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REPORT OF THE

JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE

TO STUDY THE PROBLEMS OF

ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE

1985 - 1986

3-28-90 MM

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JANUARY 1987

To the Honorable Richard W. Riley, Governor of South Carolina and the Honorable Presiding Officers and members of the General Assembly.

The Committee to make a full and complete study of the illicit drug problems in South Carolina with view to formulating а appropriate legislative proposals recommending coping with the problem, was created by Concurrent Resolution S-771 of the Assembly, approved April 24, 1970. The creating resolution authorized the establishment of a nine-member committee to of consist members from the Senate, three members from the House and three members appointed by Governor.

The Committee was formally organized on August 31, 1970, and was made a permanent committee on June 22, 1971.

Since the enactment ofmodernized drug 1971 the creation legislation in and permanent drug and narcotics study committee, the members have continuously worked to become knowledgeable and keep abreast of the activities the areas of drug education, treatment, aftercare, rehabilitation and law enforcement, and in addition to discover for themselves how interrelationship of these divisions contributes to an effective and meaningful drug program.

On June 14, 1977, legislation was ratified which changed the name of the Committee to The Joint Legislative Committee to Study the Problems of Alcohol and Drug Abuse. The membership was increased from nine members twelve members, and the Committee has given the same attention to alcohol and problems as it has previously given problems alone.

Approved and Respectfully Submitted.

NCJRS

NOV 15 1989

ACQUISITIONS

### SENATE MEMBERS:

/s/Sen. J. Verne Smith, Chairman /s/Senator Nikki Setzler /s/Senator Peden B. McLeod /s/Senator Elizabeth J. Patterson

/s/Senator Elizabeth J. Patterson (Resigned Senate Seat)

#### HOUSE MEMBERS:

/s/Representative Joyce Hearn /s/Representative Parker Evatt Representative Victor Rawl (Resigned House Seat) /s/Representative Robert Hayes

### GOVERNOR'S APPOINTEES:

Mr. Sterling Laney
/s/Mr. Donny Wilder
Mrs. Leslie Harrison
/s/Dr. Gael Caution

The Committee has continuously stayed abreast of the activities of those agencies deeply involved in the alcohol and drug problem. In the following pages is a short synopsis of the activities of these agencies as they reported to the Committee.

### JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE TO STUDY THE PROBLEMS OF ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE

The 1985-86 legislative years have seen the Committee make notable advancement in legislation. The challenge of keeping abreast of the activities of various State divisions and their interrelationships was met enabling South Carolina to further its goals in relationship to meaningful alcohol and drug legislation and programs.

For 1985-86 the Committee emphasis has focused on a number of alcohol and drug related issues and proposals. Members of the Committee were instrumental in the passage of a number of legislative proposals brought before the Study Committee at their annual meeting and are as follows:

(R137) (ACT 92) S. 0223 - AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 61-13-410, CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 1976, RELATING TO SEARCHES FOR ILLEGAL LIQUOR BY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS, SO AS TO DELETE LANGUAGE MAKING IT A MISDEMEANOR FOR ANY PERSON TO REFUSE TO ALLOW INSPECTION AND SEARCH OF A PREMISES FOR WHICH A SEARCH WARRANT HAS BEEN PRESENTED OR TO HINDER AN OFFICER OF THE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL COMMISSION FROM INSPECTING THE PREMISES: DELETE THE PROHIBITION AGAINST SEARCHES BETWEEN SUNDOWN AND SUNRISE: DELETE THE AUTHORITY OF A PEACE OFFICER DEMAND FULL INSPECTION OF A PREMISES WHICH IS LICENSED TO SELL ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS OR BEER OR WINE AND TO AMEND SECTION 61-13-840 RELATING TO THE ISSUANCES AND EXECUTION OF SEARCH WARRANTS SO AS TO DELETE THE PROHIBITION AGAINST SEARCHES OF A DWELLING HOUSE AT NIGHT.

(R445) (ACT 404) H. 2155 - AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 44-53-480, AS AMENDED, CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 1976, RELATING TO ENFORCEMENT OF LAWS GOVERNING CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES, SO AS TO GIVE TO OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NARCOTICS AND DANGEROUS DRUGS OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT DIVISION AUTHORITY TO EXECUTE AND SERVE SEARCH, ARREST, ADMINISTRATIVE INSPECTION WARRANTS, SUBPOENAS, AND SUMMONSES; TO AMEND SECTION 44-53-520. RELATING TO FORFEITURE OF PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES, SO AS TO MAKE ADDITIONAL PROPERTY SUBJECT TO FORFEITURE AND TO REQUIRE THAT COPIES OF REPORTS FORFEITED PROPERTY BE PROVIDED THE DIVISION GENERAL SERVICES AND TO SPECIFY THE CONTENTS OF

THE REPORT: TO AMEND SECTION 44-53-530, RELATING TO FORFEITURE PROCEDURES AND DISPOSITION OF FORFEITED PROPERTY, SO AS TO CLARIFY JUDICIAL FORFEITURE PROCEDURES, AND TO PROVIDE THAT THE FIRST THOUSAND DOLLARS OF CASH SEIZED FORFEITED SHALL REMAIN THE PROPERTY OF THE SEIZING AGENCY; TO AMEND SECTION 44-53-580, RELATING TO DISPOSITIONS OF FINES AND OTHER MONIES, SO AS TO DELETE SURPLUS LANGUAGE; TO AMEND SECTION 44-53-582, RELATING ŤΟ REQUIREMENT THAT FUNDS USED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS TO PURCHASE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES BE RETURNED TO THE UNIT OF GOVERNMENT FURNISHING THE FUNDS, SO AS TO PROVIDE THAT THE FUNDS MAY BE RETURNED TO THE APPROPRIATE AGENCY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT: TO AMEND SECTION 44-53-584, RELATING TO THE REPORT REQUIRED BY AGENCIES RECEIVING FORFEITED PROPERTY, SO AS TO PROVIDE THAT THE DIVISION OF GENERAL SERVICES SHALL MAINTAIN THE REQUIRED RECORDS: TO AMEND SECTION 44-53-586. RELATING TO NOTICE TO INNOCENT OWNERS OF PROPERTY SUBJECT TO FORFEITURE, SO AS TO CLARIFY NOTICE PROCEDURES AND THE RIGHTS OF INNOCENT OWNERS: AND TO AMEND SECTION 44-53-588, RELATING TO DISPOSITION OF PROCEEDS OF THE SALE OF FORFEITED PROPERTY, SO AS TO ELIMINATE VARIOUS REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND TO PROVIDE FURTHER FOR THE DISPOSITION OF FORFEITED PROPERTY PREVIOUSLY TRANSFERRED TO THE STATE TREASURER.

