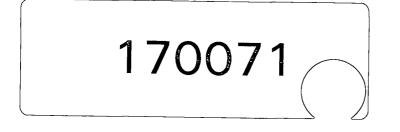
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§ 18. Expungement of records—Persons authorized

Persons authorized to file a motion for expungement, as provided herein, must be within one of the following categories:

1. the person has been acquitted;

2. the person was arrested and no charges are filed or charges are dismissed within one (1) year of the arrest;

3. the statute of limitations on the offense had expired and no charges were filed; or

4. the person was under eighteen (18) years of age at the time the offense was committed and the person has received a full pardon for the offense.

For purposes of this act,¹ "expungement" shall mean the sealing of criminal records.

Laws 1987, c. 87, § 1, emerg. eff. May 14, 1987. Laws 1992, c. 151, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1992.

¹ Section 18 et seq. of this title.

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§ 19. Sealing and unsealing of records—Procedure

A. Any person qualified under Section 18 of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes may petition the district court of the district in which the arrest information pertaining to him is located for the sealing of all or any part of said record, except basic identification information.

B. Upon the filing of a petition or entering of a court order, the court shall set a date for a hearing, which hearing may be closed at the court's discretion, and shall provide thirty (30) days of notice of the hearing to the district attorney, the arresting agency, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, and any other person or agency whom the court has reason to believe may have relevant information related to the sealing of such record.

C. Upon a finding that the harm to privacy of the person in interest or dangers of unwarranted adverse consequences outweigh the public interest in retaining the records, the court may order such records, or any part thereof except basic identification infor-

mation, to be sealed. If the court finds that neither sealing of the records nor maintaining of the records unsealed by the agency would serve the ends of justice, the court may enter an appropriate order limiting access to such records.

Any order entered under this subsection shall specify those agencies to which such order shall apply.

D. Upon the entry of an order to seal the records, or any part thereof, the subject official actions shall be deemed never to have occurred, and the person in interest and all criminal justice agencies may properly reply, upon any inquiry in the matter, that no such action ever occurred and that no such record exists with respect to such person.

E. Inspection of the records included in the order may thereafter be permitted by the court only upon petition by the person in interest who is the subject of such records, the Attorney General, or by the district attorney and only to those persons and for such purposes named in such petition.

F. Employers, educational institutions, state and local government agencies, officials, and employees shall not, in any application or interview or otherwise, require an applicant to disclose any information contained in sealed records. An applicant need not, in answer to any question concerning arrest and criminal records provide information that has been sealed, including any reference to or information concerning such sealed information and may state that no such action has ever occurred. Such an application may not be denied solely because of the applicant's refusal to disclose arrest and criminal records information that has been sealed.

G. All arrest and criminal records information existing prior to the effective date of this section, except basic identification information, is also subject to sealing in accordance with subsection C of this section.

H. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the physical destruction of any criminal justice records.

I. For the purposes of this section, sealed materials which are recorded in the same document as unsealed material may be recorded in a separate document, and sealed, then obliterated in the original document.

J. For the purposes of this act,¹ district court index reference of sealed material shall be destroyed, removed or obliterated.

K. Any record ordered to be sealed pursuant to this act, if not unsealed within ten (10) years of the expungement order, may be obliterated or destroyed at the end of said ten-year period.

L. Subsequent to records being sealed as provided herein, the district attorney, the arresting agency, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, or other interested person or agency may petition the court for an order unsealing said records. Upon filing of a petition the court shall set a date for hearing, which hearing may be closed at the court's discretion, and shall provide thirty (30) days' notice to all interested parties. If, upon hearing, the court determines there has been a change of conditions or that there is a compelling reason to unseal the records, the court may order all or a portion of the records unsealed.

M. Nothing herein shall prohibit the introduction of evidence regarding actions sealed pursuant to the provisions of this section at any hearing or trial for purposes of impeaching the credibility of a witness or as evidence of character testimony pursuant to Section 2608 of Title 12 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Laws 1987, c. 87, § 2, emerg. eff. May 14, 1987.

§ 305.3. Termination of deferred prosecution agreement

A. Both the State of Oklahoma and the accused may mutually terminate the deferred prosecution at any time, and the case shall proceed as if there had been no deferment. If the State of Oklahoma makes the termination decision unilaterally, it shall only do to in light of all the relevant circumstances of the case. Arrest of the accused for a subsequent offense shall not automatically terminate the agreement. If the State of Oklahoma should decide to terminate the agreement, it shall:

1. Send a written notice of termination to the accused and the storney for the accused, if any, explaining the reasons for the termination;

2. Disclose to the accused or the attorney for the accused the evidence supporting the decision to terminate; and

3. Afford the accused the opportunity to be heard and present evidence, and cross-examine witnesses before a state judge. The accused shall have ten (10) days from the date of mailing of such notice to file a written request with the district court for such hearing, after which his right to such hearing shall be deemed waived. The burden shall be upon the State of Oklahoma to prove that the accused did not fulfill the conditions of the agreement, and that an information should be filed.

B. In the event an agreement is terminated by the State of Oklahoma, and the accused is subsequently tried before a jury, the court shall instruct the jury not to consider any delay in prosecution while the accused was participating in the deferred prosecution

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program. Laws 1979, c. 226, § 3, eff. Oct. 1, 1979.

§ 305.4. Completion of program—Records

If the accused completes the program agreed upon, the State of Oklahoma shall not file the charges against the accused. The records of the accused shall be sealed and not be released or viewed except on a limited basis by law enforcement or prosecution per-

sonnel for the purposes of determining if the accused has been diverted. The district attorney shall take all necessary measures to ensure that all of the records of the person remain confidential. Laws 1979, c. 226, § 4, eff. Oct. 1, 1979.

§ 305.5. Information—Release or disclosure—Confidentiality—Admissibility as evidence—Violations—Penalties

A. Information received and collected by any service agency while the accused participates in the deferred prosecution program shall not be released to any agency or individual that will use the information for dissemination to the general public or be recorded in a computer system that has the potential for connection with national computer files, or be used by a law enforcement agency for the purposes of surveillance and investigation.

