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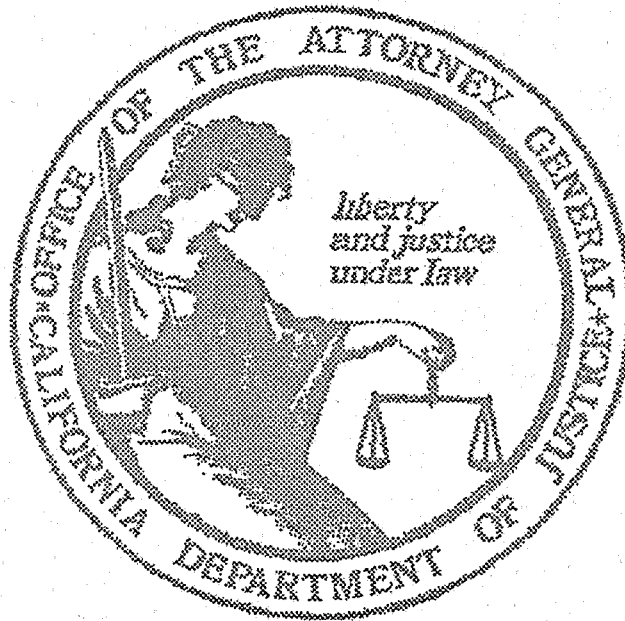
**Crime in California
and the
United States**



Office of the Attorney General
Department of Justice/Division of Law Enforcement
Criminal Identification and Information Branch
Bureau of Criminal Statistics and Special Services

January 1990

State of California
Department of Justice
John K. Van de Kamp, Attorney General



Division of Law Enforcement
Criminal Identification and Information Branch
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U.S. Department of Justice
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Crime in California and the United States

NCJRS

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ACQUISITIONS

INTRODUCTION

This publication presents a comparison of crime in California with:

- Crime in the United States* excluding California.
- Crime in the six other states with a population of ten million or more. These states are Florida, Illinois, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas.

The data shown are extracted from the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) *Crime in the United States* annual reports from 1979 through 1988. The crime data are shown as **rates** (number of crimes reported per 100,000 population) rather than as the **number** of incidences reported. The offenses, along with their Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) definitions, making up the California Crime Index (CCI) are:

■ Violent Crimes

- *Willful Homicide* - The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.
- *Forcible Rape* - The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are included.
- *Robbery* - The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.
- *Aggravated Assault* - An unlawful attack or attempted attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce great bodily harm.

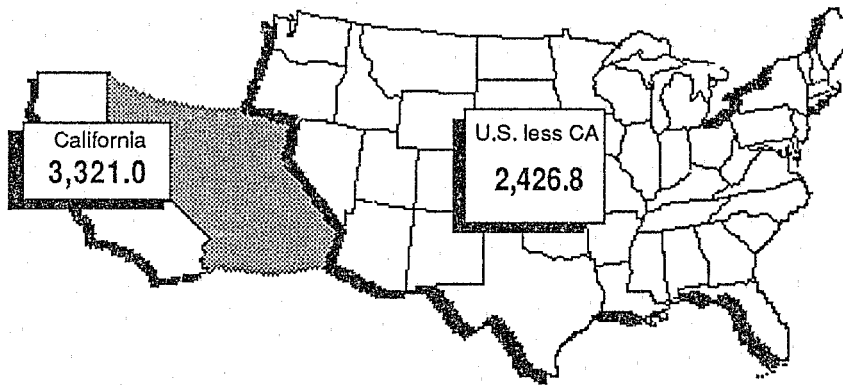
■ Property Crimes

- *Burglary* - The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Attempted forcible entry is included.
- *Motor Vehicle Theft* - The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

NOTE: Timeliness of these data depends on availability at the national level. Data included are complete through the 1988 calendar year. Data for 1989 will not be available for the United States until August 1990.

*United States includes Alaska, Hawaii, and the District of Columbia.

CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX, 1988



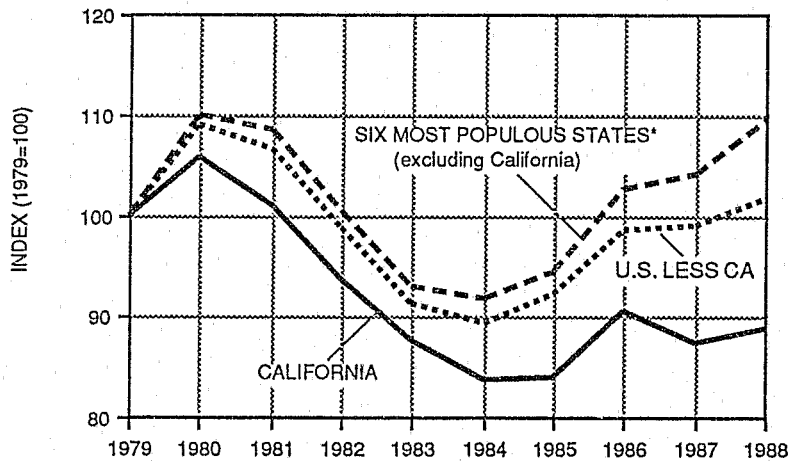
In 1988 as measured by the California Crime Index (CCI):

- California ranked fourth in crime among the states and the District of Columbia.
- The crime rate in California was 3,321.0 crimes per 100,000 population compared to 2,426.8 for the U.S. less California.
- Among the six most populous states (excluding California), Florida, with a rate of 4,177.1, ranked first.

From 1979 through 1988:

- In California, the California Crime Index decreased 11.1 percent.
- In the U.S. less California, the CCI increased 1.6 percent.
- In the six most populous states (excluding California), the CCI increased 9.4 percent.

CALIFORNIA CRIME INDEX, 1979-1988
Rate per 100,000 Population Indexed to 1979



*Florida, Illinois, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas

RATE PER
100,000 POPULATION

District of Columbia	5,297.9
Florida	4,177.1
Texas	3,609.8
CALIFORNIA	3,321.0
New York	3,175.5
Nevada	2,924.7
Oregon	2,904.3
New Mexico	2,885.0
Georgia	2,830.8
Michigan	2,797.4
Washington	2,754.9
Maryland	2,657.5
Arizona	2,649.6
Oklahoma	2,634.2
Louisiana	2,612.7
Massachusetts	2,573.4
Illinois	2,544.4
Rhode Island	2,485.9
South Carolina	2,462.0
New Jersey	2,457.4
Tennessee	2,313.5
Connecticut	2,287.4
Colorado	2,277.7
North Carolina	2,143.5
Missouri	2,127.3
Alabama	2,059.1
Ohio	1,882.6
Hawaii	1,876.9
Alaska	1,820.1
Delaware	1,795.5
Kansas	1,786.7
Mississippi	1,772.6
Arkansas	1,727.3
Indiana	1,668.7
Minnesota	1,538.9
Pennsylvania	1,485.5
Vermont	1,436.3
Virginia	1,419.2
Kentucky	1,342.0
Utah	1,339.8
Idaho	1,281.0
Iowa	1,273.3
Nebraska	1,227.2
Wisconsin	1,212.7
Maine	1,179.0
Wyoming	1,115.3
New Hampshire	1,058.2
Montana	1,043.0
West Virginia	904.0
South Dakota	727.1
North Dakota	615.4

