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MAINE CRIMINAL JUSTICE
PLANNING & ASSISTANCE AGENCY

*Analysis of Crime
and the
Criminal Justice System*

NCJRS

DEC 29 1977

ACQUISITIONS

ANALYSIS
OF
CRIME

PREFACE

This publication, "Analysis of Crime and the Criminal Justice System", is the product of the Maine Criminal Justice Data Center. Two of the major activities of the Data Center are reflected in this text: (1) the analysis of Uniform Crime Reports (UCR); and (2) the analysis of Management and Administrative Statistics (MAS).

Any questions or comments that the reader may have should be brought to the attention of the Center Director by writing to Gary Sawyer, Maine Criminal Justice Data Center, 295 Water Street, Augusta, Maine or calling 207/232-5936.

ANALYSIS OF CRIME
AND THE
CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

I. CRIME ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION	1
STATE OF MAINE - COUNTY MAP	3
STATE OF MAINE PROFILE BY COUNTY	4
COUNTY PROFILES BY JURISDICTION	5
OVERVIEW OF CRIME IN MAINE . . . . .	.21
TOTAL SERIOUS CRIMES BY COUNTY . . . . .	.24
CRIME INDEX DATA BY COUNTY . . . . .	.35
VIOLENT AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE BY COUNTY . . . . .	.26
MURDER AND NONNEGLECTIVE MANSLAUGHTER . . . . .	.30
MURDER RATE . . . . .	.31
ROBBERY . . . . .	.34
ASSAULT . . . . .	.39
BURGLARY . . . . .	.42
LATENT THEFT . . . . .	.48
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT . . . . .	.51
STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY VALUES . . . . .	.53
CLEARANCE RATES . . . . .	.57
ARREST DATA . . . . .	.59
UNEMPLOYMENT AND CRIME . . . . .	.69

II. CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION . . . . .	.73
POLICE PROTECTION SERVICES	
MAINE STATE POLICE . . . . .	.76
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFFS . . . . .	.80

MANPOWER ANALYSIS	82
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA	99
LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA	116
EXPENDITURE DATA	113

COURT SYSTEM, PROSECUTION AND DEFENSE

SUPREME COURT	139
DEPARTMENT COURT	140
DISTRICT COURT	142
COURT MANPOWER DATA	146
COURT CASELOAD DATA	148
DISTRICT ATTORNEY SYSTEM	156
ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE	159

CORRECTIONAL/REHABILITATION SERVICES

STATE CORRECTIONS SYSTEM	169
COUNTY JAILS	173
DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES	174
EDUCATIONAL/TRAINING ACTIVITIES	183
PERSONNEL	187
CASELOAD	189
EXPENDITURES	191
COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL CENTERS	204

HIGH CRIME/HIGH LAW ENFORCEMENT

ACTIVITY STATEMENT	206
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INTRODUCTION

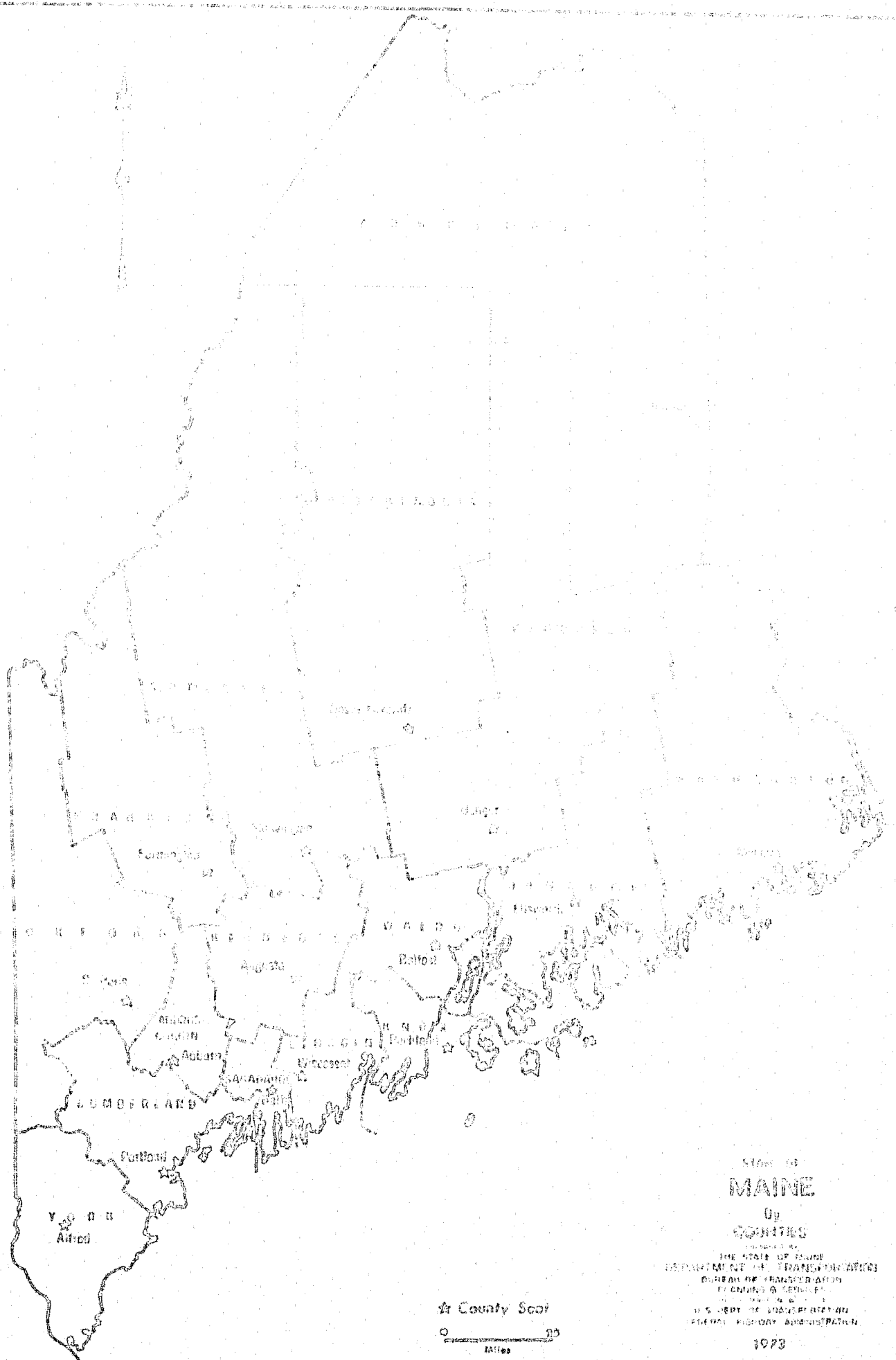
Statistics and indicators are useful in the field of law enforcement, but they are also subject to the limitations, qualifications, and parameters which are inherent to each and every form. The definition and scope of the item(s) must be fully understood in order to properly use the material. Ignoring this need may cause misleading and erroneous statements and conclusions.

The Uniform Crime Report "Crime Index" is an example of a form that requires some clarification prior to being used. The index is only an indication of the volume and type of crime occurring in a given jurisdiction; it is not an absolute statement on the total criminal activity for that jurisdiction. First of all, the index involves only seven criminal offenses: Murder, Rape, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Larceny, and Motor Vehicle Theft. These offenses are used as a measuring device. They are the most common local problems and are most likely to be reported or detected. They are also all serious crimes either by their very nature or by the volume and frequency in which they occur. Only these seven are taken into account in determining the index; numerous other offenses are not considered.

A second consideration is that the only quantifiable entity is the crime which is reported; unreported crimes are by definition impossible to measure. Victimization studies conducted recently indicate that more crimes go unreported than crimes which are made known to police. Regardless of why some offenses are not reported, the fact is that the crime index deals with only a portion of the actual number of criminal acts committed.

Thirdly, police record officers, for uniform crime reporting purposes, by a means known as the "hierarchy of offences," if multiple crimes occur during one incident, only the most serious is recorded. Although this UCR guideline is designed to keep the reporting procedure uniform, the resultant effect is that some minor crimes are not recorded in the UCR system, and therefore, are not calculated into the index.

As is evidenced in the above text, caution should be taken when a statistical measure is involved. Both the writer and the reader should take the time to be totally aware of what the measure does and does not mean.



State of
MAINE

By
COUNTIES

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FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

★ County Seat
0 25
Miles

1973

STATE OF MAINE FISHERY

JURISDICTION	1975 POP. EST.		1975 POPULATION DENSITY		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		HUMAN FAMILY INCOME PER HOUSEHOLD		INDEX CRIMES PER 1000 - 1975		INDEX CRIMES PER 1000 POPULATION	
	No.	%	No.	Per Sq. Mile	Sq. Miles	%	1975	Rank	No.	%	Rate	Rank
Androscoggin	98,814	9.1	197	2	1,424.5	1.5	6,277	5	3,728	8.9	39.21	4
Aroostook	98,142	9.2	18	12	8,411.7	21.2	6,425	15	2,121	5.1	21.97	15
Cumberland	200,824	19.2	227	1	7,44.7	2.4	7,269	1	13,077	31.2	65.11	1
Franklin	24,034	2.3	14	13	1,788.9	3.6	7,943	3	692	1.7	26.25	13
Hancock	37,820	3.6	23	10	1,404.7	5.1	7,637	10	1,270	3.0	33.70	10
Kennebec	100,100	9.6	112	4	2,624.5	2.9	8,453	2	3,442	9.2	26.59	6
Knock	31,871	3.0	26	6	2,685.9	1.2	7,262	13	1,316	2.9	38.39	8
Lincoln	21,990	2.1	43	7	457.1	1.5	7,847	9	807	1.9	36.69	8
Oxford	14,010	4.2	31	11	2,068.7	5.9	6,060	7	972	2.2	23.39	14
Penobscot	131,041	12.6	43	2	2,129.4	11.0	8,301	4	4,724	11.3	38.85	9
Piscataquis	12,002	1.7	5	16	2,309.1	12.5	7,215	14	348	0.8	19.30	16
Sagadahoc	23,036	2.4	59	5	2,001.2	5.9	6,112	6	1,261	3.1	33.32	9
Somerset	43,043	4.0	11	15	3,909.5	11.2	7,316	11	1,568	4.0	35.45	3
Waldo	23,069	2.3	36	9	2,544.5	3.4	7,313	12	759	1.8	22.88	12
Washington	31,771	3.0	12	34	2,427.7	2.0	6,137	15	940	2.2	24.28	11
York	119,761	10.6	120	3	1,301.3	3.3	8,455	3	4,541	10.2	37.91	7
TOTAL	1,047,000		34		20,417.7		7,845		41,090		40.01	

THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

NAME	1971-72 TOTALS	1971-72 PERCENT	1970-71 TOTALS	1970-71 PERCENT	1969-70 TOTALS	1969-70 PERCENT	1968-69 TOTALS	1968-69 PERCENT	1967-68 TOTALS	1967-68 PERCENT	1966-67 TOTALS	1966-67 PERCENT
Admission	14,166	21.3	13,117	20.7	12,211	19.1	11,342	17.8	10,451	16.2	9,561	14.7
Revocation	10,193	14.1	9,201	13.9	8,211	12.3	7,342	11.1	6,451	9.8	5,561	8.4
Re-entry	1,327	1.9	1,111	1.7	911	1.4	811	1.2	711	1.1	611	0.9
Expenditure Ratio	1,341	1.9	1,211	1.8	1,111	1.7	1,011	1.5	911	1.4	811	1.2
Marshall's Ratio	2,481	3.6	2,211	3.3	2,011	3.0	1,811	2.7	1,611	2.4	1,411	2.1
Marshall's	1,481	2.1	1,311	1.9	1,111	1.7	1,011	1.5	911	1.4	811	1.2
En. Ratio	17,044	25.2	15,111	22.6	13,211	19.9	11,342	17.1	10,451	15.8	9,561	14.4
En. Ratio												
TOTAL	65,944	100.0	61,859	100.0	56,754	100.0	51,636	100.0	46,511	100.0	41,381	100.0

MOJSC
May, 1970

File UCR Report through the Sheriff's Office.

ARROWTOOK COUNTY REPORT

JURISDICTION	1975 POP. ESTIMATION		1975 POPULATION DENSITY		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME		INDEX CRIMES REPORTED - 1975		INDEX CRIMES PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	%	No.	Rank	Sq.	%	Per. 100	Rank	No.	%	Per. 1,000	Rank
Allagash Pk.	350	0.0	3.6	12	145.0	2.1	8,670	1	"	"	"	"
Ashland	1,711	1.8	31.0	10	81.6	1.2	7,302	2	"	"	"	"
Caribou	11,000	11.3	141.0	4	78.0	1.1	8,174	6	296	14.0	28.71	3
Ft. Fairfield	4,004	4.0	61.2	8	77.5	1.1	7,113	5	113	6.7	29.66	4
Ft. Kent	4,044	4.0	64.7	7	55.3	0.9	6,760	3	66	3.0	24.06	7
Houlton	6,374	6.6	220.9	3	31.3	0.4	6,901	4	273	12.9	22.63	2
Likiepstone	10,300	10.7	269.3	2	38.0	0.6	6,532	10	72	3.4	6.35	9
Marblehead	1,030	1.0	103.0	6	36.2	0.5	6,800	3	168	7.9	27.38	4
Presque Isle	11,590	11.9	153.3	5	71.6	1.0	8,117	6	517	24.4	44.01	1
Van Buren	4,076	4.2	101.7	9	37.2	0.5	6,405	11	101	4.8	25.79	6
Washington	1,911	2.0	87.5	9	31.1	0.4	8,356	3	"	"	"	"
Sh. Office	31,376	32.7	6.6	11	6,747.7	10.1	6,151	12	294	13.9	1.23	8
St. Police									391	9.8	1.93	10
TOTAL	96,542		70.7		6,450.7		6,908		2,101		21.97	

CUMULATIVE CRIMES REPORT

JURISDICTION	1975 NATL. CRIME INDEX		1975 POPULATION		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MEYER HANDED ADJUSTED TO 1975		INDEX SUMS PER 1000		INDEX CRIME PER 1000 POPULATION	
	AD.	F.	AD.	F.	AD.	F.	AD.	F.	AD.	F.	AD.	F.
Bridgeton	1,401	1.4	31.4	14	11.1	6.6	6,401	11	351	2.7	11.16	13
Brunswick	17,767	3.6	37.4	8	47.4	3.6	8,384	12	336	5.4	40.42	6
Cape May	8,212	4.1	53.1	4	15.7	1.6	12,511	1	283	1.9	34.81	10
Cumberland	4,371	2.1	146.2	5	15.7	2.9	1,939	6	9	0.7	12.71	12
Falmouth	6,591	3.3	348.6	7	24.8	2.9	11,354	2	208	1.7	24.74	9
Freeport	8,449	2.7	136.3	11	34.3	3.9	8,938	9	309	1.7	40.74	7
Gorham	8,386	4.2	165.6	10	31.3	5.3	10,005	5	315	3.4	37.36	8
New Gloucester	2,911	1.4	39.2	12	47.5	5.4	6,979	19	1	-	1.73	14
Portland	65,100	32.3	2,915.1	2	32.4	2.5	3,455	12	6,345	50.0	191.76	1
Scarborough	6,181	4.1	163.7	8	32.5	3.3	10,104	4	457	9.6	57.07	3
So. Portland	22,500	11.7	3,000.6	2	11.7	3.3	9,127	7	1,320	11.3	62.97	2
Westbrook	14,300	7.4	633.3	3	17.3	2.6	9,705	8	680	5.2	45.95	4
Yarmouth	8,063	2.3	369.6	6	13.7	1.3	11,067	3	134	1.2	30.42	11
Sh. Office	27,130	13.3	58.2	13	466.3	52.7	8,263	14	1,276	9.0	43.34	5
St. Police									163	1.3	.82	15
UMPG									113	0.9		
TOTAL	200,826		227.0		294.7		9,299		13,077		65.11	

FRANKLIN COUNTY PROFILE

JURISDICTION	1975 EST. POPULATION		1975 POPULATION DENSITY		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME '70 CENSUS		INDEX CRIMES REPORTED - 1975		INDEX CRIMES PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	%	No.	Rank	No.	%	Rank	Rank	No.	%	Rate	Rank
Parmington	5,850	21.2	157.0	1	50.6	3.2	9,411	3	159	27.9	27.72	1
Jay	4,100	17.1	91.6	3	50.1	2.9	9,401	1	99	16.4	24.13	3
Phillips	979	4.1	19.6	6	32.5	1.6	7,427	4	*	"	"	"
Rangley	941	3.9	21.6	5	39.3	2.3	6,401	5	*	"	"	"
Wilton	4,070	16.9	94.3	2	42.9	2.4	8,458	2	43	7.2	12.87	4
Sh. Office	7,801	22.6	52.0	4	1,517.0	94.3	6,752	6	254	42.2	55.42	2
St. Police									36	6.3	1.36	5
TOTAL	24,834		13.6		1,758.9		7,993		683		23.05	

HANDOUT OF VICE PROFILE

JURISDICTION	1975 VICE POPULATION		1975 POPULATION PER 100		1975 VICE POPULATION		1975 VICE POPULATION		1975 VICE POPULATION		1975 VICE POPULATION	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Bay Haven	4,007	10.7	55.0	3	47.0	7.7	1,500	3	40	27.1	40.00	1
Bucksport	4,300	10.5	70.0	4	52.0	3.0	5,000	2	107	18.4	20.00	2
Blacksburg	4,010	12.0	50.0	3	54.0	1.3	3,000	4	112	20.7	20.00	2
Hannock	1,000	12.0	30.0	3	32.0	4.0	1,000	7	"	"	"	"
Lansing	1,000	10.0	20.0	7	10.0	1.0	7,000	8	"	"	"	"
St. Dennis	1,000	1.0	40.0	6	50.0	1.0	2,000	1	"	"	"	"
Southwest Ham.	1,000	4.0	100.0	2	10.0	0.0	7,000	0	"	"	"	"
Stonington	1,000	3.0	100.0	1	5.0	0.0	5,000	0	"	"	"	"
Sh. Office	10,000	40.0	10.0	0	1,000.0	2.0	1,000	0	500	40.0	10.00	0
St. Police									30	2.0	40	0
TOTAL	37,000		70.0		1,500.0		1,000		1,000		10.00	

RENNELS COUNTY PROFILE

JURISDICTION	1975 EST. POPULATION		1975 POPULATION PERCENT		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MILIAN FAMILY INCOME 1977 CENSUS Avg. (1977) Rank		INHER CRIMES REPORTED - 1975		INHER CRIMES PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	%	No.	Rank	No.	%	No.	Rank	No.	%	Rate	Rank
Augusta	22,177	22.3	399.6	4	53.3	6.3	9,393	1	1,471	39.3	66.00	1
Salisbury	1,343	1.3	24.9	9	41.6	4.9	3,133	9	"	"	"	"
Gardiner	7,081	7.1	448.5	7	15.8	3.3	3,477	6	181	9.5	25.43	2
Mallowell	3,889	3.9	677.3	3	13.3	3.3	3,815	4	82	3.2	20.71	6
Oakland	3,714	3.7	142.3	17	16.3	2.9	2,166	8	113	4.3	41.73	5
Waterville	18,700	18.7	1,296.1	1	13.5	1.3	8,761	3	934	23.3	49.95	3
Winslow	7,351	7.3	306.1	5	17.8	4.1	9,126	2	159	4.1	23.81	7
Winthrop	4,534	4.5	149.8	6	30.4	3.4	11,007	1	190	3.2	42.78	4
Sh. Office	11,876	11.8	37.6	3	661.9	71.1	3,363	7	215	5.6	18.33	8
St. Police									262	6.3	13.61	9
TOTAL	100,106		183.6		133.1		3,893		3,642		33.36	

INDEX CRIME PROFILE

SUBDIVISION	1978 EST. POPULATION		1978 POPULATION DENSITY		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MILITARY RANGE SQUAD 1976 JENSEN		INDEX CRIME REPORTED - 1978		INDEX CRIME PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	Rank
Lambton	4,431	14.3	241.7	3	13.0	3.0	7,283	3	1-1	3-1	24.72	3
Rockland	9,873	32.6	701.8	1	12.8	3.5	7,171	4	7-1	50.7	23.70	1
Rockport	2,061	6.8	94.4	4	21.5	6.0	9,284	2	*	*	*	*
Thomaston	2,805	9.2	283.6	2	12.0	3.0	8,433	1	1-0	9.0	41.33	2
Union	1,189	3.8	34.1	5	32.9	8.9	3,232	3	*	*	*	*
Vinalhaven	1,135	3.6	49.2	5	33.1	6.3	6,282	7	*	*	*	*
Sh. Office	10,315	34.1	63.6	3	247.0	67.3	6,921	6	2-0	18.1	14.47	4
St. Police									5-1	4.2	1.61	5
TOTAL	31,471		64.1		331.0		7,332		1,215		38.39	

LINCOLN COUNTY PROFILE

JURISDICTION	1975 EST. POPULATION		1975 POPULATION DENSITY		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME '75 Census		INDEX CRIMES REPORTED - 1975		INDEX CRIMES PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	%	No.	Rank	No.	%	Rate/yr. Rank		No.	%	Rate	Rank
Boothbay Harbor	2,100	9.5	551.5	1	2.8	9.3	\$6,310	5	137	19.8	64.76	1
Barnstable	1,264	5.8	101.1	3	12.4	2.7	\$6,766	2	*	*	*	*
Waldoboro	3,340	13.3	41.4	4	71.6	13.7	\$6,352	4	85	11.3	37.14	4
Wareham	2,800	11.3	103.3	2	24.1	5.3	\$6,214	1	69	8.4	27.31	3
Sh. Office	12,633	57.4	35.8	5	344.2	75.5	\$7,400	3	416	55.3	38.14	2
St. Police									41	5.3	1.86	5
TOTAL	31,947		48.1		482.3		\$7,317		649		38.88	

MCJMC
May, 1976

*File MCR Report through the Sheriff's Office.

OXFORD COUNTY PROFILE

JURISDICTION	1975 EST. POPULATION		1975 POPULATION REVENUE		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME 1970 CENSUS		TRAFFIC CRIMES RECORDED - 1975		TRAFFIC CRIMES PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	Rank	No.	Rank	No.	Rank	No.	Rank	No.	Rank	Rate	Rank
Bethel	3,120	2.0	34.0	7	65.2	3.3	8,949	2	4	4	0	8
Dixfield	2,139	3.0	52.0	1	12.4	3.0	2,663	4	5	5	0	8
Freeburg	2,283	5.0	36.0	6	60.0	2.3	8,571	3	6	6	0	8
Mexico	4,303	9.0	174.5	1	24.3	1.3	9,579	3	187	13.3	48.91	1
Norway	3,439	4.3	72.3	3	58.3	2.4	7,713	6	204	10.7	28.88	3
Paris	3,415	3.7	54.4	4	59.3	3.2	7,701	7	71	3.3	19.35	4
Roxford	3,485	31.3	162.2	2	48.3	2.6	9,284	1	139	31.3	34.91	2
St. Office	16,461	35.6	9.3	8	1,694.6	51.3	7,176	5	267	23.3	10.34	5
St. Police									36	3.7	.51	6
TOTAL	44,088		21.9		2,063.7		8,060		472		21.08	

PENOBSCOT COUNTY PROFILE

JURISDICTION	1975 EST. POPULATION		1975 POPULATION DENSITY		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME '73 CENSUS		INDEX CRIMES REPORTED - 1975		INDEX CRIMES PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	%	No.	Rank	No.	%	Am. (\$)	Rank	No.	%	Rate	Rank
Bangor	34,300	26.0	1,000.0	2	34.3	1.0	8,014	11	2,014	42.5	58.71	1
Brewer	9,787	7.4	613.4	3	15.8	0.5	9,235	6	412	8.7	42.20	4
Dexter	3,920	3.0	104.8	9	27.4	1.1	7,391	13	139	2.9	38.45	5
E. Millinocket	2,701	2.0	350.8	6	7.7	0.2	9,922	3	28	0.6	10.00	12
Hampden	4,550	3.5	124.0	8	37.5	1.2	9,845	4	116	2.5	24.95	7
Howland	1,468	1.1	40.9	12	31.3	0.9	8,622	8	*	*	*	*
Indian Island	310	0.2	N/A	-	N/A	-	N/A	-	*	*	*	*
Lincoln	5,003	3.8	72.2	11	69.4	2.1	7,997	12	144	3.0	29.75	6
Mattawamkeag	983	0.7	13.2	14	42.8	1.3	8,016	10	*	*	*	*
Madway	1,491	1.1	40.8	13	34.5	1.1	8,443	9	*	*	*	*
Millinocket	7,968	6.0	1,243.0	1	6.4	0.2	9,560	5	36	1.6	10.79	11
Newport	2,260	1.7	101.3	10	21.0	0.7	8,940	7	117	2.5	51.77	2
Old Town	9,532	7.2	250.3	7	36.0	1.2	7,854	14	116	2.5	12.17	10
Oroco	10,513	8.0	597.3	4	17.6	0.6	10,299	1	173	3.7	16.46	8
Veazie	1,336	1.0	501.9	5	2.1	0.0	9,953	2	*	*	*	*
Sh. Office	93,521	27.1	12.1	15	2,049.7	66.0	7,331	15	619	11.0	12.55	9
St. Police									286	6.3	2.37	13
UMO									583	12.3	50.45	3
TOTAL	131,982		39.5		3,339.5		8,901		4,726		35.36	

*File PCR Report through the Sheriff's Office.

MC/NC
May, 1976

PICTORALIS COUNTY PROFILE

JURISDICTION	1977 EST. POPULATION		1976 POPULATION PERCENT		1977 EST. # SQUAD MEMBERS		1976 EST. # SQUAD MEMBERS		1977 EST. # SQUAD MEMBERS		1976 EST. # SQUAD MEMBERS		1977 EST. # SQUAD MEMBERS	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Brownville	1,400	8.3	11.1	1	44.0	1.2	0,000	4	*	*	*	*	*	*
Deval-Township	4,434	25.7	41.1	2	70.1	1.3	7,470	3	64	18.4	12.24	1		
Greenville	1,004	10.5	47.0	3	39.1	1.7	7,081	2	*	*	*	*	*	*
Milo	3,000	14.4	79.5	1	22.6	0.9	3,044	1	51	13.7	19.02	1		
SR. Office	7,319	41.1	2.0	0	3,620.0	98.1	6,571	0	190	16.9	19.33	2		
St. Police									35	10.0	1.94	4		
TOTAL	16,057		4.7		3,800.5		7,200		345		18.30			

MCJDC
May, 1976

*File UCR Report through the Sheriff's Office.

SAGADAHOC COUNTY PROFILE

JURISDICTION	1975 EST. POPULATION		1975 POPULATION DENSITY		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME '70 CENSUS		INDEX CRIMES REPORTED - 1975		INDEX CRIMES PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	%	No.	Rate	No.	%	Am. (\$)	Rank	No.	%	Rate	Rank
Roch.	8,570	37.7	908.6	1	9.7	3.9	8,172	2	591	46.1	61.75	1
Richmond	2,196	9.6	72.9	1	30.0	11.7	7,829	4	78	6.1	38.63	3
Topsnam	6,480	21.4	169.1	2	33.3	13.0	8,702	1	158	12.3	34.10	4
Sh. Office	8,172	32.3	44.6	4	183.3	71.6	7,788	3	455	34.0	50.09	2
St. Police									19	1.5	.74	5
TOTAL	25,358		98.9		256.2		8,112		1,291		50.52	

SOMERSET COUNTY PROFILE

JURISDICTION	1975 EST. POPULATION		1975 POPULATION DENSITY		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME '70 CENSUS		INDEX CRIMES REPORTED - 1975		INDEX CRIMES PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	%	No.	Rank	No.	%	Amo. (\$)	Rank	No.	%	Rate	Rank
Bingham	1,234	3.0	34.5	6	36.0	6.9	6,723	6	*	*	*	*
Fairfield	6,022	14.2	104.1	2	37.2	1.5	8,906	4	213	13.1	36.20	3
Madison	4,933	10.7	84.9	4	53.4	1.4	7,744	5	55	3.3	10.23	5
Norridgewock	1,964	4.6	39.5	5	49.7	1.3	8,504	2	*	*	*	*
Pittsfield	4,900	11.4	95.4	3	50.3	1.3	8,650	1	252	15.1	52.50	1
Skowhegan	8,000	18.9	129.7	1	61.7	1.6	8,021	3	410	24.6	51.25	2
Sh. Office	15,630	37.2	4.4	7	3,585.0	92.5	6,649	7	673	40.1	55.44	4
St. Police									58	3.3	1.51	6
TOTAL	42,362		10.9		3,982.9		7,516		1,649		39.49	

MAJDC
May, 1976

*File GCR Report through the Sheriff's Office.

