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DEPARTMENT OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL HAWAII CRIMINAL JUSTICE DATA CENTER





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CRIME TRENDS IN HAWAII
THREE MONTH REVIEW
(1987

106123

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AGQUISITIONS

FOREWORD

"Crime Trends in Hawaii" is published three (3) times a year. Each publication focuses on Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) data trends.

The Data Center wishes to express its appreciation to the chiefs and staffs of the four county police departments. Their assistance is gratefully acknowledged.

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CRIME TRENDS IN HAWAII

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CRIME TRENDS IN HAWAII, FIRST THREE MONTHS 1987

SUMMARY

Crime Index Offenses for First Three Months of 1987 Increased 6.2 Percent

The number of reported statewide Crime Index offenses for the first three months of 1987 increased by 6.2 percent as compared to the first three months of 1986. (Honolulu, Maui and Kauai counties showed increases in Crime Index offenses, while Hawaii County showed a decrease.)

A comparison between 1986 and 1987 data showed that the number of violent crimes increased in Honolulu, Hawaii and Maui counties but decreased in Kauai County. Property crime increased in Honolulu, Maui and Kauai Counties but decreased in Hawaii County.

Violent crimes, as a whole, increased 8.6 percent. The largest percentage increase was recorded in the murder category, 50.0 percent; however, the actual number increase was only four (4). Aggravated assault, the largest violent crime category for the first three months of 1987, rose 18.8 percent. Forcible rape increased by 2.6 percent. Robbery declined by 0.3 percent.

Property crimes increased by 6.1 percent. The increase was led by a 33.1 percent increase in motor vehicle theft. Larceny-theft increased by 8.6 percent. Burglary, however, decreased by 6.5 percent.

The data in this report are provisional and subject to change.

INTRODUCTION

The Hawaii Criminal Justice Data Center (HCJDC) maintains a policy of keeping criminal justice agencies and the public informed on reported crimes in the State of Hawaii. Every year, the HCJDC publishes three "Crime Trends in Hawaii" reports, containing Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program data for the first three months, first six months and first nine months of the year.

This report presents information on Crime Index offenses. The Crime Index is comprised of the violent crimes of murder (criminal homicide and non-negligent manslaughter), forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault; and the property crimes of burglary, larceny-theft and motor vehicle theft. In 1979, the property crime of arson was added. The Crime Index is limited to these offenses because they are the crimes most likely to be reported and which occur often enough to provide an adequate basis for comparison. They are serious crimes by nature and/or volume.

The data presented in this report can be used in law enforcement administration, operation and management as a reliable set of uniformly defined crime statistics for inter-agency or national comparison. These statistics are also intended for the use and information of other criminal justice professionals, legislators and planners as well as an important reference source for the public as an indicator of the level of criminality in our society.

Method of Reporting

The Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) serves as the national clearinghouse for statistical information on crime. Prior to 1975, each of the four county police departments in the State, independently provided the FBI with reported offense and arrest statistics. Through the cooperation of the four police departments, the UCR data are now collected monthly by the HCJDC where the reports are edited, then submitted to the FBI.

The HCJDC also compiles, analyzes and publishes UCR data, in order to inform the State on crime trends in Hawaii. It should be noted, however, that UCR data pertain only to offenses that come to the attention of the police. Unreported crimes have not been taken into consideration; therefore, the actual number of crimes committed is unknown.

In this report, current year UCR data for a given time period are compared with data from the past two years for the same time period. Trend data are compiled for all Crime Index offenses with the exception of arson.

Three Month Report

Data for the first three months of the years 1985, 1986 and 1987 are presented for all counties.

The actual number of Crime Index offenses reported to the police is shown in Table 1, reported by county for the first three months of 1987. Subsequent tables report changes in Crime Index offenses over a three-year period for the same time interval.

Table 2 shows the percentage change in reported Crime Index offenses for the State.

Tables 3-6 show the actual number difference in reported Crime Index offenses for each county. Tables 1 and 2 have been derived from those tables.

Table 7 shows the percentage change from 1986 to 1987 for all crimes and for violent and property crimes, by county.

Please note that for tables 2 through 7, negative numbers or decreases are enclosed in parentheses so that they may be easily distinguished from increases.