CCI RATES IN THE SIX MOST POPULOUS STATES*

Florida	4,177.1
Texas	3,609.8
New York	3,175.5
Illinois	2,544.4
Ohio	1,882.6
Pennsylvania	1,485.5

*States over 10 million population (California excluded)

VIOLENT CRIME RATES, 1988

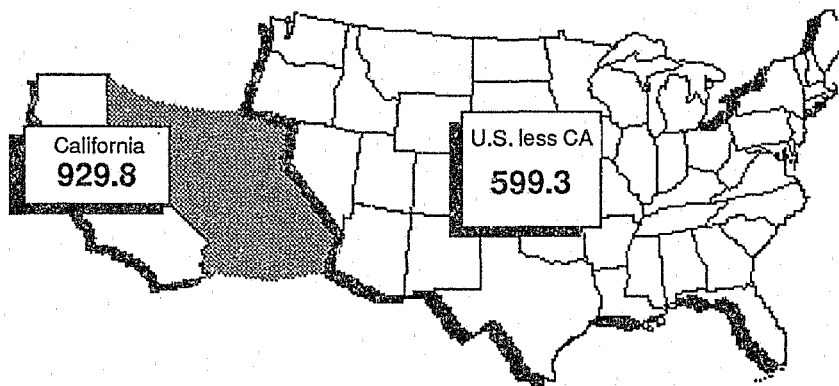
RATE PER
100,000 POPULATION

District of Columbia	1,921.6
Florida	1,117.7
New York	1,097.3
CALIFORNIA	929.8
Illinois	810.4
Maryland	806.8
Nevada	780.7
Michigan	741.7
South Carolina	741.2
Louisiana	717.4
Georgia	665.3
New Mexico	558.1
Texas	652.6
Massachusetts	619.6
Arizona	610.1
New Jersey	582.8
Alabama	558.6
Missouri	552.5
Oregon	545.7
Tennessee	532.7
Alaska	522.8
North Carolina	501.9
Colorado	472.6
Washington	466.4
Connecticut	455.4
Ohio	452.0
Delaware	451.7
Oklahoma	434.5
Arkansas	422.7
Rhode Island	396.7
Indiana	380.0
Kansas	365.2
Pennsylvania	362.0
Kentucky	330.1
Mississippi	325.2
Wyoming	314.0
Virginia	299.2
Minnesota	290.1
Nebraska	273.2
Hawaii	257.1
Iowa	256.8
Utah	243.1
Idaho	234.7
Wisconsin	214.4
Maine	157.4
New Hampshire	147.9
Vermont	142.3
West Virginia	131.4
Montana	123.0
South Dakota	113.7
North Dakota	59.1

VIOLENT CRIME RATES IN THE SIX MOST POPULOUS STATES*

Florida	1,117.7
New York	1,097.3
Illinois	810.4
Texas	652.6
Ohio	452.0
Pennsylvania	362.0

*States over 10 million population
(California excluded)



In 1988:

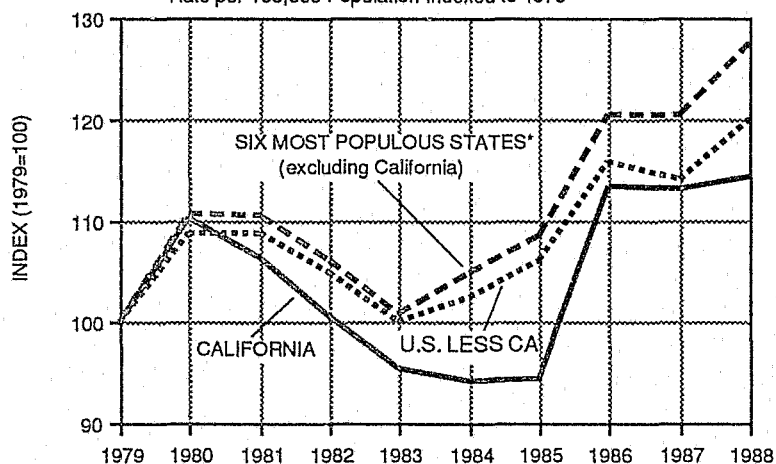
- The rate in California was 929.8 violent crimes per 100,000 population compared to 599.3 for the U.S. less California.
- California ranked fourth in violent crime rates among the states and the District of Columbia.
- Among the six most populous states (excluding California), Florida, with a rate of 1,117.7, ranked first.

From 1979 through 1988:

- In California, the violent crime rate increased 14.6 percent.
- In the U.S. less California, the rate increased 19.9 percent.
- In the six most populous states (excluding California), the rate increased 27.6 percent.

VIOLENT CRIMES, 1979-1988

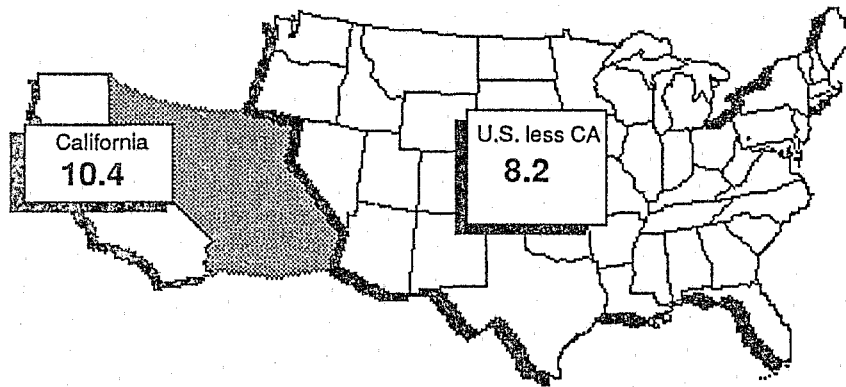
Rate per 100,000 Population Indexed to 1979



*Florida, Illinois, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas

The sharp increase in the violent crime rate in California from 1985 to 1986 was primarily due to an increase in the Aggravated Assault rate. This increase is attributed to a 1986 law change which requires reporting domestic violence incidents as criminal conduct. (California Penal Code Section 13701)

WILLFUL HOMICIDE CRIME RATES, 1988



RATE PER
100,000 POPULATION

District of Columbia	59.5
New York	12.5
Texas	12.1
Georgia	11.7
Louisiana	11.6
New Mexico	11.5
Florida	11.4
Michigan	10.8
Nevada	10.5
CALIFORNIA	10.4
Alabama	9.9
Maryland	9.7
Tennessee	9.4
South Carolina	9.3
Arkansas	8.7
Illinois	8.6
Mississippi	8.6
Arizona	8.5
Missouri	8.0
North Carolina	7.8
Virginia	7.8
Oklahoma	7.4
Indiana	6.4
Kentucky	6.2
Alaska	5.7
Colorado	5.7
Pennsylvania	5.5
Connecticut	5.4
Ohio	5.4
Washington	5.4
New Jersey	5.3
Delaware	5.2
Oregon	5.1
West Virginia	4.9
Rhode Island	4.1
Hawaii	4.0
Idaho	3.6
Nebraska	3.6
Massachusetts	3.5
Kansas	3.4
Maine	3.1
South Dakota	3.1
Wisconsin	3.0
Minnesota	2.9
Utah	2.8
Montana	2.6
Wyoming	2.5
New Hampshire	2.3
Vermont	2.0
North Dakota	1.8
Iowa	1.7