WALSH COUNTY PROFILES

JURISDICTION	1975 EST. POPULATION		1975 POPULATION DENSITY		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MEDIUM FAMILY INCOME '75 DOLLARS		INDEX CRIME RATES - 1975		INDEX CRIME PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	%	No.	Rank	No.	%	Int. \$1,000	Rank	Rt.	%	Rate	Rank
Belfast	6,666	30.7	200.2	1	33.3	4.6	7,811	3	245	22.7	36.74	1
Seasideport	1,431	7.3	47.5	2	24.0	4.3	6,397	1	"	"	"	"
Stockton Sp.	1,112	4.4	56.4	3	10.5	3.7	7,234	2	"	"	"	"
Sh. Office	16,357	62.4	25.1	4	641.5	59.7	7,333	4	389	62.3	24.30	2
St. Police									36	4.8	1.39	3
TOTAL	21,366		31.3		711.3		7,310		750		29.38	

WASHINGTON COUNTY PROFILE

JURISDICTION	1973 EST. POPULATION		1973 POPULATION DENSITY		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME '73 CHANGES		INDEX CRIMES REPORTED - 1973		INDEX CRIMES PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	%	No.	Rank	No.	%	1971-73	Rank	No.	%	Rate	Rank
Baileyville	3,167	6.8	65.8	4	33.1	1.4	8,543	2	*	*	*	0
Colais	4,306	13.3	117.2	3	36.7	1.5	10,441	1	239	27.1	55.54	1
Cherryfield	771	2.4	17.4	9	44.3	1.3	6,402	6	*	*	*	*
Eastport	1,989	6.3	568.3	2	1.5	0.1	8,068	8	*	*	*	*
Indian Twp.	N/A	-	N/A	-	5/2	-	N/A	-	*	*	*	*
Jonesport	1,325	4.2	42.1	6	61.8	1.3	6,403	10	*	*	*	*
Lake	1,919	6.0	59.9	5	33.1	1.4	6,425	5	*	*	*	*
Machias	3,401	7.7	168.6	2	19.2	0.6	7,178	2	*	*	*	*
Perth	706	2.2	20.1	8	47.8	1.1	6,836	7	*	*	*	*
Pleasant Pt.	N/A	-	N/A	-	1/1	-	N/A	-	*	*	*	*
Princeton	951	3.0	37.3	7	38.6	1.4	6,747	4	*	*	*	*
Sh. Office	15,171	47.5	7.0	10	2,184.3	89.4	5,810	9	670	69.5	33.77	2
St. Police									42	5.1	1.51	3
TOTAL	21,778		13.1		2,420.7		6,177		640		29.58	

YORK COUNTY PROFILE

JURISDICTION	1975 EST. POPULATION		1975 POPULATION DENSITY		LAND AREA IN SQUARE MILES		MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME '75 CHANGES		INDEX CRIMES REPORTED - 1973		INDEX CRIMES PER 1,000 POPULATION	
	No.	#	No.	Rank	No.	#	Ans. '72	Rank	No.	#	Rate	Rank
Barwick	3,236	2.7	83.3	11	20.1	4.0	9,346	6	153	3.4	47.57	2
Ball-Ford	10,907	17.0	461.3	2	30.7	1.0	7,916	14	664	16.1	31.13	7
Elliot	3,462	3.0	181.3	6	19.2	3.0	9,416	4	79	1.7	21.24	11
Farmstead	6,358	6.1	176.1	7	34.6	3.5	8,632	8	192	4.2	31.46	8
Harnesburgers	3,107	1.9	123.8	8	11.6	1.9	10,343	3	218	3.4	49.81	3
Kittery	11,633	9.7	440.4	3	18.9	1.8	9,779	7	361	7.9	31.11	6
Lebanon	1,911	1.7	30.3	14	54.1	5.4	8,291	11	*	*	"	"
North Warwick	2,224	1.9	61.6	13	36.8	3.6	10,401	2	*	*	"	"
Oranquit	640	0.7	N/A	"	N/A	-	N/A	-	155	3.4	31.13	1
Old Orchard Isl.	3,848	4.6	713.5	1	7.8	0.7	7,914	13	690	13.2	7.31	14
Sage	17,132	10.2	607.5	5	39.6	4.0	8,572	9	544	11.9	44.22	4
Sanford	17,048	14.2	343.7	4	48.9	4.9	8,531	10	662	14.3	39.13	5
South Warwick	2,743	3.3	113.7	9	33.2	3.3	9,478	5	73	1.7	20.34	12
Wells	4,974	4.0	76.0	12	62.8	6.3	7,921	12	143	3.2	24.33	13
York	3,167	5.1	108.3	10	56.4	5.6	9,431	3	208	4.6	34.06	9
Sh. Office	10,141	16.2	15.2	15	500.8	50.8	9,931	15	273	6.3	16.70	15
Sh. Police									197	4.3	1.64	17
TOTAL	219,681		12,410		1,611.7		9,405		3,541		37.91	

Source: 1975 Census, through the Sheriff's Office.
May, 1976

AN OVERVIEW OF THE DATA

In the State of Maine, the Uniform Crime Reporting System is used as the system for gathering crime statistics. The Maine DCR program began in July of 1971 as a result of the Comprehensive Data System. A full year of research and development of the DCR program was completed in September of 1972.

The success of this program is directly related to the degree of cooperation of the Maine contributors. The objectives of the program, in a 100 percent reporting system for the community over each reporting period and the quality of the data under this plan. Although the survey was 100 percent complete in 1973, only 100 percent of the data for the year of 1973 was received. The result is a complete database for the year of 1973, and the under-reporting rate is 100 percent. The results of the survey of the program.

To date, there have been two semi-annual publications, January - December, 1974 and January - June, 1975, and one annual publication (January - December, 1975). Although the statistical representation of crime figures for the entire state, it is generally recognized that due to the limited amount of data collected, the data from individual is not available at this time.

Many factors must be considered when analyzing crime in the State of Maine. Conditions such as population density, composition of population with reference in particular to age, sex and race, economic status of a community, and economic status of the population are but a few.

Population density ranges from a low of 21 people per square mile in Piscataquis County to a high of 227 people per square mile in Cumberland County. The state average is 62 people per square mile of organized territory. Nearly one-half of Maine consists of unorganized territory. These so-called "wildlands" having no local form of government, may be eliminated when analysing crime on a population density basis in order to gain a better perspective.

Approximately one-third of the state's population is located in two counties in northwestern Maine - York and Cumberland.

During 1973, there were 41,836 index crimes in the state of Maine. In addition to those reported offenses, there were 1,711 simple assaults and 42 murders by negligence for a total of 44,654 total offenses.

Cumberland County, with the largest county population and Portland with the largest city population, are the areas with the highest crime rates - Cumberland County with 65.11 index offenses per 1,000 population and Portland with 101.75 per 1,000 population. The crime rate for the entire state was 49.03 per 1,000 persons.

The only other county in the state with a crime rate larger than the state average was Sagadahoc County with a crime rate of 59.52 per 1,000 persons. The crime rate for all other counties in the state ranged from a low of 19.39 per 1,000 in Piscataquis to 39.49 per 1,000 persons in Somerset County.

Violent crimes - murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault accounted for 5.34 of all index crimes in Maine. Of all violent crimes in the state, Cumberland

County accounted for 31.9%, with 709 of the state's total of 2,222. Statewide, violent crimes occurred at a rate of 2.12 offenses per 1,000 persons during 1975, while in Cumberland County, violent crimes totaling 709, occurred at the rate of 3.53 per 1,000 persons.

Property crimes - burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft totaled 39,674 reported offenses during 1975, or 37.89 Property Crimes per 1,000 persons. In Cumberland County, there were 12,368 property crimes representing 31.2% of those reported in the state. The 12,368 property crimes represent 61.58 crimes per 1,000 persons.

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CRIME INDEX DATA BY COUNTY
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

COUNTY	ANNUAL CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION	TOTAL INDEX CRIMES	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	PERCENT, TOTAL CLEARED BY ARREST	PERCENT O CLEARANCE INVOLVING ONLY JUVENILE
Andro- scoggin	39.21	3,726	2	6	34	265	1,040	2,189	190	30.41	42.10
Aroos- took	21.97	2,121	4	4	3	92	565	1,308	145	33.71	25.73
Cumber- land	65.11	13,077	6	35	170	498	4,623	6,960	785	17.94	32.61
Franklin	25.05	602			3	15	291	258	35	18.60	15.18
Hancock	33.70	1,270	1	5	5	36	573	600	45	13.55	33.23
Kennebec	38.38	3,842	1	12	34	176	1,154	2,283	182	21.16	19.31
Knox	38.39	1,216	4	4	8	41	411	685	63	19.33	44.68
Lincoln	36.69	807	1	1	3	31	436	321	14	16.36	26.52
Oxford	22.09	972	1	3	5	40	317	549	57	32.82	39.81
Penob- scot	35.86	4,734	8	11	40	79	1,316	2,966	314	27.53	21.95
Piscat- quis	19.30	348	1			21	128	175	23	29.60	16.50
Sagada- hoc	50.52	1,281		2	8	24	432	778	37	21.70	38.49
Somerset	39.49	1,669		4	13	70	793	711	78	16.66	28.42
Waldo	28.88	750	1		7	37	400	289	16	11.87	30.34
Washing- ton	29.58	940		4	6	93	384	399	54	30.64	21.53
York	37.91	4,541	2	22	48	172	1,575	2,525	197	21.45	27.52
TOTAL	40.01	41,896	32	113	387	1,690	14,443	22,996	2,235	22.18	29.76

VIOLENT AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE PER SQUARE MILE
January - December, 1975

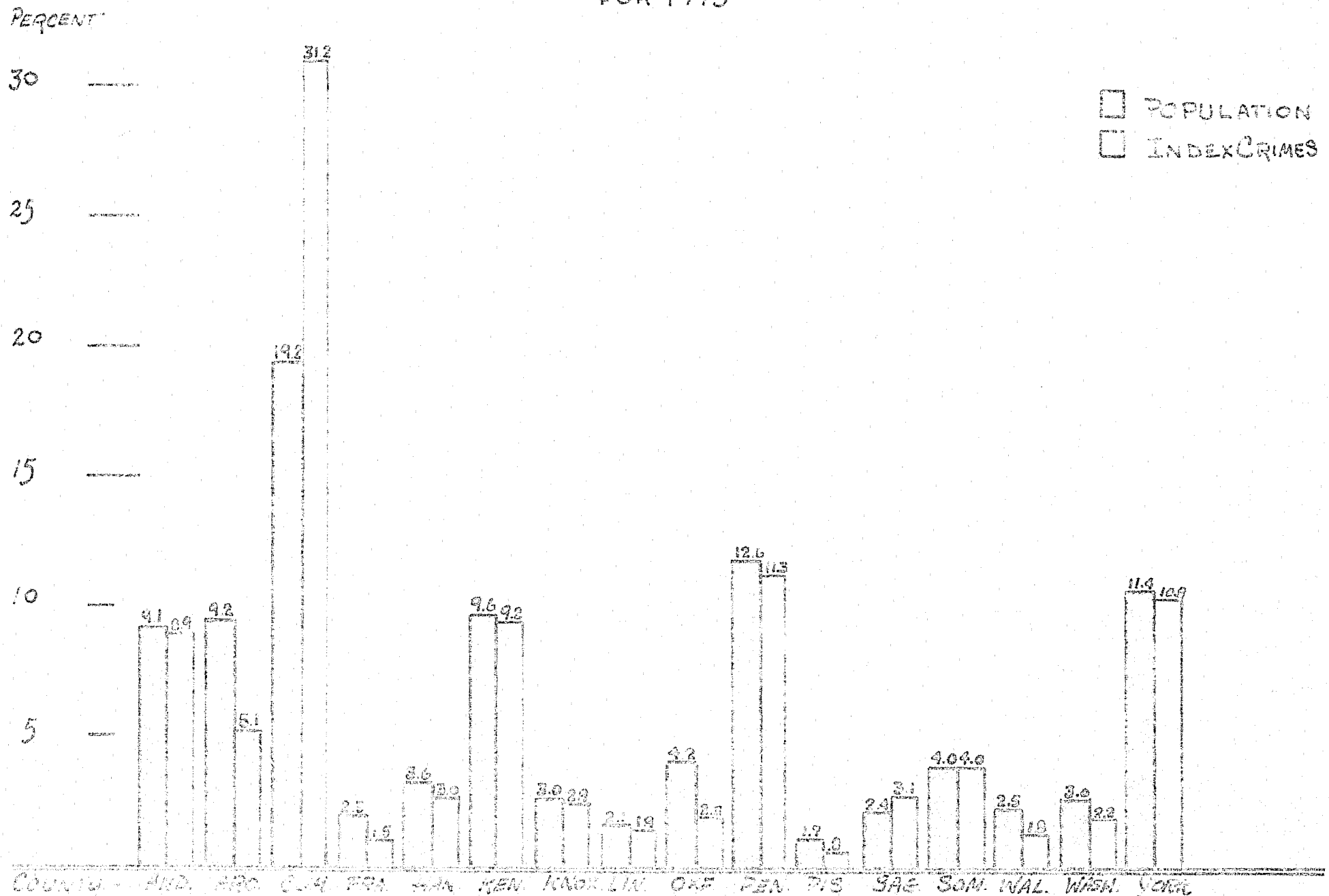
County	Total Land Sq. Miles	Sq. Miles Unorganized Territory	Sq. Miles Organized Territory	Population Density Organized Territories	ORGANIZED TERRITORY		
					Crime Rate Per Sq. Mile	Violent Crimes Per Sq. Mile	Property Crimes Per Sq. Mile
Androscoggin	462		462	197	7.72	.63	7.09
Aroostook	6,451	3,789	2,662	36	.83	.04	.76
Cumberland	885		885	227	14.78	.80	13.98
Franklin	1,759	876	883	27	.68	.02	.66
Hancock	1,607	510	1,097	34	1.13	.04	1.11
Kennebec	890	10	880	114	4.36	.25	4.11
Knox	368	2	366	87	3.33	.16	3.17
Lincoln	457	4	453	49	1.70	.08	1.70
Oxford	2,061	534	1,497	29	.64	.03	.62
Penobscot	3,340	1,227	2,113	62	2.34	.07	2.17
Piscataquis	3,809	2,955	854	21	.41	.03	.38
Sagadahoc	256	3	253	102	4.86	.13	4.73
Somerset	3,904	2,534	1,370	31	1.21	.06	1.15
Waldo	726		726	36	1.03	.06	.97
Washington	2,421	1,017	1,404	23	.67	.07	.60
York	1,001		1,001	120	4.53	.24	4.29
Total State	30,417	13,491	16,926	62	2.47	.13	2.34

PERCENT OF TOTAL - INDEX CRIMES

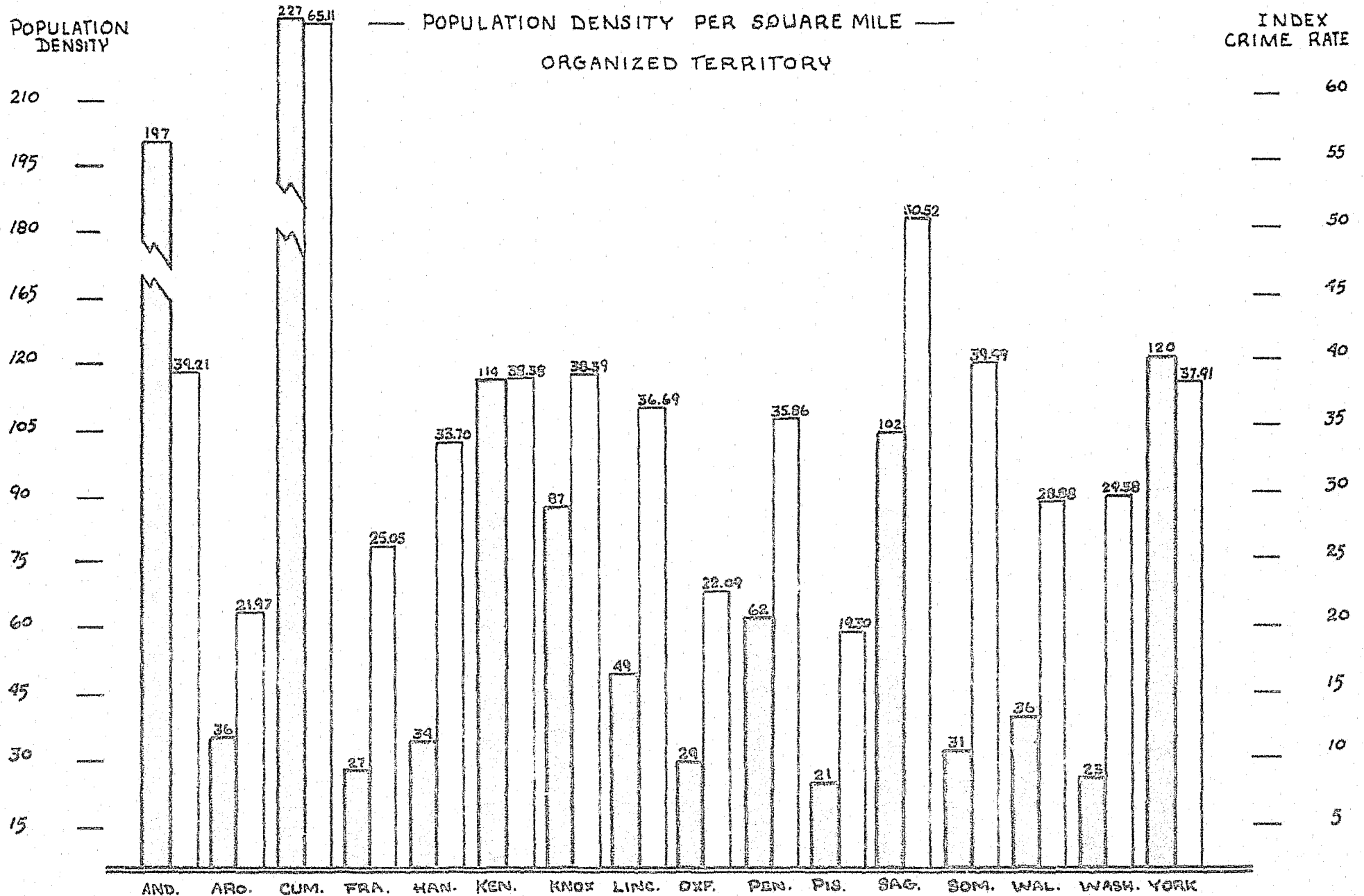
	Total	Homicide	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Auto Theft
Androscoggin	8.89	6.25	5.31	8.79	15.68	7.20	9.52	8.50
Aroostook	5.06	12.50	3.54	0.78	5.44	3.91	5.69	6.49
Cumberland	31.21	18.75	30.97	43.92	29.47	32.01	30.27	35.14
Franklin	1.45			0.78	0.89	2.01	1.12	1.57
Hancock	3.03	3.13	4.42	1.29	2.13	4.00	2.61	1.97
Kennebec	9.17	3.13	10.62	8.79	10.41	7.99	9.92	8.15
Knox	2.90	12.50	3.54	2.07	2.43	2.85	2.98	2.82
Lincoln	1.93	3.13	0.88	0.78	1.83	3.02	1.40	0.63
Oxford	2.32	3.13	2.65	1.29	2.37	2.19	2.39	2.55
Penobscot	11.30	25.00	9.73	10.34	4.67	9.11	12.89	14.06
Piscataquis	0.83	3.13			1.24	0.89	0.76	1.03
Sagadahoc	3.06		1.77	2.07	1.42	2.89	3.38	1.66
Somerset	3.98		3.54	3.34	4.14	3.49	3.09	3.49
Waldo	1.78	3.13		1.81	2.19	2.77	1.26	0.72
Washington	2.24		3.54	1.55	5.50	2.66	1.74	2.42
York	10.84	6.25	19.47	12.40	10.18	10.90	10.98	8.82
TOTAL	99.99	100.03	99.98	100.00	99.99	99.99	100.00	100.02
Total Actually Reported	41,896	32	118	387	1,690	14,443	22,996	2,235

Provided by MEJDC
March, 1978

— PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION & PERCENTAGE OF INDEX CRIMES BY COUNTY —
FOR 1975



— INDEX CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION —
AND
— POPULATION DENSITY PER SQUARE MILE —
ORGANIZED TERRITORY



POPULATION DENSITY

INDEX CRIME RATE

MURDER AND NONNEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

The definition of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter is "the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought." This offense is recorded by police agencies on the basis of investigation alone, without regard to the findings of a court or the decision of a prosecutor. Although, manslaughter by negligence is recorded on the "Offenses Known to Police" form along with murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, it is not considered an Index Crime and is not discussed in this report.

During the year 1975, there were 37 murders reported to police agencies in the state. Upon investigation, 6 were unclassified and classified as "unfounded." Of the 31 "actual" murders, 20 involved the use of a firearm, representing 62.3% of the total. The motive for 22 of the murders was either family argument or other argument.

A month by month analysis reveals that 6 murders occurred during the month of August and 6 in the month of December. Murder accounted for less than 1% of all crimes in the state. Penobscot County reported a total of 8 murders during the year for a murder rate of .96 per 1,000 persons. Knox County, with a much smaller population reported 4 murders and a murder rate of .13 per 1,000 persons.

For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, a Crime Index offense is cleared when a law enforcement agency has identified the offender, there is enough evidence to charge him and he is actually taken into custody. The arrest of one person can clear several crimes, or several persons may be arrested in the process of clearing one crime. Crime solutions are also recorded in

exceptional circumstances when some element beyond law enforcement control precludes formal charges against the offender. Clearances of murder numbered 40. (Offenses cleared do not necessarily relate to the January - December period). Two clearances involved only juveniles.

FORCIBLE RAPE

Forcible rape is "the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will." For purpose of the Uniform Crime Report this offense is divided into two categories: Rape by force; and attempted forcible rape. Carnal abuse without force (statutory rape) and other sex offenses are not included.

Forcible rape differs from other violent crimes in that the victim, in many cases, is reluctant to report the offense to police. The investigation by police, medical examination, court procedure, embarrassment and fear of any accompanying stigma have a deterrent effect on the victim's willingness to make the offense known to police. The presence of any prior relationship between victim and perpetrator makes the determination of the act of force difficult to establish; and the usually clandestine nature of the offense presents a problem in verification.

In 1975, there were 136 rapes reported to police authorities in the state, but 23 were unfounded upon police investigation. Of the 113 actual offenses, 86 were classified as "Rape by Force" while the remaining 27 were classified "Assault with Intent."

The estimated number of females in the State of Maine over 12 years of age is 398,788; the rate of rape in the state per 10,000 females was 2.83. In York County, where there were 22

rapes, the rate was 4.95 and in Cumberland County, a rate of 4.42. Three counties, Franklin, Piscataquis and Waldo did not report any rapes during 1976.

Authorities were able to clear by arrest or by exceptional means 65 offenses of rape during the year for a clearance percentage of 57.5%.

1975 BAPER

	NUMBER OF RECORDED BAPERS	ESTIMATED POTENTIAL LYMPHOMA	BAPER PER 10,000
Andover	4	37,604	0.00
Amherst	4	38,726	0.00
Chamberlain	35	50,227	0.00
Franklin	0	34,000	0.00
Hampden	2	13,953	0.00
Kennett	12	18,015	0.00
Knox	4	17,074	0.00
Lancaster	7	8,133	0.00
Oxford	7	17,339	0.00
Perkins	11	40,000	0.00
Westfield	0	6,000	0.00
Ware	3	12,222	0.00
Wareham	4	18,000	0.00
Worcester	0	34,000	0.00
Wilmington	4	17,000	0.00
York	22	44,000	0.00
TOTAL	113	390,705*	0.00

*1970 Census

provided by WHOIC
March, 1976

ROBBERY

Robbery is "the felonious and forcible taking of the property of another against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear." All attempts to rob are included in the Uniform Crime Report. Robberies and attempts are reported in four categories: (1) gun (any firearm); (2) knife or cutting instrument; (3) other dangerous weapons; and (4) strong arm (human, fists, feet, etc.).

During 1975, there were a total of 337 robberies. Forty-six percent of the robberies occurred on the highway (streets, alleys, etc.). During this period there were 5 bank robberies accounting for 49.4% of the total valuation of the population involved in the classification of robbery.

Robberies by strong arm accounted for 51.9% of the total, while firearms were involved in 25.6% of the total.

Nearly 44% of the robberies occurred in Cumberland County, or, a robbery rate per capita of .35 per 1,000 persons. Other counties in Maine ranged from per capita rate of .03 in Aroostock County to .40 in York County. The state rate is .37 per 1,000 persons.

There were 22,616 commercial businesses in the state as of the 1970 Census; this count is the most recent data available and is utilized here for analysis purposes. The 94 robberies known to have taken place at a commercial establishment means that there was 4.2 robberies for each 1,000 businesses. Cumberland County, having an estimated 4,330 businesses, had 7.3 robberies per establishment.

TOTAL STATE
ANALYSIS OF ROBBERY
BY CLASSIFICATION AND VALUE

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUT	TOTAL VALUE	PERCENT DISTRIBUT
Highway (Streets, Alleys, etc.)	178	46.0	\$ 25,368	16.6
Commercial House	47	12.1	37,237	15.4
Gas or Service Station	17	4.4	4,696	1.9
Chain Store	25	6.5	16,456	6.8
Residence	57	14.7	28,940	11.9
Bank	5	1.3	119,848	49.4
Miscellaneous	58	15.0	16,806	7.1
TOTAL	337	100.0	\$242,553	100.0

CUMBERLAND COUNTY
ANALYSIS OF ROBBERY
BY CLASSIFICATION AND VALUE

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUT	TOTAL VALUE	PERCENT DISTRIBUT
Highway (Streets, Alleys, etc.)	95	55.6	\$ 11,610	31.0
Commercial House	16	9.4	5,702	15.1
Gas or Service Station	3	1.8	1,813	4.8
Chain Store	11	6.5	2,731	7.3
Residence	24	14.1	6,912	18.5
Bank	2	1.2	5,700	15.2
Miscellaneous	19	11.2	2,878	7.7
TOTAL	170	100.0	\$ 37,432	100.0

ANALYSIS OF ROBBERY
January - December, 1975

County	# of Robberies in County	# of Robberies in County	# of Robberies in County	# of Robberies in County	# of Robberies in County	# of Robberies in County	# of Robberies in County	# of Robberies in County
Androscoggin	12	7	1	2	5	0	7	32
Aroostook	0	1	0	2	4	0	0	7
Cumberland	95	16	3	12	24	2	15	170
Franklin	0	1	0	0	4	0	1	6
Hancock	1	0	0	0	4	0	1	6
Kennebec	18	2	3	1	3	1	0	24
Knox	1	2	1	0	2	0	2	8
Lincoln	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	3
Oxford	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	5
Penobscot	19	8	2	2	3	0	0	30
Piscataquis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sagadahoc	4	2	0	1	1	0	0	8
Somerset	5	2	0	2	1	0	3	13
Waldo	2	1	2	0	1	0	1	7
Washington	2	1	0	0	2	0	1	6
York	16	4	5	4	7	1	11	48
TOTAL	176	47	17	25	57	5	58	327

Prepared by the MCJDC
June, 1975

ROBBERY
RATE PER 1,000 BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENTS

	Number Commercial Establishments	Number Commercial Robberies	Rate Per 1,000 Establishments
Androscoggin	7,915	10	5.22
Ardenhook	1,833	3	3.59
Cumberland	4,380	32	7.30
Franklin	695	2	3.41
Hampden	1,036	0	—
Kennebec	1,967	7	3.56
Knox	781	3	3.84
Lincoln	673	0	—
Oxford	1,032	0	—
Penobscot	2,484	12	4.83
Piscataquis	404	0	—
Sagadahoc	406	3	7.39
Somerset	990	4	4.04
Waldo	549	3	5.46
Washington	787	1	1.27
York	2,719	14	5.15
TOTAL	22,616	94	4.16

1975 ROBBERY BY WEAPON

	TOTAL	FIREARM	KNIFE	OTHER WEAPON	STRONG ARM
Androscoggin	34	8 (23.5%)	10 (29.4%)	3 (8.8%)	13 (38.2%)
Arundel	3	2 (66.7%)			1 (33.3%)
Cumberland	170	36 (21.2%)	28 (16.5%)	16 (9.4%)	90 (52.9%)
Franklin	3	3 (100.0%)			
Hancock	5	4 (80.0%)	1 (20.0%)		
Kennebec	34	8 (23.5%)	2 (5.9%)	4 (11.8%)	20 (58.8%)
Knox	8	3 (37.5%)			5 (62.5%)
Lincoln	3	1 (33.3%)		1 (33.3%)	1 (33.3%)
Oxford	5		1 (20.0%)		4 (80.0%)
Penobscot	40	12 (30.0%)	4 (10.0%)	2 (5.0%)	22 (55.0%)
Piscataquis					
Sagadahoc	8	2 (25.0%)			6 (75.0%)
Somerset	13	2 (15.4%)	6 (46.2%)	1 (7.7%)	4 (30.8%)
Waldo	7	2 (28.6%)			5 (71.4%)
Washington	6				6 (100.0%)
York	48	16 (33.3%)	8 (16.7%)		24 (50.0%)
TOTAL	387	99 (25.6%)	60 (15.5%)	27 (7.0%)	201 (51.9%)

Provided by the MCJDC
March, 1976

ASSAULT

An assault is "an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another." Assaults with the intent to rob or rape are not included here. For Uniform Crime Reporting, this offense is divided into four categories: (1) gun (any firearm); (2) knife or cutting instrument; (3) other dangerous weapons; and (4) hands, fists, feet, etc. (causing aggravated injury). Also recorded, but not considered an Index Crime is the category "Other Assaults - Simple", which is non-aggravated.

During the year 1975, there were a total of 1,699 aggravated assaults. Of this total 57% involved the use of hands, fists, or feet, while firearms were used in 15.6% of the assaults. In addition there were 2,714 simple assaults during this period. Aggravated assault represented 76.1% of all violent crimes.

Although Cumberland County reported the greatest number of aggravated assaults (498), Androscoggin County had the largest ratio per 1,000 population with a 2.79 ratio. The ratio in Cumberland County was 2.48 per 1,000 persons. Penobscot County, with a ratio of .60 assaults per 1,000 persons, was lowest in the state.

Hands, fists, and feet accounted for 964 of the assaults, or, 57%. Some type of weapon was used in the balance; firearms with 264, knives with 235, and other weapons, 227.

There were 461 assaults on law enforcement officers during the year 1975. This represents an assault ratio of 26 assaults per 100 full time law enforcement officers. The greatest number of assaults, 35.8% occurred while officers were responding to

disturbance calls (family quarrels, man with gun, etc.). Personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) were used in 85.4% of all assaults on law enforcement officers.

Police were able to clear 1,288 assaults during the year for a 76.2% clearance rate.

1975 ASSAULT BY WEAPON

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

AGGRAVATED AND SIMPLE ASSAULT

	TOTAL	PERMAN	KNIFE	OTHER	ROCKS, STICK	SIMPLE	GRAND TOTAL	AGGRAVATED	GRAND TOTAL
Androscoquin	267	10(6.3)	33(22.5)	36(13.5)	190(67.9)	166	432	13	8.3
Arundel	92	17(18.5)	12(13.0)	8(8.7)	12(13.0)	292	380	36	9.5
Cumberland	498	20(15.1)	94(48.9)	82(17.7)	340(49.4)	562	1,360	143	11.6
Franklin	15	3(32.3)	1(6.7)	1(6.7)	3(33.3)	12	37	3	13.5
Hancock	38	14(36.8)	7(18.4)	2(5.3)	13(36.1)	113	149	13	9.4
Kennebec	176	17(9.7)	29(11.4)	31(17.6)	198(61.4)	433	609	27	4.4
Knox	41	9(22.0)	4(9.8)	5(12.2)	33(86.1)	107	148	17	6.8
Lincoln	31	5(16.1)	3(9.7)	12(38.7)	11(35.5)	37	68	15	23.5
Oxford	40	14(35.0)	4(10.0)	4(10.0)	18(45.0)	91	121	10	6.3
Penobscot	79	14(17.7)	17(21.5)	9(11.4)	39(49.4)	282	361	53	17.5
Piscataquis	21	7(33.3)	5(33.3)	1(4.8)	8(38.1)	20	41	3	7.3
Sagadahoc	24	3(25.0)	4(16.7)		15(62.5)	45	69	4	5.8
Somerset	70	14(20.0)	4(5.7)	9(12.9)	43(61.4)	62	132	13	9.8
Waldo	37	3(8.1)	1(2.7)	1(2.7)	32(86.5)	25	63	3	4.8
Washington	23	13(10.4)	5(6.5)	6(6.5)	63(57.7)	39	122	16	13.1
York	172	33(19.2)	17(9.9)	14(8.1)	108(62.8)	107	322	58	18.0
TOTAL	1,696	264(15.6)	235(13.9)	227(13.4)	964(57.0)	2,714	4,404	461	10.5

BURGLARY

Burglary, also known as Breaking and Entering, is "the unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny." Data collection for this offense in Uniform Crime Reporting is recorded in three categories: (1) forcible entries; (2) unlawful entry - no force; and (3) attempted forcible entry.