(R615) (ACT 526) H. 2316 - AN ACT TO AMEND THE CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 1976, BY ADDING SECTIONS 16-13-450, 16-13-451, AND 16-13-452 SO AS TO MAKE IT UNLAWFUL TO MANUFACTURE OR PRINT FALSE IDENTIFICATION CARDS, MAKE IT UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON TO SUBMIT DOCUMENTATION AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 16-13-450 WHICH CONTAINS FALSE INFORMATION, TO PROVIDE A PENALTY FOR VIOLATION, AND PROVIDE THAT THE PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS 16-13-450 AND 16-13-451 DO NOT PROHIBIT ANY LAWFULLY AUTHORIZED INVESTIGATIVE, PROTECTIVE, OR INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITY OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT OR INTELLIGENCE AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES, A

STATE, OR A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF A STATE; TO AMEND SECTION 56-1-510, RELATING TO UNLAWFUL USE OF DRIVER'S LICENSE AND FRAUDULENT APPLICATION. SO AS TO DELETE REFERENCES TO FICTITIOUS OR FRAUDULENTLY ALTERED DRIVERS' LICENSES AND THE OFFENSE OF DISPLAYING OR REPRESENTING AS ONE'S OWN A DRIVER'S, OPERATOR'S, OR CHAUFFEUR'S LICENSE NOT ISSUED TO HIM; TO AMEND THE 1976 CODE BY ADDING SECTION 55-1-515 SO AS TO PROVIDE THAT IT IS A MISDEMEANOR TO ALTER A MOTOR VEHICLE DRIVER'S LICENSE TO CONTAIN FALSE INFORMATION OR TO MANUFACTURE OR PRINT A FICTITIOUS LICENSE OR TO USE OR POSSESS IDENTIFICATION CARD OR ALTERED DRIVER'S LICENSE CONTAINING FALSE INFORMATION; AND TO PROVIDE PENALTIES.

(R606) (ACT 519) H. 3241 - AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 61-13-290, CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 1976, RELATING TO THE OFFENSE SELLING LIQUOR TO A MINOR, SO AS TO MAKE IT UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON ENGAGED IN THE SALE OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS TO KNOWINGLY SELL THE LIQUORS TO A PERSON UNDER THE AGE OF TWENTY-ONE. TO PROVIDE A PENALTY, AND TO PROVIDE THAT FAILURE OF ANY PERSON TO REQUIRE IDENTIFICATION TO VERIFY A PERSON'S AGE IS PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE OF THE VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION: AND TO AMEND SECTION 61-9-40, AS AMENDED, RELATING TO THE UNLAWFUL SALE OF BEER, ALE, PORTER, WINE, OR OTHER SIMILAR MALT OR FERMENTED BEVERAGES TO A PERSON UNDER THE AGE OF TWENTY-ONE, SO AS TO MAKE IT UNLAWFUL TO SELL THESE BEVERAGES TO ANY PERSON UNDER THE AGE OF TWENTY AND EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 14, 1986, UNDER THE AGE OF TWENTY-ONE, AND REQUIRE THAT THE FAILURE OF ANY PERSON TO REQUIRE IDENTIFICATION TO VERIFY A PERSON'S AGE IS PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE OF THE VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION.

(R559) (ACT 487) H. 3147 - AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 44, CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 1976, BY ADDING CHAPTER 52 SO AS TO REGULATE THE COMMITMENT OF CHEMICALLY DEPENDENT PERSONS; AND TO REPEAL CHAPTER 51 OF TITLE 44, RELATING TO ALCOHOLICS AND DRUG ADDICTS.

(R509) (ACT 458) S. 1057 - AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 61-9-61, CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 1976, RELATING TO THE UNLAWFUL TRANSFER OF BEER OR WINE TO ANY PERSON UNDER THE AGE OF EIGHTEEN SO AS TO RAISE THIS AGE TO TWENTY AND EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 14, 1986, TO TWENTY-ONE, AND TO PROVIDE THAT IF THE PROVISIONS OF PUBLIC LAW 98-363 ARE ENJOINED BY A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION OR DECLARED TO BE UNCONSTITUTIONAL, THE ABOVE PROVISIONS SHALL NOT TAKE EFFECT.

The Committee has continued to research and study the problems of alcohol and drug related issues with deliberate concern and effort. Interaction with citizens' action groups and various state agencies was substantial and furthered the Committee's awareness of needed legislation.

The Committee was represented at the Conference on Cocaine to become cognizant of the expanding methods of abuse of this drug and to gain more knowledge concerning the recent expansion of users to all socio-economic and age groups.

The Committee was also represented at the Southeastern Conference on Alcohol and Drug Abuse to obtain information and to maintain their heightened level of awareness and knowledge.

Other Committee member involvement includes the Governor's Task Force on Prescription Drugs and the Children's Coordinating cabinet's initiative on "Alcohol, Drug and Other Substance Abuse by Children."

Members of the Committee worked many hours to coordinate the effort to strengthen implied consent legislation. Even though the legislation did not pass this session, much progress was made in gaining the general support of the many concerned agencies, and this effort should accelerate the ultimate passage of legislation strengthening implied consent.

S. 436 -- Senators J. Verne Smith, E. Patterson, Leventis, Theodore, Nell Smith, Courson, Giese, Wilson, Branton, Thomas, Peeler and McGill: BILL TO AMEND THE CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 1976, BY ADDING SECTION 56-5-2935 SO TO PERMIT A PRELIMINARY SCREENING TEST TO DETERMINE WHETHER AN ARREST SHOULD BE MADE FOR A VIOLATION OF SECTION 56-5-2930 (DUI); AND TO AMEND SECTION 56-5-2950, RELATING TO IMPLIED CONSENT TO A CHEMICAL TEST TO DETERMINE ALCOHOLIC CONTENT OF BLOOD, SO AS TO ADD URINE OR BLOOD TESTS TO THE IMPLIED CONSENT STATUTE. TO PROVIDE PROCEDURES FOR THEIR USE, TO RELEASE PERSONS 1 ADMINISTERING THE TESTS FROM CRIMINAL AND CIVIL LIABILITY UNLESS GROSSLY NEGLIGENT, AND TO PROVIDE FOR AN IMMEDIATE SUSPENSION OF DRIVING PRIVILEGES IF A BLOOD ALCOHOL CONTENT OF TEN ONE-HUNDREDTHS OF ONE PERCENT OR GREATER IS REGISTERED.