The displays on pages 11 and 12 indicate the frequency of crime occurring in the State for each of the seven Crime Index offenses for the first three months of 1986 and 1987.

The Hawaii Criminal Justice Data Center will continue in its effort to inform all criminal justice agencies and the public on matters of general crime trends in Hawaii.

TABLE 1

ACTUAL CRIME INDEX OFFENSES REPORTED TO THE POLICE

FIRST THREE MONTHS 1987 BY COUNTY

	<u>State</u>	City & County <u>Honolulu</u>	Hawaii County	Maui County	Kauai County
Total Resident Population 1 Percent Distribution	1,062,000	823,300	108,800	84,900	45,000
	100.00	77.52	10.25	7.99	4.24
Total Index Offenses	15,880	12,412	1,184	1,611	673
Percent Distribution	100.00	78.16	7.46	10.14	4.24
Violent Crimes	706	555	55	74	22
Murder	12	8	4	0	0
Forcible Rape	79	63	8	6	2
Robbery	292	268	8	9	7
Aggravated Assault	323	216	35	59	13
Property Crimes	15,174	11,857	1,129	1,537	651
Burglary	3,402	2,573	284	378	167
Larceny-theft	10,706	8,382	796	1,078	450
Motor Vehicle Theft	1,066	902	49	81	34

¹Provisional 1986 population figures based on the Bureau of the Census' state provisional estimates as of July 1, 1986.

TABLE 2

STATE OF HAWAII CRIME TRENDS

JANUARY - MARCH, 1985-1987

INDEX OFFENSES	<u>Jan-Mar</u>	Number of Offenses	Percent Change
<u>Violent Crimes</u>	1985	550	(-9.7)
	1986	650	18.2
	1987	706	8.6
Murder	1985	11	37.5
	1986	8	(-27.3)
	1987	12	50.0
Forcible Rape	1985	62	12.7
	1986	77	24.2
	1987	79	2.6
Robbery	1985	266	(-21.5)
	1986	293	10.2
	1987	292	(-0.3)
Aggravated Assault	1985	211	1.9
	1986	272	28.9
	1987	323	18.8
Property Crimes	1985	12,842	(-10.9)
	1986	14,302	11.4
	1987	15,174	6.1
Burglary	1985	2,865	(-17.0)
	1986	3,640	27.1
	1987	3,402	(-6.5)
Larceny-Theft	1985	9,159	(-8.3)
	1986	9,861	7.7
	1987	10,706	8.6
Motor Vehicle Theft	1985	818	(-15.6)
	1986	801	(-2.1)
	1987	1,066	33.1
TOTAL FOR STATE	1985	13,392	(-10.9)
	1986	14,952	11.6
	1987	15,880	6.2

TABLE 3

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU CRIME TRENDS

JANUARY - MARCH, 1985-1987

INDEX OFFENSES	Jan-Mar	Number of Offenses	Change in Number of Offenses
<u>Violent Crimes</u>	1985	437	(-64)
	1986	524	87
	1987	555	31
Murder ¹	1985	10	3
	1986	7	(-3)
	1987	8	1
Forcible Rape	1985	50	2
	1986	60	10
	1987	63	3
Robbery	1985	239	(-78)
	1986	275	36
	1987	268	(-7)
Aggravated Assault	1985	138	9
	1986	182	44
	1987	216	34
Property Crimes	1985	9,969	(-1,307)
	1986	11,006	1,037
	1987	11,857	851
Burglary	1985	2,154	(-344)
	1986	2,732	578
	1987	2,573	(-159)
Larceny-Theft	1985	7,125	(-822)
	1986	7,626	501
	1987	8,382	756
Motor Vehicle Theft	1985	690	(-141)
	1986	648	(-42)
	1987	902	254
TOTAL FOR COUNTY	1985	10,406	(-1,371)
	1986	11,530	1,124
	1987	12,412	882

¹One reported murder in 1986 was reclassified as a justifiable homicide. As a result, the 1986 total in this report may differ from the total in the previous three month report.

