synthetic Narcotics	—	1	7	4	9	8	29
Other Dangerous Nonnarcotics	—	—	5	7	4	6	22
All Gambling	—	—	—	—	2	5	7
Offenses Against Family And Children	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Driving Under The Influence	1	—	14	34	143	333	525
Liquor Laws	4	9	148	304	597	911	1,973
Disorderly Conduct	18	41	162	155	259	374	1,009
Vagrancy	—	1	2	5	6	5	19
All Other, Except Traffic	108	143	519	464	652	752	2,638
Curfew And Loitering	12	32	260	308	413	370	1,395
Runaways	32	79	342	268	287	201	1,209
<b>PART II SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>497</b>	<b>708</b>	<b>2,461</b>	<b>2,473</b>	<b>3,547</b>	<b>4,279</b>	<b>13,965</b>
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>1,066</b>	<b>1,746</b>	<b>5,420</b>	<b>4,659</b>	<b>6,015</b>	<b>6,723</b>	<b>25,629</b>



ADULT MALE ARRESTS

OFFENSE CLASSIFICATION	AGE																TOTAL ADULTS
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-Over	
PART I																	
Murder And Nonneg. Manslaughter	11	8	7	6	4	6	8	23	16	14	7	6	4	—	—	5	125
Manslaughter By Negligence	2	1	4	4	1	—	7	2	2	6	—	2	—	—	—	—	31
Forcible Rape	36	24	18	22	16	14	16	67	37	26	21	7	6	5	2	1	318
Robbery	117	93	90	90	73	44	53	183	80	27	15	18	7	4	1	—	895
Aggravated Assault	202	202	191	156	174	151	96	537	390	201	153	111	78	46	30	29	2,747
Burglary	510	354	221	204	165	151	128	386	146	79	51	31	14	16	6	4	2,466
Larceny-Theft	721	683	533	406	372	317	254	912	516	373	266	180	182	144	89	157	6,105
Motor Vehicle Theft	120	71	63	61	46	35	27	76	56	25	15	12	8	4	1	—	620
PART I SUBTOTAL	1,719	1,436	1,127	949	851	718	589	2,186	1,243	751	528	367	299	219	129	196	13,307
PART II																	
Other Assaults — Simple	191	209	228	169	184	145	129	574	348	224	156	104	64	37	20	21	2,803
Arson	4	7	5	6	4	7	4	23	11	10	3	5	6	—	2	1	98
Forgery And Counterfeiting	24	21	20	21	11	10	8	62	36	20	12	8	5	1	1	—	260
Fraud	37	37	43	44	47	35	33	179	105	74	46	23	22	15	16	9	765
Embezzlement	10	12	15	12	11	7	5	33	20	12	16	9	3	3	1	—	169
Stolen Property	74	67	43	32	33	21	23	75	36	37	17	1	6	1	2	1	469
Vandalism	152	157	147	91	94	75	74	213	117	82	44	48	26	18	11	10	1,359
Weapons — Carrying, Possessing	116	94	88	90	77	63	55	208	155	80	66	42	35	31	16	9	1,225
Prostitution And Comm. Vice	27	26	17	22	29	28	20	113	69	61	33	26	22	10	6	1	510
Sex Offenses	36	48	38	40	33	50	54	207	184	144	92	70	63	30	28	24	1,141
DRUGS, SALE OR MFG																	
Opium, Cocaine, Derivatives	8	13	12	18	13	15	18	59	41	15	9	6	4	—	4	1	236
Marijuana	41	60	80	47	37	32	43	126	42	23	6	3	2	—	—	1	543
Synthetic Narcotics	2	—	2	2	1	—	2	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	15
Other Dangerous Nonnarcotics	9	3	6	3	6	2	5	9	4	3	3	—	—	1	—	—	54
DRUGS, POSSESSION																	
Opium, Cocaine, Derivatives	6	8	13	15	14	15	16	44	27	7	1	2	4	1	—	—	173
Marijuana	400	417	354	317	270	242	204	573	248	81	25	16	12	3	2	2	3,166
Synthetic Narcotics	5	3	1	9	2	3	2	17	4	2	3	—	1	—	1	—	53
Other Dangerous Nonnarcotics	8	14	12	15	7	12	8	33	29	15	11	4	3	—	—	1	172
All Gambling	4	2	—	2	—	—	—	3	2	5	4	2	3	3	—	—	30
Offenses Against Family And Children	9	14	11	7	9	6	11	23	13	13	6	3	5	1	2	1	134
Driving Under The Influence	978	1,358	1,520	1,521	1,423	1,346	1,242	5,145	3,708	2,607	2,039	1,571	1,360	915	534	415	27,682
Liquor Laws	816	232	124	126	121	88	95	456	336	307	273	273	224	195	104	100	3,870
Disorderly Conduct	455	604	541	506	491	404	320	1,383	769	518	380	245	270	145	84	64	7,179
Vagrancy	16	13	13	15	6	13	20	81	56	50	43	39	28	24	14	18	449
All Other, Except Traffic	871	1,121	1,003	868	818	719	597	2,230	1,156	734	484	382	345	193	104	118	11,743
PART II SUBTOTAL	4,299	4,540	4,336	3,998	3,741	3,338	2,988	11,872	7,516	5,127	3,772	2,682	2,513	1,627	952	797	64,298
TOTALS	6,018	5,976	5,463	4,947	4,592	4,056	3,577	14,058	8,759	5,878	4,300	3,249	2,812	1,846	1,081	993	77,605