The Committee's Annual Report will not suffice as a complete overview of the year's progress. The formulation of legislation from thought, study, drafting, and introduction through the Governor's signature into law cannot portray the complete picture. A fair conception would include being aware of the tremendous interaction between both Houses of the General Assembly, Committee work and interaction with various state offices and agencies.

Significant progress was made through the year on various alcohol and drug related issues. Although efforts were concentrated on the aforementioned legislation, the Committee determines that it will continue to achieve its goal of keeping abreast of the activities of those agencies involved in the alcohol and drug problems in the State.

The following is the 1985-86 Legislative Session Status Report of Bills introduced regarding Alcohol and Drug Abuse. Those Bills that passed are indicated by an ACT NO.

1985/86 Legislative Session Status Report of Bills introduced regarding Alcohol and Drug Abuse and 1986 Session update as of 6-19-86

- 1. S.110 (Lee) and  $\underline{\text{H.2155}}$  (Gulledge and others): Would provide that 25 percent of proceeds from forfeiture of items and money seized in drug arrests which presently goes to governing bodies (county councils, etc.) for use in law enforcement or drug rehabilitation would go directly to police to use in enforcement only. Senate Bill in Senate Judiciary. H.2155 received a favorable report with amendments in Senate Judiciary 4-22-86. House Bill read by Senate 3rd time, amended, and sent back to the House. House concurred in Senate amendments and enrolled for ratification. (R445). ACT NO. 404.
- 2. S.132 (Theodore, Verne Smith & others) and H.2316 (Fair and others): Would strengthen prohibition against use or the manufacturing of fraudulent identification. Senate bill passed Senate, tabled in House Judiciary. Senate House Bill and referred to Senate Judiciary. Received favorable report Amended and read and ordered to 3rd amendments. reading 6-3-86. Returned to the House with Senate amendments. House concurred in

- Amendments and Bill was enrolled for ratification. (R615). ACT NO. 526.
- 3. H.2017 (Russell and P. Bradley): Establishes new felony crimes of pharmacy robbery, pharmacy larceny and armed pharmacy robbery. On House floor for second reading.
- 4. H.2025 (Kirsh and T. Bradley): Increase penalty for possession of liquor by persons under 21 from \$25 to \$100 fine to a \$100 to \$200 fine. Passed both houses, sent to Governor. Governor signed 4-2-85. ACT NO. 34.
- 5. H.2133 (Klapman and others): Would prohibit consumption of beer, wine and liquor on the State House grounds or in State House. Referred to Committee on Judiciary. (Adjourn debate in Special Laws Subcommittee of House Judiciary)
- 6. H.2201 (Blackwell): Would repeal temporary Sunday liquor license. In House Judiciary Committee. (Adjourn debate in Special Laws Subcommittee of House Judiciary)
- 7. H. 2239 (Wilkins and others): Would redefine paraphernalia and make possession, sale or distribution a criminal act. In House Judiciary Committee.
- 8. H.2261 (Judiciary Committee): Would raise purchase age of beer and wine to 21 to be effective September 14, 1986. Passed both Houses, sent to Governor, signed into law 5-24-85. ACT NO. 117.
- 9. H.2282 (Kirsh and others): Same as S.132. In House Judiciary.
- 10. H.2296 (Koon and others): Would establish preliminary breath test, body fluid samples, and administrative suspension. In House Judiciary.

- 11. <u>H.2317</u> (Fair) and S.247 (Theodore and others): Would eliminate promotional activities such as happy hours. House bill in House Judiciary and Senate bill in Senate Judiciary. House Judiciary made favorable report with amendments. Amended and ordered to 3rd. Senate received and referred to Senate Judiciary. Received favorable report with amendment, read 2nd and 3rd times and enrolled for ratification. ACT NO. 497.
- 12. S.197 (Fielding and others): Would allow open containers of beer and wine in limousines with partition between driver and passengers. Passed Senate, on House floor for second reading. (Contested calendar)
- 13. H.2327 (Gulledge and others) and S.223 (Lee): Would allow searches of houses for illegal liquor during dark. House bill tabled in Committee. Senate bill sent to Governor, signed into law 5-21-1985. ACT NO. 92.
- 14. H.2356 (Harvin): Would establish unlawful BAC at the .10 level. In House Judiciary. (In Criminal Law Subcommittee of House Judiciary)
- 15. S.224 (Mitchell): Would require notification of license suspension by certified mail. In Senate Transportation.
- 16. S.248 (Judiciary): Would make possession of paraphernalia a criminal act. Passed Senate, in House Judiciary. Tabled in Committee.
- 17. S.313 (Long): Would give one-half of drug fine money to law enforcement. All now goes to Morris Village. In Senate Finance.
- 18. H.2617 (Gulledge): Would increase from one-half to one mile distance from school for additional penalty for sale of drugs. In House Judiciary.

- 19. S.436 (Verne Smith and others): Should establish preliminary breath test, administrative suspension and body fluid samples. In Senate Transportation. Transportation Committee reported favorable with amendment. Statewide 2nd reading. Objection by Sen. Lourie on 3-25-86. Sen. Williams desires to be present.
- 20. H.2775 (Harvin): Would restructure crime of driving under suspension. In House Judiciary. (In Criminal Law Subcommittee of House Judiciary.)
- 21. H.2782 (Hearn and others): Would make transfer age on all alcoholic beverages 21. In Senate Judiciary.
- 22. H.2802 (Fair): Would allow for suits under dram shop concept and require license holder to file proof of financial responsibility. In House Judiciary. (Adjourn debate in Special Laws Subcommittee of House Judiciary)
- 23. H.2815 (J. Bradley): Would allow issuance of traffic ticket for operation of watercraft under the influence. In House Judiciary. (In Criminal Law Subcommittee of House Judiciary)
- 24. H. 2831 (Gulledge): Would allow SLED Narcotics Office to execute and serve search warrants, arrest warrants, subpoenas, and summonses. Passed House, sent to Senate. Signed by Governor on 6-7-85. ACT NO. 143.
- 25. H.2848 (Woods and others): Instructs Commission on Higher Education to promulgate regulations concerning use of drugs by athletes. Sent to Senate. Senate referred to Judiciary on 5-9-85. Judiciary referred to Subcommittee on 4-1-86.