TABLE 4

HAWAII COUNTY CRIME TRENDS

JANUARY - MARCH, 1985-1987

INDEX OFFENSES	Jan-Mar	Number of Offenses	Change in Number of Offenses
Violent Crimes	1985	30	1
	1986	38	8
	1987	55	17
Murder	1985	1	1
	1986	1	0
	1987	4	3
Forcible Rape	1985	2	0
	1986	8	6
	1987	8	0
Robbery	1985	11	6
	1986	7	(-4)
	1987	8	1
Aggravated Assault	1985	16	(-6)
	1986	22	6
	1987	35	13
Property Crimes	1985	1,048	(-7)
	1986	1,316	268
	1987	1,129	(-187)
Burglary	1985	243	(-24)
	1986	360	117
	1987	284	(-76)
Larceny-Theft	1985	755	22
	1986	906	151
	1987	796	(-110)
Motor Vehicle Theft	1985	50	(-5)
	1986	50	0
	1987	49	(-1)
TOTAL FOR COUNTY	1985	1,078	(-6)
	1986	1,354	276
	1987	1,184	(-170)

TABLE 5

MAUI COUNTY CRIME TRENDS

JANUARY - MARCH, 1985-1987

INDEX OFFENSES	<u>Jan-Mar</u>	Number of Offenses	Change in Number of Offenses
<u>Violent Crimes</u>	1985	57	12
	1986	63	6
	1987	74	11
Murder	1985	0	0
	1986	0	0
	1987	0	0
Forcible Rape	1985 1986 1987	8 7 6	(-1) (-1)
Robbery	1985 1986 1987	12 8 9	(-4) 1
Aggravated Assault	1985	37	7
	1986	48	11
	1987	59	11
Property Crimes	1985	1,297	(-231)
	1986	1,391	94
	1987	1,537	146
Burglary	1985	343	(-210)
	1986	404	61
	1987	378	(-26)
Larceny-Theft	1985	898	(-12)
	1986	912	14
	1987	1,078	166
Motor Vehicle Theft	1985	56	(-9)
	1986	75	19
	1987	81	6
TOTAL FOR COUNTY	1985	1,354	(-219)
	1986	1,454	100
	1987	1,611	157

TABLE 6

KAUAI COUNTY CRIME TRENDS

JANUARY - MARCH, 1985-1987

INDEX OFFENSES	<u>Jan-Mar</u>	Number of Offenses	Change in Number of Offenses
<u>Violent Crimes</u>	1985	26	(-8)
	1986	25	(-1)
	1987	22	(-3)
Murder	1985	0	(-1)
	1986	0	0
	1987	0	0
Forcible Rape	1985	2	1
	1986	2	0
	1987	2	0
Robbery	1985	4	(-2)
	1986	3	(-1)
	1987	7	4
Aggravated Assault	1985	20	(-6)
	1986	20	0
	1987	13	(-7)
Property Crimes	1985	528	(-26)
	1986	589	61
	1987	651	62
Burglary	1985	125	(-9)
	1986	144	19
	1987	167	23
Larceny-Theft	1985	381	(-21)
	1986	417	36
	1987	450	33
Motor Vehicle Theft	1985	22	4
	1986	28	6
	1987	34	6
TOTAL FOR COUNTY	1985	554	(-34)
	1986	614	60
	1987	673	59