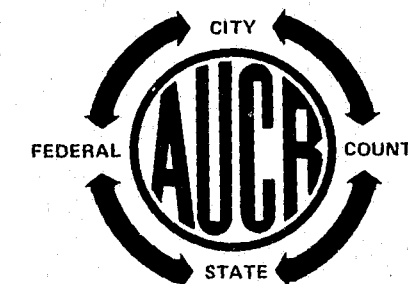


# JUVENILE FEMALE ARRESTS

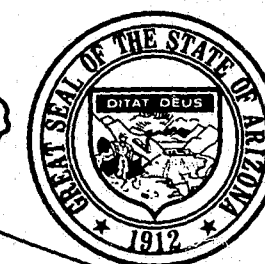
OFFENSE CLASSIFICATION	AGE						TOTAL JUVENILE
	10 AND UNDER	11 - 12	13 - 14	15	16	17	
<b>PART I</b>							
Murder and Nonneg. Manslaughter	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Manslaughter By Negligence	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Forcible Rape	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Robbery	—	—	7	5	16	5	33
Aggravated Assault	1	5	27	24	32	20	109
Burglary	12	26	64	41	56	33	232
Larceny-Theft	100	288	940	514	526	392	2,760
Motor Vehicle Theft	—	3	18	19	16	10	66
<b>PART I SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>1,056</b>	<b>603</b>	<b>648</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>3,202</b>
<b>PART II</b>							
Other Assaults — Simple	3	19	92	45	50	58	267
Arson	3	—	3	1	2	3	12
Forgery And Counterfeiting	1	—	12	7	9	24	53
Fraud	1	—	—	3	8	12	24
Embezzlement	—	—	—	—	1	4	5
Stolen Property	—	3	1	4	6	6	20
Vandalism	14	20	52	25	18	21	150
Weapons — Carrying, Possessing	—	—	2	4	3	4	13
Prostitution And Comm. Vice	—	—	6	7	10	18	41
Sex Offenses	—	—	1	4	2	1	8
<b>DRUGS, SALE OR MFG</b>							
Opium, Cocaine, Derivatives	—	—	1	—	1	—	2
Marijuana	—	—	4	8	10	11	33
Synthetic Narcotics	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Other Dangerous Nonnarcotics	—	—	1	—	1	—	2
<b>DRUGS, POSSESSION</b>							
Opium, Cocaine, Derivatives	—	—	1	—	3	1	5
Marijuana	2	5	30	37	71	73	218
Synthetic Narcotics	—	—	—	2	4	2	8
Other Dangerous Nonnarcotics	—	—	6	2	6	4	18
<b>Other Offenses</b>							
All Gambling	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Offenses Against Family And Children	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Driving Under The Influence	1	—	4	6	18	42	71
Liquor Laws	—	10	78	105	152	180	525
Disorderly Conduct	2	8	52	50	55	55	222
Vagrancy	—	1	3	—	5	2	11
All Other, Except Traffic	10	47	203	189	164	140	753
Curfew And Loitering	—	9	99	104	78	59	349
Runaways	12	60	593	471	371	238	1,745
<b>PART II SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>1,244</b>	<b>1,074</b>	<b>1,049</b>	<b>959</b>	<b>4,557</b>
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>504</b>	<b>2,300</b>	<b>1,677</b>	<b>1,697</b>	<b>1,419</b>	<b>7,759</b>

## ADULT FEMALE ARRESTS

OFFENSE CLASSIFICATION	AGE																TOTAL ADULTS
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-Over	
<b>PART I</b>																	
Murder And Nonneg. Manslaughter	1	2	2	—	—	1	3	3	4	2	3	—	1	1	—	—	23
Manslaughter By Negligence	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Forcible Rape	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Robbery	7	7	7	4	4	5	4	22	10	4	2	—	—	—	—	—	76
Aggravated Assault	12	19	24	12	16	11	13	52	39	30	15	11	8	3	4	—	269
Burglary	20	21	17	10	10	3	8	20	13	11	6	—	1	2	1	—	143
Larceny-Theft	213	193	142	119	125	118	95	332	227	156	123	97	77	65	65	100	2,247
Motor Vehicle Theft	9	9	2	4	4	6	2	8	5	4	1	—	—	1	—	—	55
<b>PART I SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>2,819</b>
<b>PART II</b>																	
Other Assaults — Simple	26	23	22	12	23	15	12	46	35	29	22	16	7	4	1	1	294
Arson	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	2	6	—	1	1	—	2	—	15
Forgery And Counterfeiting	12	13	7	12	10	14	9	30	18	4	4	1	2	—	—	—	136
Fraud	12	15	19	12	15	6	7	51	32	14	14	10	5	3	1	1	217
Embezzlement	3	2	6	3	3	4	1	7	2	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	36
Stolen Property	10	2	6	2	5	3	4	12	7	4	1	—	2	—	—	—	58
Vandalism	8	11	6	9	2	7	6	15	22	14	10	9	4	2	—	1	126
Weapons — Carrying, Possessing	5	10	16	6	14	7	10	21	7	5	7	5	2	2	—	1	118
Prostitution And Comm. Vice	54	87	69	66	96	94	59	112	37	6	4	2	1	—	—	—	687
Sex Offenses	5	3	6	6	4	8	3	17	9	5	4	1	1	—	—	1	73
<b>DRUGS, SALE OR MFG</b>																	
Opium, Cocaine, Derivatives	5	8	3	4	4	4	3	17	8	2	1	2	—	—	—	—	61
Marijuana	8	10	11	7	9	4	4	22	3	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	82
Synthetic Narcotics	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Other Dangerous Nonnarcotics	1	2	1	—	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
<b>DRUGS, POSSESSION</b>																	
Opium, Cocaine, Derivatives	5	2	2	4	2	4	3	11	4	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	41
Marijuana	65	57	48	45	37	21	26	61	29	11	8	—	1	2	—	—	411
Synthetic Narcotics	1	1	—	—	—	—	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Other Dangerous Nonnarcotics	7	3	2	3	6	4	1	3	1	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	33
<b>Other Offenses</b>																	
All Gambling	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	1	—	2	—	—	7
Offenses Against Family And Children	3	4	6	4	3	1	4	3	11	3	3	—	1	—	—	—	46
Driving Under The Influence	92	120	133	114	159	123	119	472	351	300	265	190	146	85	46	26	2,741
Liquor Laws	104	28	23	10	20	14	18	53	37	35	33	27	9	8	2	3	424
Disorderly Conduct	79	100	84	84	62	72	47	237	121	93	66	51	33	17	8	5	1,159
Vagrancy	—	3	—	1	—	3	3	4	5	3	3	1	2	1	—	—	29
All Other, Except Traffic	99	123	91	89	98	92	77	228	158	87	62	43	30	12	9	8	1,306
<b>PART II SUBTOTAL</b>	<b>606</b>	<b>628</b>	<b>561</b>	<b>494</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>501</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>1,425</b>	<b>900</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>513</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>8,115</b>
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>868</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>756</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>732</b>	<b>646</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>1,863</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>837</b>	<b>663</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>10,934</b>