B. Any information obtained in the course of investigating the suitability of the accused for inclusion in a deferred prosecution program shall remain confidential except for purposes of deferred prosecution programs and shall not be released by any individual or agency without permission from the accused, being advised by counsel.

C. If the deferred prosecution program is terminated before successful completion of the agreement, no information obtained as a result of the participation of the accused in the deferred prosecution program shall be admissible in any subsequent proceeding against the advantage of the accused, except if said information could have been routinely gathered in the police investigation of the crime of the accused.

D. Any person releasing any information required by this section to be kept confidential shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or be imprisoned for not more than six (6) months, or both.

§ 991c. Deferred judgment procedure

A. Upon a verdict or plea of guilty or upon a plea of nolo contendere, but before a judgment of guilt, the court may, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the defendant, defer further proceedings upon the specific conditions prescribed by the court not to exceed a five-year period. The court shall first consider restitution among the various conditions it may prescribe. The court may also consider ordering the defendant to:

1. Engage in a term of community service without compensation, according to a schedule consistent with the employment and family responsibilities of the defendant;

2. County jail confinement for a period not to exceed ninety (90) days or the maximum amount of jail time provided for the offense, if it is less than ninety (90) days;

3. Pay an amount as reimbursement for reasonable attorney fee, to be paid into the court fund, if a court-appointed attorney has been provided to defendant;

4. Be supervised in the community for a period not to exceed two (2) years. As a condition of any supervision, the defendant shall be required to pay a supervision fee of Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month. The supervision fee shall be waived in whole or part by the supervisory agency when the accused is indigent. No person shall be denied supervision based solely on the person's inability to pay a fee;

5. Pay into the court fund a monthly amount not exceeding Forty Dollars (\$40.00) per month during any period during which the proceedings are deferred when the defendant is not to be supervised in the community. The total amount to be paid into the court fund shall be established by the court and shall not exceed the amount of the maximum fine authorized by law for the offense; or

6. Make other reparations to the community or victim as required and deemed appropriate by the court.

B. In addition to any conditions of supervision provided for in subsection A of this section, the court shall, in the case of a person before the court for the offense of operating or being in control of a motor vehicle while the person was under the influence of alcohol, other intoxicating substance, or a combination of alcohol and another intoxicating substance, or who is before the court for the offense of operating a motor vehicle while the ability of the person to operate such vehicle was impaired due to the consumption of alcohol, require the person to participate in an alcohol and drug substance abuse evaluation program offered by a facility or qualified practitioner certified by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services for the purpose of evaluating the receptivity to treatment and prognosis of the person. The court shall order the person to reimburse the facility or qualified practitioner for the evaluation. The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services shall establish a fee schedule, based upon a person's ability to pay, provided the fee for an evaluation shall not exceed Seventy-five Dollars (\$75.00). The evaluation shall be conducted at a certified facility, the office of a qualified practitioner or at another location as ordered by the court. The facility or qualified practitioner shall, within seventy-two (72) hours from the time the person is assessed, submit a written report to the court for the purpose of assisting the court in its determination of conditions for deferred sentence. No person, agency or facility operating an alcohol and drug substance abuse evaluation program certified by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services shall solicit or refer any person evaluated pursuant to this subsection for any treatment program or alcohol and drug substance abuse service in which the person, agency or facility has a vested interest; however, this provision shall not be construed to prohibit the court from ordering participation in or any person from voluntarily utilizing a treatment program or alcohol and drug substance abuse service offered by such person, agency or facility. Any evaluation report submitted to the court pursuant to this subsection shall be handled in a manner which will keep the report confidential from the general public's review. Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit the court from ordering judgment and sentence in the event the defendant fails or refuses to comply with an order of the court to obtain the evaluation required by this subsection. As used in this subsection, "qualified practitioner" means a person with at least a bachelor's degree in substance abuse treatment, mental health or a related health care field and at least two (2) years' experience in providing alcohol abuse treatment, other drug abuse treatment, or both alcohol and other drug abuse treatment who is certified each year by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services to provide these assessments. However, any person who does not meet the requirements for a qualified practitioner as defined herein, but who has been previously certified by the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services to provide alcohol or drug treatment or assessments, shall be considered a qualified practitioner provided all education, experience and certification requirements stated herein are met by September 1, 1995. The court may also require the person to participate in one or both of the following:

1. An alcohol and drug substance abuse course, pursuant to Sections 3-452 and 3-453 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes; and

2. A victims impact panel program, if such a program is offered in the county where the judgment is rendered. The defendant shall be required to pay a fee, not less than Five Dollars (\$5.00) nor more than Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00) as set by the governing authority of the program and approved by the court, to the victims impact panel program to offset the cost of participation by the defendant, if in the opinion of the court the defendant has the ability to pay such fee.

C. Upon completion of the conditions of the deferred judgment, and upon a finding by the court that the conditions have been met and all fines, fees, and monetary assessments have been paid as ordered, the defendant shall be discharged without a court judgment of guilt, and the court shall order the verdict or plea of guilty or plea of

nolo contendere to be expunged from the record and the charge shall be dismissed with prejudice to any further action. The procedure to expunge the defendant's record shall be as follows:

1. All references to the defendant's name shall be deleted from the docket sheet;

2. The public index of the filing of the charge shall be expunged by deletion, markout or obliteration;

3. Upon expungement, the court clerk shall keep a separate confidential index of case numbers and names of defendants which have been obliterated pursuant to the provisions of this section;

4. No information concerning the confidential file shall be revealed or released, except upon written order of a judge of the district court; and

5. Defendants qualifying under Section 18 of this title may petition the court to have the filing of the indictment and the dismissal expunged from the public index and docket sheet. This section shall not be mutually exclusive of Section 18 of this title.

D. Upon order of the court, the provisions of subsection C of this section shall be retroactive.

E. Upon violation of any condition of the deferred judgment, the court may enter a judgment of guilt and proceed as provided in Section 991a of this title or may modify any condition imposed. Provided, however, if the deferred judgment is for a felony offense, and the defendant commits another felony offense, the defendant shall not be allowed bail pending appeal.

F. The deferred judgment procedure described in this section shall only apply to defendants not having been previously convicted of a felony offense.