In 1988:

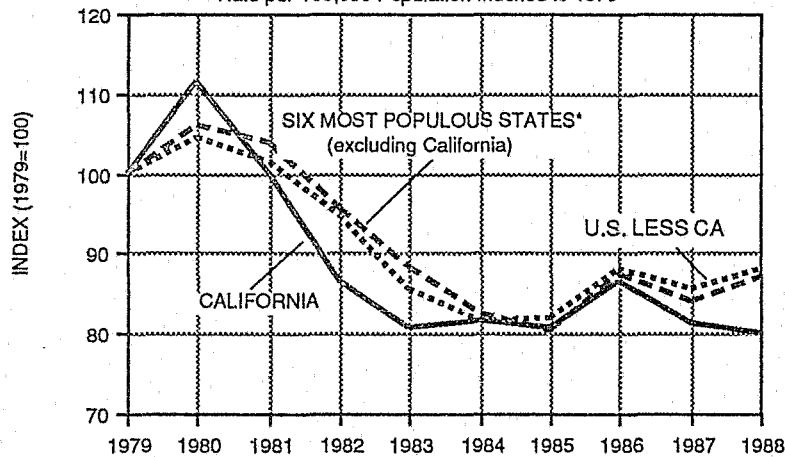
- The rate in California was 10.4 willful homicide crimes per 100,000 population compared to 8.2 for the U.S. less California.
- California ranked tenth in willful homicide crime rates among the states and the District of Columbia.
- Among the six most populous states (excluding California), New York, with a rate of 12.5, ranked first.

From 1979 through 1988:

- In California, the willful homicide crime rate decreased 20.0 percent.
- In the U.S. less California, the rate decreased 11.8 percent.
- In the six most populous states (excluding California), the rate decreased 12.6 percent.

WILLFUL HOMICIDE CRIMES, 1979-1988

Rate per 100,000 Population Indexed to 1979



*Florida, Illinois, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas

HOMICIDE CRIME RATES IN THE SIX MOST POPULOUS STATES*

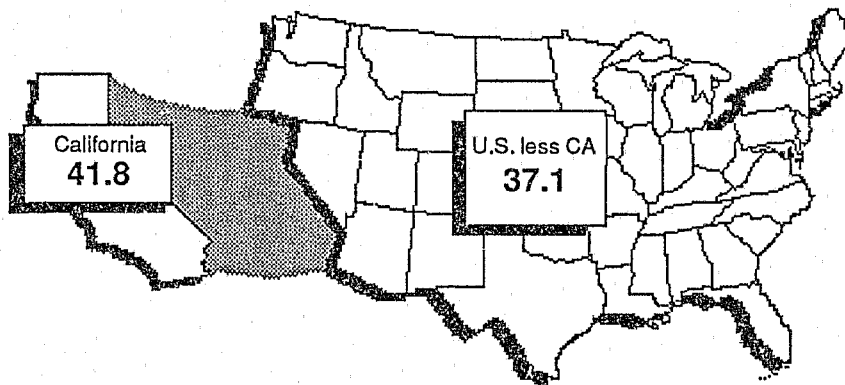
New York	12.5
Texas	12.1
Florida	11.4
Illinois	8.6
Pennsylvania	5.5
Ohio	5.4

*States over 10 million population
(California excluded)

FORCIBLE RAPE CRIME RATES, 1988

RATE PER
100,000 POPULATION

Delaware	74.4
Nevada	73.8
Michigan	69.5
Alaska	57.7
Washington	56.5
Florida	49.7
Texas	48.4
Georgia	46.4
Tennessee	44.7
South Carolina	42.7
Ohio	42.6
CALIFORNIA	41.8
Oregon	40.5
Arizona	38.8
Colorado	38.6
Illinois	38.5
Louisiana	38.5
New Mexico	38.4
Oklahoma	37.7
Maryland	37.1
Mississippi	36.2
New Jersey	33.7
Hawaii	32.5
Arkansas	32.2
Massachusetts	32.0
Kansas	31.3
Indiana	31.0
Minnesota	31.0
New York	30.6
Rhode Island	30.5
Alabama	29.8
Missouri	29.3
North Carolina	28.1
Virginia	27.1
South Dakota	26.9
District of Columbia	26.6
Connecticut	26.2
New Hampshire	25.2
Pennsylvania	24.9
Nebraska	24.0
Wyoming	24.0
Utah	23.6
Vermont	23.0
Kentucky	22.4
Wisconsin	19.9
West Virginia	18.7
Maine	18.6
Idaho	17.9
Montana	16.8
Iowa	15.7
North Dakota	11.2



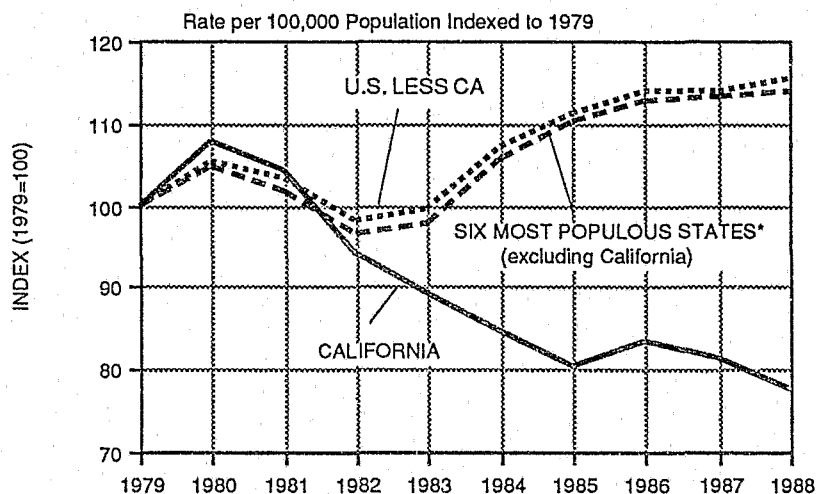
In 1988:

- The rate in California was 41.8 forcible rape crimes per 100,000 population compared to 37.1 for the U.S. less California.
- California ranked twelfth in forcible rape crime rates among the states and the District of Columbia.
- Among the six most populous states (excluding California), Florida, with a rate of 49.7, ranked first.

From 1979 through 1988:

- In California, the forcible rape crime rate decreased 22.4 percent.
- In the U.S. less California, the rate increased 15.4 percent.
- In the six most populous states (excluding California), the rate increased 13.8 percent.