TABLE 7

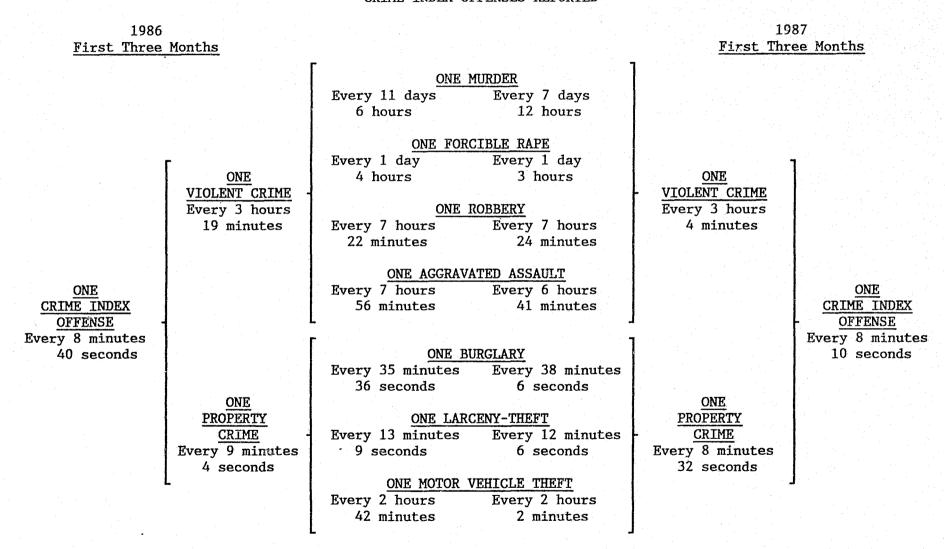
PERCENT CHANGE IN CRIME BY COUNTY

JANUARY - MARCH, 1986 - 1987

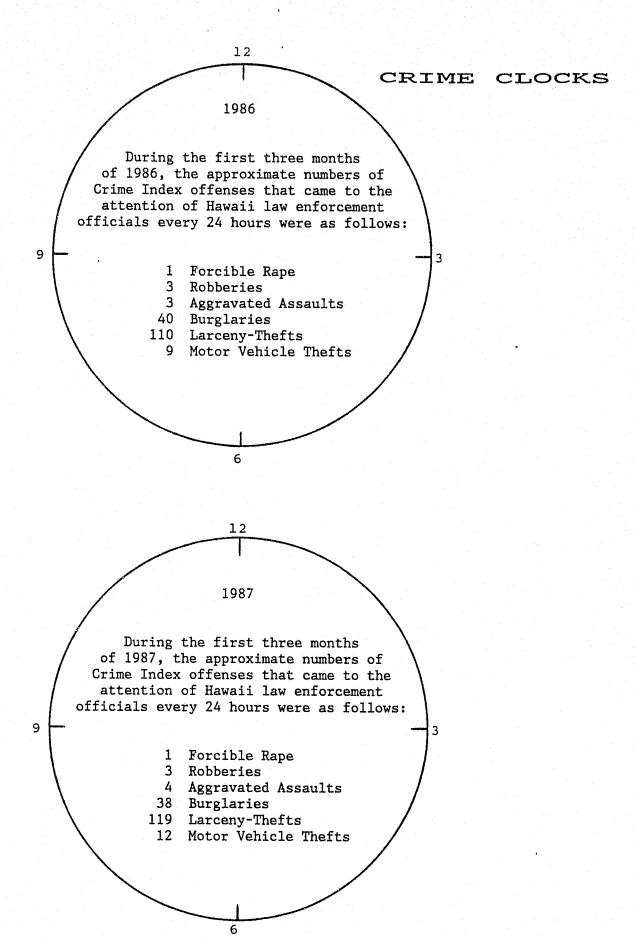
	<u>Honolulu</u>	<u>Hawaii</u>	<u>Maui</u>	<u>Kauai</u>
Violent Crimes	5.9	44.7	17.5	(-12.0)
Property Crimes	7.7	(-14.2)	10.5	10.5
All Index Offenses	7.6	(-12.6)	10.8	9.6

State of Hawaii

CRIME INDEX OFFENSES REPORTED



The crime clock should be viewed with care. It is designed to convey the reported crime experience by showing the relative frequency of occurrence of the Crime Index offenses. This mode of display should not be taken to imply a regularity in the commission of the Crime Index offenses; rather, it represents the ratio of crime to fixed time intervals.



NOTE: During the first three months of 1986 one murder occurred approximately every 11 days. During the first three months of 1987 one murder occurred approximately every 8 days.

SPECIAL REPORT SECTION

One special report is included in this section. The report examines the use of weapons in homicide (murder), robbery, and aggravated assault offenses during the period from 1982 to 1986. Detailed victim and offender information are presented for homicide offenses.

WEAPONS USED IN REPORTED HOMICIDE, ROBBERY AND AGGRAVATED ASSAULT OFFENSES, STATE OF HAWAII 1982 - 1986

This special report is on the use of weapons in reported homicide, robbery, and aggravated assault offenses. The report covers the 5 year period from 1982 to 1986. The data were obtained from the State Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program. Homicide, robbery and aggravated assault are the only reported offenses for which the UCR program collects data on weapon type.