G. The deferred judgment procedure described in this section shall not apply to defendants who plead guilty or nolo contendere to a sex offense. The term "sex offense" shall not include a violation of paragraph 1 of subsection A of Section 1021 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Amended by Laws 1988, c. 109, § 27, eff. Nov. 1, 1988; Laws 1990, c. 152, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 1990; Laws 1992, c. 151, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 1992; Laws 1992, c. 357, § 5, eff. July 1, 1992; Laws 1993, c. 166, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 1993; Laws 1993, c. 360, § 3, eff. Sept. 1, 1993; Laws 1994, c. 2, § 10, emerg. eff. March 2, 1994; Laws 1994, c. 308, § 2, emerg. eff. June 7, 1994; Laws 1995, c. 193, § 3, eff. July 1, 1995; Laws 1995, c. 286, § 6, eff. July 1, 1993; Laws 1996, c. 304, § 2, emerg. eff. June 10, 1996.



OKLAHOMA STATUTES

*THIS DOCUMENT IS CURRENT THROUGH THE 1994 SUPPLEMENT (1993 1ST REG. SESSION) *

TITLE 51. OFFICERS CHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS OKLAHOMA OPEN RECORDS ACT

51 Okl. St. @ 24A.1 (1994)

@ 24A.1. Short title

Sections 24A.1 through 24A.19 of this title and Section 7 of this act shall be known as the "Oklahoma Open Records Act".

@ 24A.2. Public policy--Purpose of act

As the Oklahoma Constitution recognizes and guarantees, all political power is inherent in the people. Thus, it is the public policy of the State of Oklahoma that the people are vested with the inherent right to know and be fully informed about their government. The Oklahoma Open Records Act shall not create, directly or indirectly, any rights of privacy or any remedies for violation of any rights of privacy; nor shall the Oklahoma Open Records Act, except as specifically set forth in the Oklahoma Open Records Act, establish any pcedures for protecting any person from release of information contained in ablic records. The purpose of this act is to ensure and facilitate the public's right of access to and review of government records so they may efficiently and intelligently exercise their inherent political power. The privacy interests of individuals are adequately protected in the specific exceptions to the Oklahoma Open Records Act or in the statutes which authorize, create or require the records. Except where specific state or federal statutes create a confidential privilege, persons who submit information to public bodies have no right to keep this information from public access nor reasonable expectation that this information will be kept from public access; provided, the person, agency or political subdivision shall at all times bear the burden of establishing such records are protected by such a confidential privilege. Except as may be required by other statutes, public bodies do not need to follow any procedures for providing access to public records except those specifically required by the Oklahoma Open Records Act.

A.3. Definitions

Definitions. As used in this act:

1. "Record" means all documents, including, but not limited to, any book, paper, photograph, microfilm, computer tape, disk, and record, sound recording, film recording, video record or other material regardless of physical form or characteristic, created by, received by, under the authority of, or coming into the custody, control or possession of public officials, public bodies, or their representatives in connection with the transaction of public business, the expenditure of public funds or the administering of public property. "Record" does not mean nongovernment personal effects or, unless public disclosure is required by other laws or regulations, vehicle movement records of the Oklahoma collection system, personal financial information, credit reports or other financial data obtained by or submitted to a public body for the purpose of becoming qualified to contract with a public body;

2. "Public body" shall include, but not be limited to, any office, department, board, bureau, commission, agency, trusteeship, authority, council, committee, trust, county, city, village, town, township, district, school district, fair board, court, executive office, advisory group, task force, study group, or any subdivision thereof, supported in whole or in part by public funds or entrusted with the expenditure of public funds or administering or operating public property, and all committees, or subcommittees thereof. Except for the records required by Section 24A.4 of this title, "public body" does not mean jumps, justices, the State Legislature, or State Legislators;

3. "Public office" means the physical location where public bodies conduct business or keep records;

4. "Public official" means any official or employee of any public body as defined herein; and

5. "Law enforcement agency" means any public body charged with enforcing state or local criminal laws and initiating criminal prosecutions, including, out not limited to, police departments, county sheriffs, the Department of Public Safety, the Oklahoma Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control, the Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement Commission, and the Oklahoma State Bureau of

§ 24A.4. Record of receipts and expenditures

In addition to other records which are kept or maintained, every public body and public official has a specific duty to keep and maintain complete records of the receipt and expenditure of any public funds reflecting all financial and business transactions relating thereto, except that such records may be disposed of as provided by law.

Laws 1985, c. 355, § 4, eff. Nov. 1, 1985.



24A.5. Inspection, copying and/or mechanical reproduction of cords--Exemptions

All records of public bodies and public officials shall be open to any person for inspection, copying, and/or mechanical reproduction during regular business hours; provided:

1. The Oklahoma Open Records Act does not apply to records specifically required by law to be kept confidential including:

a. records protected by a state evidentiary privilege such as the attorney-client privilege, the work product immunity from discovery and the identity of informer privileges; or

b. records of what transpired during meetings of a public body lawfully closed to the public such as executive sessions authorized under the Oklahoma Open Meeting Act, Section 301 et seq. of Title 25 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

2. Any reasonably segregable portion of a record containing exempt material shall be provided after deletion of the exempt portions, provided however, the Oklahoma Department of Public Safety shall not be required to assemble for the requesting person specific information requested from the Oklahoma Department of Public Safety's Driver License file relating to persons whose names and dates of birth or whose driver license numbers are not furnished by the requesting person.

3. Any request for a record which contains individual records of persons and the cost of copying, reproducing or certifying such individual record which is therwise prescribed by state law, the cost may be assessed for each individual ecord, or portion thereof requested as prescribed by state law. Otherwise, a public body may charge a fee only for recovery of the reasonable, direct costs of document copying, and/or mechanical reproduction. Notwithstanding any state or local provision to the contrary, in no instance shall said document copying fee exceed twenty-five cents (\$ 0.25) per page for documents having the dimensions of eight and one half (\$ 1/2) by fourteen (14) inches or smaller, or a maximum of One Dollar (\$ 1.00) per copied page for a certified copy. However, if the request is:

a. solely for commercial purpose; or

b. clearly would cause excessive disruption of the public body's essential functions;

then the public body may charge a reasonable fee to recover the direct cost of document search.