Seventy-seven percent of all burglaries which occurred during 1975 were classified as forcible entry. Of the total 14,443 burglaries, 13.5% were classified Unlawful Entry - No Force, and 8.8% were classified Attempted Forcible Entry.

The value of property stolen in the classification of burglary was \$3,815,084, of which two-thirds was from residences.

In Cumberland County there were 4,623 burglaries representing 32.0% of the state total. The value of property lost through burglary was \$1,185,601 or 31.1% of the state total.

The Census Bureau indicated a total of 397,167 household units in Maine in 1972. The rate of burglary per household was 22.78 per 1,000 households throughout the state; the rate in Cumberland County was 40.97. The value of property in residences lost in burglary in the state was \$2,519,608. Property value lost in Cumberland County was \$800,311 or 31.8% of the state total stolen by the crime classification.

TOTAL TABLE
ANALYSIS OF BURGLARY
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1971

TYPE OF BURGLARY	NUMBER OF OFFENSES
Possible Entry	11,211
Unlawful Entry - No Force	1,093
Attempted Possible Entry	1,271
TOTAL	14,583

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PRIORITY DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUE	PRIORITY CONTRIBUTION
PROFIDENCE				
6 AM - 6 PM	2,911	13.9	\$ 549,876	14.7
6 PM - 6 AM	2,932	20.2	948,796	28.3
UNKNOWN	4,117	28.5	1,024,836	30.9
SUB-TOTAL	9,849	62.6	\$2,510,608	60.1
NON-RESISTANCE				
6 AM - 6 PM	300	2.3	\$ 61,891	1.4
6 PM - 6 AM	4,062	27.7	881,611	25.8
UNKNOWN	1,029	7.6	218,066	6.5
SUB-TOTAL	5,398	37.4	\$1,209,476	33.8
GRAND TOTAL	14,443	100.0	\$3,619,084	100.0

CUMBERLAND COUNTY
ANALYSIS OF BURGLARY
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1974

TYPE OF BURGLARY		NUMBER OF OFFENSES		
Forcible Entry		3,345		
Unlawful Entry - No Force		826		
Attempted Forcible Entry		452		
TOTAL		4,623		

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
RESIDENCE				
6 AM - 6 PM	882	19.1	\$ 231,451	15.4
6 PM - 6 AM	1,048	22.7	298,915	25.3
Unknown	1,104	23.9	269,945	22.8
SUB-TOTAL	3,034	65.7	\$ 800,311	67.6
NON-RESIDENCE				
6 AM - 6 PM	91	1.9	\$ 10,047	.8
6 PM - 6 AM	1,173	25.4	294,974	24.7
Unknown	325	7.0	80,269	6.8
SUB-TOTAL	1,589	34.3	\$ 385,290	32.4
GRAND TOTAL	4,623	100.0	\$1,185,601	100.0

ANALYSIS OF BIRTHDAY
Time of Day
January - December, 1975

	PITTSBURGH				NON-PITTSBURGH			
	DAY	NIGHT	UNK	TOTAL PERC.	DAY	NIGHT	UNK	TOTAL BIRTHDAY
ANDRO	110	230	163	503	22	331	130	583
AROE	22	118	77	227	10	276	05	393
CUMBER	692	1,066	1,304	3,062	91	7,133	325	7,549
FRANK	34	25	154	213	5	52	17	74
HANC	32	97	371	500	13	148	51	212
KENNY	146	152	105	403	21	406	91	518
KNOX	103	90	104	297	2	133	12	147
LIME	115	74	346	535	5	44	12	61
OXFORD	47	65	85	197	3	110	9	122
PENNO	170	216	220	606	75	462	135	672
PISCOP	6	75	23	104	2	12	16	30
SAGAN	62	134	162	358	2	60	22	84
SOMER	67	89	113	269	10	239	75	324
WALDO	34	47	254	335	4	51	19	74
WASH	72	136	93	301	3	61	13	77
YORK	199	295	528	1,022	32	391	140	563
TOTAL	2,011	2,922	4,112	9,045	306	4,063	1,089	5,458
% OF Sub- Total	22.2%	32.3%	45.5%	100.0%	5.7%	74.1%	20.2%	100.0%

Day - 6 A M - 6 P M

Night - 6 P M - 6 A M

Unk - Time of Day Unknown

Prepared by the MCJDC
June, 1976

ANALYSIS OF BURGLARY
RATE PER 1,000 HOUSEHOLDS

	Number Household Units	Number Residential Burglaries	Rate Per 1,000 Households
Andrusville	31,994	508	15.88
Arconatook	30,837	227	7.36
Chamberland	74,063	3,033	16.12
Franklin	10,496	213	20.29
Harwick	19,975	360	18.04
Kennebec	24,781	636	18.38
Knox	13,270	262	19.74
Lancaster	31,702	375	11.83
Oxford	19,156	196	10.23
Pemuncet	42,791	641	14.98
Pineville	9,324	104	11.16
Sackville	9,449	143	15.13
Somerses	16,558	459	27.71
Waldo	10,246	335	32.70
Washington	14,021	307	21.90
York	48,530	1,023	21.08
TOTAL	397,167	9,045	22.75

ANALYSIS OF BUDGETARY
RATE PER 1,000 BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENTS

	Number Commercial Businesses	Number Commercial Bureaucratic	Rate Per 1,000 Businesses
Androscoggin	1,915	332	257.81
Ardenboro	1,383	138	179.04
Cumberland	3,380	1,589	262.79
Franklin	605	78	125.92
Hancock	1,036	212	204.64
Kennebec	1,967	516	263.34
Knox	781	149	191.33
Lincoln	673	61	90.62
Oxford	1,032	122	118.22
Penobscot	2,434	672	273.55
Piscataquis	404	34	59.41
Sagadahoc	406	84	206.90
Somerset	990	324	356.73
Waldo	549	65	118.40
Washington	787	77	97.53
York	2,719	553	203.33
TOTAL	22,616	5,398	238.68

LARCENY - THEFT

Larceny - theft is "the unlawful taking of the property of another with the intent to deprive him of ownership." Motor vehicle thefts are excluded from this offense classification. A supplementary report form breaks out several categories: (1) pocket-picking; (2) purse-snatching; (3) shoplifting; (4) from motor vehicles; (5) motor vehicle parts and accessories; (6) bicycles; (7) from buildings; (8) from coin operated machines; and (9) all other. Larcenies are also categorized by dollar value: (1) under \$50; (2) \$50 to \$200; and (3) \$200 and over.

The crime of larceny accounted for 54.9% of all index crimes reported in the state, and 53.2% of Cumberland County's reported crime. Cumberland's 6,960 larcenies represented 30.2% of the state total; stolen property valuation in that county was 5% of the state total.

Larcenies of property in excess of \$200 in value accounted for only 16% of total larceny offenses, but accounted for approximately 67% of the value of property stolen. Larcenies of \$50 or less accounted for 47% of the total larceny offenses, but accounted for only 6% of property stolen.

Cumberland County, with 6,960 reported larcenies, represents 30.2% of all larcenies in the state, which the total value represented nearly 35% of the state total. Larcenies in excess of \$200 in value accounted for 18.3% of total larceny offenses, but represented 70.1% of the value.

Larcenies from Motor Vehicles totaling 4,675 statewide, with an average value of \$138 confirms the recent increase in thefts of CB units.

TOTAL STATE
ANALYSIS OF LARCENY
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	VALUES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	AVERAGE VALUE
Pocket-picking	93	.4%	\$ 9,152	.3%	\$ 93
Pass-snatching	172	.7	16,383	.5	95
Shoplifting	1,930	8.6	12,778	1.3	22
From Motor Vehicles	4,673	20.3	447,367	20.1	136
MV Parts & Access.	3,292	14.4	208,758	8.0	63
Bicycles	2,860	12.6	720,088	7.7	88
From Building	4,616	20.1	665,416	27.1	187
From Coin Op. Mach.	267	.9	16,488	.3	58
All Other	3,096	22.1	1,092,359	34.2	213
TOTAL	24,996	100.0%	\$3,195,724	100.0%	\$139

CUMBERLAND COUNTY
ANALYSIS OF LARCENY
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	VALUES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	AVERAGE VALUE
Pocket-picking	44	.6%	\$ 5,493	.4%	\$120
Pass-snatching	69	1.0	8,724	.4	126
Shoplifting	421	6.0	13,812	1.3	33
From Motor Vehicles	1,514	21.6	256,091	22.7	163
MV Parts & Access.	1,153	16.6	108,846	9.9	94
Bicycles	865	12.4	75,736	6.9	88
From Building	1,510	21.7	293,415	26.7	194
From Coin Op. Mach.	58	.8	2,959	.3	51
All Other	1,326	19.1	349,559	31.0	257
TOTAL	6,960	100.0%	\$1,099,465	100.0%	\$158

ANALYSIS OF LARCENY
January - December, 1975

County	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Andromedon	3	3	286	343	339	411	453	6	117	2,110
Brookfield	8	8	319	253	175	110	290	7	112	1,130
Chamberland	44	69	421	1,514	1,153	551	1,510	30	1,100	6,000
Franklin	0	0	21	46	15	10	60	2	10	100
Hancock	3	6	44	85	60	60	114	10	100	1,100
Kennebec	3	6	200	413	410	230	275	10	100	1,100
Knox	0	3	79	213	67	81	82	3	100	1,100
Lincoln	2	0	12	61	55	16	52	1	100	1,100
Orford	0	1	26	108	93	43	67	100	100	1,100
Penobscot	17	40	263	574	427	300	750	42	1,100	2,500
Presque Isle	0	1	9	38	29	11	41	1	40	1,100
Sagadahoc	1	1	19	131	113	138	82	5	100	1,100
Somerset	1	6	36	195	55	56	97	6	210	1,100
Waldo	2	1	9	70	30	2	77	2	80	1,100
Washington	0	14	40	67	32	27	75	4	135	1,100
York	9	10	194	550	239	373	365	29	112	2,500
TOTAL	98	172	1,980	4,675	3,292	2,360	4,616	207	5,000	22,000

Provided by the MCJDC
June, 1976

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Motor Vehicle Theft is simply "the larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle"; included here is "joy riding." Excluded is an auto offense for the same crime reporting as a reported offense where there is lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others with lawful access, such as with employees. The type of vehicle is classified as: (1) automobile; (2) truck and bus; and (3) other vehicles.

In 1975 there were a total of 2,233 motor vehicle thefts in Maine. Automobiles accounted for 70.4% of motor vehicle thefts.

The total value of motor vehicles stolen was \$3,675,337 while the recovered value was \$1,037,302.

In Maine there were 590,721 registered passenger cars and trucks as of July 1, 1975. Using this figure as a base, the rate of theft per 1,000 vehicles is 3.38. (The category "Other Vehicles" which includes farm tractor, snowmobile, etc., is not included in this rate).

Nearly 26% of the Motor Vehicle Theft occurred in Cumberland County where 20% of the states motor vehicles are registered. The rate of theft per 1,000 vehicles (excluding "Other Vehicles") is 5.86.

Thirty-three percent of the reported offenses were cleared by arrest or exceptional means.

MAINE VEHICLES THEFT 1973

	Police Trucks	Stolen Autos	Rate Stolen Autos /1000	Rank	Police Trucks & Bus	Stolen Trucks & Bus	Rate Trucks & Bus	Rank	Other Vehicles	Total Vehicles Stolen	% of State Total
Androscoggin	37,593	134	4.10	3	9,503	10	1.02	10	26	190	8.50%
Aroostook	34,032	113	3.29	8	17,163	21	1.22	8	11	145	6.49%
Cumberland	94,695	619	6.54	1	23,329	76	3.13	1	90	785	35.14%
Franklin	9,069	23	3.23	9	4,379	2	0.47	13	4	35	1.53%
Hancock	16,860	40	2.31	14	6,493	4	0.62	14	1	45	1.97%
Kennebec	41,777	141	3.33	7	13,707	19	1.33	5	22	162	8.16%
Knock	13,191	52	3.94	4	4,460	9	1.94	1	2	63	2.82%
Lincoln	11,431	9	0.79	16	4,387	3	1.14	9	1	14	0.63%
Oxford	13,349	45	3.43	12	7,333	10	1.35	6	2	57	2.55%
Penobscot	31,636	253	4.90	2	12,996	29	1.53	4	32	214	14.36%
Piscataquis	4,553	13	2.75	11	3,679	4	1.03	7	1	23	1.03%
Sagadahoc	10,661	26	2.44	13	2,712	3	1.00	11	3	37	1.66%
Somerset	16,130	56	3.46	6	7,821	14	1.84	3	3	73	3.49%
Waldo	10,364	13	1.43	15	4,725	1	0.21	16	0	16	0.72%
Washington	12,314	43	3.51	5	6,383	8	0.85	15	4	54	2.42%
York	33,584	160	3.49	10	14,734	12	0.68	12	24	197	8.82%
Out of State	267										
TOTAL	940,333	1,774	4.52		149,395	220	1.40		230	2,035	

Provided by
Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, March 1978

STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY

Supplementary reports relating to properties stolen and recovered provide information on the estimated value of such properties. The investigating officer has the obligation to assess the value of property stolen and recovered in each crime index offense. The officer is guided by the following instructions:

- (1) Use fair market value for items subject to depreciation.
- (2) Use wholesale cost of goods stolen from retail establishments.
- (3) Use victim's evaluation of nondepreciable items.
- (4) Use cost of replacement to victims for new or almost new items.

During the year 1975, property valued in excess of \$10 million was stolen. During this same period, law enforcement officers recovered nearly \$4.5 million for a recovery rate of 40.8%.

A breakdown by type of property follows:

TYPE OF PROPERTY	STOLEN	RECOVERED	PERCENT RECOVERED
Currency, Notes, Etc.	\$ 1,141,527	\$ 182,473	16.0
Jewelry and Precious Metals	447,113	60,984	12.8
Clothing and Furs	224,298	41,919	18.7
Locally Stolen Motor Vehicles	3,675,332	3,037,402	82.6
Office Equipment	99,030	20,480	20.7
Televisions, Radios, Cameras, Etc.	1,161,056	175,551	15.1
Firearms	217,286	33,935	15.6
Household Goods	737,033	77,435	10.5
Consumable Goods	295,571	40,080	13.6
Livestock	37,589	7,329	19.5
Miscellaneous	2,740,688	733,344	26.8
TOTAL	\$10,806,523	\$4,410,923	40.8

The county breakdown which follows shows the rate of recovery from a low of 16.04% in Waldo County to a high of 50.36% in Hancock County.

The high recovery rate for the category Motor Vehicles may be due to the classification "Joy Ride" being a reportable Motor Vehicle Theft offense.

PROPERTY STOLEN/RECOVERED BY COUNTY

		ANDROSKEGGIN	ARCOSTOCK	CUMBERLAND	FRANKLIN	HANCOCK	KENNEBEC	KNOX	LINCOLN
Currency:	Stolen	\$ 87,721	\$ 60,534	\$ 262,021	\$ 99,233	\$ 48,272	\$ 44,034	\$ 23,323	\$ 13,137
	Recovered	21,533	6,803	30,381	533	3,733	11,721	76	1,111
	% Recovered	24.53	11.23	11.48	0.54	7.73	26.61	3.23	8.43
Jewelry:	Stolen	45,276	15,356	211,342	4,945	6,733	26,361	27,766	23,323
	Recovered	1,861	9,443	23,122	473	3,044	3,044	7,122	1,844
	% Recovered	4.11	62.73	11.01	9.54	45.23	11.53	25.63	7.93
Clothing, Furs:	Stolen	14,013	3,233	110,046	613	3,413	3,933	13,343	3,143
	Recovered	2,937	824	7,522	79	323	2,533	10,801	1,111
	% Recovered	20.86	25.63	6.82	12.89	9.44	64.13	81.93	3.53
Locally Stolen Automobiles:	Stolen	312,563	242,333	1,333,823	84,710	55,923	223,433	77,123	13,333
	Recovered	272,333	213,333	923,023	46,563	59,233	223,633	71,123	13,333
	% Recovered	87.14	88.73	69.32	54.93	105.77	100.13	92.13	100.13
Office Equipment:	Stolen	6,937	4,981	49,062	394	435	13,482	2,935	746
	Recovered	676	1,313	6,937			7,323	1,860	
	% Recovered	9.74	26.33	14.13			54.29	63.21	
Televisions, Cameras, etc.:	Stolen	66,533	39,816	483,167	11,794	14,133	121,774	43,233	23,413
	Recovered	12,633	7,841	66,421	3,053	3,574	25,378	3,353	2,844
	% Recovered	19.03	19.69	13.75	25.93	25.16	20.94	7.73	12.13
Firearms:	Stolen	15,003	12,760	61,763	9,636	4,813	15,233	7,693	8,153
	Recovered	4,932	2,473	8,323	233	1,843	3,047	3,733	4,111
	% Recovered	32.93	19.43	13.43	2.43	38.21	19.81	48.39	50.13
Household Goods:	Stolen	29,233	12,827	179,112	21,349	67,819	47,931	51,847	44,333
	Recovered	1,002	74	61,177	3,333	3,143	2,723	4,711	1,876
	% Recovered	3.43	0.57	34.13	15.63	4.64	5.67	9.09	4.23
Consumable Goods:	Stolen	23,961	20,513	32,047	2,573	26,433	25,467	21,050	3,023
	Recovered	3,647	2,522	13,110	313	3,311	1,000	3,623	333
	% Recovered	15.22	12.33	40.93	12.13	12.53	3.93	17.24	11.03
Livestock:	Stolen	1,113	1,400	17,316	136		1,525		2,66
	Recovered	1,256	373	2,073	103		300		1,103
	% Recovered	112.93	26.73	11.93	75.73		19.63		41.43
Miscellaneous:	Stolen	151,913	124,537	796,812	15,433	243,333	235,437	67,354	31,103
	Recovered	27,233	31,119	311,511	6,733	162,627	24,193	11,593	23,467
	% Recovered	17.93	25.03	39.03	43.63	66.83	10.23	17.22	75.73
TOTAL	Stolen	747,333	534,313	3,437,532	240,331	341,334	513,336	233,733	203,177
	Recovered	348,484	233,333	1,333,897	39,212	342,733	223,633	113,633	39,423
	% Recovered	46.63	43.63	38.83	16.33	100.43	43.53	48.63	19.43

PROPERTY STOLEN/RECOVERED BY COUNTY

	OXFORD	PENOBSCOT	PISCATAGUIS	SAGadahoc	SOMERSET	WALES	WASHINGTON	YORK
Currency: Stolen	\$ 14,294	\$ 160,253	\$ 3,350	\$ 35,479	\$ 25,983	\$ 9,331	\$ 35,301	\$ 118,530
Recovered	4,425	14,432	211	261	12,887	237	51,321	16,944
% Recovered	30.96	9.01	15.37	2.72	49.61	2.53	53.92	14.16
Jewelry: Stolen	1,565	25,810	1,300	2,624	3,673	515	4,516	75,036
Recovered	520	5,246	819	60	180	500	703	3,657
% Recovered	32.81	20.71	61.54	2.35	4.90	93.49	15.53	4.83
Clothing, Furs: Stolen	2,076	17,263	214	2,327	4,833	210	10,494	31,041
Recovered	185	3,475	9	295	348		0,321	5,643
% Recovered	6.50	20.12	4.21	8.21	19.81		60.23	18.18
Locally Stolen Automobiles: Stolen	114,200	435,031	53,000	47,265	276,546	27,550	97,460	232,038
Recovered	103,420	410,425	50,450	34,045	245,831	20,950	85,325	234,725
% Recovered	90.59	84.63	95.19	72.03	89.26	76.04	87.75	88.13
Office Equipment: Stolen	2,725	7,664	1,282	232	1,416	185	340	7,144
Recovered	130	720			650			304
% Recovered	4.77	9.39			45.90			12.65
Televisions, Cameras, etc: Stolen	10,934	120,560	6,332	34,961	30,612	21,005	8,806	139,441
Recovered	1,279	19,907	543	6,347	1,132	2,641	2,808	15,539
% Recovered	11.64	16.51	8.33	18.15	3.67	12.57	32.91	11.14
Firearms: Stolen	2,150	23,364	3,543	4,986	20,026	4,017	7,335	13,673
Recovered	1,330	2,756	533	625	1,413		1,440	1,874
% Recovered	64.19	11.80	15.08	12.54	7.06		19.63	13.71
Household Goods: Stolen	22,849	55,427	3,861	78,690	22,844	35,512	20,936	50,390
Recovered	1,513	7,409	370	2,109	2,929	273	913	5,350
% Recovered	6.64	13.37	9.58	2.68	12.82	0.77	4.36	10.42
Consumable Goods: Stolen	19,463	30,421	919	8,860	10,375	14,050	5,603	39,133
Recovered	801	4,510	3	701	173	70	1,177	4,369
% Recovered	4.12	14.83	0.33	7.91	1.67	0.50	21.01	11.46
Livestock: Stolen		1,341	1,000	475	1,276	600	3,590	2,008
Recovered		2,170			10		798	143
% Recovered		111.80			0.78		14.28	7.12
Miscellaneous: Stolen	72,943	264,011	20,705	64,593	120,374	49,034	59,041	316,375
Recovered	14,822	112,931	10,904	30,776	14,146	1,388	7,230	65,389
% Recovered	20.33	42.73	57.39	32.26	10.99	2.77	11.23	20.56
TOTAL: Stolen	363,258	1,191,243	104,361	289,121	527,229	162,382	316,449	1,394,270
Recovered	128,476	931,081	61,250	69,832	261,387	23,347	158,932	374,257
% Recovered	48.81	49.83	61.23	23.98	53.27	14.34	50.22	34.24

CLEARANCE RATES

A Crime Index Offense is cleared when a law enforcement agency has identified the offender, there is enough evidence to charge him and he is actually taken into custody. The arrest of one person can clear several crimes, or several persons may be arrested in the process of clearing one crime. It should be noted that clearances reported do not necessarily relate to actual offenses during the year.

For the year 1976, 22.2 percent of all Index Crimes were cleared either by arrest or exceptional means. The percentage of violent crimes cleared was 70.0 percent while the clearance rate for property crimes was 19.5 percent. In Chardon and County, 61.6% of all violent crimes and 15.4% of all property crimes were cleared by arrest or exceptional means.

An analysis of the number of offenses, number cleared, and the percent cleared by municipality follows this section.

CONTINUED

1 OF 4

PERCENT OF INDEX CRIMES
CLEARED BY ARREST OR EXCEPTIONAL MEANS
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	TOTAL
Androscoggin	150.0	50.0	29.4	75.9	29.7	24.9	32.6	30.4
Aroostook	100.0	50.0	33.3	75.0	20.0	34.7	49.7	33.7
Cumberland	200.0	40.0	46.5	66.7	18.2	13.4	17.1	17.9
Franklin	100.0	-	0.0	93.3	11.0	19.8	40.0	18.6
Hancock	100.0	60.0	60.0	80.6	8.0	11.5	26.7	13.5
Kennebec	200.0	83.3	50.0	84.1	17.8	14.5	30.8	21.2
Knox	75.0	50.0	12.5	80.5	14.8	17.1	28.6	19.3
Lincoln	100.0	100.0	33.3	87.1	11.7	14.6	28.6	16.4
Oxford	100.0	33.3	20.0	95.0	46.4	17.5	61.4	32.8
Penobscot	62.5	90.9	42.5	88.6	36.1	21.1	31.5	27.5
Piscataquis	100.0	-	-	90.5	12.2	24.0	82.6	29.6
Sagadahoc	-	50.0	25.0	66.7	22.5	18.1	56.8	21.7
Somerset	-	100.0	23.1	92.9	10.2	13.8	34.6	16.7
Waldo	300.0	-	57.1	51.4	9.3	6.2	50.0	11.9
Washington	-	75.0	0.0	76.3	16.4	26.6	83.3	30.6
York	150.0	50.0	50.0	79.7	15.9	17.6	52.2	21.4
TOTAL	125.0	57.5	42.1	76.2	19.9	17.9	33.0	22.2

ARREST DATA

Law enforcement agencies submit monthly forms detailing the number of persons arrested. These forms categorize the arrests by offense classification (both Part I and Part II crimes), and by age, race and sex. No traffic offenses, except driving under the influence, are included. The same individual may be arrested several times over a period of time; each separate arrest is counted. A person may be arrested on several charges at one time; only one arrest is counted and is listed under the most serious charge. For Uniform Crime Reporting, a juvenile is counted as "arrested" when the circumstances are such that if he or she were an adult, an arrest would result; in fact, there may not have been a formal charge.

Nearly one third (32.7%) of all arrests during 1975 were juveniles. Of the 11,027 juveniles arrested, 36.7% were for index crimes.

The report form on juvenile arrests used by the police agency, includes a section on the disposition of each person. These categories are: (1) handled within the department and released; (2) referred to juvenile court or a probation and parole office; (3) referred to a welfare agency; (4) referred to other police agency; and (5) referred to the criminal or adult court. During the year 1975, police handled 60.7% of all juveniles within their department; 33.0% were referred to the juvenile court; and a total of 6.3% were referred to a welfare agency, another police agency or criminal court.

A review of adults arrested (18 years of age and over) reveals that 18.7% were for index crimes. Over one half (51.8%)

of adults arrested were under 25 years of age; and 25.0% were between 25 and 34, inclusive.

Considering both juveniles and adults, 75.5% of the 33,696 persons arrested were under 35 years of age. Twenty-four percent of all arrests were for index crimes. There were 7.9 index crime arrests for every thousand people in Maine; Part II arrests numbered 24.3 per 1,000 people.

ARRESTS - DRUG AND LIQUOR VIOLATIONS

Due to the nature of the violations and a high interest and concern by public officials and the citizens of Maine generally, a special review is provided of drug and alcohol related arrests. The charts displayed reveal the number and age of people arrested between January and December, 1975.

The information provided here should be of interest to social agencies involved in the study of drugs and alcohol problems in Maine. The information pinpoints the predominant drug and liquor arrests in Maine by age and identified possible problem areas.

Facts revealed by the chart on drug violations:

- * 81.9% of all Juvenile drug arrests involved marijuana.
- * 86.1% of all adult drug arrests involved marijuana.

Facts revealed by the chart on liquor violations:

- * 83.6% of all arrests involving juveniles were for violation of liquor laws, while 16.4% were for driving under the influence.
- * 90.2% of all arrests involving adults were for driving under the influence.

1975 ESTIMATED POPULATION

	ESTIMATED 1975 POPULATION	ESTIMATED JUVENILES (0-17)	ESTIMATED ADULTS (18 & Over)
Androscoggin	95,014	42,856	58,423
Aroostook	96,542	37,875	58,717
Cumberland	200,824	67,838	132,986
Franklin	24,034	8,484	15,549
Hancock	37,680	12,137	25,543
Kennebec	100,106	34,447	65,659
Knox	31,671	10,056	21,615
Lincoln	21,997	7,134	14,863
Oxford	44,000	15,946	28,054
Penobscot	131,981	44,979	87,002
Piscataquis	18,027	5,980	12,047
Sagadahoc	25,358	8,943	16,415
Somerset	42,263	15,215	27,048
Waldo	25,969	9,258	16,711
Washington	31,773	10,402	21,371
York	119,761	40,515	79,246
TOTAL	1,047,000	362,262	684,738

TOTAL "ARRESTS" REPORTED - 1975 *

	Adult "Arrests" # %	Juvenile "Arrests" # %	Total Arrests	% of Total	Total Pop.-1975	Arrests per 1000 Pop.-1975 Rate	Rank
Androscoggin	2,438 (59.7)	1,657 (40.3)	4,115	12.2	95,014	43.3	1
Aroostook	2,424 (82.8)	504 (17.2)	2,928	8.7	96,542	30.2	7
Cumberland	4,903 (60.5)	3,196 (39.5)	8,099	24.0	200,824	39.7	2
Franklin	442 (85.8)	73 (14.2)	515	1.5	24,034	21.4	14
Hancock	853 (76.6)	261 (23.4)	1,114	3.1	37,680	29.5	9
Kennebec	1,881 (66.6)	944 (33.4)	2,825	8.4	100,106	28.0	11
Knox	465 (72.1)	180 (27.9)	645	1.9	31,671	20.3	15
Lincoln	408 (82.6)	86 (17.4)	494	1.5	21,997	22.4	13
Oxford	799 (72.7)	300 (27.3)	1,099	3.3	44,000	24.9	12
Penobscot	2,439 (63.6)	1,405 (36.4)	3,864	11.5	131,981	29.0	10
Piscataquis	518 (83.0)	106 (17.0)	624	1.8	18,027	34.6	4
Sagadahoc	376 (48.8)	394 (51.2)	770	2.3	25,358	30.3	6
Somerset	778 (61.5)	488 (38.5)	1,266	3.7	42,263	30.0	8
Waldo	281 (68.2)	131 (31.8)	412	1.2	25,969	15.9	16
Washington	964 (84.9)	171 (15.1)	1,135	3.4	31,773	35.6	3
York	2,660 (70.2)	1,131 (29.8)	3,791	11.3	119,761	31.5	5
TOTAL	22,669 (67.3)	11,027 (32.7)	33,696	100.0	1,047,000	30.3	-

*Includes those released without having been formally charged.
 Provided by the MCJDC, March, 1976

JUVENILE "ARRESTS" - 1975 *

	JUVENILE "ARRESTS"		ESTIMATED 1975 JUVENILE POP.		ARRESTS PER 1,000 JUVEN.	
	Number Reported	Percent of State Total	Estimated Number	Percent of State Total	Arrest Rate	County Ranking
Androscoggin	1,657	15.0%	32,856	9.1%	30.4	1
Aroostook	504	4.6%	37,825	10.4%	13.3	14
Cumberland	3,196	29.0%	67,833	18.7%	47.0	2
Franklin	73	0.7%	8,484	2.3%	8.6	16
Hancock	261	2.4%	12,137	3.4%	21.5	8
Kennebec	944	8.6%	34,447	9.5%	27.4	7
Knox	180	1.6%	10,056	2.8%	17.9	10
Lincoln	86	0.8%	7,134	2.0%	12.0	15
Oxford	300	2.7%	15,946	4.4%	18.8	9
Penobscot	1,405	12.7%	44,979	12.4%	31.2	5
Piscataquis	106	1.0%	5,980	1.7%	17.7	11
Sagadahoc	394	3.6%	8,943	2.5%	44.0	3
Somerset	488	4.4%	15,215	4.2%	32.1	4
Waldo	131	1.2%	9,258	2.5%	14.1	13
Washington	171	1.6%	10,402	2.9%	16.4	12
York	1,131	10.3%	40,515	11.2%	27.8	6
TOTAL	11,027	100.0%	362,262	100.0%	29.8	-

*Includes those released without having been formally charged.
 Provided by the MCJDC, March, 1976

ADULT "ARRESTS" - 1975*

	ADULT "ARRESTS"		ESTIMATED 1975 ADULT POP.		ARRESTS PER 1,000 ADULTS	
	Number Reported	Percent of State Total	Estimated Number	Percent of State Total	Arrest Rate	County Ranking
Androscoggin	2,453	10.8%	58,423	8.6%	42.0	3
Aroostook	2,424	10.7%	58,717	8.6%	41.2	4
Cumberland	4,903	21.6%	132,986	19.4%	36.8	5
Franklin	442	1.9%	15,549	2.3%	28.4	10
Hancock	353	3.8%	25,543	3.7%	33.4	7
Kennebec	1,881	8.3%	65,659	9.6%	28.6	9
Knox	465	2.1%	21,615	3.2%	21.5	14
Lincoln	408	1.8%	14,863	2.2%	27.4	12
Oxford	799	3.6%	28,054	4.1%	28.4	10
Penobscot	2,459	10.3%	87,002	12.7%	28.0	11
Piscataquis	513	2.3%	12,047	1.8%	43.0	2
Sagadahoc	376	1.7%	16,415	2.4%	22.9	13
Somerset	778	3.4%	27,048	4.0%	28.7	8
Waldo	281	1.2%	16,711	2.4%	16.8	15
Washington	964	4.3%	21,371	3.1%	45.0	1
York	2,660	11.7%	79,246	11.6%	33.5	6
TOTAL	22,669	100.0%	684,738	99.7%	31.7	-

*Includes those released without having been formally charged.