- 26. S.561 (Theodore and others): Would establish a statewide juvenile pretrial program. In Senate Judiciary.
- 27. S.570 (Applegate and others): Would increase all DUI suspension times by six months. In Senate Transportation.
- 28. S.813 (Verne Smith, E. Patterson & McLeod): Relating to the offense of selling liquor to a minor, so as to eliminate knowledge of the minor's age as an element of the offense. In Senate Judiciary.
- 29. <u>H.3241</u> (Fair): Same as S.813. In House Judiciary. House Judiciary reported favorable with amendment. Amended and read 2nd time, amended and ordered to 3rd. Senate received and referred to Senate Judiciary, reported favorable with amendments. Amended and ordered to 3rd. Returned to the House with amendment, House concurred in Senate amended. Enrolled for ratification. ACT NO. 519.
- 30. S.824 (J.V. Smith, Setzler & E. Patterson): Relating to suspension or revocation of a resident or nonresident driver's privileges upon conviction in another state for an offense which would result in such action if the offense were committed in this state .....In Senate Transportation. Received a favorable report with amendment by Senate Transportation. On calendar for 2nd reading. Senators Saleeby and Holland desire to be present.
- 31. H.3321 (Rep. Hayes): Same as S.824. In House Education and Public Works. (Highway Safety Subcommittee gave favorable report to Bill and ready to report to full Committee at the next meeting). House Education reported favorable. House amended and read 2nd time and 3rd and sent to the Senate. Senate referred to Senate Transportation.

- 32. S.843 (Verne Smith): Relating to the felony offense of causing bodily injury or death while driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol, so as to provide a mandatory three-year driver's license suspension of a person convicted of the offense. Referred to Senate Judiciary.
- 33. H.3242 (Fair): Same as S.843. Referred to House Judiciary. (In Criminal Law Subcommittee) House Judiciary favorable report 4-17-86. Read 2nd time 4-23-86. Read 3rd time on 4-24-86 and sent to the Senate. Senate read 1st time and referred to Senate Judiciary 4-29-86.
- 34. H.3440 (Hayes): Relating to the unlawful purchase or possession of beer, wine, or liquor, so as to make the sections inapplicable to minors acting as agents of a law enforcement agency. In House Judiciary. (Special Laws Subcommittee)
- 35. S.990 (E. Patterson): Same as H.3440. In Senate Judiciary.
- 36. H.3175 (Aydlette): Relating to no person under the lawful age to purchase beer, ale, porter, or wine or to purchase alcoholic liquors in sealed containers of two ounces or less may enter an establishment authorized to sell these beverages for on-premises consumption unless he is accompanied by his parent or legal guardian, provide penalties and exceptions. In House Judiciary. (In Special Laws Subcommittee)
- 37. S.751-760 (E. Patterson); S.781-784 (J.C. Hayes); and S.788 (E. Patterson): Substance Abuse Commitment Bills. Referred to Medical Affairs.
- 38. H.3147-3156 (J.L. Harris); H.3225 (Sharpe); H3227-3229 (Sharpe); H3232 (J.L. Harris): Substance Abuse Commitment Bills. Same as #37.

- All passed the House and sent to Medical Affairs Committee of the Senate with one exception which is H3149 which is on the Floor of the House. Medical Affairs reported favorable with amendments. Amended and read and ordered to 3rd. Returned to the House. House concurred in Senate amendments. Enrolled for ratification. ACT NO. 487.
- 39. S.1057: (Long); H.3556 (Rawl): Unlawful transfer of beer or wine to any person under the age of 18 so as to raise this age to 20 and effective September 14, 1986, to 21. Senate Bill referred to Committee on Judiciary. House Bill referred to House Judiciary. Senate Bill rec'd favorable report in Senate Judiciary. 4-22-86, received 2nd and 3rd readings and sent to the House. House amended Senate Bill and ordered to 3rd. Senate concurred in House amendments. Bill enrolled for ratification. (R509). House Bill tabled in the House. ACT NO. 458.
- 40. S.1058: (Long); H.3559 (Rawl): Repeal 61-9-345 relating to permits being required for route salesmen or warehouse salesmen of beer Senate Bill referred wholesalers. to the Committee on Judiciary. House Bill received a favorable report from LCI Committee, received 3rd reading and sent to Senate. Senate read 1st time and referred to Senate LCI. Received a favorable report. Read the 2nd time on 4-9-86. Senate Bill received a favorable report from Senate Judiciary 4-22-86. Senate Bill read 2nd time on April 24, 1986. House Bill read the 3rd time and enrolled 4-29-86 - R442. Senate Bill read 3rd time and sent to the House. referred to House LCI on 4-30-86. Senate Bill tabled in Committee. ACT NO. 402.
- 41. S.1059 (Long); H.3557 (Rawl): Relating to prohibited acts on the premises of establishments licensed to sell beer or wine so

as to provide that no beer or wine may be sold on these premises to a person under the age of 20 and effective September 14, 1986, under 21. Senate Bill referred to the Committee on Judiciary. House Bill referred to House Senate Bill received favorable Judiciary. report from Senate Judiciary 4-22-86. Bill read 2nd time on 4-24-86. Senate Bill read 3rd time 4-24-86 and sent to the House. House and referred to House LCI on 4-30-86. read House LCI submitted favorable report on Senate Bill. House amended Senate Bill and ordered to Senate agreed in House amendments to Senate Bill and enrolled for ratification. (R510). House Bill tabled in the House. ACT NO. 459.

42. S1060: (Long). <u>H.3558</u> (Rawl) Relating to the requirement that certain signs be posted in retail establishments that sell beer, ale, porter, or wine regarding the unlawful purchase of beer, ale, porter, or wine so as to revise the required wording of these signs. Senate Bill referred to the Committee on Judiciary. House Bill referred to House LCI. Received favorable report, received 3rd reading and sent to the Senate. Senate read the 1st time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Received a favorable report from Senate Judiciary, received 2nd & 3rd readings. Ratified 4-15-86. ACT NO. 387.