Weapon type is basically classified into 4 groups: firearm, knife or cutting instrument, physical force, and other dangerous weapon. A fifth weapon group, "unknown," is reported only for homicide offenses. The following are examples of each weapon type:

- Firearm handguns, pistols, rifles, and shotguns.
- Knife or Cutting Instrument sharp or stabbing instrument including broken bottles, ice picks, and razors.
- 3. Physical Force strong arm or use of personal weapons which includes hands, fists, feet, and teeth.
- 4. Other Dangerous Weapon blunt objects such as clubs or hammers, chemicals, fire, and explosives.
- 5. Unknown this category pertains only to reported homicide offenses. The type of weapon used to cause the victim's death could not be determined.

Homicide is the only reported offense for which the UCR program collects characteristics on the age, race, and sex of both the victim and the offender. Other data also available for homicide were situation (numbers of victims and offenders involved in the incident), circumstance, and the relationship of the victim to the offender. These characteristics were compared with the type of weapon used.

REPORTED HOMICIDE, ROBBERY AND AGGRAVATED ASSAULT OFFENSE WEAPON TRENDS

The data in Table 1 represents five year averages from 1982 to 1986.

HOMICIDE

During the five year period from 1982 to 1986, there was an

average of 43 homicide victims. The murder weapon most frequently used was the firearm, accounting for 32.4 percent of all weapons used. (See Table 1.) In 1985, the use of firearms peaked, accounting for 41.9 percent of the weapons. The knife or cutting instrument was the (See Graph 1.) second most commonly used homicide weapon, accounting for an average of 23.1 percent over the five year period. According to Graph 1, except in 1985, the trend in knife use in homicide has slowly declined. The third most commonly used homicide weapon was physical force, with 21.3 percent. 1985, the percentage of incidents of physical force used as a weapon dropped to a low of 7.0 percent. Other dangerous weapon was next with 18.5 percent of the weapons used over the 5 year period. The percentage level of other dangerous weapon more than doubled between 1982 and 1983, from 9.7 percent to 21.2 percent, and has since dipped slightly from its 1983 level. Unknown weapon type accounted for 4.6 percent of the weapons. Except in 1985, when all murder weapon types were identified, the unknown weapon category has been steadily increasing.

ROBBERY

During the five year period an average of 1,253 robbery offenses were reported. Most of the robbery offenses, 64.0 percent, were committed by unarmed assailants using physical force. (See Table 1.) During the five year period, although the level of physical force was fairly constant, Graph 2 shows an upward trend. The second most commonly used robbery weapon, firearm, was used 16.7 percent of the time. According to Graph 2 the five year trend shows that the use of firearm in robberies has been slowly declining. Knife or cutting instrument with 11.7 percent and other dangerous weapon with 7.6 percent played lesser roles in robbery offenses, and their five year trends remained fairly constant.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

There was an average of 872 reported aggravated assault offenses during the five year period. The most commonly used weapon in aggravated assault offenses was other dangerous weapon. This accounted for 37.0 percent of the weapons used. Graph 3 indicates that the five year trend of other dangerous weapon use is steadily declining. The second most commonly used aggravated assault weapon was knife or cutting instrument with 29.6 percent. The five year trend reflects a small decrease. Firearm is third, accounting for 24.1 percent of the weapons, and recently it is being used more often in aggravated assault offenses. Physical force is the least used aggravated assault weapon accounting for 9.3 percent of the weapons used.

TABLE 1
USE OF WEAPONS IN REPORTED HOMICIDE, ROBBERY AND AGGRAVATED ASSAULT OFFENSES, FIVE YEAR AVERAGE 1982 - 1986, STATE OF HAWAII

	HOMICIDE		HOMICIDE ROBBERY			AGGRAVATEI ASSAULT		
Weapon Type	Ave. Nos.	Col. Pct.	Ave. Nos.	Col. Pct.	Ave. Nos.	Col. Pct.		
Firearm - Knife - Other Dangerous - Physical Force - Unknown -	14.0 10.0 8.0 9.2 2.0	32.4 23.1 18.5 21.3 4.6	209.0 146.6 95.4 802.8 NA	64.0	210.2 258.4 322.6 81.6 NA	24.1 29.6 37.0 9.3		
TOTAL -	43.2	99.9	1,253.8	100.0	872.8	100.0		

NA - Not applicable.