FORCIBLE RAPE CRIMES, 1979-1988



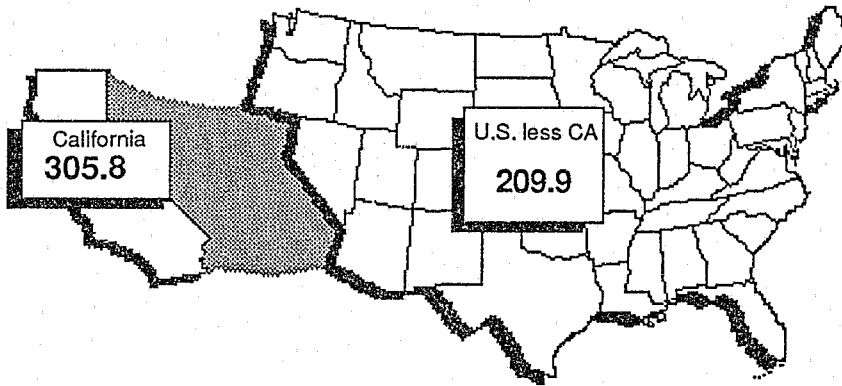
*Florida, Illinois, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas

FORCIBLE RAPE CRIME RATES IN THE SIX MOST POPULOUS STATES*

Florida	49.7
Texas	48.4
Ohio	42.6
Illinois	38.5
New York	30.6
Pennsylvania	24.9

*States over 10 million population
(California excluded)

ROBBERY CRIME RATES, 1988

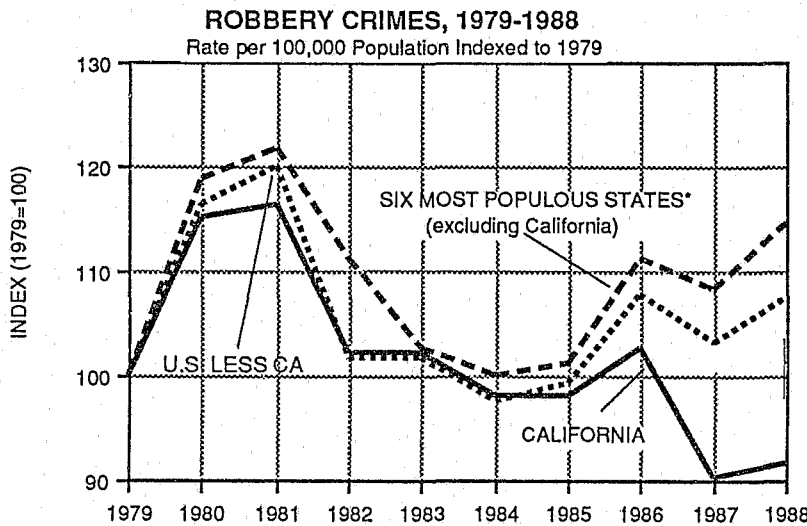


In 1988:

- The rate in California was 305.8 robbery crimes per 100,000 population compared to 209.9 for the U.S. less California.
- California ranked fifth in robbery crime rates among the states and the District of Columbia.
- Among the six most populous states (excluding California), New York, with a rate of 544.4, ranked first.

From 1979 through 1988:

- In California, the robbery crime rate decreased 8.4 percent.
- In the U.S. less California, the rate increased 7.5 percent.
- In the six most populous states (excluding California), the rate increased 14.7 percent.



*Florida, Illinois, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas

RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION

District of Columbia	917.7
New York	544.4
Florida	403.3
Illinois	312.7
CALIFORNIA	305.8
Maryland	301.3
Nevada	291.2
New Jersey	245.2
Georgia	243.6
Michigan	241.1
Texas	234.2
Louisiana	209.0
Oregon	193.0
Connecticut	187.6
Massachusetts	176.3
Tennessee	173.6
Missouri	168.1
Ohio	161.4
Washington	145.9
Pennsylvania	138.1
Arizona	137.0
South Carolina	124.7
Delaware	118.8
Alabama	117.8
Rhode Island	115.2
Virginia	112.5
North Carolina	108.6
Oklahoma	105.1
New Mexico	103.1
Colorado	98.8
Minnesota	94.7
Indiana	89.0
Kansas	85.9
Hawaii	84.1
Arkansas	84.1
Mississippi	77.2
Kentucky	74.3
Alaska	72.9
Wisconsin	67.1
Nebraska	56.1
Utah	54.1
Iowa	39.9
West Virginia	34.2
Maine	25.8
Montana	22.6
New Hampshire	21.1
Idaho	20.2
Vermont	16.0
Wyoming	15.1
South Dakota	12.2
North Dakota	8.1

ROBBERY CRIME RATES IN THE SIX MOST POPULOUS STATES*

New York	544.4
Florida	403.3
Illinois	312.7
Texas	234.2
Ohio	161.4
Pennsylvania	138.1

*States over 10 million population (California excluded)

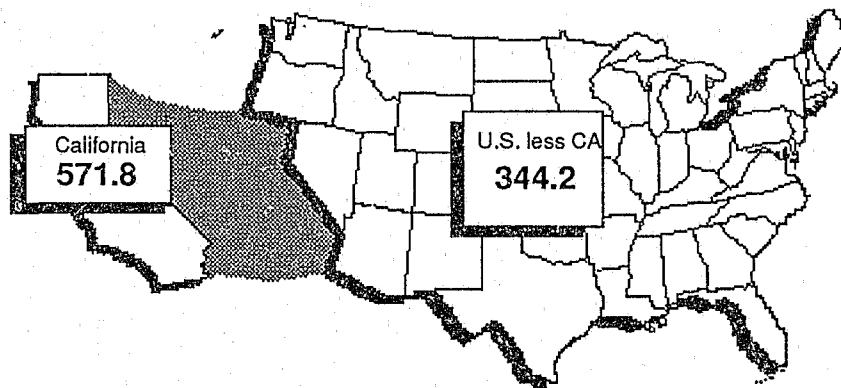
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT CRIME RATES, 1988

	RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION
District of Columbia	917.7
Florida	653.3
CALIFORNIA	571.8
South Carolina	564.4
New York	509.8
New Mexico	505.2
Maryland	458.7
Louisiana	458.3
Illinois	450.6
Arizona	425.8
Michigan	420.3
Massachusetts	407.8
Nevada	405.2
Alabama	401.2
Alaska	386.5
Georgia	363.7
Texas	357.9
North Carolina	357.4
Missouri	347.1
Colorado	329.5
Oregon	307.2
Tennessee	305.1
New Jersey	298.6
Arkansas	297.6
Oklahoma	284.4
Wyoming	272.4
Washington	258.3
Indiana	253.5
Delaware	253.3
Rhode Island	246.9
Kansas	244.6
Ohio	242.7
Connecticut	236.2
Kentucky	227.3
Mississippi	203.3
Iowa	199.5
Pennsylvania	193.5
Idaho	193.0
Nebraska	189.4
Utah	162.6
Minnesota	161.4
Virginia	151.8
Hawaii	136.5
Wisconsin	124.5
Maine	110.0
Vermont	101.3
New Hampshire	99.4
Montana	81.0
West Virginia	73.6
South Dakota	71.6
North Dakota	38.0

ASSAULT CRIME RATES IN THE SIX MOST POPULOUS STATES*

Florida	653.3
New York	509.8
Illinois	450.6
Texas	357.9
Ohio	242.7
Pennsylvania	193.5

*States over 10 million population (California excluded)



In 1988:

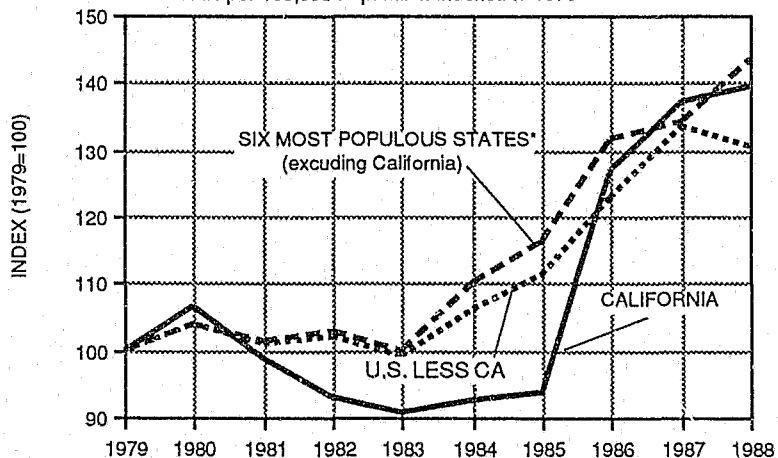
- The rate in California was 571.8 aggravated assault crimes per 100,000 population compared to 344.2 for the U.S. less California.
- California ranked third in aggravated assault crime rates among the states and the District of Columbia.
- Among the six most populous states (excluding California), Florida, with a rate of 653.3, ranked first.