43. S 1061 (Long); <u>H.3555</u> (Rawl): Relating to restrictions on retail dealers of alcoholic liquors so as to change certain references in the section from a "minor" to a "Person of 21 years of age." Senate Bill referred to the Committee on Judiciary. House Bill received a favorable report from LCI Committee, received 3rd reading and sent to the Senate. Senate read 1st time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Committee report favorable on 3-26-86. Received 2nd & 3rd readings. Ratified 4-15-86. ACT NO. 386.

- 44. S.1062 (Long); H.3572 (Rawl): Relating to certain licenses or permits issued by the Alcoholic and Beverage Control Commission...

  Referred to the Committee on Judiciary. House Bill referred to House Ways and Means. Senate Judiciary submitted a favorable report. Senate Bill ordered to 3rd reading May 1. House received Senate Bill and placed on calendar without reference. House read 2nd and ordered to 3rd and enrolled for ratification. ACT NO. 453.
- 45. H.3583 (Kohn): Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution relating to the powers of the General Assembly in regard to alcoholic liquors and beverages so as to provide that the governing body of a county or municipality wherein a business or nonprofit organization licensed to sell alcoholic liquors and beverages in sealed containers of two ounces or less is located may also regulate the hours of operation of these businesses or organizations.

Referred to the House Judiciary Committee. (Special Laws Subcommittee)

- 46. H 3584 (Kohn): A Bill relating to beer, ale, porter and wine permits by adding section 61-9-475 so as to provide that restrictions which prohibit the location of establishments selling alcoholic liquor or beverages within certain distances of churches, schools, and playgrounds also apply to establishments selling beer, ale, porter, or wine for on-premises consumption, and to provide exceptions. Referred to House Judiciary. (Special Laws Subcommittee)
- 47. H.3585 (Kohn): A Bill relating to beer, ale, porter, and wine permits by adding Section 61-9-465 so as to provide that no permit may be issued if the place of business of the permittee is within five hundred feet of any residence and

- to provide exceptions. Referred to House Judiciary. (Special Laws Subcommittee)
- 48. S.1154 (Long): A Concurrent Resolution to Memorialize Congress to enact suitable legislation that would prohibit the dispensing of prescription drugs by mail order. Introduced and adopted by the Senate on 3-20-86 and sent to the House. House referred to Invitation & Mem. Comm.
- 49. H.3107 (Tucker): A Bill to amend the Code by adding Section 16-11-615 so as to make it unlawful to cultivate or attempt to cultivate marijuana on the land of another and to provide Referred to the Committee penalty. Agriculture and Nat. Res. Received favorable report on 3-20-86. Read 3rd time and sent to Senate. Senate introduced and referred Judiciary. Senate Judiciary reported favorable with amendments 4-24-86. Amended and read. Read 3rd time by the Senate and sent to House with amendment. House non-concurred in Senate amendment. Senate insisted upon its amendment and asked for Committee House and Senate adopted Conference Conference. Committee report. Enrolled for ratification. ACT NO. 486.
- 50. H.3675 (Kirsh): A Bill to amend Chapter 1 of Title 55, as amended, Code of Laws of SC, 1976, relating to general provisions for aeronautics, by adding Section 55-1-100 so as to provide that it is unlawful to operate or act as a crewmember of any aircraft while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, to provide for blood alcohol tests and implied consent to the tests, to provide penalties for violations, and to define crewmember. Referred to the Committee on Education and Public Works on 3-20-86.
- 51. H3028 (Fair): A Joint Resolution to require each state-supported institution of

higher education to develop a policy to prohibit any advertising of beverages containing alcohol by the institution or any of its departments. Referred to House Committee on Education and Public Works on February 2, 1985. On February 5, 1986 the Committee on Education and Public Works reported recommending that the Joint Resolution be referred to the Committee on Judiciary. On 2-5-86 Joint Resolution was referred to House Judiciary.

- 52.  $\underline{S.1192}$  (Nell W. Smith & Verne Smith): H.3691 (B. L. Hendricks): Relating to the qualifications of and requirements for the issuance of a beer or wine permit, so as to provide that the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission may consider geographic distance to residences, schools, churches, businesses, other places or locations, and may deny a permit based on distance only. Senate Bill introduced, placed on calandar without reference, read 2nd time and ordered to a third reading on March 31, 1986 and sent to the House. House introduced and placed on calendar without reference. House Bill placed on calendar without reference, read 2nd time and ordered to a 3rd reading on 3-27-86. Read 3rd time and sent to Senate. The House reconsidered vote whereby Bill was given a third reading. Objection by Rep. T. M. Burriss on 3-27-86. Debate adjourned until 4-3-86. Senate Bill on House floor, amended and ordered to a 3rd reading on 4-4-86. Senate Bill ratified 4-16-86 (406). House Bill 3691 was tabled on floor of the House. ACT NO. 374.
- 53. S.1188 (Transportation Committee): Relating respectively to administrative review of drivers' licenses suspension, revocations, or cancellations... Introduced and placed on the calendar without reference. Senators Williams, Holland & Hinson desire to be present. Read 2nd time and ordered to 3rd. House read and referred to House Education and Public Works.

- 54. H.3685 (Fair): Relating to required newspaper notices of intention to apply for alcoholic liquor licenses... Introduced and placed on calendar without reference, amended and read 2nd time, ordered to 3rd reading and sent to Senate. Reconsidered 3rd reading. amended, read 3rd time and sent to the Senate -3-27-86. On 4-2-86 Senate referred Judiciary. Senate Judiciary submitted a favorable report. On calendar for 2nd reading. Amended and read 2nd time, read 3rd time and returned to House with amendment. House refused to concur in amendment. Senate receded from its amendment and message sent to the House. Enrolled for ratification. ACT NO. 469.
- 55. S.1212 (Waddell) and H.3756 (Mangum): Relating to definitions for purposes of the beer and wine license tax...Senate Bill referred to Finance. House Bill referred to House Ways and Means.
- 56. H.3761 (Simpson): A Bill to amend section 61-3-1020, Code of Laws of SC, 1976, which prohibits the conduct of other business in retail liquor stores so as to provide that beer, ale, porter, and wine may also be sold in retail liquor stores under certain conditions: To repeal Section 61-3-1030 which permits the sale of certain wines in retail liquor stores; and to provide that the above provisions are effective September 14, 1986. Referred to House LCI. Recalled from House LCI on 5-1-86.
- 57. H.3804 (Rogers): Relating to the Penalties for the Offense of Driving a Vehicle while under the Influence of Alcohol or Drugs, so as to increase the Penalties. Referred to House Judiciary.
- 58. H.3880 (LCI): Joint Resolution to approve Regulations of ABC Commission, relating to hearings, licenses, sale and consumption at