**Law Enforcement Employee Data**



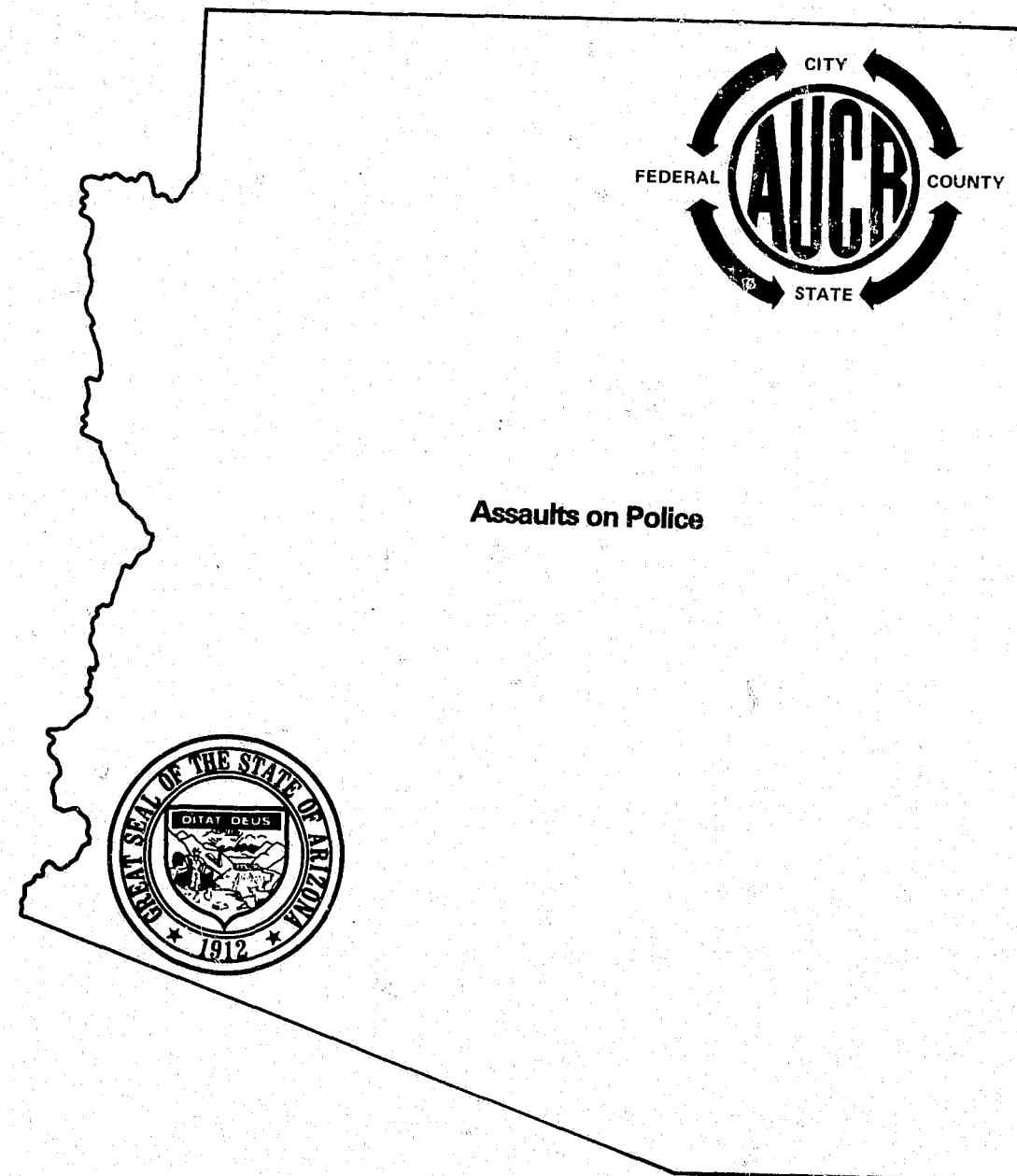
**NUMBER OF FULL TIME LAW ENFORCEMENT EMPLOYEES  
BY AGENCY AS OF OCTOBER 31, 1979**

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	EMPLOYEES RATE PER 1000 POP.	TOTAL	SWORN		CIVILIAN	
				MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Apache County S.O.	44,043*	.52	23	12	1	5	5
Avondale P.D.	6,875	2.76	19	15	0	0	4
Benson P.D.	4,189	3.10	13	6	0	2	5
Bisbee P.D.	10,845	1.94	21	13	2	1	5
Buckeye P.D.	2,618	4.58	12	8	0	0	4
Casa Grande P.D.	14,698	3.13	46	32	0	3	11
Chandler P.D.	22,298	2.87	64	35	1	14	14
Clarkdale P.D.	1,222	2.45	3	3	0	0	0
Clifton P.D.	5,471	1.28	7	5	1	0	1
Cochise County S.O.	18,642	5.26	98	60	2	14	22
Coconino County S.O.	25,780*	3.45	89	61	9	0	19
Coolidge P.D.	7,089	3.81	27	18	0	4	5
Cottonwood P.D.	4,229	3.55	15	8	1	2	4
Douglas P.D.	14,602	2.05	30	24	0	2	4
Duncan P.D.	1,032	1.94	2	1	1	0	0
Eagar P.D.	2,310	1.30	3	3	0	0	0
El Mirage P.D.	4,378	3.43	15	9	1	1	4
Eloy P.D.	6,811	2.64	18	11	1	1	5
Flagstaff P.D.	34,342	2.07	71	50	1	1	19
Florence P.D.	3,283	4.26	14	10	0	0	4
Fredonia P.D.	911	4.39	4	3	0	0	1
Gila Bend P.D.	2,018	4.46	9	4	0	2	3
Gila County S.O.	20,762*	2.46	51	38	12	0	1
Gilbert P.D.	4,150	2.65	11	10	0	0	1
Glendale P.D.	77,360	1.94	150	116	4	9	21
Globe P.D.	6,258	3.84	24	18	0	0	6
Goodyear P.D.	2,467	4.86	12	8	0	0	4
Graham County S.O.	8,091*	1.73	14	10	0	3	1
Greenlee County S.O.	5,675	3.17	18	11	0	6	1
Hayden/Winkelman P.D.	2,458	2.44	6	6	0	0	0
Holbrook P.D.	5,584	4.66	26	20	6	0	0
Huachuca City P.D.	2,060	4.37	9	5	0	0	4
Jerome P.D.	493	6.09	3	3	0	0	0
Kearny P.D.	2,638	4.17	11	5	1	1	4
Kingman P.D.	8,839	3.51	31	16	3	1	11
Lake Havasu City P.D.	13,524	2.66	36	24	3	1	8
Mammoth P.D.	2,100	2.86	6	4	1	0	1
Marana M.O.	1,578	6.97	11	3	1	2	5
Maricopa County S.O.	158,325*	4.60	728	340	5	218	165
Mesa P.D.	125,498	1.99	250	178	6	25	41
Miami P.D.	3,340	3.89	13	10	0	1	2
Mohave County S.O.	20,729*	5.31	110	72	6	5	27
Navajo County S.O.	42,545*	1.22	52	28	1	8	15
Nogales P.D.	13,165	2.05	27	24	0	0	3
Oro Valley P.D.	1,345	3.72	5	5	0	0	0
Page P.D.	5,250	3.43	18	10	1	2	5

**NUMBER OF FULL TIME LAW ENFORCEMENT EMPLOYEES  
BY AGENCY AS OF OCTOBER 31, 1979**

DEPARTMENT	POPULATION	EMPLOYEES RATE PER 1000 POP.	TOTAL	SWORN		CIVILIAN	
				MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Paradise Valley P.D.	10,785	1.76	19	18	0	0	1
Parker P.D.	3,448	2.90	10	6	0	0	4
Patagonia P.D.	809	2.47	2	2	0	0	0
Payson P.D.	3,821	3.40	13	8	0	0	5
Peoria P.D.	9,710	3.30	32	23	3	2	4
Phoenix P.D.	718,216	3.02	2,167	1,553	44	219	351
Pima P.D.	1,731	1.16	2	2	0	0	0
Pima County S.O.	155,049*	3.49	541	283	25	125	108
Pinal County S.O.	47,832*	2.68	128	84	5	15	24
Prescott P.D.	19,142	2.56	49	36	0	4	9
Safford P.D.	7,275	2.20	16	13	0	0	3
St. Johns P.D.	2,459	1.63	4	4	0	0	0
Santa Cruz County S.O.	4,866	6.58	32	14	0	13	5
Scottsdale P.D.	85,468	2.05	175	108	10	21	36
Show Low P.D.	3,951	3.80	15	9	0	0	6
Sierra Vista P.D.	24,654	1.58	39	24	0	5	10
Snowflake P.D.	2,984	1.34	4	2	0	0	2
Somerton P.D.	3,806	2.10	8	7	0	0	1
South Tucson P.D.	6,620	4.98	33	21	2	4	6
Springerville P.D.	1,774	1.13	2	2	0	0	0
Superior P.D.	6,625	2.26	15	10	0	0	5
Surprise P.D.	3,745	1.87	7	7	0	0	0
Taylor P.D.	1,783	.56	1	1	0	0	0
Tempe P.D.	102,978	1.85	191	128	3	29	31
Thatcher P.D.	3,200	1.56	5	5	0	0	0
Tolleson P.D.	4,111	2.92	12	7	0	1	4
Tombstone M.O.	1,781	2.25	4	4	0	0	0
Tucson P.D.	315,978	2.33	737	516	30	50	141
Wickenburg P.D.	3,150	3.17	10	10	0	0	0
Willcox P.D.	3,270	4.28	14	8	0	3	3
Williams P.D.	2,310	5.19	12	7	1	3	1
Winkelman P.D.	Law enforcement is provided by Hayden P.D.						
Winslow P.D.	7,895	3.29	26	20	1	0	5
Yavapai County S.O.	35,597*	2.36	84	56	3	10	15
Youngtown P.D.	1,903	7.36	14	8	1	2	3
Yuma P.D.	34,050	2.41	82	64	2	2	14
Yuma County S.O.	35,304*	2.38	84	73	1	1	9
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,450,000</b>	<b>2.78</b>	<b>6,814</b>	<b>4,498</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>1,271</b>
Agencies with no measurable population:							
Arizona Department of Public Safety				1,361	850	5	261
Arizona State University				52	33	5	9
Arizona Western College				7	6	0	0
Central Arizona College				7	7	0	0
Eastern Arizona College				2	2	0	0
Northern Arizona University				29	16	0	9
Pima Community College				17	12	1	1
University of Arizona				82	35	1	30
Yavapai Community College				6	5	1	0