Provided by the MCJDC

March, 1976

ADULT "ARRESTS" - 1975*

	NUMBER OF PART I OFFENSES	PERCENT OF COUNTY TOTAL	NUMBER OF PART II OFFENSES	PERCENT OF COUNTY TOTAL	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRESTS	PERCENT OF STATE TOTAL	NUMBER OF MALE OFFENDERS	PERCENT OF COUNTY TOTAL	NUMBER OF FEMALE OFFENDERS	PERCENT OF COUNTY TOTAL
Androscoggin	493	20.1%	1,965	79.9%	2,458	10.3%	2,183	88.6%	275	11.2%
Aroostook	489	20.2%	1,933	79.8%	2,422	10.7%	2,144	88.4%	280	11.6%
Cumberland	892	18.2%	4,011	81.8%	4,903	21.3%	4,425	90.3%	478	9.7%
Franklin	65	14.7%	377	85.3%	442	1.9%	405	91.6%	37	8.4%
Hancock	111	13.0%	742	87.0%	853	3.8%	796	93.3%	57	6.7%
Kennebec	396	21.1%	1,485	78.9%	1,881	8.3%	1,679	89.3%	202	10.7%
Knox	89	13.1%	376	86.9%	465	2.1%	406	87.3%	59	12.7%
Lincoln	86	21.1%	322	78.9%	408	1.8%	378	92.6%	30	7.4%
Oxford	159	19.9%	640	80.1%	799	3.6%	743	93.2%	56	6.8%
Penobscot	481	19.6%	1,978	80.4%	2,459	10.8%	2,300	93.5%	159	6.5%
Piscataquis	74	14.3%	444	85.7%	518	2.3%	483	93.2%	35	6.8%
Sagadahoc	68	18.1%	308	81.9%	376	1.7%	352	93.6%	24	6.4%
Somerset	135	17.4%	643	82.6%	778	3.4%	728	93.6%	50	6.4%
Waldo	24	3.5%	257	91.5%	281	1.2%	273	97.2%	8	2.8%
Washington	196	20.3%	763	79.7%	959	4.3%	924	94.8%	35	5.2%
York	477	17.9%	2,183	82.1%	2,660	11.7%	2,442	91.8%	217	8.2%
TOTAL	4,233	18.7%	18,434	81.3%	22,667	100.0%	20,654	91.1%	2,013	8.9%

*Includes those released without having been formally charged.
 Provided by the MCJDC
 March, 1976

JUVENILE "ARRESTS" - 1975*

	NUMBER OF PART I OFFENSES	PERCENT OF COUNTY TOTAL	NUMBER OF PART II OFFENSES	PERCENT OF COUNTY TOTAL	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRESTS	PERCENT OF STATE TOTAL	NUMBER OF MALE OFFENDERS	PERCENT OF COUNTY TOTAL	NUMBER OF FEMALE OFFENDERS	PERCENT OF COUNTY TOTAL
Androscoggin	515	31.1%	1,141	68.9%	1,657	15.0%	1,249	73.4%	408	24.6%
Aroostook	216	42.9%	288	57.1%	504	4.6%	411	81.5%	93	18.5%
Cumberland	1,169	36.6%	2,027	63.4%	3,196	29.0%	2,513	78.6%	683	21.4%
Franklin	32	43.8%	41	56.2%	73	0.7%	60	82.2%	13	17.8%
Hancock	78	29.9%	183	70.1%	261	2.4%	221	84.7%	40	15.3%
Kennebec	374	39.6%	570	60.4%	944	8.6%	733	74.7%	239	25.3%
Knox	95	52.8%	85	47.2%	180	1.6%	145	80.6%	35	19.4%
Lincoln	43	50.0%	43	50.0%	86	0.8%	76	88.4%	10	11.6%
Oxford	131	43.7%	169	56.3%	300	2.7%	262	87.3%	38	12.7%
Penobscot	564	40.1%	841	59.9%	1,405	12.7%	1,032	73.5%	373	26.5%
Piscataquis	34	32.1%	72	67.9%	106	1.0%	104	98.1%	2	1.9%
Sagadahoc	101	25.6%	293	74.4%	394	3.6%	291	73.9%	103	26.1%
Somerset	125	25.6%	363	74.4%	488	4.4%	413	84.6%	75	15.4%
Waldo	49	37.4%	82	62.6%	131	1.2%	117	89.3%	14	10.7%
Washington	62	36.3%	109	63.7%	171	1.6%	143	83.6%	28	16.4%
York	459	40.6%	672	59.4%	1,131	10.3%	930	82.2%	201	17.8%
TOTAL	4,048	36.9%	6,979	63.3%	11,027	100.0%	8,672	78.6%	2,355	21.4%

*Includes those released without having been formally charged.
 Provided by the MCJDC
 March, 1976

1975 JUVENILE "ARRESTS" - POLICE DISPOSITIONS

COUNTY	HANDLED WITHIN DEPT. & RELEASED	REFERRED TO JUVENILE COURT OR PROBATION DEPT.	REFERRED TO WELFARE AGENCY	REFERRED TO OTHER POLICE AGENCY	REFERRED TO CRIMINAL OR ADULT COURT	TOTAL
Androscoggin	1,201 (72.3%)	316 (19.0%)	78 (4.7%)	56 (3.4%)	6 (0.4%)	1,657 (15.0%)
Aroostook	173 (34.3%)	319 (63.3%)	1 (0.2%)		11 (2.2%)	504 (4.5%)
Cumberland	2,227 (69.7%)	804 (25.2%)	89 (2.8%)	58 (1.8%)	18 (0.5%)	3,196 (28.9%)
Franklin	29 (39.7%)	40 (54.8%)	1 (1.4%)	3 (4.1%)		73 (0.7%)
Hancock	107 (41.0%)	124 (47.5%)	2 (0.8%)	7 (2.7%)	21 (8.0%)	261 (2.4%)
Kennebec	640 (67.8%)	245 (26.0%)	18 (1.9%)	5 (0.5%)	36 (3.8%)	944 (8.6%)
Knox	97 (53.8%)	79 (43.9%)	2 (1.1%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.6%)	180 (1.6%)
Lincoln	32 (37.2%)	49 (57.0%)		3 (3.5%)	2 (2.3%)	86 (0.8%)
Oxford	94 (31.3%)	155 (51.7%)			51 (17.0%)	300 (2.7%)
Penobscot	901 (64.1%)	493 (35.1%)	3 (0.2%)	3 (0.2%)	5 (0.4%)	1,405 (12.7%)
Piscataquis	25 (23.6%)	59 (55.7%)			22 (20.7%)	106 (1.0%)
Sagadahoc	285 (72.3%)	99 (25.1%)	3 (0.8%)	6 (1.5%)	1 (0.3%)	394 (3.6%)
Somerset	330 (67.6%)	123 (25.2%)	8 (1.6%)	12 (2.5%)	15 (3.1%)	488 (4.4%)
Waldo	63 (48.1%)	64 (48.8%)	1 (0.8%)	1 (0.8%)	2 (1.5%)	131 (1.2%)
Washington	40 (23.4%)	122 (71.3%)	5 (2.9%)	2 (1.2%)	2 (1.2%)	171 (1.6%)
York	451 (39.9%)	552 (48.8%)	7 (0.6%)	94 (8.3%)	27 (2.4%)	1,131 (10.3%)
TOTAL	6,695 (60.7%)	3,643 (33.0%)	218 (2.0%)	251 (2.3%)	220 (2.0%)	11,027

Provided by the
 Maine Criminal Justice Data Center
 April, 1976

NARCOTIC LAW "ARRESTS" - 1975

AGE	OPIMUM - COCAINE	MARIJUANA	SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS	NON-NAR DRUGS	TOTAL
10 and Under.....		1			1
11 - 12.....		3			3
13 - 14.....		90	1	10	101
15 - 16.....	1	250	11	21	283
17.....		196	10	12	218
Subtotal.....	1	540	22	43	606
18.....	2	218	7	4	231
19.....	6	180	14	10	210
20.....	7	147	10	13	177
21 - 29.....	22	516	38	35	611
30 - 39.....	2	39	1	4	46
40 - 49.....		8		3	11
50 - 59.....		2		1	3
60 and over.....					
Subtotal.....	39	1,110	70	70	1,289
TOTAL	40	1,650	92	113	1,895

LIQUOR LAWS "ARRESTS" - 1975

AGE	DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE	LIQUOR* LAWS VIOLATION	TOTAL
10 and Under.....		2	2
11 - 12.....		4	4
13 - 14.....	3	83	86
15 - 16.....	39	371	410
17.....	<u>114</u>	<u>337</u>	<u>451</u>
Subtotal.....	156	797	953
18.....	333	136	469
19.....	414	106	520
20.....	425	76	501
21 - 29.....	2,550	244	2,794
30 - 39.....	1,545	80	1,625
40 - 49.....	1,063	66	1,129
50 - 59.....	577	42	619
60 and over.....	<u>220</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>241</u>
Subtotal.....	7,127	771	7,898
TOTAL	7,283	1,568	8,851

*LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS exclude drunkenness charges as they are not "ARREST" VIOLATIONS.

UNEMPLOYMENT AND CRIME

In Maine, the unemployment rate fluctuated between 8.6% and 12.1% in 1975. Washington County, which has an unemployment rate of 154 persons per 1,000 people of the workforce, has one of the lower crime rates in the state with 29.58 crimes per 1,000 people. Cumberland County, which has the lowest unemployment rate with 77 persons per 1,000, has the highest crime rate with 65.11.

Monthly graphs of unemployment vs. crime has failed to reveal any significant trends between the two. Due to the limited period covered - July, 1974 - December, 1975, it is not known if extended unemployment benefits might have proven to be a crime deterrent or not. Continued plotting of the two factors may prove in the future if unemployment is a major cause of crime. This should be particularly noticable when the extended unemployment benefits cease.

It was found that unemployment and food stamp recipients paralleled along similar lines, food stamp recipients "showing up" approximately one month later than unemployment recipients. Trend analysis will continue in the future.

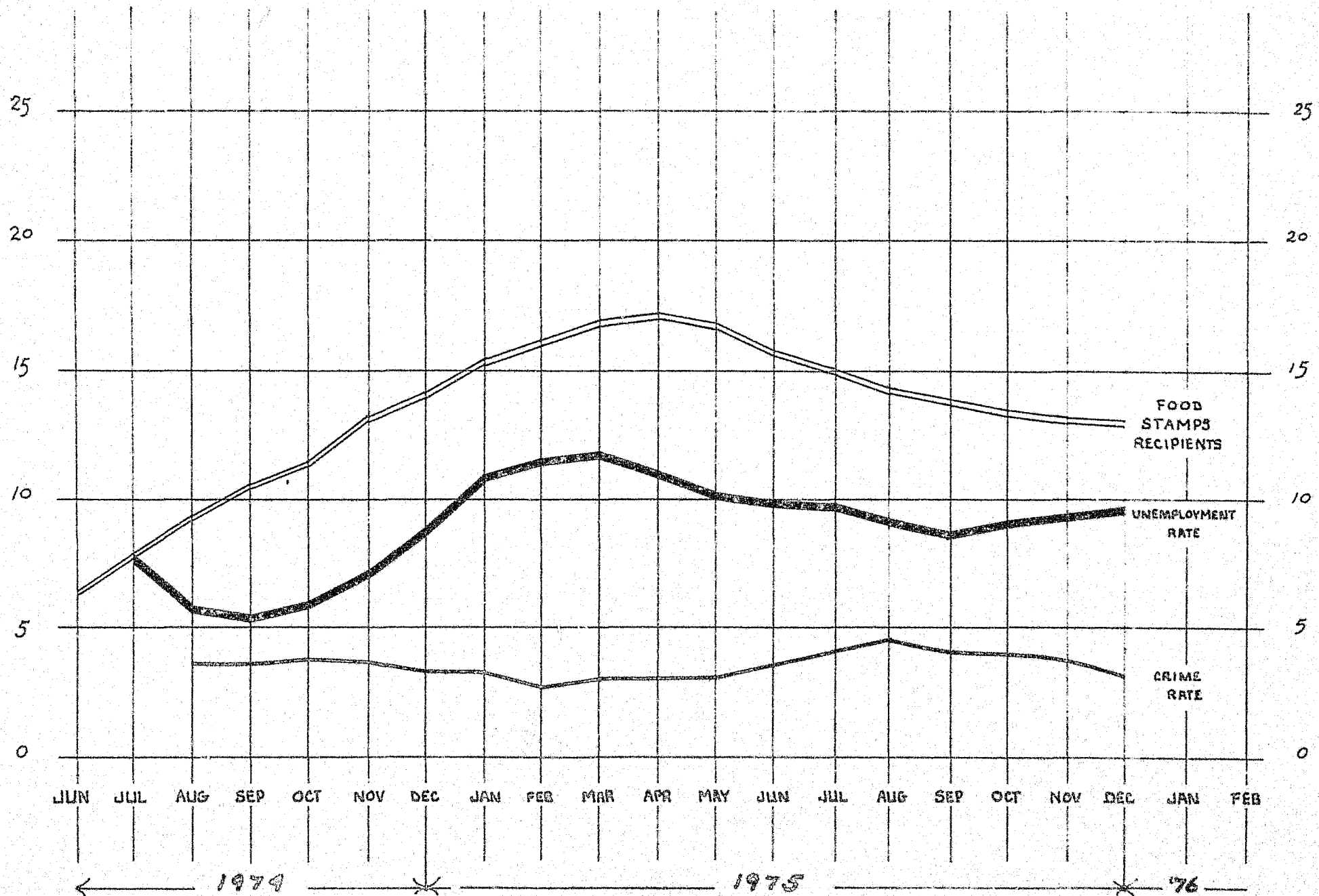
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
BY COUNTY
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1975

	ELIGIBLE WORKFORCE	NUMBER UNEMPLOYED	RATE PER 1,000 UNEMPLOYED
Androscoggin	41,220	3,423	83
Aroostook	36,500	4,344	119
Cumberland	95,300	7,338	77
Franklin	10,630	840	79
Hancock	18,070	1,771	98
Kennebec	42,380	3,390	80
Knox	13,030	1,681	129
Lincoln	8,350	1,202	144
Oxford	18,370	1,873	102
Penobscot	53,830	4,899	91
Piscataquis	7,000	602	86
Sagadahoc	16,790	895	83
Somerset	16,960	2,357	139
Waldo	10,280	1,489	140
Washington	12,920	1,990	154
York	50,090	4,859	97
STATEWIDE	445,720	42,901	99

CRIME RATE / PUBLIC ASSISTANCE ANALYSIS

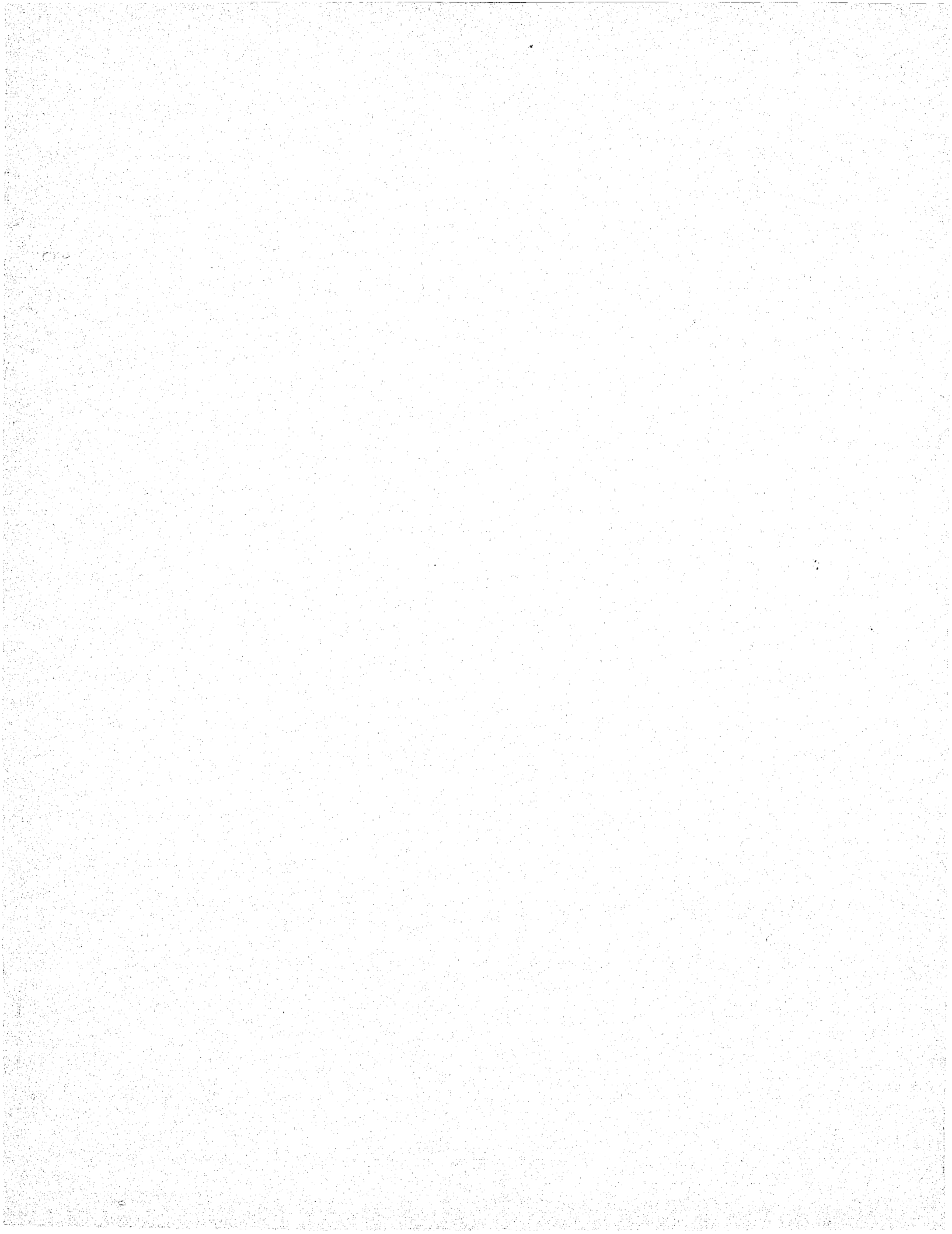
JULY 1974 - DEC. 1975

71



ANALYSIS
OF THE
CRIMINAL

JUSTICE SYSTEM



INTRODUCTION

The following text is a description of the criminal justice agencies in Maine which essentially encompass the entire process. Included in this process are police agencies at the state, county and municipal levels, prosecution at the state and district levels, assigned defense counsel, the Supreme and Superior Courts, the District Court, and correctional services at the state and county level. The information contained in the text was gathered in several ways, both directly and through administrative reports.

Immediately following this introduction, there are two "flow chart" diagrams displaying the system workload for the entire state and for Cumberland County, Maine's High Crime/High Activity Area. (Throughout the text, the HC/HIA Area is mentioned frequently to show the amount of system activity). The reader is cautioned that the two diagrams contain information from multiple sources; each source had a differing set of definitions and a different means of measuring caseload activity. Therefore, NO attempt should be made to reconcile the numbers from one step to the next.

SYSTEM WORKLOAD - STATEWIDE

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM

OFFENSE

ARREST

COURT SYSTEM

PROSECUTION

DISTRICT COURT

SUPERIOR COURT

CORRECTIONAL SYSTEM

SENTENCES

Probation
Placements

2,865

County Jail
Sentences

2,566

State Institu-
tions Commit-
ments

698

Probation
Placements

1,202

State Institu-
tions Commit-
ments

274

Adults
Arrested

22,669

Index Offenses
Reported

41,896

Cleared by
Arrest or
Exceptional
Means

9,290

Juveniles
Arrested

11,027

District and
Superior Court
Criminal Cases

38,308

Criminal Cases
Entered in
District Court

29,440

Criminal Cases
Finished in
Superior Court

10,257

Criminal Cases
Entered in
Superior Court

8,868

Juvenile Cases
Entered in
Juvenile Court

3,572

SYSTEM WORKLOAD - CUMBERLAND COUNTY

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM

COURT SYSTEM

CORRECTIONAL SYSTEM

OFFENSE

ARREST

PROSECUTION

DISTRICT COURT

SUPERIOR COURT

SENTENCES

Index Offenses
Reported
13,077

Cleared by
Arrest or
Exceptional
Means
2,346

Adults
Arrested

4,093

Juveniles
Arrested

3,196

District and
Superior Court
Criminal Cases
5,453

Criminal Cases
Entered in
District Court
3,754

Criminal Cases
Finished in
Superior Court
1,699

Criminal Cases
Entered in
Superior Court
2,154

Probation
Placements
794

County Jail
Sentences
289

State Institu-
tions Commit-
ments
128

Probation
Placements
306

State Institu-
tions Commit-
ments
65

Juvenile Cases
Entered in
Juvenile Court
597

POLICE PROTECTION SERVICES

Police protection throughout Maine is provided by the Maine State Police, 16 County Sheriffs' Offices, and 121 Municipal Police Departments. The 148 law enforcement agencies employ 1,774 full-time sworn personnel to serve an estimated 1,047,000 people distributed over 30,417 square miles. In addition to the sworn personnel, there are 286 full-time civilians providing support services.

From October 31, 1974 to the same date in 1975, there was an increase of 5.1% (86) of law enforcement officers throughout Maine. Many agencies have part-time personnel, working on an as-needed basis or working full-time throughout a season.

Maine State Police

The Maine State Police, having concurrent jurisdiction with all other law enforcement agencies, employ 317 sworn officers and 83 non-sworn personnel on a full-time basis. State Police account for 17.9% of all sworn officers in the state. The 400 people are assigned to various Bureaus and Divisions which carry out the functions and responsibilities required by the Maine statutes. The Criminal Division is comprised of the Bureau of Criminal Investigation, the State Bureau of Identification, and the Crime Laboratory.

According to the 1975 State Police Annual Report, the Bureau of Criminal Investigation processed 4,144 criminal complaints which were investigated by state police personnel. Figures from the BCI indicate that 1,656 major crimes (not including Motor Vehicle Theft) were reported to the State Police

in 1975. The following breakdown was provided in the report:

Homicide.....	28
Rape.....	16
Robbery.....	27
Assault.....	243
Burglary.....	742
Larceny.....	600

Three State Police detectives were attached to Criminal Division of the Office of the Attorney General during the year. Their investigation activities included the following:

Embezzlement, Cheating, Forgery..	28
Police, Public Officials, Phy. Attorneys.....	58
Voting Violations.....	3
Perjury.....	1
Extortion.....	1
Questionable Deaths.....	11
Drugs.....	1
Other.....	<u>31</u>

134

The Crime Laboratory functions include photography, crime scene processing, latent fingerprint comparison, firearms identification, tool mark comparison, serial number restoration, serology examination, and polygraph examination. The following items are summary data for the year:

a. Photography - produced or processed 4,000 black and white negatives, 14,000 black and white enlargements, and 500 rolls of color slides.

b. Fingerprints - processed over 350 finger and palm prints and compared them with 7,000 prints of suspects, and examined several hundred articles for latent prints.

c. Firearms - identified over 100 firearms for Maine State Police and other agencies, submitted more than 850 ammunition typing situations, and had 30 instances of serial number restoration and tool mark work.

d. Serology - examined a total of 395 items.

e. Polygraphy - conducted 299 polygraphy exams for Maine State Police and other agencies.

The State Bureau of Identification is responsible for the maintenance of criminal records within the State of Maine. The following represents a summary of SBI activities for 1975:

a. 9,156 Fingerprint cards classified and searched. (No previous record).

b. 3,354 Fingerprint cards matched with existing records.

c. 835 Final disposition sheets received and filed.

d. 1,529 Photographs and negatives received and filed.

e. 1,596 Out-of-state records received and filed.

f. 4,024 Additional record sheets received and filed. (Individuals previously involved with criminal justice system resulting in their fingerprints being already on file).

g. 18,667 Court abstract cards received and filed.

h. 26,904 Inquiries (record checks) processed.

i. 4,781 Expungement sheets processed (due to dismissals, acquittals, and pardons).

The primary assignment of the 317 full-time sworn state police, falls into four categories; 21% are involved in administration, 11% are criminal investigators, 3% are dispatchers (the 10 officers are supplemented by 28 full-time non-sworn employees), and 65% are assigned to patrol duties. The Maine State Police calculate a total of 9,799,061 patrol miles for the year and a total of 7,499 hours devoted to assisting other law enforcement agencies on 3,575 occasions.

The total expenditures for the Bureau of State Police within the Department of Public Safety for the year ending June 30, 1975 was reported as \$7,241,594. This amount, if apportioned to each of Maine's estimated 1,047,000 residents, indicates that \$6.91 were spent per capita for the year to provide the services of the Maine State Police. Approximately 65% of all monies were devoted to personnel salary and benefits, 28% was spent for "all other" operating, and the remaining 7% on capital expenditures. The State Police reported for FY 1974 an expenditure total of \$6,217,340. Based upon these figures which include monies from all sources, the budget rose 16.4% from one fiscal year to the next. The Maine State Police expenditure total was 26.6% of the entire amount calculated for police services in the state including municipal and county monies.

The grand total of police expenditures for the fiscal year ending on June 30, 1975 or on the date nearest to the end of calendar year 1975 was \$27,232,695; of that amount \$19,991,101 or 73.4% was expended by county and municipal governments. Cumberland County and 13 municipalities within it contributed 28.2% of the nearly 20 million; following in order was Penobscot

County (12.4%), York County (11.8%) and Androscoggin County (11.6%). The per capita expenditure for the million plus residents was \$19.09. On a county per capita analysis, only four counties exceeded the state average. They were led by Cumberland at \$28.04 per person which is 47% higher than the state average, and Sagadahoc County which was 40.3% higher at \$26.78.

Municipal and Sheriff's Departments

The 16 county sheriff departments employ 268 full time sworn officer's and 25 full-time civilian employees to perform their law enforcement function in the state while the 121 municipal police departments account for 1209 full-time sworn officers and 186 full-time civilian workers. Of these 1477 full-time sworn officers, Cumberland employs 27% of them and 35% of the 211 full-time civilian employees. The primary assignment of these full-time sworn officers is patrol duty with 63% of them falling into this category. Administrative (13%) and investigative functions (7%) complete the top three activities of this group.

High school diplomas (or high school equivalency certificates) have been earned by 881 of the total 1477 municipal and county officers. Six individuals in Cumberland County possess graduate degrees while 36 officers (9% of the county total) have undergraduate degrees and another 15% have associate degrees. Penobscot County has the highest percentage of individuals who have started a college education. This 43% exceeds the 41% for all Municipal and Sheriff's departments. Less than 4% (55 individuals) have not attained a high school diploma or its equivalent.

Of the 966 automobiles used in the law enforcement effort by Municipal and Sheriff's departments 42% are department owned, 56%

are privately owned and 1% are leased. These 966 automobiles patrol a total of 21,073 miles of roads, one vehicle per 22 miles of road. This coverage varies greatly from county to county with Knox County having one vehicle per 8 miles of roadway to Oxford County with one vehicle per 63 miles of roadway. A total of 120 pick-up trucks, vans, motorcycles, snowmobiles, boats and Cushman's supplement these automobiles and assist in reaching areas which otherwise would be difficult or impossible to access.

Of the \$19,991,101 spent on law enforcement at the Municipal and County levels, \$5,631,122 (28%) of it was spent in Cumberland County. The statewide per capita expenditure for municipalities and counties in this endeavor was \$19.09 and was exceeded only by Cumberland County (\$28.04), Androscoggin (\$24.38), Sagadahoc (\$26.78), and York Counties (\$19.63).

Between January 1 and December 31, 1975 there were 46,661 index offenses reported, of which 4,765 were unfounded. Of the remaining 41,896 reported offenses, 14,077 (31% of the state total) were reported in Cumberland County and 8,099, or 24% of the state total of 33,696 actual arrests (8,283 for Part I Offenses and 25,413 for Part II Offenses) were made in the same geographic area.