From 1979 through 1988:

- In California, the aggravated assault crime rate increased 39.4 percent.
- In the U.S. less California, the rate increased 30.7 percent.
- In the six most populous states (excluding California), the rate increased 43.3 percent.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT CRIMES, 1979-1988

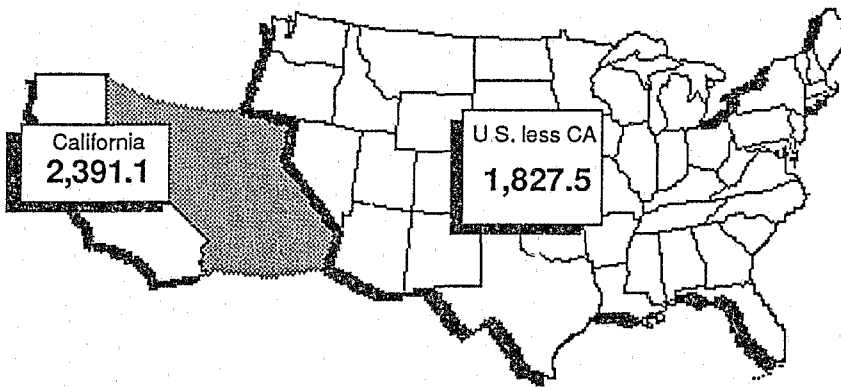
Rate per 100,000 Population Indexed to 1979



*Florida, Illinois, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas

The increase noted for California from 1985 to 1986 is attributed to a 1986 law change which required reporting domestic violence incidents as criminal conduct. (California Penal Code Section 13701)

PROPERTY CRIME RATES, 1988

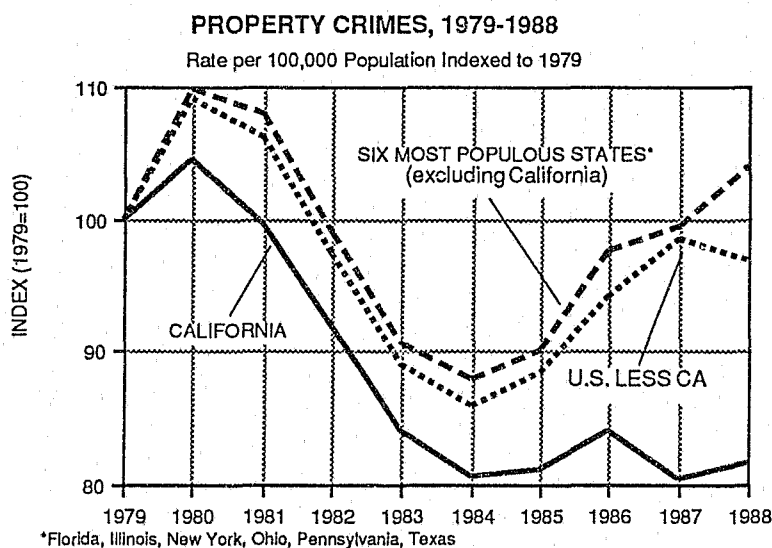


In 1988 as measured by the CCI:

- The rate in California was 2,391.1 per 100,000 population compared to 1,827.5 for the U.S. less California.
- California ranked fourth in property crime rates among the states and the District of Columbia.
- Among the six most populous states (excluding California), Florida, with a rate of 3,059.4, ranked first.

From 1979 through 1988:

- In California, the property crime rate decreased 18.3 percent.
- In the U.S. less California, the rate decreased 3.2 percent.
- In the six most populous states (excluding California), the rate increased 4.0 percent.



RATE PER
100,000 POPULATION

District of Columbia	3,376.3
Florida	3,059.4
Texas	2,957.3
CALIFORNIA	2,391.1
Oregon	2,358.5
Washington	2,288.5
New Mexico	2,226.8
Oklahoma	2,199.7
Georgia	2,165.4
Nevada	2,144.1
Rhode Island	2,089.2
New York	2,078.2
Michigan	2,055.7
Arizona	2,039.4
Massachusetts	1,953.8
Louisiana	1,895.3
New Jersey	1,874.6
Maryland	1,850.7
Connecticut	1,832.0
Colorado	1,805.1
Tennessee	1,780.7
Illinois	1,734.0
South Carolina	1,720.9
North Carolina	1,641.6
Hawaii	1,619.8
Missouri	1,574.8
Alabama	1,500.5
Mississippi	1,447.4
Ohio	1,430.6
Kansas	1,421.5
Delaware	1,343.8
Arkansas	1,304.7
Alaska	1,297.3
Vermont	1,294.1
Indiana	1,288.7
Minnesota	1,248.9
Pennsylvania	1,123.5
Virginia	1,120.0
Utah	1,096.7
Idaho	1,046.3
Maine	1,021.6
Iowa	1,016.5
Kentucky	1,011.8
Wisconsin	998.4
Nebraska	954.0
Montana	920.0
New Hampshire	910.4
Wyoming	801.3
West Virginia	772.6
South Dakota	613.4
North Dakota	556.3

PROPERTY CRIME RATES IN THE SIX MOST POPULOUS STATES*

Florida	3,059.4
Texas	2,957.3
New York	2,078.2
Illinois	1,734.0
Ohio	1,430.6
Pennsylvania	1,123.5

*States over 10 million population
(California excluded)