CHARACTERISTICS OF REPORTED HOMICIDE OFFENSES BY WEAPON USE

The data in Table 2 represents five year averages from 1982 to 1986. The ages of the victim and the offender are also reported in median and mode years. The age, race, and sex data profile all murder victims and known offenders.

SITUATION

According to Table 2, 57.3 percent of the situations involved a single victim and a single offender. In those situations, 37.2 percent of the weapons used were firearms; 27.3 percent were knives; 21.5 percent involved physical force; and other dangerous weapons were used 11.6 percent of the time. In 35.1 percent of the situations, a single victim and an unknown offender were involved, where the most commonly used weapon was other dangerous with 28.4 percent, followed by firearms with 24.3 percent and by knife and physical force both with 18.9 percent. Physical force was the most commonly used weapon in 36.4 percent of the situations involving a single victim and multiple offenders.

CIRCUMSTANCE

Arguments, both provoked and unprovoked, comprised almost one-half of the circumstances in which a firearm was the weapon most frequently used. Physical force was used in 77.8 percent of the child abuse cases. Firearm was used 60.0 percent of the time where revenge was the motive. Where homicide resulted due to other crimes such as rape, robbery, or burglary, offenders used other dangerous weapon 48.6 percent of the time. Almost one-fourth of the circumstances were unknown, of which most involved other dangerous weapon 26.5 percent of the time.

VICTIM SEX, RACE, AND AGE

During the five year period there were, on the average, approximately 43 victims. According to Table 2, more male than female victims were murdered by firearm, knife, physical force and other dangerous weapons. Where the weapon type was not known, there were more female than male victims. Among male victims, 41.7 percent were murdered with a firearm and among female victims, 27.3 percent were murdered by physical force. Knife was the second most commonly used weapon against either sex. Of the female victims, for 15.6 percent, firearm was the fourth most commonly used weapon.

White victims, who comprised 40.3 percent, accounted for most of the victims and led all the race groups in every weapon category. Most of the White victims were murdered by either a firearm, 25.3 percent, or a knife, 25.3 percent. Firearm was one of the weapons most commonly used against Blacks, 33.3 percent; Chinese, 63.6 percent; Filipinos, 38.2 percent; Japanese, 40.0 percent; Samoans, 28.6 percent; and Koreans, 60.0 percent. The murder weapon most frequently used against Hawaiian victims, 31.2 percent, was physical force.

The average victim age (in years) by weapon type is as follows: firearm, 34.3; knife, 33.6; other dangerous, 37.9; physical force, 29.4; and unknown, 23.2. The youngest victims, 1 year olds, were murdered by firearm, physical force, and unknown weapons. The oldest victim, 86 years old, was murdered by physical force.

RELATIONSHIP OF VICTIM TO OFFENDER

Firearm, with 43.0 percent, was one of the most frequently used homicide weapons used in relationships in which the victim knew the offender. Murder by physical force accounted for 28.9 percent of the relationships in which the victim did not know the offender. Other dangerous weapon was used 29.5 percent of the time in which the relationship was unknown.

OFFENDER SEX, RACE, AND AGE

During the five year period there were, on the average, 30 known offenders. Knife, with 55.3 percent, other dangerous weapon, 71.4 percent, and physical force, 55.9 percent, were used more often by male than by female offenders. The ratio of firearm use among the sexes was even, and both sexes (males with 33.3 percent and females with 40.3 percent) used firearm more often than any other weapon type.

White offenders used physical force 35.9 percent of the time. Firearms were the weapons most frequently used by Chinese and Japanese offenders, 66.7 percent of the time, and by Filipinos, 51.7 percent of the time. Hawaiian offenders most frequently used either firearms, 29.7 percent, or physical force, 29.7 percent. Samoan offenders used physical force most frequently, 31.2 percent of the time and were armed with

a firearm or used other dangerous weapon one-fourth of the time.

The average age of the offender (in years) by weapon type is as follows: firearm, 32.4; knife, 31.3; other dangerous, 27.9; physical force, 29.7; and unknown, 30.0.