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
BY COUNTY
STATE OF MAINE

COUNTY	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Androscoggin	154	4	158	9	14	8	3	116	8	3	16	12	28	7	5	29
Aroostook	98	1	99	18	10	2	5	57	7	3	6	4	10	7	7	32
Cumberland	383	10	393	25	23	25	21	242	57	7	38	36	74	9	40	71
Franklin	32	1	33	4	1	-	4	18	6	2	-	1	1	3	3	5
Hancock	42	2	44	8	5	-	5	26	-	-	3	4	7	4	1	19
Kennebec	111	5	116	23	9	4	3	68	9	2	6	10	16	6	6	33
Knox	45	1	46	7	1	-	4	29	5	2	9	1	10	3	1	14
Lincoln	28	1	29	7	3	-	2	17	-	1	2	3	5	4	2	15
Oxford	43	-	43	5	8	1	5	20	4	-	3	2	5	4	2	16
Penobscot	156	4	160	21	9	4	5	111	10	6	14	8	22	4	15	60
Piscataquis	16	1	17	5	1	-	3	7	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	7
Sagadahoc	43	1	44	4	3	1	3	33	-	1	2	4	6	4	3	11
Somerset	46	2	48	7	3	-	6	27	5	1	3	1	4	5	3	10
Waldo	20	-	20	4	3	1	-	12	-	2	4	1	5	3	-	6
Washington	43	-	43	12	-	-	3	28	-	4	-	4	4	5	-	16
York	182	2	184	33	10	3	14	120	4	4	5	9	14	12	9	51
State Police	317	-	317	65	35	-	10	207	-	2	44	38	82	21	54	65
TOTAL STATE	1759	35	1794	257	138	49	96	1138	116	40	155	138	293	102	151	460

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Auburn	39	-	39	2	3	3	-	31	-	2	4	2	6	5	3	10
Lewiston	78	-	78	2	8	4	-	63	*	-	5	8	13	1	-	8
Lisbon	6	-	6	1	-	-	-	5	-	-	3	1	4	-	-	2
Livermore Falls	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	1	4	1	5	-	-	-
Mechanic Falls	3	-	3	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Sabattus	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Sh. Office	20	4	24	1	3	-	3	10	*	-	-	-	-	1	2	5
Total County	154	4	158	9	14	8	3	116	8	3	16	12	28	7	5	29

*Lewiston has 1 Detective Bureau Technician.

*Sheriff's Department has 5 Turnkeys, 1 Cook, and 1 Civil Officer.

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
AROOSTOOK COUNTY

84

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Allagash	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Ashland	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Caribou	17	-	17	4	-	1	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	5
Ft. Fairfield	6	-	6	1	1	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
Ft. Kent	5	-	5	1	-	-	-	4	-	-	2	2	4	-	1	2
Houlton	14	-	14	2	1	-	3	8	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	4
Limestone	5	-	5	1	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Madawaska	6	-	6	2	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	3
Presque Isle	17	-	17	1	2	-	-	14	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	5
Van Buren	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Washburn	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1
Sh. Office	21	1	22	3	6	-	2	4	*	1	2	-	2	1	2	5
Total County	98	1	99	18	10	2	5	57	7	3	6	4	10	7	7	32

*Sheriff's Office has 7 Turnkeys.

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
CUMBERLAND COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Bridgton	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Brunswick	32	2	34	4	2	2	3	21	*	-	-	1	1	-	4	7
Cape Elizabeth	11	-	11	1	1	-	-	9	-	-	3	2	5	-	-	2
Cumberland	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
Falmouth	11	-	11	2	-	-	-	9	-	-	4	-	4	-	-	3
Freeport	7	-	7	1	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Gorham	8	-	8	1	-	-	-	7	-	-	2	2	4	3	-	1
New Gloucester	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Portland	164	3	167	3	12	15	7	101	*	7	21	22	43	2	27	30
Scarborough	12	-	12	1	-	1	-	10	-	-	3	1	4	1	-	4
So. Portland	45	1	46	2	4	2	4	32	*	-	3	1	4	1	6	10
Westbrook	28	1	29	2	1	2	3	21	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	6
Yarmouth	7	-	7	1	1	-	-	5	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	2
Sh. Office	49	3	52	5	2	3	4	14	*	-	1	5	6	1	1	3
Total County	383	10	393	25	23	25	21	242	57	7	38	36	74	9	40	71

*Brunswick has 1 Dog and 1 Park Officer.

*Portland has 4 Public Info., 1 Training, 1 Property, 3 Evidence Tech., 13 Traffic, 1 Court, 1 Polygraph and 1 Personnel Officer, and 4 Turnkeys.

*So. Portland has 1 Technician and 1 Court Officer.

*Sheriff's Office has 2 Civil, 17 Turnkeys, 2 Program Spec., 1 Jail Cook, 1 Records and 1 Medical Officer.

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
FRANKLIN COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Farmington	7	-	7	1	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1
Jay	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1
Rangeley	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Wilton	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Sh. Office	16	1	17	1	1	-	4	5	*	-	-	-	-	2	1	2
Total County	32	1	33	4	1	-	4	18	6	2	-	1	1	3	3	5

*Sheriff's Office has 5 Turnkeys and 1 Cook.

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
HANCOCK COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Bar Harbor	8	-	8	1	-	-	-	7	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	4
Bucksport	6	1	7	1	1	-	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
Ellsworth	9	-	9	1	1	-	-	7	-	-	1	1	2	1	-	2
Hancock	2	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Mt. Desert	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Southwest Harbor	5	1	6	1	-	-	1	4	-	-	1	2	3	1	-	2
Stonington	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Sh. Office	8	-	8	1	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	4
Total County	42	2	44	8	5	-	5	26	-	-	3	4	7	4	1	19

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
KENNEBEC COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Augusta	37	3	40	14	3	1	-	19	*	-	1	4	5	1	1	14
Belgrade	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gardiner	10	1	11	2	-	1	-	8	-	1	-	1	1	1	1	5
Hallowell	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
Oakland	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Waterville	31	1	32	2	2	2	-	24	*	-	3	2	5	-	2	8
Winslow	5	-	5	1	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Winthrop	7	-	7	1	-	-	-	6	-	-	1	2	3	1	-	1
Sh. Office	13	-	13	1	4	-	3	1	*	-	1	1	2	1	2	-
Total County	111	5	116	23	9	4	3	68	9	2	6	10	16	6	6	33

*Augusta has 3 Meter Maids.

*Waterville has 1 Drug Officer and 1 Operations Officer.

*Sheriff's Office has 4 Turnkeys.

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June, 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
KNOX COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Camden	7	-	7	1	-	-	-	6	-	-	4	-	4	-	-	-
Rockland	17	-	17	1	1	-	-	15	-	-	3	1	4	2	1	5
Rockport	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	2	1	-	1
Thomaston	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Vinalhaven	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Sh. Office	14	1	15	2	-	-	4	4	*	1	-	-	-	-	-	5
Total County	45	1	46	7	1	-	4	29	5	2	9	1	10	3	1	14

*Sheriff's Office has 1 Matron and 4 Turnkeys.

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
LINCOLN COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Boothbay Harbor	6	1	7	2	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Damariscotta	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Waldoboro	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Wiscasset	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1
Sh. Office	11	-	11	2	3	-	2	4	-	1	2	2	4	2	-	7
Total County	28	1	29	7	3	-	2	17	-	1	2	3	5	4	2	15

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
OXFORD COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Bethel	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Dixfield	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Fryeburg	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Mexico	5	-	5	1	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Norway	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Paris	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Rumford	14	-	14	1	1	-	4	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6
Sh. Office	14	-	14	2	7	1	-	-	*	-	3	2	5	-	-	3
Total County	43		43	5	8	1	5	20	4	-	3	2	5	4	2	16

*Sheriff's Office has 4 Turnkeys.

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
PENOBSCOT COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Bangor	62	-	62	4	6	2	-	48	*	2	12	4	16	-	13	20
Brewer	16	-	16	1	1	1	-	13	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	5
Dexter	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
East Millinocket	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Hampden	5	-	5	1	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	2
Howland	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Indian Island	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Lincoln	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Mattawamkeag	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	1
Medway	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Millinocket	11	-	11	1	1	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Newport	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Old Town	12	1	13	2	-	1	1	9	-	2	1	1	2	1	-	2
Orono	9	-	9	1	1	-	-	7	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	5
Veazie	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Sh. Office	17	3	20	3	-	-	4	5	*	-	-	-	-	-	1	11
Total County	156	4	160	21	9	4	5	111	10	6	14	8	22	4	15	60

*Bangor has 1 Traffic Officer and 1 Photo Technician.

*Sheriff's Office has 7 Turnkeys and 1 Identification Officer.

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
PISCATAQUIS COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Brownville	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dover-Foxcroft	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Greenville	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Milo	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Sh. Office	6	1	7	2	1	-	3	-	*	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
Total County	16	1	17	5	1	-	3	7	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	7

*Sheriff's Office has 1 Cook.

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
SAGadahoc COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Bath	18	1	19	1	1	1	-	16	-	-	1	2	3	1	3	5
Richmond	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Topsham	9	-	9	1	1	-	-	7	-	-	-	2	2	1	-	2
Sh. Office	12	-	12	1	1	-	3	7	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	2
Total County	43	1	44	4	3	1	3	33	-	1	2	4	6	4	3	11

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
SOMERSET COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Bingham	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Fairfield	5	-	5	2	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	1
Madison	4	1	5	1	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Norridgewock	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Pittsfield	6	-	6	1	1	-	-	4	-	-	3	1	4	1	-	2
Skowhegan	13	-	13	1	-	-	3	9	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2
Sh. Office	14	1	15	1	2	-	3	4	*	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Total County	46	2	48	7	3	-	6	27	5	1	3	1	4	5	3	10

*Sheriff's Office has 3 Turnkeys, 1 Cook and 1 Matron.

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
WALDO COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Belfast	10	-	10	1	-	1	-	8	-	2	4	-	4	2	-	3
Searsport	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Stockton Springs	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sh. Office	7	-	7	1	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	2
Total County	20	-	20	4	3	1	-	12	-	2	4	1	5	3	-	6

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
WASHINGTON COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Baileyville	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Calais	10	-	10	2	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	3
Eastport	5	-	5	1	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	2
Indian Twp.	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	1
Jonesport	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Lubec	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Machias	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Pembroke	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Pleasant Point	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Sh. Office	9	-	9	3	-	-	3	3	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	3
Total County	43	-	43	12	-	-	3	28	-	4	-	4	4	5	-	16

Maine Criminal Justice
Data Center, June 1976

MANPOWER ANALYSIS
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
YORK COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL										FULL TIME CIVILIAN			# IN DEPT. 6 MOS. OR LESS	# TO RETIRE WITHIN 3 YRS.	# SGT OR HIGHER
	MALE	FEM	TOT	ADM	INV	JUV	DIS	PAT	OTH	VAC	MALE	FEM	TOT			
Berwick	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Biddeford	33	-	33	4	2	1	3	23	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	9
Eliot	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Kennebunk	7	-	7	1	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Kennebunkport	6	-	6	1	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	2
Kittery	19	-	18	4	-	1	-	13	-	1	-	1	1	3	-	4
Lebanon	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
North Berwick	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Ogunquit	5	-	5	1	-	-	-	4	-	-	2	2	4	-	-	2
Old Orchard Beach	10	1	11	2	1	-	1	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5
Saco	26	-	26	4	1	1	1	19	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	7
Sanford	25	-	25	4	2	-	-	19	-	-	3	1	4	-	1	8
South Berwick	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	2
Wells	6	1	7	2	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
York Beach	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
York Village	7	-	7	2	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Sh. Office	22	-	22	2	4	-	9	3	*	-	-	2	2	-	5	-
Total County	182	2	184	33	10	3	14	120	4	4	5	9	14	12	9	51

*Sheriff's Office has 2 Turnkeys, 1 Cook and 1 Custodian.

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
BY COUNTY
STATE OF MAINE

COUNTY	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Androscoggin	158	12	108	25	8	5	1	-
Aroostook	99	7	55	32	3	2	-	-
Cumberland	393	7	265	49	59	36	-	-
Franklin	33	1	23	5	1	2	-	-
Hancock	44	-	14	21	2	3	-	-
Kennebec	116	4	71	23	10	1	1	-
Knox	46	-	36	4	1	5	1	-
Lincoln	29	2	19	7	-	1	-	-
Oxford	43	1	40	11	2	1	2	-
Penobscot	160	-	57	68	24	8	2	-
Piscataquis	17	-	7	9	1	-	-	-
Sagadahoc	44	1	26	10	6	1	-	-
Somerset	48	6	28	9	7	1	-	-
Waldo	20	-	15	4	-	1	-	-
Washington	43	2	21	15	2	2	1	-
York	184	12	96	61	14	12	1	-
State Police	317	-	317	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL STATE	1794	55	1198	353	140	81	9	6

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Auburn	39	-	14	18	4	3	-	-
Lewiston	78	8	66	-	2	2	-	-
Lisbon	6	-	6	3	1	-	-	-
Livermore Falls	4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Mechanic Falls	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-
Sabattus	4	-	2	1	-	-	1	-
Sh. Office	24	4	18	2	-	-	-	-
Total County	158	12	108	25	8	5	1	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
AROOSTOOK COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Allagash	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Ashland	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Caribou	17	3	9	5	-	-	-	-
Ft. Fairfield	6	-	3	3	-	-	-	-
Ft. Kent	5	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
Houlton	14	1	3	7	2	1	-	-
Limestone	5	-	3	2	-	-	-	-
Madawaska	6	1	2	3	-	-	-	-
Presque Isle	17	1	11	5	-	-	-	-
Van Buren	3	-	2	1	-	-	-	-
Washburn	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Sh. Office	22	1	16	3	1	1	-	-
Total County	99	7	55	32	3	2	-	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
CUMBERLAND COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Bridgton	4	-	2	2	-	-	-	-
Brunswick	34	7	12	11	1	3	-	1
Cape Elizabeth	11	-	11	9	2	-	-	-
Cumberland	4	-	5	3	1	-	-	-
Falmouth	11	-	8	-	1	2	-	-
Freeport	7	-	3	2	-	2	-	-
Gorham	8	-	6	1	1	-	-	-
New Gloucester	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Portland	167	-	107	-	40	17	-	3
Scarborough	12	-	10	1	2	-	-	-
So. Portland	46	-	34	10	4	2	-	-
Westbrook	29	-	19	2	6	3	-	-
Yarmouth	7	-	6	2	-	-	-	-
Sh. Office	52	-	42	6	1	7	-	2
Total County	393	7	265	49	59	36	-	6

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
FRANKLIN COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Farmington	7	-	6	-	1	-	-	-
Jay	3	-	1	2	-	-	-	-
Rangeley	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Wilton	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
Sh. Office	17	-	11	3	-	2	-	-
Total County	33	1	23	5	1	2	-	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
HANCOCK COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE DEG.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Bar Harbor	8	-	-	7	1	-	-	-
Bucksport	7	-	3	3	-	-	-	-
Ellsworth	9	-	5	2	1	1	-	-
Hancock	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	-
Mt. Desert	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
Southwest Harbor	6	-	5	1	-	-	-	-
Stonington	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Sh. Office	8	-	-	4	-	1	-	-
Total County	44	-	14	21	2	3	-	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
KENNEBEC COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Augusta	40	-	26	13	1	-	-	-
Belgrade	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Gardiner	11	1	6	-	4	-	-	-
Hallowell	4	-	1	3	-	-	-	-
Oakland	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
Waterville	32	-	24	3	4	1	-	-
Winslow	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Winthrop	7	1	4	-	-	-	-	-
Sh. Office	13	2	7	4	-	-	1	-
Total County	116	4	71	23	10	1	1	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
KNOX COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Camden	7	-	5	2	-	-	-	-
Rockland	17	-	15	1	1	-	-	-
Rockport	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Thomaston	4	-	3	1	-	-	-	-
Vinalhaven	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-
Sh. Office	15	-	10	-	-	5	-	-
Total County	46	-	36	4	1	5	1	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
LINCOLN COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Boothbay Harbor	7	-	5	2	-	-	-	-
Damariscotta	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
Waldoboro	4	1	2	1	-	-	-	-
Wiscasset	4	1	1	1	-	1	-	-
Sh. Office	11	-	8	3	-	-	-	-
Total County	29	2	19	7	-	1	-	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
OXFORD COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Bethel	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Dixfield	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Fryeburg	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Mexico	5	-	5	1	2	1	-	-
Norway	3	-	1	-	-	-	2	-
Paris	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
Rumford	14	-	14	10	-	-	-	-
Sh. Office	14	-	14	-	-	-	-	-
Total County	43	1	40	11	2	1	2	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
PENOBSCOT COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Bangor	62	-	8	40	8	4	2	-
Brewer	16	-	9	3	4	-	-	-
Dexter	4	-	3	-	1	-	-	-
East Millinocket	4	-	2	1	1	-	-	-
Hampden	5	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
Howland	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Indian Island	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-
Lincoln	4	-	3	1	-	-	-	-
Mattawamkeag	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Medway	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Millinocket	11	-	10	1	-	-	-	-
Newport	3	-	2	1	-	-	-	-
Old Town	13	-	6	4	2	1	-	-
Orono	9	-	2	4	2	1	-	-
Veazie	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	-
Sh. Office	20	-	9	7	2	1	-	-
Total County	160	-	57	68	24	8	2	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
PISCATAQUIS COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Brownville	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Dover-Foxcroft	4	-	2	2	-	-	-	-
Greenville	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Milo	3	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
Sh. Office	7	-	4	3	-	-	-	-
Total County	17	-	7	9	1	-	-	-

CONTINUED

2 OF 4

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
SAGadahoc COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Bath	19	-	7	6	5	1	-	-
Richmond	4	1	3	-	-	-	-	-
Topsham	9	-	4	4	1	-	-	-
Sh. Office	12	-	12	-	-	-	-	-
Total County	44	1	26	10	6	1	-	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
SOMERSET COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Bingham	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fairfield	5	1	-	2	1	-	-	-
Madison	5	-	4	1	-	-	-	-
Norridgewock	3	-	2	1	-	-	-	-
Pittsfield	6	-	5	1	3	1	-	-
Skowhegan	13	2	5	3	3	-	-	-
Sh. Office	15	2	12	1	-	-	-	-
Total County	48	6	28	9	7	1	-	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
WALDO COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Belfast	10	-	9	1	-	-	-	-
Searsport	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Stockton Springs	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Sh. Office	7	-	4	2	-	1	-	-
Total County	20	-	15	4	-	1	-	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
WASHINGTON COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Baileyville	4	-	-	3	1	-	-	-
Calais	10	-	2	5	-	2	1	-
Eastport	5	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
Indian Twp.	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
Jonesport	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Lubec	3	-	2	1	-	-	-	-
Machias	4	-	2	2	-	-	-	-
Pembroke	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Pleasant Pt.	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
Sh. Office	9	-	6	3	-	-	-	-
Total County	43	2	21	15	2	2	1	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS
FORMAL EDUCATION DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
YORK COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	TOTAL FULL TIME SWORN PERSONNEL	LESS THAN H/S	EQUIVALENCY	COLLEGE INC.	A/A	B/A	GRAD. SCHOOL INC.	GRAD. DEG.
Berwick	4	-	3	-	1	-	-	-
Biddeford	33	4	21	8	-	1	-	-
Eliot	4	-	2	2	-	-	-	-
Kennebunk	7	-	3	2	-	2	-	-
Kennebunkport	6	1	5	5	-	-	-	-
Kittery	18	1	3	9	5	1	-	-
Lebanon	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
North Berwick	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Ogunquit	5	-	1	2	2	-	-	-
Old Orchard Beach	11	-	2	4	2	2	1	-
Saco	26	-	18	7	-	-	-	-
Sanford	25	1	20	8	-	-	-	-
South Berwick	4	-	1	1	1	1	-	-
Wells	7	1	5	-	-	1	-	-
York Beach	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
York Village	7	-	3	3	1	-	-	-
Sh. Office	22	4	8	6	2	4	-	-
Total County	184	12	96	61	14	12	1	-

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
BY COUNTY
STATE OF MAINE

COUNTY	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL COUNTY
Androscoggin	39	4	-	2	16	61
Aroostook	26	24	-	1	6	57
Cumberland	103	9	10	5	20	147
Franklin	8	21	-	-	6	35
Hancock	16	49	-	-	2	67
Kennebec	29	37	-	1	7	74
Knox	12	66	-	-	1	79
Lincoln	8	35	-	-	1	44
Oxford	18	8	-	1	2	29
Penobscot	46	63	-	1	7	117
Piscataquis	6	38	-	-	1	45
Sagadahoc	14	9	-	-	13	36
Somerset	9	36	1	-	4	50
Waldo	8	27	-	-	2	37
Washington	16	20	-	-	2	38
York	52	99	-	3	7	161
State Police	334	-	-	-	9	343
TOTAL STATE	744	545	11	14	106	1420

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Auburn	9	-	-	1	3	13
Lewiston	14	-	-	1	5	20
Lisbon	3	4	-	-	4	11
Livermore Falls	2	-	-	-	-	2
Mechanic Falls	2	-	-	-	-	2
Sabattus	2	-	-	-	-	2
Sh. Office	7	-	-	-	4	11
Total County	39	4	-	2	16	61

Auburn has 1 Cushman, 1 Boat and 1 Snowmobile.

Lewiston has 1 Van, 1 Cushman, 1 Boat, 1 Motorcycle, and 1 Snowmobile.

Lisbon has 4 Snowmobiles.

Sheriff's Office has 1 Van, 2 Boats and 1 Snowmobile.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
AROOSTOOK COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Allagash	-	1	-	-	-	1
Ashland	1	-	-	-	-	1
Caribou	3	1	-	-	1	5
Ft. Fairfield	2	-	-	-	-	2
Ft. Kent	2	-	-	-	-	2
Houlton	3	1	-	1	-	5
Limestone	2	-	-	-	-	2
Madawaska	2	1	-	-	1	4
Presque Isle	3	-	-	-	1	4
Van Buren	2	1	-	-	-	3
Washburn	1	-	-	-	-	1
Sh. Office	5	19	-	-	3	27
Total County	26	24	-	1	6	57

Caribou has 1 Van.

Madawaska has 1 Dog-Catching Van.

Presque Isle has 1 Dog-Catching Van.

Sheriff's Office has 1 Van, 1 Boat and 1 Snowmobile.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
CUMBERLAND COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Bridgton	2	-	-	-	-	2
Brunswick	9	4	-	-	1	14
Cape Elizabeth	4	1	-	-	-	5
Cumberland	4	-	-	-	1	5
Falmouth	3	-	-	-	1	4
Freeport	3	1	-	-	1	5
Gorham	3	-	-	-	-	3
New Gloucester	-	1	-	-	-	1
Portland	27	-	8	1	9	45
Scarborough	5	-	-	-	1	6
So. Portland	11	-	2	1	2	16
Westbrook	10	-	-	-	2	12
Yarmouth	4	-	-	-	-	4
Sh. Office	18	2	-	3	2	25
Total County	103	9	10	5	20	147

Brunswick, Falmouth and Scarborough all have 1 Van each.

Cumberland and Freeport have 1 Boat each.

Portland has 3 Vans, 5 Cushmans and 1 Snowmobile.

So. Portland has 1 Van and 1 Boat.

Westbrook has 1 Cushman and 1 Van.

Sheriff's Office has 1 Van and 1 Snowmobile.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
FRANKLIN COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Farmington	2	4	-	-	-	6
Jay	2	-	-	-	6	8
Rangeley	1	1	-	-	-	2
Wilton	3	-	-	-	-	3
Sh. Office	-	16	-	-	-	16
Total County	8	21	-	-	6	35

Jay has 1 Bronco, 1 Boat and 4 Snowmobiles.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
HANCOCK COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Bar Harbor	3	-	-	-	-	3
Bucksport	2	1	-	-	-	3
Ellsworth	3	-	-	-	-	3
Hancock	1	4	-	-	-	5
Mt. Desert	2	-	-	-	-	2
Southwest Harbor	2	2	-	-	-	4
Stonington	1	-	-	-	-	1
Sh. Office	2	42	-	-	2	46
Total County	16	49	-	-	2	67

Sheriff's Office has 1 Boat and 1 Snowmobile.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
KENNEBEC COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Augusta	10	1	-	1	3	15
Belgrade	-	1	-	-	-	1
Gardiner	4	1	-	-	-	5
Hallowell	1	-	-	-	-	1
Oakland	1	-	-	-	-	1
Waterville	5	2	-	-	1	8
Winslow	1	2	-	-	-	3
Winthrop	2	1	-	-	1	4
Sh. Office	5	29	-	-	2	36
Total County	29	37	-	1	7	74

Augusta has 1 Van, 1 Cushman and 1 Snowmobile.
Waterville has 1 Van.
Winthrop has 1 Van.
Sheriff's Office has 2 Snowmobiles.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
KNOX COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Camden	2	6	-	-	1	9
Rockland	5	-	-	-	-	5
Rockport	1	2	-	-	-	3
Thomaston	1	-	-	-	-	1
Vinalhaven	1	-	-	-	-	1
Sh. Office	2	58	-	-	-	60
Total County	12	66	-	-	1	79

Camden has 1 Snowmobile.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
LINCOLN COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Boothbay Harbor	2	1	-	-	1	4
Damariscotta	1	2	-	-	-	3
Waldoboro	2	9	-	-	-	11
Wiscasset	1	1	-	-	-	2
Sh. Office	2	22	-	-	-	24
Total County	8	35	-	-	1	44

124

Boothbay Harbor has 1 Boat.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
OXFORD COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Bethel	1	-	-	-	-	1
Dixfield	1	1	-	-	-	2
Fryeburg	1	-	-	-	-	1
Mexico	2	1	-	-	-	3
Norway	1	-	-	-	-	1
Paris	1	-	-	-	-	1
Rumford	2	2	-	-	-	4
Sh. Office	9	4	-	1	2	16
Total County	18	8	-	1	2	29

Sheriff's Office has 1 Boat and 1 Snowmobile.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
PENOBSCOT COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Bangor	15	-	-	1	2	18
Brewer	5	2	-	-	-	7
Dexter	2	-	-	-	-	2
East Millinocket	2	-	-	-	-	2
Hampden	2	2	-	-	-	4
Howland	1	-	-	-	-	1
Indian Island	1	-	-	-	-	1
Lincoln	2	-	-	-	-	2
Mattawamkeage	1	-	-	-	-	1
Medway	1	1	-	-	-	2
Millinocket	2	2	-	-	-	4
Newport	1	1	-	-	-	2
Old Town	3	-	-	-	1	4
Orono	2	2	-	-	1	5
Veazie	-	1	-	-	-	1
Sh. Office	6	52	-	-	3	61
Total County	46	63	-	1	7	117

Bangor has 2 Cushmans.

Old Town and Orono have 1 Boat each.

Sheriff's Office has 1 Boat and 2 Snowmobiles.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
PISCATAQUIS COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Brownville	1	1	-	-	-	2
Dover-Foxcroft	1	1	-	-	-	2
Greenville	1	-	-	-	-	1
Milo	1	1	-	-	-	2
Sh. Office	2	35	-	-	1	38
Total County	6	38	-	-	1	45

Sheriff's Office has 1 Boat.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
SAGadahoc COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Bath	6	-	-	-	2	8
Richmond	2	1	-	-	-	3
Topsham	3	-	-	-	3	6
Sh. Office	3	8	-	-	8	19
Total County	14	9	-	-	13	36

Bath has 1 Van and 1 Boat.
Topsham has 1 Van, 1 Boat and 1 Jeep.
Sheriff's Office has 3 Boats and 5 Snowmobiles.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
SOMERSET COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Bingham	-	1	-	-	-	1
Fairfield	2	-	-	-	-	2
Madison	1	-	-	-	-	1
Norridgewock	1	-	-	-	-	1
Pittsfield	1	-	1	-	-	2
Skowhegan	2	1	-	-	-	3
Sh. Office	2	34	-	-	4	40
Total County	9	36	1	-	4	50

Sheriff's Office has 1 4-Wheel Drive, 1 Van, 1 Boat and 1 Snowmobile.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
WALDO COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Belfast	2	5	-	-	-	7
Searsport	1	1	-	-	-	2
Stockton Springs	-	1	-	-	-	1
Sh. Office	5	20	-	-	2	27
Total County	8	27	-	-	2	37

Sheriff's Office has 1 Boat and 1 Snowmobile.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
WASHINGTON COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Baileyville	2	1	-	-	-	3
Calais	2	7	-	-	-	9
Eastport	1	1	-	-	-	2
Indian Twp.	2	-	-	-	-	2
Jonesport	1	-	-	-	-	1
Lubec	1	-	-	-	-	1
Machias	1	3	-	-	-	4
Pembroke	1	-	-	-	-	1
Pleasant Pt.	1	-	-	-	-	1
Sh. Office	4	8	-	-	2	14
Total County	16	20	-	-	2	38

Sheriff's Office has 1 Boat and 1 Snowmobile.

LAW ENFORCEMENT VEHICLE DATA
MUNICIPAL AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS
YORK COUNTY

UNIT OF GOVERNMENT	DEPT. OWNED VEHICLES	PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES	LEASED AUTOMOBILES	PICK-UP TRUCK	OTHER VEHICLES	TOTAL
Berwick	2	-	-	-	-	2
Biddeford	5	-	-	-	1	6
Eliot	3	-	-	-	-	3
Kennebunk	3	-	-	-	1	4
Kennebunkport	3	-	-	-	-	3
Kittery	5	1	-	-	-	6
Lebanon	1	1	-	-	-	2
North Berwick	1	-	-	-	-	1
Ogunquit	2	1	-	-	1	44
Old Orchard Beach	4	-	-	1	1	6
Saco	6	-	-	-	-	6
Sanford	5	-	-	1	1	7
South Berwick	2	1	-	-	2	5
Wells	2	-	-	-	-	2
York Beach	2	1	-	-	-	3
York Village	6	-	-	-	-	6
Sh. Office	-	94	-	1	-	95
Total County	52	99	-	3	7	161

Biddeford has 1 Cushman; Kennebunk has 1 Motorcycle; North Berwick has 1 Bronco; Ogunquit has 1 Cushman; Sanford has 1 Van; and South Berwick has 1 Snowmobile and 1 Motorcycle.