Any public body establishing fees under this act shall post a written schedule of said fees at its principal office and with the county clerk.

In no case shall a search fee be charged when the release of said documents is in the public interest, including, but not limited to, release to the news media, scholars, authors and taxpayers seeking to determine whether those entrusted with the affairs of the government are honestly, faithfully, and competently performing their duties as public servants.

Said fees shall not be used for the purpose of discouraging requests for information or as obstacles to disclosure of requested information.

4. The land description tract index of all recorded instruments concerning real property required to be kept by the county clerk of any county shall be available for inspection or copying in accordance with the provisions of the Oklahoma Open Records Act; provided, however, such index shall not be copied and/or mechanically reproduced for the purpose of sale of such information.

5. A public body must provide prompt, reasonable access to its records but may establish reasonable procedures which protect the integrity and organization of its records and to prevent excessive disruptions of its essential functions.

6. A public body shall designate certain persons who are authorized to release records of the public body for inspection, copying, or mechanical reproduction. At least one such person shall be available at all times to release records during the regular business hours of the public body.

@ 24A.6. Public body maintaining less than 30 hours of regular business per week--Inspection, copying or mechanical reproduction of records

A. If a public body or its office does not have regular business hours of at reast thirty (30) hours a week, the public body shall post and maintain a written notice at its principal office and with the county clerk where the public body is located which notice shall:

1. Designate the days of the week when records are available for inspection, copying or mechanical reproduction;

2. Set forth the name, mailing address, and telephone number of the individual in charge of the records; and

3. Describe in detail the procedures for obtaining access to the records at least two days of the week, excluding Sunday.

B. The person requesting the record and the person authorized to release the records of the public body may agree to inspection, copying, or mechanical reproduction on a day and at a time other than that designated in the notice.

24A.7. Personnel records--Confidentiality--Inspection and copying

A. A public body may keep personnel records confidential:

1. Which relate to internal personnel investigations including examination and selection material for employment, hiring, appointment, promotion, demotion, discipline, or resignation; or

2. Where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy such as employee evaluations, payroll deductions, employment applications submitted by persons not hired by the public body, and transcripts from institutions of higher education maintained in the personnel files of certified public school employees; provided, however, that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to exempt from disclosure the degree obtained and the curriculum on the transcripts of certified public school employees.

B. All personnel records not specifically falling within the exceptions provided in subsection A of this section shall be available for public inspection and copying including, but not limited to, records of:

1. An employment application of a person who becomes a public official;

2. The gross receipts of public funds;

3. The dates of employment, title or position; and

4. Any final disciplinary action resulting in loss of pay, suspension, demotion of position, or termination.

C. Except as may otherwise be made confidential by statute, an employee of a public body shall have a right of access to his own personnel file.

§ 24A.8. Law enforcement records-Disclosure

A. Law enforcement agencies shall make available for public inspection, if kept, the following records:

following records: 1. An arrestee description, including the name, date of birth, address, race, sex, physical description, and occupation of the arrestee,

2. Facts concerning the arrest, including the cause of arrest and the name of the arresting officer,

& Conviction information, including the name of any person convicted of a criminal offense:

4. Disposition of all warrants, including orders signed by a judge of any court 4. Insposition of an warrants, inter to arrest a particular person; 5. A chronological list of incidents, including initial offense report information b. A enronological list of incluents, including inclusion officer and a brief summary of what showing the offense, date, time, general location, officer and a brief summary of what occurred, and associate the second structure sector sector second structure sector second structure sector second s 6. A crime summary, including a departmental summary of crimes reported and public calls for service by classification or nature and number; 7. Radio logs, including a chronological listing of the calls dispatched; and 8. Jail registers, including jail blotter data or jail booking information recorded on persons at the time of incarceration showing the name of each prisoner with the date and cause of his commitment, the authority committing him, whether committed for a criminal offense, a description of his person, and the date or manner of his discharge or criminal ottense, a description or mp persons and the data of the state of the stat · B. Except for the records listed in subsection A of this section and those made open . · · by 'other: state or local laws, law enforcement agencies may deny access to law enforcement records except where a court finds that the public interest or the interest of an individual outweighs the reason for denial. C. Nothing contained in this section imposes any new recordkeeping requirements 2 Law enforcement records shall be kept for as long as is now or may hereafter be specified by law. Absent a legal requirement for the keeping of a law enforcement record for a specific time period, law enforcement agencies shall maintain their records for so long as needed for administrative purposes, and the solution of the D. Registration files maintained by the Department of Corrections pursuant to the provisions of the Sex Offenders Registration Act 1 shall not be made available for public. inspection. A set of the set of t

@ 24A.9. Personal notes and personally created material--Confidentiality

Prior to taking action, including making a recommendation or issuing a report, a public official may keep confidential his or her personal notes and personally created materials other than departmental budget requests of a public body prepared as an aid to memory or research leading to the adoption of a public policy or the implementation of a public project.

4A.10. Voluntarily supplied information--Bids, computer programs, appraisals and prospective business locations--Department of Commerce records--Confidentiality--Disclosure

A. Any information, records or other material heretofore voluntarily supplied to any state agency, board or commission which was not required to be considered by that agency, board or commission in the performance of its duties may, within thirty (30) days from the effective date of this act, be removed from the files of such agency, board or commission by the person or entity which originally voluntarily supplied such information. Provided, after thirty (30) days from the effective date of this act, any information voluntarily supplied shall be subject to full disclosure pursuant to this act.

B. If disclosure would give an unfair advantage to competitors or bidders, a public body may keep confidential records relating to:

1. Bid specifications for competitive bidding prior to publication by the public body; or

2. Contents of sealed bids prior to the opening of bids by a public body; or

3. Computer programs or software but not data thereon; or

4. Appraisals relating to the sale or acquisition of real estate by a public body prior to award of a contract; or

5. The prospective location of a private business or industry prior to public disclosure of such prospect except for records otherwise open to inspection such applications for permits or licenses.

C. Except as set forth hereafter, the Oklahoma Department of Commerce may keep confidential:

1. Business plans, feasibility studies, financing proposals, marketing plans, financial statements or trade secrets submitted by a person or entity seeking economic advice from the Oklahoma Department of Commerce; and

2. Information compiled by the Oklahoma Department of Commerce in response to those submissions.

The Oklahoma Department of Commerce may not keep confidential that submitted information when and to the extent the person or entity submitting the information consents to disclosure.