\* Includes Indians living within the county boundry. Most Indian tribes provide law enforcement for their reservation.



**Assaults on Police**

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# IN MEMORIAM

TO THOSE OFFICERS WHO LOST THEIR LIVES  
IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THEIR DUTY

John C. Walker

Department of Public Safety

November 30, 1979

## POLICE OFFICERS ASSAULTED

The assault of a law enforcement officer is an increasingly serious problem faced by the law enforcement administrator and should be of the gravest concern to the public at large. Such acts directly affect the functioning of proper law enforcement operations and thus reduce the ability of our law enforcement agencies to combat crime and maintain law and order. The attitude of disrespect for law enforcement officials and the failure of citizens to come to the aid of the officers being attacked as they perform their lawful duties is one of the serious problems facing law enforcement today. It is a deplorable situation when those persons who have chosen a career in law enforcement must assume the risk of being killed or assaulted by a member of the society they have sworn to protect.

### SUMMARY ANALYSIS

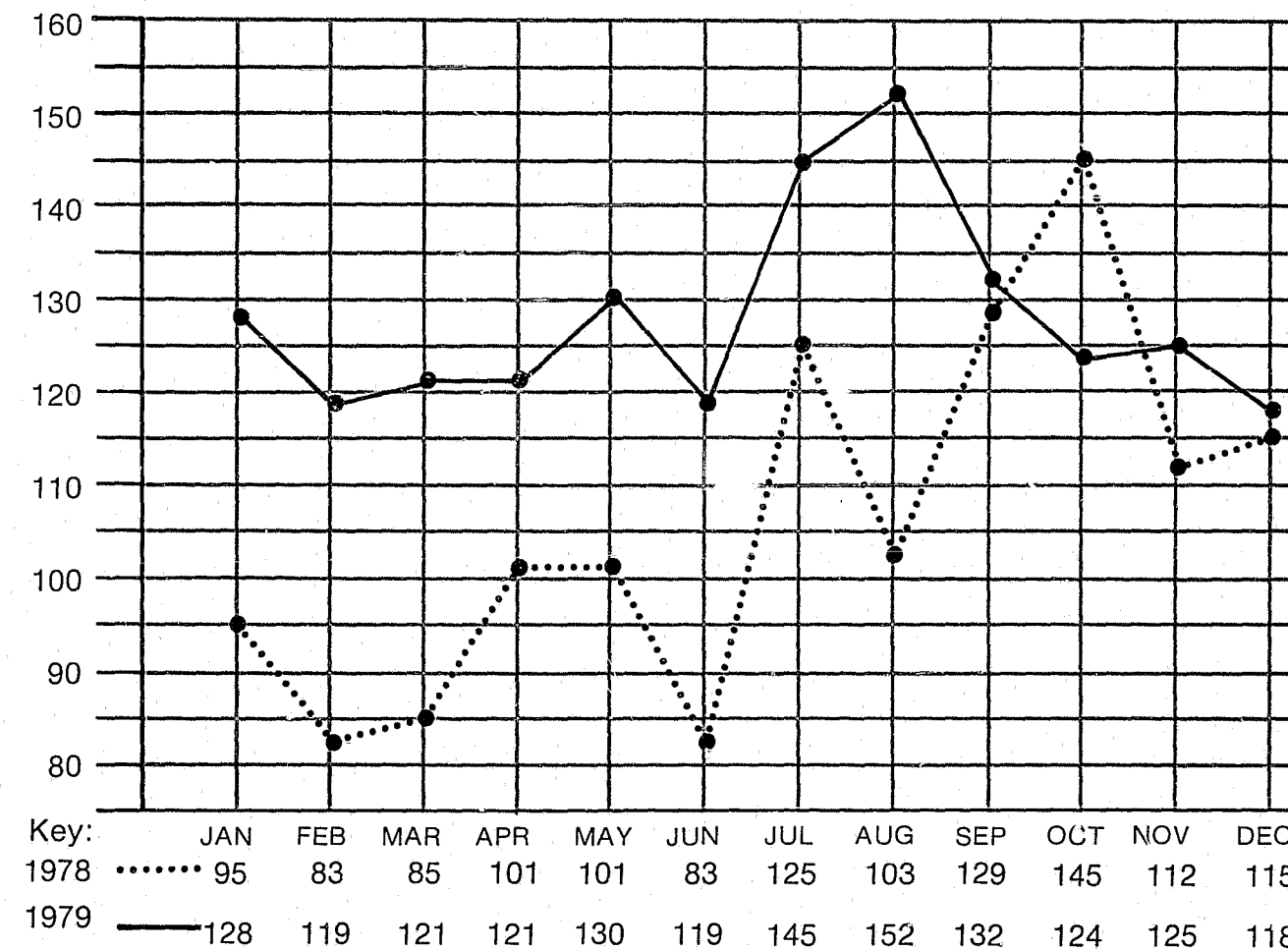
A total of 1,534 assaults were reported on Arizona law enforcement officers during 1979. This represents a 20 percent increase over the 1,277 assaults in 1978.