1975 EXPENDITURES FOR
POLICE PROTECTION

COUNTY	1975 EST. POPULATION	COUNTY & MUNICIPAL EXPENDITURES	PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES	
			COUNTY & MUNICIPAL	COUNTY & MUNICIPAL & STATE
Androscoggin	95,014	\$ 2,316,720	\$24.38	\$31.29
Aroostook	96,542	1,239,925	12.84	19.75
Cumberland	200,824	5,631,122	28.04	34.95
Franklin	24,034	314,929	13.10	20.01
Hancock	37,680	543,222	14.42	21.33
Kennebec	100,106	1,557,652	15.56	22.47
Knox	31,671	503,932	15.91	22.82
Lincoln	21,997	370,081	16.82	23.73
Oxford	44,000	596,332	13.55	20.46
Penobscot	131,981	2,472,573	18.73	25.64
Piscataquis	18,027	182,505	10.12	17.03
Sagadahoc	25,358	679,083	26.78	33.69
Somerset	42,263	476,023	11.26	18.17
Waldo	25,969	352,224	13.56	20.47
Washington	31,773	403,569	12.70	19.61
York	--119,761	2,351,209	19.63	26.54
Sub-Total	1,047,000	\$19,991,101	\$19.09	\$ -
State Police	1,047,000	7,241,594	6.91	-
Grand Total	1,047,000	\$27,232,695	\$26.00	\$26.00

MCJDC JUL 1976

1975 EXPENDITURES FOR POLICE PROTECTION

GOVERNMENT UNIT	1975 EST. POPULATION	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL EXPENDITURES	PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES
State Police	1,047,000	\$ 7,241,594	\$ 6.91
Androscoggin Sheriff	17,066	\$ 138,083	\$ 8.09
Auburn	24,500	\$ 641,411	\$ 26.18
Lewiston	42,300	\$ 1,274,708	\$ 30.13
Lisbon	3,390	\$ 102,647	\$ 30.28
Livermore Falls	3,590	\$ 74,400	\$ 20.72
Mechanic Falls	2,487	\$ 38,499	\$ 15.48
Sabattus	1,681	\$ 46,972	\$ 27.94
Aroostook Sheriff	31,574	\$ 179,257	\$ 5.68
Allagash	456	\$ 8,528	\$ 18.70
Ashland	1,761	\$ 29,439	\$ 16.72
Caribou	11,000	\$ 297,115	\$ 27.01
Ft. Fairfield	4,824	\$ 76,481	\$ 15.85
Ft. Kent	4,694	\$ 47,755	\$ 10.17
Houlton	8,324	\$ 157,486	\$ 18.92
Limestone	10,300	\$ 51,098	\$ 4.96
Madawaska	6,030	\$ 82,835	\$ 13.73
Presque Isle	11,590	\$ 243,942	\$ 21.05
Van Buren	4,075	\$ 49,887	\$ 12.24
Washburn	1,914	\$ 16,102	\$ 8.41
Cumberland Sheriff	27,138	\$ 423,966	\$ 15.62
Bridgton	3,300	\$ 63,546	\$ 19.25
Brunswick	17,783	\$ 434,961	\$ 24.46
Cape Elizabeth	8,212	\$ 189,245	\$ 23.04
Cumberland	4,271	\$ 59,184	\$ 13.86
Falmouth	6,563	\$ 156,826	\$ 23.90
Freeport	5,400	\$ 130,651	\$ 24.19
Gorham	8,500	\$ 148,900	\$ 17.52
New Gloucester	2,811	\$ 10,333	\$ 3.68
Portland	65,300	\$ 2,600,044	\$ 39.82
Scarborough	8,183	\$ 227,672	\$ 27.82
So. Portland	23,500	\$ 683,624	\$ 29.09
Westbrook	14,800	\$ 409,398	\$ 27.66
Yarmouth	5,063	\$ 92,772	\$ 18.32
Franklin Sheriff	7,884	\$ 93,549	\$ 11.87
Farmington	6,060	\$ 89,143	\$ 14.71
Jay	4,100	\$ 60,994	\$ 14.88
Phillips	979	\$ 4,100	\$ 4.19
Rangeley	941	\$ 15,466	\$ 16.44
Wilton	4,070	\$ 51,677	\$ 12.70

1975 EXPENDITURES FOR POLICE PROTECTION

GOVERNMENT UNIT	1975 EST. POPULATION	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL EXPENDITURES	PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES
Hancock Sheriff	18,402	\$ 111,875	\$ 6.08
Bar Harbor	4,047	\$ 111,249	\$ 27.49
Bucksport	4,090	\$ 82,620	\$ 20.20
Ellsworth	4,849	\$ 125,976	\$ 25.98
Mt. Desert	1,659	\$ 49,065	\$ 29.58
Southwest Harbor	1,657	\$ 47,494	\$ 28.66
Stonington	1,291	\$ 14,943	\$ 11.57
Kennebec Sheriff	31,639	\$ 82,564	\$ 2.61
Augusta	22,300	\$ 500,666	\$ 22.45
Belgrade	1,302	\$ 13,647	\$ 10.48
Gardiner	7,087	\$ 158,140	\$ 22.31
Hallowell	3,059	\$ 49,499	\$ 16.81
Oakland	3,714	\$ 45,184	\$ 12.17
Waterville	18,700	\$ 530,018	\$ 28.34
Winslow	7,751	\$ 87,327	\$ 11.27
Winthrop	4,554	\$ 90,607	\$ 19.90
Knox Sheriff	10,816	\$ 84,918	\$ 7.85
Camden	4,491	\$ 75,113	\$ 16.73
Rockland	9,073	\$ 229,901	\$ 25.34
Rockport	2,067	\$ 41,516	\$ 20.09
Thomaston	2,900	\$ 50,120	\$ 17.28
Vinalhaven	1,135	\$ 22,364	\$ 19.70
Lincoln Sheriff	12,633	\$ 164,213	\$ 13.00
Boothbay Harbor	2,100	\$ 59,471	\$ 28.32
Damariscotta	1,264	\$ 36,588	\$ 28.95
Waldoboro	3,500	\$ 52,003	\$ 14.86
Wiscasset	2,500	\$ 57,806	\$ 23.12
Oxford Sheriff	16,088	\$ 180,010	\$ 11.19
Bethel	2,220	\$ 18,244	\$ 8.22
Dixfield	2,188	\$ 26,449	\$ 12.09
Fryeburg	2,208	\$ 13,408	\$ 6.07
Mexico	4,362	\$ 60,755	\$ 13.93
Norway	3,639	\$ 44,258	\$ 12.16
Paris	3,815	\$ 33,174	\$ 8.70
Rumford	9,480	\$ 220,034	\$ 23.21

1975 EXPENDITURES FOR POLICE PROTECTION

GOVERNMENT UNIT	1975 EST. POPULATION	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL EXPENDITURES	PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES
Penobscot Sheriff	35,521	\$ 102,269	\$ 2.88
Bangor	34,300	\$ 948,719	\$ 27.66
Brewer	9,787	\$ 283,353	\$ 28.95
Dexter	3,920	\$ 77,737	\$ 19.83
East Millinocket	2,701	\$ 73,063	\$ 27.05
Hampden	4,650	\$ 84,129	\$ 18.09
Howland	1,468	\$ 14,697	\$ 10.01
Lincoln	5,008	\$ 63,280	\$ 12.64
Mattawamkeag	988	\$ 19,012	\$ 19.24
Medway	1,491	\$ 15,294	\$ 10.26
Millinocket	7,968	\$ 177,216	\$ 22.24
Newport	2,260	\$ 34,066	\$ 15.07
Old Town	9,532	\$ 179,154	\$ 18.80
Orono	10,513	\$ 97,417	\$ 9.27
U/M Orono	N/A	\$ 303,167	-
Piscataquis Sheriff	7,419	\$ 63,125	\$ 8.51
Brownville	1,490	\$ 22,791	\$ 15.30
Dover-Foxcroft	4,624	\$ 42,711	\$ 9.24
Greenville	1,894	\$ 13,176	\$ 6.96
Milo	2,600	\$ 40,702	\$ 15.65
Sagadahoc Sheriff	8,172	\$ 137,672	\$ 16.85
Bath	9,570	\$ 397,221	\$ 41.51
Richmond	2,186	\$ 47,549	\$ 21.75
Topsham	5,430	\$ 96,641	\$ 17.80
Somerset Sheriff	15,690	\$ 115,472	\$ 7.36
Bingham	1,254	\$ 11,973	\$ 9.55
Fairfield	6,022	\$ 93,541	\$ 15.53
Madison	4,533	\$ 43,391	\$ 9.57
Norridgewock	1,964	\$ 10,822	\$ 5.51
Pittsfield	4,800	\$ 85,313	\$ 17.77
Skowhegan	8,000	\$ 115,511	\$ 14.44
Waldo Sheriff	16,207	\$ 194,274	\$ 11.99
Belfast	6,669	\$ 136,870	\$ 20.52
Searsport	1,951	\$ 21,080	\$ 10.80

1975 EXPENDITURES FOR POLICE PROTECTION

GOVERNMENT UNIT	1975 EST. POPULATION	COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL EXPENDITURES	PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES
Washington Sheriff	15,171	\$ 63,355	\$ 4.18
Baileyville	2,167	\$ 41,450	\$ 19.13
Calais	4,303	\$ 104,114	\$ 24.20
Eastport	1,989	\$ 43,934	\$ 22.09
Jonesport	1,326	\$ 13,326	\$ 10.05
Lubec	1,949	\$ 32,588	\$ 16.72
Machias	2,441	\$ 34,534	\$ 14.15
Pembroke	700	\$ 8,502	\$ 12.15
Indian Twp., Indian Island & Pleasant Pt.	N/A	\$ 61,766	
York Sheriff	18,131	\$ 105,755	\$ 5.83
Berwick	3,230	\$ 67,454	\$ 20.88
Biddeford	20,303	\$ 409,656	\$ 20.18
Eliot	3,602	\$ 42,642	\$ 11.84
Kennebunk	6,060	\$ 102,695	\$ 16.95
Kennebunkport	2,302	\$ 97,208	\$ 42.23
Kittery	11,363	\$ 278,153	\$ 23.90
Lebanon	1,983	\$ 20,000	\$ 10.09
North Berwick	2,224	\$ 20,670	\$ 9.29
Ogunquit	860	\$ 77,429	\$ 90.03
Old Orchard Beach	5,565	\$ 186,289	\$ 33.48
Saco	12,192	\$ 270,415	\$ 22.18
Sanford	17,049	\$ 349,238	\$ 20.48
South Berwick	3,743	\$ 59,373	\$ 15.86
Wells	4,774	\$ 119,068	\$ 24.94
York	6,107	\$ 145,164	\$ 23.77

THE MAINE COURT SYSTEM, PROSECUTION AND DEFENSE

As of the present time, the judicial system of Maine, established by various laws enacted by the Legislature, consists of the Supreme Judicial Court, the Superior Court, the District Court, and the Judges of Probate in the 16 counties. As of December 31, 1975, the Supreme Court, the state's highest court, consists of a Chief Justice and five Associate Justices. On July 1, 1976, an additional Associate Justice was appointed bringing the total to six Associate Justices. The court of general jurisdiction, or trial court, is the Superior Court; fifteen justices, one of which is "actively retired" make up this court. Finally the District Court, the court of limited jurisdiction in Maine, is made up of a Chief Justice, four judges at-large, and 15 District Judges. All of the judges in the system are appointed by the Governor for seven year terms, with the exception of the part-time Probate Judges who are elected to their offices in their respective counties.

The prosecution function in Maine is handled locally by elected full-time District Attorneys, and at the state level by the Department of Attorney General. Finally, the provision of counsel to indigent defendants is carried out entirely by private counsel, appointed by the court.

All these sub-systems of the justice process - courts, prosecution, and defense - will be described in more detail in the narrative that follows.

The Work of the Supreme Judicial Court

The Maine Supreme Judicial Court consists of six Justices, one of whom is the Chief Justice. The Supreme Court sits primarily as "The Law Court" and hears appeals from decisions of the Superior Court and indirectly from the Probate Courts and the District Courts. It also hears appeals from certain state administrative agencies such as the Public Utilities Commission and the Board of Environmental Protection. Sittings of the court for the hearing of arguments of appeals are held during eight months of the year at Portland, Maine. Almost all of the decisions of the Maine Supreme Judicial Court are in the form of written opinions.

The workload of the Supreme Judicial Court has risen substantially since 1964. In that year, the number of appeals filed with the court totaled 65, while the total number in 1975 rose to 268. Also, while the size of the court, six justices, remained the same during this ten year period, the number of cases actually completed by the court rose from 57 in 1964 to 149 in 1975. Nevertheless, due to the caseload increase, the court backlog has grown each year to the point where it is now a potentially serious problem.

The costs incurred by the Supreme Judicial Court System for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975 was as follows:

Salary and Wages	\$278,084.04
All Other	<u>52,390.91</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>\$330,474.95</u></u>

The Work of the Superior Court

The Superior Court is Maine's trial court of general jurisdiction. It hears in the first instance serious criminal cases and also hears misdemeanor cases transferred from the District Court under the transfer statute. It has unlimited jurisdiction in civil cases. Jury trials take place in the Superior Court and hears appeals from the District Court and the Probate Court. The Superior Court also hears appeals from most state and local administrative agencies. There are 15 Superior Court Justices, including one retired justice who is occasionally activated to hear cases, who hold sittings in all of the 16 counties of the state.

The judicial backlog may have "peaked" in 1974 and is now starting to diminish. In 1974 the number of cases entered during the year was 14,604. During that period, 12,879 cases were completed for a net increase of 1,825 cases. In 1975, there were 13,762 cases entered while 15,467 cases were completed for a net reduction to the backlog of cases pending of 1,705. It is too early to determine if the programs initiated by the Administrative Office of the Courts were the major reasons for the decrease in the backlog of cases.

The costs incurred by the Superior Courts in Maine for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975 were as follows:

Salaries and Wages	\$568,293.92
Other	137,763.19
Retirement Compensation	135,069.93
Pensions	114,571.88

Admin. Asst. to Chief Justice:

Salaries and Wages	\$ 56,755.95
Other	35,097.33
All Other	<u>36,530.49</u>
TOTAL	\$1,084,082.69

The Work of the District Court

The Maine District Court has been functioning since the early 1960's as a statewide court of modern organization and practice. It operates under the administrative control of a Chief Judge and is housed, in most cases, in its own quarters, has its own personnel system and operates under a unified state budget prepared and submitted by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

The District Court exercises a large criminal jurisdiction over misdemeanors, hearings for probable cause in felony matters, pleas of guilty in felony cases, all traffic cases, and other miscellaneous criminal proceedings. Sitting in chambers, this court serves as the juvenile court and hears commitments to mental institutions. The District Court also has a broad civil jurisdiction up to \$20,000 and an active jurisdiction in domestic relations, civil disclosures and similar matters. The court consists of 20 District Judges, of whom one is the Chief Judge.

Since FY 1971 the total caseload in the District Court has risen over 33% (from 122,184 cases to 163,284 cases). Since 1969, the increase has been over 60%. Interestingly, the civil caseload has remained quite stable during this time. Traffic cases, which have increased over 50% since FY 1971, and juvenile cases, which have increased over 70% since FY 1971, make up most of the caseload increase since FY 1971.

It is important to note, however, that the caseload difference between FY 1973 and FY 1974 and FY 1975 was very slight. Nevertheless, it is too early to tell whether this is a pattern which will

continue.

The costs incurred by the District Court system during FY 1975 were \$2,125,094.42. This figure is broken down as follows:

Personal Services	\$1,338,384.38
Court Appointed Attorneys	
Medical Services, etc.	211,144.31
All Other	<u>575,565.73</u>
TOTAL	\$2,125,094.42

Administrative Office of the Courts

The mission of the Administrative Office of the Courts is to review current court procedures, suggest and implement changes for increased efficiency within the court system. This office is made up of a State Court Coordinator and four Regional Court Administrators.

	Source of Funding	
	State	Federal
Administrative Office of the Courts		
State Court Coordinator		1
Fiscal Director		1
Account Clerk	1	
Clerical		1
Regional Court Administrator	<u> </u>	<u>4</u>
	1	7

Maine Court System
Manpower Resources

Maine Judicial Branch:

Maine Supreme Court

Justices

6

Law Clerks

6

Clerical

6

Office of Administrative Assistant

Administrative Assistant

1

Supreme Court Messenger

1*

Clerical

2

1

22

1

*Supreme Court Messenger is paid 1/2 by State funds and 1/2 by County funds.

Maine Court System
Manpower Resources

	County		Source of Funding				Total	
	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT
Maine Judicial Branch:								
Maine Superior Court								
Justices			14				14	
Clerks of Court			16				16	
Deputy Clerks	17						17	
Clerical (Clerks Offices)	43	1					43	1
Court Reporters			16				16	
Research Assistants	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	6
	60	1	46			6	106	7

Maine Court System
Manpower Resources

Maine Judicial Branch:	Source of Funding	
	PT	State PT
Maine District Court		
Judges	20	
Clerks	33*	
Deputy Clerks	25	
Clerical	47	9
Business Services Administrator	1	
Transcribers	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
TOTAL	128	11
GRAND TOTAL 139		

*2 Pro-Tem Clerks

MAINE SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT
CASES ENTERED 1964 - 1975

	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	TOT
Cases Entered	65	89	78	95	110	112	153	145	150	186	223	268	1674
Cases Finished	57	75	80	81	99	102	125	112	122	125	133	149	1260

1975 BREAKDOWN

Number of Cases Entered

Criminal Cases	137	51.1%
Civil Cases	<u>131</u>	48.9%
	268	

Cases Finished

Criminal Opinions	67	45.0%
Civil Opinions	69	46.3%
Unpublished Opinions	4	2.6%
Opinions of Justices	<u>9</u>	6.1%
	149	

STATE OF MAINE
SUPERIOR COURT
MISDEMEANOR TRANSFER CASES DISPOSED OF IN 1975

COUNTY	JURY TRIALS	JURY WAIVED TRIALS	FINISHED NO TRIAL
Androscoggin	12	77	122
Aroostook	16	15	318
Cumberland	7	29	1090
Franklin	10	16	136
Hancock	19	31	345
Kennebec	19	31	136
Knox	9	41	123
Lincoln	5	40	196
Oxford	4	54	124
Penobscot	10	17	439
Piscataquis	0	9	37
Sagadahoc	3	39	221
Somerset	18	11	185
Waldo	13	13	187
Washington	13	12	221
York	16	18	353
TOTAL	174	453	4233

TRANSFER CASES DISPOSED OF IN SUPERIOR COURT DURING 1975

	JURY TRIALS	CONVICTIONS	ACQUITTALS	JURY WAIVED TRIALS	CONVICTIONS	ACQUITTALS	NO TRIALS	GUILTY PLEA	DISMISSED OR FILED
JAN.	4	0	4	31	28	6	428	157	271
FEB.	25	17	8	63	45	18	589	230	359
MAR.	14	10	4	40	31	9	428	220	208
APR.	30	16	14	105	77	28	661	297	364
MAY	26	16	10	77	64	13	460	174	286
JUNE	25	18	7	86	66	20	412	160	252
JULY	12	6	6	19	18	1	179	76	103
AUG.	15	5	10	62	53	9	240	78	162
SEPT.	18	14	4	53	46	7	594	312	282
OCT.	20	16	4	95	83	12	512	210	302
NOV.	12	8	4	115	106	9	443	195	248
DEC.	6	4	2	57	55	2	242	122	120
TOTALS	207	130	77	806	672	134	5188	2231	2957

TOTAL TRANSFER CASES DISPOSED OF 6201

DISTRICT COURT CASELOAD

	Traffic	Other	Juvenile	Total Criminal	Total Civil	Total
FY 1971	62,584	26,652	2,240	91,476	30,708	122,184
FY 1972	77,993	27,416	2,203	107,712	31,275	138,887
FY 1973	94,497	33,821	3,381	131,699	30,568	162,267
FY 1974	97,651	30,774	3,943	132,368	30,916	163,284
FY 1975	95,709	29,440	3,572	128,721	36,496	165,217

DISTRICT COURT CASELOAD
For the Year Ending June 30, 1975

Dist/Site	Juvenile Court		Traffic Cases		Other Criminal		Total	
	#	%-G. Tot.	#	%-G. Tot.	#	%-G. Tot.	#	%-G. Tot.
I Caribou	42	1.2	2,043	2.1	631	2.1	2,716	2.1
Ft. Kent	25	0.7	1,012	1.1	591	2.0	1,628	1.3
Madawaska	33	0.9	566	0.6	262	0.9	861	0.7
Van Buren	<u>1</u>		<u>262</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>153</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>516</u>	<u>0.4</u>
Sub-Total	101	2.8	3,983	4.2	1,637	5.6	5,721	4.4
II Houlton	98	2.8	3,679	3.8	649	2.2	4,426	3.4
Presque Isle	<u>198</u>	<u>5.5</u>	<u>2,206</u>	<u>2.3</u>	<u>1,104</u>	<u>3.8</u>	<u>3,508</u>	<u>2.7</u>
Sub-Total	296	8.3	5,885	6.2	1,753	6.0	7,934	6.2
III Bangor	390	10.9	7,631	8.0	1,623	5.5	9,644	7.4
Newport	<u>90</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>3,443</u>	<u>3.6</u>	<u>566</u>	<u>1.9</u>	<u>4,099</u>	<u>3.2</u>
Sub-Total	480	13.4	11,074	11.6	2,189	7.4	13,743	10.7
IV Calais	122	3.4	1,234	1.3	899	3.1	2,255	1.3
Machias	<u>36</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>1,210</u>	<u>1.3</u>	<u>562</u>	<u>1.9</u>	<u>1,808</u>	<u>1.2</u>
Sub-Total	158	4.4	2,444	2.6	1,461	5.0	4,063	3.2
V Bar Harbor	17	0.5	454	0.5	319	1.1	790	0.6
Belfast	87	2.4	1,371	1.4	737	2.5	2,195	1.7
Ellsworth	<u>115</u>	<u>3.2</u>	<u>2,315</u>	<u>2.4</u>	<u>897</u>	<u>3.0</u>	<u>3,327</u>	<u>2.6</u>
Sub-Total	219	6.1	4,140	4.3	1,953	6.6	6,312	4.9
VI Bath	50	1.4	2,271	2.4	453	1.5	2,774	2.2
Rockland	123	3.4	1,483	1.5	823	2.8	2,429	1.9
Wiscasset	<u>43</u>	<u>1.2</u>	<u>1,332</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>511</u>	<u>1.7</u>	<u>1,886</u>	<u>1.5</u>
Sub-Total	216	6.0	5,086	5.3	1,787	6.1	7,089	5.5
VII Augusta	197	5.5	5,177	5.4	2,101	7.1	7,475	5.8
Waterville	<u>99</u>	<u>2.8</u>	<u>3,803</u>	<u>4.0</u>	<u>1,581</u>	<u>5.4</u>	<u>5,483</u>	<u>4.3</u>
Sub-Total	296	8.3	8,980	9.4	3,682	12.5	12,958	10.1

DISTRICT COURT CASELOAD (CONT.)
For the Year Ending June 30, 1975

Dist/Site	Juvenile Court		Traffic Cases		Other Criminal		Total	
	#	%-G. Tot.	#	%-G. Tot.	#	%-G. Tot.	#	%-G. Tot.
VIII Brunswick	89	2.5	3,369	3.5	747	2.5	4,205	3.3
Lewiston	<u>214</u>	<u>6.0</u>	<u>4,688</u>	<u>5.0</u>	<u>2,214</u>	<u>7.5</u>	<u>7,116</u>	<u>5.5</u>
Sub-Total	303	8.5	8,057	8.4	2,961	10.1	11,321	8.8
IX Bridgton	79	2.2	780	0.8	606	2.1	1,465	1.1
Portland	<u>429</u>	<u>12.0</u>	<u>18,503</u>	<u>19.3</u>	<u>2,401</u>	<u>8.2</u>	<u>21,333</u>	<u>16.5</u>
Sub-Total	508	14.2	19,283	20.1	3,007	10.2	22,798	17.7
X Kittery	61	1.7	4,794	5.0	821	2.8	5,676	4.4
Saco	166	4.7	6,868	7.2	1,566	5.3	8,600	6.7
Sanford	<u>90</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>2,118</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>859</u>	<u>2.9</u>	<u>3,067</u>	<u>2.4</u>
Sub-Total	317	8.9	13,780	14.4	3,246	11.0	17,343	13.5
XI Livermore Falls	17	0.5	734	0.8	203	0.7	954	0.7
Rumford	110	3.1	988	1.0	488	1.7	1,586	1.2
So. Paris	<u>28</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>844</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>394</u>	<u>1.3</u>	<u>1,266</u>	<u>1.0</u>
Sub-Total	155	4.3	2,566	2.7	1,085	3.7	3,806	3.0
XII Farmington	89	2.5	1,897	2.0	783	2.7	2,769	2.2
Skowhegan	<u>123</u>	<u>3.4</u>	<u>3,094</u>	<u>3.2</u>	<u>1,464</u>	<u>5.0</u>	<u>4,681</u>	<u>3.6</u>
Sub-Total	212	5.9	4,991	5.2	2,247	7.6	7,450	5.8
XIII Dover-Foxcroft	152	4.3	1,835	1.9	1,171	4.0	3,158	2.5
Lincoln	56	1.6	2,388	2.5	491	1.7	2,935	2.3
Millinocket	<u>103</u>	<u>2.9</u>	<u>1,217</u>	<u>1.2</u>	<u>770</u>	<u>2.6</u>	<u>2,090</u>	<u>1.6</u>
Sub-Total	311	8.7	5,440	5.7	2,432	8.3	8,183	6.4
GRAND TOTALS	3,572		95,709		29,440		128,721	

CRIMINAL CASES - SUPERIOR COURT IN 1975

	<u>Cases Entered</u>	<u>Cases Finished</u>	<u>Net Pending (Increase/Decrease)</u>
Cumberland	1,699 (19.2)	2,154 (12.0)	- 455 (32.8)
All Other Counties	<u>7,169 (80.8)</u>	<u>8,103 (79.0)</u>	<u>- 934 (67.2)</u>
State	8,868 (100.0)	10,257 (100.0)	-1,389 (100.0)

CRIMINAL CASES - SUPERIOR COURT IN 1974

Cumberland	2,073 (21.2)	1,829 (22.0)	+ 244 (16.5)
All Other Counties	<u>7,712 (78.8)</u>	<u>6,476 (78.0)</u>	<u>+1,236 (83.5)</u>
State	9,785 (100.0)	8,305 (100.0)	+1,480 (100.0)

The above information has been derived from the "Summary of Clerks Report to the Chief Justice" (of the Supreme Court of Maine) for the years ending December 31, 1974 and 1975. Under a part-time County Prosecutor system, Maine's Superior Court criminal caseload increased by 1,480 cases in 1974. Then, in 1975, the total criminal caseload pending on December 31 was reduced by 1,389 cases under the newly created full-time District Attorney system. Cumberland County, with a population representing an estimated 19.2% of the state total, accounted for only 16.5% of the increase in the backlog in 1974 and accounted for fully 32.8% of the 1975 reduction in the case backlog.

SUPERIOR COURT OF MAINE
YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1975
CRIMINAL DOCKET

<u>JURISDICTION</u>	<u>CASES ENTERED DURING THE YEAR</u>	<u>CASES FINISHED DURING THE YEAR</u>	<u>NET IMPACT ON PENDING CASES</u>
Androscoggin	573 (6.5%)	577 (5.6%)	- 4 (0.3%)
Aroostook	813 (9.2%)	842 (8.2%)	- 29 (2.1%)
Cumberland	1,699 (19.2%)	2,154 (21.0%)	- 455 (32.8%)
Franklin	228 (2.6%)	261 (2.5%)	- 33 (2.4%)
Hancock	595 (6.7%)	672 (6.6%)	- 77 (5.5%)
Kennebec	801 (9.0%)	1,015 (9.9%)	- 214 (15.4%)
Knox	311 (3.5%)	294 (2.9%)	+ 17 (-1.2%)
Lincoln	254 (2.9%)	215 (2.1%)	+ 39 (-2.8%)
Oxford	289 (3.3%)	393 (3.8%)	- 104 (7.5%)
Penobscot	1,040 (11.7%)	1,250 (12.2%)	- 210 (15.1%)
scataquis	131 (1.5%)	147 (1.4%)	- 16 (1.2%)
Sagadahoc	210 (2.4%)	265 (2.6%)	- 55 (4.0%)
Somerset	597 (6.7%)	566 (5.5%)	+ 31 (-2.2%)
Waldo	196 (2.2%)	222 (2.2%)	- 26 (1.9%)
Washington	233 (2.6%)	281 (2.7%)	- 48 (3.5%)
York	<u>898 (10.1%)</u>	<u>1,103 (10.8%)</u>	<u>- 205 (14.8%)</u>
TOTAL	8,868	10,257	-1,389

Prepared by the
MCJDC, April 1976

Prosecution

The prosecutorial function in the State of Maine is handled at the local level by a system of District Attorneys, and, at the state level by the Department of Attorney General.

District Attorney System

The District Attorney System in Maine was initiated on January 1, 1975. The 106th Legislature decided that a full-time system of elected District Attorneys was needed to replace the then County Attorney system which was plagued with many short comings. It was hoped that the full-time districtized system would become far more efficient and, thus, more effective than the former system.

The District Attorney system is made up of eight districts, some of which include several counties. No county, however, is divided between two districts.

The costs incurred by the District Attorneys system during 1975 was \$744,593.00. The monies expended were from the following sources:

\$ 43,940	Federal Funds
473,000	State Funds
<u>227,653</u>	County Funds
\$744,593	TOTAL

The federal funds expended to support the system were used for such items as personnel paid through CETA funding, and, interns and part-time prosecutors funded through LEAA, as well as seminars funded through LEAA.

The state funds expended were appropriated by the legislation and represent salaries for the District Attorney and his assistants.

The counties portion of the District Attorney system represents all other costs incurred. There are cases where county's annual reports have not been completed and estimates were made when determining the expenditures by the District Attorney system.

Statistics for the caseloads handled by the District Attorneys are at this time a little vague. Although the District Attorney is sometimes involved in District Court cases, there are no statistics kept as to the number involved. For purposes of this report, we are using only Superior Court cases as those involving District Attorneys. The figures are as follows:

Maine Prosecutionatorial System
Manpower Resources

	Source of Funding					
	Federal		State		County	
District Attorney System:	F/T	P/T	F/T	P/T	F/T	P/T
District Attorneys	-	-	8	-	-	-
Assistant District Attorneys	1	2	13	16	-	1
Investigative, Case Specialists, etc.	2	-	3	-	2	-
Secretaries	<u>2</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>9</u>
TOTALS	5	2	24	16	17	10

DISTRICT ATTORNEY SYSTEM ANALYSIS

<u>D.A. District</u>	<u>Counties</u>	<u>Percent of Population</u>	<u>Percent of Superior Court Cases-1975</u>	<u>Percent of District Court Cases-1975 Criminal w/o Traffic</u>	<u>Percent of Total Court Cases-1975</u>
I	York	11.2%	10.1%	11.0%	10.8%
II	Cumberland	19.4%	19.2%	12.7%	14.2%
III	Androscoggin Franklin Oxford	15.8%	12.4%	13.9%	13.5%
IV	Kennebec Somerset	13.7%	15.7%	17.5%	17.1%
V	Penobscot Piscataquis	14.3%	13.2%	15.7%	15.1%
VI	Knox Lincoln Sagadahoc Waldo	9.7%	10.9%	8.6%	9.1%
VII	Hancock Washington	6.5%	9.3%	9.1%	9.1%
VIII	Aroostook	9.5%	9.2%	11.5%	11.0%

0

Attorney General System

The Attorney General, with broad statutory powers, is the chief legal officer of the State. Since January 1, 1973, the office, which is filled each year by a joint vote of the Legislature, has been a full-time position.