@ 24A.10a. Oklahoma Medical Center--Market research and marketing plans--Confidentiality

The Oklahoma Medical Center may keep confidential market research conducted by and marketing plans developed by the Oklahoma Medical Center if the Center determines that disclosure of such research or plans would give an unfair advantage to competitors of the Oklahoma Medical Center regarding marketing research and planning, public education, and advertising and promotion of special and general services provided by the Oklahoma Medical Center.



24A.11. Library, archive or museum materials--Confidentiality

A. A public body may keep confidential library, archive, or museum materials donated to the public body to the extent of any limitations imposed as a condition of the donation and any information which would reveal the identity of an individual who lawfully makes a donation to or on behalf of a public body including, but not limited to, donations made through a foundation operated in compliance with Sections 5-145 and 4306 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

B. If library, archive, or museum materials are donated to a public body

and the donation may be claimed as a tax deduction, the public body may keep confidential any information required as a condition of the donation except the date of the donation, the appraised value claimed for the donation, and a general description of the materials donated and their quantity.

@ 24A.12. Litigation files and investigatory files of Attorney General, district or municipal attorney--Confidentiality

Except as otherwise provided by state or local law, the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma and agency attorneys authorized by law, the office of the district attorney of any county of the state, and the office of the municipal attorney of any municipality may keep its litigation files and investigatory ports confidential.

@ 24A.13. Federal records--Confidentiality

Records coming into the possession of a public body from the federal government or records generated or gathered as a result of federal legislation may be kept confidential to the extent required by federal law.

A 24A.14. Personal communications relating to exercise of constitutional ghts--Confidentiality

Except for the fact that a communication has been received and that it is or is not a complaint, a public official may keep confidential personal communications received by the public official from a person exercising rights secured by the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma or the Constitution of the United States. The public official's written response to this personal communication may be kept confidential only to the extent necessary to protect the identity of the person exercising the right.

@ 24A.15. Crop and livestock reports--Public warehouse financial statements--Confidentiality

A. The Division of Agricultural Statistics, Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, also known as the Oklahoma Crop and Livestock Reporting Service, may keep confidential crop and livestock reports provided by farmers, ranchers, and agri-businesses to the extent the reports individually identify the providers.

B. The State Board of Agriculture is authorized to provide for the confidentiality of any financial statement filed pursuant to Section 9-22 of Title 2 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Copies of such financial statements may only obtained upon written request to the Commissioner of Agriculture.

Upon good cause shown, and at the discretion of the Commissioner of Agriculture, such financial statements may be released.

@ 24A.16. Educational records and materials--Confidentiality

A. Except as set forth in subsection B of this section, public educational institutions and their employees may keep confidential:

1. Individual student records;

2. Teacher lesson plans, tests and other teaching material; and

3. Personal communications concerning individual students.

B. If kept, statistical information not identified with a particular student and directory information shall be open for inspection and copying. "Directory information" includes a student's name, address, telephone listing, date and place of birth, major field of study, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, dates of attendance, degrees and awards received, and the most recent previous educational institution attended by the student. Any educational agency or institution making public directory information shall give public notice of the categories of information which it has designated as such information with respect to each student attending the institution or agency and shall allow a reasonable period of time after such notice has been given for a parent to inform the institution or agency that any or all of the information designated should not be released without the parent's or guardian's prior consent or the student's himself if he is eighteen (18) years of age or older.

24A.17. Violations--Penalties--Civil liability

A. Any public official who willfully violates any provision of the Oklahoma Open Records Act, upon conviction, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding Five Hundred Dollars (\$ 500.00) or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding one (1) year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

B. Any person denied access to a record of a public body or public official may bring a civil suit for declarative and/or injunctive relief and, if successful, shall be entitled to reasonable attorney fees. If the public body or public official successfully defends a civil suit and the court finds that the suit was clearly frivolous, the public body or public official shall be entitled to reasonable attorney fees.

C. A public body or public official shall not be civilly liable for damages for providing access to records as allowed under the Oklahoma Open Records Act.

@ 24A.18. Additional recordkeeping not required

Except as may be required in Section 4 of this act, this act does not impose any additional recordkeeping requirements on public bodies or public officials.

24A.19. Research records--Confidentiality

In addition to other records that a public body may keep confidential pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Open Records Act, a public body may keep confidential any information related to research, the disclosure of which could affect the conduct or outcome of the research, the ability to patent or copyright the research, or any other proprietary rights any entity might have in the research or the results of the research; including, but not limited to, trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from an entity financing or cooperating in the research, research protocols, and research notes, data, results or other unpublished writings about the research.

@ 24A.20. Records in litigation or investigation file--Access

Access to records which, under the Oklahoma Open Records Act, would otherwise be available for public inspection and copying, shall not be denied because a public body or public official is using or has taken possession of such records for investigatory purposes or has placed the records in a litigation or investigation file. However, a law enforcement agency may deny access to a copy of such a record in an investigative file if the record or a true and complete copy thereof is available for public inspection and copying at another public body.



24A.21. Increment district reports--Exemption from copying fees

The fees that may be charged by a public body pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 3 of Section 24A.5 of Title 51 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall not be charged when a state agency or taxing entity located within the boundaries of any district created pursuant to the provisions of the Local Development Act request a copy of the reports required by subsections A and B of Section 18 of this act.

§ 2-410. Conditional discharge for possession as first offense

Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this act or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marihuana, or stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, pleads guilty to or is found guilty of possession of a controlled dangerous substance under Section 2-402, the court may, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of such person, defer further proceedings and place him on probation upon such reasonable terms and conditions as it may require including the requirement that such person cooperate in a treatment and rehabilitation program of a state-supported or state-approved facility, if available. Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge such person and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without court adjudication of guilt and shall not be deemed a conviction for purposes of this section or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime. Discharge and dismissal under this section may occur only once with respect to any person.