- non-profit organizations, permits, drive-in/drive-thru establishments, and prohibited interests. Regulation #720. Without reference 5-7-86. Enrolled for ratification. (R563).
- 59. S.1301: Concurrent Resolution commending Spartanburg sponsors and supporters of "Just Say No"... Adopted and sent to Senate 5-8-86. House returned to the Senate with concurrence.
- 60. H.3898: Concurrent Resolution "Just Say No". Adopted and sent to the Senate 5-8-86. Adopted and returned.
- 61. H.3515 (Beasley): Strengthening Implied Consent. House Education and Public Works submitted a favorable report 5-8-86. Up for 2nd reading. House adjourned debate 5-20-86.
- 62. S.1343: Concurrent Resolution Bart Cox recognition upon being named 1986 Associate Executive of the Year by the SC Society of Associate Executives. Adopted and sent to the House.
- 63. H.3962: Same as S.1343. Adopted and returned to the House. Senate concurred in Resolution.

### SOUTH CAROLINA COMMISSION ON ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE

In Fiscal Year 1985-86, South Carolina continued its forward strides in attempting to address what many regard as our State's greatest health and social problem, the misuse and abuse of alcohol and other drugs. Thanks to the General Assembly's recognition of the need to continue the momentum of recent years toward the prevention and control of these problems that touch so many lives, funding of the state's

alcohol and drug abuse system for FY87 increased substantially even in a year of some economic crisis. The major new appropriation of \$750,000 was earmarked for services for children by the recommended Children's Coordinating will provide for Cabinet. The funds 22 community-based adolescent placement of to provide services for youth, the counselors cottage for reopening of a 12-bed adolescent Morris Village, inpatient treatment at implementation ofan interagency training Funds totalling \$426,000 a 4% appropriated to make possible cost living increase for employees of county alcohol and drug abuse programs, and additional funding assistance, including legislative commitment to provide 100% funding of minibottle revenues to counties.

A final major appropriation was \$495,000 for beginning the implementation in January of 1987 the Involuntary Commitment Act revisions which were also enacted in separate action past legislative during the session. revisions will enable probate court judges commit individuals for alcohol and drug abuse treatment on an involuntary basis and also allow involuntary commitment to outpatient treatment once a person has completed inpatient The Commission on Alcohol and Drug treatment. Abuse and the Department of Mental Health are working jointly on plans for implementation.

Other bills were passed relating to alcohol and drug abuse including a "Happy Hour" bill which prohibits establishments from selling two price of one. drinks for the amendments to strengthen the law pertaining to the sale of alcoholic beverages to minors by placing an affirmative duty on the licensed retailer to require purchaser indentification, and a bill making it a felony to manufacture or print false identification cards and refining requirements of persons or firms manufacturing ID cards.

Clients served and services provided throughout the state continued to increase with 39,322 clients served (up 9.8% from last year) and 400, 967 outpatient hours provided (up 14.7% from last year). With the increased funding in personnel made available for FY87, further increases are anticipated in the service-delivery system. SCCADA continues to look also at ways of maximizing effectiveness and efficiency by continued emphasis on prevention programs while maintaining intervention and treatment programs at optimum levels as a necessary response to public demand. The agency will continue to look toward better ways to meet the state's identified alcohol and drug abuse needs including stronger linkages to enhance both the reduction of supply and the reduction of demand in order to continue striving toward the ultimate prevention and control of alcohol and drug abuse in South Carolina.

# CLIENTS SERVED AND SERVICES PROVIDED BY COUNTY ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE AUTHORITIES FY84/85 VERSUS FY85/86

<u>A</u> I	SAP	ScIP	OBI Occup	oational	Other <u>Intervention</u>	Voluntary Clients	Total
Number of Clie Served FY85 FY86 % Difference	13,369 14,717 +10.1	4,880 6,073 +24.4	4,253 4,427 +4.1	1,365 1,376 +0.8	233 196 -15.9	11,697 12,533 +7.1	35,797 39,322 +9.8
Outpatient Hou	ırs						
FY85 FY86 % Difference	157,748 179,510 +13.8	56,859 65,622 +15.4	37,185 41,876 +12.6	7,663 10,619 +38.6	2,900 1,536 -47.0	86,958 101,426 +16.6	349,343 400,697 +14.7
Residential Da	Residential Days						
FY85 FY86 % Difference	601 565 -6.0	24 0 -100.0	830 583 -29.8	125 159 +27.2	0 0 N/A	36 937 40,257 +9.0	38,521 41,564 +7.9
Detox Days							
FY85 FY86 % Difference	130 170 +30.8	0 33 N/A	100 104 +4.0	24 52 +116.7	0 0 N/A	20,789 20,881 +0.4	21,072 21,245 +0.8
Average Hours Outpatient Ser Per Client	rvice						
FY85 FY86 % Difference	11.80 12.20 +3.4	11.65 10.81 -7.2	8.74 9.46 +8.2	5.61 7.72 +37.6	12.45 7.84 -37.0	7.43 8.09 +8.9	9.76 10.19 +4.4

### SUBSTANCE ABUSE INFORMATION SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

During fiscal year 1985-86, the South Carolina Department of Corrections continued to provide a range of human services to the inmate population. Services provided in the area of addiction include: (1) initial reception and evaluation screening and evaluation to identify inmates with alcohol and drug problems, (2) individual and group therapy to resolve personal, social, family, adjustment, emotional, or addictions problems, (3) Alcoholics Anonymous Groups, (4) Narcotics Anonymous Groups and (5) placements at the Earle E. Morris Alcohol and Drug Abuse Center for intensive alcohol or drug rehabilitation treatment during the last 60 days of the inmate's incarceration.