The weapon most often used in the commission of the assault was hands, fists, feet, etc. This represents 82 percent of all law enforcement officers assaulted. The most dangerous activity was responding to disturbance

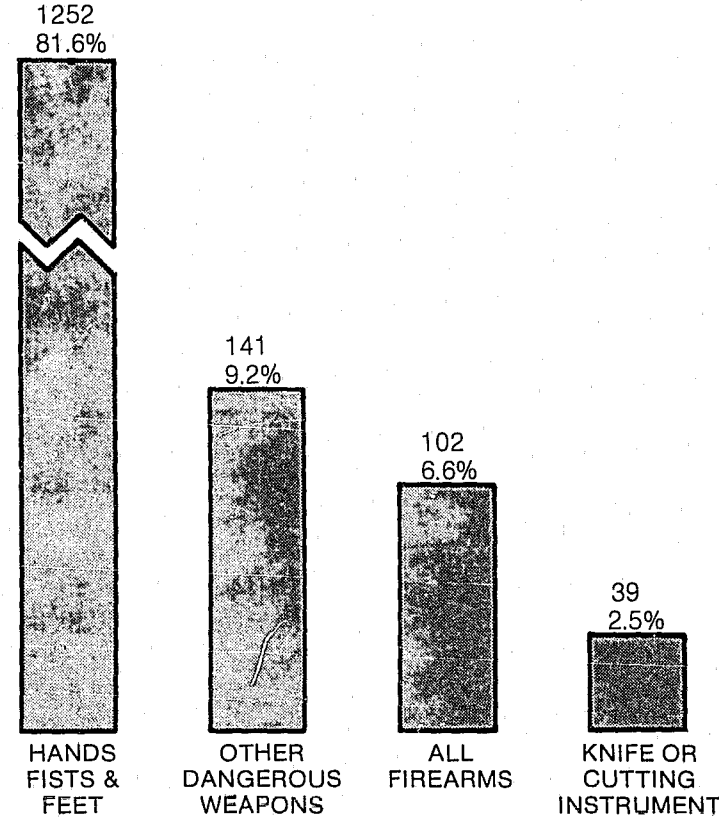
calls (family quarrels, man with gun, etc.), with 544 or 36 percent. The highest incidents of assaults occurred between 0001 and 0200 hours with 354 or 23 percent.

While every assault does not result in personal injury to the officer involved, 560 or 37 percent of these assaults resulted in personal injury to some extent. This is an increase from the 36 percent reported in 1978.

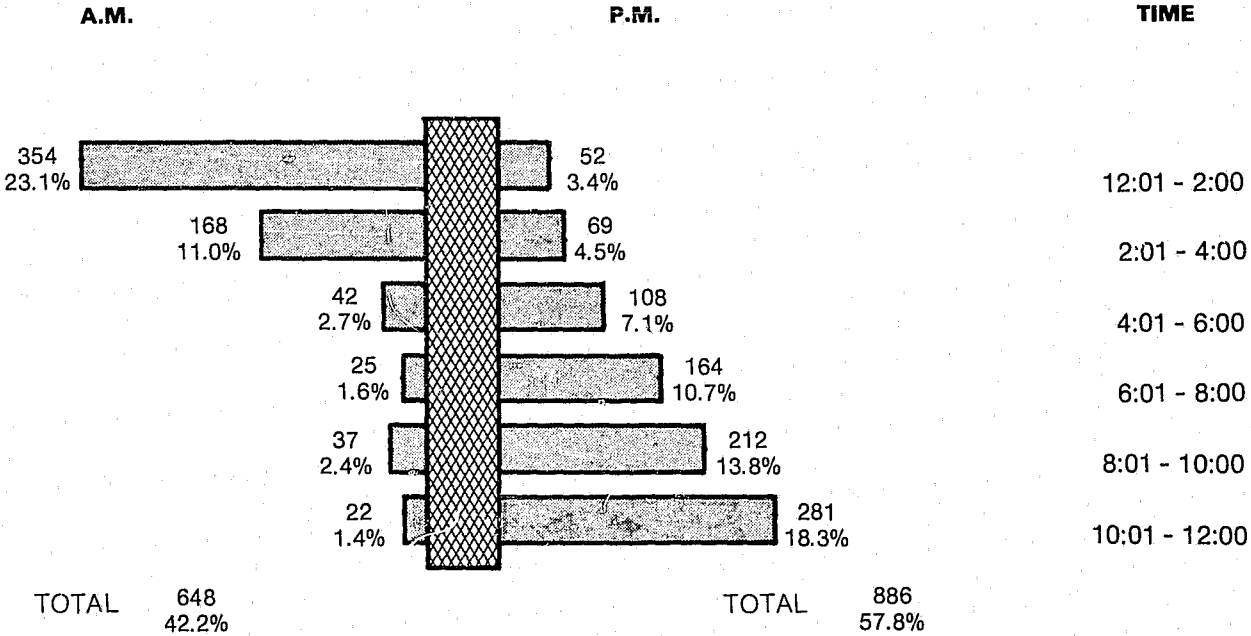
Officers Assaulted by Month  
1979 vs. 1978