Any expunged arrest or conviction shall not thereafter be regarded as an arrest or conviction for purposes of employment, civil rights, or any statute, regulation, license, questionnaire or any other public or private purpose; provided, that, any such plea of guilty or finding of guilt shall constitute a conviction of the offense for the purpose of this act or any other criminal statute under which the existence of a prior conviction is relevant. Laws 1971, c. 119, § 2-410.

63 § 2-410 Note 1

PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY

§ 2-410. Conditional discharge for possession as first offense

Notes of Decisions

1. In general

Defendant who had completed one year deterred sentence on earlier charge for unlawful possession of marijuana committed a first offense and, therefore, was not entitled to suspended sentence upon guilty plea to distribution of marijuana. State ex rel. Macy v. Owens, Okl.Cr., 717 P.2d 1141 (1985).

Oklahoma Statutes Annotated

Title 74

· · ·	CHAPTER 5. STATE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Sec.	
150.1	Short title [New]:
150.2	Powers and duties [New].
150.3	State Bureau of Investigation Commission [Now]
150.4	Commission—Powers and duties [New]
150.5	Investigations-Persons to initiate request falore 1
100.0	Director-Qualifications [New]
150.7	Director-Powers and duties [New.
150.72	Motor vehicle theft unit [New]
150.8	Officers and agents-Appointment [New]
100.9	System of criminal identification [New]
150.10	Uniform crime reporting system [New]
190.11	Evidentiary property-Disposition [New]
150.12	Felony arrest—Sending fingerprints to State and Federal Bureau [New].
150.13	Rangers-Appointment [New].
150.14	Repealed.
150.15	Repealed.
150.16	Aircraft-Ownership, operation, rental or charter [New].
	Bureau of Investigation [New].
	Reward System-Creation-Implementation-Information re quired to collect-Additional requirements [New].
150.19	Reward Fund [New].
	Repealed.
150.21	
• • •	Duties-Restrictions [New].
•	epealed.
165.1 to	165.4 Repealed
§ 150.1	Short title
There	is hereby created an agency of state government to be designate
the Okla	homa State Bureau of Investigation.
Added b	y Laws 1976, c. 259, § 1, operative July 1, 1976.

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TITLE 74. STATE GOVERNMENT CHAPTER 5. STATE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

74 Okl. St. @ 150.2 (1996)

50.2. Powers and duties

The Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation shall have the power and duty to:

1. Maintain scientific laboratories to assist all law enforcement agencies in discovery and detection of criminal activity;

2. Maintain fingerprint and other identification files including criminal cory records, juvenile identification files, and DNA profiles;

3. Establish, coordinate and maintain the automated fingerprinting

entirication system (AFIS) and the deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) laboratory;

4. Operate teletype, mobile and fixed radio or other communications systems;

5. Conduct schools and training programs for the agents, peace officers, and chnicians of this state charged with the enforcement of law and order and the restigation and detection of crime;

6. Assist the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Igerous Drugs Control, the Chief Medical Examiner, and all law enforcement ficers and district attorneys when such assistance is requested, in accordance th the policy determined by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation mission established in Section 150.3 of this title;

7. Investigate and detect criminal activity when directed to do so by the ernor;

8. Investigate, detect, institute and maintain actions involving vehicle ft pursuant to Section 150.7 of this title or oil, gas or oil field equipment ft pursuant to Sections 152.2 through 152.9 of this title; and

9. Investigate any criminal threat made to the physical safety of elected or appointed officials of this state or any political subdivision of the state and forward the results of that investigation to the Department of Public Safety, and provide security to foreign elected or appointed officials while they are in this state on official business.





§ 150.8 State Bureau of Investigation Commission

A. There is hereby created an Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation Commission which shall consist of seven (7) members, not more than two of whom shall be from the same Congressional District as construed at the time of enactment of this section. The members shall be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate and shall be removable only for cause, as provided by law for the removal of officers not subject to impeachment. The term of office of each member shall be seven (7) years. The first appointments shall be for the following terms as designated by the Governor: one member for a term of one (1) year; one member for a term of two (2) years; one member for a term of three (3) years; one member for a term of four (4) years; one member for a term of five (5) years; one member for a term of six (6) years; and one member for a term of seven (7) years. A member may serve more than one term on the Commission. Each member shall continue to serve so long as he is qualified until his successor has been appointed and confirmed by the Senate. Vacancies occurring during a term shall be filled for the unexpired portion of the term by the same procedure used to make the regular appointments. and the second states of the second

B. Four of the members shall represent the lay citizenry, one member shall be a district attorney while serving in that capacity, one member shall be a sheriff while serving in that capacity, and one member shall be a chief of police while serving in that capacity; provided that the sheriff and police chief members shall have successfully completed an approved course of instruction for peace officers as required by law.

C. Annually the Commission shall select one of the Commission members to serve as Chairman and one member to serve as Vice Chairman. The Commission shall meet at least quarterly. The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Commission and shall have the power to call meetings of the Commission. In addition, meetings of the Commission may be called by a majority of the members. The Vice Chairman shall perform these functions in the absence or incapacity of the Chairman. A quorum of four members of the Commission shall be necessary to conduct any official business. All actions taken by the Commission shall be by a simple majority vote of a quorum. In the event of a tie vote, the measure being voted upon shall be deemed to have failed.

The Commission shall adopt rules of procedure for the orderly performance of its functions. ł

D. Members of the Commission shall serve without salary but may be reimbursed for travel and other expenses in attending meetings and performing their duties in the manner provided for other state officers and employees under the State Travel Reimbursement Act.¹ The laycitizen members shall be paid Thirty Dollars (\$30.00) per diem for **

tendance at meetings of the Commission. No other provisions of law shall be construed as prohibiting public officers from also serving as members of the Commission, nor shall any other provisions of law be construed as prohibiting public officers or public employees from performing services for the Commission without compensation. It is further provided that no town, city, county or other subdivision or other agency of state government shall be prohibited from receiving a grant or from benefiting from grants or expenditures of the Commission for the reason that an officer or employee of such town, city, county or other subdivision or agency of state government is a Commission member or employee.

§ 150.4. Commission-Powers and duties

The Commission shall have the following powers and duties and responsibilities:

1. To appoint the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, whose compensation shall be determined by the Legislature.