By law the Attorney General may consult with and advise the District Attorneys in matters relating to their duties. If, in his judgement, the public interest so requires, he is to assist them in the investigation and prosecution of homicides and other serious crimes. He may, at his discretion, act in place of or with District Attorneys in instituting and conducting prosecutions.

Included within the Attorney General's Office is a Criminal Division headed by a Deputy Attorney General. The primary duty of this division is to coordinate all criminal investigations and prosecutions in Maine. Ten (10) Assistant Attorneys General, a Chief Inspector, and two Maine State Police Detectives are assigned to the Division. Also attached to the Criminal Division is the Law Enforcement Education Section with three Assistant Attorneys General.

During Fiscal Year 1974-75 the Criminal Division actively carried out its assigned responsibilities. What follows is a brief summary of the work of the Division.

Homicides

During FY ending June 30, 1975 the Division investigated 36 homicides. Also, the investigation of 17 homicides which preceded the beginning of the fiscal year were continued. Of

this total, the Criminal Division prosecuted 22 homicide cases during the year, 20 are still under investigation with no arrest or solution, and 7 cases awaiting trial. Numerous other felonies, including arson, robbery, larcenies, and escape, were also either investigated or prosecuted by the Criminal Division.

Agencies and Administrative Matters

The Criminal Division provides legal counsel to the Department of Public Safety. This role not only entails providing legal advise on a day-to-day basis but also representing the various divisions, bureaus and boards of the Department in the Administrative Court.

Appeals

As might be expected, the heavy load of litigation also yields a large number of appeal and habeas corpus matters. During FY ending June 30 the Division handled 32 cases before the Supreme Judicial Court of Maine, two (2) in the United States of Appeals, First Circuit, and three (3) in the United States Supreme Court. Habeas corpus cases were divided as follows: five in the Superior Court of Maine and five in the Federal District Court, Division of Maine.

Investigation Section

The Investigations Section of the Division during FY 1974-75 investigated 100 complaints of a wide variety.

Law Enforcement Education Program

The Law Enforcement Education Section attached to the Criminal Division is responsible for maintaining a program of continuing legal education for police officers and prosecutors. In fulfilling this responsibility it issues various publications, including "Alert" which is designed to keep law enforcement officers up-to-date by reporting on recent important court decisions, the "Maine Prosecutor", which is designed to advise Maine prosecutors and judges of current trends in the criminal law, and the "Law Enforcement Officers Manual". The Section also periodically prepares manuals for use by prosecutors in the state.

Defense

Despite recent developments in constitutional law that have expanded the constitutional requirement of appointed counsel for indigent defendants, no substantial change in the method of providing defense services for indigents has taken place.

Although dissimilarities in the methods and procedures of the assigned counsel do exist in the various counties, the general system of providing defense for indigents can be defined as follows:

An accused person who is brought into District Court at the initial appearance for a felony arraignment or for a serious misdemeanor and who is unrepresented by counsel, is asked by the presiding judge whether or not he or she desires counsel. If the accused does desire counsel and judge determines that he does not have sufficient means to retain counsel on his own,

counsel is appointed. When the case reaches the Superior Court, the process is repeated. In most cases the defendant is able to have the same counsel in Superior Court that he had in District Court.

The system has remained unchanged despite strong criticism that has been leveled against it over several years. As early as 1965, the Judicial Council took the position that the state should provide the entire funding necessary to support the assigned council system. Later, the Council recommended more sweeping changes by supporting a bill to create a Public Defender organization. This legislation failed, as have each successive legislative attempts to change the present system. Most recently, the Public Defender feasibility project has recommended a combined public defender/assigned council system as a replacement for the present assigned council system.

Both the quality of the defense services now provided and the increasing cost of providing these services are factors that are of concern to reformers. A fear that has been substantiated by the Defender Project is that, at least in the District Court, assigned cases are being handled by only a small percentage of the bar. Too often this small percentage does not represent the most qualified segment of the bar; hence the quality of defense services is lowered. The burgeoning costs of provided assigned counsel, however, is reason enough to achieve some administrative control and accountability to the system. For example, in Cumberland County, the cost of providing counsel increased from \$8,275 in 1966 to \$28,685 in 1969, and over \$50,000 in 1972, while no changes in the administration of these payments were

instituted. To this day, Superior Court Justices, who continue to approve counsel payments, have neither the time nor the resources at hand to adequately check the legitimacy of the payments.

The cost of operation for the Attorney Generals Department for the Fiscal Year 1975 was \$1,623,775.

Personal Services	\$1,282,717
All Other	<u>341,058</u>
	\$1,623,775

ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIMINAL DIVISION CASELOAD
7/1/74 - 6/30/75

<u>Homicide and Other Deaths</u>		
Investigation		36
Continued		17
Tried		22
Investigation		20
Trial Pending		7
Deaths Investigated (Accidental, Unattended, etc.)		33
Processed death report cards		717
<u>Felonies</u>		
Investigated or Prosecuted		205
<u>Non-Criminal Investigation or Litigation</u>		
Investigation - State Depts. (Discrimination, Missing Persons, etc.)		47
Attorney Disciplinary		11
Extraditions		42
Psychiatric Hearings		50
<u>Appeals</u>		
Handled - Direct Appeals		54
On Report - to Supreme Judicial Court		3
Post conviction habeas corpus (14 State, 3 Federal and 1 US Supreme Court)		18
<u>Other Agencies</u>		
Administrative Court - Liquor Hearing		326
Motor Vehicle Insp.		31
Review Fire Marshal		148
Teaching: Criminal Justice Academy		
Support: District Attorney's Office		
<u>Opinions</u>	Legislative and Agencies	31
<u>Investigation</u>	Criminal Investigation Section	189
<u>Law Enforcement Education</u>	Alert	
	Law Enforcement Officer's Manual	
	Maine Prosecutor	
<u>Chief Medical Examiner</u>		

CORRECTIONAL/REHABILITATION SERVICES

Bureau of Corrections

In Maine the primary responsibility for the direction of the correctional system lies with the Bureau of Corrections within the State Department of Mental Health and Corrections. As provided by Maine statute, the Bureau of Corrections is responsible for the direction and administrative supervision of the state institutions and the Division of Probation and Parole. In addition, the Bureau is charged with the responsibility of inspecting all county jails at least twice a year and preparing an annual report to the Governor and Executive Council describing the physical conditions of these county jails.

The Maine Bureau of Corrections, like its counterparts in other states, is attempting to redefine the direction of the state's correctional system so as to rely less on institutionalization and more on community-based correctional activities. Several studies have been conducted as a means of determining alternative reorganization plans. Foremost of these studies include the Maine Correctional Study and the Governor's Task Force on Corrections, both funded by Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency. Some of the most important recommendations of these two studies concern the immediate merger of the two juvenile institutions, the phasing out of the Men's Correctional Center and the creation of three area centers and two subcenters in order to administratively coordinate the delivery of psychological and social services to correctional clients at any point in the system. Under legislation passed by the 107th Maine Legislature in April, 1976, the two juvenile

institutions have been merged into the Maine Youth Center and the Men's Correctional Center has been renamed the Maine Correctional Center. The ultimate goal of such recommendations is the realization of savings in current legislative appropriations for the operation of correctional institutions with which to efficiently purchase client services from agencies in the community. To this end the Bureau of Corrections has been developing a reorganization plan which in part has been considered by the Special Session of the Maine Legislature of January, 1976; which will be considered more fully by the 108th Legislature which convenes in January, 1977. Such a reorganization plan has involved the merger of the two juvenile institutions into one co-educational facility, a reallocation of resources of the former Women's Correctional (physically located on the Stevens School campus) to other correctional institutions and the Division of Probation and Parole. Also, the reorganization plan contains provisions for the expansion of additional state operated adult pre-release centers to serve qualified adult male clients from the Maine State Prison and the Men's Correctional Center.

To carry out its responsibility of administering the correctional system in Maine, the Bureau of Corrections has a very small staff. Besides the Director of the Bureau of Corrections, there is an Assistant Director, Plans Coordinator, Director of Halfway Houses, Volunteer Services Coordinator, Jail Inspector, and two secretaries. All Bureau staff positions are full-time and classified under the State of Maine Personnel System. Under a very recent administrative reorganization within the Department of Mental Health and Corrections, which created the Division of

Administrative Services, the Bureau of Corrections can utilize the services of a research associate.

Probation and Parole

The Division of Probation and Parole, the central office of which is located on the grounds of the Maine Correctional Center in South Windham, is administered by a director who is appointed by the Director of the Bureau of Corrections according to State Department of Personnel procedures. To assist the Director in the central offices of Probation and Parole, there are two assistant director positions. The Division operates four district offices, in Portland, Auburn, Augusta, and Bangor, with each district being administered by a District Supervisor. There are 39 state funded and five MCJPAA/LEAA funded probation and parole officers.

The Division of Probation and Parole has several major responsibilities. The most time consuming of these responsibilities, some 65% of a probation and parole officer's time, concerns the preparation of pre-sentence investigative reports for district and superior court justices. Another major responsibility concerns the supervision of probation and parole clients. Here, supervision refers to the determination by a probation and parole officer if his clients are fulfilling all the conditions of their court ordered probation or of their parole granted by the Maine Parole Board. It is important to note, that when the Revised Maine Criminal Code, which was enacted by the 107th Legislature and signed into law by the Governor James B. Longley in June, 1975, becomes effective in May, 1976, parole will no longer be provided

clients sentenced after that date. However, the Maine Parole Board will continue to hear petitions of clients sentenced before May, 1976. It is anticipated that as a result of the new Criminal Code, Maine Justices will issue more probated sentences.

Maine State Prison

The Maine State Prison, located on the coast at Thomaston, is a maximum security institution for adult male offenders. It is administered by a warden who is appointed by the Commissioner. In turn, the warden has authority to appoint his deputy wardens. At this time there are two deputies, one in charge of care and treatment and another who is responsible for custody supervision.

The Maine State Prison has a client capacity of 430 men in the prison proper. In addition to the walled institution, which had an average population from July 1, 1974 to June 30, 1975 of 309 clients, the prison operates the Minimum Security Unit which is a dormitory style facility located three miles away in the town of Warren and the Prison's Pre-Release Center on the grounds of the Bangor Mental Health Institute in the City of Bangor.

Living accommodations at the prison consist of single occupancy cells, including 25 quarantine spaces for new inmates. There are also six dormitories containing from six to forty beds each. The prison has a dispensary and a fifteen-bed hospital, although medical and dental services are provided only by part-time professionals.

The Minimum Security Unit which was established at the site of the former Prison Farm three years ago, can accommodate seventy persons under present Department of Mental Health & Corrections

policy. A resident must have 18 months or less before parole eligibility to be considered by MSU residency. Involvement in educational, vocational, work release, and/or therapeutic programs is required of all MSU residents. MSU residents work on the grounds, outside the walls or in surrounding communities on work release.

The Bangor Pre-Release Center with a capacity for seventy men, provides graduated re-entry into the community for men on work or study release. Presently the turnover rate is five men per month.

A review of the Maine State Prison's Annual Report in 1975 shows the average inmate at MSP is between 20 and 24 years of age, has a tenth grade education and is either single or divorced. Furthermore, the average inmate has been sentenced for property crimes and has received an average minimum sentence of 1.9 years and an average maximum sentence of 4.7 years.

Maine Correctional Center

The Maine Correctional Center (MCC) at South Windham is a minimum to medium security institution which is administered by a superintendent appointed by the Director of the Bureau of Corrections according to the State Department of Personnel procedures. The superintendent has a budgetary authorization for two Assistant Superintendents, one who directs care and treatment and another who is responsible for custody and control.

Under provisions of the new Maine Criminal Code misdemeanors and felons can be sentenced to the Maine Correctional Center as long as the sentence does not exceed five years and as long as the

convicted person has not reached his 27th birthday at the time of sentencing. This new sentencing provision will change the general makeup of the client population because of the more serious offenses and the increased sentencing periods effectuated by the Maine Criminal Code.

Staff at MCC attempt to treat each client as an individual and prepare him for eventual return to society. Movement within the institution is free; inmates go unaccompanied from place to place. They must, however, check in at their destinations. A color coded location board shows where every man is scheduled to be, and security officers are present at appropriate stations.

In the main building complex, there are 135 single occupancy cells and four open dormitories with a total operational capacity of 185. The farm barracks, formerly known as the Honor Barracks, are now designated the Pre-Release and Work-Release Centers. It has a bed capacity of 48 residents. Because the four open dormitories in the main building are in poor condition and are not conducive to client needs, four new cottages, each having fifteen single occupancy rooms has been built in 1974-75. As soon as a staffing shortage problem is resolved, these cottages will be opened, thus allowing the administration to discontinue the old dormitories.

By recent authorization of the Maine Legislature, the small Women's Correctional Center has been discontinued. The women clients have been transferred to one of the new cottages at the Maine Correctional Center.

Maine Youth Center

The Boys' Training Center, in South Portland, Maine, created in 1853, became a coeducational juvenile detention facility in July, 1976, under new legislation passed by the 107th Maine Legislature in April, 1976. As provided in the legislation, the institution will be renamed the Maine Youth Center and serve as the state's major detention facility for sentenced juveniles between the ages of eleven and twenty-one years of age.

The Maine Youth Center which will have a capacity of 243 when renovations are completed in the near future is an open campus style institution. Juveniles live in nine cottages on campus and are provided access to a dining hall, gymnasium containing a swimming pool, and a classroom/library building. Also on the grounds of the Maine Youth Center is the Hayden Treatment Center where clients with severe behavioral problems are housed.

Looking at profiles of the clients at the Maine Youth Center, as provided in a statistical report of the Department of Mental Health & Corrections on July 15, 1975, the average juvenile clients are between the ages of fifteen and seventeen, from an urban area and with a ninth grade education. Like adult correctional clients, most of the clients at the Maine Youth Center are sentenced for committing a property crime (breaking/entering or breaking/entering larceny).

Interstate Cooperative Agreements

The State of Maine is a party to a number of interstate cooperative agreements. The interstate cooperative agreements which deal with Maine's adult correctional system follow. A

complete description of juvenile interstate cooperative agreements is to be found in the Juvenile Delinquency and Prevention Existing Systems.

1. New England Interstate Corrections Compact

The party states, including Maine, make contracts with other party states for the confinement of inmates on behalf of a sending state in institutions situated within receiving states (T34-1291).

2. Uniform Act for Out-of-State Parolee Supervision

The party states, including Maine, agree to permit any person convicted of an offense within the state and placed on probation or released on parole to reside in another party state, if the person or his family is a resident of the receiving state, and if he can obtain employment there or the receiving state consents to the person being sent there. The receiving state assumes the duties of visitation and supervision of the sending state and will exercise them according to its own standards (T34-1722).

3. The Uniform Criminal Extradition Act

The party states, including Maine, agree to cooperate in matters of criminal extradition proceedings (T15229).

4. Interlocal Cooperation

Provision exists for any power or powers, privileges or authority exercised or capable of exercise by a public agency of the state to be exercised jointly with any other public agency of this state, or of the United States to the extent that the laws of the United States permit such joint exercise. Any agency of

the state government when acting jointly with any public agency may exercise all of the powers, privileges and authority conferred by these laws upon a public agency (T30-1953).

5. The Uniform Interstate Compact on Juveniles (T34 Sec 181-195)

Maine agrees to cooperate with other states regarding the return of juveniles who are on probation in another state; the return of juveniles who are unadjudicated but have run away without the consent of parents or guardians; and the cooperative supervision of juvenile probationers residing in a state other than the state in which the court ordered probation.

County Jails

In Maine, the primary responsibility for maintaining local lock-up and holding facilities lies with the sixteen counties. In fact fourteen counties maintain county jails, with two counties, Sagadahoc and Lincoln, contracting with Androscoggin and Kennebec, respectively, for the detention of their offenders. Because most municipalities do not maintain local lock-up facilities but instead rely on the county jails; approximately 78% of county jail populations are pre-trial detainees. Sentenced clients at county jails, which represent approximately 22% of county jail populations, can be sentenced for a period of incarceration of less than twelve months.

The county commissioners of each county are responsible for the operation of the county jail; although it is the county sheriff who actually administers the jail. The sheriffs appoint their own jail staff, and in the case of the larger county jails the sheriffs hire full-time jail administrators.

DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES

Bureau of Corrections

Considering the responsibilities of the Bureau of Corrections to develop an integrated correctional system, it must set bureau-wide goals and objectives in order to effectively coordinate the efforts of the various institutions and the Division of Probation and Parole. As mentioned earlier, the Bureau's staff resources are limited; however, the plans coordinator with the assistance of MCJPAA funded projects such as the recent Correctional Cost/Effectiveness Project by the Maine Bar Association, and various Technical Assistances from LEAA, is making considerable progress toward the development of a formalized plan of action, including identifiable goals and objectives, for the Bureau of Corrections.

Probation and Parole

The Division of Probation and Parole with its four district offices and 44 officers, serves approximately 3,000 probationers and 500 parolees at any one time. The average caseload of a probation and parole officer is 85 clients, with many caseloads going as high as 150. With 65% of a probation and parole officer's time devoted to the preparation of pre-sentence reports for court justices the remaining 35% of the officer's time often does not allow him the opportunity to provide one to one counseling with the clients. Consequently, an officer tries to identify the few clients who need most his direct attention. For these few he tries to provide individual and family counseling and to arrange for the utilization of community services such as job training, drug and alcoholic abuse treatment, and emergency shelter. Part-

icularly in regard to services provided a client who voluntarily admits to a serious substance abuse problem, probation and parole officers often utilize drug and alcohol treatment services, residential and nonresidential in the community. Based on a recent survey, probation and parole officers identified the kinds of alcohol/drug treatment resources within their area.

Maine State Prison

At the Maine State Prison detention is considered a temporary measure at best. While security must be maintained with up-to-date methods and equipment which provide for order and safety, security alone will protect society only in the short term. Rehabilitative efforts are required to protect society in the long term. The Prison must equip its residents with the social and vocational skills necessary for success in the community. To this end the Prison is striving to upgrade and increase its professional staff. A number of additions have been made over the last five years. More are needed in specialized areas. MCJPA has helped to fund a number of these positions prior to legislative authorization to pay these persons out of state monies.

The Education Department provides instruction in all grades and offers high school equivalency and high school diploma programs. Remedial reading and mathematics courses are available. Correspondence courses in secondary school and college subjects can be obtained. College level courses are taught in the Prison by the University of Maine at Augusta. Vocational Education programs have increased over the past few years. On-the-job training has been upgraded by developing vocational training modules in the

PROBATION & PAROLE DISTRICTS

District I (Cumberland & York Counties)

Alcohol

Crossroads
 Alcoholics Anonymous
 Milestone Foundation
 Community Counseling Center
 Twenty Four Hour Club
 Augusta Mental Health Institute
 Maine Medical Center, P-6, Consulting
 York County Counseling Service (C.J. Unit)
 Western Maine Counseling Service
 Spurwink School
 Halfway Houses

Drug

Day One
 Odyssey House
 (Portsmouth)
 Elan I

District II (Kennebec, Knox, and Lincoln Counties)

Alcohol

Crisis and Counseling
 Seton Hospital
 Mid-Coast Rehabilitation Center,
 Owl's Head
 Alcoholic Services, Belfast
 Twenty Four Hour Club

Drug

Day One
 Elan I
 OOS Facilities

District III (Aroostook, Hancock, Penobscot, Piscataquis, and Washington Counties)

Alcohol

Emergency Alcohol Treatment Service
 (EMMC)
 Hope House, Bangor
 Alcoholics Anonymous
 Bangor Halfway House
 Alcohol Rehab. Farm, Limestone
 Alcohol Referral, Presque Isle
 Alcoholic Counselor
 Counseling Center, out-patient counseling, Bangor, Ellsworth
 (limited)
 Aroostook Mental Health Center, Houlton, Fort Fairfield

Drug

E.M.M.C.

District IV (Androscoggin, Franklin, Oxford, and Sagadahoc Counties)

Alcohol

Alcoholics Anonymous
 RAP Place, Lewiston
 Merrymeeting House, Bowdoinham
 Mid Coast Rehab Center, Owl's Head
 Fellowship House De Tox Center

Drug

Elan I
 Day One

various shops and services under the direction of a vocational development coordinator funded by Vocational Rehabilitation.

Counseling and therapy programs are not yet highly developed, but progress is being made. The prison has two full-time psychologists. Resident paraprofessional psychology associates are making a real impact. The Division of Vocational Rehabilitation continues its counseling program for its clients through the services of a part-time psychologist. Some individual counseling is available as an adjunct to the vocational training program funded by MDTA. The Prison's teacher-counselor conducts group counseling as part of the pre-release program. Both chaplains have specialized advanced training in counseling. The Prison has no specialized services for the mentally retarded residents who comprise twenty percent of the population at minimum. MR services are slowly being developed. The Prison has a long way to go in this area and will seek increased programs and professional services.

On a voluntary basis clients at the Maine State Prison who want treatment for alcohol and drug problems are offered both individual and group counseling. Many of these substance abuse counseling services are provided under grants from the Office of Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention. In addition to these counseling services which emphasize the self-development of coping skills, there exists a regular program for alcoholics and problem drinkers by the local chapter of Alcoholics Anonymous.

The recreation program is flourishing with the new facilities and programs that have been developed over the last several years. A new gymnasium and weight lifting room has been opened. Athletic teams now play home and away schedules. The athletic field is in

constant use for a variety of activities in good weather. However, the drainage system on the athletic field is so poor, that it is usually inoperative for several days and sometimes a week after a good rain.

The furlough and work release programs have flourished. Over 1200 furloughs were granted in the last calendar year, with an incidence of problems of under two percent. Well over 170 persons have been assigned to work release in the last year. After each semester, several men have left prison to University of Maine campuses, VTI schools, or private colleges around the state on educational release.

Maine Correctional Center.

At the Maine Correctional Center correctional officers, work assignment staff, and the classification committee attempt to plan for each man's individual abilities and needs. Inmates are given a variety of work assignments, some of them outside the institution. The experience prepares the men for similar work after their release, but the program's principle goal is to teach each inmate the discipline of regular work. Most assignments are on a five-day work week basis.

A growing vocational training program has become the core of MCC's rehabilitation efforts. With funds provided by the state Department of Education and by the federal government under Title I funds, vocational opportunities are offered in such areas as small engine repair, automobile front-end alignment, construction skills, graphic arts, and basic electrical skills.

Educational (academic) offerings at MCC stress a strong individualized approach and include a full pre-high school remedial learning program, a state approved GED program, and college courses offered through the University of Maine at Portland/Gorham.

In regards to the psychological services at Maine Correctional Center, a psychiatrist is available to inmates two days a week and a psychologist one day a week. Alcoholic Anonymous sponsors an active alcoholic group counseling program at MCC two nights a week, with approximately 80% of the inmate population participating.

Maine Youth Center

Although there may be changes in the kinds and quantity of services provided clients at the Maine Youth Center since this facility has become coeducational, effective July, 1976, the broad range of services can be considered along two major areas: (1) care custody and security, and (2) rehabilitation services.

The rehabilitation unit is comprised of the following divisions: psychiatry, psychology, social services, education, health services, and vocational rehabilitation.

A psychiatrist, available only on a part-time basis, is able to provide diagnosis and treatment of some of the more severely disturbed. He also provided direction and training for the staff involved with group and individual counseling. The psychological services staff tests each client upon admission for intelligence, emotional adjustment and perceptual motor function; the results are related to school and cottage faculty weekly reports. Psychological counseling is also provided to the clients on primarily a group-counseling basis; very little individual counseling is possible because of limited staff time.

CONTINUED

3 OF 4

Social Services has three social workers at the Center and eight others responsible for the entrustment program. The in-center program involves individual and group counseling case history development, and consultation by staff with cottage parents and teachers. Workers in the aftercare program maintain continuing contact with the client following his return to the community and with those persons concerned with the client before and after his return, including the school officials, peers, family, and community leaders.

The Education Division operates both an accredited academic school and a vocational education curriculum. The academic courses include English, mathematics, science, social studies, arts and crafts, special education, and physical education. The vocational education program offers courses in graphic arts, building trades crafting, auto mechanics, welding, electricity, sheet metal, and general shop.

All medical and dental services are on a contractual basis, except nursing services and dental hygienic service. Services for night problems are handled by referral to a clinic at the Maine Medical Center in Portland.

The Vocational Rehabilitation Division provides evaluation services, individual counseling, medical examinations, physical therapy, job training, board, room and transportation, tools, and follow-up services. A client is eligible if he has a physical, mental, or emotional problem which might be an employment barrier.

The Care, Custody, and Security Unit is responsible for all living facilities and the cottage parents who staff the eight cottage facilities, trips outside the Center, sports and recreation

activities, admission procedures, and security.

County Jails

In the past few years, as a result of a proliferation of various community action organizations of renewed involvement of county commissioners in county jail programs, and of greater interest of Maine Criminal Justice Planning & Assistance Agency (MCJPAA) in county jail operations, more and better human services are now being provided county jail clients. Such human services include psychological, medical and social services. One of the major factors in the provision of increased services in county jails has been the establishment of program coordinator positions. Under funding initially provided by MCJPAA, program coordinator positions have been developed in five of Maine's fourteen county jails. These coordinators arrange for the delivery of varied services, from individual and family counseling to job training and job placement.

One of the most important direct human services provided county jail clients is counseling. Under arrangement with local community mental health centers, psychologists are available to provide emergency intervention services for suicidal clients as well as to provide group counseling within the jail. Many of these psychologists who serve state correctional clients in addition to county jail clients hold positions initially funded through MCJPAA which have since been jointly funded by the Maine Bureau of Corrections and the Community Mental Health Centers.

Under recent legislation passed by the 107th Maine Legislature, county sheriffs are permitted to grant furloughs to county jail

clients as well as to allow clients to participate in a work-release program. Especially in regards to the work-release program, two county jails operate halfway houses which are separate from the jail proper. In the other twelve county jails, work-release clients are detained under minimum security conditions, allowing clients to work at daytime jobs in the community.

Most county jails provide for GED programs, with one county jail, the Cumberland County Jail in Portland, providing its own full-time instructor. In addition to structured learning activities, county jails provide recreational services. Most county jails provide for either an indoor or outdoor exercise area and some jails have arranged special recreational activities e.g., basketball, swimming, weightlifting, with the local YMCA or high school gymnasium.

To provide alcohol/drug treatment services to county jail clients, most sheriffs have arranged for the community mental health centers to provide group counseling. In addition, local chapters of Alcoholics Anonymous maintain weekly counseling programs in the jail. The services notwithstanding, there is still a recognized need for both improved intake classification procedures which will identify substance-abusing clients and increased counseling services. To this end, MCJPAA intends to transfer knowledge gained from the model classification/intake project at the Maine State Prison to the county sheriffs/jail administrators. Also, MCJPAA intends to make a grant award in late summer, 1976, to the Office of Drug and Alcohol Prevention which will in turn provide for greater alcohol and drug counseling in Maine's county jails.

Concerning the physical plan of the county jails in Maine, most county jails have commenced planning for major renovation or new construction of their facilities. Aided by MCJPAA and the National Clearinghouse for Criminal Justice Planning and Architecture, counties have determined what their projected jail populations will be by the year 2000. Five of the fourteen county jails have already commenced new construction or major renovation. In fact, as of July 1, 1976, MCJPAA has made small awards totalling \$595,000 to assist five counties in their jail renovations/construction projects to be matched by over \$2,000,000 of county funds.

EDUCATIONAL/TRAINING ACTIVITIES FOR CORRECTIONAL PERSONNEL

Realizing that one important factor in the improvement of the correctional system in Maine is the educational and training opportunities for correctional personnel, the Bureau of Corrections, in conjunction with the Criminal Justice Academy, and Maine Criminal Justice Planning & Assistance Agency, developed a comprehensive state correctional training program. In 1975, MCJPAA awarded the Criminal Justice Academy and the Bureau of Corrections \$54,000 for the implementation of this training package. Although this training program will require curriculum modification in 1976-77, it has proven a worthwhile tool in the elimination of the former fragmented and ineffective training activities. Basically this comprehensive correctional training program for state correctional personnel addresses the following training elements and utilizes resources of both the Criminal Justice Academy and the individual correctional agencies.

Entry-level Training

1. Criminal Justice Academy

All new employees during their probationary period must complete the two week, 80 hour basic level training at the Criminal Justice Academy. Such training involves an introduction to correctional philosophy, organizational structure, legal rights, basic counseling, report writing, etc.

2. Individual Correctional Agencies

Each one of the correctional institutions and the Division of Probation and Parole provides in-house entry-level training which supplements basic training provided by the Criminal Justice Academy. The Maine State Prison offers an in-house entry training for all new guards which consists of three weeks (42 hours per week) of classroom and on-the-job training. At the Men's Correctional Center, all new correctional officers are provided 40 hours of in-house classroom and on-the-job training. For the Division of Probation and Parole, all new probation and parole officers are provided 180 hours of in-house entry level training.

In-Service Training

1. Intermediate State

Although not fully implemented, as of September 1975, the goal of this portion of the correctional training package is to provide two hours of in-service training each week for a period of 19 weeks during the year. The in-service training workshops will be on various topics and will be offered at the institutions and district offices of Probation and Parole, on a rotating basis. (Prior to the implementation of this in-service training portion

of the Comprehensive Correctional Training Program, the individual agencies have been offering their own in-house, in-service training activities. Such in-service training has averaged 20-30 hours per year).

2. Advanced Stage

Like the Intermediate Stage of the in-service training section, the part called "Advanced Stage" has not been fully implemented. To date, the Division of Probation has been the only agency to develop advanced in-service training requests of the Criminal Justice Academy. However, when fully implemented the Advanced Stage In-Service Training will provide at least 20 hours of advanced in-service training per year of correctional personnel.

Specialized Training and Development

1. Special Intra-State Workshops

In addition to in-service training activities, special intra-state workshops will be offered.

2. Out-of-State Conference/Seminars

Limited attention is given to the participation of correctional personnel in regional/national conferences and workshops. In addition, funding is provided for Maine's share of the regional training activities provided by the New England Correctional Coordinating Council, Inc., (NECCC).