TABLE 2
HOMICIDE OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS BY WEAPON TYPE
FIVE YEAR AVERAGE, 1982-1986
STATE OF HAWAII

	Fire-	<u>Knife</u>	Other Dang.	Phys. Force	Unk.	TOTAL
SITUATION Single Victim & -	9.0	6.6	2.8	5.2	0.6	24.2
Sing. Offender Single Victim & -	3.6	2.8	4.2	2.8	1.4	14.8
Unk. Offender Single Victim & -	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.8	-	2.2
Multiple Victims -	0.2	•••	0.2	:		0.4
Sing. Offender Multiple Victims - Mult. Offenders	0.2	0.2	0.2		-	0.6
TOTAL -	13.6	10.0	7.8	8.8	2.0	42.2
CIRCUMSTANCE Argument - Provoked - Unprovoked - Struggle - Child Abuse - Revenge - Other Crime - Unknown -	7.0 1.2 1.2 0.2 - 1.2 0.8 2.0	5.0 0.4 0.4 - 0.4 1.6 2.2	1.0 0.2 - 0.4 3.6 2.6	3.4 0.2 0.2 0.6 1.4 - 1.0 2.0	0.2 0.4 1.0	16.4 1.8 2.2 0.8 1.8 2.0 7.4 9.8
TOTAL -	13.6	10.0	7.8	8.8	2.0	42.2
VICTIM SEX Male - Female -	11.6 2.4	6.6 3.6	4.8 3.2	4.6 4.2	0.2	
TOTAL -	14.0	10.2	8.0	8.8	2.2	43.2

TABLE 2 (cont.)
HOMICIDE OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS BY WEAPON TYPE
FIVE YEAR AVERAGE, 1982-1986
STATE OF HAWAII

MITORITA DO CO	Fire- arm	<u>Knife</u>	Other Dang.	Phys. Force	<u>Unk.</u>	TOTAL
VICTIM RACE White - Black - Chinese - Filipino - Japanese - Hawaiian - Samoan - Korean - Unknown -	4.4 0.4 1.4 2.6 1.6 0.4 0.6	4.4 0.4 0.4 1.8 - 1.4 0.4 0.2 1.2	3.4 0.2 1.2 1.6 1.0 0.2	4.2 0.4 0.2 1.0 0.4 2.0 0.4	1.0 - 0.2 0.4 0.4	17.4 1.2 2.2 6.8 4.0 6.4 1.4 1.0 2.8
TOTAL -	14.0	10.2	8.0	8.8	2.2	43.2
VICTIM AGE Mean - Median - Mode - Youngest - Oldest -	34.3 32 36 1 76	33.6 31 28 14 64	37.9 34 22 8 81	29.4 26 24 1 86	23.2 21 1 1 64	33.2 31 36 1 86
RELATIONSHIP OF VICTIM TO OFFENDER Spouse/Ex-Spouse - Immed. Family/ - Relative Friend/ Acq Stranger - Unknown -	1.2 1.0 6.4 1.6 3.8	1.2 0.4 3.8 1.8 3.0	0.2 0.4 0.8 2.0 4.6	0.8 1.6 1.6 2.2 2.6	0.4	3.4 3.8 12.8 7.6 15.6
TOTAL -	14.0	10.2	8.0	8.8	2.2	43.2
OFFENDER SEX Male - Female -	5.4 5.4	4.2	3.0 1.2	3.8 3.0	0.2	16.2 13.4
TOTAL -	10.8	7.6	4.2	6.8	0.6	30.0

TABLE 2 (cont.)
HOMICIDE OFFENSE CHARACTERISTICS BY WEAPON TYPE
FIVE YEAR AVERAGE, 1982-1986
STATE OF HAWAII

OFFENDER RACE	Fire- arm	Knife	Other Dang.	Phys. Force	<u>Unk.</u>	TOTAL
White - Black -	2.6	1.8 1.6	0.6	2.8		7.8 1.6
Chinese - Filipino - Japanese -	0.4 3.0 0.8	2.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6 5.8 1.2
Hawaiian - Samoan -	2.2	1.2	1.6 0.8	2.2 1.0	0.2	7.4 3.2
Korean - Unknown -	0.2	0.2	0.2 0.6	0.2	0.2	0.4 2.0
TOTAL -	10.8	7.6	4.2	6.8	0.6	30.0
OFFENDER AGE Mean - Median - Mode - Youngest - Oldest -	32.4 29.5 20 18 62	31.3 29.5 19 15 75	27.9 24 23 18 45	29.7 27 24 15 65	30.0 31 23 23 36	30.8 27.5 20 15 75