2. To hear any complaint against the Bureau or any of its employees according to the following procedure:

- a. Only those complaints which have been submitted in writing and are signed will be acted upon by the Commission.
- b. All hearings on complaints shall be conducted in executive sessions, and shall not be open to the public.
- c. The Commission shall have limited access to pertinent investigative files when investigating a complaint. The Director shall provide a procedure whereby the identification of all persons named in any investigative file except the subject of the complaint and the complaining witness shall not be revealed to the members of the Commission. Any consideration of files shall be in executive session not open to the public. No information or evidence received in connection with the hearings shall be revealed to any person or agency. Any violation hereof shall be grounds for removal from the Commission, and shall constitute a misdemeanor.

3. To make recommendations to the Director of any needed disciplinary action necessary as a result of an investigation conducted upon a complaint received.

4. To establish general procedures with regard to assisting law enforcement officers and district attorneys.

5. To establish a program of training for agents utilizing such courses as the National Police Academy conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

6. To require the Director to advise the Commission on the progress of pending investigations. All discussions of pending investigations shall be conducted in executive session not open to the public and no minutes of such sessions shall be kept. The Director shall not reveal the identity of any witnesses interviewed or the substance of their statements. No information received by the Commission shall be revealed to any person or agency by any Commission member. Any violation of this paragraph by a Commission member shall be grounds for removal from the Commission and shall constitute a misdemeanor.

§ 150.5. Investigations—Persons to initiate request

A. Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation investigations not covered under Section 150.2 of this title shall be initiated at the request of the following persons:

- 1. The Governor;
- 2. The Attorney General;

3. The Council on Judicial Complaints upon a vote by a majority of said Council; or

4. The chairman of any Legislative Investigating Committee which has been granted subpoena powers by resolution, upon authorization by a vote of the majority of said Committee.

Such requests for investigations shall be submitted in writing and shall contain specific allegations of wrongdoing under the laws of the State of Oklahoma.

B. The Governor may initiate special background investigations with the written consent of the person who is the subject of the investigation.

C. The chairman of any Senate committee which is fulfilling the statutory responsibility for approving nominations made by the Governor may, upon a vote by a majority of the committee and with the written consent of the person who is to be the subject of the investigation, initiate a special background investigation of any nominee for the Oklahoma Horse Racing Commission as established by Provision No. 1, State Question No. 553, Initiative Petition No. 315 (3A O.S. Supp. 1982, Section 201). The Bureau shall submit a report to the committee within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the request. Any consideration by the committee of a report from the Bureau shall be for the exclusive use of the committee and shall be considered only in executive session.

D. All records relating to any investigation being conducted by the Bureau shall be confidential and shall not be open to the public or to the Commission except as provided in Section 150.4 of this title; provided, however, officers and agents of the Bureau may disclose, at the discretion of the Director, such investigative information to officers and agents of federal, state, county, or municipal law enforcement agencies and to district attorneys, in the furtherance of criminal investigations within their respective jurisdictions. Any unauthorized disclosure of any information contained in the confidential files of the Bureau shall be a misdemeanor. The person or entity authorized to initiate investigations in this section shall receive a report of the results of the requested investigation. The person or entity requesting the investigation may give that information only to the appropriate prosecutorial officer or agency having statutory authority in the matter if that action appears proper from the information contained in the report, and shall not reveal or give such

information to any other person or agency. Violation hereof shall be deemed willful neglect of duty and shall be grounds for removal from office.

Amended by Laws 1989, c. 369, § 145, operative July 1, 1989.

§ 150.6 Director-Qualifications

The State Bureau of Investigation shall be under the operational control of a Director. The Director shall be appointed or dismissed by a majority vote of the total membership of the Commission. The Director shall be a professional law enforcement officer who possesses a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university and who shall have a minimum of five (5) years' experience in criminal investigation and or law enforcement or five (5) years' experience as an agent with said Bureau and must have at least two (2) years' experience in an administration

§ 150.7 Director-Powers and duties

The Director of the Okiahoma State Bureau of Investigation shall have the following powers, duties and responsibilities:

1. To appoint or dismiss a Deputy Director who shall have the same qualifications as the Director;

2. To supervise the maintaining of all reports and records of the Bureau which shall be kept for at least ten (10) years. Such records shall not be transferred to the custody or control of the State Archives Commission. The Director may, after said ten-year period, order destruction of records deemed to be no longer of value to the Bureau;

3. To report to the Commission at each regular meeting, or as directed by the Commission, the current workload of the Bureau. Such reports shall be submitted by category of the persons or entities authorized to initiate investigations as provided for in subsection A of Section 5 of this act,1 and any other category the Commission may request which does not violate the confidentiality restrictions imposed in this act. Such reports shall contain the following information:

- a. what types of investigations are pending.
- Ъ.
- what new types of investigations have been opened,
- c. what types of investigations have been closed, and

d. what criminal charges have been filed as a result of Bureau investigations.

The reports shall not contain any information on the individual subjects of the investigation or persons questioned in connection with an investigation. These reports shall be open for public inspection; and

4. To designate positions, appoint employees and fix salaries of the Bureau.

Added by Laws 1976, c. 259, § 7, operative July 1, 1976.

§ 150.7d. Confidentiality

Any information furnished as provided by Sections 1 through 4 of this act ¹ shall be privileged and not a part of any public record. Except as otherwise provided by law, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, any authorized governmental agency, insurer, or agent authorized by an insurer to act on its behalf that receives any information furnished as provided by Sections 1 through 4 of this act shall not release the information to the public. The evidence or information shall not be subject to a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum in a civil or criminal proceeding unless, after reasonable notice to any insurer, an agent authorized by an insurer to act on its behalf, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, or any authorized governmental agency that has an interest in the information, and after a hearing, a court determines that the public interest and any ongoing investigation by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, authorized governmental agency, insurer, or agent authorized by an insurer to act on its behalf will not be jeopardized by obedience to the subpoena.

Added by Laws 1988, c. 201, § 3, eff. Nov. 1, 1988.