OFFICERS ASSAULTED BY WEAPON

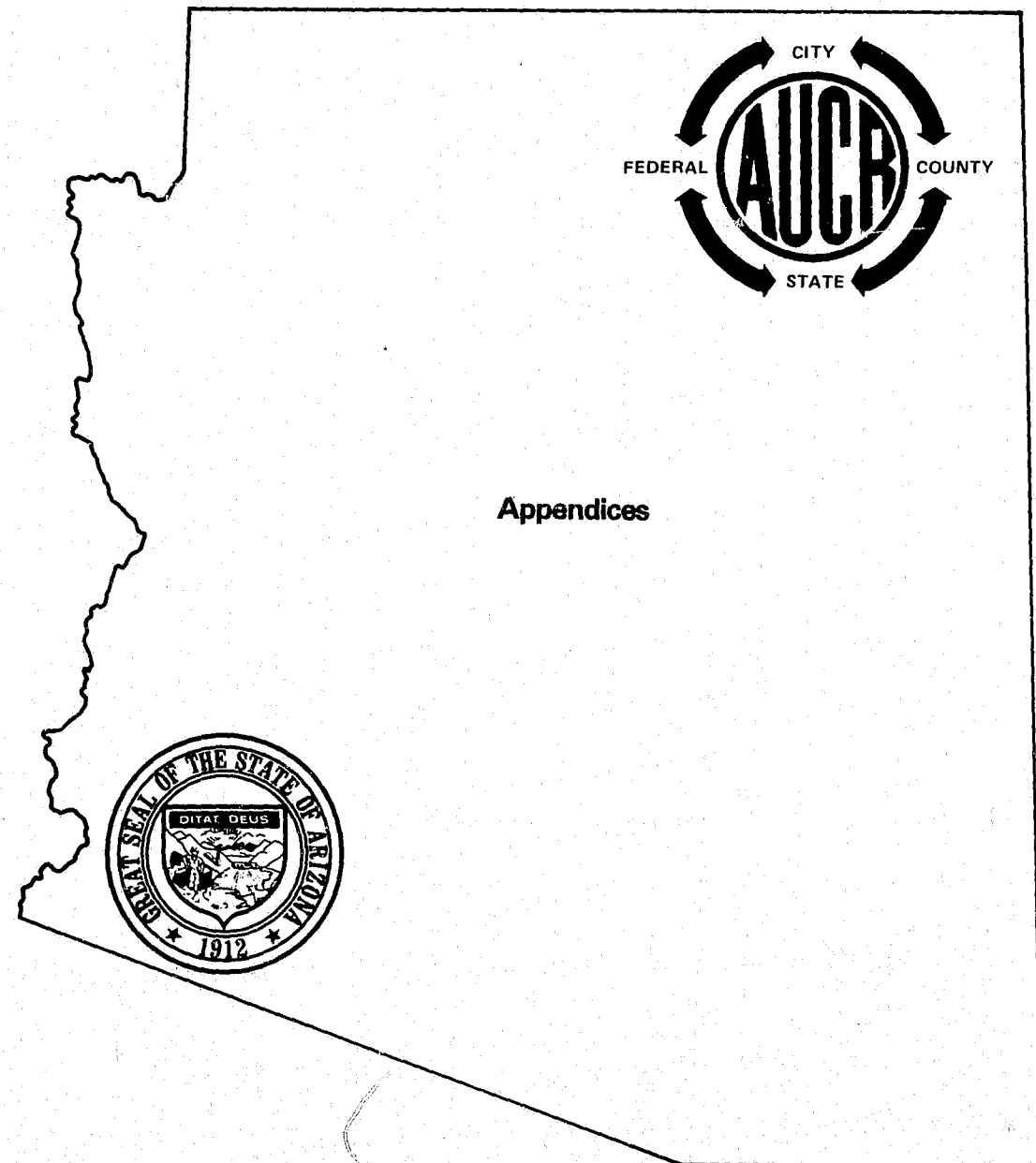


TIME OF ASSAULT



# OFFICERS ASSAULTED BY ACTIVITY

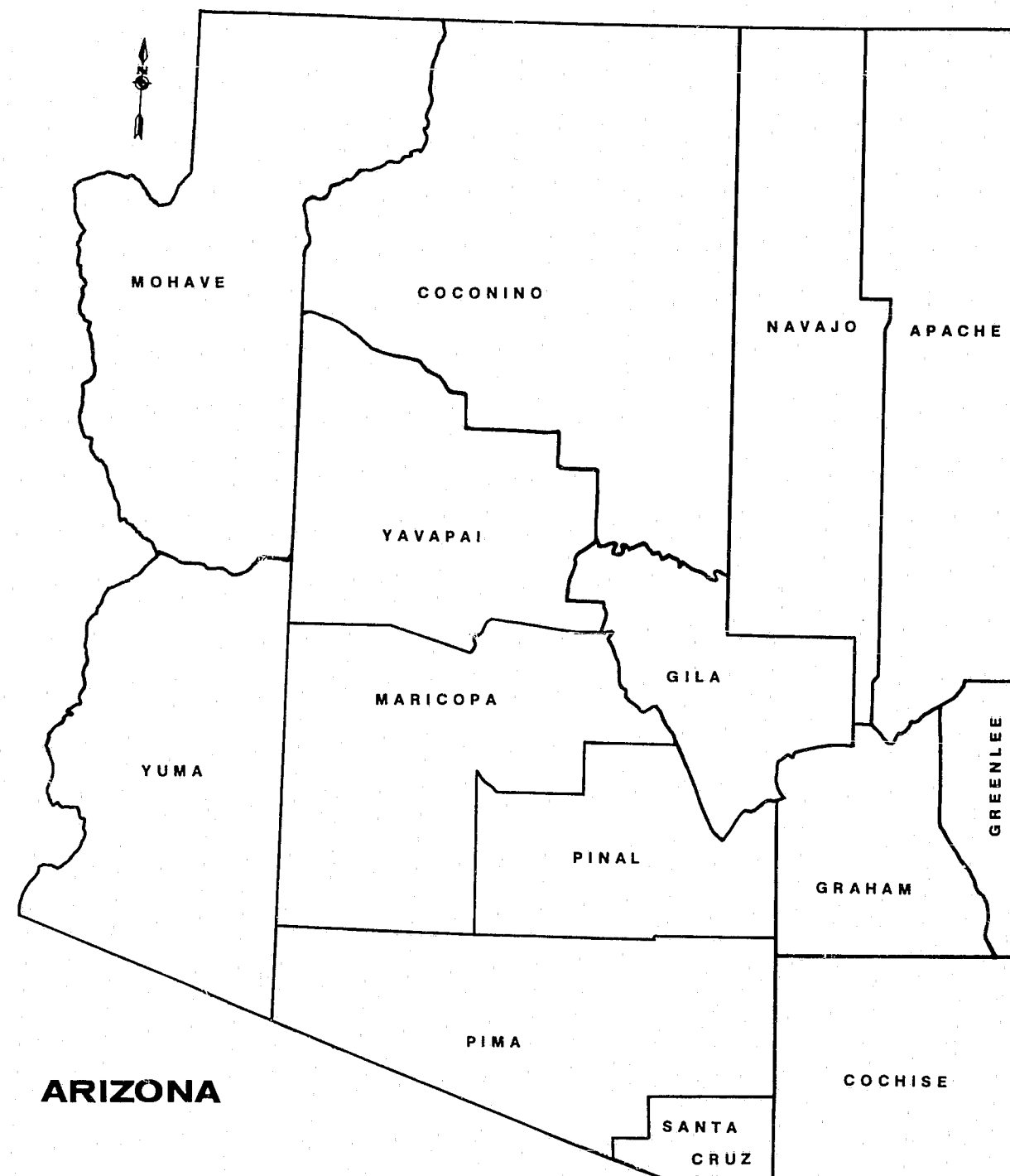
ACTIVITY	Type of Weapon				Totals	Type of Assignment								Police Assaults Cleared
	Fire-arms	Knife/ Cut. Inst.	Other Dang. Weapon	Hands, Fists, Feet		Two Man Vehicle	One Man Veh.		Detective Spec. Assign.		Other			
							Alone	Assisted	Alone	Assisted	Alone	Assisted		
Responding to "disturbance" calls (Family quarrels, man with gun, etc.)	59	21	46	418	544	170	75	273	4	11	2	9	533	
Burglaries in progress or pursuing burglary suspects	2	1	1	14	18	3	2	11	—	2	—	—	18	
Robberies in progress or pursuing robbery suspects	3	—	—	3	6	1	2	2	—	1	—	—	5	
Attempting other arrests	9	4	10	188	211	40	53	100	1	11	1	5	207	
Civil disorder (Riot, mass disobedience)	—	2	9	26	37	8	2	16	—	8	—	3	35	
Handling, transporting, custody of prisoners	2	2	14	245	263	43	51	103	2	4	9	51	260	
Investigating suspicious persons or circumstances	10	2	16	106	134	35	32	52	2	5	2	6	130	
Ambush — No warning	6	1	1	1	9	2	4	3	—	—	—	—	3	
Mentally deranged	2	1	—	3	6	—	1	3	—	—	1	1	6	
Traffic pursuits and stops	3	1	24	175	203	37	64	97	—	1	1	3	200	
All other	6	4	20	73	103	20	27	32	4	6	6	8	96	
TOTALS	102	39	141	1,252	1,534	359	313	692	13	49	22	86	1,493	
Personal Injury	9	8	42	501	560									
No Personal Injury	93	31	99	751	974									