To date little formalized basic and in-service training has been provided correctional personnel in county jails and community half-way houses/group homes. This will change in the summer/fall of 1976 when MCJPAA develops a comprehensive entry-

level training for local correctional personnel by creating a local correctional training office position at the Maine Criminal Justice Academy and by providing the Academy with program funding to cover cost of instruction and accommodations. Curriculum for both local correctional entry level training and in-service training are contained in a report of an American Correctional Association training team which made an on-site visitation to Maine on April 1, 1976.

CORRECTIONAL PERSONNEL

The Bureau of Corrections, the administrative head of correctional services provided by the State of Maine, has under its aegis the Division of Probation and Parole, the Maine State Prison, the Men's Correctional Center, the Stevens School/Women's Correctional Center, and the Boy's Training Center. A total of 687.5 people are employed in the state system. The prison, with 28.9% of that total, and BTC with 28.2% employ the most people followed by MCC (16.4%), SS/WCC (14.4%), P & P (10.7%) and the Bureau itself with 1.3%. A categorical breakdown by type of job shows that "social workers and counselors" comprise 30.3% of the total and "housing personnel" (including security and guards) make up 27.5%. These categories are followed in order by "administration" (13.8%), "vocational and academic" (13.4%), "maintenance and operations" (11.6%), "misc" (1.7%), "recreation" (1.0%), and 0.7% in "psychology".

Through legislation enacted by the 107th Legislature, the organization of state institutions will change significantly in the next fiscal year and the personnel assignments will consequently be subject to change.

There are fourteen county jails in the state employing 131 full-time jail personnel and 113 part-time personnel. Each jail uses a different combination of full and part-time people to fit within budgetary constraints and jail population needs. The county sheriff is the chief administrator of the jail and as such can call upon deputies which are normally not associated with the jail per se to work there in a crisis or "need" situation.

Fourteen and one-half per cent of the full-time and 33.6% of the part-time employees are females; their job assignments include that of matron, cook and secretary. The males are employed primarily as attendants, cooks, maintenance, and record clerks. Cumberland County employs 18.3% of the state's total full-time and Androscoggin hires the most part-time people (20.4%) out of the fourteen counties. The job classifications statewide break down in the following manner: jail attendants (includes turnkeys) - 74.0%; cooks - 9.2%; other (secretary, maintenance, medical, records, etc.) - 8.4%; matrons - 6.1%; and counselors - 2.3%. It is important to note that many volunteers are involved with various jails in such things as literacy training, high school equivalency schooling, counseling, and recreation.

CORRECTIONAL CASELOAD ACTIVITY

For the year ending June 30, 1975 there was a total of 2,865 probation placements throughout the state. If the 2,865 placements represented unique individuals (a situation which cannot be affirmed), there were 2.7 people on probation for every 1,000 Maine residents. The only definitive manner of breaking the state total down into county sub-totals is to record placements by the site of the court imposing the sentence. Using this method, the Cumberland County total was 794. The probation/residents rate for the estimated 200,824 residents was 4.0 for every 1,000 citizens. Cumberland County, with an estimated 19.2% of the State's populace, accounted for 27.7% of the probation placements in the twelve month span.

Maine's 14 county jail structures had 2,566 sentenced prisoners during the year ending June 30, 1975. This number does not necessarily represent unique individuals, and may definitely include some of the probation placements cited above where split sentences were given. The state jail sentences/population rate was 2.5 per 1,000 people. Cumberland County had only 289 sentences to its facility for a rate of 1.4 sentences for every 1,000 people. The 289 total represents only 11.3% of all county jail sentences in the state for 1975. Androscoggin County, with 9.1% of the estimated population, had 24.2% of the total sentences in addition to housing Sagadahoc County's jail population (2.1%). Kennebec County also had a disproportionate share, 9.6% of the state census compared to 15.1% of the jail sentences, plus prisoners from Lincoln County which added only 0.8% of the sentenced people.

Commitments to state correctional facilities for the year total only 15.3% of the total when considering probation placements, county jail sentences, and state commitments together. These sentences, of course, are usually longer than those to a county jail; the maximum set by law for a county facility is "less than twelve months."

For the year ending June 30 of 1975, there was a total of 979 commitments to the five facilities; Maine State Prison - 43.5%, Men's Correctional Center - 25.8%, Womens Correctional Center - 1.9%, Boys Training Center - 26.1%, and Stevens School - 2.6%. The county contributing greatest percentage of commitments was Cumberland with 19.7% of the total, followed by Penobscot (14.6%), Androscoggin (11.2%), and Kennebec (10.6%).

CORRECTIONAL EXPENDITURES

Maine's sixteen counties expended over 1.7 million dollars during calendar year 1975 for county jail budgets. Approximately \$240,000 of that total was devoted to capital expenditures. Fourteen of sixteen counties were able to ascertain via audit their twelve month expenses; in the case of both Sagadahoc and York Counties, the 1974 expenditure total was calculated in lieu of available 1975 totals. Although the amounts for the two units are not exact, the difference should not be significant.

Cumberland County accounted for 26.5% of the approximately \$1.5 million spent on jail operating costs; York with 9.7%, Androscoggin with 9.1%, Arcoostook with 8.9% and Penobscot with 8.6% of the total also contributed large portions of the total.

The fourteen counties maintaining jail facilities reported a total of 104,677 jail days completed by people being detained and serving sentences. Nearly one quarter of that total was reported by Cumberland County; Penobscot accounted for 15.0% and Kennebec accounted for 10.3%.

By apportioning the total operating cost (not including capital outlay) to the total jail days, a "per capita per diem" expenditure can be derived. The state average cost was \$14.63 per person per jail day. Two counties were significantly higher than the state average: Waldo was 143.7% higher at \$35.66 and Franklin was 112.7% higher at \$31.12.

The Bureau of Corrections, the several institutions under its aegis, and the Division of Probation and Parole had expenditures totaling approximately \$10,682,681 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975. This expenditure total was derived from

several sources and is considered a fair assessment of state correctional costs. The general breakdown of expenditures follows:

Administrative costs incurred by the Dept. of Mental Health and Corrections	\$ 88,725
Bureau of Corrections	222,573
Division of Probation & Parole	1,101,015
Institutional Services	<u>9,270,368</u>
	\$10,682,681

The Bureau's expenditures were essentially for personal services - 44.6% and contractual services - 44.8%, the remainder was spent for commodities, equipment, etc. The Division of Probation and Parole's cost breakdown generally in the following fashion: \$36,507 spent directly for support of the Parole Board expenses; \$840,406 of state appropriated monies (81.4% for personal services and 18.6% for contractual services and capital); and \$224,102 of federal monies (38.1% for personal services and 61.9% for contractual services).

The text that follows has been excerpted from a report by the Correctional Economics Project; some minor changes and some deletions have been made for purposes of this plan segment.

The three institutions for adults had an overall FY 1975 average daily population of 512 persons, with a total capacity for approximately 800. The two juvenile institutions had an overall average daily population of 168 persons, with a total capacity for from 300 to 350 persons.

Correctional Economics Project staff have estimated that FY 1975 recurring budget expenditures for the five State-operated

correctional institutions total 8.4 million dollars; non-recurring budget expenditures (for new construction and capital equipment) total \$850,000. The sum of these recurring and non-recurring budget expenditures, 9.2 million dollars, was defined by CEP staff as primary expenditures, since these were made directly from institutional budgets. CEP staff suggest that it is important to recognize only a portion (\$75,000) of the \$850,000 in non-recurring expenditures as a cost of operating the five correctional institutions during FY 1975, since many of the items purchased by non-recurring expenditures will continue to be "used" for many fiscal periods beyond 1975. A display of expenditures per average daily population and per person served follows this text.

Comparison of
FY 1975 Per Capita Costs for
Maine State Correctional Institutions

Institution	Per Capita Expenditures Per Annum	Average Daily Population In Residence
MSP	\$ 7,000	(387)
MCC	13,988	(107.2)
WCC	23,943	(17.7)
BTC	19,439	(130)
SS	36,681	(20.3)

Comparison of
FY 1975 Per Offender Served Costs for
Maine State Correctional Institutions

Institution	Expenditure Per Capita Served	Total Population Served
MSP	\$ 3,200	(846)
MCC	3,684	(407)
WCC	10,336	(41)
BTC (committed)	7,177	(353)
(detained)	398	(525)
SS (committed)	12,868	(61)
(detained)	783	(79)

The FY 1975 primary expenditures are detailed for each of the three MSP facilities (Thomaston, South Warren, and Bangor) in order to determine the annual per capita costs for the smaller Bangor and South Warren facilities. The FY 1975 per capita costs, based on primary expenditures at the three prison facilities, ranked from highest to lowest, are shown below.

Institution	Average Daily FY 1975 Pop. in Residence	FY 1975 Per Capita Cost
MSP-Thomaston	308	\$ 6,994
MSP-Bangor Pre-Release	20	6,687
MSP-South Warren	58	6,071

Thus, during FY 1975, the smaller Bangor and South Warren prison facilities were less expensive to operate on a per capita cost basis.

BTC served 353 committed juveniles at a per offender served cost of \$7,177, and 525 detained juveniles at a cost of \$398 per

juvenile. SS served 61 committed female juveniles at a per offender served cost of \$12,868, and 79 detained female juveniles at a cost of \$783 per juvenile; thus the costs at SS for both committed and detained juveniles were almost twice those at BTC during FY 1975.

The adult State-operated correctional system had an average of 350 employees to care for and administer to the FY 1975 average daily inmate population of 512, which yields a staff-to-resident ratio of .68:1. The juvenile correctional system had 268 employees for the FY 1975 average daily population in residence of 168, which yields a staff-to-resident ratio of 1.6:1, or 2.4 times as many employees per client as the adult system.

Of the 1,018 total juvenile population served in State-operated correctional institutions, 604, or 60 percent, were in pre-trial status, and only 414, or 40 percent, were actually adjudicated clients. Given the existence of two significant juvenile service populations, it has been important to determine the costs associated with each. During FY 1975, \$270,000 in primary expenditures were made on detained juveniles in State-operated correctional institutions, and 3.3 million dollars were spent on committed juveniles.

STATE AND FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
FOR INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES
(Year Ending June 30, 1975)

State Institution	Operating Expenditures State	Operating Expenditures Federal	Capital Expenditures State	Capital Expenditures Federal	Total Expenditures State & Federal
MSP	\$2,853,736.96	\$ 68,138.12	\$291,717.39	0	\$3,213,592.47
MCC	1,394,479.60	73,771.23	347,974.29	\$7,394.00	1,823,619.00
WCC	394,766.46	15,165.89	157,435.78	0	567,368.00
BTC	2,704,474.00	115,536.00	0	0	2,820,010.00
SS	717,103.99	82,355.31	46,318.50	0	845,778.10
Totals	\$8,064,561.01	\$354,966.55	\$843,446.26	\$7,394.00	\$9,270,367.82

COUNTY JAIL PERSONNEL DATA FOR 1975

COUNTY	FULL-TIME JAIL EMPLOYEES								PART-TIME		
	MALE	FEM	TOTAL	ATTENDANTS	COUNSELORS	MATRONS	COOK	OTHER	MALE	FEM	TOTAL
Androscoggin	8	3	11	8	-	3	-	-	20	3	23
Aroostook	8	1	9	6	-	-	1	2	3	1	4
Cumberland	21	3	24	15	2	2	1	4	2	3	5
Franklin	10	2	12	10	-	1	1	-	4	4	8
Hancock	3	2	5	3	-	-	1	1	5	4	9
Kennebec	8	-	8	7	-	-	1	-	6	1	7
Knox	9	2	11	9	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
Lincoln (Contracts with Kennebec)											
Oxford	5	-	5	4	-	-	1	-	6	3	9
Penobscot	8	1	9	7	-	-	1	1	3	6	9
Piscataquis	4	-	4	3	-	-	1	-	3	2	5
Sagadahoc (Contracts with Androscoggin)											
Somerset	6	1	7	5	-	-	1	1	5	6	11
Waldo	4	1	5	3	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
Washington	5	1	6	5	-	-	-	1	3	2	5
York	13	2	15	12	1	-	1	1	15	3	18
Total	112	19	131	97	3	8	12	11	75	38	113

Source: 1975 County Jail Inspection Report (Dec., 1975)
MCJDC, July, 1976

TIME SPENT IN DETENTION OR UNDER SENTENCE IN COUNTY JAIL
CALENDAR YEAR 1975

DETAINED ADULTS							DETAINED JUVENILES					
	MALE	# JAIL DAYS	FEMALE	# JAIL DAYS	TOTAL	TOTAL JAIL DAYS	MALE	# JAIL DAYS	FEMALE	# JAIL DAYS	TOTAL	TOTAL JAIL DAYS
Androscoggin	1,272	5,128	26	87	1,298	5,215	204	243	17	34	221	277
Aroostook	324	3,470	10	213	334	3,683	106	504	30	42	136	546
Cumberland	2,202	16,599	138	438	2,340	17,037	29	105	25	53	54	158
Franklin	370	1,408	39	51	409	1,459	22	40	3	3	25	43
Hancock	696	2,392	45	45	741	2,437	29	29	13	13	42	42
Kennebec	767	6,970	38	57	805	7,027	44	62			44	62
Knox	580	698	20	20	600	718	21	21	3	3	24	24
Oxford	475	997	27	27	502	1,024	46	46	20	20	66	66
Penobscot	645	10,910	26	68	671	10,978	42	100	6	6	48	106
Piscataquis	485	302	15	6	500	308	19	7			19	7
Somerset	647	2,262	46	63	693	2,325	57	110	7	13	64	123
Waldo	402	638	11	15	413	653	50	50	5	5	55	55
Washington	361	722	15	30	376	752	35	35	13	13	48	48
York	1,284	5,189	30	35	1,314	5,224						
TOTAL	10,510	57,685	486	1,155	10,996	58,840	704	1,352	142	205	846	1,557
AVER. DAYS		5.5		2.4		5.4		1.9		1.4		1.2

TIME SPENT IN DETENTION OR UNDER SENTENCE IN COUNTY JAIL (CONT.)
CALENDAR YEAR 1975

	SENTENCED ADULTS						SENTENCED JUVENILES						GRAND TOTAL JAIL DAYS
	MALE	# JAIL DAYS	FEMALE	# JAIL DAYS	TOTAL	JAIL DAYS	MALE	# JAIL DAYS	FEMALE	# JAIL DAYS	TOTAL	JAIL DAYS	
ANDRO	137	4,631	5	71	142	4,702							10,194
AROOS	220	4,977	3	86	223	5,063	2	33	2	30	4	63	9,355
CUMB	126	7,114	1	12	127	7,126							24,321
FRANK	28	748			28	748							2,250
HANC	71	2,431			71	2,431							4,910
KENN	258	3,646	1	5	259	3,651	1	5			1	5	10,745
KNOX	103	1,629			103	1,629							2,371
OXF	79	2,859	2	60	81	2,919							4,009
PENOB	169	4,601	1	1	170	4,602							15,686
PISC	65	1,449			65	1,449							1,764
SOMER	87	2,179	2	6	89	2,185							4,633
WALDO	47	660			47	660							1,368
WASH	88	4,169	3	45	91	4,214							5,014
YORK	119	2,833			119	2,833							8,057
TOTAL	1,197	43,926	18	286	1,615	44,212	3	38	2	30	5	68	104,677
AVER. DAYS		27.5		15.9		27.4		12.7		15.0		13.6	7.8

COUNTY JAIL EXPENDITURES FOR 1975**

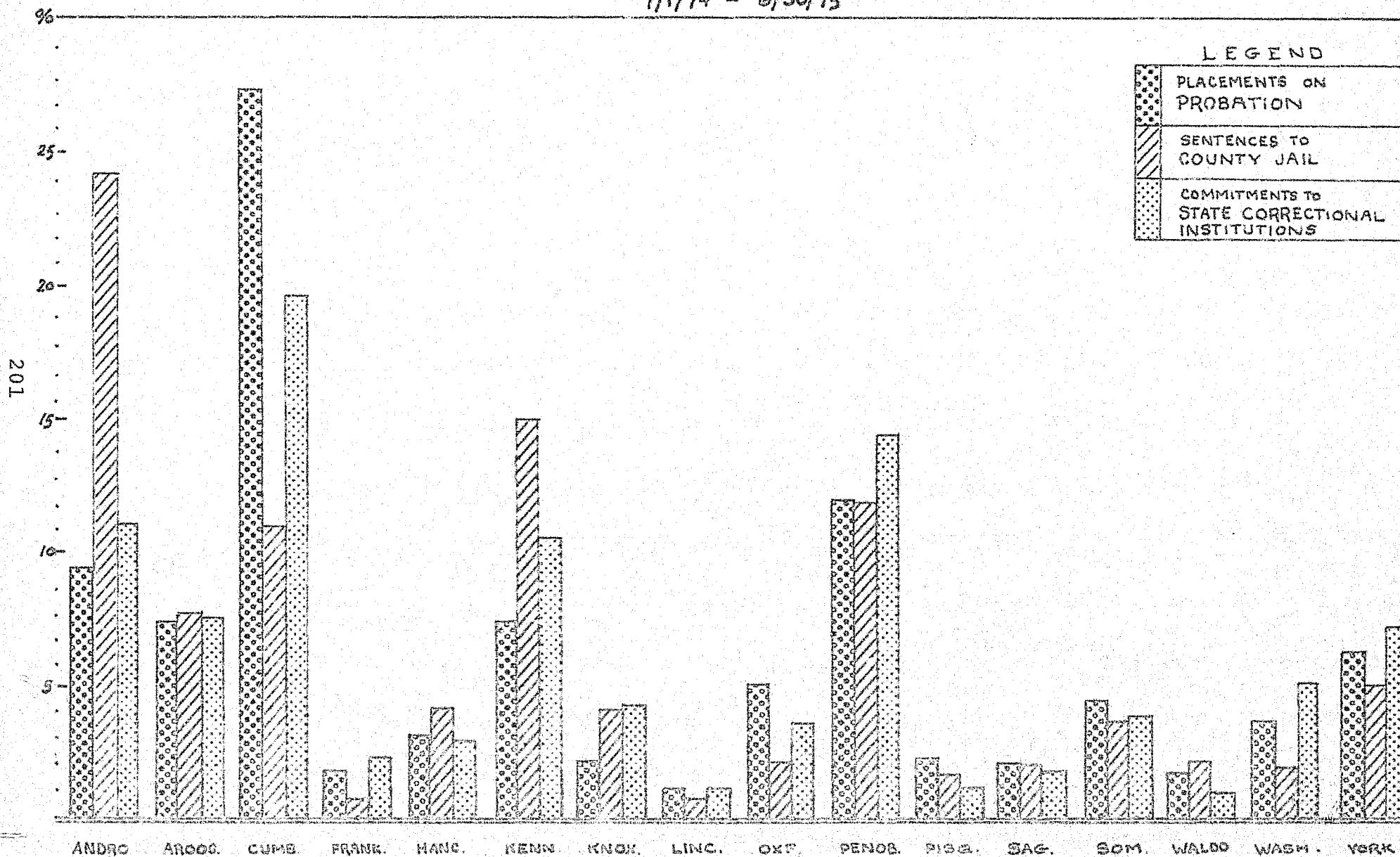
COUNTY	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	TOTAL - LESS CAPITAL EXPEND.	TOTAL JAIL DAYS	PER CAPITA PER DIEM EXPEND.
Androscoggin	\$ 148,357	\$ 140,070	10,194	\$ 14.29*
Aroostook	\$ 137,090	\$ 136,320	9,355	\$ 14.57
Cumberland	\$ 415,292	\$ 406,365	24,321	\$ 16.71
Franklin	\$ 70,026	\$ 70,026	2,250	\$ 31.12
Hancock	\$ 54,991	\$ 54,235	4,910	\$ 11.05
Kennebec	\$ 121,076	\$ 118,481	10,745	\$ 12.10*
Knox	\$ 50,448	\$ 50,448	2,371	\$ 21.28
Lincoln	\$ 11,629	\$ 11,629	-	-
Oxford	\$ 31,285	\$ 31,191	4,009	\$ 7.78
Penobscot	\$ 258,787	\$ 132,406	15,686	\$ 8.44
Piscataquis	\$ 38,729	\$ 36,608	1,764	\$ 20.75
Sagadahoc**	\$ 5,605	\$ 5,605	-	-
Somerset	\$ 65,456	\$ 65,456	4,633	\$ 14.13
Waldo	\$ 146,510	\$ 48,778	1,368	\$ 35.66
Washington	\$ 74,548	\$ 74,548	5,014	\$ 14.87
York**	\$ 148,943	\$ 148,943	8,057	\$ 18.49
TOTAL	\$1,778,772	\$1,531,109	104,677	\$ 14.63

*Sagadahoc contracts with Androscoggin; and Lincoln with Kennebec. The Per Capita Per Diem Expenditures items listed reflect the respective combined budgets.

**The 1975 Jail-related expenditure information is not yet available for Sagadahoc and York County; the 1974 figures have been substituted for both counties.

COUNTY SHARE OF TOTAL STATE CORRECTIONAL ACTIVITY

7/1/74 - 6/30/75



CORRECTIONAL ACTIVITY BY COUNTY
7/1/74 - 6/30/75

	Placed on Probation	Sentenced to County Jail	Maine State Prison	Mens Corr. Center	Womens Correct. Center	Boys Tr. Center	Stevens School	Total Commit.	GRAND TOTAL
Androscoggin	277	623	68	22	1	17	2	110	1,010
Aroostook	221	206	20	23	1	30	4	78	505
Cumberland	794	289	80	46	2	59	6	193	1,276
Franklin	56	22	11	5	1	4	1	22	100
Hancock	90	108	13	10		6		29	227
Kennebec	225	387	59	22	2	21		104	716
Knox	59	106	20	11	2	9	1	43	208
Lincoln	33	20	6			6		12	65
Oxford	148	53	11	13	1	12		37	238
Penobscot	353	315	52	48	4	33	6	143	811
Piscataquis	64	42	5	3		3		11	117
Sagadahoc	60	53	10	3		4		17	130
Somerset	127	94	17	12	3	8		40	261
Waldo	53	58	5			6		11	122
Washington	112	52	20	13	1	16	3	53	217
York	193	138	29	22	1	22	2	76	407
TOTAL	2,865	2,566	426	253	19	256	25	979	6,410

MAINE CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS AVERAGE RESIDENTIAL POPULATION

NUMBER OF
INMATES

400-

375-

350-

325-

300-

275-

250-

225-

200-

175-

150-

125-

100-

75-

50-

25-

367.4

345.1

106.9

107.2

14.5

17.7

187.2

212.5

40.9

23.3

3.7

1974 1975

1974 1975

1974 1975

1974 1975

1974 1975

1974 1975

INSTITUTIONS:

MAINE STATE
PRISON

MENS'
CORRECTIONAL
CENTER

WOMENS'
CORRECTIONAL
CENTER

BOYS'
TRAINING-
CENTER

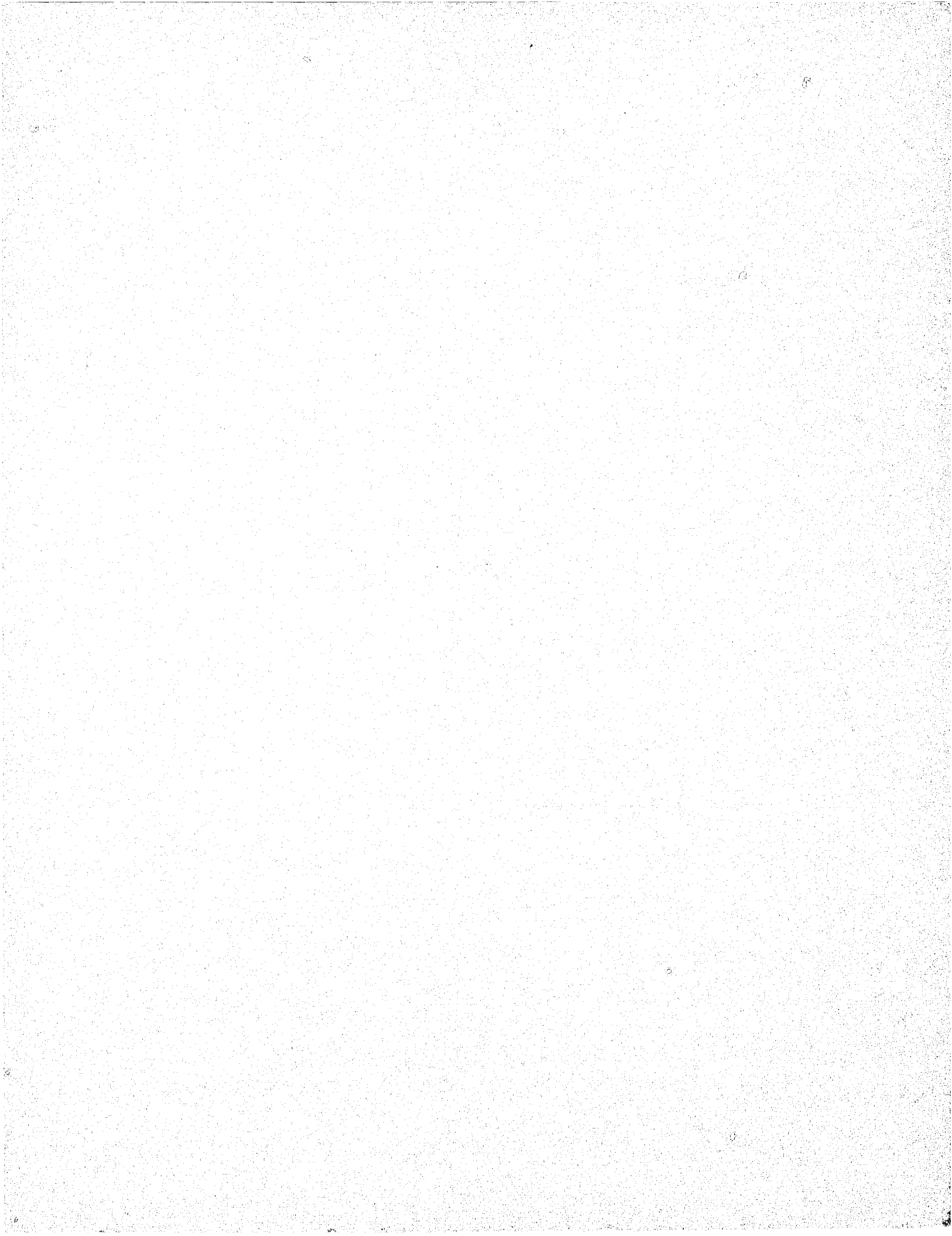
STEVENS
SCHOOL

PHOENIX
HOUSE

COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL CENTERS

"Group Homes" or "Halfway Houses" have not been previously discussed in this text. They are treated separately here because, although they do serve a correctional/rehabilitative function, they are not part of the traditional criminal justice system. The community-based residential center is a relatively new entity in Maine; they are emerging as a rational alternative to incarceration or as a median point between the institution and the private home.

The Evaluation Unit of the Maine SPA has provided information on eleven of the fifteen community residential centers which have criminal offenders or juvenile delinquents as their primary target groups. The actual number of beds available to these clients varies somewhat over the course of time contingent upon the source of operating funds being employed by the centers. LEAA, HEW, ODAP, the private sector, and state, county and municipal funds are involved in varying degrees throughout the state.



COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL CENTERS - A SAMPLE

CENTER NAME	LICENSED CAPACITY	POPULATION TYPE	AVERAGE POPULATION	6-MONTH EXPENDITURES	AVERAGE EXPEND. PER DIEM PER CAPITA	STAFF	
						FT	PT
Aroostook County Halfway House	10	Male Adults	4.6	\$24,590	\$29.29	4	2
Tri-County Halfway House	9	Male Adults	7.3	\$31,843	\$24.03	4	-
Pharos House	10	Male Adults	7.4	\$38,259	\$28.37	7	1
Christian Hill Faith Home	6	Male Juvenile	5.9	\$18,422	\$17.08	2	1
Community Schools	9	Male and Female Juvenile	6.5	\$24,945	\$21.13	4	1
Fair Harbor-Emergency	8	Female Juvenile	6.4	\$26,939	\$23.06	5	1
Fair Harbor-Extended	4	Female Juvenile	2.6	\$ 8,976	\$18.92	See Above	
Project Homestead	8	Male and Female Juvenile	7.8	\$27,560	\$19.49	3	3
New Life Centers - Quail Hill	8	Female Juvenile	7.2	\$24,623	\$18.80	2	6
Sanford Group Home Sweetser Inc.	6	Male and Female Juvenile	6	\$45,339	\$41.46	3	1
Rumford Boys Home Inc.	10	Male Juvenile	8	\$34,634	\$23.81	N/A	

HIGH CRIME/HIGH LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITY

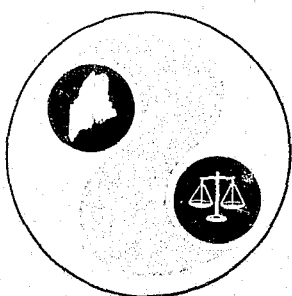
In the process of determining the "High Crime/High Activity Area" in Maine, several factors were taken into account. The number of index offenses and the crime rate were considered the most determinant factors. Maine's Uniform Crime Reporting system was the source for both categories with virtually 100% reporting by law enforcement agencies throughout the state. The number of Index Crimes made known to police is the most valid indication of the amount and type of crime in Maine. Using the number of Index Crimes and the population estimated for 1975, supplied by the FBI and the Bureau of Census, a crime rate can be calculated yielding the number of crimes per 1,000 people.

Other factors considered were the total population, the land area volume, the population density, the median family income, and the per capita expenditure for police services. The total population used was the 1975 estimate; the land area and income data was derived from the 1970 Census; and the population density was calculated by using the 1975 population and the 1970 land area.

Although mentioned often throughout previous text in this plan, presented herein is a summary statement regarding Cumberland County.

Cumberland County is the designated High Crime/High Activity Area for Maine. The 1975 population is estimated to be 200,824; this figure is 19.2% of the state's total population estimate. The land area, however, is only 2.9% of the state total resulting in a population density of 227 people per square mile, the

highest density of all 16 counties. With a median family income of \$9,289, according to the 1970 Census of Population, the HC/HA area ranked the highest again when compared to the other fifteen county jurisdictions. The Uniform Crime Reporting system shows the Cumberland area with 31.2% of reported index crimes and a crime rate of 65.1 index offenses per 1,000 people, significantly higher than the next highest rate at 50.5 per 1,000. The fourteen local law enforcement agencies in the county employ 393 full-time sworn people accounting for 22.2% of the state's total for local agencies. The rate of 1.95 officers per 1,000 population is the highest of all counties. The per capita expenditure for Cumberland County residents climbed to \$34.95 per person for police protection, compared to \$29.21 in 1974; the county ranked the highest in both fiscal years.



MAINE CRIMINAL JUSTICE
PLANNING & ASSISTANCE AGENCY

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