1 Sections 150.7b to 150.7e of this title.

§ 150.7e. Liability of insurer

In the absence of fraud or malice, an insurer or person who furnishes information on behalf of an insurer shall not be liable for damages in a civil action or subject to criminal prosecution for oral or written statements made or any other action taken necessary to supply information required pursuant to this act.¹

Added by Laws 1988, c. 201, § 4, eff. Nov. 1, 1988.

¹ Section 150.7b et seq. of this title.

§ 150.7f. Violations—Penalties

It is unlawful for any insurer or agent authorized by the insurer to act on its behalf to violate any provision of Sections 1 through 4 of this act.¹ Any person convicted of such violation shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by the imposition of a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Furthermore, upon

such conviction, the license and/or authorization to transact insurance business in this state may be revoked by the Insurance Commissioner.

Added by Laws 1988, c. 201, § 5, eff. Nov. 1, 1988.

¹ Sections 150.7b to 150.7e of this title.

§ 150.8. Officers and agents—Appointment

A. The Director shall appoint as employees only persons of outstanding honesty, integrity and ability. An agent, at the time of his appointment to the Bureau, shall be at least twenty-one (21) years of age and shall possess a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university.

B. The officers and agents of the State Bureau of Investigation, and such other employees as the Director of the Bureau of Investigation shall designate to perform duties in the investigation and prevention of crime and the enforcement of the criminal laws of the state, shall have and exercise all the powers and authority of peace officers, including the right and power of search and seizure.

C. The probationary period for any agent appointed to the Bureau shall include six (6) months in addition to the required probationary period prescribed by the regulations of the Merit System of Personnel Administration. No probationary period shall be required of any agent being transferred to the Bureau under the provisions of Section 150.14 of this title.

D. The Director and the Deputy Director, their executive secretaries and the attorney of the Bureau shall be exempt from the Merit System of Personnel Administration. Any employee in a classified position under the Merit System of Personnel Administration who is appointed Director, Deputy Director, Acting Director or Acting Deputy Director shall have a right to return to the classified service without any loss of rights, privileges or benefits immediately upon completion of his duties provided said employee is not otherwise disqualified.

E. All other employees of the State Bureau of Investigation shall be in the classified service of the state and members of the Merit System of Personnel Administration, unless otherwise provided by law.

F. Appointment to any position in the State Bureau of Investigation shall not jeopardize the rights of any person under any other system under which peace officers of this state or its subdivisions may become pensioned, provided that the individual contributions are continued as if such person were in the original organization within which he qualified for such pension.

§ 150.9. System of criminal identification-Fee for fingerprints

A. The Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation shall procure and file for record, photographs, descriptions, fingerprints, measurements and other pertinent information relating to all persons who have been convicted of a felony within the state and of all well-known and habitual criminals, and it shall be the duty of the persons in charge of any state institution to furnish such data upon the request of the Director of the Bureau. The Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation shall cooperate with and assist the sheriffs, chiefs of police and other law enforcement officers of the state in the establishment of a complete system of criminal identification, and shall file for record the fingerprint impressions of all persons confined in any workhouse, jail, reformatory or penitentiary on felony charges, and any other pertinent information concerning such persons as it

may from time to time receive from the law enforcement officers of this and other states.

B. The Oklahoma Department of Consumer Credit, the Oklahoma State Insurance Commission, the Oklahoma Horse Racing Commission, or any other state agency, board, department or commission requesting an analysis of fingerprints for licensing purposes by the Bureau on any person shall pay a fee of Forty-one Dollars (\$41.00) to the Bureau for each such investigation.

C. An owner or administrator of a child care facility requesting a criminal history investigation of an applicant for employment shall pay a Ten Dollar (\$10.00) fee to the Bureau for each such investigation. Whenever such request includes an analysis of fingerprints, the fee shall be Forty-one Dollars (\$41.00).

Ingerprints, the ree shall be Forty-one Sound (2000) Amended by Laws 1990, c. 186, § 2, eff. Sept. 1, 1990; Laws 1990, c. 258, § 49, operative July 1, 1990.

§ 150.10 Uniform crime reporting system

A. A uniform crime reporting system shall be established by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. The Director shall have the power and duty, when directed by the Commission, to collect and gather such information from such state agencies as may be prescribed in this act.

B. The Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation is hereby designated as the agency which shall collect, gather, assemble and collate such information as is prescribed by this section.

C. All state, county, city and town law enforcement agencies shall submit a quarterly report to the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation on forms prescribed by the Bureau, which report shall contain the number and nature of offenses committed within their respective jurisdictions, the disposition of such matters, and such other information as the Bureau may require, respecting information relating to the cause and prevention of crime, recidivism, the rehabilitation of criminals and the proper administration of criminal justice.

D. Upon receipt of such information the Director shall have such data collated and formulated and shall compile such statistics as he may deem necessary in order to present a proper classification and analysis of the volume and nature of crime and the administration of criminal justice within this state.

§ 150.12 Felony arrest—Sending fingerprints to State and Federal Bureaus

It is hereby made the duty of any sheriff, chief of police, city marshal, constable and any other law enforcement officer, immediately upon the arrest of any person who, in the best judgment of the arresting officer. is wanted on the charge of the commission of a felony, or who is believed to be a fugitive from justice, or upon the arrest of any person who is in the possession at the time of his arrest of goods or property, reasonably believed to have been stolen by such person, or in whose possession is found a burgiary outfit, tools or keys or explosives, reasonably believed to be intended for unlawful use by such person, or who is in possession of an infernal machine, bomb; or other contrivance, in whole or in part, and reasonably believed to be intended for no lawful purpose, or who is carrying concealed firearms or other deadly weapon, reasonably believed to be intended for use in an unlawful purpose, or who is in possession of ink, die, paper or other articles used in the making of counterfeit bank notes, or in the alteration of bank notes, or dies, molds, or other articles used in making counterfeit money, defacing or changing numbers on motor vehicles and reasonably believed to be intended for any unlawful purpose, to cause fingerprint impressions in triplicate to be made of such person or persons and forward one (1) copy of such impression to the State Bureau of Investigation, at its Oklahoma City office, and one (1) copy to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, at its Washington, D.C., office, the other copy to be filed in his office. This section is not intended to include violators of city or town ordinances, or persons arrested for ordinary misdemeanors, and great care shall be exercised to ·exclude such persons.