BURGLARY CRIME RATES, 1988

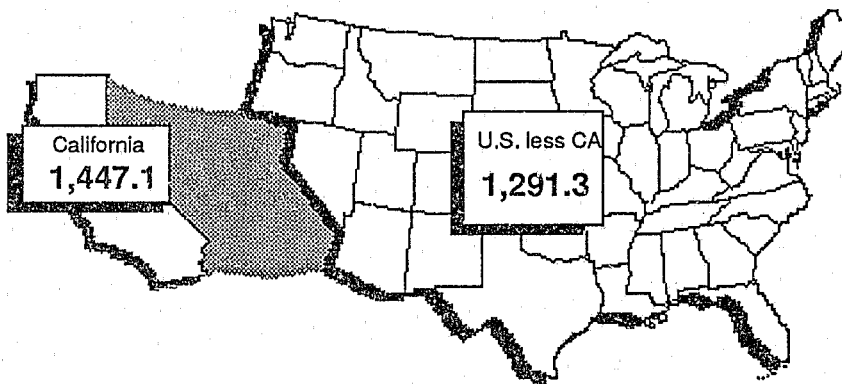
RATE PER
100,000 POPULATION

Florida	2,294.3
Texas	2,157.2
District of Columbia	1,983.9
Washington	1,851.3
New Mexico	1,836.9
Oregon	1,764.1
Oklahoma	1,643.4
Georgia	1,610.8
Arizona	1,580.3
Nevada	1,544.9
CALIFORNIA	1,447.1
Louisiana	1,444.4
South Carolina	1,416.2
North Carolina	1,391.2
Colorado	1,383.1
Michigan	1,314.6
Mississippi	1,281.0
Rhode Island	1,261.3
Hawaii	1,255.8
Tennessee	1,237.9
Alabama	1,233.8
New York	1,218.3
Connecticut	1,218.0
Kansas	1,179.0
Maryland	1,178.6
Missouri	1,140.4
Illinois	1,128.7
Vermont	1,096.8
Arkansas	1,091.8
Massachusetts	1,061.3
Delaware	1,040.6
Ohio	1,031.4
New Jersey	980.2
Indiana	935.2
Minnesota	909.6
Utah	881.0
Idaho	870.0
Iowa	854.3
Alaska	842.3
Kentucky	826.3
Virginia	818.4
Maine	816.9
Nebraska	765.2
Wisconsin	729.2
Montana	703.6
Pennsylvania	696.7
New Hampshire	682.7
Wyoming	658.8
West Virginia	610.9
South Dakota	517.9
North Dakota	437.7

BURGLARY CRIME RATES IN THE SIX MOST POPULOUS STATES*

Florida	2,294.3
Texas	2,157.2
New York	1,218.3
Illinois	1,128.7
Ohio	1,031.4
Pennsylvania	696.7

*States over 10 million population
(California excluded)



In 1988:

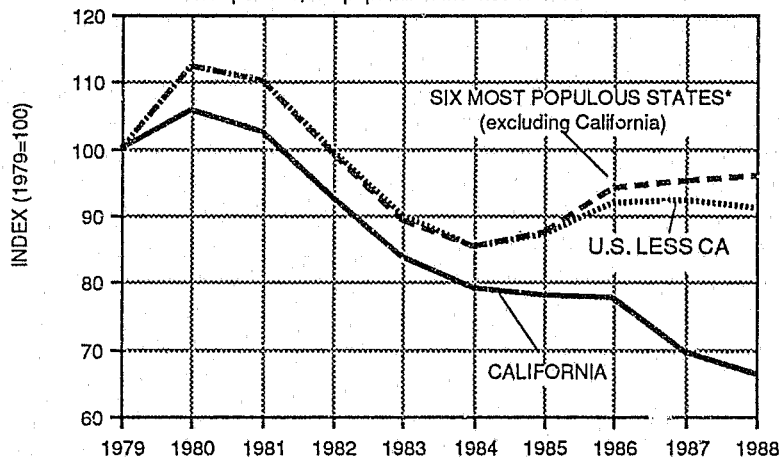
- The rate in California was 1,447.1 burglary crimes per 100,000 population compared to 1,291.3 for the U.S. less California.
- California ranked eleventh in burglary crime rates among the states and the District of Columbia.
- Among the six most populous states (excluding California), Florida, with a rate of 2,294.3, ranked first.

From 1979 through 1988:

- In California, the burglary crime rate decreased 33.8 percent.
- In the U.S. less California, the rate decreased 8.9 percent.
- In the six most populous states (excluding California), the rate decreased 4.1 percent.

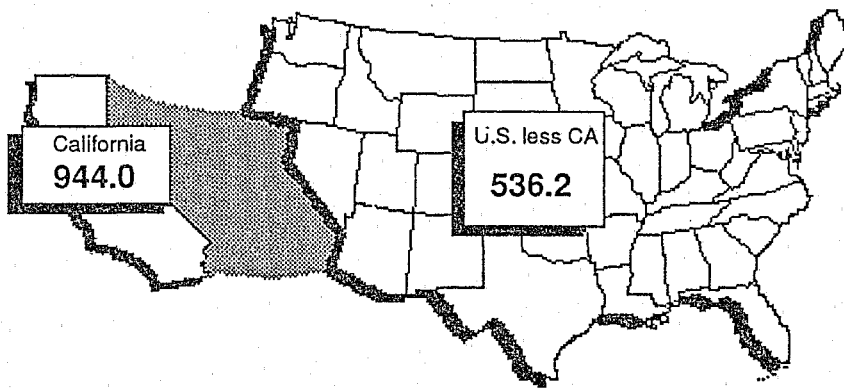
BURGLARY CRIMES, 1979-1988

Rate per 100,000 population Indexed to 1979



*Florida, Illinois, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT CRIME RATES, 1988

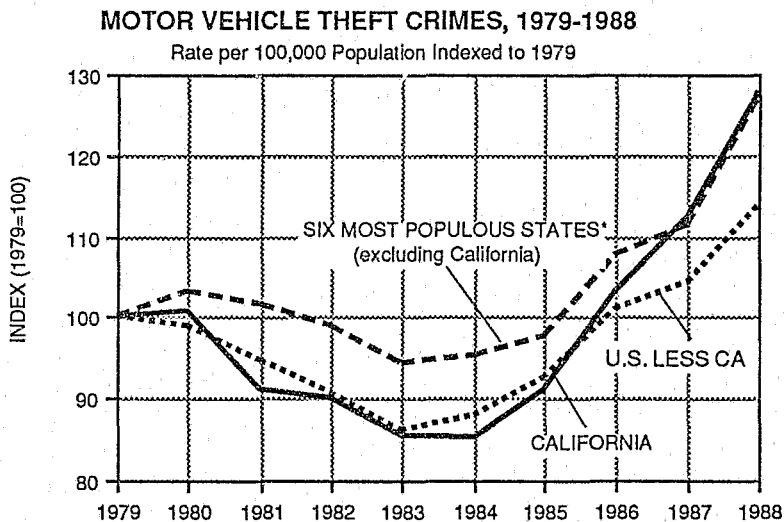


In 1988:

- The rate in California was 944.0 motor vehicle theft crimes per 100,000 population compared to 536.2 for the U.S. less California.
- California ranked second in motor vehicle theft crime rates among the states and the District of Columbia.
- Among the six most populous states (excluding California), New York, with a rate of 859.9, ranked first.

From 1979 through 1988:

- In California, the motor vehicle theft crime rate increased 27.9 percent.
- In the U.S. less California, the rate increased 13.9 percent.
- In the six most populous states (excluding California), the rate increased 27.2 percent.



RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION

District of Columbia	1,392.4
CALIFORNIA	944.0
New Jersey	894.4
Massachusetts	892.5
New York	859.9
Rhode Island	827.9
Texas	800.1
Florida	765.1
Michigan	741.1
Maryland	672.1
Connecticut	614.0
Illinois	605.3
Nevada	599.2
Oregon	594.4
Oklahoma	556.3
Georgia	554.6
Tennessee	542.8
Arizona	459.1
Alaska	455.0
Louisiana	450.9
Missouri	434.4
Washington	432.9
Pennsylvania	426.8
Colorado	422.0
Ohio	399.2
New Mexico	389.9
Hawaii	364.0
Indiana	353.5
Minnesota	339.3
South Carolina	304.7
Delaware	303.2
Virginia	301.6
Wisconsin	269.2
Alabama	266.7
North Carolina	250.4
Kansas	242.5
New Hampshire	227.7
Montana	216.4
Utah	215.7
Arkansas	212.9
Maine	204.7
Vermont	197.3
Nebraska	188.8
Kentucky	185.5
Idaho	176.3
Mississippi	166.4
Iowa	162.2
West Virginia	161.7
Wyoming	142.5
North Dakota	118.6
South Dakota	95.5

M. V. THEFT CRIME RATES IN THE SIX MOST POPULOUS STATES*

New York	859.9
Texas	800.1
Florida	765.1
Illinois	605.3
Pennsylvania	426.8
Ohio	399.2

*States over 10 million population (California excluded)

California Crime Index Offenses, 1979 and 1988

Rate per 100,000 population by State

Violent Crimes

Property Crimes

State	California Crime Index		Violent Crimes										Property Crimes						
	1979	1988	Total	Willful Homicide		Forcible Rape		Robbery		Aggravated Assault		Total	Burglary		Motor Vehicle Theft				
			1979	1988	1979	1988	1979	1988	1979	1988	1979	1988	1979	1988	1979	1988			
TOTAL	2,527.8	2,529.3	532.1	637.2	9.7	8.4	34.4	37.6	209.5	220.9	278.5	370.2	1,995.7	1,892.1	1,497.4	1,309.2	498.3	582.9	
Alabama	2,020.7	2,058.1	413.3	558.6	13.2	9.9	27.5	29.8	109.5	117.8	263.1	401.2	1,607.4	1,500.5	1,287.3	1,233.8	320.1	266.7	
Alaska	2,490.4	1,820.1	491.1	522.8	13.3	5.7	71.9	57.7	109.6	72.9	296.3	386.5	1,999.3	1,297.3	1,383.3	842.3	616.0	455.0	
Arizona	3,082.8	2,649.6	593.0	610.1	8.9	8.5	45.7	38.8	175.7	137.0	362.6	425.8	2,489.9	2,039.4	1,996.6	1,580.3	493.3	459.1	
Arkansas	1,544.3	1,727.3	366.2	422.7	9.1	8.7	27.3	32.2	74.6	84.1	255.3	297.6	1,178.1	1,304.7	984.3	1,091.8	193.8	212.9	
California	3,736.2	3,321.0	811.1	929.8	13.0	10.4	53.9	41.8	333.8	305.8	410.3	571.8	2,925.1	2,391.1	2,186.8	1,447.1	738.3	944.0	
Colorado	2,797.9	2,277.7	522.1	472.6	5.8	5.7	38.6	38.6	157.0	98.8	306.1	329.5	2,275.8	1,805.1	1,794.4	1,383.1	481.4	422.0	
Connecticut	2,665.7	2,287.4	414.2	455.4	4.2	5.4	24.1	26.2	193.3	187.6	192.6	236.2	2,251.5	1,832.0	1,548.3	1,218.0	703.2	614.0	
Delaware	2,560.0	1,795.5	537.3	451.7	5.7	5.2	27.8	74.4	129.4	118.8	374.4	253.3	2,022.7	1,343.8	1,527.5	1,040.6	495.2	303.2	
District of Columbia	NA	5,297.9	NA	1,921.6	NA	59.5	NA	26.6	NA	917.7	NA	917.7	NA	NA	3,376.3	NA	1,983.9	NA	1,392.4
Florida	3,420.6	4,177.1	833.9	1,117.7	12.2	11.4	51.6	49.7	249.4	403.3	520.6	653.3	2,586.7	3,059.4	2,154.4	2,294.3	432.3	765.1	
Georgia	2,558.9	2,830.8	558.7	665.3	17.1	11.7	43.3	46.4	213.7	243.6	284.5	363.7	2,010.3	2,185.4	2,154.4	1,610.6	416.3	554.6	
Hawaii	2,812.6	1,876.9	289.7	257.1	7.2	4.0	32.3	32.5	184.5	84.1	65.7	136.5	2,522.8	1,619.8	1,807.4	1,255.8	715.4	364.0	
Idaho	1,635.6	1,291.0	288.7	234.7	5.4	3.6	20.6	17.9	43.3	20.2	219.4	193.0	1,346.8	1,046.3	1,075.0	870.0	271.8	176.3	
Illinois	2,207.5	2,544.4	481.3	810.4	10.7	8.6	29.4	38.5	198.0	312.7	243.2	450.6	1,726.2	1,734.0	1,189.0	1,128.7	537.2	605.3	
Indiana	1,943.9	1,668.7	338.0	380.0	8.3	6.4	31.1	31.0	132.7	89.0	165.9	253.5	1,602.9	1,288.7	1,169.9	935.2	433.0	353.5	
Iowa	1,372.9	1,273.3	181.2	256.8	2.2	1.7	11.0	15.7	50.2	39.9	117.7	199.5	1,191.8	1,016.5	922.1	854.3	269.7	162.2	
Kansas	1,956.9	1,786.7	353.6	365.2	5.5	3.4	26.4	31.3	102.3	85.9	219.4	244.6	1,603.3	1,421.5	1,329.8	1,179.0	273.5	242.5	
Kentucky	1,413.8	1,342.0	248.0	330.1	9.5	6.2	20.4	22.4	92.1	74.3	126.1	227.3	1,165.8	1,011.8	909.6	826.3	256.2	185.5	
Louisiana	2,481.0	2,612.7	676.3	717.4	16.9	11.6	38.6	38.5	219.4	209.0	401.4	458.3	1,604.7	1,695.3	1,398.8	1,444.4	407.9	450.9	
Maine	1,588.2	1,179.0	202.5	157.4	2.8	3.1	11.9	18.6	31.8	25.8	155.9	110.0	1,385.8	1,021.6	1,147.9	816.9	237.9	204.7	
Maryland	2,792.7	2,657.5	795.5	806.8	9.8	9.7	39.4	37.1	331.2	301.3	415.2	458.7	1,997.1	1,850.7	1,509.5	1,178.6	407.6	672.1	
Massachusetts	3,280.8	2,573.4	531.3	619.6	3.7	3.5	24.8	32.0	203.2	176.3	299.6	407.8	2,749.5	1,953.8	1,504.6	1,061.3	1,144.9	892.5	
Michigan	2,723.8	2,797.4	614.2	741.7	9.1	10.8	44.5	69.5	219.6	241.1	341.1	420.3	2,109.6	2,055.7	1,507.5	1,314.6	602.1	741.1	
Minnesota	1,663.1	1,538.9	221.0	290.1	2.3	2.9	21.5	31.0	92.5	94.7	104.8	161.4	1,442.1	1,248.9	1,112.9	909.6	329.2	339.3	
Mississippi	1,464.1	1,772.6	323.6	325.2	12.6	8.6	21.7	36.2	70.7	77.2	216.6	203.3	1,140.5	1,447.4	973.7	1,281.0	166.8	166.4	
Missouri	2,384.4	2,127.3	527.2	552.5	11.2	8.0	33.6	28.3	210.9	168.1	271.4	347.1	1,857.3	1,574.8	1,446.7	1,140.4	410.6	434.4	
Montana	1,338.8	1,043.0	224.2	123.0	4.2	2.6	20.6	16.8	33.1	22.6	166.3	81.0	1,114.6	920.0	803.3	703.6	311.3	216.4	
Nebraska	1,312.3	1,227.2	225.8	273.2	4.1	3.6	21.5	22.0	73.5	56.1	126.8	89.4	1,086.4	954.0	813.5	755.2	272.9	188.8	
Nevada	4,360.4	2,924.7	835.6	780.7	17.5	10.5	59.5	73.8	407.5	291.2	351.0	405.2	3,524.8	2,144.1	2,820.4	1,544.9	704.4	599.2	
New Hampshire	1,663.8	1,058.2	159.9	147.9	2.4	2.3	17.1	25.2	28.6	21.1	91.8	99.4	1,523.9	910.4	1,199.0	682.7	324.9	227.7	
New Jersey	2,798.9	2,457.4	501.2	582.6	6.6	5.3	27.8	33.7	250.0	245.2	216.8	298.6	2,297.7	1,874.6	1,601.5	980.2	696.2	894.4	
New Mexico	2,424.7	2,885.0	586.0	658.1	12.4	11.5	46.9	38.4	121.0	103.1	405.6	505.2	1,838.7	2,226.8	1,481.5	1,836.9	357.2	389.9	
New York	3,368.0	3,175.5	917.4	1,097.3	11.9	12.5	30.6	30.6	529.6	544.4	345.3	508.8	2,451.4	2,078.2	1,746.9	1,218.3	704.5	859.9	
North Carolina	1,966.1	2,143.5	446.1	501.9	10.7	7.8	20.3	28.1	77.2	108.6	337.9	357.4	1,520.0	1,641.6	1,296.6	1,391.2	223.4	250.4	
North Dakota	684.8	615.4	61.3	59.1	1.5	1.8	8.2	11.2	9.9	8.1	41.7	38.0	623.4	556.3	461.0	437.7	162.4	118.6	
Ohio	2,183.6	1,882.6	457.5	452.0	8.1	5.4	31.8	42.6	194.8	161.4	222.8	242.7	1,726.1	1,430.6	1,287.2	1,031.4	438.9	399.2	
Oklahoma	2,307.1	2,634.2	405.2	434.5	9.7	7.4	33.0	37.7	102.6	105.1	260.0	284.4	1,901.8	2,199.7	1,474.6	1,643.4	427.2	556.3	
Oregon	2,541.4	2,904.3	545.4	545.7	4.2	5.1	44.4	40.5	130.6	193.0	366.2	307.2	1,996.1	2,358.5	1,609.9	1,764.1	386.2	594.4	
Pennsylvania	1,657.8	1,485.5	333.6	362.0	6.2	5.5	21.6	24.9	152.2	138.1	153.6	193.5	1,324.3	1,123.5	934.9	696.7	389.4	426.8	
Rhode Island	2,718.2	2,485.9	375.1	396.7	3.2	4.1	15.2	30.5	109.7	115.2	247.0	246.9	2,343.1	2,089.2	1,550.1	1,261.3	793.0	827.9	
South Carolina	2,480.7	2,462.0	678.3	741.2	12.6	9.3	34.3	42.7	107.6	124.7	523.8	564.4	1,802.3	1,720.9	1,506.1	1,416.2	296.2	304.7	
South Dakota	959.5	727.1	159.1	113.7	2.0	3.1	16.4	26.9	20.3	12.2	120.3	71.6	800.4	613.4	626.4	517.9	174.0	95.5	
Tennessee	2,076.2	2,313.5	414.0	532.7	9.8	9.4	34.5	44.7	166.1	173.6	203.6	305.1	1,662.1	1,780.7	1,294.7	1,237.9	367.4	542.8	
Texas	2,843.3	3,609.8	507.9	652.6	16.7	12.1	45.1	48.4	191.8	234.2	254.3	357.9	2,335.4	2,957.3	1,791.2	2,157.2	544.2	800.1	
Utah	1,818.6	1,339.8	304.2	243.1	4.6	2.8	27.9	23.6	77.7	54.1	193.8	162.6	1,514.5	1,096.7	1,178.9	881.0	335.6	215.7	
Utah	1,818.6	1,339.8	304.2	243.1	4.6	2.8	27.9	23.6	77.7	54.1	193.8	162.6	1,514.5	1,096.7	1,178.9	881.0	335.6	215.7	
Vermont	2,099.2	1,419.2	184.2	142.3	1.4	2.0	22.9	23.0	28.6	15.0	131.2	101.3	1,915.0	1,294.1	1,577.9	1,096.8	337.1	193.5	
Virginia	1,630.4	1,432.4	299.2	289.2	8.6	7.8	27.1	27.1	111.6	112.5	153.7	151.8	1,329.4	1,120.0	1,082.6	818.4	246.8	301.6	
Washington	2,652.7	2,754.9	434.6	466.4	4.6	4.4	46.4	56.5	120.7	145.9	262.8	258.3	2,218.1	2,288.5	1,783.6	1,855.6	434.5	432.9	
West Virginia	1,007.1	904.0	168.1	131.4	6.8	4.9	15.5	18.7	43.9	34.2	101.8	73.6	839.1	772.6	636.8	610.9	202.3	161.7	
Wisconsin	1,382.0	1,212.7	166.1	214.4	3.4	3.0	16.1	19.9	60.5	67.1	85.1	124.5	1,216.0	998.4	939.9	729.2	266.7	269.2	
Wyoming	1,576.0	1,115.3	350.9	314.0	9.1	2.5	27.6	24.0	42.2	15.1	272.0	272.4	1,227.1	801.3	863.8	658.8	363.3	142.5	