**Appendices**

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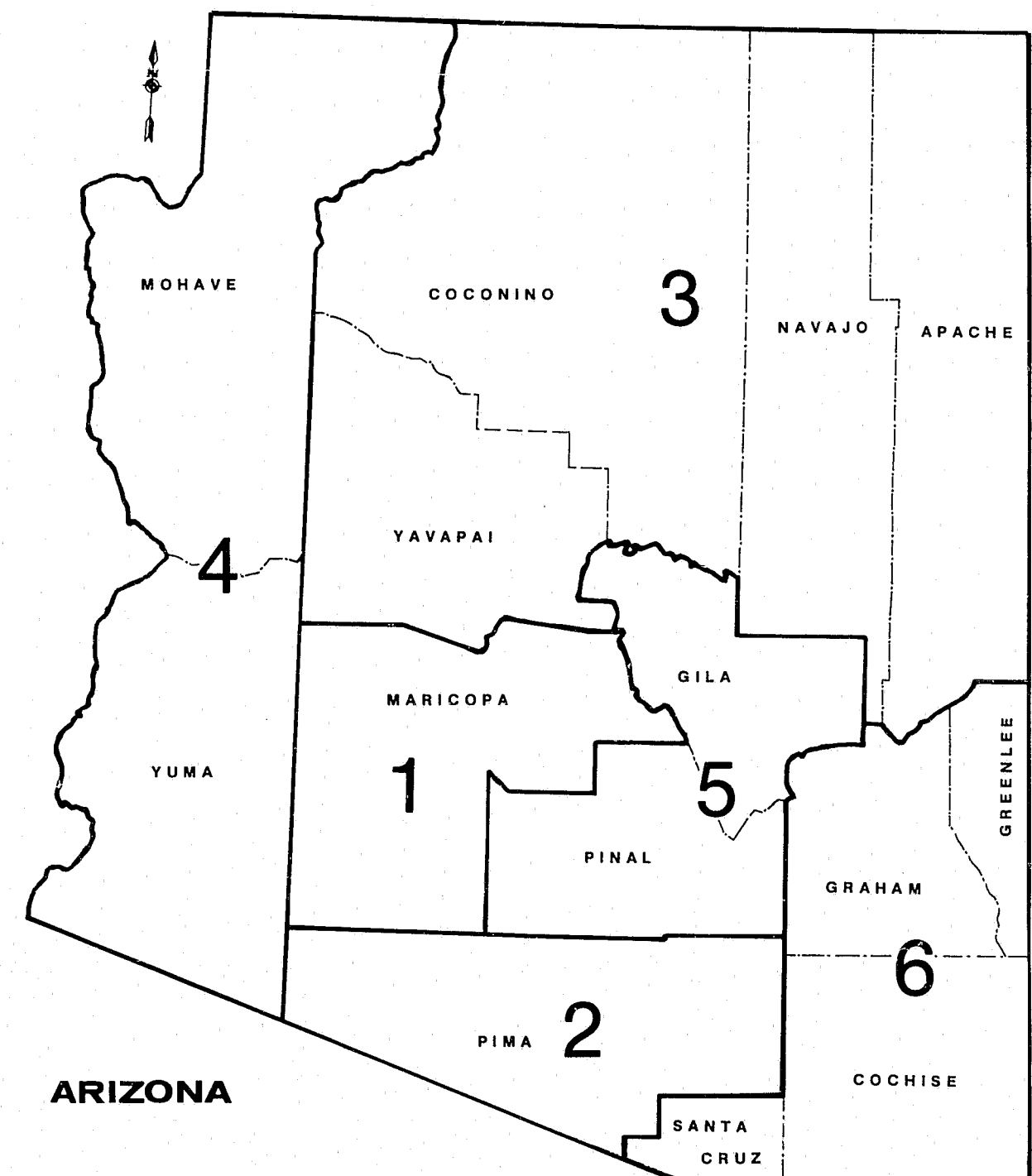
## Arizona Counties



ARIZONA

APPENDIX A

## Arizona Justice Planning Regions



ARIZONA

APPENDIX B

## GLOSSARY OF TERMS

**ADULT** — A person 18 years of age or older.

**CLEARED BY ARREST OR EXCEPTIONAL MEANS**  
For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, an offense is cleared by arrest or solved when at least one person is (1) arrested, (2) charged with the commission of an offense and (3) turned over to court for prosecution. In certain situations police are not able to follow these three steps. In many instances police have exhausted all leads and have done everything else possible to clear a case. If the following four conditions can be met, the offense can be cleared exceptionally: (1) the investigation has definitely established the identity of the offender, (2) there is enough information to support an arrest, charge, and turning over to the court for prosecution, (3) the exact location of the offender is known so that he could be taken into custody and (4) there is some reason outside the police control that prevents the arresting, charging, and prosecuting of the offender.

**CRIME ANALYSIS** — Statements relating to type and nature of crimes and rates of occurrence and distribution in Arizona, but not comparisons of agencies or causes.

**CRIME INDEX** — The sum total of seven major offenses used to measure the extent, fluctuation and distribution of crime in a given geographical area. Crime classifications used in the index are: (1) murder, (2) forcible rape, (3) robbery, (4) aggravated assault, (5) burglary, (6) larceny-theft and (7) motor vehicle theft. Each of these offenses is referred to as an "Index Offense."

**CRIME RATE** — A figure which represents the number of crimes committed known to the police for each 1,000 population. A crime rate should be considered a victim risk rate in that it demonstrates the risk of becoming a victim of crime.

### DEFINITIONS OF PART I OFFENSES

**MURDER AND NONNEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER**  
The willful, nonnegligent killing of one person by another. Excludes attempts or assaults to kill (classified as aggravated assault), suicide and accidental deaths. The killing of a felon by a private citizen or the killing of a felon by a police officer in the line of duty are considered justifiable homicides by UCR and are excluded from this count.

**RAPE** — The carnal knowledge of a female through the use of force or the threat of force. Assaults to commit forcible rape are also included; however, statutory rape (without force) is not counted in this category.

**ROBBERY** — The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person by force or threat of force and/or by putting the victim in fear.

**AGGRAVATED ASSAULT** — The unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting

severe bodily injury usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or other means likely to produce death or serious bodily harm. Attempts are included since it is not necessary that an injury result when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed. Attacks using personal weapons (part of the attacker's body) must result in serious personal injury to be classified as aggravated assault. Simple assaults are excluded from this count.

**BURGLARY** — The unlawful entry of a "structure" to commit a felony or theft. The use of force to gain entry is not required to classify the crime as burglary. Burglary is broken down into three subclassifications: forcible entry, unlawful entry where no force is used, and attempted forcible entry.

A "structure" is considered to include the following, but not limited to: dwelling houses, apartments, out buildings, public buildings, offices, factories, barns, cabins, etc.

**LARCENY-THEFT** — The unlawful taking or stealing of property or articles without the use of force, violence, or fraud. This includes crimes such as shoplifting, purse snatching, pocket picking, thefts from motor vehicles, thefts of motor vehicle parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, etc. This crime category does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, and worthless checks.

**MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT** — The unlawful taking or stealing of a motor vehicle, including attempts. This definition excludes taking for temporary use by those persons having lawful access to the vehicle.

UCR defines a motor vehicle as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on the ground and not on rails. Examples include automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, mopeds, snowmobiles, etc. Thefts of farm and/or construction equipment, boats, and airplanes are not included in this category but are counted as larcenies.

**JUVENILE** — A person under the age of 18 years.

**PART I OFFENSES** — The first of two main categories of crime classes composing a universal crime classification system established for crime reporting purposes. Part I Offenses are by their nature more serious and/or occur most frequently. The monthly tabulation of Part I Offenses provides a count of "actual offenses."

**PART II OFFENSES** — The second of the two main categories of crime classes composing a universal crime classification system established for crime reporting purposes. Part II Offenses are generally less serious in nature and/or occur less frequently.