The South Carolina Department of Corrections received and assessed 7,741 new inmates during fiscal year 1985-86. The following information represents a summary of inmate self-reports about their substance abuse histories:

- A. How was the current offense related to substance abuse?
- 1. Offense committed while under influence of both alcohol and drugs 9.4%
- 2. Offense committed while under influence of drugs only 9.4%
- 3. Offense committed while under influence of alcohol only 24.3%
  - 4. DUI offense 4.7%
- 5. Offense instrumental to obtaining drugs \$1.0%
  - 6. Offense involved drug dealing 3.5%

7. Possession at Crime

6.9%

8. Not applicable

40.8%

B. Percentage of inmates acknowledging convictions in the following categories:

CONVICTIONS	DUI	PUBLIC DRUNK	DRUG OFFENSE
0	71.9%	73.8%	74.3%
1	13.8%	11.1%	17.7%
2	6.8%	4.6%	5.1%
3	4.2%	2.5%	1.8%
4	2.1%	1.5%	.6%
5	1.2%	6.5%	.5%

C. Inmates acknowledge a substance abuse problem?

Yes 39.0% No 61.0%

Through the Department's Institutional Social Work Services program, consisting of 40 Social Workers, the following services and the number of inmates participating are as follows:

	SERVICE	NUMBER OF
		INMATES
	PAF	RTICIPATING
1.	Alcohol/Drug Education Course	1,012
2.	Alcohol/Drug Group Therapy	283
3.	Alcohol/Drug Individual Therapy	172
,	, T. C.	
4.	Alcoholics Anonymous Groups	1,318
5	Brief Alcohol/Drug Counseling	322
6.	Narcotics Anonymous Groups	837

In order to enhance their training in the area of substance abuse treatment, five Clinical Social Workers attended the South Carolina School of Alcohol and Drug Studies.

In association with the South Carolina Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse, the Department of Corrections has developed a special Drug and Alcohol Education course for inmates. This course is completed and available for inmates.

There are Alcoholics Anonymous Groups in fifteen (15) correctional institutions and Narcotics Anonymous Groups in twelve (12) correctional institutions. Community volunteer sponsors conduct such groups.

Twenty-seven inmates were placed at Morris Village during their last 60 days of

incarceration for intensive alcohol and/or drug treatment.

The Department of Corrections will strive to increase the present level of substance abuse services for fiscal year 1986-87 and work toward increasing services to incarcerated and exiting through cooperating State agencies. inmates Clinical Social Workers provide treatment services employed to to Institution, McCormick Correctional and an additional eleven Clinical Social Workers will be employed to improve deficiencies within the existing Statewide Institutional Social Work Services program and to enhance the reception and evaluation of incoming inmates.

### SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Substance Abuse Education

in all 92 school districts Superintendents continued their participation in the Substance Abuse Education Program. Three hour graduate credit courses for 53 teachers were developed in conjunction with Clemson University and Francis Marion College. The two courses were taught on campus and scholarships were provided selected participants.

The substance abuse education National Diffusion Network (NDN) grants in eight districts were funded, monitored, and evaluated. These grants were used to fund the Ombudsman Program, The Me-Me Program, and the New Model Me Program. Unit staff scheduled and monitored all eight training sessions for the eight school districts implementing the substance abuse education NDN programs.

The substance abuse education consultants films printed provided and materials. upon request, for schools during their Alcohol and Narcotics Education Week. The unit also

assisted in co-sponsoring the Fifth Annual School Nurse's Conference in cooperation with the Department of Health and Environmental Control.

The unit assisted in refining an agreement between the State Department of Education and the South Carolina Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse to define each agency's role in the Education Improvement Act regarding the School Intervention Program. This endeavor has strengthened the working relationship with this agency. The unit personnel also worked closely with the Children's Coordinating Council and the State Reorganization Commission in order to improve Substance Abuse Education for the public schools in South Carolina.

#### STATE LAW ENFORCEMENT DIVISION

NARCOTICS SECTION . . . The Narcotics Section formed in 1971 with the advent oflegislation charging SLED with enforcement of laws pertaining to the illicit traffic narcotics and dangerous drugs (Section 44-53-480, South Carolina Code of Laws). The section is given the responsibility providing investigative assistance to enforcement agencies and for initiating overt and covert investigations into major narcotic dangerous drug traffickers operating interstate and intrastate.

The Narcotics Section maintains a close liaison with other state and federal agencies in coordinating investigations against illicit drug traffic and provides intelligence information to these agencies regarding such traffic activity.

There are 27 agents and a supervisor assigned to the department at this time.

During the Fiscal Year 1985-86, the Narcotics Section received and processed 319 requests for investigations from federal, state and local agencies. These requests for investigations generated 456 investigations by the section.

## TOTAL VALUE OF DRUGS PURCHASED OR SEIZED (ESTIMATE) \$14,829,266.00

51,619 Marijuana Plants Seized for 1985/86 Fiscal Year

#### STATE TOTALS

Sale/	<u>July-</u>	<u>January-</u>
Manufacturing	December 1985	June 1986
Opium	555	630
Marijuana	1015	922
Synthetic Narcotics	3	1
Other Drugs	76	83
Possession Opium Marijuana Synthetic Narcotics Other Drugs	245 3572 4 217	238 3147 0 241

### SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH MORRIS VILLAGE

Fiscal 85-86 has been another productive year for Morris Village. Thirteen hundred and eighty two (1382) residents from all over the state were admitted during the Fiscal Year, with slightly over fifty percent (50%) coming from Aiken, Charleston, Greenville, Lexington, Orangeburg, Richland and Spartanburg counties.

During this past year the Village made significant modifications in its treatment offering with all residents participating in

43,148 treatment days which included a Wellness Program consisting of walking, jogging and exercise; an Education and Information series, which provides them with a wide range of information; in Group Therapy as well as Specialized Therapies, which are indicated when the treatment plan is developed. During this period the Treatment Entry and Assessment Group, to which all new residents are assigned, was fine-tuned and evaluated and is now an effective orientation to the Village and its treatment program.

The Special Treatment and Evaluation program continued to provide special services to residents who presented special needs or gave indication that there were special assessments required.

The Young Adult Program continued to provide excellent services to almost a hundred residents between the ages of 13 and 17 years. Plans were completed to expand the Outdoor Education Program to include inland lake sailing as an outdoor activity. During the coming Fiscal Year the Village will expand this program to twenty-four (24) beds.