CRIME DATA

All states, including California, report crime data to the FBI monthly through the National Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program. As part of this program, law enforcement agencies throughout the nation report information on selected offenses. Offenses reported are classified by UCR definitions that eliminate differences between penal code definitions of crimes in various states. The offenses, selected because of their seriousness, frequency of occurrence, and likelihood of being reported to the police, are referred to as Index Crime offenses by the FBI. The Index Crimes are comprised of violent crimes (willful homicide,¹ forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault) and property crimes (burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft). The California Crime Index (CCI) consists of six of these offenses. The less serious larceny-theft category is deleted from the CCI. The crime rate is the number of crimes per 100,000 general population.

CRIME-INFLUENCING FACTORS

Even though the UCR Program standardizes crime definitions across the nation, there are many crime-influencing factors which can affect these data comparisons. Some of these factors are: economic conditions, including job availability; cultural conditions such as educational, recreational, and religious characteristics; effective strength, administration, and investigative emphasis of law enforcement; and attitudes of citizenry toward crime and the crime reporting practices of the citizenry.

One very important factor to consider when comparing high crime rate states is population. The crime rate is calculated on the number of crimes reported in relation to the resident population of each state. The crime rates of those states that have a high influx of tourist or other outside population may include crimes committed by the transient group.

¹FBI data term for this category is "murder and non-negligent manslaughter."