## Arizona Revised Statutes (41-1750 Criminal Identification Section; duties)

A. There shall be a criminal identification section within the Department of Public Safety.

\*B. The criminal identification section shall:

1. Procure and maintain records of photographs, descriptions, fingerprints, dispositions and such other information as may be pertinent to all persons who have been arrested for or convicted of a public offense within the state.

\*2. Collect information concerning the number and nature of offenses known to have been committed in the state, of the legal steps taken in connection therewith, and such other information as shall be useful in the study of crime in the administration of justice.

3. Cooperate with the criminal identification bureaus in other states and with the appropriate agency of the federal government in the exchange of information pertinent to violators of the law. In addition, the criminal identification section shall provide for the rapid exchange of information concerning the commission of crime and the detection of violators of the law, between the law enforcement agencies of this state and its political subdivisions and the law enforcement agencies of other states and of the federal government.

4. Furnish assistance to peace officers throughout the state in crime scene investigations for the detection of latent fingerprints, and in the comparison thereof.

5. Provide information from its records to law enforcement agencies of the state or its political subdivisions upon request by the chief officer of such agency or his authorized representative. Such information shall be used only for purposes of law enforcement.

6. Provide information from its records to courts, prosecutors or correctional agencies of the state or its political subdivisions upon request by the chief officer of such agency or his authorized representative. Such information shall be used only for purposes of the criminal justice system.

7. Provide information from its records relating to convictions for public offenses to non-law enforcement agencies of the state or its political subdivisions upon request by the chief officer of such agency or his authorized representative, for the purpose of evaluating the fitness of prospective employees of such agency. Such information shall be used only for the purpose of such evaluation.

8. Provide information from its records relating to convictions for public offenses to licensing and regulatory agencies of the state or its political subdivisions upon request by the chief officer of such agency or his authorized representative, for the purpose of evaluating the fitness of prospective licensees. Such information shall be used for the purpose of such evaluation.

9. Provide information from its records relating to arrests or convictions for public offenses to the subject of such information, or to his attorney at the request of the subject, and when accompanied by proper identification.

\*C. The chief officers of law enforcement agencies of the state or its political subdivisions shall provide to the criminal identification section such information concerning crimes and persons arrested for or convicted of public offenses within the state as the chief of the criminal identification section, with the approval of the director, shall deem useful for the study or prevention of crime and for the administration of justice.

D. Any person who releases or procures the release of information held by the criminal identification section other than as provided by this section, or who uses such information for a purpose other than as provided by this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

E. The chief of the criminal identification section may, with the written approval of the director and in the manner prescribed by law, remove and destroy such records as he determines are no longer of value in the detection or prevention of crime.

\*F. The chief of the criminal identification section, subject to the approval of the director, shall make and issue rules and regulations relating to the procurement and dissemination of information, in the manner prescribed by law.

G. All non-law enforcement agencies of the state or its political subdivisions may establish by rule, regulation or ordinance the need for fingerprint or background investigations for purposes of employment or licensing and may, thereafter, utilize the criminal identification section of the Department of Public Safety in accordance with subsection F. Added Laws 1968, Ch. 209, § 1, effective July 1, 1969, as amended Laws 1972, Ch. 39, § 1.

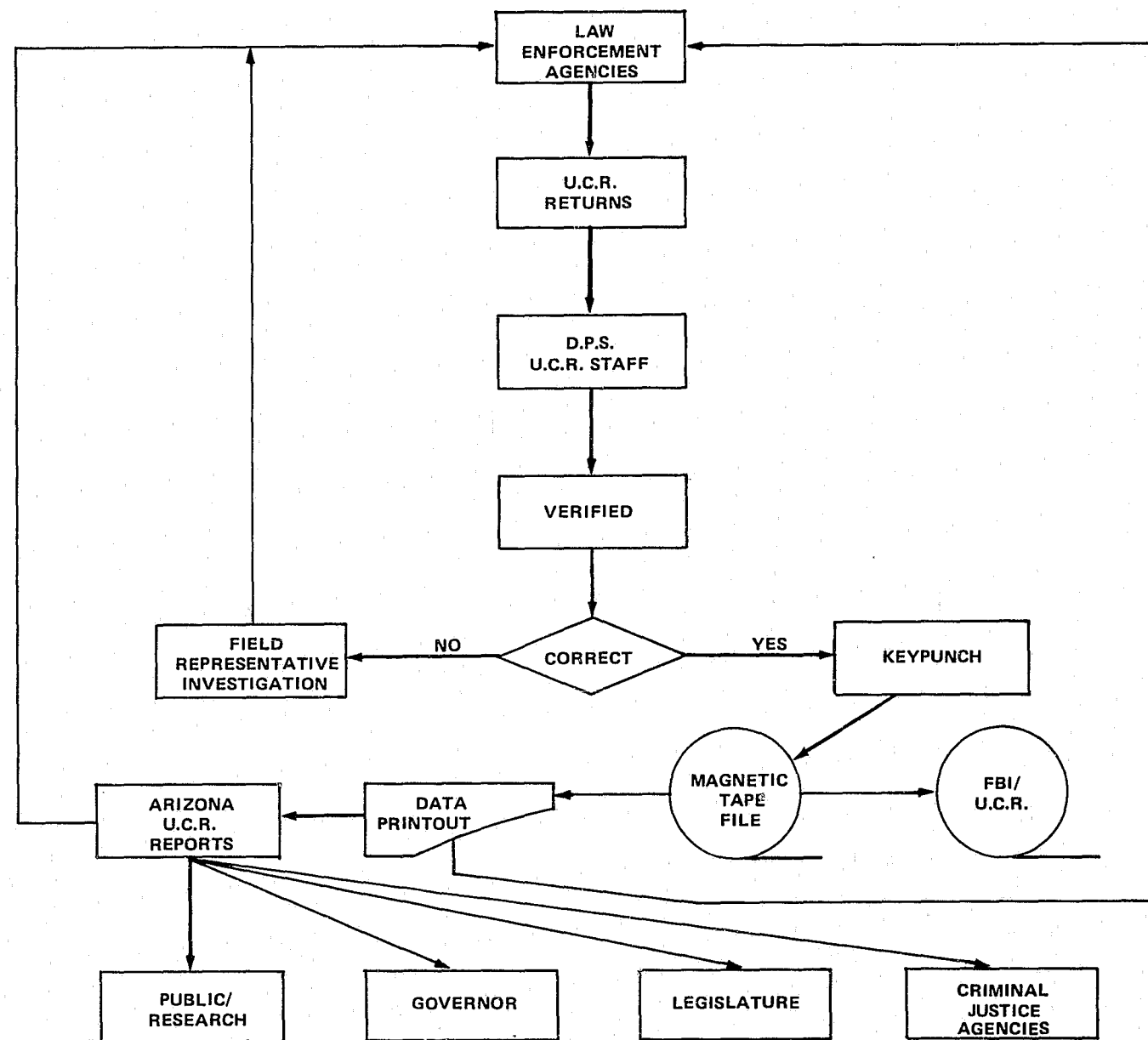
\*Sections B.2., C., and F. apply directly to UCR.

## APPENDIX D

## APPENDIX C



# ARIZONA UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DATA FLOW CHART



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