During this reporting period the Deputy Commissioner, Division of Alcohol and Drug Services, was actively involved in monitoring new alcohol and drug legislation regarding admission statutes. This unprecedented legislation required a consortium of local service delivery agencies (Mental Health, local Commissions and Judges of Probate) to identify, assess and refer clients to appropriate locales for treatment. In this connection, the Deputy Commissioner, Division of Alcohol and Drug Services, successfully coordinated a Memorandum of Agreement between the S. C. Department of Mental Health and the S. C. Commissioner on Alcohol and Drug Abuse. Plans are also being

developed to open a new thirty (30) bed unit on the grounds of Crafts-Farrow State Hospital. The Village staff have also been involved with the Deputy Commissioner in laying the groundwork for that program.

Again this year the Village hosted a visitor from Colombia, South America, continued plans for the construction of the Clinical Conference Area to provide group therapy training and staff media services, and made plans to implement a program of teleconferencing during the ensuing Fiscal Year.

We continue to have concern for the possible erosion of Fine and Forfeiture monies which fully support fifty (50) staff positions at the Village. In these days of fiscal restraints, the possibility of State funds to supplement such a reduction in Fine and Forfeiture monies is slim. Therefore, the Village is grateful for the support for these funds remaining at the present level.

The Deputy Commissioner, Division of Alcohol and Drug Services, has continued to be actively involved with sister agencies such as the South Carolina Commission of Alcohol and Drug Abuse, representatives of the Probate Judges Association, and other agencies to assure that once the new legislation is passed that the necessary groundwork to insure the successful implementation of that program is in place.

Budget constraints have continued to limit the Village's ability to upgrade necessary equipment and maintain full staffing patterns. However, we continue to look toward the future with a positive view and welcome the opportunity to continue to provide comprehensive treatment services to our constituency.

#### SCVR ALCOHOL REHABILITATION CENTERS.

integral part of the Department's rehabilitation response to the needs of persons with vocationally handicapping substance abuse problems is Palmetto Center in Florence and Holmesview Center in Greenville. residential alcohol treatment centers, operated by Vocational Rehabilitation, provide clients with a comprehensive program of group and individual therapy; vocational evaluation: adjustment training; psychological evaluation; recreational, family, nutritional, and therapy; plus religious and A.A. activities. The length of treatment is either 30 or 60 days, depending on the needs of the particular client, and admission is on a voluntary basis.

Additionally, both centers conduct extensive outpatient services in the form of weekly group therapy sessions for family members of current and past residents, and after-care therapy groups as follow-up for residents who have completed their inpatient treatment. The services of the Centers' programs also include training opportunities on alcoholism and alcohol treatment which are extensively utilized as part of the curriculum in nursing education programs by community treatment and rehabilitation individuals, employers, and other interested groups.

Referrals to the centers come from service agencies and interested individuals all South Carolina. These referrals coordinated through the local Vocational Rehabilitation counselor in the referral's home community to provide initial assessment establish a service relationship with the referral prior to admission to treatment so that follow-up services leading to successful job placement, continued sobriety, and participation in some form of after-care therapy can occur with more effective results. This continuous service relationship provides a unique approach to the successful rehabilitation of this significant vocationally impaired client population.

In FY 1985, Palmetto Center in Florence provided residential treatment services to 526 clients, whose average length of stay was 26.5 days, with total client service days of 13,189. Also, 1,280 treatment hours of group therapy were rendered in the Family and Ex-Resident Programs.

During this same year, Holmesview Center in Greenville served 327 clients whose average stay was 31 days, totaling 12,841 total client days of service. Also, 1,042 treatment hours of therapy were provided to families and ex-residents in the Non-Resident Program.

In addition, the South Carolina Vocational Rehabilitation Department continues to operate a program in cooperation with the South Carolina Mental Health Department at the Earle E. Morris Jr., Alcohol and Drug Addiction Center. program provides vocational assessment, adjustment training, counseling, and referral to local Vocational Rehabilitation counselors for job placement and follow-up services. During 1985, Vocational Rehabilitation services provided 415 Morris Village residents with 240 referred for follow-up services by Vocational Rehabilitation offices throughout the state and 187 were provided follow-up services after discharge by the Morris Village Vocational Rehabilitation staff.

In addition to this network of specialized facilities and programs, Vocational Rehabilitation has, functioning in the majority of its local areas, counselors who specialize in Vocational Rehabilitation services to substance abuse clients. These speciality counselors provide services as well as provide liaison with other agencies, such as substance abuse commissions, for coordinated service efforts to this population. In some areas these specialty counselors even operate ongoing group counseling

sessions for substance abusers, in order to help them either gain or maintain gainful employment.

### SOUTH CAROLINA VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION DEPARTMENT

South Carolina the Vocational Rehabilitation Department, 1985 has been a year increase in treatment continued vocational rehabilitation services to substance abuse clients. Through its two residential treatment centers, the Department continued to provide significant rehabilitation services to substance abusers to enable them to remain in or return to gainful employment as tax payers rather than tax recipients.

private to better serve the In . order public sectors, the South Carolina Vocational Rehabilitation Department has implemented employee intervention programs statewide. These programs address individual needs those oftroubled meeting Vocational employees Rehabilitation eligibility guidelines they have to be separated from their present employment due to alcohol and substance abuse.

The needs of persons with substance abuse problems are complex, and place considerable demands on South Carolina's treatment network. Whether these persons are unemployed or in danger of losing their employment due to their inability to function without abuse of alcohol and/or drugs, their rehabilitation needs are increasingly being met by the South Carolina Vocational Rehabilitation Department, as is indicated in the following comparison table.

# SOUTH CAROLINA VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION DEPARTMENT

				CLIENTS		
			NEW	RECEIVING	CLIEN	ITS
FISCA	L YEAR	DISABILITY	REFERRALS	SERVICES	REHABIL	ITATED
1981	Drug	Addiction/Abuse	370		729	135
	Alco	holism	1,947	3,	715	829
1982	Drug	Addiction/Abuse	488		873	188
	Alco	holism	2,211	4,	308	939
1983	Drug	Addiction/Abuse	564		065	243
		holism _	2,120		296	1,073
1984	Drug	Addiction/Abuse	595		136	252
		holism	2,144		251	1,027
1985		Addiction/Abuse	579	•	148	281
	Alco	holism	2,020	4,	064	1,040
Five	Year Per	centage Increases	<u>5</u> :			
Drug	Addictio	n/Abuse	36%		36%	52%
Alcoh	nolism		4%		9%	20%